THE DAILY GAZETTE.
PUBLISHED BY
Penniman, Reed & Co.,
No. 56 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh.
TERMS:
PER YEAR, BY MAIL.....$5.00
PER WEEK, SERVED BY CARRIER.....12½

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOLUME LXXX.—NO. 171. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, JULY 21, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.
TWO EDITIONS ISSUED,
ON WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
The edition is forwarded which will reach the subscribers soonest as the mail run.
TERMS:
SINGLE COPIES, PER YEAR.....$1 50
CLUBS OF FIVE.....1 25
CLUBS OF TEN AND UPWARDS.....1 15

The Pittsburgh Gazette,

SATURDAY, JULY 21, 1866.

THE Union Republicans of Northumberland county met in Convention on the 16th inst. A resolution strongly urging the nomination of J. B. Packer, Esq., of Sunbury, for Congress, was unanimously passed. S. H. Rothermel was placed in nomination for Sheriff, and Charles J. Bruner for Prothonotary. Messrs. John L. Watson, A. T. Bisel, and John Youngman were appointed Senatorial conferees.

—A captain and a constable of St. Louis fell in love with a pretty young wife of an old hotel keeper of that city. The captain took the fair one to task for not showing him more favor and at the same time struck her in the face, putting an eye out. He was arrested by his rival, the constable, but the matter was compromised by the captain buying a glass eye for the lady, and coming down handsomely with the greenbacks. The lady's lost eye was defective, but the glass one is brilliant and without a flaw.

—The large American emigrant ship, Monarch of the Seas, which sailed from Liverpool on the 19th of March last for New York, has been four months at sea, and fears are entertained that some dreadful disaster has overtaken her, and that she has gone to the bottom with all on board. She had 674 passengers, and a crew of 54 men, including officers. The vessel was valued at $125,000, and is fully insured.

—The Mayor of Toronto has written a letter to the New York *Times*. Among other fine things, he says: "*The Banger being now gone*, I beg leave to give you to understand that we, as true Britains, fear not; that even I can raise Orangemen enough to hurl back any number of Yankees or Fenian marauders which may attempt to invade the sacred soil of Upper Canada."

—It is reported that Gen. Rousseau has written a letter resigning his seat in Congress.

CITY ITEMS.

Bates & Bell's
Fresh assortment of New Goods.

Ladies' Gaiters.
Only $2.00, at South & Ross', 63 Market street.

Ladies,
You can buy the Gaiters at $2.00, at South & Ross', 63 Market street.

New Prints.
Bates & Bell are opening, Prints, Muslins, Black Silks, Piquas, White Shawls, and Linen Goods.

New Goods.
We will open a fine assortment of Domestic and Fancy Dry Goods this week.
BATES & BELL.

Summer Dress Goods.
Shawls, Lace, Mantles, &c., cleansed, without regard to cost, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

The Dainties of the Season.
The choicest dainties of the season, such as tempt the appetite of the veriest epicure, are served up daily at the popular Dining Rooms, next door to the Postoffice, on Fifth street.

Prints and Muslins.
A good assortment of the best brands, always on hand, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Gen. Geary and H. Clymer, Esq.
Although these gentlemen hold different political views, yet they unite in the opinion that Ladies', Gentlemen's, Misses', Boys', Youths' and Children's Boots, Shoes, Balmorals, Slippers, Gaiters, &c., can be procured at cheaper rates at South & Ross', 63 Market street, than at any other house in the city. All goods warranted.

Our Gift Concert
To be given at City Hall on the 30th inst., is drawing nigh. The managers, Messrs. McDonald, Thompson & Co., are completing their arrangements, so the public may have no fears of an additional postponement. It won't be necessary. The tickets are selling fast. No wonder. Splendid music and attractive gifts. Read their advertisement in another column and be convinced. Every body should have a ticket. Don't wait till the evening of the Concert, for then there will be so much excitement and confusion that it won't be convenient perhaps to have tickets registered, a very important item in such enterprises.

Beautiful Photographs.
The pedestrian on St. Clair street is irresistably attracted to gaze into the art windows of the well-known photographer, B. L. H. Dabbs. At the present time there is upon exhibition a number of photographs finished by the artist Wenzel, which, for beauty of execution, are superior to anything ever turned out in this city. One cabinet photograph of a little son of Rev. James Allison, is worthy of special attention. It is a master-piece of photographic art. Another, the picture of a little daughter of Mr. Burns, is the most faithful likeness of an earthly angel we have ever seen. The crowning photograph, however, is that of a young lady of Alliance, Ohio. It is a life-size oil cabinet photograph, delicately colored, and so natural as life. There are many other specimens of Mr. Dabbs' skill, and the admirer of the beautiful would do well to call and closely examine the many superior works of photographic art in Mr. Dabbs' palatial establishment. He charges but reasonable prices for his pictures, and every picture finished at his gallery bears the impress of superiority. His rooms are located at No. 88 St. Clair street.

Facts for the Sceptical.
We wish our readers to *distinctly understand* that there is no "hunting business" done at the Steam Dental Establishment of Dr. Quincy A. Scott, No. 172 Penn street, third door above Hand. He advertises extensively, but *he means exactly what he says*. He is a trustworthy and reliable man, and a skilful dentist. He don't profess to give Laughing Gas free, in order to entice people into his office, and then charge them extra for it, as has been done at other establishments in this city. *He gives it positively free of charge to every one.* He extracts numbers of teeth daily without the slightest pain, and makes no charge for extracting teeth when artificial teeth are ordered. He gives a full set of teeth on vulcanite with beautiful gums, such as other dentists charge $10 for, for eight dollars. A full set for $10 which others charge from $12 to $15 for, and a full set for from $12 to $15 which he will guarantee to be better than can be made at any other establishment of *any price*. He is so well established in business that he don't consider it necessary to publish references, but for the sake of those who may wish them we will state that he can refer to thousands of the best families in the city and surrounding country, including ministers, physicians, lawyers, merchants, bankers, and in fact people in every department of business.

Disappointed.
The prayers that have been ascending for more than a year were thought to have been answered yesterday, and when the startling news reached the *out guard*, he started on a double quick to spread the glad tidings of a new era. The old sticks in the Dental Association have been closely watched for a long time exactly beseeching the mishap of some person at the hands of Dr. Sill, that the dangers of Laughing Gas might be demonstrated and their prophecies become true. But, unfortunately for them, they were the victims of a sell by a wag, on the Manchester street cars, who made Laughing Gas the subject of fun, or seeing crape as they were passing along this line. They didn't see the point until every one had button-holed the other on the gratifying thought that Dr. Sill's large business would now scop be divided, as he could not possibly hold so eminent a position with his popular agent, for now every body would want Hagalena or other spray. Designing men in the Dental profession are busily engaged in absuing the minds of their patrons, to prevent a further loss of business, by saying that so many have died from the use of his safe and delightful agent, while in truth never a person died from it, and any such statement cannot be sustained.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

CHOLERA RAGING IN NEW YORK.

Appalling State of Affairs on Hart's Island.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The *Commercial Advertiser* says: Facts show conclusively that the cholera, now raging in certain portions of the city, is the epidemic pursuing its incipient steps, beginning in regions most favorably disposed for its development. The facts relative to the number of cases on Hart's Island are deemed so appalling that publication is denied.

Surgeon Calhoun, of that post, has died of cholera. Able corps of physicians have been sent to that Island and also to Governor's Island. Several additional cases are reported in the city to-day.

Large quantities of tobacco were seized here yesterday for violating the revenue laws.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, July 20, 1866.

SENATE.

Mr. Stewart called up the bill granting the right to all citizens of the United States, who have declared their intentions to become citizens, to enter and explore mineral lands, and prescribing the manner in which they may obtain and retain possession. The bill was passed. Messrs. Lane, Vanwinkle, and Davis, were appointed a Committee of Conference on the bill increasing the pensions of the blind and orphans of the soldiers who fell during the war of the rebellion.

Mr. Poland introduced a bill to prevent courts from being used as instruments of persecution against loyal persons, which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary. It provides that in any action of *tort* to person or property, done between April 12, 1861, and July 1st, 1865, it shall be lawful to plead or give in evidence in bar of said action, and First. That at the time where the wrong was committed, the plaintiff was disloyal to the Government of the United States. Second. That the plaintiff was engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States. Third. That the plaintiff aided, comforted, and sympathized with rebels and traitors against the Government of the United States. Fourth. That the plaintiff supplied for, and furnished to the enemies of the United States, him of the penalties of treason. The establishment of either point shall be a good defense. On motion, then the House proceeded to consider the bill to protect the Revenue, and for other purposes, with amendments.

Mr. Sumner, from the Committee on the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bill, made a report thereon.
W. W. BLEDSOAE.

Mr. Johnson—I desire to ask the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Sumner) if the mission to Portugal has been abolished, or whether it continues?

Mr. Sumner—The compensation has been taken away from the present incumbent, and there is no appropriation for him for the ensuing year.

Mr. Sumner explained that it was in consequence of a letter written by the Minister of Portugal, James Harvey, to the Secretary of State, animadverting on the action of Congress in the matter, which was shown to the President, and by him recommended to be published, which was done in the *New York Times*.

Mr. Sumner said he hoped the letter referred to was read.

Mr. Sumner said he sympathized with the House in saying that the writer of such a letter, setting forth such sentiments thus hostile to the true principles which the majority of the Congress of the United States regarded so essential to the public welfare, ought not to hold office abroad. I do not think any such man to speak for our country in a foreign land; but this whole discussion seems to be a good deal out of place. The question is on agreeing to the report of the Committee of Conference, which involves a great many matters of which this is only one, and involves the fate of the bill.

Mr. Howard—It has been remarked that the letter under consideration was published at the request of the President of the United States. I would like to inquire of the Senator from Massachusetts whether there is evidence of this fact.

Mr. Sumner—Certainly; the Secretary of State says so in his letter.

Mr. Howard—I am inclined to think the House has done exactly right in calling off all compensation to a foreign Minister resident in Portugal.

Mr. Sumner—The letter was written in April.

Mr. Howard—Then Congress had been in session some month before the date of the letter. I do not understand what right an American Minister abroad has to pass such criticisms upon the legislative authority of his country, whether they could be found in a private letter or a public one. I do not see the distinction of the kind. Sir, an American Minister who assumes to censure the conduct of his country at foreign courts, and to set himself up as a judge or a censor of the public conduct of his country, is not, in my judgment, fit to be a representative of that country. I listened, sir, with a good deal of pain to the sentiments contained in this letter. It is written in a spirit of partizanship—a spirit of hired and paid partizanship written for the purpose of lending aid to a partizan document. The person to whom it was addressed saw fit to make it the basis of a speech which was used for the promotion of the interest in which it was written. I prefer, sir, to teach the Government of this nation by my votes the lesson that we will not tolerate or be paid for speaking to the human race. It was believed that when calomel was taken into the system every other noxious principle was driven out. If this ever were true, it was on the principle that the lesser evil gave place to the greater evil, the greater, for no one can rationally explain how a state of health could be brought about by a medicine which in thousands of instances has made sad havoc with human constitutions. The evil which it has produced, every where manifested, whilst the good which it has done is looked for in vain. There may be seen every popular throng, men attempting to walking spectres, with stiffened joints and walking with the tottering steps of infancy, who have been made so in spite of good constitutions and against common sense treatment—hundreds whose toothless heads, and if not toothless, in such a state that a good shake will make every tooth rattle, if not jump from its socket. This is the work of calomel. Is there no remedy that will eradicate from the human system that hurtful element, and restore it once more to health and naturalness? Yes, *Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher* will do it.

Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher contains ingredients, the utility and properties of which are known to remove from the human system every atom of hurtful mineral poison. The rich vegetable juices of which it is composed, are in perfect harmony with the healthful working of every function of life. It imbues with its life-giving properties the blood and secretions of the body, and enables each to a faithful fulfillment of the duties which nature intended. Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher has cured the most hopeless cases of diseases of the blood. The living witnesses to the facts are residents of the city. The cured patients daily walk the streets; so that all who choose can be convinced.

If we had not ample evidence of the facts we state, we would not write another line. But we have known it to cure the most hopeless and abandoned cases of disease, and then, too, after every other remedy had been tried in vain. For ordinary chronic diseases it is equal. Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Kidney Affections, General Debility, Nervous Weakness, Want of Appetite and Lassitude, are readily cured by a few bottles of this wonderful remedy! Try it and you will not be disappointed. Price $1 per bottle, or six for $5, at 140 Wood street. *Ask for Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher and take no other.*

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters—A Hundred Thousand Certificates.
Not the least striking point of Hostetter's Celebrated Bitters is the wide scope of their operation as a preventive and remedial preparation. As a *protective medicine* they ward off all the diseases and their nauseous kindred—that originate in unwholesome air, impure water, exhausting heat, or other local and climatic causes. This alone would be sufficient to secure for any corrective and alterative medicine a world-wide and undying celebrity. But Hostetter's Great Specific has stamped on it the confidence and high consideration of the public. In Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Chills and Fever, Bilious Remittent Fevers, Cholera Morbus, Cramps, Colic, Constipation, General Debility, Premature Decay, Female Irregularities, Constitutional Weakness, Sea Sickness, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Flatulency, Vertigo, Fainting Fits, Hysterics, and all complaints proceeding from imperfect Digestion, and a disordered condition of the liver and bowels, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are the most powerful, speedy, harmless and agreeable of all remedies ever tried by the press or administered in family practice.

Hostetter's Bitters.
For sale wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, 68 M. Market street, corner of the Diamond and Market, near Fourth street.

CITY ITEMS.

Bates & Bell's
Fresh assortment of New Goods.

Only $2.00.
Those high cut silk hose Lasting Gaiters, for Ladies, at South & Ross', 63 Market street.

New Prints.
Bates & Bell are opening, Prints, Muslins, Black Silks, Piquas, White Shawls, and Linen Goods.

Traveling Dress Goods.
A good assortment just opened on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

New Goods.
We will open a fine assortment of Domestic and Fancy Dry Goods this week.
BATES & BELL.

Shepherd's Plaid,
Single and double width, at all prices, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Left on Sale,
A splendid Rosewood Piano, of a celebrated make, full seven-octave, and handsomely finished, price very low, at Gardiner's great Boot and Shoe House, No. 69 Fifth street.

Food for the Hungry.
All the delicacies of the season are served up at the shortest notice and in the best style, at Holtzhaimer's—Fricker Saloon—on Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice.

Twelve and a Half Cents
A yard is all Shellaby & Barclay are asking for good yard wide Unbleached Muslin, the only house in the city that is selling yard wide at the same price. Call and see for yourselves, at the original Boo Hive stand, 74 and 76 Market street.

A Substantial Dinner.
Substantial dinners, of all the seasonable Vegetables and meats in the market, can be obtained at any hour during the day, at Wm. Holtzhelmer's—Fricker Dining Rooms—on Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice.

Without Regard to Cost.
Shellaby & Barclay are offering all their stock of summer goods, including Dress Goods, Shawls, Lace Mantles and Points, Sun Umbrellas, White Goods of every description, &c., without regard to cost, to close them out previous to laying in their fall stock. Call soon for bargains, at 74 and 76 Market street—Boo Hive stand.

Refrigerators, Ice Chests,
Four and five minute Cream Freezers, Ice Pitchers, Water Coolers, Water Filters, Meat Safes, Bath Tubs, and a full line of goods generally, suitable for the heated term. Our stock is the largest, our variety the best, and our prices the lowest to be found anywhere west of the mountains. Call and see, at 124 Wood street, south side, five doors above Fifth St.
W. W. BLEDSOAE.

A Large and Handsome
Assortment of all kinds of Flannels, purchased before the late advance in woolen goods, will be sold as low as they can be purchased at any place in the two cities. Remember Shellaby & Barclay, and be sure you call and examine their stock before making your purchases elsewhere. They are still in the old original Boo Hive stand, 74 and 76 Market street, where you can rest assured you will always be able to find some very great bargains.

The Magic of Success
Galvanizes rebels into patriots, speculation into enterprise, and impudence into genius, and under its magical influence vice is mistaken for virtue, and ignorance sometimes passes for knowledge, offered as a stock text, from which we would like to hear sermons from all the pripits in the country, thus—"Do not drink, do not smoke, do not murder, do not lie, do not cheat, do not steal, do not gamble, be just, be generous, fear not, love your fellow men as well as God, love truth, love virtue, use Roback's Bitters and be happy.

Important.
People who have not their wisdom teeth, use Dr. Spencer's Circassian Tooth Powder and all who do are willing to declare to all who dont use it, that it is the most perfect and delightful thing for the teeth they ever dipped a brush into. Those who so toothless are also sure to call on Dr. G. M. Spencer, 356 Penn St., as he furnishes a full set of beautiful teeth for $15 and extracts teeth without the slightest pain, by the use of Laughing Gas.

Dr. Spencer makes and adjusts the Artificial Human Eye without the slightest pain. N. B. Ladies, remember, that two experienced lady assistants, are always in attendance, to receive and assist in waiting on you.

Absent Calomel.
There is no preparation of medicine, perhaps, in the long catalogue of remedies for human ills that has awakened in the mind so much fulsome eulogy on one hand, and so much animadversion on the other, than calomel. At one time it was the remedy for every disease, or nearly every disease then known to the human race. It was believed that when calomel was taken into the system every other noxious principle was driven out. If this ever were true, it was on the principle that the lesser evil gave place to the greater evil, the greater, for no one can rationally explain how a state of health could be brought about by a medicine which in thousands of instances has made sad havoc with human constitutions. The evil which it has produced, every where manifested, whilst the good which it has done is looked for in vain. There may be seen every popular throng, men attempting to walking spectres, with stiffened joints and walking with the tottering steps of infancy, who have been made so in spite of good constitutions and against common sense treatment—hundreds whose toothless heads, and if not toothless, in such a state that a good shake will make every tooth rattle, if not jump from its socket. This is the work of calomel. Is there no remedy that will eradicate from the human system that hurtful element, and restore it once more to health and naturalness? Yes, *Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher* will do it.

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FROM WASHINGTON.

Tennessee Admitted Into the Union—Attorney General Nominated by the President—State Department to be Removed—Government Receipts and Expenditures, &c., &c.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—The House has passed a joint resolution admitting Tennessee into the Union again, by the following vote: Yeas 135; Nays 17. Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, voted aye.

The President this afternoon nominated to the Senate Henry Stansberry, of Kentucky, to be Attorney General of the United States, in place of Speed, resigned.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—The new orphans' asylum on Fourteenth street, about a mile and a-half from the Executive Mansion, has been leased for three years for the use of the State Department, or until a new structure can be erected for its accommodation. The removal will take place in October.

An official statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Government from July 1st, 1865, to March 31, 1866, foot up as follows: Receipts, $346,759,358 06; Expenditures, including interest on public debt, $818,968,320 82. Estimated receipts from April 1st, 1866, to June 30, 1866, $192,355,813 08; estimated expenditures, $72,988,153 16.

Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, continues ill and visitors are excluded.

The Senate to-day, in executive session, refused the nomination of Henry Stanbery for Attorney General to the Cabinet, vice Speed, on the judiciary.

THE ANTI-REST TROUBLE.

All Quiet—Troops Still in Camp—Attempts to Poison a Well from which the Soldiers Obtained Water.

ALBANY, July 20.—Reports from the antirent district say that all is quiet. The troops are still in camp on Warner's farm, under strict military discipline, and no depredations upon private property are permitted. Two privates who shot two sheep, were arrested on motion to reconsider the vote by which the preamble was carried, and were brought on the call the third time, which motion was laid on the table by a vote of 105 to 25.

Mr. Le Blond addressed the Speaker as if on a question of order, and commenced to say that a portion of the members on his side desired very much to vote for the resolution, but could not vote for the preamble.

He was interrupted by a point of order, and was informed by the Speaker that it he had a question of order he must state it.

He was proceeding to state his order, and amid loud calls to order, that as the House would have to vote on the resolution and preamble as an entirety, some members on his side would have to vote against the whole thing.

The Speaker said that there was no precedent known to the oldest member, where after a bill had been ordered to be engrossed, and the question recurred on its passage, a part of it could be passed and a part rejected. That was utterly impossible. The time to vote for or against a preamble was in the ordering to be engrossed.

The previous question having been seconded on the passage of the Joint Resolution, Mr. Hyde rose to close the debate, but yielded half an hour to Mr. Boutwell, who proceeded to address the House against the Joint Resolution.

Mr. Boutwell said that after the most careful reflection, through Judge Davis and Jeremiah Black, he was still as deeply convinced as ever of the wholesome and dangerous nature of the proceeding. He demanded a system of impartial suffrage to the colored people of Tennessee, and then to the colored people of the whole revolted and, until recently, rebellious section of country. His objection to this measure was fundamental. It was that the Government of Tennessee was not, in fact, a republican government. He asked the House to consider the condition of Tennessee, with two hundred thousand able-bodied male citizens, and a population of one million, of which not less than sixty thousand of them. By the Constitution of Tennessee more than half of the white male citizens were disfranchised, and eighty thousand male colored citizens. Did members suppose that these disfranchised rebels could rest quiet under their exclusion. There would be a combination between the disfranchised white citizens, and the 60,000 disfranchised rebels, and they would overthrow the Government of that State, and that the House was doing to-day for Tennessee, it would be hereafter invited to do for the other ten States of the South. The history of the country was full of warning to politician posters, but it might be hoped there those States to be forever excluded. By no means. They had assurances from Secretary Stanton, Governor Brownlow, and others, that they would not demand impossible justice, the people of those States who were loyal to the Union would enter the Southern Congress. There are many cases reported in Hart Island.

Ohio and Indiana Congressional Nominations.

CINCINNATI, July 20.—The Democrats of the Fourteenth District of Ohio nominated J. R. Cowan for Congress. General John Coburn was nominated for Congress by the Union men of the First Indianapolis District. General Wallace was nominated for Congress by the Union men of the First Indiana District.

Successor of Senator Lane.

ST. LOUIS, July 20.—Governor Crawford, of Kansas, yesterday appointed Major E. C. Ross, late of the Eleventh Kansas Cavalry and second editor of the Lawrence *Tribune*, United States Senator, to fill Gen. Lane's unexpired term. Major Ross is a radical republican. He left Lawrence this morning for Washington.

Escaped Slaves, Arrested for Stealing, Discharged.

NEW YORK, July 20.—Two negroes, escaped slaves from Cuba, who were arrested here ten days since on a charge of stealing from their master several thousand dollars in money and jewelry, were discharged yesterday by Judge McGinn, on the ground that no treaty exists requiring their extradition, and also that the papers were irregular.

Steamer Detained for Having on Board Bonded Goods.

GALVESTON, July 20.—The steamer Patmosi was detained by the revenue cutter Delaware, on account of dutiable goods found on board among the passengers' baggage, not on the manifest. The Captain was held in five thousand dollars bonds, which he could not procure.

Mutiny Suppressed.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 20.—A mutiny occurred last night amongst a portion of negro troops on Folly Island, which was suppressed after one of the mutineers had been killed and two wounded. The rest of the mutineers were brought to this city under a strong guard.

Newspaper Correspondent for the European War.

NEW YORK, July 20.—George Alfred Townsend left for Europe to-day by the steamer Atlantic, to follow the Italian army for the *World* newspaper.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Additional Local Matters on Third Page.

A Boggish Proceeding.
Bridget McGovern and Thomas Richardson are denizens of the Third ward, having residences adjoining each other on Fountain street, in the rear of Kelly's planing mill. Bridget is a thrifty damsel, and in order to furnish her table with meat she manages to raise a couple of porkers by allowing them to run at large in the streets and prey on the garbage which careless housewives throw into the street. Although this is in direct violation of a city ordinance and the Mayor's proclamation forbidding the freedom of the city to any member either of the porcine or bovine tribe, yet Bridget's pigs are not without their virtues, they perform the part of assistant street commissioner by devouring nuisances on which would otherwise have to be removed, while their presence is conducive to the health of the community for the very same reason mentioned above.

Yesterday, however, one of Mr. McGovern's porkers trespassed on the private domain of Richardson, who, in order to get rid of his visitor, set a huge mastiff on the intruder, which succeeded in the conflict that ensued. Mrs. McGovern's hog had a leg broken. The news of the disaster was carried immediately to the lady, who, hastening to the relief of her chattel, which she found in a hopless condition in front of her mansion, claimed the right of its suffering wrought so on the tender feelings of Bridget that she immediately proceeded to give Richardson a piece of her mind. In return, the latter threatened to kill not only the hog, but Bridget herself. This was a little too much for Bridget to stand, and a battle royal took place, which ended in the latter being knocked down, and swelling with indignation, Mrs. McGovern betook herself to Alderman Finch's office, where she entered a complaint against Richardson for surety of the peace and keeping a ferocious dog. She accused gave bail to answer both charges at Court.

Ladies' Apparel.
Now that the warm July days are in, the desire to clothe ourselves in apparel suitable to the condition of the atmosphere, is becoming prevalent. This is more especially the case among those of the gentler sex, who are preparing their wardrobes for a trip to the seaside or some country retreat, as dictated by the decrees of comfort. To the latter we would recommend before starting, a visit to Boggs & Buhl's dry goods establishment, No. 21 Fifth street, to examine the beautiful and varied stock of silks, satins, delaines, all chintz, linens, muslins and calicoes that are now on exhibition there, and at prices as low as any house in the city. Besides the articles named above this firm has on hand a large supply of ladies' furnishing goods, that in quality of textures, for second to none, comprising ribbons, gloves, trimming, point and honiton lace of the most unique pattern and finest texture. To those who have had dealings with Messrs. Bates & Bell, any word in praise we submit, either of them would be regarded as a repetition of what they already know, but to those who have never sustained those relations to these gentlemen, we would say that in all our experience we have never come across more urbane, courteous and clever gentlemen, while the same may be said of their salesmen, at whose hands a customer is always sure to receive courtesy and attention.

Charge Withdrawn.—A young woman named Cornelia Hiller, made information against her husband, Lindhard Hiller, for assault and battery, before Mayor McCarthy, yesterday. The accused was arrested and brought before the Mayor, who immediately began making overtures for a compromise. The negotiation was successful, and after withdrawing the charge, the two, forgetting for a time their domicil in the Fifth ward, The parties have been married some three weeks.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Arrival of Colonel Black's Remains—The Obsequies to take Place Today.

According to arrangement, the body of Colonel Black arrived in this city, yesterday, at one o'clock, accompanied by the Committee of Arrangements, who had received the remains into there hands at Latrobe, having gone their for that purpose. The body was conveyed to the First Presbyterian Church, on Wood street, and placed in the vestibule, immediately inside the central entrance, so that persons can pass in at one of the doors, and after seeing the remains, pass out at the other. The coffin in which the remains are enclosed is of rosewood, highly ornamented on the sides and top with silver mountings, and six heavily carved handles. A silver plate on the top bears the following inscription:

Born September 3d, 1816. Killed at Gaines Mill, June 27th, A. D. 1862.

Falling over the foot of the coffin in graceful folds, is the national ensign draped in mourning. The entire interior of the Church is also appropriately draped, and presents a very neat, chaste and sombre appearance, in keeping with the solemn occasion.

The following is the programme adopted by the Committee of Arrangements.

The following programme and route have been adopted by the Committee of Arrangements:

Religious services will be performed at the First Presbyterian church, Wood street, commencing at 2 o'clock, p. m., to-day, under the direction of the Rev. William A. Passavant.

After which the funeral cortege will be formed and move in the following order:

Police.
Carriages containing officiating clergymen for use of Pall Bearers.
Band.
Escort.
Hearse.
Col. Black's Horse—Sumpter.
Sixty-Second Regiment, Penn'a. Vols.
Carriages containing Pall Bearers and friends of the deceased.
Carriages containing Disabled Soldiers.
Officers and Soldiers of the late War.
(Detachments of regiments will follow each other in the inverse order of their numbers.)
Clergy.
Bench and Bar.
Orders and Societies of which the deceased was a member.
(For such as attend positions will be indicated.)
Citizens generally.

The route of procession will be along Sixth to Irwin street, along Irwin to Penn street, along Penn to the Cemetery. The column will be formed and move under the direction of the Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements.
J. B. SWEARER,
Chairman.

District Attorney and the Magistrates.
We have noticed the fact that the District Attorney obtained a rule on the Mayors of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and a number of Aldermen and Justices of the Peace, to answer for their neglect to comply with the act requiring them to make monthly returns of informations and recognizances. Heretofore they were only required to make returns quarterly. We hear much talk concerning the justice of the rule, and the hardship that bill we have not heard definitely stated, and must confess it is not apparent to us, except it be to give more time for the preparation of indictments. Under the old order, information against parties engaged in the making of their returns, we heard no complaint made of want of sufficient time in the preparation of business for the Grand Jury, and hence it would seem that the plaints in question are for a law, which the District Attorney complains of as unjust, and severe for disregarding, or neglecting to comply with. One effect of the law, we judge, will be to increase the fees of the District Attorney, at the expense of suitors. Assault and battery cases, of which there is a host at each term of the criminal court, magistrates are empowered to settle with the consent of the parties, and informations in these cases, if there have been the cannon not to return until the latest moment, as many are withdrawn upon the eve of the meeting of the court, to save the costs, and expense of proceeding to save time and expense by settling their differences short of the Court House. Such a settlement, of course, involves the payment of costs accrued. Is it the design of the rule to add one or two dollars under his own supervision, as must be the case if the informations are returned? If so, and that the Mayors should be able to realize additional costs, the new arrangement will add very considerably to his emoluments, already sufficiently large, or amply remunerative. The disadvantage to magistrates will be, that instead of being able to secure their legal costs as readily as if the cases were settled at their offices, and in their behalf put to additional trouble, or their purpose, they claim, than to subject the suitor to additional expense, for the benefit of the Commonwealth's officer. Magistrates having the power to fine, for the purpose of these cases, should be allowed to do so without interference or subarraignment, in the manner indicated. But, perhaps, it is intended that the magistrates shall return monthly the informations in cases other than those of assault and battery, which, in fact, we understand the Attorney, in relation to the payment of fees.

For Still Another Hearing.—For the third time, the Mayor yesterday committed John Loop, charged with assault and battery with intent to kill, and larceny, at the house of Elias B. Sharpnock, for a "further hearing."

Church Dedication.—The new U. P. Church at Sharon, Mercer county, was dedicated on Sabbath last, Rev. Col. Clark, of Geneva College, officiating.

DIED.

MORRIS.—On the 19th of June, at his residence, in Norwich, England, Mr. ROBERT MORRIS, for upwards of twenty years a resident of Pittsburgh, Penna.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HILLDALE CEMETERY.—The beautiful "God's-acre," the largest suburban place of sepulture, except one, in the United States, located on New Brighton road, immediately north of Allegheny, and only twenty minutes ride from the city, at Central Drug Store of COON & CLANEY, Allegheny City.

FAIRMAN & SAMSON,
UNDERTAKERS
No. 196 Smithfield St., cor. 7th,
(Entrance from Seventh Street,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
AND 133 SANDUSKY STREET,
ALLEGHENY, PA.

ALEX. AIKEN,
UNDERTAKER,
No. 86 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, HEARSES, HACKS and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriage furnished free. REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D.D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob S. Miller, Esq.

DAULER, CLOSE & CO.,
Practical Furniture Manufacturers,
COR. PENN AND WAYNE STREETS,
Styles of FURNITURE constantly on hand.

F. MUSSMANN,
Fifth Street, between Tunnel and Chatham Streets,
GUNSMITH AND DEALER IN HARDWARE.
First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing done carefully on short notice. mon:ly

PITTSBURGH IRON WORKS.
J. PAINTER & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron Bucket, Tub and Trunk HOOPS AND SHEETS,
feb16:ly PITTSBURGH, PA.

P. C. DUFFY,
MANUFACTURER OF
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware,
And dealer in STOVES, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, WATER COOLERS AND TOILET ARTICLES.
No. 146 Grant Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
This House is the Cheapest place in the city to buy Stoves and Tin Ware. Job Work promptly attended to. my7:3m

D. L. PATTERSON & CO.
MANCHESTER SAW MILLS,
Between Beaver street and Ohio River, Manchester, Pa.
Orders for all kinds of Lumber for building boat siding, deck plank, lath, railing, &c. my7:6m

GRANT HOUSE,
C. M. SEELY, PROP'R,
Corner of Isabella and Federal Streets,
Near the Suspension Bridge,
my19:3m ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

75 BBLS. NEW POTATOES,
10 BBLS. CUCUMBERS;
For sale very low to close consignment.
HENRY REA, Jr.,
jy19 683 LIBERTY ST., opposite Seventh

BRICK MACHINE.—THE NATIONAL BRICK MACHINE makes with one horse power, 50,000 splendid bricks per day with well defined edges and uniform length. If this machine does not perform what we claim for it we will pay the cost and refund the money. Address ABRAM REQUA, General Agent, 141 Broadway New York. apl4:3m

Erie Conference Appointments.
The session of the Erie Conference of M. E. Church, held at Painesville, closed on Wednesday afternoon, after a pleasant, interesting and instructive session. We append the appointments made:

Erie District—J. L. Baker, P. E. Erie First Church, E. A. Johnson; Erie Simpson Chapel, J. H. Tagg; Wesleyville, T. D. Blinn; Green, J. K. Mendenhall; North East, T. Guy; Waterford, F. H. Beck; Mollville, J. Allen; McKean, N. W. Jones; Edinboro, G. Elliott; Fairview, A. Hall; Girard, W. N. Reno; Union, O. L. Mead; Wattsburg and Mina, W. M. Bear; R. D. Waltz; Kingsville, T. P. Warner; Conneaut, W. H. Wilson; Springfield, W. S. Lloyd; Albion, W. A. Maltby; Lockport, C. L. Barnhardt; Ashtabula, W. F. Wilson.

Meadville District—J. W. Lowe, P. E. Meadville, B. Excell, L. D. Williams; Sagertown, J. K. Hallock; Townville, J. Shields; Cochranton, P. Burroughs; Sunville, R. M. Beams; Franklin, J. R. Lyon; Greenville, W. P. Bignell; Salem, G. H. Brown; Sheakleyville, M. Smith; Evansburg, J. Crum; Conneautville, F. Brown; Harmonsburgh, J. Akers; Rockville, J. W. Hill; Espyville, R. Gray; Linesville, R. C. Smith; New Lebanon, J. Scofield, O. Babcock; Delaware Grove, J. G. Hawkins; Oil City, J. Whitely; Beaverville, G. W. Staples. J. Martin, A. H. Dunn, Professors; N. Norton, General Financial Agent of Allegheny College; members Quarterly Conference.

New Castle District—R. A. Caruthers, P. E. New Castle, J. C. Schofield; Mt. Jackson and Shenango, J. F. Hill; New Wilmington, J. F. Perry; Eastbrook and Harrisburg, T. G. McCreary; Harrisville and Centreville, T. Graham; Mercer, O. G McIntyre; Hendersonville, C. Wilson; Waterloo, J. Kokola; Sharon, Washington, A. H. Domer; Clintonville, J. H. Merchant; Poland, J. W. Stoddill; Middlesex, W. H.