The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FRIDAY, JANUARY 4, 1867.

THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

In his annual message, transmitted to the Legislature on Wednesday last, Governor CURTIN occupied considerable space in the discussion of national matters. This discussion, on his part, was not irrelevant and intrusive, as some times happens in gubernatorial communications to legislative bodies. It became his duty to lay before the two Houses the Constitutional amendment, proposed by Congress at the late session. In discharging this obligation he naturally and properly availed himself of the occasion to recommend the Amendment to favorable consideration. His argument on the questions directly raised, do not contain any novel features, but are well put, and fully respond to the popular sentiment of the State as developed in the canvass which resulted in the election of Gen. GEARY as his successor.

But Governor CURTIN goes farther to deal with a cognate question, which is—What constitutes a valid ratification of an amendment to the Federal Constitution? He maintains that it is not essential to count the States which were concerned in the rebellion, and are still unrepresented in Congress. He contends that when the Amendment shall be assented to by three-quarters of all the States actually participating by representation in the government, it will be legally carried, and become part and parcel of the organic law. This is an advanced opinion, but we believe it to be the true one.

True, there are difficulties attending it. The Supreme Court may take a different view, and hold that three quarters of all the States are requisite to give validity to an Amendment. Courts are at all times behind the spirit of the age, and have to be forced up to it. They are necessarily slow and conservative, representing antiquity, and finding wisdom in the graves of the fathers, and scarcely anywhere else. If that was the worst that could be said of them, with substantial reason, it would be comparatively a small matter. But every student of history knows full well that Courts have ever been the sturdiest instruments of reaction and of despotism. If there is an old abuse that has vitality enough left in it to marshall a following respectable in numbers and in social standing, they are sure to gravitate towards it lovingly. This was illustrated in the Dred Scott decision of the Federal Supreme Court, pronounced by Chief Justice Taney. There was no other branch of the Government; no political organization in the country; that would have gone so far to serve the devil. The same tendency yet inheres in that same bench, as is clearly indicated in the decision on the Indiana Conspiracy. Even Chief Justice Chase has become so far inoculated with the itch of the bench, in the short time he has had a seat on it, that he seems to have forgotten his common sense. Then, there are sinister whisperings of yet other decisions now incubating, and to be hatched as shall be needful to thwart the will of the nation and re-instate the rebels in the fullness of their former power. It seems as if the rebellion is taking shelter behind the bench, and is likely to find itself more secure than behind the fortifications of Lee and Johnson.

By existing law the Secretary of State is directed to make proclamation of the ratification of an amendment. This is in order that there may official and formal announcement of so great a fact to all concerned. But nothing in that law needs the present case. When that law was enacted no States had incurred disabilities by rebellion; and it was not contemplated that any would. Hence the Secretary was not directed what States to count and what States to omit. Congress may be expected to remedy that defect, by passing a law providing that only the States represented in Congress shall be enumerated; that three-quarters of these shall be held to be sufficient; and that the Secretary of State, or some other official, shall proclaim the ratification complete when three-quarters of such States shall have actually given consent.

This will not make any difference in the course of the Supreme Court. Neither will the action of the Court make any difference in the action of the two Houses. Congress, in its own sphere, is independent, and will remain so. Each House will admit to seats, no matter what the Court may say, only such as it shall see fit; for each House is absolute judge of the qualifications of its members.

As Governor CURTIN came into office, keeping abreast of public opinion on all great questions, we are glad to see him go out displaying the same noble characteristic. The people have honored and trusted him, and he has not deceived them. Governor GEARY is soon to take the place Governor CURTIN will vacate. We have no misgivings as the line of policy he will adopt and pursue. He is on record, both by word and deed, and we doubt not will make good his commitments. He follows a man who has won golden opinions, not only in Pennsylvania, but wherever loyalty is held in repute. So long as he shall not trail the Republican banner in the dust, but shall bear it on high so that our triumphant host may gather about it, and follow it to new victories, will he challenge and receive the support of all who aided in his election.

MILITARY COMMISSIONS.

Upon the assassination of President LINCOLN the question was raised whether the persons implicated in that great offense could properly be tried by a Military Commission, or would have to be arranged before a civil tribunal. After a careful examination of the Constitution and the Laws the national authorities decided that the case was properly triable before a Court Martial, and one was ordered for that purpose, which did its work to the satisfaction of most loyal people. It is now announced that one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States has decided to issue a process for bringing before him the individuals who were convicted by that Commission of participating in the assassination, and sentenced to imprisonment at the Dry Tortugas. The inference is that the Judge holds the trial of these men to have been illegal.

Article five of Amendments to the Constitution, adopted in 1789, covers this case. It reads:

"No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, *except in cases arising in the land or naval forces*, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger, nor shall any person be subject, for the same offences, to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself; *nor be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law*, nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation."

Whether the assassins of President LINCOLN were lawfully tried by a Military Commission depends on the precise meaning of one of the clauses of this article. It will be observed that it is not said a man must actually belong to the land or naval forces of the United States, to make him amenable to military tribunal. If that was the precise meaning of the words, then a rebel, found in arms against the government, could not be adjudged by a court martial, nor could a man belonging to another recognized nation with which we might be in collision, and who should violate the rules of civilized warfare. Such clearly, was not the intention of the article. The design manifestly was to make all offences against the war power of the government triable militarily, *and none others*.

The question, therefore, is, was the assassination of President LINCOLN "a case arising in the land or naval forces?" If, during war, a public enemy, or several of them, were to find their way into the headquarters of General GRANT, and kill him, and should be captured, would any one be silly enough to argue the case could only be disposed of by indictment and conviction for *murder* in a Court of Oyer and Terminer? Doubtless, the offence would be murder, and would be triable in civil courts; but, by reason of the fact that Gen. GRANT was "in the land or naval forces," and by reason of the other fact that he was taken off, not by personal malace, but by a public enemy, the culprits would be subject to military law, and might be disposed of summarily.

Article II, Section II, Clause I, of the Constitution, provides that "the President shall be Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States." The assassination, therefore, of the President, in time of war, by a public enemy, was a case "arising in the land or naval forces;" and was properly tried and punished by a Military Commission. If any individuals wish to retain the advantages of what is known as "due process of law," they must restrict their malevolent actions to such offences as will only bring them into collision with the penal code. If they do not, they must take the chances.

It was not by the civil but by the military law that the nation's life was saved. Soldiers and sailors did many things, and did them well, for which no warrant can be found in the statutes at large. It does not follow from thence that they were offenders. The nation honors them for their loyalty, courage, and energy. Now that the crisis is past, doubtless the judges—the men of technicalities and precedents—will be upon their track. Such has always been the case when sharp diseases required speedy remedies.

WHISKY.

The statistics furnished by the Bureau of Internal Revenue, indicate either a marvellous falling off in the production of alcoholic liquors in the United States, or that frauds upon the revenue by persons engaged in that pursuit are constant and enormous. Nobody, we apprehend, will maintain that less liquors are consumed than formerly. The evidences of drunkenness abound throughout society. Indeed, that vice is alarmingly on the increase. Nor is there any apparent diminution in the use of alcohol in connection with arts. All the facts, open to observation, point not to a lessened consumption, but to a large increase.

This leads to the inference that vast frauds are perpetrated on the revenue. Every dealer knows that alcohol can be purchased for less than the tax upon it. This was seen when the exorbitant assessment was enacted. It always happens that when duties are laid on a particular article, far above the average, that the elicit manufacture and vending of it is stimulated. There seems to be no other course, when inordinate revenue is desired, from any commodity, entering into general use, but for government to take the production and sale of it into its own hands. Even then success in suppressing frauds is only partial. The inducements to surreptitious traffic are so many and great that the risks are freely incurred.

It is against the settled policy of this country for the government to conduct any branch of traffic for the sake of income. The government has no thought of such a scheme, and the people would not endure it even if it should be urged by officials. There seems, therefore, to be no other remedy for the evil under consideration, but to reduce the excise on distilled liquors. The government needs what revenue can legitimately be derived from this branch of business, and people engaged in other callings do not want to carry their own burdens and the burdens which the distillers should shoulder.

There is still another point which should be looked at. So extensive have evasions of the excise laws become by secret distillation that honest dealers are really driven to the wall. They cannot pay duties, and still compete with those who pay none at all. This is a hardship from which they have a right to demand and expect deliverance. Their interests in this matter accord with those of the government itself, and with all other classes of tax-payers.

It will be seen, moreover, that this is not a question of temperance or license. It respects neither the quantity of liquors made nor used; but, primarily, the revenue derivable by government from the liquor traffic, and the suppression of frauds therein. While Congress is engaged with the revenue laws, a close scrutiny may as well be given to this particular branch.

THE CRETAN INSURRECTION.

For some time past conflicting reports have reached this country of a revolt in the island of Crete against Turkish rule and in favor of annexation to the Kingdom of Greece. One day it is affirmed that the rebellion has been suppressed and liberal terms granted to all concerned in it, and the next day it is ascertained that the revolt still exists, and that measures of great cruelty, common among Mahometans, are pursued towards the population. Presently we are informed that the insurgents are likely to hold out through the winter, and that the government of Greece has resolved upon the bold proceeding of espousing, by force of arms, their cause. This would inevitably reopen and precipitate upon Europe the whole Eastern question. Hence, France is about equally as interested as Turkey in covering up the material facts in the case, and diverting attention in other directions. The sympathies of the French people are on the side of the Cretans, because of similarity of religious faith, and in virtue of the doctrine which Kossuth baptized national solidarity. Napoleon III. is in poor health, and his prestige is sadly compromised by failures in Mexico, Germany and Italy. He is not in a condition to resist the demands of his people, nor yet in condition to interpose to wrest Crete from the Turkish grasp, taking the risk of all the consequences that might follow. The Sultan does not want the Eastern question reopened, or to have European attention turned to it. The affairs of Crete, he is not slow in perceiving, could well be used as the starting point of a movement that might result in driving him out of Europe, and making a finish of Ottoman rule on that continent. If he can smother knowledge of the difficulty until he can remove it, he may escape further embarrassments, and get long for another century as he has for the last one, by balancing the interests and animosities of one portion of Europe against those of the other.

This island of Crete, vulgarly called Candia, is situated in the Mediterranean, and belongs to the Grecian Archipelago. Its population, estimated from a million to a million and a quarter, in the ancient times, has dwindled down to not more than one hundred and seventy thousand. Of these one hundred thousand are native Greeks, forty-five thousand of them Turks, and the remainder Hellenes, Jews and other foreigners.

It is, indeed, astonishing that these one hundred thousand Greeks, with all the aid derivable from their kindred living elsewhere, have managed to make any headway whatever against the Turkish power. It appears they have a steamer engaged in bringing them supplies, which is extraordinarily fleet, and has no difficulty in eluding the blockading squadron. If this resource shall not be cut off the Cretans may hold out so long as to ensure interposition in their behalf. This offered, not by Greece, with its two millions of people, but by France or any other first class power, would at once induce the Sultan to relinquish his claim. As this matter may loom up into great conspicuity, it is well to keep an eye on it.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON'S Prepared Prescription for the cure of CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all THROAT and LUNG AFFECTIONS, has now been in use over ten years, with the most marked success.

The Remedy, prepared under Mr. Wilson's personal supervision; also a pamphlet containing the original Prescription, with full and explicit directions for preparation and use, together with a short history of his case, may be obtained of

JOSEPH FLEMING,

Price of Remedy $2.00. Pamphlets furnished free of charge. Sent by mail anywhere by JOSEPH FLEMING, on receipt of $2.2. 1ndw78

GRAY HAIR, BALDNESS, DANDRUFF, ERADICATED BY THE SCALP DISCOVERY CANNOT COMPARE WITH "LONDON HAIR COLOUR RESTORER AND DRESSING."

"London	Our Best	Hair Colour Restorer!"
"London	Physicians'	Hair Colour Restorer!"
"London	Use and	Hair Colour Restorer!"
"London	Recommend It.	Hair Colour Restorer!"

It never fails to impart life, growth, and vigor to the worst hair, fastens and stops its falling, and is sure to produce a new growth of hair, causing it to grow thick and strong. Only 75 cents a bottle. Sold by REGIS, A. KELLY 77 Wood st., and KANE & DRUITT, Allegheny. 1ndw1wkw

SEASONABLE SUGGESTIONS.—Winter, in this climate, is a trying Season. Its unsteady temperature greatly aggravates dyspepsia, and acts very unfavorably upon that sensitive organ, the liver. The alternation of frost and thaw keeps the pores of the body continually opening and contracting, and the resultant condition of the system favorable to the action of the atmospheric vitiae which produces intermittent fevers. Hence a preventative medicine like HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is especially needed in the autumn months. The effect of this great Invigorant, in renovating even the feeblest frame, is proportionate to all malarious influence, is a grand act demonstrated by the unit rm testimony of a quarter of a century. As a tonic, as an anti-bilious medicine, and a preventive and cure for FEVER and AGUE, it is the ONE TRUSTWORTHY, which none who value the preservation of health can afford to do without.

THE SICK, WHEN AT DEATH'S DOOR, recover when they did not take the *right medicine* at the *right time*. Thousands who are now suffering from the effects of liver complaint and dyspepsia, if they do not actually be sick-bed a month before, if they do not arrest the disease at once, nothing is more easy than for them to do so, and ere observant HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS—the friend in emergency—is at their full vigor, and bring the disordered liver into a condition of perfect health, notwithstanding malaria, fever and ague, lurks in all river districts ready to pounce upon the unprotected victim. Give nature the aid she requires, and the BITTERS, and you may defy all the complaints which prevail at this inclement season. jan

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other Papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

EXCELSIOR INSTITUTE,

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS,

Winter Session will commence MONDAY, Jan. 7th. For scholarships, apply at the Institute Rooms, CITY HALL, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets. jan1:97

NEW OPERA HOUSE, January 4th, 1867.

NOTICE.—All persons will entertain no more credit on my account, are hereby notified to hand in the same, for payment, not later than the week ending January 5th, 1867.

C. D. HESS, Director.

CHURCH GUILD.—The next meeting of this Society will be held at their Rooms, corner Liberty street and Virgin alley, third floor, on MONDAY EVENING, January 7th. Business of importance will be brought up and all who feel an interest in our work are cordially invited to attend and join the Society.

By order of the President.

J. H. McELROY, Secretary.

SECOND & LAST CONCERT

BY THE

HUTCHINSON FAMILY,

AT

MASONIC HALL,

THIS (Friday) EVENING, JANUARY 4TH, 1867.

ASA, ABBEY, LIZZIE, FRED, JIM and LITTLE DEMETT.

Tickets, 50 cents. Children, 25 cents. Doors open at quarter to 7; commence at quarter to 8.

BISHOP BOWMAN INSTITUTE, A COLLEGIATE SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, NO. 64 GRANT STREET. The duties of this School will recommence on MONDAY, the 7th instant, at No. 64 Grant street. The Rooms have been elaborately furnished, and are accommodious being large, airy, and well adapted for a boarding pupils will be taken.

Rev. R. J. COOPER, Rector.

PRYOR'S ACADEMY, FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY. Second Story Allegheny Savings Bank Building, reopens January 2d, 1867. SEMINARY, Scientific and Classical, from 9 to 12 M. Commercial & Cow Arithmetic, 1 to 3 P. M. Evening Session, 7 to 9 P. M. A thorough and complete course of Double Entry Book-keeping, including Books and Stationery. Penmanship, Commercial Arithmetic, time unlimited, $20. dec29:3tMW

FOR RENT,

THE STORE ROOM

At the corner of Wylie and Federal streets, and the DWELLING, No. 94 Wylie street, Pittsburgh. Apply to

A. M. BROWN, No. 114 Fifth street.

CAUTION—LOST—On Wednesday January 2d, CHECK No. 65, dated Dec. 31st, 1866, drawn by M. H. & CO. on the Pittsburgh National Bank of Commerce, in favor of K. A. RICK & Co., for $947 17, and marked O. OD, by J. C. CURRY, assistant Cashier. The public are hereby cautioned not to receive said check, as payment thereof has been stopped. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at the Banking House of R. PATRICK & CO., No. 40 Fifth st. jan 2:1

IRON SAFE

FOR SALE.

A new and good FIRE PROOF SAFE, (Burk & Barnes' make,) medium size, can be bought by applying at IRON CITY SPICE MILLS, Office, No. 2 St. CLAIR STREET. jan2:3t

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—LOGAN & GREGG have this day admitted to co-partnership GEORGE PARK, JOSEPH E. JOHNSON and GEORGE B. LOGAN, who will count under the style of LOGAN, GREGG & CO.

The importation and general sale of hardware, cutlery, &c., at No. 52 Wood street, Pittsburgh Pa.

JANUARY 1st, 1867. jan1:9d

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT ASSOCIATION BUILDING, Nos. 2 and 4 ST. CLAIR STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Special attention given to the designing and building of fruit Houses and public buildings. jan1:f

DISSOLUTION.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between B. DELANDE & CHESNUT, under the style of DELANDE & CHESNUT, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st of January. The business will be settled at the old stand, 933 Liberty street, by either of the late partners.

PIANOS! PIANOS!!—An entire new stock of KNABE & CO.'S PIANOS, which are now considered the best made; also HAINES BROS. CELEBRATED PIANOS. Price from $50 upward. Persons in want of a first-class piano are respectfully invited to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

CHARLOTTE BLUME, No. 43 Fifth street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. Jones & Co.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities, Foreign Exchange, Gold, Silver and Coupons.

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

FOR SALE,

A Three Story Brick Dwelling,

No. 9, on the West side of the Diamond, Allegheny. Inquire within, or at

JAS. PIE, 36 WASHINGTON STREET.

TO LET,

Third and Fourth Stories

OF BLACK'S OFFICE BUILDING, Duquesne Way, third door below Hand street. Apply to

D. BLY.

AUDEMAR'S FINE WATCHES,

AUDEMAR'S FINE WATCHES.
AUDEMAR'S FINE WATCHES.
AUDEMAR'S FINE WATCHES.
AUDEMAR'S FINE WATCHES.

For sale by

J. H. REED & CO., No. 66 Fifth street.

Philadelphia, Dec. 31, 1866. FRED. CHASE.

The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership under the firm name of TACK BROS. The style of firm of Pittsburgh House will be as heretofore, TACK, BRO. & CO.

A. H. TACK, T. E. TACK.

Philadelphia, January 1st, 1867. jan1:2

WHITE, ORR CO.,

25 Fifth Street.

Offer for sale an assortment of

RICH DRESS SILKS,

Which They Offer at Very Low Prices.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.—In the Court of Common Pleas, No. 30 December Term, 1866. In the matter of the application of Gideon Ludwig, Building and Loan Association of Lawrenceville, for a Charter of Incorporation.

And now, to wit, Nov. 30th 1866. The undersigned writing to be filed in the office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas in said county, and notice thereof to be published in one newspaper printed in the City of Pittsburgh, and county aforesaid, for at least three weeks, setting forth that an application has been made to the Court for the purpose of granting the Articles of Building and Loan Association of Lawrenceville, a charter of incorporation, and that the same will be granted at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas, unless exceptions herein will be filed in proper time.

BY THE COURT.

JACOB H. WALTER, Prothy.

All persons interested will please to take notice of the above order of the Court.

A. WIDEMANN, Attorney for the Application.

SKATES! SKATES! SKATES!

I HAVE RECEIVED MOST OF MY STOCK, and offer to the Trade a selection from

5,000 PAIRS OF VARIOUS MAKES

Before purchasing elsewhere, call and examine my Stock, as I can

OFFER DEALERS SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

JAMES BOWN,

No. 136 Wood Street.

IRON CITY SPICE MILLS,

FIFTH STREET EXTENSION,

Near Pennsylvania Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PURE SPICES AND MUSTARD,

Warranted when our name is on the Article.

FRESH GROUND CORNMEAL and RYE FLOUR constantly on hand.

COFFEE AND GROUND NUTS ROASTED to order.

We respectfully inform the public that we will continue the manufacture of all the DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPICES, which we offer to Wholesale and Retail Dealers at the lowest market prices, aiming to deal fair, we solicit the patronage of the public.

H. Y. BAXTER, formerly of the Congress Spice Mill, will be found at the above mill at all hours to attend to the wants of customers.

CHOPPED FEED constantly on hand.

STRICKLER & MORLEDGE.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PITTSBURGH, December 20th, 1866.

PROPOSALS FOR WRITING.—Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until JANUARY 5th, 1867, inclusive, for Writing and Copying from the Assessors' Books,

Seventy-five Office Duplicates, Seventy-five School Duplicates, and Seventy-five Treasurer's Collection Duplicates, for the Year 1867.

The work to be done in the office of the County Commissioners, and to be completed on or before the 1st day of April, 1867. Bids to be made at so much the running line complete, to include the calculation and extension of all sums, and the comparing of each and all the books with the original, besides a recapitulation in each and all the books, providing the totals of the different taxes by the total valuation. The correction of the incorrect sums to be made before warrants are issued in payment. Bonds in sufficient security will be required for the fulfilment of the contract. Samples of books may be seen on application.

By order of the County Commissioners.

JOHN A. LAMBERT, Controller.

HOLIDAY GOODS

ALL KINDS OF BRONZE, GILT, CUT AND GLASS

Carbon Oil Lamps and Chandeliers,

Lamp Trimmings, &c.

Also, WARRANTED NON-EXPLOSIVE CARBON OIL, wholesale and retail.

JOHN ROSS & CO.,

No. 64 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PITTSBURGH, December 24th, 1866.

NOTICE TO BAKERS.

Sealed Proposals, addressed to "The Board of Inspectors of the Allegheny County Prison," will be received at this office until JANUARY 4th, 1867, inclusive, for FURNISHING THE COUNTY PRISON WITH BREAD, FOR SIX MONTHS FROM JANUARY 15th. Loaves to weigh One-and-a-half and Two Pounds respectively, and to be of approved quality. Bids to be made at so much per pound. Bond for two thousand dollars will be required for faithful performance of contract. The name of the security must accompany the bid. Bids, endorsed by the warden, and addressed at this office, will be paid promptly.

HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

SKATES! SKATES!

Prize Skates,

Club Skates,

SKATES FOR THE MILLION,

AT

O G D E N'S,

Dispatch Building, Fifth Street.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY

SILVER PLATED WARE

AND

FANCY GOODS.

AT

S. M. ORR'S,

37 Ohio Street, Allegheny,

Five Watch and Clock Repairing promptly attended to. dec18:f

WINDOW SHADES—A new lot of new and beautiful designs on Green, Tan, and Buff Grounds, Gold and Painted Borders, & No. 107 Market street.

JOS. R. HIGHES & BRO.

20 BBLS. CHIP RUSTIC received and for sale by

GEORGE A. KELLY & CO. Wholesale Druggists, 57 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

8500 REWARD.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, January 3d, 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE TO A RESOLUTION adopted by Councils at their meeting of December 1st, 1866, I hereby offer

$500 REWARD

For the apprehension and conviction of the author or authors of the late incendiary fires in this city. Any communication to the undersigned in reference to said fires, if so directed, will be held strictly confidential.

WM. C. McCARTHY, Mayor.

CAUSTIC SODA,

Both American and English,

FINE WHITE BRANDS.

For Oil Refining Purposes,

Constantly on hand and for sale in quantities to suit purchasers, by

JAMES HERVEY DOBBS,

116 Pearl Street, N. Y.

DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF SHRIVER & LAZEAR was dissolved the 31st day of December, 1866, by mutual consent. S. P. SHRIVER having purchased the interest of J. H. LAZEAR in said firm. The business of the firm will be settled at the old stand 56 & 58 Ohio st., by S. P. SHRIVER.

SAM'L P. SHRIVER, JAMES H. LAZEAR.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 31st, 1866.

NOTICE.—CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership for the purpose of conducting the Wholesale Grocery, Produce and Commission Business, at Nos. 27 and 29 Penn field street, under the name and style of SHRIVER, LAZEAR & CO. The firm will be pleased to see the friends and customers of the late firm of S. & L., as well as all others, making purchases of goods in our line.

SAM'L P. SHRIVER, JOS. W. SPEAKER, J. M. HOFFSTOT.

January 1st, 1867.

The undersigned, in retiring from the firm of Shriver & Lazear, would cheerfully recommend the new firm to the favorable notice of his friends.

JAMES H. LAZEAR.

BEAUTIFUL PRESENTS

FOR THE

HOLIDAYS,

JUST OPENED AT

H. HIGBY'S,

No. 22 Wood Street

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF CHINA AND BOHEMIAN VASES of new and rare designs and styles. A fine lot of

PARIAN STATUETTES,

LAVA WARE, DECORATED TEA, TOILET, BREAKFAST AND DINNER SETS.

All of which is offered on the most reasonable rates.

H. HIGBY.

HILLERMAN'S HAT AND FUR EMPORIUM,

IS FILLED FROM CELLAR TO top with a RICH ASSORTMENT OF GOODS, which is offered at

VERY LOW RATES.

Our specialty now is

Ladies' and Gent's

FURS,

SLEIGH & CARRIAGE ROBES,

Although prepared with a full line of

HATS AND CAPS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

HILLERMAN'S

No. 75 Wood Street.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

LADIES' FURS,

The Largest and Best Stock in the City.

SELLING VERY LOW AT THE

HAT, CAP AND FUR STORE

OF

McCORD & CO.,

181 WOOD STREET.

J. F. STARK & CO.,

BANKERS,

Corner of Wood and Third Streets,

BUY AND SELL

UNITED STATES BONDS, GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS.

Draw Time and Sight Bills of Exchange on ENGLAND, FRANCE, GERMANY, ITALY, &c.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

FINE STOCK, ADAPTED FOR

Holiday Presents,

OF ALL KINDS OF

JEWELRY,

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES for Ladies & Gents.

CHAINS AND GUARDS.

ELEGANT SETS of various settings:

GOLD AND SILVER PENS.

SILVER SPOONS, FORKS, URNS;

FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c.,

JOHN MITSCH.

No. 112 Federal St., Allegheny.

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of

Printing and Wrapping Papers.

CLINTON MILL, STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.
BRIGHTON MILL, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OFFICERS—AUGUST HARTJE, President. JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Treasurer. SAMUEL BIDDLE, Secretary.

Directors—August Hartje, John Arbuckle, Thos. H. Lyttleton, John M. Perkins, C. H. Bartlett.

Cash Paid for Paper Stock.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—JAMES M. CHRISTY, formerly of the firm of JOHN HALL & CO., is authorized to use the name of the firm will be JOHN HALL & CO., as heretofore.

JAMES M. CHRISTY, THOMAS J. HALL, STEPHEN WOODS, JAMES J. BROWN.

WOOL, COTTON, FLAX WORKS,

121 and 123 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN HALL & CO.,

Manufacturers of all varieties of Northern and Southern FLAX, UNION MOWERS, SCALKY HAY RAKES, CULTIVATORS, &c., and dealers in AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS of all descriptions.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 1, 1866. dec29

FIRST CLASS LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY.

J. LYONS,

No. 110 Wood St., Pittsburgh,

Keeps on hand and manufactures to order, the FINEST STYLES OF GILT ROSEWOOD and WALNUT, OVAL and SQUARE MIRRORS, PORTRAIT and PICTURE FRAMES, Cornices, Bands and Buttons, Consoles, Tripod and Bracket Tables of exquisite design and workmanship.

GILDING AND REGILDING executed in the highest style of the art.

CHARGES MODERATE. nov30:3mwrs

LOUIS BERGE & CO., Manufacturers of GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS, Warerooms, 57 BEEKMAN STREET, Second Block West from Broadway, NEW YORK.

The Pianos manufactured by this firm are endorsed by all the leading artists of the country for their powerful, clear, brilliant and sympathetic tone; also for their durability and excellent workmanship.

Seven Octave Rosewood Piano, with our Grand French Repeating action, carved legs, scroll desk and lyre, and a written guarantee for five years, for $500 and $550. nov29:3mwr

FITZPATRICK & BROTHER.

FIRST PREMIUM GOLD PEN MANUFACTURERS, 43 MARKET STREET, near Third street, Pittsburgh.

PENS AND CASES, Wholesale and Retail.

PENS REPAIRED.

Persons out of the city having Pens to repair can send them by mail and promptly returned.

nov10:3mwr

F. MUSSMANN,

Fifth Street, between Tunnel and Chatham Streets,

GUNSMITH AND DEALER IN HARDWARE

First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing done neatly on short notice. wr:nov30

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.—Whereas letters of Administration on the estate of DAVID PRICE, late of Birmingham, deceased, have been granted to MARY A. PRICE. All persons having claims against said estate will present them to the undersigned, and all persons indebted are hereby notified to make payment to

MARY A. PRICE, Adm'x.

Or her Attorney, W. O. AGNEW & DOIL, No 87 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. dec27:6t TU

BOQUETS, CAMELIAS, &c.—We have the largest and best stock of WINTER FLOWERING PLANTS about the city, and are prepared to furnish wedding and other parties with Bouquets and Boquets, Floral Designs, &c., on short notice. We can also furnish Floral Wreaths, Crosses, &c. All orders promptly attended to. Cars run to the Greenhouses every few minutes.

JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH.

NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE PEOPLE'S INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, January 4th, 1867.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR TWELVE DIRECTORS of this Company, will be held at the office of the Company on MONDAY, the 14th day of January, 1867, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.

The Board of Directors of the PITTSBURGH & ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY, (Hand street) have this day declared a div'd end of

EIGHT PER CENT.

Or Four Dollars per share, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith.

J. S. BIRCHFIELD, Treasurer.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, January 2d, 1867.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of

FIVE (5) PER CENT.,

Free of United States tax, payable to Stockholders forthwith.

R. S. SMITH, Cashier.

MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, January 2d, 1867.

A DIVIDEND OF

SIX PER CENT.,

Free of Government tax, will be paid on and after TUESDAY, the 8th inst.

JNO. G. MARTIN, Cashier.

OFFICE ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, Jan. 2d, 1867.

ELECTION.—An Election for Twelve Directors of this Company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at this office, No. 327 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, January 14th, 1867, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, Dec. 31st, 1866.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Bank have declared a dividend of

FIVE PER CENT.

On the capital stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of Government tax.

R. M. RAY, Cashier.

OFFICE MANCHESTER COMPANY, Corner Market and Water streets, PITTSBURGH, Dec. 31, 1866.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANCHESTER COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT., out of the earnings for this month. Payable at the office of the Secretary, No. 44 Wood street, on and after January 7th, 1867.

E. L. EISENART, Secretary.

MERCHANTS' & MANUFACTURERS' NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, January 1, 1867.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Bank have declared a dividend of

SIX PER CENT.

on the Capital Stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of United States Government tax.

JOHN SCOTT, Jr., Cashier.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR officers of the PUBLIC CATHOLIC LIBRARY AND READING ROOM, will be held at the library, on TUESDAY EVENING, January 8, 1867. Reports of the retiring officers will be presented on the same. Members of the Library and others interested in its success are invited to attend the meeting. By order of the

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

A. F. KEATING, Secretary. jan1:3t

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, January 1st, 1867.

The President and Managers of "THE Company for erecting a Bridge over the Allegheny River, opposite Pittsburgh, in the County of Allegheny," have this day declared a dividend of

TWO (2) DOLLARS ON EACH SHARE OF THE CAPITAL STOCK OF THE COMPANY,

Out of the earnings of the last six months, which is payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives, forthwith.

WM. ROSEBURG, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. CO., PITTSBURGH, January 1st, 1867.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.—The Allegheny Valley Railroad Company hereby give notice that they will redeem the

The First Mortgage Bonds of the Co.

Within two years from this date, in accordance with the provisions of the mortgage given to secure the payment of said bonds.

By order of the Board of Managers.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS, President.

RECORDING REGULATOR'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, Dec. 26th, 1866.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the assessment for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of

CLARK STREET,

From Logan to Fulton streets, has been made, and can be seen at the office of the undersigned, after which time they will be turned over to the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES REICHSPARR, Recording Regulator.

OFFICE OF THE WOOLDRIDGE OIL REFINING CO.,

No. 2 Duquesne Way,

Near Suspension Bridge.

PITTSBURGH, December 24th, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of this Company, for the Election of Directors, will be held at this office on TUESDAY, January 8th, 1867, at 10 o'clock P. M.

BENAY M. LONG, Secretary.

OFFICE HOUSE OF REFUGE WESTERN PA., No. 67 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, 20th December, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Contributors to the House of Refuge, will be held at the office of the Institution, No. 67 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, on Tuesday, the 7th day of January, 1867, between the hours