THE DAILY GAZETTE.
PUBLISHED BY
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
No. 86 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh.
TERMS:
PER YEAR, BY MAIL.....$8.00.
PER WEEK, SERVED BY CARRIER.....15.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1866.

PITTSBURGH RAILROADS IN CONGRESS.

In the House of Representatives, yesterday, Mr. Thaddeus Stevens called up and passed "a bill to construct a line of railroad between Washington City and the Northwest, for national purposes." It is a bill to authorize the construction of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville railroad. Even conservatives in this city ought to lift their hats, and make obeisance to the great radical.

Yesterday, on the passage, by the House of Representatives, of the bill to authorize the Cleveland and Mahoning Railroad Company to extend its line to Pittsburgh, the vote stood 77 to 42. Le Blond, of Ohio, and Schofield and O'Neil, of Pennsylvania, made the principal opposition. Coffroth, Lawrence, Moonhead, Stevens and Williams voted for the bill. All the other members from this State against it. Mr. Moonhead said that the people of Western Pennsylvania demanded the passage of the bill, or one of a similar import, that communication might be facilitated out West.

General L. P. Milligan, the Indiana Son of Liberty, who was convicted of treason, and sentenced to death,—which sentence was commuted to imprisonment,—recently finished his term and went home. At Bluffton, Ia., on Friday last, he received, naturally enough, an ovation at the hands of the democrats, as a sort of martyr to their principles. He made a speech, in which he abused Lincoln, Johnson, the Union soldiers, and almost everybody except rebels and copperheads. The Chicago *Tribune* gives a full report of this speech, and adds:

"General Milligan's views of Reconstruction coincide with those of Andrew Johnson. He holds that no further legislative action is necessary—all that is wanted is to call the Southern States to come in with their Senators and Representatives, and the work is complete. He holds the same views concerning Congress that are entertained by the President and Secretary McCulloch, although he does not call them "these men," nor does he use that elegant Indiana plurale, "Constitution Sinkers." Nevertheless, he coincides with the Secretary of the Treasury in reproating in severe terms the attempts of Congress to amend the Constitution. The only way he (Milligan) would consent to amend it would be by establishing more firmly the doctrine of State Rights. Here again he holds the views expressed by the President in his veto of the Civil Rights Bill. Indeed, the points of resemblance between the democracy of Indiana and the Johnson party are so many, that it is hard to tell where the one ends and the other begins."

The Constitutional Amendment gains strength in the Senate, and will probably pass before the week shall close. The House will concur in the changes made in the Senate. Most of the Republican members of the two Houses desired a more radical measure, but yielded from a desire to promote unity of action among themselves, and between the Houses and the Executive. Thus the door for reconciliation with the President has been opened. He has been appealed to by Republican members thus to secure harmony. Possibly he will. If he shall not, there is a strong probability that the Southern States will accept the Congressional plan, and close out the great debate.

The Republicans of Cambria county, on Monday last, nominated for Congress Daniel J. Morrell (subject to conference); for Assembly, John J. Glass; for Associate Judges, John Williams and Charles B. Ellis; for Register and Recorder, Wm. A. McDermitt. The Convention

Resolved, That we are proud to know that the late Union Convention of the State of Pennsylvania took no step backward, but held the flag of our country full high advanced, with liberty inscribed on its folds; that the platform of the Convention meets with our entire approbation.

The St. Louis *Dispatch* says:

"We have received intelligence, of an indisputable character, of a contemplated enterprise against the lives and liberties of the people of Missouri, which deserves grave and solemn consideration. The scheme is one to smite down the people and subject them to a hideous and insupportable despotism, under the false pretext of enforcing the law. An army is being raised, right now, for this purpose."

The Governor and other State officers are at the head of the movement. Timid people need not be alarmed.

The Sons of Ham, a colored organization at Memphis, being desirous of parading on the 6th of June, the anniversary of the re-occupation of that city by the national troops, and being warned by the rebel papers not to do so, asked Mayor Park's permission. That dignified official returned their application, with the following indorsement: "The Sons of Ham and all other sons can do just as they please, provided they do not break civil law."

The *Congressional Globe* was eagerly scanned this morning, to see if an indecent allusion to President Johnson, made yesterday by Mr. Thad. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, appeared. I am happy to say that it has been suppressed—it would have been better if it had not been said.—*New York Commercial.*

Wouldn't it be an improvement, also, if some, at least, of the "indecent allusions" to Mr. Stevens in the conservative newspapers should be "suppressed?"

The declining health of Judge Wilson, of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Ohio, has raised an expectation of a vacancy, either by resignation or otherwise, that is creating some disturbance in politics. It is reported that the Honorables Columbus Delano, Rufus B. Spalding and John A. Bingham are candidates for the expected vacancy.

The New York *World* grows suspicious of the Johnson Republicans. It says, in effect, that they act as if they wanted to get the offices, but do not mean to vote for Democratic candidates for Congress. If that is an impeachment, some of the persons referred to are doubtless liable to it.

The Chicago *Journal* says a private letter from London, dated May 12th, says: "The financial storm has been frightful. Sir Morton Peto, amongst others, had to suspend, but will resume and go on as before. Mr. McHenry will pass safely through."

It is confidently expected that under the House bill, which passed the Senate on Wednesday—to facilitate commercial, postal and military intercourse between the States, a deadly blow has been aimed at the Camden and Amboy monopoly.

Gen. Howard's statement to Congress of the conduct of his assistants and their subordinates in the Freedmen's Bureau, is a complete answer to the report of Generals Steadman and Fullerton.

The Sons of Ham, a colored organization at Memphis, being desirous of parading on the 6th of June, the anniversary of the re-occupation of that city by the national troops, and being warned by the rebel papers not to do so, asked Mayor Park's permission. That dignified official returned their application, with the following indorsement: "The Sons of Ham and all other sons can do just as they please, provided they do not break civil law."

The *Congressional Globe* was eagerly scanned this morning, to see if an indecent allusion to President Johnson, made yesterday by Mr. Thad. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, appeared. I am happy to say that it has been suppressed—it would have been better if it had not been said.—*New York Commercial.*

Wouldn't it be an improvement, also, if some, at least, of the "indecent allusions" to Mr. Stevens in the conservative newspapers should be "suppressed?"

The declining health of Judge Wilson, of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Ohio, has raised an expectation of a vacancy, either by resignation or otherwise, that is creating some disturbance in politics. It is reported that the Honorables Columbus Delano, Rufus B. Spalding and John A. Bingham are candidates for the expected vacancy.

The New York *World* grows suspicious of the Johnson Republicans. It says, in effect, that they act as if they wanted to get the offices, but do not mean to vote for Democratic candidates for Congress. If that is an impeachment, some of the persons referred to are doubtless liable to it.

The Chicago *Journal* says a private letter from London, dated May 12th, says: "The financial storm has been frightful. Sir Morton Peto, amongst others, had to suspend, but will resume and go on as before. Mr. McHenry will pass safely through."

It is confidently expected that under the House bill, which passed the Senate on Wednesday—to facilitate commercial, postal and military intercourse between the States, a deadly blow has been aimed at the Camden and Amboy monopoly.

Gen. Howard's statement to Congress of the conduct of his assistants and their subordinates in the Freedmen's Bureau, is a complete answer to the report of Generals Steadman and Fullerton.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOLUME LXXX.—NO. 128. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.
TWO EDITIONS ISSUED,
ON WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
The edition is forwarded which will reach the subscribers soonest as the mail run.
TERMS:
SINGLE COPIES, PER YEAR.....$1.50
CLUBS OF FIVE.....1.25
CLUBS OF TEN AND UPWARDS.....1.12

Meeting of the 139th.

Members of the late 139th Pennsylvania Regiment held a meeting on Wednesday evening, at the Pension Agency room, in the Custom House, for the purpose of making arrangements to attend the flag presentation at Philadelphia on the Fourth of July. Gen. F. H. Collier was called upon to preside, and Capt. S. C. Schoyer chosen Secretary. Gen. Collier, Col. John Snodgrass, Capt. W. P. Herbert, Lieut. Samuel Harper and Sergt. Solinus Keefe, were appointed a committee to make such arrangements as may be necessary to secure the attendance of a large delegation of the regiment, with authority to concur and act with similar committees from other Western Pennsylvania regiments. The meeting unanimously voted to take part in the demonstration, and the Secretary was instructed to communicate with the members of the Regiment not present in reference to the matter. After a full interchange of views the meeting adjourned till Monday, June 11, at 7½ o'clock, at the Pension Agency.

We are requested to state that Capt. Schoyer will receive the names of such members of the Regiment as desire to go to Philadelphia, at any time between this and the next meeting, either by letter or by person.

Warning from Incendiaries.

Certain proprietors of manufacturing establishments in the Ninth ward, yesterday received anonymous notes of warning, informing them that their mills were to be destroyed by fire on the 15th instant. There can be no doubt but that neighborhood is infested with a gang of villainous incendiaries, and their letters of warning may be very important. The police have spotted certain individuals whom they suspicion with starting some of the recent Ninth ward fires. Their is a preparations of powder and lead awaiting the first person discovered prowling after night about some of the establishments threatened. The incendiaries should take the fact into consideration before venturing to kindle another conflagration.

Fire.—Yesterday morning about seven o'clock a shed attached to the residence of Earnest Myler, in Pennsylvania avenue, caught fire by the upsetting of a stove, which had been placed in it but the day before. By the exertions of the neighbors the fire was suppressed without doing any serious damage.

FAIRMAN & SAMSON,
UNDERTAKERS,
No. 196 Smithfield St., cor. 7th,
(Entrance from Seventh Street,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
AND 133 SANDUSKY STREET,
ALLEGHENY, PA.
my24:4t82

HILLDALE CEMETERY.—A rural and most picturesque place of Sepulture, situate on the plank, immediately north of Allegheny City, on the New Brighton Road. Persons wishing to select Burial Lots will apply at the Superintendent's office, at the Cemetery. Title Deeds, Permits and all other business will be attended to at the Drug Warehouse of the undersigned, corner of Federal and Lacock streets, Allegheny.
GEO. A. KELLY,
Secretary and Treasurer.

WATCHES.
GOLD CHAINS.
WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW STOCK OF
Gold Chains,
OF THE
LATEST PATTERNS.
Call and see them at
DUNSEATH & CO.'S,
56 FIFTH STREET, OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.
my25

FOR
WATCHES,
CLOCKS AND JEWELRY,
AT THE CHEAPEST PRICES IN THE CITY,
GO TO
WILL T. WILEY'S,
NO. 6 WYLIE STREET.
my22:3t10

CLOAKS, &c.
CLOAKS! CLOAKS!!
NEW CLOAKS
JUST RECEIVED AT THE
FIFTH ST. CLOAK HOUSE.
ELEGANT CLOTH SACQUES
Selling at $2,50,
AT THE
New Cloak House, 49 Fifth St.,
Opposite Old Theatre.
my25

FOR
PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, FANCY GOODS, COMBS, BRUSHES, TOILET SOAPS, SUPPORTERS, SHOULDER BRACES, PATENT MEDICINES, SHAKER HERBS, CONFECTIONERY, PERFUMES, &c., &c., &c., GO TO
BROWN, No. 88 St. Clair Street.

CONSIGNMENTS.
500 bush. Peach Blow Potatoes;
200 bbls. do do do
do Pine Apples;
30 boxes prime Lemons;
100 boxes W. B. Cheese;
25 cases Canned Tomatoes;
1 second-hand Wagon;
500 pounds Bacon Sides,
Received and for sale by
POTTER, AIKEN & SHEPARD,
26 Liberty street.

CONSIGNMENTS RECEIVED AND FOR SALE.—4 car loads Potatoes, sacks and bbls
20 boxes Messina Oranges;
20 do do Lemons;
1000 Cocoa Nuts;
1000 Pine Apples;
50 barrels Eggs;
50 do White Lime;
50 dozen Wooden Canal Wash Tubs;
Butter, Lard, &c.,
W. A. STEPHENSON & BRO.,
No. 133 Third Street.

GRAIN IN STORE and to arrive:
5,000 bush. strictly prime Minnesota Club Wheat to arrive;
1,500 do Rye, to arrive;
1,000 do prime Shelled Corn, in City Elevator;
2,000 do do Club Wheat, do do
500 do do Spring Barley, do do
For sale by HITCHCOCK, McCHESNEY & CO.,
OFFICE UP STAIRS. No. 249 Liberty Street.

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE.
500 bbls. select brands Winter and Spring Wheat Flour;
3 cars Milwaukee Club—in Elevator;
1 car do White Wheat;
2 cars Rye—to arrive;
2 cars choice Peach Blow Potatoes;
For sale by H. KNOX & SON,
my15 No. 79 Diamond, Allegheny.

100 BBLS. MICHIGAN CIDER;
200 bbls. Peach Blow Potatoes;
100 do Phœnix Mills Flour;
600 bushels Oats;
1,000 barrels Salt,
in store and for sale by
W. E. JONES, KENNEDY & HARPER,
my22 No. 76 Federal street, Allegheny.

SUGAR CURED HAMS.—A Fresh supply of the celebrated Star Brand Sugar Cured Dried Beef and Breakfast Bacon, just received from Cincinnati, and for sale by the firm or single ham, at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. BENSHAW,
my22 Corner of Liberty and Hand streets.

MAPLE SUGAR—16 bbls. Granulated Maple Sugar, and 2 boxes Cakes, for sale by
BROMLEY & LANG,
my14 172 and 174 Wood street.

ENGLISH PAPER HANGINGS.—An assortment of RED PAPERS, with and without bold, to arrive next week.
W. F. MARSHALL, 87 Wood street.
my26

POTATOES—700 bushels prime Peach Blow Potatoes, in store and for sale by
HITCHCOCK, McCHESNEY & CO.,
my10 249 Liberty street.

BUCKWHEAT—500 bush. Seed Buckwheat in store, in lots to suit.
HITCHCOCK, McCHESNEY & CO.,
my10 249 Liberty street.

LARD OIL—10 bbls. No. 1 and 20 bbls. No. 2, in store for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
my24

LUBRICATING OIL—75 bbls. of the superior "Noleanie Oil,"
HENRY H. COLLINS.
my22

CHIMNEY TOPS—200 beautiful patterns.
HENRY H. COLLINS.

CEMENT—200 bbls. of the best qualities.
HENRY H. COLLINS.
(my20)

PLASTER—150 bbls. Calcined Plaster.
HENRY H. COLLINS.
(my20)

TALLOW OIL—15 bbls. in store for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

CEDAR BOARDS—2000 feet to arrive for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

COTTON—18 bales to arrive by Railroad, for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

PEANUTS—150 sacks in store for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

CITY ITEMS.

Boys' Shoes for 15c.
At Concert Hall Shoe Store.

Boys' Shoes for 15c,
At Concert Hall Shoe Store.

Boys' Shoes for 15c.
At Concert Hall Shoe Store.

Boys' Shoes for 15c.
At Concert Hall Shoe Store.

Boys' Shoes for 15c.
At Concert Hall Shoe Store.

Boys' Shoes for 15c.
At Concert Hall Shoe Store.

Boys' Shoes for 15c.
At Concert Hall Shoe Store.

At Concert Hall Shoe Store
They warrant every pair they sell.

Gent's Broadway Walking Shoes,
Very cheap, at Concert Hall Shoe Store, No. 69 Fifth street.

All That's Desirable
In the Boot and Shoe line can be found at Concert Hall Shoe Store, No. 69 Fifth street.

Boots and Shoes
Are selling at prices at Concert Hall Shoe Store that will astonish the oldest inhabitant.

A New Lot
Of very handsome gents' Congress Boots and Oxford Ties in store to-day. Concert Hall Shoe Store.

Prices Lower
Than at any time during the last twelve months, at Concert Hall Shoe Store. Come and see.

It's an Even Thing
That you get your money's worth, at Gardiner's Concert Hall Shoe Store, No. 69 Fifth street.

Ladies.
You will find an endless variety of Boots and Shoes at Concert Hall Shoe Store, cheapest prices in the city.

Have You Seen
Those shoes that will not wear out, cost no more than any other shoes and look better, at 69 Fifth street

The Goods
At Concert Hall Shoe Store are of the most superior quality, and to my own order and warranted superior to any in the city.

Gentlemen,
Have you seen those elegant custom made hand-sewed French calf boots, at Concert Hall Shoe Store, selling cheaper than you can buy them at the manufacturers.

Humphrey's Homœpathic
Medicines for sale at Fulton's Drug store, No. 138 Smithfield street.

Dress Goods.
Cheap for cash, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

Dress Goods,
A good assortment, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

Dry Goods
In great variety, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

Dress Goods
Now opening, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

Shellaby & Barclay
Have just opened a very cheap stock of plain lawns and plain ginghams—all colors. Call and see them, 64 and 66 Market street.

Standard Muslins
Can be bought as cheap to-day at Shellaby & Barclay's as they could one week ago, notwithstanding the advance in the last few days in the Eastern markets. Before purchasing your muslins, prints, checks and ginghams, call and see the stock, at 64 and 66 Market street.

Purest and Sweetest
Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh selected livers on the sea coast. This oil is characterized by a sweetness and purity peculiar to it alone. Its reputation is so great that it takes the lead of other oils, and is universally prescribed by physicians. Remember to ask for Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil.
Caswell, Mack & Co., New York,
Sole manufacturers.
For sale at wholesale in Pittsburgh by R. E. Sellers & Co. At retail by all Druggists.
mh23:Fd&wom

Most Extraordinary.
A few days ago we recorded one of the most extraordinary cures ever effected by the power of medicine. It was that of a lady in England of cancer, which had eaten off the nose, part of the cheek and neck, with a general impairment of the health. We now refer to another cure of a little girl in this city, who for three years of suffering, wholly unable to walk, without even being able to wear shoes on her feet, is now restored to health, so as to be able to go to school for the past seven months.

Still another of a girl seven years of age, who, from a year old, was afflicted with sores on the head and neck. The hair of the head became matted together, and her situation was really deplorable. She is now well. Most persons who take an interest in such matters will remember the case of Mr. Boyd, who is now an active and intelligent partner in the extensive Monument Marble and Slate Mantle Works, at 313 Libery street, Pittsburgh, who is a living witness of the healing virtues of Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher.

These cases were all cured by Dr. Keyser, of 110 Wood street, with his Blood Searcher. One of the little girls alluded to, was, perhaps, the worst case of disease ever known to get well. As many as thirty ulcers and sores covered the various parts of the body, and the bare bones were visible under the play of the muscles. Dead pieces of bone were continually worked and discharged during the use of the medicine. By its powerful purifying properties, the system put on a new action, and a new consistency was given to the blood, which drove out and cured the noxious humors and supplied in their stead healthy parts, and a proper use of the functions which keep up and animate the powers of life.

In purchasing, call and take no other. Look for the name of "Geo. H. Keyser" over the top of the bottle. Sold by the proprietor, 149 Wood street, and at Geo. A. Kelly's, Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

Be On the Alert! Danger is at Hand.
This has been a sickly season. The medical faculty prophesy evil in the future. They think pestilence is on the wing for America. Suppose this to be true, what is the best defense against it? REDOUBLED NERVOUS VIGOR. This is the only protection against PANIC, as well as against the PRINCIPLE OF INFECTION. Why do not those who predict the epidemic propose an adequate preventive? There IS one; a tonic, nervine and alterative, competent to shield the system against the subtle elements of disease, whether they float hither on the winds from distant lands, or rise like vapor from our own soil, or are incorporated with the universal fluid. This ONE PREVENTIVE, of which there is no duplicate among the compounds either of the Old World or the New, is

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

Remember that it is a specific for all the complaints which lay the system open to visitations of deadly epidemics. If you are dyspeptic it renews the vigor of your digestive powers, gives you appetite, and restores your cheerfulness. If you are nervous, it invigorates every fibre of your nervous system; from the base of the brain, where it begins, to the extremities, where it terminates. If you are bilious, it disciplines your unruly livers and brings the action of that organ into harmony with the laws of health. It is, in short, an invigorant and alterative so powerful that Nature, with Hostetter's Bitters for her ally, may bid defiance alike to native malaria and foreign infection. If this enemy we hear of, this disease which is desolating Europe, is really bound hitherward, it behooves the *prudent to put on their armor*, to clothe themselves with invulnerability as far as human means will permit, by preparing the system for resistance with this pure vegetable antidote.

Hostetter's Bitters
Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Market, near Fourth street.

CITY ITEMS.

The Best Yard Wide
Twenty-five cent muslin in the city, just been opened, at Shellaby & Barclay's.

Black Silks
On the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

The Security Life Insurance Company, Of New York, as its name imports, is conducted with a careful regard to the legitimate object of Life Insurance, *security*. Office No. 20 Fifth street.

Keeler's Patent Nett and Tare Scale, At Park Brothers' Steel Works, shows the weight of wagon and the weight of the load, both at the same time, in plain figures, but separately. It saves all mistakes. Nothing equal to it.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure.
The only remedy ever discovered that will surely and permanently cure dyspepsia, indigestion, sick headache, and enable dyspeptics to eat hearty food without fear of distress, can be obtained at all our drug stores.
Agent for Pittsburgh, Joseph Fleming, Druggist, No. 84 Market street.

Cheap Hats.
A large and fashionable stock of all the new and fashionable styles of Hats and Caps, at the extensive and popular house of Wm. Fleming, No. 139 Wood street. Gent's Fine Silk and Cassimere Hats, French Felt Hats, Men and Boys' Fur and Wool Hats; Gent's, Boys' and Children's Straw Goods and Misses' Hats, wholesale or retail.

A Full Line
Of all kinds of fine and medium grade white goods, such as plain, barred and striped goods jaconets and nainsooks, plain and striped swisses, mulls, brilliants, victoria and bishop lawns, &c. An auction lot of the above goods just opened, at Shellaby & Barclay's, and will be sold very cheap. Call and see this stock, at the original bee hive stand, 64 and 66 Market street.

A Card.
Mr. Charles Barnard, Clerkenwell, London, begs leave to inform the public of the United States that he is about to introduce to their notice a new pen, recently made by him, called the Carbonized Pen, being rendered, from its peculiar construction, less liable to corrode than the ordinary Steel Pen. Mr. Barnard feels confident it will be used in preference to even that of gold. The point being extremely smooth, it is peculiarly adapted to rough and unglazed paper. With Arnold's writing fluid or red ink the Carbonized Pen has no equal.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Appointments Confirmed by the Senate—Wheat Shipped from Europe to America, the First Instance on Record—Quarantine Regulations—Thirty-five Million Dollars of Gold Sold by the Government Since the 1st ultimo—Report on the Timber Question.

Washington, May 31.—The senate in executive session to-day, confirmed the nomination of James Wilson, of Indiana, as Minister resident at Venezuela, William Faxon, of Connecticut, to be Assistant Secretary of the Navy, vice Foster resigned, and the latter to be an additional Secretary of the Navy for six months under the recent act of Congress. The senate also confirmed William P. Smith, so long and so popularly known as Master of Transportation of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, as Collector of Internal Revenue for the Third district of Maryland. Edward Fox to be Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Maine, and James L. Smith, of Iowa, to be Agent at the Otoe and Missouri Agency.

Our consul at Liverpool writes, under date of May 18th: "some two weeks ago I advised you of the shipment from this port to New York of some five thousand bushels of wheat. I now have to inform the Department of State that the City of York, which sails to-morrow takes as freight four hundred and ninety-eight casks of French wheat flour, valued at one thousand and forty-six pounds sterling. I think this is the first instance of the shipment of French flour from this port for the United States, and probably the first time flour has ever been shipped as merchandize from Europe to America."

The secretary of the Treasury has addressed a circular to Collectors of Customs directing attention to the joint resolution of Congress, approved May 20th, 1866, and the act of January 25th, 1799, repealing quarantine and health laws. He says: "You will, without delay, place yourselves in communication with your respective State and municipal authorities and request them, so far as the force under your control will permit, in executing such quarantine and health laws and regulations, as may be established by them, to prevent the introduction of cholera into the ports of the United States."

The following is an official translation, from *La France* newspaper, of the 5th of May:

"The enlistment of Austrian volunteers for Mexico has been countermanded. Those enlisted have been discharged, and the number of Poles to be enrolled in the army of the north."

The Attorney General has decided that the act of March 3, 1863, withdraws and appropriates to the Vallejo claimants, all the lands within the limits of the Suscol Ranch in California, where the claimants may establish their rights according to the requirements of that act. This decision has been sanctioned by the Secretary of the Interior, and becomes an authority for disposing of millions additional to those already sold cases coming up under the act of 1862. The register and receiver at San Francisco will be instructed accordingly.

The Commissioner of the Land office has issued a circular, calling upon the Surveyor General to report the number of acres of unclaimed public lands in Nevada, with a view to a survey. The report of the Secretary of the Treasury, with reference to the sales of gold, will probably be sent to Congress on Monday. It is stated it will show total sales amounting to about $35,000,000, at a premium since the first inst., of 30½ per cent. Also, that no gold was sold in March and April, for a less premium than 40 per cent.

A long and exhaustive report upon the timber question of the West was to-day transmitted to the House Committee on Public Lands by Judge Edmonds, Commissioner of the General Land Office, in reply to a call for information under the resolution of Representative Donnelly, as to the expediency of making experiments in promoting the growth of forests on the Western plains. Judge Edmonds states that the vast Western plains and plateaus can only be rendered habitable by planting forests which will fertilize and moisten the soil, soften and modify the climate, and protect men, animals and crops from the desolating winds of those regions. The supply of timber in the Western two thirds of the Union is shown to be very meagre. While the pineries region is vast in extent, while our population has arisen from three to thirty-three millions, we have gone through and wantonly destroyed the primeval forests and now enter upon the margin of the great prairies with our original store three fourths consumed, the demand accelerated and the consumers to increase from thirty-three to fifty millions during this century. Extend the time fifty years into the next century, and unless we commence to grow forests, we may be driven to the use of boards three inches wide, as in China at the present time. It is not apparent that we should at once cease to needlessly destroy and commence to produce timber.

The Commissioner thinks the object cannot be accomplished by granting alternate sections of land, as the homestead act already gives land upon the condition of settlement, for the cost of planting and caring for infant forests. Alternate sectional grants would be an inadequate consideration. He is not prepared to recommend any general system to encourage the growth of forests, but thinks one may be matured after free discussion, and when information is compiled as to the extent of natural forests, &c., which is now being prepared by the agents of this office. He closed with three suggestions:

First. That the Homestead act be so amended as to oblige the planting of trees by the settlers; second, that Government surveyors be required to plant the seeds of trees adapted to the climate around each established corner; third, that grants may, with propriety, be made for the purpose of demonstrating the possibility and feasibility of growing forests upon the great western plains. Such an experiment would stimulate individual energy in that direction, which, after all, is the only reliable and efficient power for so great a work, and would further a result which might aid in the development of some general system.

TELEGRAMS.

ADDITIONAL BY THE COSTA RICA.

Panama in a State of Excitement.

THE GOVERNMENT UNPOPULAR AND FEEBLE.

Defeat of Spaniards at Callao.

New York, May 31.—Since the sailing of the last steamer, Panama has been kept in a state of excitement by the report of a revolution being nightly expected. The present Government is so unpopular and feeble that, with a force of only three hundred soldiers, it is in hourly expectation of the overthrow of power, and it can only keep itself in office by the most stringent measures. Great disappointment has been felt by the residents of Panama that President Mosquera did not visit the Isthmus and see for himself the evils of an administration manifesting a standing army to support against the *vox populi*.

The last steamer from the South brings confirmation of the defeat of the Spaniards at Callao. The Spaniards received a most signal defeat, and have left in terrible disgrace, it is said, for Montevideo.

Prior to his departure from Callao, Admiral Vanes, the Spanish Commander, addressed a communication to the British Consul, saying, in the usual bombast in which he writes, that having chastised the province, he was leaving the waters of the Pacific, ready at any time to return, in the event of Peru again growing insolent. It may be added, that his dispatch does not contain one solitary truth; that it is entirely fictitious.

Trade on the coast is brightening up again and will be all right in a couple of months.

There is no news of importance from Central America.

Guatemala has declined to join Chili and Peru against Spain, as have also Salvador and Costa Rica, and very sensibly, too, for it would be of no use, their making a declaration of war, when they are in no condition to fight.

THE CHOLERA AT NEW YORK.

Forty-nine New Cases at the Lower Quarantine.

New York, May 31.—Eleven new cases of cholera are reported on the steamer Union, and thirty-eight on the steamer Peruvian at the Lower Quarantine. The number of sick received on the hospital ship, May 30th, from the Union was forty-five, and from the Peruvian twenty-nine, of whom fourteen died

Steamboat Explosion on the Mississippi—Loss of Life—Steamer Snagged.

Memphis, May 31.—The steamer City of Memphis, from New Orleans for St. Louis, exploded at the foot of Buck island, forty miles below Cairo, at eight o'clock this morning, tearing away the forward cabin and setting the boat on fire. She had twenty-eight cabin and sixty deck passengers. The following are among the lost: Mr. Smith, of Evansville, Indiana; Mrs. Doune, of Deagle's Varieties; Pilot, Frank Perdue; George Britton, Steersman; George Hanger, St. Louis; First Engineer, Harrison Fox; Second Steward, C. A. Hamilton; cabin boy, James Robinson. The following were scalded: Mr. Wakefield, St. Louis; Mrs. Sellom, Jefferson; Samuel Harris, Second Mate, leg broken; Nicholas Burns, Second Engineer, leg broken; Smith, Third Engineer, slightly. About sixty persons are supposed lost and injured.

The steamer St. Patrick brought up the survivors. The City of Memphis was owned by the Atlantic Steamship Company, valued at twenty thousand dollars, and insured.

The steamer Prairie State struck a snag south of a bend in the Arkansas river, on Tuesday night, and sank over her lower decks. She was owned in St. Louis. She will be raised. There are no further particulars.

The clothing store of Mr. Ullmann, on front street, took fire this morning. The flames communicated to the warehouse of Messrs. Neville, Rose & Company, and M. Wolfe. The fire spread rapidly but finally was checked. The loss is thirty thousand dollars, mostly insured.

Detailed Account of the Bombardment at Callao.

New York, May 31.—A Panama paper furnishes a detailed account of the bombardment of Callao. It appears that after the failure of Nunez to make any serious impression upon the forts, he directed his fire upon the city of Callao, but the various articles had been removed before the engagement; and although three thousand shot and shell were thrown into the city, the injury inflicted was trifling. After the bombardment, Admiral Nunez addressed a singular letter to the British Charge d'Affaires, in which he says: Having chastised Peru for the unjust provocation given by her Government, by the bombardment of Callao and the attack on her fortifications, of which many and heavy guns only three were replying to the fire of this squadron, when I retired to its anchorage. The undersigned has the honor to announce that from this date the blockade of Callao is raised, and the squadron leaves the waters of Peru, at the same time assuring him that if the Government of Peru should molest or permit injuries to be done to Spanish residents in Peru, the naval forces of her Catholic Majesty will return to these waters and revenge the same. The fleet had sailed from before Callao, and business was being resumed.

Another Fire in St. Louis.

St. Louis, May 31.—A building on Market street, opposite the Court House, known as Wyman's Hall, recently occupied as the Metropolitan Theatre, and several adjoining stores were burned to-night. The loss is estimated at $60,000, partially insured.

The loss by the fire on Wednesday night is much larger than was at first supposed. About 2,200 barrels of whisky were burned. The total loss by the fire was over $200,000, mostly insured. The Government tax was not paid on the whisky.

Preparation of a New Tariff Bill—Expected Large Return of Government Bonds.

New York, May 31.—The evening papers say a new tariff bill is preparing in the Treasury Department.

An army surgeon just from Texas gives gloomy accounts of affairs in that State.

Advices received by the Government from Germany indicate a large return of United States bonds within the next few months, in consequence of the unsettled condition of affairs in Europe.

The Test Oath in Georgia—Act of Congress Repugnant to the Constitution.

Augusta, Ga., 31.—In the case of W. Law, contesting the constitutionality of the Test Oath as applied to the jurors, the Circuit Court at Savannah, Judge Erskine to-day decided that the act of Congress approved January 24th 1865, so far as it was intended to apply to this case, is repugnant to the Constitution of the United States.

Suicide at Poughkeepsie.

Poughkeepsie, May 31.—A young man named Jacob Anthes, committed suicide in this city this afternoon, by blowing his brains out with a revolver. The cause was embarrassment in business and love. The affair has created considerable excitement.

Canadian Cabinet Called and Ministers Hurrying to Ottawa.

New York, May 31.—A special dispatch to the *Herald*, from Toronto, on the 31st, says:

The *Daily Telegraph*, of this evening, has a dispatch from Montreal to-day, saying one thousand stand of arms were seized at St. Albans yesterday, concealed in a box marked machinery. When seized they were turned over to the American authorities at Burlingtonia. The sensation created here last night is great.

The *Telegraph* says that the Great Western railway, which had received notice to be ready to move troops, have telegraphed to the Grand Trunk Company to allow them the use of their rolling stock.

Col. Durie this morning received orders from Ottawa to notify all officers in this district to be ready to move at once for active service, if required. The city, during the morning, has been rather excited.

Canadians now admit that Sweeny is desperately in earnest, and will attempt invasion. The Government is loudly censured for withdrawing the troops from the frontier and leaving the border towns at the mercy of the Fenians.

Toronto, May 31.—The excitement is increasing and volunteering has again commenced with energy. The news of the determination of the Government to call out the volunteers caused great rejoicing. There is no alarm, and business is going on as usual. Clifton and Fort Erie are the most likely the blow is about to be struck. Rumor says the Fenians are collecting on the line of the St. Lawrence.

The Cabinet has been called together, and the Ministers are hurrying to Ottawa.

The *Evening Telegraph* has a reliable special from Hamilton, saying that at 11 o'clock the troops there were called out by bugle, and preparations have been made by the Great Western Railroad for an emergency.

It also has a dispatch from Buffalo, dated 2 P. M., saying the Fenians are constantly receiving additions to their numbers. They are very secret and will divulge nothing, except that they are going to California. It is believed that two armed and uniformed men went into the province to rise at night and seize the arms in the Government buildings on the frontier.

Rochester, May 31.—Forty hundred disguised young men left the Fitchburg depot by the 5:30 train this afternoon. They were quite well armed. Nothing could be ascertained of their destination, but report says they were Fenians and had tickets for Ogdensburg.

Toronto, May 31.—The reports that the Great Western trains have been stopped or interrupted in consequence of the Fenian movements, are incorrect. They continue to run precisely as usual. There is very little excitement. The military authorities are on the alert, and all needful precautions have been taken.

Further reports of the Fenian activity in New York show the total amount in the treasury at present about seven hundred dollars. Marshal Murray, it is stated, has received orders to suppress all Fenian movements.

New Haven, May 31.—One company of Fenians, one hundred strong, left here this evening, bound North.

Decoration of Graves of Confederate Soldiers.

Richmond, May 31.—The floral decoration of the graves of Confederate soldiers buried at Hollywood, for which extensive preparation had been made, took place to-day. Business was suspended in the city, and nearly the entire white population repaired to the cemetery during the day, to take part in, or witness the memorial honor. There was no speaking or formal ceremony. The proceedings passed off quietly and without accident. The weather was clear and delightful.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, May 31, 1866.

Mr. Ramsey, from the Naval Committee, reported a resolution for the relief of General Forbes, contractor for the building of the iron clad "Idaho."

Mr. Wilson, from the Committee of the two Houses on the death of Gen. Scott, reported a resolution of respect and veneration for the memory of the deceased, and that, as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, when the two Houses adjourned today, it be to meet on Monday next, and that a Joint Committee of seven Senators and nine Representatives be appointed to represent Congress at the funeral of the Lieutenant General.

The resolution was adopted unanimously.

The Senate agreed to report a Committee of Conference on the bill to amend the Pension Laws.

The Tax Bill was received from the House and referred to the Finance Committee.

The Reconstruction resolution was taken up. The pending question was on the substitute for section No. 3.

Mr. Doolittle moved to amend by inserting the words "voluntarily shall have" before the words "engaged in insurrection." Rejected, by 10 against 30.

Mr Doolittle opposed the section above given as a new punishment for an offence already committed. He objected to it as making no distinction between those who were forced into the rebellion and those who voluntarily entered into it. It was founded in injustice, and