The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

UNION STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE

Will meet at the rooms of THE NATIONAL UNION CLUB, No. 1105 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of May inst., at three o'clock P. M. The attendance of every member of Committee is earnestly solicited.

FR. JORDAN, Chairman.

PHILADELPHIA, May 1st, 1866.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Notice is hereby given that hereafter all TRANSIENT advertisements received at this office must be paid for when handed in, except in the case of yearly advertisers, whose bills will be rendered quarterly, as usual. Advertisers will please make a note of this, as the rule of cash payments for advertisements of the character stated, will be indexibly enforced.

The price of our paper is THREE CENTS at the counter or from newsboys. Served by carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

COMMERCE BETWEEN STATES.

Among the prerogatives expressly given to Congress by the Constitution is the power to regulate commerce between the States. It follows, therefore, that should one State obstruct such commerce between States lying on opposite sides of it, by refusing to permit the improvement of natural avenues through its territory, by railways or otherwise, so that such commerce may be carried on advantageously, and through which the citizens of any of such States may pass from one to the other, or to the seat of their common national government, that it would be perfectly competent for Congress to authorize the construction of railroads or other improvements independent of the obstructing State.

It is on this principle that a bill was introduced into Congress a few days ago by Mr. GARFIELD, of Ohio, "to promote the construction of a line of railroad from the City of Washington to the Northwest." The only links necessary to complete the contemplated chain are, the road from Washington to the Point of Rocks, and the unfinished portion of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville road, lying between Connellsville and Cumberland, some ninety miles in length. But, to render it still more direct, complete, and unbroken, it requires that the Cleveland and Mahoning road shall be continued from its present terminus at our State line, a few miles west of Newcastle, to this city, here to be united with the Connellsville road.

The Legislature having, some time ago, divested the Connellsville Company of its authority to continue its operations south of Connellsville, and having at the late session refused to authorize the continuation of the Cleveland and Mahoning road from the State line to this city, this great natural route for trade and intercourse between States and commercial cities on opposite sides of our borders is completely blocked. This was done, not to subserve the interests of the people of the State—for many thousands of them suffer in common with their neighbors and fellow-citizens of other States—but because the Pennsylvania Central Company does not choose to tolerate a rival, and has influence enough to control our State legislation. How that company happens to have so much influence is a question which every Pennsylvanian may venture to guess.

Being so obstructed in the enjoyment of advantages and privileges which, as citizens of the Union, they have a right to claim and demand, is it any wonder that the people of Ohio appeal to a higher authority to remove this impediment thrown in their way by a jealous corporation? Certainly they are right, and a majority of the people of this State will second their motion. It will not do to plead that such action on the part of Congress would be an invasion of the reserved rights of this State; for Pennsylvania, before she can make a stand on that point, must pay some proper regard to the constitutional rights of her sister States. Certainly the eminent domain, in the highest sense, vests in the National Government; and when "the general welfare" calls for the active exercise of that august prerogative, it is in the highest degree proper and right that it should be exercised. We trust, therefore, that the bill before Congress will be enacted into a law.

It is not contemplated in the bill to have the Connellsville road completed under a national charter, but simply to authorize its construction under its present suspended charter, leaving it to be regulated and governed by the laws of the State, just as that portion of the same road lying between Pittsburgh and Connellsville, which is completed and in full operation, now is. In the exercise of its power to establish military and post roads, and to regulate commerce among the States, it is the clear and undoubted right of Congress to revive that suspended charter.

SOME DELUSIONS which the people of the Southern States formerly cherished, were not dispelled by the sharp discipline of the war. Among these, is the fantasm that Northern society, in its social and moral elements, is essentially inferior to Southern society. This idea arose naturally out of slavery. So long as that institution survived, every body understands, it was accepted as the test and measure of excellence. A sentiment, almost as spontaneous as instinct, prevailed that there were tendencies and conditions of Northern life, open to decided criticism, and calling for radical abatement. Under any aspect, this is doubtless true of any society. Human nature has not reached perfection anywhere. But the Southern people have not yet become so estranged from slavery, and inured to liberty, as to find their old state of society distasteful. It was not to be expected that so short a space as a year would work a transformation of ideas wrought into all the fibers of their being. They still cling to the old notion, and descant upon it with an appearance of sincerity that is entertaining. The Macon (Ga.) *Telegraph* says:

> The failure of the revolution strikes down a barrier that would have proved a great protection to Southern society, and preserved it, in a great measure, from the influence of increasing moral corruption at the North.
>
> The people of the South are a plain, honest, industrious and *virtuous* people, fearing God and punctiliously honorable in their relations to their fellow-men. For their beauty, intelligence, simplicity of manners and spotless virtue, our women are the admiration of the good all the world over. The social relations of our people are on a footing of plainness and purity to be found among the inhabitants of no other nation. In this respect we are as distinct a people from our political brethren of the North, as they are from the dwellers in Kamscatka or the Sandwich Island.

The North, the editor apprehends, is the open gate-way through which all the corruptions of European life swell in upon the people of this country. Nor is this all. He thinks there is something most congenial in Northern society to those corruptions, and by which they are taken up and perpetrated. The establishment of the Confederacy would have erected a barrier which this social contagion could not have passed. What is to be done now to maintain the innocence of Southern life and manners, it is hard to conjecture; but something is indispensable. There is a deep anguish in the tone of the *Telegraph*:

> What shall we of the South become in the course of a generation, with a continual flood-tide pouring in upon us, bringing on its bosom the fashions, the customs, personal habits, extravagance, licentious publications, infidelity, and fashionable innovations upon female modesty and the sacred relations of married life? There is not a week that some disgusting invention to make woman a cheat and fraud, and to change the whole moral current of her nature, is not sent South to demoralize and corrupt a pure-minded but imitative people.
>
> And this is the conclusion of the whole matter:
>
> We are willing to live under the laws of the Union, and so long as they are just and impartial, discharge all our duties as citizens to the Government that is over us; but that we the power we would build a wall of fire mountain high between such a people and our own.
>
> The armies of the Union, in whatever directions they penetrated, failed to discover the primitive simplicity and enchanting virtue which our Macon contemporary appears to have before its eyes.

Congressional Representation Under the Proposed Amendment.

In the accompanying table we present the effect of the proposed Amendment to the Constitution upon the Congressional representation of the Slave States. A new census would probably somewhat modify these figures. The loss of life in the late war is not introduced because the amount is unknown; nor is the migration of the black race, consequent upon freedom. But we believe the result will be substantially as we state it below.

The first column gives the Population of the Slave States in 1860, taken from the United States Census; the second column the Voters in 1860, taken from the *Tribune Almanac*; the third column presents the number of Male Citizens of Color above the age of 21; the fourth column, the present number of Members the States are entitled to, and the last the number to which she will be entitled when the proposed law shall have been carried into effect. By this plan the Slave Power will lose 25 votes.

	Population in 1860.	Voters in 1860.	Colored citizens of voting age.	Present No. of Reprs'ts.	Cong. Annual Appor't.
ALABAMA.					
White...	529,121	56,357	.....	7	4
Colored..	435,080	.....	46,049		
ARKANSAS.					
White...	324,335	54,053	.....	2	2
Colored..	111,115	.....	18,539		
DELAWARE					
White...	110,418	16,039	.....	1	1
Colored..	1,798	.....	262		
FLORIDA.					
White...	78,679	14,347	.....	1	1
Colored..	61,745	.....	11,183		
GEORGIA.					
White...	595,088	106,365	.....	7	4
Colored..	462,198	.....	82,306		
LOUISIANA.					
White...	376,276	50,510	43	4	2
Colored..	331,726	.....	44,016		
MARYLAND.					
White...	599,860	92,502	.....	5	4
Colored..	87,189	.....	13,320		
MISSISSIPPI.					
White...	354,674	69,199	.....	5	2
Colored..	436,631	.....	84,993		
MISSOURI.					
White...	1,057,981	165,518	.....	9	8
Colored..	114,931	.....	17,782		
NORTH CAROLINA.					
White...	661,563	.....	.....	8	5
Colored..	331,059	.....	48,072		
SOUTH CAROLINA.					
White...	301,302	44,000	.....	6	2
Colored..	402,406	.....	66,734		
TENNESSEE.					
White...	834,082	145,833	.....	8	6
Colored..	275,719	.....	47,810		
TEXAS.					
White...	421,649	62,981	.....	6	4
Colored..	182,566	.....	26,502		
VIRGINIA.					
White...	730,470	167,723	.....	8	6
Colored..	472,304	.....	108,683		
Total.....				75	50

* Estimated. *New York Tribune.*

Kentucky Politics.

We print an inside view of the so-called Democratic Convention held in Louisville on the 1st instant. The Union party, or Conservative party, or the Conservative Democratic party, will hold a Convention on the 30th instant. Then the lines will be fully drawn and the contest in the State next August will be narrowed down to the two organizations. The Radicals will be lookers-on merely. They will, at least, have no candidates in the field, and it will depend on the action of the approaching Convention whether they will have interest enough in the contest to vote.

The Convention which met on Tuesday was unquestionably engineered by the simon pure rebels—men who were in the rebel army, either in person or in spirit, and who would to-day, if they could, break up the Union and establish a Southern Confederacy. But the platform professes loyalty, while it adheres to the doctrine of State rights, and it compliments Andrew Johnson, although care was taken to have it understood that it was not an "Andy Johnson" Convention.

The approaching Convention will undoubtedly support Andrew Johnson; but otherwise we are doubtful whether its declaration of principles will differ essentially from those presented on Tuesday. It may possibly denounce the rebellion and pronounce against the right of secession, neither of which the rebel Convention did; but we shall have denunciation of the Union majority in Congress, as bitter, as full, and as deep as can be written. What, then, would this party gain by success? It would have no party to stand by it in the North. It would have no party to stand by it in the South. It would be solitary and alone, as it was in the days of Kentucky neutrality.

The Democratic party revived in Kentucky on Tuesday will be recognized by the Northern Democrats. It will also be the party of the South. It will thus have a moral strength to begin on, that, coupled with the fact that all the rebels and rebel sympathizers in Kentucky, which in our opinion constitute a majority of the people of the State, will secure to it a victory in August.

There is a boldness in this rebel movement, notwithstanding the concealments attempted in the platform, that will become apparent as the canvass progresses, and this, with its prospect of success, and the outside support it will receive from Northern Democrats, will give it strength with that large class known as floating voters, who admire audacity and desire to be on the winning side, more than they care for principles.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

The Cabinet Meeting—Views of Secretary Stanton.

No little comment has been had to-day upon the anonymous account of the cabinet meeting of yesterday generally circulated here among the Washington papers, and sent abroad by the Associated Press as a rumor. Here, its authorship is credited to the President. That portion of it alluding to the Secretary of the War is the only portion of it that surprises any one in the least. There is no doubt, but that he is incorrectly reported. Custom has made the details of what transpired in cabinet meeting confidential, and the account given out at a late hour last night is somewhat unusual. The general belief among members of Congress to-day is that the Secretary of War has made no speech in material antagonism to the Congressional policy of Reconstruction or in especial support of the President, and that the anonymous rumor is set afloat to induce him to say or do something that would afford an excuse for his summary removal from the Cabinet. The day may not be far distant when the curtain may be drawn aside, and the whole truth unequivocally spread before the people. In the meantime, the Republicans will need more evidence than any that has yet been furnished them that Secretary Stanton is in favor of the immediate admission of the Southern delegations and that he is against the restoration plan laid down by the Committee of Fifteen.—*Washington dispatch to the N. Y. Tribune.*

We do not know what may have been the immediate cause of that bloody riot in Memphis, but we find in the *Daily Argus* of April 20, the following applied to the blacks of that city: "Would to God they were back to Africa, h—l, or some other sea-port town—*anywhere* but here." That is a fair sample of the allusions made to the negroes by the reconstructed Memphis press for some months past. It is eminently soothing to the feelings of the freedmen, and well calculated to convince them that the patriotic whites of Memphis, their late masters and belaborers, are their best and only friends.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

Guthrie's Patriotism.

EDITOR GAZETTE.—A Hon. James Guthrie is one of the many patriotic supporters of "My Policy." I desire to give your many readers an insight into the patriotism of the Honorable gentlemen.

Traveling on the Louisville and Nashville railroad in the Spring of 1861, on my journey north, the train stopped at a station north of Bowling Green. A military organization of young Southerners dressed in their infamous gray, were drawn up in line, to do honor to and impress the minds of the Yanks homeward-bound, with the military ardor and strength of the South. While admiring their fine military appearance, I was startled by the cry of "Guthrie! Guthrie!" Mr. Guthrie, who was on the train, went out on the rear platform of the cars and addressed the assembled braves. I had listened to Jeff. Davis, Judah P Benjamin and others of the notorious leaders of the rebellion, but Mr. Guthrie on this occasion eclipsed them all in his denunciation of President Lincoln, stigmatizing him as tyrant, and urging his hearers to resist the demands of the President. In fact, having listened to some of the most eloquent and notorious orators engaged in those dark days in firing the Southern heart, I am free to confess that Mr. Guthrie's address, short as it was, was the most treasonable and despicable that I listened to.

J.

ADVERTISING SWINDLERS.—Among the thousand and one swindles the appended samples should suffice to caution credulous countrymen and city folks:

The following is the answer to a letter sent to one of those advertising swindlers of New York, offering, for a fractional currency, to send a "certain and quick mode of getting rich:"

"Work like the d—l, and don't spend a cent."

Another fellow, in Boston, personated a young lady of sweet sixteen and possessor of a fortune of $50,000, residing with an old uncle who is miserly and watchful, proposing herself in marriage—fifty cents to be inclosed by each nice young man, to pay for her photograph, &c. He was detected, having received numerous letters with money inclosed. His real name is Augustus H. Morrison, a married man of Malden, Massachusetts.

Another fellow advertises a plan to make $100 a week at your own house, which turns out to be a receipt for making artificial honey, not worth a dime.

A BANK SWINDLER.—The Cambridge Valley Bank, in Easton, N. Y., has been swindled out of $20,000. It is said that the firm of Batty & Hoag, of that place, who owned two large farms in the town worth $25,000, with a mill in Michigan worth $18,000, and $15,000 stock in the Livingston National Bank, had notes discounted at the bank to the amount of $20,000; but when their notes fell due it was discovered that they had disposed of all their property to Dr. Griffin & Co., of Albany, and fled from the state, since which they have not been heard of. Their liabilities are estimated at $30,000. The banks in Washington and Saratoga counties have suffered in the same manner, to the extent, it is reported, of $40,000.

ANOTHER SUICIDE.—We are informed that a man named John Pedicord, of Brushvalley township, committed suicide by hanging himself on Thursday of last week. From what we can learn he went out in the morning to plow and shortly after was found suspended by the plow line to a stake on the fence, his feet touching the ground. We have heard no cause assigned for the rash deed. He was about 35 years of age—we believe a married man. This is the third case of suicide committed in our county during the past three months.—*Indiana Messenger.*

THE old-fashioned custom of rejecting a man as a juror on the trial of capital offenses, because he has been intelligent enough to read the newspaper reports of the case and sane enough to form an opinion on the basis of those reports, is, we rejoice to see, falling at last into disuse. In the choice of the jury for trying Fenians in Philadelphia, the counsel, as jurors those of the panel, who, notwithstanding the formation of an opinion, answered that they would be governed in their verdict by the evidence before the Court. This is a decision of common sense.

IS the more boastful portion of his speech to the colored men the other day, Mr. Johnson "thanked God that his efforts had contributed as much, if not more, in accomplishing the great national guaranty of freedom, than those of any living man in the United States." Did he refer in this to the fact that it was he, more than any other man, who persuaded Mr. Lincoln to omit Tennessee from the emancipation proclamation?—*Chicago Rep.*

THE crops in Iowa generally look well. The prospect in Fayette county, Ind., is good, except for peaches and grapes. The Connersville *Times* says it has not heard of a single peach blossom in the county, and that it is probable the buds of the most choice variety of grapes have also been killed.

DAN VOORHEES published a card in the Terre Haute papers, positively declining his renomination to Congress. He consents however to canvass the districts for the nominee.

JOHN G. WHITTIER is put forward by the Newburyport (Mass.) *Herald* as the people's candidate for Congress in the district which John B. Alley now represents.

THE Hon. Wm. Johnston, formerly M. C. from Ohio, died at Mansfield, last Tuesday morning.

RELIGIOUS.

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH, ALLEGHENY CITY, EXCELSIOR HALL, corner of Federal and Lacock streets.

PREACHING EVERY SUNDAY, at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Prayer Meeting on WEDNESDAY EVENING at 7½ o'clock. Services free. ap28:1

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.—Preaching in the FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH (Rev. Mr. JAMES DICKESON, Pastor), every LORD'S DAY, at 10½ o'clock, a. m. and 7½ p. m. Strangers and the public are cordially invited to attend. Seats free. my3:1d

THE PLYMOUTH CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH will hold Public Religious Services in the new ACADEMY OF MUSIC, on Liberty street, near Wood, (Sabbath) May 6th, 1866, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Rev. HENRY W. BEECHER, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. All are affectionately invited to attend.

DIVIDENDS.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH, May 1st, 1866.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on its Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, which will be paid to stockholders or their legal representatives on or after the 10th inst. free of Government tax. WM. ROSEBURG, Cashier. my2:3t&1w

IRON CITY NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PITTSBURGH, May 1st, 1866.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of SIX (6) PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to the stockholders or their legal representative, on or after the 10th inst. free of Government tax. my2:3t&1w

C. MAGOFFIN, Cash.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, May 1st, 1866.

DIVIDEND.—The President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., free of Government tax, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to the stockholders on and after the 10th instant. my2:3t C. H. RIGGS, Cashier.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, May 1st, 1866.

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of FIFTY CENTS upon each share of the Capital Stock, out of the earned profits of expired risks of the last six months, free of Government and State taxes, payable to stockholders on and after the 10th inst. WM. P. HERBERT, my2:3t&d Secretary.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PITTSBURGH, May 1st, 1866.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Bank have declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., out of the earnings of the last six months payable forthwith. The United States tax will be paid by the Bank. H. M. MURRAY, Cash. my2:3td

ROOMS AND BOARD.

BOARDING.—A few gentlemen can be accommodated with board and room; also a Physician could be accommodated with room suitable for office, board and bed room. Direct BOX 561, with proper name. ap28:1

ROOMS AND BOARD.—Unfurnished rooms can be had, with board, by a gentleman and wife, in Allegheny, on the line of the Passenger Railway, by addressing M. P. this office. References exchanged. ap28:1

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—We have this day associated with us as partner and General Manager of the Foundry and Machine business, in which we are now engaged, Mr. JAMES NELSON, formerly of the well-known firm of J. Nelson & Co., and Stackhouse, Nelson, & Co., of this city. HUGH McCONIHE, HUNTER DOYLE. PITTSBURGH April 1st, 1866.—apr2:1md

PITTSBURGH, April 2d, 1866.

WE HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED WM. WADE, with us in the Foundry and Machinery business. The name and style of the firm to remain unchanged. MACKINTOSH, HEMPHILL & CO. ap2:1md

DISSOLUTION.

DISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership heretofore existing between BLAKE & KIRBY, of Allegheny City, was dissolved on the 30th DAY OF MARCH, 1866, by the death of William Blake. The accounts of the firm will be settled by the undersigned. J. M. KIRBY.

my2:3td

POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.—The Union Republican voters of Allegheny County, are requested to meet at the usual places for holding elections, in the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships, on SATURDAY, MAY 26TH, and elect two delegates from each election district, to a County Convention, to be held on TUESDAY, MAY 29TH, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a County Ticket, and transacting such other business as may be properly brought before it.

The Republican voters of that portion of Allegheny county lying in the 22d Congressional District, will meet on the same day and places, elect two delegates from each election district, to meet in Convention, at City Hall, Allegheny, on TUESDAY, MAY 29TH, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress in said district.

The primary elections in the townships will be held between the hours of four and six o'clock, and in the cities and boroughs between the hours of four and seven o'clock P. M., in the cities and boroughs the elections shall be by ballot, and in the townships by marking or by ballot.

By order of the Committee.

W. J. GILMORE, Chairman.

WM. ANDERSON, } Secretaries.
R. W. THOMAS, }

CONGRESS, 22d DISTRICT.

HON. J. K. MOORHEAD

Having placed himself at the disposal of his friends, in response to their call made on him, his name is now presented as a candidate for nomination for Congress for the 22d District, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap7:tc

CONGRESS

GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY

IS A CANDIDATE IN THE 22D DISTRICT. my2:1md

CONGRESS.—The friends of

HON. JOHN P. PENNEY

Will present his name to the Convention of the Union party, for nomination as a candidate for Congress in the 22d District. mh15:td&w

FOR SHERIFF,

SAMUEL B. CLULEY,

Subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh31:td&wF

FOR SHERIFF,

CHARLES BARNES,

Late Colonel SIXTH Reg. Pa. Heavy Artillery and Brev. Brig. Gen. U. S. A., subject to the action of the Union Convention. mh7:td&wF

FOR SHERIFF.

JOSEPH ROSS,

Of the First Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh19:tc

FOR SHERIFF.

CEN. S. B. M. YOUNG,

Late Colonel Fourth Pennsylvania Cavalry. mh2:tc

FOR SHERIFF.

COL. JAMES M'K. SNODGRASS,

Of McKeesport, (late of the 9th Pa. Reserves,) will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh20:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY,

JOHN A. DANKS,

Of Etna, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY,

JOSIAH W. ELLS,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap3:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,

Will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the action of the Republican Union Convention. ap3:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY.

SAMUEL CHADWICK,

Of Collins Township, will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY,

MAJ. GEN. J. B. KIDDOO,

Formerly of the 63d and 155th Pa. Vols., and 6th and 22d U. S. Colored Troops, and recently in command in Front of Richmond, will be a candidate for Assembly before the Republican County Convention. ap27:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY.

THE FRIENDS OF

HON. GEORGE WILSON,

Of Pitt Township, will present his name as a candidate for Assembly, before the next Union Republican County Convention. PITT TOWNSHIP.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

SAMUEL NEELY, SR.,

Of Manchester, (formerly of Sewickley township,) will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap24:tc

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

GEORGE HAMILTON,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap26:tc

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

CHARLES PUGH,

Of Manchester, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap24:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT.

ALEXANDER HILANDS

Will be a candidate for Clerk of the Orphans' Court, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap4:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT.

JOHN M. LARIMER,

Of Chartiers township, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap28:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT,

EB. WILLIAMS, JR.,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap30:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT,

HORACE S. SNOWDEN,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap27:tc

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

JOHN Q. BROWN,

Of Hampton Township, late Private Co. H, 102d Reg't Penn'a Vols. ap28:tc

FOR CLERK OF COURTS.

JOSEPH BROWNE,

Late of 102d Pennsylvania Volunteers and 5th Pennsylvania Artillery, will be a candidate for the Republican County Convention. ap28:tc

FOR CLERK OF COURTS.

DR. WILLIAM J. GILMORE,

Of Upper St. Clair Township. mh2-d&w1eF

FOR REGISTER,

DAVID CORNELIUS,

Of Allegheny City, late Capt. 102d Pa. Vols., subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. my1:tc

FOR REGISTER,

JOHN SMALL,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap28:tc

FOR REGISTER,

JOSEPH H. GRAY,

Of Plum Township, late of Co. E, 102d Pa. Reg't, wounded and disabled at the battle of Fair Oaks, will be a candidate for the Union Republican County Convention. ap28:tc

FOR REGISTER,

R. D. HUMES,

Of Tarentum Borough, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap28:tc

FOR RECORDER.

HENRY SNIVELY,

Of the Seventh Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap28:tc

FOR RECORDER.

ABDIEL M'CLURE,

Of Mifflin Township, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap28:tc

FOR RECORDER.

J. B. COPELAND,

Of Elizabeth Township, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the decision of the next Union Republican County Convention. ap28:tc

HOTELS.

THE NEW

UNION DEPOT HOTEL,

Will be open for public accommodation on THURSDAY, MAY 3D.

RESTAURANT IN BASEMENT, open at ALL HOURS, day and night, Sundays excepted.

ap27:1md LIZA L. CHILSON, Supt.

SUMMER RESORT—STETSON HOUSE, LONG BRANCH, NEW JERSEY.

This new and elegant Hotel will be opened for the season on or about the 15th of June next. This hotel is particularly adapted to the comfort of families. Rooms can be secured for the season by application at the Astor House, New York, to J. W. & G. A. STETSON. On the 20th of April the stockholders meet at the Astor House to view the plans and select their rooms. A few shares of stock remain undisposed of. Parties wishing to subscribe can do so by application to J. D. COBLEIS, Treasurer, 302 Broadway, New York. ap21:1md

VENETIAN BLINDS.

WM. G. WRIGHT,

MANUFACTURER OF

VENETIAN BLINDS,

No. 56 Federal St., Allegheny City.

OLD BLINDS DONE OF EQUAL TO NEW. ap28:eodim

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—From and after Monday, May 7th next coming, SECOND STREET, East of the Second Street School House, will be closed to all vehicles traversing thereon during the time necessary for repairing the same, and in accordance with City Ordinance, chapter IV, sections 12 and 13. my2:3td JOHN FLINN, Street Commissioner.

NOTICE.—All persons interested are hereby notified that the undersigned Viewers, appointed to view and assess damages for the opening of DAVIS ALLEY, in the Second Ward, Allegheny, from Webster Street to Pasture Lane, will meet on the premises, on FRIDAY, MAY 11th, 1866, at 2 o'clock P. M., to fulfill the duties of their appointment. JOSEPH FLEMING, ARTHUR HUSTON, THOMAS BELL. ap25:2wd

NOTICE.—The holders of Coupon Bonds issued by the Fourth Ward, Allegheny City, School Board, for the payment of bounties to volunteers, are hereby notified that they will be redeemed on presentation to the Treasurer, D. HENDRIE, Esq., at the Second National Bank of Allegheny. Interest will not be paid on them after May 4th, 1866. R. B. FRANCIS, President of the Board.

NOTICE.

The undersigned, Commissioners named in the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to Incorporate

THE PITTSBURGH GAS SAVINGS COMPANY,"

Approved the 12th day of April, A. D., 1866, will open Books and receive subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Company at the office of the CASH INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 57 Fourth street, Pittsburgh,

ON THE 21ST DAY OF MAY, A. D., 1866,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS,
JAMES O'CONNOR,
JNO. W. CHALFANT,
B. BIDDLE ROBERTS,
W. K. NIMICK,
THOMAS SMITH, } Commissioners.

ap21:1md

COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, April 2d, 1866.

IN PURSUANCE of the 21st Section of an Act relating to Allegheny County, approved the 1st day of May, 1861, and of the Amendment to said Section, approved the 20th day of March, 1865, I, DAVID AIKEN, Jr., Treasurer of said county, hereby give notice that the Duplicate of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships will be open, and I will be prepared to receive the County, State, Poor and Work-House Taxes for 1866, on and after the FIRST DAY OF MAY, 1866. Said Taxes can be paid at the Treasurer's Office until the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST with a deduction of FIVE PER CENT. DISCOUNT on the Original Assessment to any person paying the whole amount of their taxes. There will be no deduction allowed on taxes paid during the month of August. There will be TEN PER CENT. ADDED to all taxes remaining unpaid on the first of September. ap3:30td

NOTICE.—The undersigned, Commissioners named in the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to Incorporate the

ENTERPRIZE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH,"

Approved the 27th day of March, A. D., 1866, will open Books and receive subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Company, on the

19th Day of May, A. D., 1866,

At 10 o'clock A. M., at the FOURTH NATIONAL BANK, in the City of Pittsburgh, Penna.

JAMES O'CONNOR,
WILLIAM PHILLIPS,
WILLIAM BAGALEY,
C. W. ROBERTSON,
JAMES HERDMAN,
B. BIDDLE ROBERTS, } Commissioners

ap19:1md

TRADESMEN NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, March 28th, 1866.

THE NOTES OF THE CRAWFORD COUNTY BANK, Meadville; OIL CITY BANK, Oil City; VENANGO BANK, Franklin, and PETROLEUM BANK, Titusville, will not hereafter be received by this Bank.

GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c.

NEW GOODS!!

NEW GOODS!!

NEW DRY GOODS!

JUST OPENED AT

William Semple's,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY, above Market.

At 12½c., one case GOOD FAST COLO'D PRINTS;
At 12½c., two bales UNBLEACHED MUSLINS;
At 12½c., GOOD BLEACHED & UNBLEACHED CRASH;
At 50c., one case FINE COLORED ALPACAS;
At 75c., two cases double width ALL WOOL DELAINES. Also,
CASSIMERES, CLOAKINGS, CLOTHS,
POIL DE CHEVRES, LINENS,
BERAGES, LAWNS, HATS, HOODS,
BONNETS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS,
VEILS, GLOVES, HOSIERY,
SKIRTS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.

A very complete stock just opened, and to which the attention of Wholesale and Retail Buyers is respectfully invited, at

William Semple's,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

Above the Diamond, Allegheny City.

my3:1td

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

No. 25 Fifth Street,

Invite the attention of buyers to their large stock of

NEW DRESS GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED.

my3

NEW SPRING GOODS

AT

W. W. MOORHEAD'S,

No. 81 Market Street.

RICH EMBROIDERIES;
NEW VALENCIA LACE TRIMMED NETS;
NEW VALENCIA LACE HDKFS.;
OLIVET LACE COLLARS;
NEW AND EMBROIDERED SHIRT FRONTS;
NEW BOULEVARD HOOP SKIRTS;
CORSETS—Plain, Satin and Embroidered, at

81 Market Street.

ap4

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

SOMETHING NEW.

GRISWOLD'S PATENT

Erasable Tablets,

Memorandums, Slates, &

ERASABLE TABLETS—all sizes.
do DIARY SLIPS, do
do MEMORANDUMS—all sizes.
do FOLIO TABLETS, do
do LEAF do do
do SCHOOL do do

For sale by

JOHN P. HUNT & CO.,

59 Fifth St., Masonic Hall.

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A THRILLING BOOK.

Political Economy of Prophecy,

With special reference to its relation to the History of the Church and the Civil, Military and Ecclesiastical History of the Roman Empire, and of its last Emperors, the Three Napoleons, with an Appendix on the Pope's last Encyclical, and the Firman of the Sultan of Turkey, prophetically and historically demonstrated. Illustrated by Portraits of the Napoleonic Family (a Chart of the course of Empires; Map of Ancient Rome, and Plan of Modern Rome, &c. By the Rev. E. C. Bethune, Jr. J. L. READ,

my1 No. 76 Fourth street.

FISHING TACKLE.

MAY IS ON HAND.

FISHING

WILL BE THE SPORT OF THE SEASON.

Fishing Hooks and Tackles,

CANE POLES,

Flies, Reels, Lines and Baits,

AT

JAMES SOWN'S,

my4:W&S 136 WOOD STREET.

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL.

A. M. BROWN,

Attorney at Law,

Has removed his Office to

No. 114 Fifth Street.

LIME.

EASTERN WHITE LIME.

The undersigned is receiving daily SUPERIOR

WHITE LIME,

By the car load. Glass manufacturers and others supplied by the wagon load or barrel at the Lowest Rates. Coal Yard, 659 Liberty street.

ATTORNEYS.

R. BIDDLE ROBERTS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office, No. 75 Grant Street,

PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

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WANTED—Good Agents to Sell SHERMAN AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, (the latest and only CHILD'S PRAYER, FIRST LESSON, Sketch pictures, and THE AMERICAN INVENTOR. These are all new Books and Engravings, and agents can do better with them than with any others offered to the public. For full particulars, apply to or address ASHER ELLIS, 73 Third street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh31:1yd&w1eW

WANTED.—$1,500 PER YEAR!—We want AGENTS everywhere to sell our IMPROVED TWENTY-DOLLAR SEWING MACHINES, three new kinds, under and upper feed; warranted five years. More salary or large commission paid. The ONLY Machine sold in United States for less than $60, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Buckeye.* All other cheap Machines are INFRINGEMENTS. Circulars free. Address or call upon SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine. de9:eodom&W

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—About FORTY BUILDING LOTS, in plan laid out by Mr. McKain and myself on Woods Run, close to railroads. Terms small amount down; balance on easy payments annually. Title perfect. Enquire at my Oil Tool Works, Nos. 30, 32 and 34 Ohio street, Allegheny. my1-2md R. H. LECKY.

FOR SALE—FLOUR AND PRODUCE BUSINESS, of over ten years standing,