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CITY ITEMS.

Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil. The Purest and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea-shore. It is perfectly pure and sweet. Ask for "Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by

CASWELL, MACK & CO. New York.
Sold by all druggists. MW

If You Want
To buy Hostetter's Bitters, Drake's Bitters, Roback's Bitters, or any other kind of Bitters, go to Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street, where you will get the genuine fresh article, for less money than at any other place in the city. Remember this, and the place to get them—84 Market street.

Who Holds It?
No. 24,716 in the New York Fair and Concert drawings, drew a $3,000 house and lot in Brooklyn. Pittock sold the ticket.

Dr. Warner.
The medical office of E. Warner, old Indian Physician, & Son, removed to No. 111 Penn street. MWF

Stone, Clay, Wood and Gum Pipes
With cane stems, at J. D. Thompson, 240 Liberty street.

Scrubbing Brushes,
White-wash Brushes, Duster Brushes, at Thompson's, 240 Liberty street.

Mason's Blacking
And Iron City Matches, wholesale at J. D. Thompson's, 240 Liberty street.

Rat and Mouse Traps,
With one thousand other traps, at Thompson's, 240 Liberty street.

Sugar Makers' Base.
For tying sugars. Sold at Thompson's, 240 Liberty street.

Thompson Keeps His Matches
In the iron House, at 240 Liberty street.

All in Want
Of canned fruits and vegetables are invited to inspect the assortment kept by Goodwin, at 117 Federal street, Allegheny City.

Drugs and Medicines.
Doctors' prescriptions carefully prepared at half the usual price, at Fulton's Drug Store, opposite Postoffice.

You Can Buy
Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 183, 191, 193 and 195 First street, Pittsburgh.

You Can Buy
28 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy
New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

(SECOND SESSION.)

WASHINGTON, February 9, 1867.

SENATE.

NEW ORLEANS RIOT VERSIONS.

Mr. YATES presented the petitions of the widows of men killed in the New Orleans riot, for a pension, and he expressed the hope that every sufferer by that horrible massacre would be cared for by the Government of the United States. The petition was referred to the Committee on Pensions.

SUBJECT OF THE PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

Mr. DIXON asked to be excused from transmitting his proposed Constitutional amendment to the press. The second section of the first section was omitted. The section tends as follows: "The Union under the Constitution shall be perpetual, and no State shall pass any law or ordinance to secede or withdraw from the Union, and any such law or ordinance shall be null and void."

DEFICIENCY BILL PASSED.

The bill to supply the deficiencies in the contingent expenses of the House, was passed.

CONGRESSIONAL PRINTING.

Mr. SHERMAN offered a resolution of inquiry as to the expediency of transferring the publication of the debates of Congress to the Government Printing Office, or letting the contract out to the lowest bidder.

Mr. CRESWELL objected, and the resolution goes over.

REPORT CALLED FOR.

Mr. TRUMBULL offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of War for a copy of General Schofield's report on the improvement of Rock Island Rapids. Adopted.

LOYALTY OF THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNORS.

Mr. CHANDLER offered a resolution that the Committee on Judiciary inquire whether "Andy" Johnson had any legal or constitutional authority to appoint Provisional Governors in the rebellious States.

Mr. JOHNSON objected and it goes over.

WESTERN PUBLIC LANDS.

The bill passed authorizing the sale in towns and cities of the public lands in California and Nevada not subject to entry at the time of settlement, to enter their sites as the minimum price of one dollar and a quarter, was adopted—excepting the military reservation.

THE NAVAL DEPOT BILL.

The League Island Naval Depot bill was postponed till Tuesday. Mr. Wilson gave notice that he would, on Monday, ask the consideration of the bill from the Military Committee.

On motion of Mr. WILSON, a vote was taken on the motion to reconsider the vote rejecting the bankrupt bill. Yeas, 22; Nays, 14. The further consideration of the subject was then postponed.

The District of Columbia bill was considered and several amendments were passed.

JURISDICTION OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Mr. WILSON introduced a bill to restore the jurisdiction of Indian affairs to the War Department on the 1st of July. Referred to the Military Committee.

The bill to increase the pay of army officers was recommitted to the Military Committee.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

The Senate went into executive session but the doors were soon opened for legislative business.

POSTAL AMENDMENT.

Mr. RAMSEY called up the bill to amend the postal laws, which was passed and goes to the House. It modifies the existing schedule of charges for postal money orders; authorizes the reissue of lost ones; punishes counterfeiting thereof; authorizes the appointment of superintendents of foreign mails and dead letters, &c.

DEATH OF MR. GRIDER.

The Clerk of the House announced the proceedings of that body relative to the death of Mr. Grider. Mr. Parte, of Delaware, delivered the eulogy. Resolutions of respect were passed, and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

Mr. Stevens's reconstruction bill was considered.

Mr. BANKS spoke in opposition.

NEBRASKA BILL PASSED.

Mr. ASHLEY called up the vote of the Nebraska Bill, which was read. The bill was passed over the veto by a vote of 120 to 41, and was proclaimed a law by the Speaker.

The House resumed the consideration of the reconstruction bill.

Mr. RAYMOND suggested a reference to a special committee. This caused quite a spirited discussion, but the proposition was not made formally and came to nothing.

Mr. WHALEY spoke against the bill.

Mr. HISE, of Kentucky, announced the death of Mr. Grider, which occurred during the recess.

The House, in respect, adjourned.

Large Fire in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 10.—The large pork house of D. Finger & Co., in St. Joseph, with all its contents, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The meat destroyed was valued at $35,000; covered by insurance. The building was valued at $25,000 and is partially insured. The following companies are the principal losers: Phœnix, of Hartford, $10,000; Putnam, of Hartford, $5,000; Manhattan, $5,000; London and Liverpool, $10,000; Hartford, of Hartford, $5,000; Lyeilad, $6,000; Ætna, of Hartford, $5,000; Metropolitan, $5,000; Arctic, $5,000; Phœnix, of New York, $5,000; other companies to smaller amounts. The aggregate of insurance amounts to $81,000. The fire is believed to be the work of an incendiary.

Kansas State Militia.

TOPEKA, Ks., Feb. 9.—The Senate passed a bill to organize six regiments of State Militia, four of cavalry, two of infantry and two of light artillery. The House joint resolution to amend the Constitution to strike out the word white, was amended so as to allow electors to vote, favor striking out the word male, also to make intelligence a basis of suffrage after 1872. The House probably will not concur.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FROM EUROPE.

A HIGH LIFE MARRIAGE.

Garibaldi and the Cretans.

THE POPE AND CATHOLIC POWERS.

THE TURKISH SICK MAN.

[By the Cable.]

MARRIAGE OF THE ITALIAN CROWN PRINCE.

FLORENCE, Feb. 9.—Humbert, the Crown Prince of Italy, will soon marry an Archduchess of Austria.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVED.

QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 9.—The steamship Asia from Boston, arrived to-day.

GARIBALDI'S SYMPATHIES.

LONDON, Feb. 9—Noon.—A letter from Garibaldi is published in Venice to-day, expressing sympathy with the Cretians.

THE POPE'S APPEAL.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—It is stated that the Pope will soon make an appeal to the Catholic Powers to sustain him.

EVACUATION OF SERVIA.

An understanding has been come at by the Turkish forces are to evacuate Servia.

COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 9—Evening.—The cotton market closes firmer; the sale reaches 12,000 including uplands quoted at 44½; breadstuffs steady and without change. Mess Western Corn, 40s. Lard declined in prices at 5s. Demand for beef Irish; sales of prime India mess at 125 per tierce.

FROM NEW YORK.

An Unfounded Rumor—Southern Relief—Bayard Taylor for Europe—Fenians vs. Fenians—An Exciting Case—Hubbego Not Robbed—Hanright Appointed Collector—Great Thunder Storm—Murderer Failed, &c.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9, 1867.

THE ROBERTS FENIANS.

The rumor that the Roberts Fenians are selling arms is not true.

SOUTHERN RELIEF COMMISSION.

The Southern Relief Commission has collected $1,000, and orders have been given for the purchase of 20,000 bushels of corn, 500 of which goes to Alabama, 3,000 to Georgia, and 4,000 each to North Carolina. It is to be shipped from the Western market, except that to North Carolina—transportation free.

A FENIAN SUIT.

Patrick O'Rourke, formerly Treasurer of the Roberts Fenians, has instituted legal proceedings against the Directors of the Stephens branch for the recovery of cash checks, made out in their favor, for which it is alleged, were sent by parties who thought O'Rourke was Treasurer of the Mahony branch, position which he resigned at the time of Roberts' defalcation.

SUIT AGAINST POLICEMEN.

The last case before Justice Connelly, in which two policemen were charged with assault and battery, while arresting a liquor dealer, is creating considerable excitement. The prosecutor, declining to give bail, were committed, and yesterday, subsequently they were released on their own recognizance.

Superintendent Kennedy has ordered that no persons under arrest be taken before Justice Connelly in future.

CHICAGO ROBBED.

A gentleman from Chicago, named M. M. Laring, was robbed of eight thousand dollars, on one of the Broadway cars, near Twenty-second street, on Thursday night. The thief was captured, but only a portion of the money found on his person.

SNEAK THIEVES.

Gen. Sherman dines this evening with the Union Club, and leaves on Monday.

BAYARD TAYLOR.

Bayard Taylor sailed to-day for Europe.

KETCHUM NOT KILLED.

The rumor that Edward Ketchum, the forger was killed by an explosion at Sing Sing to-day, is unauthenticated.

OIL EXPLOSION.

In Jersey City, to-day, three men were severely burned by the explosion of a can of kerosene oil.

BANKRUPT APPOINTED COLLECTOR.

George Bancroft has been appointed Collector of the Port of Boston.

GREAT THUNDERSTORM.

A thunderbolt of blinding vividness burst from the clouds last night while the rain was pouring down in torrents, and darkness was so great as to make it impossible to see across the street. The church spires and buildings were for an instant rendered plainly visible in the glare. It was followed by a heavy shock of thunder which seemingly made the earth rock beneath the spectators. A similar phenomena occurred on Saturday night week.

OCEAN QUEEN ARRIVED.

The steamship Ocean Queen, with San Francisco dates of the 15th, has arrived.

ARRESTED.

Henry Van Dalsem, Clerk of Ladies' Charitable Fair, was arrested on a charge of violation of the law against lotteries.

FIRE ALARM TELEGRAPH STRIKE.

The original contractors for the introduction of the fire alarm telegraph have quarrelled as to the process of the inventor, and an injunction upon its use is to be issued out by one of the parties. Jobbery and corruption corruption is among the developments promulged.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

A fire at No. 2 Liberty street, last night destroyed property valued at $25,000. Hermstein & Son, musical instrument dealers, lost $10,000 and Haggerty Bros., dealers in drugs, $15,000.

A MURDERER GETS BAIL.

A German who killed his brother the other day in a quarrel has been admitted to bail in the sum of $5,000.

DECOY OF GAMBLERS.

A descent was made upon the faro banks last night and eleven gamblers were arrested. The implements were seized.

It is thought the stocks and money of which Mr. Larany was robbed on a street car will be recovered.

CONVICT RE-ARRESTED.

Zeno Burnham, who was convicted of swindling, and sent to State Prison and pardoned in a manner that raised much indignation, has been arrested again on a charge of swindling.

A *Times* special says that prominent Radical Senators express the opinion that the veto of the Colorado admission bill will be sustained.

WESSELSUNK.

The ship Dashing Wave, of Boston, Captain Carlton, from San Francisco, November 1st, struck on the shoals near Barnegat, on the night of the eighth, but came off soon after leaking badly, and was consequently towed to South West Spit, where the leak gaining rapidly, she sunk at seven this morning, in five fathoms. The officers and crew have arrived in this city.

Related Trains at Suspension Bridge.

DETROIT, February 10.—The statement recently telegraphed from New York, intimating that passenger trains behind time are not permitted by the Custom officers to cross at Suspension bridge, is officially contradicted. There is no interruption whatever to the passage of trains over the bridge, and no examination of the baggage of through passengers since the completion of the third rail on the Great Western, making the guage the same as on the connecting roads. Sleeping cars are run from here direct to Rochester. The through freight line over the route is proving a valuable auxiliary to the various roads concerned in the rapid transmission of freight. The cars are transported across the river at this point and forwarded without delay by means of the immense iron steamer Great Western, constructed especially for the conveyance of the line freight cars. The boat carries eighteen loaded cars, and forces her way through the heavy ice with which the river is sometimes filled.

Snow at Memphis—Delegation to the St. Louis Convention, Radical Meeting, &c.

MEMPHIS, February 9.—Business is almost suspended, by heavy snow. Mercury fell last night from 60 to 30. The Mississippi is blockaded and will not get off until Monday. The Committee appointed by the Chamber of Commerce to attend the Convention at St. Louis in reference to the improvement of the Mississippi river have tomorrow to call. The Radicals hold a meeting to-night to appoint delegates to a State Convention to be held at Nashville.

Railroad Bridge Destroyed.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 10.—The town of Bellisi, at the Southwest Pass mouth, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, $60,000. A number of families are rendered houseless.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

AN IMPORTANT MEASURE.

Gen. Banks' Reconstruction Bill.

THE INTERNAL REVENUE TAX.

Report of the Committee on Ways and Means.

IMPORTANT AMENDMENTS PROPOSED.

The Admission of Nebraska.

MR. PEABODY AND THE PRESIDENT.

Agricultural Report for January.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10, 1867.

GEN. BANKS' RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

The following are the provisions of the Reconstruction bill proposed by Gen. Banks. The preamble recites that—

WHEREAS, A form of government has been organized in Louisiana, one of the States lately in rebellion, which has never been recognized by Congress, and having failed to secure the rights of loyal citizens or protect them against disloyal persons, and continues to be recognized without authority of public interest; *and whereas*, the condition of the country, in our judgment, demands the last administration in this and adjacent States; *and whereas*, there is reason to believe that a fair and impartial election, under General Government may rightfully extend over the present rebellious States, will be able to establish and maintain for themselves that form of government guaranteed by the Declaration of Independence, and guaranteed by the Constitution to the people of the United States forever.

The first section provides, first, for the creation of three Commissioners, one to be designated by the senate, one by the House, and the third one by the President, to be designated by the Head of the Department of War, to proceed immediately to Louisiana and re-establish the Civil Government in a republican form, on the basis herein specified.

The second provides that the rights of all loyal male citizens twenty-one years of age and upwards, without distinction of race, color and former condition of slavery, six months resident in the State, nevertheless excepting the right of suffrage or served in the army or navy of the United States, or to hold any office or appointment of any kind, civil or military, or any office of the value of one hundred dollars, and who are able to contribute by taxation to the support of the Government, or can read or write. Citizens so registered shall have the right to vote for delegates to the constitutional Convention.

The third provides for suffrage all who have taken oath as members of Congress, officers of the United States, members of the state Legislature, and executive or judicial officers in any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, afterwards engaged in rebellion, and given aid and comfort thereto, or who have taken any oath of secession but in Congress by a vote of two-thirds, may relieve himself from such disability.

Fourth—Commissioners empowered and directed to call an election of registered voters, qualified under this act, not less than thirty nor more than forty days after such registration as they shall deem necessary or expedient for the election of delegates to a Convention, for the adoption of a Constitution, which shall be deemed to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of Legislature, prescribed by the laws of the State, which shall meet at the time designated by the Commissioners.

Fifth—Registered voters and all electors to offices under this act are required to take the test oath. If the Commissioners or officers of registration be satisfied that any person has falsely or fraudulently taken the test oath, his name shall be stricken from the registry.

The Convention, when duly organized, shall adopt a State Constitution, which shall be a basis for the restoration of the civil government of the State, with the ratification of the Constitutional amendments proposed to the Legislature of the several States by the 39th Congress, and when if the same be accepted and ratified, the Convention shall proceed to form a State Constitution, and the Constitution so formed shall be voted for by the registered voters under this act, if ratified by a majority of legal voters, to be submitted to Congress, and if approved, the election of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, and the Senators and Representatives in Congress shall authorized to declare martial law in certain contingencies, and to employ military forces to sustain the action of the Commissioners, maintain public peace, and all public officers to whom such duties may be assigned, whose officers are required to execute such orders, and military officers are authorized and required, upon complaint of Commissioners, to arrest and punish by fine or imprisonment, or both, any person who shall be guilty of any offense against public peace or interference with authority, under this act. Expenses to be paid by the United States and reimbursed by the State. Section and subsequent sections are devoted to carrying this act into effect.

REPORT ON THE INTERNAL TAX BILL—AMENDMENTS PROPOSED.

The Committee on Ways and Means will probably to-morrow report an amendatory internal revenue bill, which will have the effect of ridding the country of the most onerous and vexatious of the taxes, and yet in the main the principle is to be practical in its operation.

The Committee proposes to exempt from tax all articles which enter largely into the cost of living, for instance, all leather, tile, earthern, pottery and hollow ware articles, all cordage, rope, twine, rakes, scales, all steam and locomotive, all drain, gas or water pipes of iron, wood or other material, all clothing made from articles subject to tax—drawers, shirts and other such articles worn and lost are not, however, exempt from the tax in cases where a tax has not been paid on the raw material. Advertisements are to be relieved from taxation, and manufactures which are now taxed 2 per cent. are to be freed from tax. Among these are all pine and varnish, and all waggons, drays and trucks costing less than two dollars, and used for freighting purposes. Butter and cheese are to be free from tax.

A section is added to avoid the duplication of tax, so that where there is a tax on the raw material there shall not be another on the manufactured article in its various forms. The tax to be collected on the manufactured or raw article. A large number of articles are to be exempt from tax because the expense of collection is not equivalent to the receipts therefrom. The bill also proposes, in this and other ways, to reduce the labor of the Assessors, and the duties of the Internal revenue are to be removed from match boxes, but the stamp is to be attached for matches. Boxes or other packages or bottles are also exempt where their contents are taxed.

The Committee propose, in addition to dry casks and barrels, to exempt all other casks, barrels, or other cooperage, including oil, liquor, meat and fish barrels and casks.

The tax on raw cotton remains as now, provided the tax on cane sugar is placed at a uniform rate of one cent per pound.

The tax remains the same on liquors or distilled spirits, but the license for distilling increased from $50 to $500.

The provisions relating to the distillation from grape, apple and peach, remain unchanged, but brandy made from grapes is to be 50 cents a gallon.

The income tax is to be on amount in excess over $1,000 and at the uniform rate of 5 per cent. The rent, taxes, insurance and repairs of all kinds are to be taken out of the income, so in effect the income is to be exempt to an average amount of $1,500.

In addition there is a new provision for the collection of tax on spirits of an irregular character. Where the present law says a fine or imprisonment shall be imposed on the convicted offenders, and where it says the imprisonment shall not exceed two or three years, the bill provides that the imprisonment shall not be less than two or three years, nor more than four.

Other sections have been added to prevent fraud, such as the following: Where an article is offered for sale at less than the amount of tax. This fact is to be received as *prima facie* evidence that it has not paid tax and is therefore subject to seizure.

AGRICULTURAL REPORT.

The report of Agriculture for January contains an elaborate compilation of the statistics of wages of farm labor throughout the country, based on original returns. The average rate of wages for white labor without board is $28 per month, and $15.50 with board. The average rate of freedmen's labor is $16 without board, and with board furnished $7.51. The highest rates for States are in California, which are about $48, Massachusetts pays the next highest, $38. The average rate for the Eastern States is $32.50; in the Middle States, $30.67; in the Western States, $28.90; in the Southern States, freedmen, $16. The increase in the price of labor since 1860 is about fifty per cent.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

The receipts of internal Revenue yesterday were $772,181.

PATENT OFFICE SELF-SUSTAINING.

The Patent Office is the only self-sustaining branch of the Government. The fund now on hand for paying the entire expense of the office is $220,000, all paid by inventors.

ADMISSION OF NEBRASKA.

It has been ascertained that Nebraska has about one hundred thousand inhabitants, and this number is increasing rapidly. Gen. Thayer, one of the Senators elect, was on the floor when the House passed the bill for the admission of the new State over the veto and received the congratulations of his friends.

VIRGINIA FREEDMEN'S AFFAIRS.

The report to the Freedmen's Bureau from the Assistant Superintendent of Fairfax county, dated Vienna, Va., 2d inst., states that fair contracts for the ensuing year have pretty generally been effected. There is now very little surplus labor in the county. A growing disposition to cultivate lands upon shares is manifested.

WASHINGTON, February 9, 1867.

APPOINTMENTS CONFIRMED.

The Senate confirmed Daniel L. Collier, of Philadelphia, and Isaac A. Verplanck, of Buffalo, to examine into the claims of Massachusetts for money expended during the war for coast defense.

THE PRESIDENT AND MR. PEABODY.

Ex-President Pierce called upon Geo. Peabody to-day, as a private citizen, and in conversation paid the latter a high compliment for his munificent gift to the educational interests of the south. The latter, in an allusion to England, said there was now a more friendly feeling towards the United States by the people and government of that country than ever before.

HOUSE CLEANING AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

The Executive mansion has been thoroughly renovated, at a cost of $9,000. The new carpets and curtains were especially imported from England.

THE MILITARY GOVERNMENT BILL.

The vote in the House last night on rejecting the Louisiana Military Government bill, was by letter, the Democrats voting solidly against it, with sufficient support from the Republican ranks to make the negative vote so against an affirmative vote of 61.

EXPENSIVE SUPPLIES.

A communication from the Secretary of War gives details of the enormous expense of supplies delivered in the Rocky Mountain region: Hay, $60 to $110 per ton; corn, 8 to 9 cents per pound, &c.

Another communication states, on the authority of General Grant, that no such order as reported issued by General Sherman, for the protection of overland trains, has been received at headquarters. A copy of the Senate Resolution relative thereto has been referred to General Sherman for a report.

TREASURY RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENT.

Fractional Currency received by the Treasurer of the United States, during the week was $75,780 Shipment 28,232 of which $10,000 were sent to the first Treasurer of New York the balance to the National Banks and other. Disbursements of the week were $3,000,963. Navy 416,742. Interior 300,672.

FROM CENTRAL AMERICA.

Consent of Panama Had—Our Minister's Difficulty Unsettled—Crops—Revolution in Nicaragua Suppressed—Expedition Preparing, &c.

NEW YORK, February 10.—The Ocean Queen brings the following news:

William B. Little, United States Consul at Panama, is dead.

Advices from Bogata state that the American Minister (Hurton) made no settlement of his difficulty with the Government, and was about to leave the capital for the coast to wait instructions from his government if the same is accepted and ratified, the Convention shall proceed to form a State Constitution, and the Constitution so formed shall be voted for by the registered voters under this act, if ratified by a majority of legal voters, to be submitted to Congress, and if approved, the election of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, and the Senators and Representatives in Congress shall authorized to declare martial law in certain contingencies, and to employ military forces to sustain the action of the Commissioners, maintain public peace; and all public officers to whom such duties may be assigned, whose officers are required to execute such orders, and military officers are authorized and required, upon complaint of Commissioners, to arrest and punish by fine or imprisonment, or both, any person who shall be guilty of any offense against public peace or interference with authority, under this act. Expenses to be paid by the United States and reimbursed by the State. Section and subsequent sections are devoted to carrying this act into effect.

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FROM KENTUCKY.

Steamer Argonaut Raised—Inauguration of Bust of Lincoln—Railroad Accident—Mob Outrages on Negroes.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 9.—The steamer Argonaut, recently wrecked, has been raised and sold at auction for $1,000.

Henry's marble bust of Lincoln will be inaugurated to-morrow, on the 12th at the Academy of Music. Gov. Bramlette is expected to preside. The eulogy will be delivered by Ex-Attorney General Speed. Letters have been received from President Johnson, declining to attend in consequence of the pressure of public business, but expressing the warmest sympathy with those who render this just tribute to the memory of a great and good man.

The passenger train leaving Louisville at noon for Louisville, accidentally ran off the track near Franklin, Kentucky, and one passenger and baggage car were thrown down an embankment and broken to pieces. There were very few passengers. Some hurt; none seriously. The conductor, baggage master and brakesman were badly hurt.

STANFORD, KY., Feb. 9.—A mob hanged Wm. Good, who was charged with stealing horses in Lawrenceburg.

A gang of desperadoes are shooting and killing negroes.

A negro identified a Mr. Bond as the man who took his watch, whereupon Bond shot and killed him.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Wheat from Maine—Distillery and Tenements Burned—Specie for New York, &c.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.—The steamer Idaho, one hundred and eleven days from Bath, Maine, arrived last night.

The following vessels, laden with wheat, sailed yesterday: Martinon, Cook, Victoria, Bodurjidian, Western Empire and the Liverpool.

A fire last night destroyed a distillery and three or four tenement houses on the corner of Townsend and King streets.

The Golden Age, for Panama, sailed to-day. She takes $1,000,000 specie, which is for New York; also five thousand three hundred barrels of flour.

The Crown Point Mining Company have declared a dividend of $100 per foot. The Imperial Company have declared a dividend of $12 a share.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 10.—Steamship Pacific, from Portland, Oregon, with Treasure, has arrived. Rufus Mallary, Gen. Freemont's chief Engineer, is a passenger on her en route to Washington.

River Telegram.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 9.—The River is still falling, with plenty of water to Cairo. The weather has moderated somewhat, but still quite cold, and the prospects for a speedy resumption of navigation in the Illinois and Upper Mississippi, are deferred. Arrived from Memphis, Memphis, Bombay, Wenonah, New Orleans; Ruth, New Orleans; Adam Jacobs, Memphis; Jennie Lewis, Natchez. Departed—The Cambridge, Cave Lodge, Memphis; Anna White, Nashville; Dee and Ruth, New Orleans; Wenonah, Upper River. Departed on Sunday—W. J. Lewis, Memphis; Ida May, Nashville; Ruth, Fort Forsythe, New Orleans; Lexington Vicksburg.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 9.—Weather clear with a cold wind. Mercury 43 deg. Bar. 30. Arrived—Mary Boyd, Louisville, Saturday. Arrival—Marble City, from St. Louis; Demosthenes, H. Arthur, for St. Louis; Virginia, for Louisville; Newsoger, for Cairo; Magenta, for Vicksburg.

Brewery Burned in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, February 10.—The brewery of C. Trifflin, corner of Ninth and Hamilton streets, was burned this morning. A hundred barrels of beer and whisky was destroyed. Loss estimated at $20,000; insured for $8,000.

The barn in Delaware has broken up and blown to the Jersey shore. Eighty vessels rendered at New Castle will be up to-morrow.

Fire at Baltimore—Total Result of a Night.

The chemical works of Messrs. Davidson & Co. were destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, $40,000; insured, $20,000. Other offices.

A heavy northwest storm set in on Saturday, during which a lead was capsized in the harbor and six persons were drowned. Particulars of the loss of life and names of victims not yet ascertained.

The Fenian Trials.

TORONTO, C. W., Feb. 9.—Today Mr. McKenzie for the application for a writ of habeas corpus in Queen's Bench for a new trial in the case of Lynch and others, convicted of treason and violent at the last assizes. The Judges have the application under consideration and will give judgment early next week.

Railroad Accident.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 10.—The Hudson River Railroad train due here about twelve o'clock last night, was detained until two o'clock, because of cars running off the track, in Greenbush, twelve miles from Albany, on the rails. The cars run off at two or three points, but not any was injured.

Fires at Rutland.

RUTLAND, VT., Feb. 10.—Steam saw mill and adjoining buildings connected with the Rutland Marble Company, burned in West Rutland, were destroyed early this morning. Loss from $25,000 to $30,000; insured for $10,000.

The gas works of the Rutland Gas Light Company were destroyed by the fire this morning. Loss, $3,000. Insured.

Departure of Minister Campbell.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 10.—L. D. Campbell, Minister to Guatemala, left for his post on a short visit to his family in Ohio, some of whom are expected to return with him to his permanent residence he expects to return in a few days, and await instructions from the State Department relating to Mexican affairs.

Destructive Fire at Mobile.

MOBILE, Feb. 10.—A destructive fire occurred to-night on corner Commerce and St. Louis streets, burning the stores occupied by Lyons & Co., liquor dealers; Ketchum, Young & Co., grocers; Ogletree & Co.; John L. Curren & Co., and Jones, Byrne & Co., cotton factors. Loss $100,000.

Death Warrant Issued.

HARRISBURG, February 9.—Gov. Geary has issued his warrant for the execution of Abel R. H. Wiley, of Luzerne county, on Friday, March 8th, next. Wiley was convicted of the murder of Alice McKiwl last May.

Reading Election.

READING, February 9.—Wm. H. Geemand, Democratic candidate for Mayor, was elected yesterday by 328 majority. Vote light.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—On Saturday evening the brief season of Italian Opera, with which was recently tried for tempting to blow up his store, in that city, with gunpowder, has commenced with Donizetti's Lucia. The opera, although much superior to those given some time ago. This evening the oriental spectacle of "Dorcas and Lair Slave" will be brought out under the supervision of H. W. Williams, with entire new scenery, costumes, mechanical effects, original music, will have new lights, arranged expressly for this piece by Prof. G. W. Smith. To add to the attractiveness of the performance, the management have secured Signorina Antonino, from the Opera House, New York; Miss Ida de Vere and Miss Lena Cavender, who will each appear for the first time this evening in favorite characters.

MASONIC HALL.—This evening at Masonic Hall, Professor J. Maculister, the famed magician, will open a season of Magic and Mystery. The Professor each evening gives an entire change of programme, means up of the marvelous, sublime and ridiculous, so harmonized and blended in one grand whole as to make his *soirees* popular with every age, sex and condition. Each evening a number of handsome presents will be given away, some of them very costly and brilliant.

CAPTAIN SCOTT.

Owner of the steamboat Hero, Residence, Lawrenceville.

The Doctor's office is 94 Liberty street.

A Treat in Store.—J. B. Clark, D. D. —This justly esteemed and talented divine, and no less patriotic and gallant soldier, is booked for a lecture to be delivered on Tuesday evening, at half past seven o'clock, in the Seventh U. P. Church, (Rev. Reed's subject—"Light House, Good Wages, Moistrate Rents." The character of the lecturer, much less the engrossing interest of his theme, should attract a large audience. See advertisement.

Fatal Accident.—On Saturday afternoon a brakeman on the Pennsylvania Railroad, named John Workman, was caught between two cars at the Point Freight Depot, and crushed so badly that death ensued. He was removed to his boarding house, in the Ninth ward, where on examination it was ascertained that his collar-bone, back-bone and several ribs were broken. He died yesterday morning of injuries received.

Water Rents Assessed.—The aggregate assessment of Water Rents in each ward for 1866 was as follows: First ward, $11,425.01; Second, $10,918.37; Third, $6,290.01; Fourth, $2,502.31; Fifth, $15,171.50; Sixth, $10,[illegible]; Seventh, $5,530.16; Eighth, $9,421.03; Ninth, $13,146.70; Tenth, $2,932.22. Total, $108,872.09. Being an increase of $1,815.26, over the assessment of 1865.

North Carolina Relief Bill.

RALEIGH, February 9.—The Legislature today passed the Relief Bill. It stays off payment of a debt for twelve months.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

The Seduction Case—Further Developments.

On Saturday, we gave a partial report of the case of a young girl who had been seduced and betrayed under promise of marriage by a married man residing in Temperanceville. We suppressed the name in the case, as no arrest had been made. On Saturday, however, the accused was arrested by officer Barber and taken before Alderman Donaldson for a hearing. The young lady's name is Isabella Stoner, and the name of her alleged betrayer is George Nesmith. The latter is an Englishman and is employed at some coal works near Saw Mill Run, where he is experimenting with a new patent Slack Burner. He is a married man, having a wife and four children, who live at Brighton. Nesmith is under $1,000 bail for a further hearing this week.

Miss Stoner also makes information before the same magistrate, charging Dr. A. Pratt, of St. Clair street, with attempting to procure an abortion upon her by the use of instruments. She states that the lady with whom she boarded in Allegheny discovered her condition, and urged her to go to Dr. Pratt's office to discover whether she really were or were not *enceinte*. She consented, and on Thursday, January 17th, went to his office and made known her errand. In her statement she says that the Doctor refused to have anything to do with her case unless she would pay him $25 down, with the promise of $15 more. She paid the $25 and the doctor with instruments, and the result of this operation was the premature birth of her child on Tuesday last. The defendant was arrested by officer Lutz. He denies any attempt on his part to procure an abortion, and says he merely examined the girl to discover her condition. Nesmith is under $1,000 bail for a further hearing this week.

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