The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 9, 1866.

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FINANCE AND TRADE.

TUESDAY, MAY 8, 1866.

—We take the following details, in reference to the failure of the Merchants' National Bank at Washington, D. C., from the Baltimore *Sun*, of Monday:

The suspension of the Merchants' Nat. bank at Washington appears to have mainly resulted from the failure of the private banking and stock firm of Bayne & Co., of this city, and it is understood in financial circles that a few of the incorporated banks of our city suffer also by the failure of the house in question, but their losses are not serious. The private banking house of Maury & Co., of Washington, was also brought to suspension on Saturday, by involvement with the Merchants' National Bank, but it is stated in their behalf that there is good reason to believe they will soon be able to resume operations. Bayne & Co. have, it is understood, made an assignment of all their assets to secure their large indebtedness, several hundred thousand dollars, to the Merchants' National Bank, as well as the amounts due others. The liabilities of the Merchants' National Bank will exceed $1,000,000, while its capital was but $250,000, and the available assets are less than $500,000. And yet we see it stated in a Washington paper that one paymaster of the army had on deposit in the bank $900,000—the institution having been designated as a Government depository—the paymaster representing also that recently he had drawn some $200,000 from other depositories to place in this bank, at the instance of officers of the National Banks in Washington, on the hypothesis that it would enable the Merchants' National Bank to overcome some temporary difficulties and thereby secure the other amounts deposited therein. All this is anything but a tight indication of how National Banks may regard their peculiar relation to the government and its bonds, and how the manipulation and credit of the Government at may be indirectly brought to bolster private interests, fancy stock schemes, and general speculation. While the process of currency inflation went on there was a chance of even this illegitimate trade working out successfully to the parties concerned, but with the change that has consequent on the vast national expenditure that heard the inflation, and the consequent movement in the money market, and of contraction commenced—all such change was at once done, obviously to the practical mind such a turning point was not the period for the success of new credit projects, large capitalizing schemes on paper, &c., and those that had already been undertaken and had not accomplished successful and well proved achievement equal to the expectations created, must feel the effects of such a change also. Hence we see the wilting of the stocks of many companies, mining, oil, &c., projected during the inflation. Even where there may be value to a more or less extent, they must be postponed to a more fitting season.

—There was literally but one subject of discussion in financial circles during the greater portion of last week; it was the new loan bill providing for a consolidation of the national debt. Singular to say it has called forth on all sides a degree of approbation that is scarcely met with among the bankers, who are on most occasions disposed to factious and fault-finding in respect to everything that is brought forward in Congress respecting matters in which they assume to have a special interest. We note this fact with peculiar pleasure, because on a matter of so much importance it is well to have the endorsement of all classes of the community. Its effect upon the outstanding government bonds was noticeable in the immediate rise in the prices of the various issues, and upon the stock market generally in imparting to it a firmer and more buoyant tone. The Ten Forty bonds were especially affected, and as our readers will be negotiated at par, the ten-forties must rise to about the same price. And there are indications that this point will be reached in a very short time, for their price has been steadily advancing for some weeks past—in consequence partly of the increased demand from the national banks, which hold a very large proportion of the one hundred and ninety millions of these bonds. No one who has watched the market for Government securities can doubt that in the present and prospective state of the national credit, we we shall be able to borrow at five per cent all the money we want to pay off our obligations as they fall due, and to consolidate into five per cent long bonds, at par, all our short-date securities at maturity. This offer now is a very different thing from what it would have been only a year ago. Our immense revenues from internal taxation, our resuscitating industry North and South, our inexhaustible vast resources in mineral, manufacturing and agricultural wealth, the rapid absorption of our enfranchised armies in the ranks of our productive laborers; these, and a thousand other things, have during the past year, given such an impetus to our national credit, and to the production of national wealth, that an offer of 5 per cent interest will now command a very much higher bid in the money market. Moreover, the national credit is still improving. A year hence it will have made an equal advance, or probably a greater advance than in the past. Now our argument is that we shall in a few months find it more easy to negotiate 5 per cent bonds at par than we found it during the fiscal year to negotiate 6 per cents at the same price. And it is a very gratifying circumstance that we can afford to wait, for such is the present position of the debt, that no part of it becomes due for more than a year, except such as can be easily provided for—*Philadelphia Press.*

—A closer comparison of the statement of the public debt made on the 1st of the present and of last month, shows some important changes in the details of the debt during April. There was an increase in 5-20s amounting to $5,828,000; while the issue of compound interest notes, $2,500,000. The amount of greenbacks was reduced over $7,500,000, while coin in Treasury was increased from $92,995,700 to $95,676,000, of which only $9,036,420 is held on account of depositors. Exclusive, therefore, of the appropriation for interest on 5-20s, the Treasury held on May 1, of its own gold, $82,987

—The imports of dry goods at New York continue to show a decided falling off. For the first time for months the receipts of the past week are some $4,000 below those for the corresponding period of last year. The receipts for the month of April were $7,336,564, against $3,969,506 for the same month of 1865. The imports for the first four months of the year reached the immense total of $55,640,509, against only $29,000,000 for the same period of last year and $35,477,140 for the corresponding months of 1864.

Finance and Trade in New York.

MONEY AND STOCKS

NEW YORK, May 8.—Money market easy at 5 ⅌ cent. Sterling, 109¼@109¾. Gold steady—opening at 129¼ and closing at 129. Government Stocks without decided change.—Freights to Liverpool dull. Stocks dull.

At 4:30 P. M., the following were the ruling rates: Gold, 129; Coin Certificates, 2; Canton, 56¼; Spruce Hill, 4¾; Little Island, 44¾; Quicksilver, 35¾; Mariposa, 13¾; Western Union Telegraph, 61¾; Mariposa, preferred, 36; New York Central, 91½; Erie, [illegible]; Reading, 105¾; Michigan Southern, 77¼; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 71¾. The Stock market remained intensely dull on the railways to the close.

Petroleum and Mining Shares very quiet; Oil Creek, 26; Pithole Creek, 200; United States, 230; Ada Elmore, 220; New York Gold, 45.

DRY GOODS.

The Dry Goods market to-day was steady and firm. Holders of desirable makes of domestic goods will not make concessions. Foreign goods at auction are bringing much better prices. Balmoral Skirts—Brunner 36,00; Isabella, 1,45; do. 2, 42; do. 1 X, 38; do 1 X, 30; do 4 Moses, 22; Eugenie, 36; Chelseas, 30; Adriatic, 30. Hoop Skirts—Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, per doz. hoops, 37@60; Thompson's Crown French Elastic Springs, 75@1,00; Myers I X L, wide tape, 30@1,10; Blue Cheeks, Hiberian, 45; Kenebec, 1,00, 35; Lanark, No. 700, 21; Park Mills, No. 70, 37½; Star Mills, No. 800, 23.

Cottonades—Caledonian Stripes, 40; Eagle, 52½; Farmers and Merchants, 35; Hampden Mixtures, 35; New York Mills, 65; Park Mills, 32½; Richmond, 47½; Ripkas, 42½; Whitendon Mixed, 40. Sheetings—Brown Atlantic A, 22; do. D, 19; do. E, 20; do. G, 17½; do. H, 21; do. I, 22; do. V, 19; Dwight A, 26; do. B, 19; Great Falls M, 21; Indian Head, 21; Lexonia S, 21; do. E, 20; do. H, 21; do. E, 21½; Laurel, 18; Nashua Extra, 19; Pacific A, 21; do. E, 20; do. H, 21; do. L, 22; Pepperell E, 24; do. H, 22; do. O, 20; do. N, 18.

New York Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, May 8.—The current prices for the week at all the markets were as follows:

Beef Cattle—First quality per head, $16,00@17,50; fair to good, $15,00@16,00; common, $12,50@13,50; inferior, $11,50@12,50.

Cows and Calves—Extra per head, $85,00@90,00; first quality, $75,00@80,00; ordinary $60,00@75,00; common, $50,00@60,00; inferior, $30,00@40,00.

Veal Calves—First quality per lb, 11@12c; ordinary, 10@11c; common, 7@9c; inferior, 6@7c.

Sheep and Lambs—Extra per head $9,00@10,00; prime quality, $7,00@8,00; ordinary, $5,00@6,00; common, $3,00@5,00; inferior $4,00@4,50.

Swine—Heavy; Corn fed per lb, 10@11½c; light and medium, 10½@11c; still fed, 10½@11c; with heavy receipts.

The market for Beef Cattle ruled heavy and lower this week, prices showing a reduction of 1@2½c ⅌ lb; Beef Cattle sold at 7c, though a few sold at 17½c, while the poorer kinds sold down as low as 4c. The cattle were of a good quality and the bulk of them sold at 14@16c ⅌ lb; various grades sold as above. Milch Cows were dull and irregular, though good Cows would sell freely at $50@75, but they generally held higher. Veals steady at quotations. Sheep and Lambs have been irregular, but prices rather firmer. Hogs in good demand and firmer, as above. The total receipts this week were as follows: Beeves, 6,821; Cows, 85; Veal Calves, 1,972; Sheep and Lambs, 14,229; Swine, 7,602.

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, May 8.—Flour unchanged, with a good demand, exceeding the supply, at $9,00@$25 for No. 1 Spring; $11,50 for Red Winter, $13 for White, and $14 for Double Extra. Wheat opened steady but closed minutely higher, sales early of 10,000 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club, in port at $2,00; 7,000 bushels at $1,95; and 2,500 bushels Old No. 1 Red Indiana at $2,35. Corn quiet and nominally higher; No. 1 Indiana held at 70c. Oats held at 56c for Canada, without sales. Barley, Rye and Peas quiet.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, May 8.—Cotton firmer, at 31@32c. Flour firm; at full price. Wheat firm; Prime Fall advanced to $2,35@2,50. Corn declined 2c, at 65@67. Oats easier, at 42@43c. Pork unchanged. Bacon—Clear Sides 18c. Shoulders 13c. Lard 14@22c. Whisky steady, at $2,13.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, May 8, 1866.

The produce markets are steady and moderately active, and some articles particularly Flour, are firm and appreciating in value. Wheat, also, in sympathy with Flour, is very firm and held at an advance, and Potatoes, too in consequence of a material falling off in the receipts, may be quoted higher.

GRAIN—Oats in better supply and a shade easier; sale of 270 bush, on track, at 59; 1 car Chicago Oats, to arrive, at 55; and small sales at the usual advance. Wheat is very firm and but little offering; sale of 100 bush Spring at $2,15. Corn is quiet and unchanged. Barley is firm with some inquiry, and but little in market. No movement in Rye.

FLOUR—Is very firm, and, as yet, the increased arrivals do not seem to have made the least impression on the market. We can report a sale of 300 bbls Spring, in one lot, at $10,75, and 100 bbls Winter at $12. In small lots quotations may be fairly given at $10,50 to $11 for the former, and $11,75@12,50 for the latter.

PROVISIONS—Continues somewhat excited and higher. Bacon is quoted at 14@14½ for Shoulders; 16½@17 for Ribbed Sides; 21@22 for Plain Sugar Cured Hams; and 23@23½ for Canvassed ditto. Lard has still further advanced, being held firmly at 24@25½. Mess Pork is quoted at $28@28½.

POTATOES—The arrivals continue light, and the market is firm, with an upward tendency. Sales of prime Peach Blows at $1,30@$1,35 per bush, and $3,00@3,75 per bbl.

BUTTER—Is dull, with a supply considerably in excess of the demand, and the tendency is downward. Good to prime Roll sold to-day at 33@35.

EGGS—In good supply and dull; sales reported at 18@18.

CHEESE—Is dull but unchanged at 16@17 for Western Reserve, and 20@21 for Goshen.

DRIED FRUIT—Is steady, with a continued fair local demand and limited supply. Sales of Apples, at 15 to 17; and Peaches at 18 to 22, for quarters and halves.

SALT—Is dull and drooping; small sales from store at $2,40@2,45 per bbl.

SORGHUM—Is quiet and nominally unchanged at 60 to 65.

SEEDS—Clover Seed is selling at 8¾c in a small way, and Flaxseed is in good demand at $3¼, and but little offering.

OIL—Lard Oil has still further advanced, and No. 1 is now held at $1,85, and No. 1 Extra at $1,90.

HAY—The demand is fair and market steady at $20 to $22 for prime baled, and $22 to $23 for loose—but little of the former in market.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, May 8, 1866.

CRUDE—The Crude market was not very active to-day, the sales, in the aggregate being rather light, but holders are very firm in their views and feelings, and, generally speaking, they are looking for a still further advance. We continue to quote at 14@14¾, bbls returned and in bulk, and 14@20, bbls included, and these may be regarded as the extremes of the market. Sales of 400 bbls at 14¾, bbls returned; 320 at 14½; 220 at 19, bbls included; 81 do at 19; 1000 at 19¼; and 300 at 19¾.

Oil City to-day quote crude nominally at 15, at the wells, and $5 at the month, which is an advance of about 25c per bbl.

REFINED—The demand for bonded oil is fair, and the market steady, while prices have undergone no quotable change. Sale of 200 bbls, on the spot, at 25, free on board cars here; 1000 for immediate delivery in Philadelphia, at 42; 500 do, at 41; 1000 for June, buyers option, at 43; 500 for September, buyers option, at 47; and 1000 for October, buyers option, at 48. At the close, 46¼ was said to be the best offer for September, and it was thought that the sale for October at 48 could not have been duplicated. For May, quotations may be fairly given at 42; June, 43; July, 44@44½, and August, 45@46. In free oil, there is next to nothing doing, though holders are asking an advance.

ARRIVALS—The arrivals of oil by the Allegheny river, since our last report, were as follows:

Fisher & Bro	1127	D. Bushnell	228
D. Martin	210	Jas. Baxter	52
J. Gallagher	140	J. Kessler	261
John Benn	40	Jas. Wilkins	261
Total			1267

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, May 8, 1866.

CATTLE—The supply of cattle on sale this was somewhat larger than last week, reaching about 28 head in all, and, with an improved demand, the market ruled very firm, and prices advanced from ½ to ¼ a cent per pound. Prime to extra cattle sold at from 7¾ to 8¾, while fair to good may be quoted at 6¾ to 7¾.

There was again considerable taking for shipment, and the butchers bought pretty freely, and at the close there was not a single bullock left over unsold, which is an unusual occurrence. The market, upon the whole, was a remarkably firm one, and as the demand was somewhat in excess of the supply, drovers experienced but little difficulty in closing out their cattle, and that, too, at the advance already noted. Barney Gray purchased two bunches of extra cattle for shipment, for which he paid from 8 to 8¾. Reh & Co. sold a bullock to a Wheeling butcher, as did also, Messrs Greenwald & Kahn, to a butcher from Altoona.

SHEEP—The offerings of sheep were light this week, and with a fair demand, the market ruled steadily, and prices were pretty well maintained. Fair to prime fat mutton sheep (shorn) sold from 4 to 6 cents, as retail way, and wooled sheep may be quoted about one cent per pound higher. Lambs sold at from 4¾ to 6¾ per pound, according to size and condition. Nothing doing in stock sheep.

HOGS—Continue very quiet, the demand being restricted almost entirely to supplying the wants of the local trade, while prices are nominally unchanged. We quote, in a retail way, at 9@10 cents gross, for fair to prime heavy averages

TRANSACTIONS IN CATTLE—WHOLESALE

Reh & Co. sold 34 head of extra Illinois steers, averaging about 1200, to Grey at 8¼. Marks & Trautman sold thirty 17 head of extra Western steers, averaging 1200, at 8¾. Merrick & Dodd to Grey 17 head, average 1200, at 8. Martin to Kemen 16 head of extra Illinois steers, averaging about 1300, at 8½ per head. Greenwald & Kahn sold 18 head to Runyan, and 15 head to Entries Rothchilds & Eckert to Shamberg 17 head, averaging 1150, at 7¾. Myers & Scully to Shamberg 19 head, averaging 1050, at 7. Blackstock to Andy Ackley 15 head, averaging 1150.

TRANSACTIONS IN CATTLE—RETAIL.

Reis & Co. 70 head at 7¼@8. Carr & Kerwin 21 head at 7¼@8. Lafferty & Co. 28 head at 5@6½; also, 35 head for England, at 10 7¾. Myers & Scully 90 head at 7@8. Rothchilds & Eckert 22 at 7 to 7¼. Greenwald & Kahn 60 at 5¾@6¾. Haas & Grouse 50 at 7@8. L. Shamberg 17 at 7.[illegible] Marks Trautman 26 at 7¼@8. Merrick & Dodd 45 head at 7@8. Verner & Co. 58 head at 7 to 8.[illegible] Adam Eckert 19.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Cotton quiet and unchanged, at 31@32c for middling. Flour 15@20c better, with fair demand, at $8,50@$9,00 for extra State, $9,20@9,50 for extra round hoop Ohio, and $9,50@12,25 for trade brands, the market closing quiet. Whisky quiet, at $2,20 for western. Wheat 2@3c better and active, at $1,60@1,65 for new No 2; Milwaukee, $2,02@2,05. Corn 1c lower, with fair demand, at 75@76c for sound, and 73@74c for second mixed western in store. Oats dull, at 49@51c for new western and 59@60c for old do. Coffee dull. Sugar dull, 10@c for Cuba; 11¼@13c for Porto Rico; 11c for Havana. Molasses dull; Porto Rico, 67@68c. Petroleum firm; crude 20c, and 2,000 barrels refined in bond at 19@43. Pork heavy and lower at $28,00@$28,25 for new mess, closing at $28,62½, regular; $26,50@28,75, for old do, and $24,50@25,00 for prime mess. Lard heavier for May, June and July, sellers and buyers option at $25,62½@25. Beef firm at about previous prices. Cut Meats firm at 12¼@12½c for Middles, and 17@18c for Hams. Beef Hams scarce and firm at $41,00@42,00. Bacon quiet and heavy at 14¼@14¾c for Cumberland cuts, and 15¾@16c for Long Ribbed. Lard quiet and steady at 16¾@23¾. Butter quiet and lower at 32@35 for western, and 40@50 for State. Cheese heavy at 14@20.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

PHILADELPHIA, May 7—Beef Cattle are in good demand this week, and prices have advanced fully one cent per pound. About 2100 head arrived and sold at from 10@12c for extra, and 15@18c for fair to good, and 13@14c, per lb, for common, as to quality.

Hogs—Prices are rather better; 19000 sold at the different yards at from $12@14 the 100 lbs net.

Sheep—Continue in fair demand; 8000 head sold at from 6@7½c per lb, gross.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, May 8.—Flour active and advanced 10c. Wheat active and advanced 7@10c; sales at $1,62@1,66 for No. 1, and $1,19@1,24 for No. 2, closing unsettled at the outside figure. Corn dull at 69½c for for No. 1, and 65c for No. 2. Oats firm at 31@31½c. Provisions firm. Mess Pork at $29. Receipts—8,000 bbls of flour; 30,000 bush. of Wheat; 184,000 bush. of Corn; 53,000 bush. of Oats. Shipments—125,000 bbls. of Flour; 22,000 bush of Wheat; 68,000 bush. of Corn; 18,000 bush. of Oats.

Potatoes in Detroit.

DETROIT, May 7.—There is still a good demand; and daily there are quite large sales made for shipment. There are very few being offered on the street, the principal part being brought in by rail from the interior towns. We hear of sales of three hundred bbls peach blows at $2,20, packages included, delivered on dock. Street rates are from 60@65c. In Cincinnati they are only worth $2,25 per bbl, on arrival.

Saginaw Lumber Market.

SAGINAW, May 4.—Dealers are making only a few shipments, mostly on contracts made some time ago. The mills are awaiting logs from the booms above—and but little new lumber is yet offered in market.

We quote the market as follows: First clear, $60 fourths, $35; select box, $30; common, $16; Hiculls, $50@; shingles, $4,50 for sawed and $1 @4,50 for shaved; lath, none in market.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, May 8.—Flour firm; stock light; spring, $9,50@10; white wheat double extra, $10@11. Wheat—No. 1 Milwaukee spring, to arrive, $1,65; the market is bare. Corn dull; mixed, 72@73c. No. 1 is held at 76@80c, and yellow at 82c without takers. Oats—Chicago No. 1, 42@43c. Barley and Rye nominal. Pork quiet and firm, at $29. Lard 21½@22c.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, May 8.—Cotton depressed and low, at 32c to 34c; sales of 400 bales. Receipts for four days, 3,898 bales against 6,076 last week. Exports 2,861; stock, 157,819. Flour advanced 50c. Corn 7½c lower. Pork $31,75@32. Lard 23½c. Sterling 12½. Gold 129.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, May 8.—Flour firm. Wheat advanced 10c, closing firm at $1,84 for No. 1. Receipts 101,000 bush of Wheat; 18,000 bush of Corn. Shipments, 200 bbls of Flour, 19,000 bush. of Wheat.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. May 8.—50 bbls highwines, Lambert, Shipton & co; 60 hides, Caldwell & Son; 1 bbl bacon, Little Baird & Patton; 10 bbls nonnny, Shomaker & Lang; 2 cars staves, P O'Neil; 1 bbl butter, Blair & Woods; 57 sks oats, H Rea jr; 20 bbls cloverseed, Kirkpatrick & Bro; 1 car scraps, Park Bro & co; 55 bbls oil, White Bro & co; 300 bbls flour, T C Jenkins; 5 bbls oil, 5 tcs hams, Sellers & co; 1 car lumber, A Smith; 1 car staves, Guthrie & Mill; 100 bbls flour, D Wallace; 100 bbls potatoes, Hitchcock, McCreery & co; 100 bbls flour, Gay, Burke & co; 100 do do, Lambert & Shipton; 100 do do, Watt & Wilson; 200 tcs hams, F Sellers & co; 100 bbls flour, Kirkpatrick & Herron.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD. May 8.—100 bbls flour, Culp & Shepard; 100 do do, W D Patterson; 2 hhds bacon, T Nevin & co; 5 bbls tobacco, J M Sichel; 82 tcs lard, J H Parker; 9 bales cotton, Traylor & Bro; 6 tres beef, F Sellers; 18 tcs rags, Markle & co; 41 sks oats, D M Hamilton; 60 bags barley, Spencer & McKay; 63 bdls chairs, Metz & co; 50 do do, Sneller; 36 do do, Steineck & co; 10 bxs cheese, J Daub; 12 bdls chairs, R B Bulger; 120 barrels potatoes, C C Baisley; 97 bags do, Graff & Reiter; 35 bdls chairs, Milliken & co; 1 bbl eggs, W F Beck & co.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI R. R. May 8.—2 cars oats, W Bingham; 1 do do, N B Floyd; 1 do do, Culp & Shepard; 100 bbls flour, Graham & Thomas; 200 do do, Jas Gardner; 120 pkgs feb, Jas Conner; 2 cars wheat, Liggett & co; 5 bbls sand, T Zaller; 61 bags wheat, Dan Wallace; 8 cars staves, C C Smith; 25 oil bbls, B D Moore; 55 sks barley, E Smith; 2½ dozen chairs, Hadley & co; 7 do do, Orbisch & co; 1 car oats, H Rea jr; 2 bale corks, Armstrong & Bro; 18 pkgs hardware, Whitmore, Wolfe & co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, May 8.—200 barrels flour, 1 car oats, R Knox & Son; 15 cars wheat, Kennedy & Bro; 150 sks potatoes, Owens & Kennedy; 1 bbl vinegar, Wm Seldon; 1 car rye, F H Kennedy; 11 bales cotton, H Gerwig & co; 1 car wheat, Noble & Angel; 3 pkgs bacon, Hahn & Hibbs; 1 car staves, Alex Taylor; 196 sacks potatoes, Owens, Kennedy & Harper; 1 car staves, J Meyers; 1 do do, J M Hemphill; 1 pkg cornmeal, A Kirk & co.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

ST. LOUIS—PER ARGOSIE—100 hides, G H Anderson; 1 bbl hams, J Young; 103 hides, 4 bales skins, 392 bbls flour, Clark & co; 200 bbls flour, Culp & Shepard; 1 bbl oil, H Collins; 1 bxs drugs, R L Patmestock; 2 do do, J M Fulton; 30 bales cotton, Holmes, Bell & co; 10 bales broom corn, Little, Baird & Patton; 12 bbls molasses, McBane & Anjer; 250 bbls flour, Shomaker & Lang; 143 do do, Seghinger & co; 1 do kasrup; 240 do do, Knox & Sickens; 104 bills 20 bars iron, Wharton & Bro; 125 bills hides, C Groetzinger & son

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Arinadillo.. Sweeney.....St. Louis.
Grey Eagle.. Morrison.....Parkersburg.

DEPARTURES.

Emma Graham Hall.....Zanesville.
Messenger.....Dean.....New Orleans.
Ariel.....Hamilton.....St. Louis.
Lem Leotis.....Hamilton.....Parkersburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

Robt. Moore...Marietta.....Cincinnati.
Lucy Walker.....Louisville.

The river continues to recede slowly at this point, with scant four feet in the channel last evening. At Oil City the telegraph reports two feet on the rapids, and rapidly falling. The weather was cloudy and warm, with a sprinkling of rain late in the afternoon

The business continues dull at the wharf, with but little prospect at present of any immediate improvement. Freights are scarce, and the prospect for trade is not encouraging within the past week or two. To make matters still worse, the river for rafting, buyers option, our large boats cannot take out much more than half a cargo

The Amelia, from Missouri River, is the only transient arrival we have to report. She had a fair freight list for this point, and disharged several lots at different points below

The Kenton, from St Louis, is among the next arrivals.

The Messenger left for New Orleans yesterday, with a rather slim trip, though she had all freight she could stow away. The Armenia got off for St. Louis last evening with all the freight she could take and two barges in tow.

The Citizen, in command of Capt. John M Hare, is announced for St Louis to-day, and will be ready to leave very soon. Capt M H McCosh, still retains charge of the office.

The Lexington arrived and departed for Parkersburg, and the Grey Eagle, from the same point, in due time. The Emma Graham cleared for Zanesville last evening, with a moderate trip

The Arinadillo and reliable Robt. Moore, Capt D W Marratta, is filling up rapidly for Cincinnati, Louisville and Nashville, and will be ready to leave at 4 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. The Moore has excellent accommodations for passengers.

The Silver Cloud, we understand, is next in turn for St. Louis, Capt Lee of the Leonidas, having concluded to hold over a day longer.

The Lorena arrived at St. Louis on Saturday last, and the Sherman and Telegraph were advertised to leave there for Pittsburgh on Monday.

We take the following in regard to the wages of steamboatmen from the St Louis *Democrat*, of Monday:

The owners of steamboat stock appear to be in better humor than has been usual for a year or two past. This change may be owing to the fact that they have hit upon the plan of relinquishing some portion of the profits of the riles of officers and crews. We learn that many of them contemplate immediate further reductions, and that, finding the labor market well supplied, they have no difficulty in securing men, mates, deckhands and roustabouts, who are willing to engage at rates the owners decide they can afford to pay. The impression there are many steamboatmen convinced that it is better to get reduced wages and constant employment than to be the cause of boats being laid up half the year. There is no unfriendly or rules, however, and no stated period for any change in the wages paid. Wages are paid by each other, and every boat appears to be governed entirely by supply and demand