...EMS.

THE

MUTUAL LIFE

Insurance Company

OF

NEW YORK.

E. S. WINSTON, President.

ASSETS OVER

$17,500,000,

AND

EXCLUSIVELY CASH.

Annual Dividends Available Immediately,

TO INCREASE THE INSURANCE OR REDUCE THE PREMIUM, AT THE OPTION OF THE ASSURED.

Policy-holders and other persons interested in the subject of LIFE INSURANCE are invited to call on the undersigned, Agent of the Company, who will cheerfully give them full information as to the merits and practical working of the Company.

GEO. M. BLACKSTOCK, Agent,

No. 37 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh.

Constitutional Depravity.

There is such a thing. The whole organism lags or becomes inactive, and the powers of life flag, and are torpid in their exercise. A torpid liver, sometimes inactive kidneys, at another enfeebled stomach, at another the blood, tainted with hurtful materials, plods slowly through the veins—the excretory organs are asleep and lazy in their functions. You can remove this state of things. A newness of life and an increased energy can be restored by the use of a few bottles of DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER, a remedy which has in it all the life giving and health giving properties of some of the most purifying and healing of plants. Dr. Keyser's BLOOD SEARHER infuses new energy in the blood. It invigorates the stomach; it forces, with healthful action, the liver and spleen. It heals the kidneys, it cures dropsy, scrofulas, cancers and all break outs on the skin. It works out old matters from the system, and enables the stomach to digest the food and make new to replace the old. The enfeebled and debilitated should use it; the weak and attenuated should use it; those exposed to malaria should use it. Dr. Keyser's BLOOD SEARCHER will make the weak strong; it will drive away melancholy; it will cheer the desponding; it will give elasticity to the muscles, and re-string the nerves. Indeed there are none, or very few diseases of the blood, or of the skin, or of weakness and debility, that it will not cure when perseveringly used.

Ask for Dr. Keyser's BLOOD SEARCHER, at 140 Wood street, and take no other. $1 per bottle, or six for $5.

See

Barker & Co.'s advertisement.

$30 Reward.

If the Indian Herb Doctor fails to describe diseases and tell his patients the nature of their complaint or illness without receiving any information from them. No charge for consultation or advice.

OUR MOTTO.

We use such Balms as have no strife,
With Nature or the Laws of Life;
With our blood our limbs we never stain,
Nor poison men to ease their pain.

Our Father, whom all goodness fills,
Provides the means to cure all our ills;
The simple herb beneath our feet,
Well used, relieve our pains complete.

A simple Herb, a simple Flower,
Culled from the dewy Lee—
These, these shall speak with touching power,
Of change and health to thee.

Office—No. 194 Liberty street, between Sixth and Market, Pittsburgh, Pa.

See

Barker & Co.'s advertisement.

A Fortune Easily Made.

The easiest method that we know of making a fortune is to economize—buy nothing but that we need and always purchase where bargains are offered. For instance, why pay enormous prices for boots, shoes and gaiters to avaricious dealers while Palmer, Anshutz & Co. sell at such reasonable rates. Their prices are so low, especially since they have reduced their rates, that one can save a small fortune in a few years by dealing with them. Call in and see their stock. It is fresh and new, embracing all the latest styles and novelties introduced. Ladies are invited to examine the beautiful slippers and gaiters just received.

See

Barker & Co.'s advertisement.

A Delicious Meal.

At the Continental Dining Saloon, on Fifth street, under Miner's and next door to the Post Office, hundreds of persons daily partake of the tip-top meals only gotten up by that most famous of caterers, Mr. Holtzheimer. He is constantly receiving game the rarest, vegetables the finest, pastry the best and oysters most tooth-some. His bill of fare daily is not surpassed by that of any hotel in the city, while his prices are very reasonable and moderate. Meals and oysters are served at any hour of the day up till one o'clock in the night.

See

Barker & Co.'s advertisement.

T. T. Ewens, No. 165 Wood Street.

Attends to all kinds of gas, water and steam fixing. He has long been recognized as the most skillfull mechanic in that line of business in the city. His stock consists of wood and iron pumps, hydrants, sinks, bath tubs, basins, chandeliers, oil burners, gas pendants, brackets, &c., &c., is large and of a substantial character, and can be sold at less than the present schedule prices of Eastern manufacturers. City and country work of any description attended to by careful and competent mechanics under the supervision of the proprietor.

See

Barker & Co.'s advertisement.

The Best Known Tonic.

Caswell, Mack & Co.'s Combination of Iron, Phosphorus and Callisaya, known as Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Callisaya. The iron restores color to the blood; the Phosphorus renews waste of the nerve tissue, and the Callisaya gives a natural, healthful tone to the digestive organs.

One pint contains the virtue of one ounce of Callisaya and one teaspoonful a grain of Iron and Phosphorus. Manufactured by

CASWELL, MACK & CO., New York.

For sale by all druggists.

Men Will Use Tobacco.

Their wives and sisters can find Christmas presents fit for their husbands, brothers and beaux at R. & W. Jenkinson's, Allegheny, third door from suspension Bridge, where there will always be found, besides all the common varieties, a very choice selection of meerschaum, briar wood, and other pipes, cigar holders, &c., of neat and ornate design; a large and varied stock of smoking and chewing tobacco, and many of the popular brands of Cuban and American cigars.

The Howe Sewing Machine,

Must certainly take the lead of all others in a short time. It was awarded five premiums on work, at the World's Fair, 1862; four premiums for work and on the machine, at the New York State Fair, 1862. See the *Methodist*, of September 22d. A premium on the machine at the Ohio State Fair, 1862. See the Dayton *Journal*, October 10th. The only agency for its sale for Western Pennsylvania, is at No. 65 St. Clair street, Pittsburgh.

Call and See

The beautiful Dates, Prunes and Muscatel Raisins, at No. 112 Federal street, second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City.

GEORGE BEAVER.

Goods Must

Be closed out previous to taking invoice January 1st. Opera House Shoe Store.

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters,

At greatly reduced prices, at Palmer, Anshutz & Co's, 61 Market street.

Pittsburgh Female College

Winter term opens, December 6th. Apply immediately.

You Can Buy

98 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy

New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

VOLUME LXXX.---NO. 295. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS.

CITY ITEMS.

An Admonition.

If you are in the full vigor and prime of early youth, when the banners of health and beauty gleam in carnation tints upon your cheek, you should have your picture taken, so that in after years you could gaze on what once was yours. If you are decrepid and aged, tottering on the portals of eternity, and expecting every day that thy mortal weakness shall be taken from thee, and that you shall be called from the friends and associations of this world to that bourne from whose mysterious shore no traveler ere returns, you should procure a counterfeit presentiment of yourself, that eyes that loved to look into yours, may recall thy virtues and thy memory by glancing at it. If you would present the object of your heart's warm devotion with something to gladden her sadder moments, have your photograph taken at B. L. H. Dabbs' commodious photograph rooms, No. 2 St. Clair street, where an accommodating and accomplished corps of artists are ever ready to give you an exact counterpart of yourself, done up in the highest style of the art. In fact, Dabbs' pictures have attained a celebrity in this end of the State unsurpassed by none for the perfectness of their finish.

Heavy Eastern Failures.

Owing to the great depression in the boot and shoe trade in the New England and Eastern cities, Messrs. Palmer, Anshutz & Co., the popular dealers at No. 61 Market street, are determined not to be caught in the impending panic and have reduced the prices of all their goods. They can sell now every quality and description of good and durable boots and shoes at the manufacturers rates. For great bargains give them a call. Their motto is, "We study to please and no trouble to show goods."

Health Knocks Once at Least,

At the door of every invalid, if the door be opened and the remedies offered, Hostack's Blood Pills, Stomach Bitters and Blood Purifier are invited in, a long life of health and increased happiness will be the result.

The Good Time

To buy Boots and Shoes has come. Gardner is reducing his stock preparatory to taking invoice January 1st, and will sell goods at any price. Real bargains are to be had. Opera House Shoe store.

Most Everything

Selling at cost and many things under cost. Great closing sale now going on. Take invoice January 1st and want stock reduced. Opera House Shoe Store.

We are

Determined to reduce our stock before January 1st. You can buy at your own prices. Opera House shoe store.

You Can Buy

Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 189, 191, 193 and 195 First street, Pittsburgh.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store.

No. 84 Market street, for the finest assortment of Flavoring Extracts in the city, at lowest prices.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store.

No. 84 Market street, for the best assortment of Pure Wines for medicinal purposes.

RELEASE ASKED FOR CULVER.

Decision of the Court.

FRANKLIN, Pa., Dec. 7.—Hon. C. V. Culver, a member of the thirty-ninth Congress from the Twentieth Congressional District of Pennsylvania, being held here by the civil law, was brought before Judge Trunkey yesterday morning on a writ of habeas corpus. He claimed his privilege as a member of Congress and asked to be discharged from arrest and imprisonment. After able arguments by his counsels for and against his release, Judge Trunkey decided this morning that a member of Congress was not entitled to his privilege when held for an indictable offense.

FROM GEORGIA.

Horace Greeley and Gen. Perry—Amnesty and Suffrage—A Southern Opinion.

AUGUSTA, Ga. Dec. 7.—Horace Greeley has written a letter to Governor Perry in which he says the true basis of a settlement of our national difficulties is universal amnesty with impartial suffrage. He would have all disabilities on account of rebellion or color totally abolished, and trusts that such a basis of settlement will be fixed upon in Washington this winter.

In response Governor Perry says: The Southern people will never consent to impartial suffrage, as it would degrade the right of suffrage and demoralize the government and society to allow the blacks to vote. The Governor thinks a compromise to enfranchise negroes who could read and write, and had property qualifications, without disfranchising what persons might with reason and propriety be acceded to by the Southern states.

Further of the Fenian Convicts—Secretary Seward Asks for an Explanation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—It is understood that the Judges will render separate opinions of the Fenian convicts in Canada, sentenced to be executed on the 12th of December, and whose applications for new trials have been refused. Secretary Seward has asked for an explanation of the present purposes of the Canadian authorities. Sir Frederick Bruce is expected to-day, and the sentences will not be carried into effect on that day, but will be reserved for further consideration.

The Test Oath—Decision of the Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The Supreme Court, to-day, agreed upon a decision upon the constitutionality of the test oath. The question came up on cases presented in regard to the exaction of the oath for attorneys, of which there were several under consideration, which were argued last summer. The Court decided by five to four against the constitutionality of the oath. The opinion will probably be read on Monday next.

A Roll of Honor—A Reprimand.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—Gen. Whittlesey, Assistant Commissioner of Freedmen in North Carolina, has been sentenced to be reprimanded for certain proceedings while there.

The War Department has published another roll of honor, embracing the names of soldiers who died in defense of the Union interest, in the states of Arkansas, California, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, and Nevada, and the Territories of Oregon, Colorado, Idaho, New Mexico and Washington.

Arms for the Fenians.

MONTREAL, Dec. 7.—The *Transcript* newspaper, to-day, says: We learn from an authentic source—a highly respectable mercantile house in trade—that within a few days 15,000 to 17,000 rifles have been sold on Fenian account, the destination of which is not Ireland. We cannot announce that they were intended for this country.

Important Decision.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Judge Wilson, in the United States Circuit Court yesterday delivered important decision in dismissing the suit brought against Robert P. Parrett, inventor of the Parrott gun, by Daniel Treadwell, who claimed to hold a patent for the manufacture of cannon which the defendant had infringed.

Fire in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, December 7.—Bryant's foundry, on Sixth street, near Harriet, was nearly destroyed by fire this morning. Loss about $10,000; partially insured.

The Alabama Legislature to-day rejected the Constitutional Amendment, Yeas 6 to 10.

Consecration.

DETROIT, December 6.—The Rev. E. Armitage, of Detroit, was today consecrated Assistant Bishop of Wisconsin. The ceremonies were of the most imposing character, twelve bishops and seventy clergyman being present.

Fire.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., December 7.—The Bott Manufactory, of the Plants' Manufacturing Company, of this city, was totally destroyed by fire this morning. The loss is $150,000. Insured for $80,000.

The Fenian Prisoners.

TORONTO, Dec. 7.—It is believed here that the Fenian prisoners in Kingston will yet escape from jail. The impolicy of their removal to that place is freely expressed.

Missing.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 7.—Nothing further has been heard of the fifteen missing persons lost on the steamer Sassanoxo.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The monthly statement of the Treasury for November, shows a net reduction of $1,670,000 in debt.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

LATE NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM EUROPE.

Fenian Organizations in England.

FRENCH VESSELS BLOCKADING CORIA.

The French Evacuation of Rome.

VISIT OF THE CROWN PRINCE OF DENMARK TO PRUSSIA.

Rumored Resignation of Bismarck.

EMBARKATION FROM MEXICO.

Napoleon to the King of Greece,

THE POPE AND CANADIAN ANNEXATION

(BY THE CABLE.)

LONDON—*Noon*—December 7.—The *Post* has a strong editorial, urging strict inquiry to be made of the extent of Fenian organization in England, and of depots of arms and property guarded.

PARIS, December 7.—French vessels of war are blockading Corin.

ROME, December 7.—The French officers took farewell leave of the Pope this forenoon.

BERLIN, December 7.—*Noon*—Cotton declined ⅛ during the week, but closed firmer. Breadstuffs unchanged. Provisions unchanged.

BERLIN, Dec. 7.—*Noon.*—The Crown Prince of Denmark visits the King of Prussia, to-day.

PARIS, Dec. 7.—*Evening.*—It is reported that the Marquis de Moustier, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, has tendered his resignation to the Emperor.

BERLIN, Dec. 7.—*Evening.*—The rumor is again current that Bismarck has resigned the position of Prime Minister, and that his resignation is accepted by the King.

PARIS, Dec. 7.—*Evening.*—The preparations for embarkation from Mexico are completed. Twenty-five steamers are in readiness to sail from Vera Cruz.

LIVERPOOL, December 7.—*Evening.*—Cotton closes at figures noted at noon; sales, 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs easier. Mixed Corn, 32s. Provisions quiet and steady, except for lard, which is declining. Petroleum steady; refined, 1s 6d.

MANCHESTER, December 7.—*Evening.*—Goods and yarns flat. Sales small. Prices nominal.

LONDON, December 7.—*Evening.*—Money unchanged. Consols closed at 88⅞ for 5-20's of 1862, 89⅞ Illinois Central, 79½.

PARIS, *Friday Evening Dec. 7.*—It is said that the Emperor will dispatch an emphatic note to the King of Greece to put a stop to his intrigues in the Island of Candia and other places.

EAST LONDON, *Friday Evening, Dec. 7.*—It is denied by the official journal at Rome that the Papal nuncio at Minister King, that the Papal dioceses in Canada had been annexed to the United States than fall into the power of the Fenians.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 7.—*Noon.*—The Brokers' Circular to-day reports the sales of cotton for the week at 50,000 bales. The market opens with a decline of 1-16d per pound on the week. Middling uplands are quoted at 12½d. The sales to-day were 8,000 bales. Market has gone down. Wheat firmer than at the opening, though the quotations are unchanged.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Fenian Senate Meets.

A SCHEME OF RESCUE.

MOST EXTENSIVE SWINDLE.

The Equal Rights Convention.

MORE SEIZERES OF DISTILLERIES.

The Whisky Frauds.

AN INVESTIGATION GOING ON.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The Fenian Senate met this morning in response to an order from President Roberts, convening the body to take action in relation to the Fenian prisoners now under sentence of death in Canada. Nearly all the members were present together with the Secretary of war and a number of leading military officers of Brotherhood, who participated in the deliberations of the session which was strictly private, and it is believed a movement to rescue the Fenian prisoners is now in contemplation, and that it will precede a Fenian capaign across the frontier.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—While the Fenian Senate was in session to-day, Gen. Spears presented a report of a character which called forth commendation from all the members. He stated that 30,000 Springfield rifles belonging to the organization had been changed to breech loaders, and that a majority of them were in the hands of men who are ready to destroy all traces of British rule on American soil at the first Presidential election, and the weapons he claimed would render them doubly effective in accomplishing the patriotic purpose of the Brotherhood. The report was adopted.

A resolution was adopted in favor of appointing sub-committees of the Senate to visit the various states in order to superintend the military movements now on foot.

This evening an immense quantity of arms was received by the officers of the organization and forwarded to the regiment of Fenians who volunteered to participate in the Canadian campaign against Canada. The number of men enlisted for the campaign is very large.

W. C. Williams and Seth C. Klinck, of this city, and James P. Gogein, of Baltimore, have been arrested here on a charge of defrauding Griffith & Kimberly, No. 54 Leonard street, out of several hundred dollars worth of goods. It is said the accused, assisted by Elroy C. Foltger, Percy W. Tibbe, of this city, and L. G. Klinck, of Cincinnati, have been engaged in one of the most extensive swindles ever committed in New York. It has started that several wholesale dry goods houses have been defrauded out of goods amounting to some hundred thousand dollars, and that these goods have been sold at auction in New York, Baltimore and Washington.

The Equal Rights Association, which convened here last night was in session today. About 300 persons were in attendance, mostly women. Resolutions were adopted declaring that women can hold seats and vote in the coming Constitutional Convention in this state, and recommending the election of delegates irrespective of sex or complexion. Addresses were delivered by Mrs. Anthony, Mrs. Gage, Parker Pillsbury and others. A letter was read from Robert Purvis, of Philadelphia, declaring that to security to women and extension to suffrage of the negro, it should be postponed a decade of years.

Henry B. Blackwell reported the result of an interview with Chief Justice Chase, who had declared himself in favor of conferring the elective franchise on the fair sex. Senator Sumner, he said, had expressed his indifference.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—A special agent from the Treasury Department is here investigating the frauds in relation to the distillation of illicit spirits. Yesterday he caused the seizure of over fifty distilleries in various parts of the city. An additional number have been seized to-day, and in consequence intense excitement prevails among the liquor dealers.

E. B. Hart has been nominated for Street Commissioner.

The *Commercial* says: The report of the Secretary of the Treasury has excited not a little inquiry upon the question of finances. Want of adequate grasp of question, shown in the report, absence of any comprehensive plan for treating difficulties of section, together with vague and inconsistent theories have produced very decided lack of confidence in the future administration of finances, which appears likely to unnature into a formidable opposition to McCulloch's official course.

About six thousand dollars has been contributed here for the relief of the sufferers by the overflow of the rivers in France. Accounts from the inundated department's state that the destruction of property has been widespread, and the suffering caused by these disasters even greater than at first supposed.

Meeting of Congressional Committee—Suicide.

BALTIMORE, December 7.—Some sub committees of the Congressional Committee on Retrenchment was in session here to-day.

John S. Sogborn, of Augusta, Ga., call his some time since killed a Federal officer, was tried for manslaughter this week and acquitted.

Dr. J. T. Shirland, of Augusta, Ga., cut his throat to-day about noon, at his boarding house. No cause is assigned.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Fenian Prisoners.

LETTER FROM SIR FREDERICK BRUCE.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Committee Meetings, &c., &c.

THE ADMISSION OF COLORADO.

Republican Caucus Held.

Sale of Public Lands.

WASHINGTON, December 7.—In response to notes from our Government relative to the Fenian trials by the Canadian Government, addressed to the British Minister, at Washington, Sir Frederick Bruce has responded in behalf of the English Government, assume that the prosecutions were not conducted in a vindictive or harsh spirit, and says he is authorized to state that the final disposal of the condemned prisoners will be referred to the home Government which will certainly be animated by a desire to deal with the question in a manner to secure peace and tranquility between populations living in immediate proximity, separated by a long frontier so easily traversed.

The following is a statement of the public debt December 1st: Held in specie coin interest, six per cent bonds, $198,010,250; six per cent. bonds of '67 and '68, $16,892,000; six per cent. bonds of '81, $286,740,600; six per cent. 5-20 bonds, $866,000,600; navy pension fund, 4½ per cent. Total, $1,371,065,500. Debt bearing currency interest, at six per cent., $10,320,000; Indian trust fund interest notes, $1,762,800; three year 7-30 notes, $629,035,700; matured debt not presented for payment, $22,605,794.91; not bearing no interest, United States Treasury notes, $455,111,89; fractional currency, $26,083,111.56; total, $2,506,264,206.56. Gold debt, $2,884,206,572.44. Amount in Treasury currency, $10,855,511.67. Total, 13,004,657.23. Amount of gold in specie in the Treasury, $2,869,351,254.44.

The foregoing is a correct statement of the public debt as appears from the books and Treasurer's archives in the Department on the 1st of December, 1866.

(Signed) HUGH MCCULLOCH,
Secretary of Treasury.

But few of the committees held sessions today. Individual members of various committees are, however, engaged in preparing business. The Judiciary committee was in session to-day, but nothing definite was done.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The subject of the admission of Colorado and Nebraska into the Union was under consideration to-day in a caucus of Republican Senators. It was then resolved that the Committee on Territories should report bills for that purpose, and it is understood that Senator Wade will introduce the matter to the Senate on Monday.

Quite a number of the members of Congress have taken advantage of the recess to leave the city to attend to private business.

During the month of Nov. 1st, five million of public lands were disposed of in the states of Michigan and Iowa. The amount received for these sales was $12,000. Four hundred and sixty-three acres were taken for settlement under the homestead law.

The Governor of Wisconsin has certified to the Secretary of the Interior that twenty miles of the military wagon road, from Fort Wilkins, Copper Harbor, Michigan, to Fort Howard, Green Bay, Wisconsin, for which lands were granted by the United States by act of Congress March 3d, 1864, to aid in its construction, has been completed in accordance with law.

Commander John Rogers leaves Washington immediately to enter upon his duties as commandant of the Boston Navy-yard.

WASHINGTON, December 7.—S. C. Goodine, counsel for Sanford Conover, alias Charles A. Dunham, under indictment for perjury before the Criminal Court of this district, to-day pleaded guilty of the indictment.

Senator Wilson and a party of friend have gone to Richmond to visit the battle fields in that vicinity.

The White House was nearly deserted today. As usual on Saturdays, only few Senators and Representatives called.

All the members of the cabinet were present at the regular meeting, which was quite protracted.

The receipts from Internal Revenue to-day was $916,250.

It has been ascertained at the Navy Department that the naval vessels which are now being fitted out at Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Boston and Portsmouth navy yards are not intended for any new operations, but are to replace ships of foreign and domestic squadrons which have been in continuous service for two years or more, and to thoroughly refitted for repairs. It is not practicable to recall home all ships of any foreign squadron at one time, and therefore they are to be relieved one by one until the whole squadron will have been relieved by the vessels now fitting out. The frigates will relieve the Brooklyn and East India stations, and the Pawnee will relieve the Juniata on Brazil station.

FROM THE PACIFIC.

Important from Victoria.

PORT CHARGES ABOLISHED.

The Russo-American Telegraph,

ARRIVAL OF BULLION FROM NEVADA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 7.—A Victoria paper of November 24th says: The obnoxious double port charges and tonnage dues have been abolished, and the custom authorities are now refunding fines previously collected. Vessels going north must still enter and clear at New Westminster to pay customs duties.

All kinds of labor is in great demand at Victoria.

Parties connected with the Russo-American Telegraph expedition have arrived at Victoria and report the companies all well. The work was proceeding satisfactorily. The entire route has been explored, and houses have been built in Eastern Siberia, and many thousand poles have been put up. The party left for Plover Bay, under command of Captain Wesley, and had built twelve miles of line within a few days. Colonel Bulkley designs prosecuting the work vigorously early next spring.

Two and quarter tons of bullion arrived from Nevada yesterday.

Disaster to the Steamship Sassanoxo.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 7.—The following details of the disaster to the steamship Sassanoxo have been received: She left New York on the 5th of November, bound to Brazos Santiago, and was so heavily loaded that her guards were under water. On the night of the third of December, when off the South Carolina coast, a heavy gale set in which increased until midnight, the sea running very high. The steamer was often in rough seas, and the water running over her hurricane deck. She labored heavily and the water gained on her rapidly. The pumps were kept in operation and efforts were made to lighten her again by throwing over the cargo.

At 5 o'clock on the morning of the 6th the water had reached to within a foot of the hatches, it became evident that the vessel must go down. The boat were got down with safety and the passengers and crew were taken on board without injury. Within an hour after the ship was deserted she went down. The boats, three in number, steered northwest, the Captain's boat with fifteen passengers taking the lead, and the other two boats in charge of the Chief Mate and First Engineer, kept well together, until they were picked up by the Big Potomac, of Bucksport, Maine, from Charleston for Galveston, Capt. D. C. Gross, of the Potomac, showed every kindness to the officers and attended them at Georgetown, S. C. Notice of the occurred from the disaster to the steamship.

Burning of the New Orleans Theatre—Matamoras in the Hands of Escabado.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 7.—The New Orleans Theatre and ball room, located in the Second Municipal, built 1859, was burned at 5 o'clock this morning; loss heavy, but partially insured.

Brownsville advices state that after the reception of dispatches from Gen. Sheridan the United States troops were immediately withdrawn from Matamoras to the American side by gen. Sedgwick on the 1st. Cannon then arrived from Matamoras to Brownsville and formally, they agreeing to fight the common enemy of their country.

Louisiana Legislature Reject the Constitutional Amendment.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 7.—A special to the Mobile *Times*, from Montgomery the 5th inst, says: The Legislature has rejected the Constitutional amendment, by a vote of 27 to 7 in the Senate, and 65 to 12 in the House.

FROM MEXICO.

ESCABADO AND CANALES.

WITHDRAWAL OF U. S. TROOPS FROM MATAMORAS.

Our Relations With Mexico.

UNITED STATES IN FAVOR OF JUAREZ.

Gen. Mejia to March on Matamoras.

RUMORED DESTRUCTION OF A LIBERAL ARMY.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 6.—The Galveston *Bulletin*, of the 4th inst., says that it has private information that Escabado and Canales met as friends, and that Escabado now commands the City of Matamoras, the U. S. forces having subsequently withdrawn. The last part of this information is, however, considered doubtful.

A Washington letter, dated the 3d, and published in Matamoras, says that the instructions to Minister Campbell contain the following points: That the United States Government does not recognize, neither will it recognize, any other Government than that of the constitutional Presidency of Juarez; and that they do not propose, neither do they wish, to acquire any part of Mexican territory; that they do not recognize in any manner the claims of Trazivigo, but are willing to extend to Mexico any aid with the object of quelling local disorders, whenever requested so to do by the Constitutional Government or its authorities, and that without interfering in any manner with the domestic squabbles of the country.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 7.—A letter from the City of Mexico in the Rio Grande *Courier* says: Mejia left the City of Mexico on the 26 of October, with instructions to drive the Liberals possible on Matamoras by the Victoria Road, which is the most direct.

Advices from the interior announce that the Liberals have occupied St. Durango after the evacuation of that place by the Imperial forces.

Other reports state that the best army of the Liberals under Generals Devino, Marano and others, were completely destroyed by the Imperial forces at the Hacienda Buras, near San Luis. After that fight Quertipo left the main army with a corps of good cavalry and marched on Monterey, which was left without defense.

INDIAN OUTRAGES.

WAR AGAINST THE WHITES.

Ravages on the North Platte.

MINERS MURDERED AND CATTLE STOLEN.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 7.—Letters from Fort Kearney and Smith, dated Nov. 1st, give account of Indian outrages and murders during the past fall. The Sioux, Cheyennes and Arrapahoes are the principal depredators. Large parties of them ravaged the road from North Platte to Willow Stone River, a distance of 60 miles, and even penetrated Montana and murdered the miners and drove off their stock. During a raid on Nov. 1st, they killed 7 men, lost losing men and stock; eighteen miners were killed at one time on Wind River; three soldiers and two citizens were killed and scalped within a mile of Fort Smith, and three men were killed on Yellow Stone about the same time, 250 mules, 50 horses and 150 cattle were stolen within rifle shot of Fort Kearney. Six men were killed on the road from Fort Smith to Platte river, and it is represented as a desolate graveyard. One hundred and fifty men have been killed so far as is known, and these is only twenty miles of Fort Smith, and no intelligence from Fort Kearney has been received for many days, and it is feared communication has been cut off. These continuous raids have been due for a month, and are supposed to be captured.

The Crow Indians report 1,500 lodges of hostile Indians moving towards Fort Smith, and propose capturing it. Lots of depredations these Indians had visited the Crows, Flatheads and Pertsouth navy yards, and are intended for any new operations, but are to replace ships of foreign and domestic squadrons which have been in continuous service for two years or more, and to thoroughly refitted for repairs. It is not practicable to recall home all ships of any foreign squadron at one time, and therefore they are to be relieved one by one until the whole squadron will have been relieved by the vessels now fitting out. The frigates will relieve the Brooklyn and East India station, and the Pawnee will relieve the Juniata on Brazil station.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

(ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS ON THIRD PAGE.)

Robbery in the Diamond.

Yesterday a bricklayer named Boyd, very much intoxicated, entered the Veteran Exchange, kept by Thos. Walsh, in the Diamond, and ordered a drink. While paying for his liquor he displayed his open pocket-book, containing a large sum of money, in the presence of several men. Boyd went out soon after and when just outside the door fell down. He was taken up and carried into the house where he was set down in a back room and fell asleep. Chas. Taylor, also a bricklayer, boarded in the house, and he, together with a man named John Wilcox, had been in the room when Boyd displayed his pocket-book, and were also frequently in the room where he lay in his drunken sleep. After awhile Boyd awoke and discovered that he had been effectually "gone through." His pocket book, containing over eighty dollars, was gone, as was also his revolver and several other articles. Search was made and the two men named were missing. It was eventually discovered that they had gone to the depot and left for the east. The Chief of Police at Philadelphia was immediately telegraphed to, and may secure the thieves.

Taylor, one of the missing men, owes Mr. Welsh seventeen dollars, borrowed money. He also owes him sixteen dollars for liquor and two weeks' board. Besides Boyd's money, the two thieves also took a valuable coat belonging to another boarder in the house.

The King of Cheap Pianos.

"Where can I buy the best cheap piano?" is the question now often asked by persons whose means are limited, and who are desirous of purchasing one of those indispensable articles to the home circle. Until the New York Union Piano Manufacturing Company received their charter, and were in active operation about a year ago, that question could not be answered satisfactorily. Such instruments as they are now turning out from their immense factory could not previously be purchased for a moderate sum and be warranted as reliable.

It is evident that such a combination of skillful mechanics, from the best factories of this and the old countries, can save in the expense of manufacture, and afford to sell cheaper than others. Being individually interested it is their constant him to excel in quality, durability, and cheapness. How far they have already succeeded is fully attested by the rapidly increasing demand for their business. Their pianos are full size seven octave, rosewood case, French grand action, harps metal full iron frame, overstrung bass, &c., at prices within the means of all, and lower than any other reliable manufactory.

Persons desiring to purchase, and all wishing to compare the action and general workmanship of these pianos with other so-called *cheap* and extensively advertised Pianos, can depend on finding in *our* instrument, *having paid cash in our Factory, the best leather, with the best of cloth, and the great keys pure ivory and not bone*, a new lot just received by the sole agents, Hart, Knake & Buettler, No. 12 Bissell's Block, St. Clair street.

Broadway Exchange Restaurant.

We announce this morning the opening of this first class restaurant, which will equal in every respect any similar estab lishment west of the mountains. It is in the heart of the city, on the corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets, and the proprietors, Messrs. T. P. and H. Nicholet, are men of experience and good taste to conduct it in the most orderly and stylish manner. The table will be supplied at all times by with the rarest and most tooth-some of delicacies. A large force of attentive and obliging waiters will constantly be attendance to wait upon the patrons, and every thing conducive to the comfort of visitors will be properly attended to. The entrance to the ladies' saloon is from Fifth street. Oysters sold by the can, stew, or in any manner desired. Call in to-day and see the great changes throughout the house, and unite with the enterprising proprietors a liberal and unhinted patronage.

Old Kriss Kinkle Discovered.

The distinguished astronomers who have occupied observations in all parts of the world during the season of meteoric showers, report that they clearly discerned old Kriss Kinkle, very busy at his work in his workshop, and in getting ready for his next annual visit on Christmas. The good old fellow looks very well and from signals received from him, it is evident that he means to select all of his gifts this year, from the great notion store of Thompson, of the Liberty street. The reason for this is, that he can buy cheaper at this old house than at any other in the world, and at the same time make the choicest of selections. Parents buying gifts for children, such as toys, musical instruments, wallets, fire-works, accordeons, skates, vases and everything in the notion line, suitable for presents, should call at headquarters, No. 320 Liberty street.

Candy Toys.

The well known candy toy manufacturers, Messrs. W. P. Hunker & Co., corner of Sixth and Liberty streets, announce that they have now on hands in anticipation of the holidays, such a stock of choice candies and candy toys as has never been equalled, or has seldom been seen in this city. All the famous sweetmeats of foreign and home manufactures are sold at prices lower at eastern prices. Retail dealers should call and examine the rich and rare assortment of the unrivaled candy toys which will have a large sale during the holidays. The firm deal largely in every article in the confectionary line, including foreign fruits and nuts. They are clever and fair dealing and we recommend our readers who buy to call again, or are preparing to supply their families with holiday sweetmeats and candy toys, to give them a call.

The Visiting Committeemen.—The Columbus Committee and members of the press company up them, devoted yesterday to visiting the manufacturing establishments in the city and vicinity. They visited several of the principal iron mills and oil refineries here, returning to the Monongahela House in the early part of the evening. They express themselves astonished and delighted with what they have seen, considering Pittsburgh as one of the most remarkable cities in the Union. As to the Fire Alarm Telegraph, they find its workings entirely satisfactory, and will probably adopt our system in their own city. They will also visit the site of the workhouse, and will leave for home this afternoon at two o'clock.

Robbery in the Allegheny Weigh House.—Yesterday a lady named Mrs. Frankleich, living at spring Garden Run, entered the Allegheny Weigh House, and while in conversation with Mr. Edgar laid her pocket-book, containing $9.75, on the rail in front of the scales. She stepped a short distance from it, and on turning to pick it up, it was gone. At the moment she made the discovery of her loss she saw two boys who had been in the weigh-house going out at the door. She gave the alarm, and immediately pursuit was made. The young rascals, however, were very fleet of foot and escaped. Mrs. Frankleich is a poor widow and has five children to support, and her loss falls heavily upon her.

A Mean Fraud.—John Meyer, a German, and a total stranger, arrived in the city a few days ago, and as he alleged, met Richard Koing on Penn street, in the Fifth ward, Koing promised to get Meyer a good job of work, and after some conversation with him, asked him to lend him five dollars for a few moments, Meyer lent him the money unsuspectingly, and Koing walked away with it, taking entirely to return. Alderman Taylor was informed of the transaction and Koing arrested. A hearing is appointed for this afternoon.

The Bingham House.—Visitors to Philadelphia will do well to put up at this first class house, just thrown open to the patronage of the public. It is located on the corner of Eleventh and Market streets, and is a good hotel as can be found in the Quaker City. The terms are moderate, while the bill of fare and general accommodations are really elegant. Mr. Curtis Davis is the affable and obliging proprietor, and under his management the hotel will be most popular and deserving of patronage. See advertisement.

Good Example.—After the destructive fire on Third street had been subdued by the fire department, on Thursday night, the house of Mr. and Mrs. William Diehl in that neighborhood was thrown open to the gallant firemen, and most an elegant and substantial repast was spread out before them. This was a good example in the right direction, and one which other citizens should adopt with the brave firemen, who do so much for others good and benefit. The "boys" are duly thankful to Mr. and Mrs. Diehl.

Spoiling for a Fight.—G. W. Ramsey was arrested on Thursday night at the La Clede House, Allegheny, by officers Campbell and Scott, on a charge of disorderly conduct. The accused was in the house in a state of intoxication, acting in a very disorderly manner, repeatedly spoiling for a fight, and endeavoring to get a fight out of every man in the house. He was permitted to nurse his wrath all night in a cell, and yesterday morning was fined $5 and costs.

Accident.—Michael Armstrong, a laborer engaged in Minnis's foundry, in the borough of South Pittsburgh, was severely injured yesterday by being struck in the stomach by a piece of iron that fell from the second story, while he was lay sleeping beneath one of the trap doors. The injury produced vomiting, and it was feared that he would not survive it. He is now, however, doing quite well, and will probably be convalescent in a few days.

A Candidate.—Hon. John Morrison, the present Mayor of Allegheny City, will be a candidate for re-election. He has made an excellent and most worthy officer, and will doubtless be again called by the citizens to the important position of chief magistrate.

Sharp Practice.

The firm of Spencer & McKay, proprietors of the Phenix Brewery, have dealings with Mr. John Boswell, a well-