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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1866.

ANOTHER CANDIDATE.

The "Conservatives" of the Twenty-third District, (Mr. WILLIAMS's,) after appealing in vain to several gentlemen to become their candidate for Congress in opposition to Mr. WILLIAMS, have prevailed upon BILLINGS G. CHILDS, Esq., of Allegheny City, to accept that empty honor. Mr. CHILDS is a member of the bar of this county. He was quite a radical Republican not long ago, or, at least, talked like one. But he did more. Last spring, or or early summer, he wrote to Mr. WILLIAMS, warmly endorsing his course in Congress. He spoke in his letters of his great speech in terms of almost extravagant commendation and eulogy, as expressive of the true principles of our government and of the Republican party—that he (Mr. WILLIAMS) could not and ought not to be spared from the councils of the nation, and warned him of a conspiracy in some quarter of the district to defeat his nomination for a third term, and advised that it ought to be instantly and vigorously met and counteracted. Why, after all this, Mr. CHILDS should allow himself to be placed in his present position is a question we are not able to answer. Perhaps he is. How worthy he is of the confidence of his new political friends we leave him and them to settle between them, after this *expose* of his consistency. He is a clever man in his way, and may have considerable skill in covering up tracks, and in making the worse appear the better reason. But his record as a politician and as a friend is a little equivocal.

ELECTIONS FOR GOVERNOR.

The following table shows who were candidates for Governor at the last six elections held to fill that office, the number of votes each one received, the aggregate vote polled on each occasion, and the majority:

Years.	*Candidates.*	*Votes.*	*Maj.*
1848,	Johnston, whig.....	168,523	
	Longstreth, dem.....	168,221	302
1851,	Bigler, dem.....	256,741	
	Johnston, whig.....	178,034	8,465
1854,	Pollock, whig.....	264,008	
	Bigler, dem.....	167,001	37,097
1857,	Packer, dem.....	171,009	
	Wilmot, rep.....	128,487	
			42,751
1860,	Curtin, rep.....	262,346	
	Foster, dem.....	230,239	32,164
1863,	Curtin, rep.....	152,084	
	Woodward, dem.....	149,755	2,329
1866,	Geary, rep.....	492,642	
	Heister Clymer, dem.....	339,416	
			153,226

CONGRESS.

Gen. General J. B. Sweitzer, the Democratic candidate for Congress, be kind enough to answer the following questions:

1st. Were you present at a meeting of the Soldiers' League of this city when the resolutions endorsing Major General John W. Geary were offered? If so, did you object to the resolutions?

2d. Did you not act as temporary chairman of the so-called Soldiers' Convention that met at Harrisburg, which endorsed Heister Clymer, and did you not vote for the said resolutions?

3d. Are you in favor of Major General John W. Geary, the soldier candidate for Governor, or will you support Heister Clymer, who did so much against the soldier?

OHIO.—As far as nominated, the following is the list of Congressional candidates.

District.	*Union.*	*Democratic.*
I.	Benj Eggleston.	Geo. H. Pendleton.
II.	R. B. Hayes	Theodore Cook.
III.	Robt. C. Schenck.	Dublin Ward.
IV.	Wm. Lawrence.	Jas. R. McKinny.
V.	Moses B. Walker.	Col. Wm. Minnger.
VI.	R. W. Clarke.	Col. Wm. Howard
VII.	S. Shellabarger.	Thomas Miller.
VIII.	C. A. Hamilton.	Col. Wm. P. Reid.
IX.	Jas. R. Hall.	Thos. F. Pinerick.
X.	James M. Gallie.	H. S. Commanger.
XI.	John T. Wilcox.	Col. G. F. Moore.
XII.	Jas. M. Ashley.	J. Van Trump.
XIII.	Columbus Delano.	Gen. G. W. Morgan
XIV.	Martin Walker.	John B. Young.
XV.	T. A. Plants.	Martin D. Follett.
XVI.	John A. Bingham.	C. H. Mcheney
XVII.	E. B. Beckley.	Louis Schaefer.
XVIII.	Rufus Spaulding.	No nominee.
XIX.	Jas. A. Garfield.	No nominee.

VERMONT ELECTION.—The latest official figures give the following comparative results

	1866.	1865.
Dillingham.....	29,973	27,586
Davenport.....	9,604	7,887
Dillingham's majority.....	20,369	19,729

These returns are incomplete. The full vote will doubtless show a majority but little short of 25,000, a gain of about six thousand.

AT Cincinnati, on Sunday evening, Henry Browning shot Helena Eplinger, aged seventeen years. They were engaged in a playful scuffle. She broke away and ran into the yard. He picked up an old musket, not knowing it was loaded, pointed it at her, telling her to come back or he would shoot. She did not return, and he pulled the trigger, killing her on 6th spot.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON, in all the speeches made during his late tour, had much to say about the Constitution, and the care to be exercised over it. In his Nashville speech, made in September, 1864, he had some remarks on the same subject, but in a totally different vein, as the reader will judge:

"When you find a man anywhere prating about the Constitution of the United States, *spot him*—he's a traitor."

EXPECTED RISE OF WATER.—A gentleman who has just arrived from Buffalo informs us that there were very heavy rains throughout the region drained by the upper tributaries of the Allegheny on Monday. A considerable rise in that river may be expected. The heavy rain which we had here yesterday will add to the volume of water.

BEAVER COUNTY.—A Republican mass meeting will be held at Beaver on the 29th of the present month. Ample arrangements are making, and the demonstration promises to be a fine one.

NOMINATIONS.—The Republicans have nominated for Assembly, in Wyoming county, Jacob Kennedy; in Bradford county, G. W. Kinney; and James H. Webb in Lehigh county.

In the 6th district the Republicans have made Mr. David Thomas of Allentown their candidate for Congress. Mr. Thomas is the head of the Crane Iron Manufacturing Company.

MANY of Mr. Seward's personal friends are apprehensive that failing health, though he may recover from the present attack, will soon compel him to retire from public life.

MR. W. L. SCOTT has been nominated by the Conservatives and Democrats of the Erie district as their candidate for Congress against Judge Scofield. He is mayor of Erie city.

THE unfavorable weather, which has prevailed for the past month, has created apprehensions that the corn crop will not thoroughly ripen.

CITY ITEMS.

Buy Oyster Crackers
And Cracker Meal at Marvin's, No. 64 Fourth st.

An Examination Invited.
Call early. Opera House Shoe Store.

Gents' Gum Overshoes,
Prime—only $1.20, at 26 and 28 Fifth street.

Exactly What You Want.
A pair of those superior Boots or Shoes, at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Nearly One-half Saved,
By buying now. Great sacrifice of goods at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Wm. B. Clapp & Co.
Are selling Ladies' Gum Overshoes at only 25 cents, at 26 and 28 Fifth street.

Every Variety of Goods,
Of better quality and lower prices than any house in the world, at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Our Prices
Are based upon the lowest market rates of the season, and are lower than the lowest elsewhere, at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Did You Buy
Those fine French Calf Boots at the Opera House Shoe Store, and the answer will be, nine times out of ten, "Yes."

$30,000 Worth of Goods,
Of a superior quality, and at such wonderful prices that they will be all closed out in a few days, at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Strangers Visiting the Fair
Will act very strange if they do not call at the Opera House Shoe Store, No. 60 Fifth street, and see what we have in store for them.

Guitar Music.
W. G. Bonsell, Teacher of Guitar Music, has removed from Neville Hall, to No. 66 Third street, between Market and Ferry, where he can be seen every afternoon or Monday evenings.

At 63 Market Street.
The old stand, can be found all sizes of boots, shoes and gaiters, of every variety, for gentlemen, ladies, misses and children. Give us a call and we will do what is right.
GEORGE MCCANDLESS.

Dry Goods, Wholesale and Retail.
We offer the largest and best assorted stock and always at the lowest prices, not for one thing only, but for everything, and just now are exhibiting some very choice goods in Silks, Dress Goods, and indeed everything required for the present and coming season.
J. W. BARKER & CO., @ Market Street.

Of All The Excellent Tonics,
For weakly and debilitated invalids, commend us to fine old English Bottled Ale. We have lately had occasion to use some of it, procured at FLEMING'S DRUG STORE, No. 84 Market Street, which we find to be a prime article, such as we have never seen in this city. Leave Stomach Bitters, for a change, and try some of the Ale sold by FLEMING, and our word for it you will be the gainer.

Smolander's Extract Buchu.
For Indigestion use Buchu.
For Dyspepsia use Buchu.
For Weakness use Buchu.
For Kidney Diseases use Buchu.
For Gravel use Buchu.
For Diseases of the Bladder use Buchu.
For Rheumatism use Buchu.
For Loss of Energy use Buchu.
For the various affections of the Stomach, Urinary Organs, Rheumatism, and those cases of general debility resulting from hardship and exposure, use Buchu.
This medicine is particularly efficacious in all cases of Dropsy.
Sold only at McClurran & McKennan's Drug Store, 80 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fifth street.

The Fur Season.
The short, gray, autumn days, with long cool nights, chilly foggy mornings, and not a few hours of fitful glimmering sunshine, are upon us. The green leaves are falling on the withering sward, where they turn to yellow and red, leaving the great outstretched branches gnarled and brown to await, unprotected the icy embraces and severe blasts of winter like the vegetable world, the human family are preparing to robe themselves anew, and thus with good warm, comfortable clothing be ready for the coming of the winter monarch. No raiment is so potent in warding off the cold than a complete set of furs, and nothing looks so beautiful on a lady—in fact no lady can be said to be properly dressed without them. As many as will have their furs to purchase, we advise them to buy as early in the season as possible, and thus avail themselves of the lowest market prices. For the past four or five years goods of this kind invariably advanced as the season progressed. We advised our readers to pursue this policy last fall, and such as did saved from twenty to thirty per cent. The probabilities of furs were never greater than at present—the catch of domestic furs last winter having been much lighter than usual. As a greater portion of the furs worn are of native animals, such as otter, mink, American sleek, and the best and most fashionable of all furs, Wide Awake sable, this, of course, will affect the market. As to the foreign furs, it is a well known fact that they are much higher in Europe now than they were last year, and rapidly advancing. In buying goods the purchaser should exercise his or her judgment, in not only selecting the place where a large and fashionable stock of the goods are kept, but also in making their purchases where the assortment is so large and varied as to make it an easy matter of selection. There is no house in this city where such advantage can be had so readily as at the emporium of William Fleming, No. 128 Wood street. The high character this house has attained in business circles for reliability and promptitude in filling satisfactorily every order entrusted to them, has placed them at the very head of the trade in this end of the State, and consequently their business has increased in the ratio of their popularity. Mr. Fleming has just returned from the Eastern manufactories, where he has purchased an immense stock, embracing Russian black and brown sable, Siberian squirrel, Russian and German fitches, together with every variety of style and quality of American furs, from the cheapest to the finest and costliest. In addition to the usual stock they have a large supply of Gray's patent excelsior muff, which for durability, beauty and comfort, is not excelled by any other muff in the world. It only needs to be seen to be appreciated, and it is confidently expected in a short time to supersede all others. They have also a new style of skating muff, which is destined to become immensely popular with those who are fond of this exhilerating sport, as it is peculiarly adapted to skaters. They have also on hand a mammoth stock of men and boys hats and fur caps, collars and gloves, ladies' fur skating caps, hoods, capes, gauntlets, cuffs, &c., which they are prepared to sell at the lowest cash prices—in fact as low as they can be bought in the New York and Philadelphia markets.

We again advise our friends not to hesitate if they wish to buy their furs cheap, as they will undoubtedly advance in price as the winter approaches, and when you do go to purchase, do not forget to call at the great fur emporium of William Fleming, No. 128 Wood street, where you cannot fail to be suited, as Mr. Fleming is in the fur trade here, what A. J. Stewart is in the dry goods trade in New York. Don't forget the place, No. 128 Wood street.

—A most melancholy and distressing affair took place in Indianapolis on the 15th inst. A young man by the name of Leonidas Johnson, aged about 17 years, was shot and instantly killed by his room-mate. Johnson had risen during the night and gone out, and on returning, in opening the door, was mistaken for a burglar by his room-mate who drew a pistol and fired. The ball passed through young Johnson's head, and he fell dead on the spot. The unfortunate youth who fired the fatal shot it named O. B. Gilkey, Mr. Johnson's funeral took place at the Baptist Church next day, and was laegely attended by the different temperance societies and youth of the city.

SOMETHING DESIRABLE.—A preparation that will effectually obliterate those chloasmatic and lentiginous blemishes on the neck and face, commonly known as moth patches or liver spots, and lentigo or freckles. Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion is the only safe and reliable preparation for the removal of the above named discolorations. Sold by all druggists, and by Dr. B. C. Perry, Dermatologist, No. 49 Bond street, New York.—*N. Y. World.*

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

THE GREAT CRISIS.

Important Address of the National Union Committee.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The following is the address of the National Union Committee to the American people:

Fellow Citizens: Very grave differences having arisen between your immediate representatives in Congress and the President, who owes his position to your votes, we are impelled to ask your attention thereto, and to suggest the duties to your country which they render imperative. We shall avoid the use of hard words; of these there have already been too many, and that the matters in issue may be brought within the narrowest compass, let us first eliminate from the controversy all that has already been settled or has been in dispute.

The republic has been desperately assailed from within and its very existence seriously imperiled. Thirteen States were claimed as having withdrawn from the Union, and were represented for years in a hostile Congress meeting at Richmond. Ten of these States were for a time wholly in the power of a hostile Confederacy, the other three, partially so. The undoubtedly loyal States were repeatedly and formidably invaded by rebel armies, which were only expelled after obstinate and bloody battles through four years of an arduous, desperate civil war.

The hosts of the rebel Confederacy withstood those of the Union. Agents of the Confederacy traversed the civilized world, seeking allies in their war against the Republic, and inciting the populations and principled to fit out armed corsairs to prey upon her commerce by State authority, and in the perverted name of patriotism and loyalty hundreds of thousands of our countrymen were conscripted into the rebel armies, and made to fight against their fellow-citizens for liberty and union, and, though by the blessing of God, and the valor and constancy of our loyal people, the rebellion was finally subdued and crushed, it did not succeed until it had caused the destruction of more than half a million of precious human lives, not to speak of property, to the value of at least five billions of dollars.

At length the rebel armies surrendered, and the rebel power utterly collapsed and vanished. What then? The claim of the insurgents that they either now resignited or had never forfeited their constitutional rights in the Union, including that of representation in Congress, stands in pointed antagonism alike to the immemorial usage of Congress and to that of the acting President. It was the Executive alone, who, after the rebellion was no more, appointed Provisional Governors for the conquered, submissive, unarmed Southern States, on the assumption that the rebellion had been revolutionary, and deprived the people under its sway of all civil government, and who requires of the assembling of a loyal people thus composed of delegates who are to be chosen by them, from among the people of said State, who are to adjust the United States, and no others, for the purpose of identifying and amending the Constitution now in force, and authorizing the election of representatives in Congress, but recently been mustered out of service, and has gone to St. Louis for the purpose of entering into business. It is understood that the officers who have received appointments in the Veteran Reserve Corps and colored regiments of the regular army will be permitted to continue in their present employment and retain their commissions in the regular army as received by them, which will be when their commands are recruited. The Assistant Commissioner for Arkansas, Missouri and the Indian Territory, General Sprague, is said to have been appointed in a similar manner. The Fourteenth United States Infantry and General Swayne has been appointed a field officer in one of the colored regiments.

Severe Storm in Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Sept. 18.—A heavy rain storm prevailed here and throughout Central Indiana, since Sunday night. The streams are higher than was ever known. Eugene's Creek, a small stream passing through the city, is fearfully swollen. The stream flooded that part of the town adding immense damage. Many of the railroads sustained heavy damage by bridges being washed away and track destroyed. Communication on several roads entirely cut off. Telegraph operators report the damages in this city cannot be estimated, but it is undoubtedly heavy. Into the stream in the street, which is the water now so rapidly this morning that many store rooms are flooded and a boat was used to get out goods. Nearly all the railroad trackes in the city are submerged and the bridges washed away. The bridge on the Union Passenger Depot at noon was a foot deep. Many business houses in the vicinity of the depot are completely flooded. The rain still continues without intermission. The river is now rapidly falling. Reports from other sections of the state and case severe damage by the high water. Two men are said to have been drowned.

Convention of Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—The Convention of soldiers and sailors of Massachusetts, serving in the late war, was held in Faneuil Hall to-day. The object was for the purpose of adopting measures to secure the equalization of all bounties to the soldiers of Massachusetts, and to the widows and orphans of deceased officers and the seamen who have lost their lives for the fruits of the late war, carried to a close, that conclusion by the valor and courtesy of the soldiers of the Union army.

General N. P. Banks was chosen President, and addressed the Convention.

Terrible Railroad Accident at Reading.

READING, Pa., Sept. 18.—Through the mismanagement of a switch tender, last night, the rear car of the track on a down grade, jumping into a field on the grounds of Seyfert Brewery, in this city. The engine and twenty cars were demolished. The engineer was buried beneath the ruins of the engine and taken out dead to-day. The fireman was nedged between the fire box and tender, where he was horribly burned, and was taken out after several hours of torture. His injuries will probably prove fatal. It is supposed that the switch was maliciously displaced.

National Receipts and Expenditures.

WASHINGTON, September 18.—Statement of the receipts and expenditures for the quarter ending June 30—Internal Revenue, $40,175,056 32; Direct Tax, $109,636 07; Public Lands, $126,719 63; Internal Revenue, $63,857,734 92; Incidental and Miscellaneous, $18,346,016 96. Total, exclusive of Loans, $129,040,762 07.

Expenditures—Civil and foreign, $11,853,128 35; Pensions and Indian, $2,961,322 02; Interest on public debt, $36,153,289 89; War, $12,760,269 60; Navy, $9,318,474 44; Interest expenditure, including redemption of notes, bonds, etc., $212,412,211 12.

A. G. Cattell Elected U. S. Senator from New Jersey—Democratic Protest.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 18.—The House to-day elected A. G. Cattell United States Senator. The Senate met at eleven o'clock, and also elected Mr. Cattell Senator. Both Houses then adjourned. The election will be confirmed by both Houses to-morrow.

The Democrats have entered a protest against the election, claiming first, there was no vacancy, and second, that the law of Congress is unconstitutional.

The Guerrilla Raid on Platte City.

ST. LOUIS, September 18.—The *Democrat's* St. Joseph special says. An eye witness of the affair at Platte City, Missouri, on Saturday, states that from the conduct of the rebels, the arms they carried, and their large numbers, I have no doubt they came into town to break up the Radical County Convention. Four men were killed and three or four others will probably die. About a dozen were severely pounded. The affair created a profound sensation. A serious trouble is apprehended.

Visitors to Jeff. Davis.

FORTRESS MONROE, September 18.—Bishop Green, of Mississippi, and Rev. J. W. Keeley, of Peterburg, both old bosom friends of Jeff. Davis, arrived here to-day, and had an interview with the prisoner in the Fortress. Bishop Green is on his return from a northern tour, and leaves to-morrow for the South. It was expected he would go to Washington, in company with Mr. Keeley, to use his influence with President Johnson, in securing the release of Davis.

Health Report of Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, September 18.—The health officer reports thirteen deaths from cholera during the week ending the 17th. These were scattered over the city, rarely two deaths occurring in any one locality. The general health of the city is better this season than ever before known.

Wendell Phillips Nominated to Congress.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—Wendell Phillips was nominated for Congress to-night by the workingmen of the Third Congressional District.

The President Visits Secretary Seward.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The President paid a visit to Secretary Seward this morning, whom he found in an improved condition.

Nomination Declined.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—Hon. A. H. Rice has written a letter declining the nomination to Congress in the Third Congressional District.

No Cable News.

NEW YORK, September 18.—There is no cable news to-day. The Newfoundland lines are down.

THE CLEVELAND CONVENTION.

Gen. Granger Permanent President—Dispatch from Confederate Soldiers—Message of Gratitude to the Butchers of Fort Pillow—Cheers for Gen. Forrest—Platform Adopted—Final Adjournment.

SECOND DAY.

CLEVELAND, (O.,) Sept. 18.—The second day of the Soldiers and Sailors' Convention has been rainy and out-of-doors disagreeable enough to repel anybody but soldiers. There was a somewhat larger attendance of delegates, but the large proportion of the room occupied yesterday by spectators was vacant. The scenes of yesterday were re-enacted prior to the opening of the Convention, a large amount of enthusiasm being expended in cheers for favorite Generals. The band played various tunes which attracted no particular attention until it struck up "Dixie," which called out cheers on all hands, the New York delegates showing particular affection for it by shouting and clapping of hands, which also extended on all sides. Calls followed for "Rally Round the Flag Boys" which was played in response and greeted with cheer after cheer until the chorus was reached, when the delegates joined in with the words, "The Union Forever," etc., and concluded with another enthusiastic outburst of applause.

The Committee on Permanent Organization, after the meeting had been called to order, reported the following as officers of the Convention:

President—General Gordon Granger.

Vice-Presidents—Maine, General A. S. Dazzall; New York, General Wm. F. Rogers; Maryland, Brigadier General John W. Horn; District of Columbia, Lieutenant H. C. Gooding; Pennsylvania, Sergeant Cyrus Shank; Virginia, Colonel James D. Brady; Ohio, General A. McIlvy McCook; Indiana, General John Love; Wisconsin, General H. C. Gilbert; Michigan, General A. A. Stevens; Missouri, General M. L. Smith; Kentucky, Private D. F. Manypenny; Tennessee, Captain R. C. Carter; Kansas, Colonel G. A. Brassel; Nebraska, Major H. W. Fairbank; California, General G. E. Winter; New Mexico, F. G. Colmagorn; Illinois, Colonel Jason March; Louisiana, Colonel Esa Jodi; Georgia, Major R. S. Fitch.

Secretaries—Michigan, Col. A. W. Williams; Maine, Capt. J. C. Farlan; New York, Col. C. A. Johnson; Pennsylvania, J. B. Hayes; Maryland, Capt. W. H. Boyle; Virginia, Sergt. S. B. Kinsey; Ohio, Capt. J. F. Saunderson; Indiana, Col. W. P. Davis; Wisconsin, Capt. M. N. Fitch; Missouri, Capt. S. O. Fish; Kentucky, Major D. English; Tennessee, Lieut. W. F. Fowler; New Mexico, Capt. J. W. Howard; Nebraska, Gen. R. H. Heath; California, Capt. Samuel Gamage; Illinois, Capt. T. G. Barnes; District of Columbia, Capt. E. McCan.

The names of the prominent officers were enthusiastically received.

After a motion to amend by Col. Campbell, which was finally withdrawn, the report was adopted with enthusiastic cheers.

At this stage a dispatch was received, dated Albany, and signed by R. G. Morrow, who announced that he had left the loyal Southern States and would be in Cleveland to-morrow to expose them. (Cheers and calls for a speech.)

Gen. Granger spoke briefly on taking the chair.

On motion of Col. I. D. Campbell, the following Committee on Resolutions was appointed, the delegates from the several States selecting:

Maine, Col. A. W. Bradbury; Massachusetts, Col. W. P. Cowel; New York, Major General Thomas Ewing; Pennsylvania, Major General O'Connor; Pennsylvania, M. W. H. Davies; Maryland, General C. Phelps; District of Columbia, Major General G. F. Elliot; Ohio, Col. C. Brady; Ohio, Col. L. D. Campbell; Indiana, General James R. Slack; Wisconsin, Colonel E. S. Bragg; Missouri, Col. James Peckham; Kansas, Col. Peter McFarlane; Kentucky, Gov. Thomas E. Bramlette, and a number of others. It is expected, will be mustered out by the first of October. All the officers acting in the capacity of Assistant Commissioners of the Freedmen's Bureau are to be mustered out of service, and those who have served faithfully, have been retained in the regular service either by virtue of their commissions now in their possession or by appointments recently made, with the exceptions of Major General R. Saxton, assistant Commissioner of South Carolina, and Major General David Tillson Assistant Commissioner of Georgia, who hold no other than volunteer commissions; but the muster out of these officers has been suspended until the Bureau can be thoroughly fitted to them time to properly arrange the affairs of the Sea Islands, which have hitherto been in a chaotic state.

Major General Clinton B. Fisk, late Assistant Commissioner of the Freedman's Bureau in the State of Kentucky, has recently been mustered out of service, and has gone to St. Louis for the purpose of entering into business. It is understood that the officers who have received appointments in the Veteran Reserve Corps and colored regiments of the regular army will be permitted to continue in their present employment and retain their commissions in the regular army as received by them, which will be when their commands are recruited. The Assistant Commissioner for Arkansas, Missouri and the Indian Territory, General Sprague, is said to have been appointed in a similar manner. The Fourteenth United States Infantry and General Swayne has been appointed a field officer in one of the colored regiments.

Revere Storm in Indianapolis.

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Fire in Headville.

MEADVILLE, PA., September 18.—The old wooden building between the Colt and the American hotels, on Water street, occupied by Clarke & Co., grocers; Wm. Cary, harness maker, and a cigar store, was destroyed by fire early this morning. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss at the Colt House, which was damaged by fire and water, is $2,500. The American Hotel was slightly damaged. The total loss is about $6,000.

Raymond and his changes.

NEW YORK, September 18.—The *Times* of yesterday charged upon the Albany Convention treachery in the State nominations.

The *World* of this morning accuses the *Times* of deserting the Conservative ticket. Mr. Raymond spoke at the public meeting last night, but confined his remarks to a defense of the Philadelphia Union Convention.

Chance for Another Bread-and-Butter Man.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 18.—The director of the United States Mint at Philadelphia, ex-Gov. Pollock, has resigned his position, in consequence of not approving of the policy of the President for the restoration of the Union.

Josh. Ward Beaten.

PORTLAND, ME., Sept. 18.—Walter Brown, of this city, beat Joshua Ward, of Newbury, in a three mile rowing match, at noon to-day, in our harbor, by two boat lengths. Time 22½ minutes.

New Orleans Cholera Report.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 18.—Five deaths from yellow fever and nineteen from cholera were reported yesterday.

Cholera in New York.

NEW YORK, September 18.—Four cases of cholera are reported in the city to-day, but no deaths.

Canada Bank Suspended.

TORONTO, C. W., Sept. 18.—The Bank of Upper Canada suspended payment this morning.

Additional Telegrams on Fourth Page.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

(ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS ON THIRD PAGE.)

Pickpockets Committed for Trial.

Yesterday morning, Mayor McCarthy had before him two youths, named Wm. R. Wright and William Johnston, charged with picking the pocket of Mr. Daniel McMillian, a gentleman doing business on Wood street. The alleged pocket picking was done on Thursday night, during the reception of the President and his party. On that evening Mr. McMillian was standing on the square, in front of the Penn streets, witnessing the reception of the President. A large crowd was standing around Mr. McMillian, and he very naturally resolved to watch his pockets. Shortly afterwards a hat was knocked over his face, and he threw his hands up to ward off a blow. The instant he was shoved down, and the crowd pressing on him prevented him from rising as soon as he otherwise might have done. Suspecting that the proceeding was a manoeuvre to rob him, he placed his hand in his pocket, and to his astonishment found his pocket book missing. The pocket book contained a certificate of deposit on Kramer & Ihlam's Bank, for five hundred dollars; a note for two hundred dollars, and fifty dollars in money, and some valuable receipts. The money, at the time, was the pocket book in question was found by one of Mayor McCarthy's police, at the corner of Market and Fifth streets, and the papers, etc., lying around on the ground. McMillian subsequently identified the property as his. R. McWright, a young boy, testified that as soon as when it was stolen, excepting the fifty dollars in money, Johnston had the pocket book. The parties committed yesterday, was in court for stealing a watch, and was convicted. Mr. McMillian, the boy and the policeman, all saw the parties who were near him the time of the robbery, and identified Johnston as the man. The prosecutor was satisfied that there were more than one person implicated in the robbery, and Johnston was arrested. He was searched, and about one hundred dollars found in his possession. Mr. McMillian examined the money and picked out the fifty dollars that he had lost with little hesitancy. He then went to the jail, and immediately identified Johnston, and the two were brought before the Mayor for a hearing. The evidence against the prisoners was very conclusive, and in default of bail the Mayor committed them for trial.

A Wanton Attack on a Young Girl.

A young girl named Martha Archibald appeared at the office of Alderman Lynch yesterday and made oath against an old man named Herman Besuden for assault and battery, with intent to commit a rape. The deponent alleges that on Monday evening, between eight and nine o'clock, she was walking along the Braddock's Field plank road, in Pitt township, to her home, when she accosted by the accused, who told her to wait an instant and he would accompany her to her home, thus relieving her of any sense of fearfulness the night experience. The girl refused to avail herself of the proffered gallantries, and fearing that the wight would pursue her, she started to run in the direction of a house but a short way off, but he ran after her and threw a hat she wore upon her head to blind her, and then commenced pulling for aid, and fearful that her cries would attract a crowd the aged ruffian ran off without accomplishing his designs. When the girl reached home she was so exhausted as to be unable to relate the circumstances of the affair for several minutes. Her father has been issued for the arrest of the accused, who is well known in Wheeling, as a dangerous character and where he has doubtless taken refuge. It is to be hoped that the scoundrel who would grossly attempt such a crime of a character so fearful twenty years his senior, with such a vile purpose, will not be allowed to escape the punishment that the law provides in such cases.

A Little Fire.

A small mishap occurred yesterday afternoon which came very near terminating in the most disastrous conflagration. Messrs. Gray & Co., of the Petroleum Stove Company, No. 58 Fourth street, have, among their other curious and valuable articles, a new style of night lamps for sale. Yesterday a gentleman had one of the stoves exposed for sale, and it a friend. When he had finished, he set the lamp, still lighted, in the window and directed under a string of advertising bills, which hung across the window. Instantly the papers were in the blaze. A gentleman in looking for an means to extinguish the flames, seized a teakettle full of boiling water, which stood on a stove near, and poured the water on the burning paper. A quart bottle filled with oil also stood in the window and on the above water fell. The glass cracked asunder and the oil all ran out upon some paper spread in the window, and the flames extended in an instant. Fortunately, however, a gentleman had the foresight to place a tub of water in the window, and