THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY, APRIL 12, 1866.

A BILL has passed both Houses of the Legislature, and will probably be signed by the Governor, equalizing bounties. It provides that all veteran volunteers who have not received any local bounty, nor given their credit to localities outside the State, shall be paid $300 by such city, county, ward or borough as received credit for their re-enlistment. School Directors or other proper officers are required to levy taxes for the payment of these bounties. If the veteran has since died, his legal representatives are entitled to collect the money.

THE Cleveland *Herald* asks if we "desire the Courts to be impeached in advance?" By no means. All we want of them is so to act as not to deserve impeachment. We remember the DRED SCOTT dicta. We know, too, that in all ages and countries the Judges have been the most certain and unprincipled tools of despots. All the reading world knows that as well as we do.

THE FISH BILL.—The bill requiring the dams on the Susquehanna and its tributaries to be so changed or altered as to admit the passage of fish, has passed both houses of the Legislature, been signed by the Governor and become the law of the State. It is said that the Tide Water Canal Company refuse to comply with the requirements of the bill, and deny its constitutionality.

THE Legislature will adjourn finally to-day. It has done a very few commendable things, and many that are highly censurable. The only remedy that exists is in the power of the people; and that consists in selecting men of a better grade for lawmakers. If they will not exert the authority they possess in the premises, they must suffer.

A COMMITTEE sent from the Pennsylvania oil regions to press the reduction of the tax on crude petroleum, has reported. The Report attributes the failure to accomplish anything tangible as largely owing to the inattention of Mr. CULVER, member from the Venango County District.

MR. H. J. RAYMOND is the only Republican member of Congress who voted against the Civil Rights Bill, on its final passage. Oddly enough he soon moved to postpone for two weeks the consideration of Mr. DAVIS's resolution of confidence in the President!

THE COUP D'ETAT.—The Richmond *Whig* quotes the *World's* remarks about the illegitimacy of Congress, and says: "The South is an inactive but not an uninterested spectator. It seems to us there is a smell of sulphur in the air."

THE New York *Tribune* entered its twenty-sixth year on Tuesday, greatly enlarged and improved. Mr. GREELEY says he shall continue to write for its columns as long as he can write for anything.

THE proposition before the Iowa Legislature to amend the Constitution by erasing the word "white" from the article on suffrage, has passed both Houses.

CITY ITEMS.

Malaria Everywhere.

Rarely has there been a season as fruitful as this of malarious diseases. Not only on the prairies and in the valleys of the West; not merely in all the old haunts of Fever and Ague and Billious Remittent Fever have these prostrating diseases been unusually virulent; but they have extended to towns and cities never before infested with them, and have even ascended the mountains and attacked thousands of people supposed to have been placed by the laws of Nature above their reach. Hence we are compelled to admit that a fatal element pervades the Universal Air this season, and should at once resort to the only approved preventative of its consequences, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters—a tonic so potent, an anti-septic so perfect, an alterative so irresistable, and a stimulant so pure, that it enables the human system to resist and baffle all the predisposing causes of disease. With the confidence that one clothed in incombustible garments might move among blazing buildings, the man who arms himself against malaria with this powerful *defensive medicine* may walk a fever-scourged district fearless of its insalubrious atmosphere. The intermittents and remittents at present so general in all parts of the country may be but the forerunners of a deadlier scourge now on its way westward from the far East. Prepare the system with Hostetter's Bitters for a successful battle with the mephitic causes of *all epidemics*. Be wise in time. Sold everywhere.—*New York World*, Nov. 6, 1865.

Hostetter's Bitters

Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Fourth street.

Spring and Summer Goods.

The well-known store of Mr. John Weler, Merchant Tailor, No. 126 Federal street, Allegheny, has been lately fitted up with a new assortment of spring and summer goods. The stock has been well selected, and embraces all the numberless articles needed for gentlemen's garments. A large stock of ready-made pants, coats, vests, &c., will also be found in his establishment. His stock of furnishing goods cannot be surpassed. Persons desiring to purchase a good suit of clothes would do well by giving Mr. Weler a call.

Thomas W. Parry & Co.,

Practical Slate Roofers, and Dealers in American Slate of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's near the Water Works Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 73 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused after it is put on.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop

Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry Alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

WILLIAM FORSEY.

Catarrh.

Dr. Gardner, who has been meeting with great success in the treatment of Catarrh, will again visit this city, on Tuesday, April 17th, and remain here until the 21st. He treats catarrh by the use of warm medicated inhalation. Office Monongahela House. Read his advertisement.

Much Sickness with Children

As well as adults, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by worms. Brown's "Vermifuge Comfits" are effectual in destroying worms, and can do no possible injury to the most delicate child. Twenty-five cents a box. Sold at Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street.

What I Draw.

I draw the coolest glass of Soda Water.
I draw the sharpest.
I make the best Syrups.
I do all this for five cents a glass, at 34 Federal street, Allegheny. Staw:t01

Auction Sale of Shoes.

A large special sale of boots, shoes and gaiters, at A. Leggate's, 154 Federal street, Allegheny, on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. At private sale, a very large stock at the right price.

J. M. Fulton's Drug Store,

Removed to 103 Smithfield street, opposite the Postoffice.

Western University.

The next term will commence April 18th.

Excelsior Institute

For Boys and Girls. See advertisement.

THE LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.
HARRISBURG, April 11.

SENATE.

Mr. Graham presented a petition of certain colored citizens of Pennsylvania, asking that they may be allowed to exercise the elective franchise.

The following bills were passed: An act incorporating the Farmers' Land Improvement and Trust Company; an act incorporating the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Manufacturing and Mining Company; an act incorporating the Western Express Company; an act to amend the revenue law of the Commonwealth, with the exception of the section increasing the rate of interest to seven per cent. An act continuing the Board of Military Claims was voted down.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

General Butler addressed the House for an hour and a half upon the questions of the day, taking issue with President Johnson on his reconstruction policy.

Mr. Ruddiman, of Philadelphia, moved a vote of thanks of the House for the address, which was carried by a party vote—the Democrats voting in the negative.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON CITY, April 11, 1866.

SENATE.

Mr. Sumner offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Military Committee to inquire into the expediency of providing a system of education for soldiers in the army of the United States.

Mr. Wilson introduced a resolution, which was adopted, prohibiting the sale of spirituous liquors in the Capitol building.

Mr. Sumner introduced a petition asking for Congressional aid for Building the European and North American Railroad, to connect the United States with Halifax, which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

A bill to authorize the Secretary of War to settle the Kansas war claims. Passed.

The Judiciary Committee was discharged from further consideration of the bill for protecting officers of the army from civil suits, a bill for that purpose being before Congress.

The Senate then took up the House Bill in relation to the writ of Habeas Corpus. After some debate the bill was postponed till to-morrow.

The bill relative to the qualification of jurors and writs of error was taken up and postponed till to-morrow.

A bill appropriating two and a-quarter million dollars for the relief of naval contractors was taken up, debated slightly, and postponed till to-morrow.

The bill organizing an active volunteer system was introduced and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Holmes, of New York, presented the resolution of the House Assembly of the New York Legislature, declaring the action of the New York Senators on the Civil Rights bill was approved, and requesting the New York Representatives to vote for the bill notwithstanding the President's veto.

Mr. Warner, of Connecticut, made a personal explanation relating to his absence when the vote was taken on the Civil Rights bill. It was his understanding that he was paired with Mr. Johnson, of Pennsylvania, who was absent on account of sickness. If he (Mr. Warner) had been present, he should have voted most cheerfully for the bill.

Mr. Elliott, of Mass., from the Committee on Commerce, reported back the Senate bill to authorize the issue of American registers to the steam vessels Michigan, Dispatch, and Wm. K. Miner, with an amendment applying to a dozen other Lake steamers.

The amendment was agreed to and the bill passed.

Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, and Mr. Washburne, of Massachusetts, and Messrs. Delano and Thornton, presented a large number of adverse reports from the Committee of Claims, which were laid on the table.

Mr. Driggs, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported back the bill to establish a Land Office in the Territory of Idaho, which was considered and passed.

Mr. Schenck, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported back, with a substitute, the bill to regulate the pay of the army, and asked that it be postponed, and made the special order for this day fortnight. It was so ordered.

Mr. Bundy offered a resolution which was adopted, reciting that Wm. Mercer, of the County of Ross, State of Ohio, had furnished seven sons and one grand-son to the army of the United States during the late rebellion, some of whom were minors, and were killed or died in the service, and that Wm. Mercer and his wife were aged and infirm, and without the necessary means to support themselves in their old age, and instructing the Committee on Invalid Pensions to inquire into the propriety of placing the name of Wm. Mercer on the list of Invalid Pensioners.

Mr. Davis, of Massachusetts, offered a resolution, which was adopted, directing the Judiciary Committee to inquire whether any legislation is necessary to make the shares in National Banks liable to attachment and levy of execution under State law for the payments of debts of the owners.

Mr. Eckley, of Ohio, offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into the expediency of allowing three months extra pay to the returned prisoners who survived the fate of the steamer Sultana, the same as other returned prisoners are allowed.

Mr. Rice, of Maine, offered a resolution reciting that a morning paper announced the fact that the Manhattan Club of New York proposed to give to James Brooks a public dinner next Monday, and that Messrs. Stockton and Voorhees were expected to be present, and resolving that the Chairman of the Committee on Elections, and such other members of that Committee as may be invited, shall be granted leave of absence to attend such meeting and dinner. (Laughter.)

Mr. Harding, of Kentucky, wanted to move an amendment, but Mr. Rice, of Maine, withdrew the resolution.

Mr. Ingersoll rose to a personal explanation, and stated that he was represented in the Baltimore *American* as having been engaged the other day in making dilatory motions to prevent a vote on the Civil Rights bill. He disclaimed doing so, leaving the credit of such motions to his friend from Wisconsin.

The Speaker stated that the correction of the mistake had appeared in this morning's Baltimore *American*.

The House then proceeded as the business of the morning hour, to the unfinished business of the morning hour of yesterday, it being the bill reported from the Committee on Military Affairs for the relief of Paymasters in the army. A summary of the bill was contained in the report of yesterday's proceedings. The bill gave rise to much discussion.

The House refused to second the previous question, when the morning hour having expired the bill went over till to-morrow.

Mr. Bidwell, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported back the bill to amend the Agricultural College act, which was under discussion yesterday. The bill was then passed by a vote of 86 to 33.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the bill to reimburse Missouri for equipping militia. It appropriates $6,775,000. The Appropriation Committee reported an amendment reducing the amount $5,000. After considerable debate several amendments were made, by which the Board of Commissioners to examine into the facts of the case were provided for. Other amendments were made, and subsequently, as amended, the bill passed.

Adjourned.

Washington Matters—Reorganization of Postal Service—Fishery Question.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The *Herald's* Washington special says: Col. A. H. Markland, special mail agent, departs to-morrow on a trip to reorganize the postal service in the Mississippi Valley. Col. M. is empowered to make new contracts to divide the service from point to point on the river, where it can be done advantageously, and to appoint loyal men who will act in postoffices as if appointed from the Department. Postmaster General Dennison is determined to perfect postal arrangements in the Southern Mississippi Valley as speedily as possible.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: A. H. Stephens will appear before the Reconstruction Committee to-day.

The Senate in executive session yesterday, failed to confirm Lewis D. Campbell as Minister to Mexico.

The colored people of the District of Columbia celebrated the 16th inst. as the anniversary of emancipation in that District.

The *Times'* Washington special says: It is understood that the Government has sent one or two armed vessels to the fishing grounds on the coast of the British Provinces to protect our fishermen there, who have been warned off by the Provincials since the cessation of the Reciprocity Treaty. The British Government has expressed a willingness to allow everything to go on on the basis of the Convention of 1818, or on the basis existing prior to the existence of the Reciprocity Treaty, which enables our vessels to fish anywhere within a marine league of the shore.

Testimony of A. H. Stephens—Amnesty Proclamation—New Tax Bill.

NEW YORK, April 11.—A Washington special states that Alexander H. Stephens testified before the Reconstruction Committee this morning. He expressed the opinion that there is a general acquiescence among the Southern people in the idea of perpetual Union, but that they will never agree to give equal political rights to the negroes.

It is said that a proclamation of amnesty is to be issued by the President in a few days.

The Committee of Ways and Means have not yet agreed on the free list of the new revenue tax bill.

Trotting at Fashion Course.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Yesterday afternoon, the first trotting match for a sweepstakes of $1,500 came off at the Fashion Course, Long Island. Mr. Couroy's bay mare, named Lady Jones, won the heat and race in 2:31. Next Thursday the first purse will be trotted for over the Fashion Course.

Election in Jersey City, N. J.

NEW YORK, April 11.—In the election yesterday in Jersey City, Cleveland, Democrat, was chosen Mayor by 370 majority. The Aldermen are equally divided between the Republicans and Democrats. Hudson City and Hoboken went Democratic. Bergen elected the whole Union ticket.

THE FENIAN MOVEMENT.

Great Excitement in Canada.

POINT OF ATTACK, NEW BRUNSWICK.

British War Steamers Arriving.

FENIAN MEETINGS IN EASTPORT, ME.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The *Herald's* Toronto special says the excitement is very great here this afternoon, owing to a general search of suspected premises. The only contraband of war found were four revolvers in Shea's house, a rusty musket and two bayonets in Murphy's. Shea's is the only arrest made in the city. His arrest was caused by an intercepted telegram, cautioning him to look out for himself and destroy a certain box, which a diligent search did not discover.

The Government, on Sunday, received information that about seventy Canadians had left for Portland, all armed. The authorities now believe that there was no raid on New Brunswick intended; but that it was intended that the Portland dispatches detailing the departure of the Fenians was dictated by O'Mahoney, and that their reported departure was merely to give color to the belief that New Brunswick was the point aimed at, and that under cover of this movement, Sweeney or O'Mahoney would make a desperate raid upon Canada, probably with the Chicago gunboats, and land his forces. An attack is daily looked for.

The Cornwall prisoners have retained ex-Attorney General McDonald to defend them, and their preliminary examination comes off to-night or to-morrow forenoon. They are still under guard, and will probably be examined to-morrow.

TORONTO, C. W., April 11.—The examination of the Fenians arrested at Cornwall begins to-day. Hon. John S. MacDonald has been engaged for the defense. The *Globe* this morning has the following: There is no longer any doubt that O'Mahoney is concentrating a force near the New Brunswick frontier. This is clearly in violation of the neutrality laws of the United States; and the Washington authorities must speedily take action on the subject. We are not anxious that the American Government should act hurriedly. In a free government time must be allowed for talk, and it is not well for any government to oppose a movement which commands a measure of popular sympathy, without clear proof that the law is being broken, but the marching of armed men towards the frontier is an act of war, which the American Government must suppress, if they intend to do their duty towards their neighbors.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The *Commercial's* Washington special says: Sir Frederick Bruce professes to have received information that leaves no doubt as to the intention of the Fenians to attack some point in the British Provinces. It appears certain that large numbers of men are gathering on the frontiers, and it is alleged that their object is to concentrate and capture some place which will be hastily entrenched and defended. In that case it is expected that reinforcements and aid from the United States and British Provinces will flow in, and enable them to accomplish their object. The situation is deemed sufficiently alarming to call forth a proclamation from the President against any invasion of the neutrality laws, and it will shortly appear. Serious remonstrances have been received from the Canadian authorities. It is understood that the United States Marshals on the border towns have received orders to prevent any invasion.

EASTPORT, ME., April 11.—The Fenians have hired the Town Hall for three days to hold meetings. There is an open session to-night. There is another large British steamer off Campo Bello with a large force of men ashore at work.

A number of Fenians left on a sailing vessel last night secretly.

A large steamer, with the American flag and private signal, has just gone up the river towards St. Andrews.

SECOND DISPATCH.—The excitement continues. The Fenian public convention is in session. British war steamers are continually arriving and patrolling the harbor and St. Croix river.

Fifty Fenians have left in a schooner. Their destination is unknown.

A suspicious steamer, showing the American colors, has just passed into St. Croix river.

There are Fenians arriving continually.

Executive Pardons—Encouragement of Emigration—Government Sales—The Cattle Plague.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Warrants for pardon were issued from the Attorney General's Office to-day, by direction of the President, for forty individuals, the majority of whom are residents of Georgia, Louisiana and Texas. A few were pardoned under the first exception, but the majority of them under the twenty thousand dollar clause.

General Augur has been notified of the escape of Oscar Mankin, one of the Alexandria rioters, from the Alexandria jail, where he was awaiting trial for murder. His escape is attributed to the negligence of a prominent officer.

The Secretary of State has sent a letter to Representative Washburne, of Illinois, Chairman of the Committee on Commerce, showing the necessity of the passage of the bill amendatory of the act to encourage immigration. The first section, placing restrictions upon visiting passenger vessels in the port of New York, the Secretary explains is to assure the emigrants of Government protection, and caution them against the devices of sharpers. In the second section, the provision for summary proceedings against persons illegally restraining immigrants on ship board, can only prevent the abuses which usually remain uninvestigated on account of the transient stay of the wronged. It is stated that every passenger vessel arriving in New York since the establishment of the United States emigrant office, without exception, has violated the passenger acts of 1855 and 1860. Other outrages have been committed. The provisions of the bill are for the stringent, summary and severe punishment of all offenders.

The Quartermaster's sales of animals since May 1st, 1865, were 108,751 horses, and 10,342 mules. Total, 219,153 animals, for which the government has received the sum of $41,621,922.

The President has not yet appointed a customs collector for the port of New York.

Consul Wilson, at Antwerp, writes under date of March 14th to the Governor, of that province, asking information about the prevalence of the cattle plague, and the means taken to prevent its spread. The letter in reply states that the plague had not been observed since the 2d of February, but it has just broken out again in three parishes, in one of which it was necessary to sacrifice one hundred and thirty animals in a distillery stable, fifty-two of which were found to be diseased. This fresh outbreak is believed to be starved out.

Banishment of Cows and Cow Stables from New York City—Diseased Cattle—Alarming Developments.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Dr. Percy made some remarkable statements before the Health Commission yesterday, concerning the banishment of the cows and cow stables from the city. He said the animals were nearly all suffering from pleuro pneumonia, and the disease is contagious. A gentleman of Boston, a few days ago imported three animals that had contracted this disease, and the State of Massachusetts lost one hundred thousand cattle which were infected from these three. A bull was sent from Holland to the Cape of Good Hope, and from that one animal millions were infected and died, while business was almost destroyed and starvation produced.

Mr. Lindley said that dead animals could be seen all over the country. A bull was sent from England to Australia, and notwithstanding the passage, the animals which came in contact with him, in every case, were infected; but as they were immediately killed, the disease was finally mastered. This disease exists here in the stables, and if you break them up the owners will sell. They will go abroad, and it may be so spread to infect the cattle in every State in the country. Dr. Letheby says that when the disease has become chronic, persons who have eaten the meat of cattle killed while suffering from this disease, have experienced no bad effects. When it is acute it produces carbuncles in those who eat it. Farmers in Duchess county would as soon take small pox into their homes as cattle from these swill milk stables into their barn yards. If they are sold, the disease will be communicated. It is a fact that trichina has been found in beef, and traced directly to the swill milk stables on Long Island. It exists in pigs and is found wherever they are kept in filthy styes and fed on swill. Rats are found wherever there are pigs, and they become filled with trichina. Cows devour the excretions of the rats, and they take the disease. Cases of this kind I have personally traced to Newton.

Gen. Grant Before a Justice—General Land Office Reports.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Gen. Grant to-day acknowledged the service of a warrant for fast driving, and appeared before a Justice of the Peace and paid a fine.

Reports received at the General Land Office show that over 40,700 acres were entered at the Land Office of Broomerville, Missouri—part settlement and part cash sales; at La Crosse, Wisconsin, 7,436 acres, and at Topeka, Kansas, 5,000 acres; in all 63,102 acres.

In the city quite a number of planters and agents are hiring freedmen labor on plantations in Tennessee, Mississippi and other Southern States. Among them is one from the latter State who wishes to hire two hundred and fifty, and up to Saturday night he had engaged nearly two hundred, and a lady of the former State will engage quite a number. It is estimated that about four hundred and fifty were hired last week.

Radical Rejoicings.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The Republicans of Greenpoint, Long Island, held a glorification meeting late on Monday night, over the final passage of the Civil Rights Bill, and at midnight fired a salute of one hundred guns. A salute of one hundred guns was fired from Fort Greene, Brooklyn, last evening, in honor of the passage, by Congress, of the Civil Rights Bill over the President's veto.

Senate Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The Senate has confirmed the following named Brigadier Generals to be Major Generals. By brevet—Thos. H. Neill, Benj. J. Spooner, Morgan H. Christer and Martin L. McMahon.

Fenian Centre Resigned.

PHILADELPHIA, April 11.—Mr. John Hasson has resigned the position of Centre of the Philadelphia Circle of the Fenian Brotherhood. His successor has not yet been elected.

LATEST FOREIGN ADVICES.

Arrival of the Steamers Pierre and Asia.

GERMAN DIFFICULTIES INCREASING.

Military Preparations.

ENGLISH WAR VESSELS COMPLETING.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The steamer Pierre from Havre of the 29th, via Brest on the 31st of March, arrived this morning, bringing Paris papers of the evening of the 30th, from which we extract the following late news.

The Provincial correspondence of Berlin of the 28th, says that in view of the danger to Prussia by the concentration of Austrian troops, it is supposed that orders have been given which will enable Prussia to successfully resist any attack.

A Berlin telegram states that measures touching Silesea were taken at the meeting of the Council on the 27th.

A dispatch from Vienna of the 28th, protests against the statement of the Prussian journals, and says there has been no rendezvous of a corps de armee, no purchase of horses, or no levy of troops on the part of Austria.

The Imperial Government has omitted to take measures which are justified by the language of Prussian sheets, for it would not needlessly increase the burdens of the finances.

HALIFAX, April 11.—The Asia, from Liverpool on March 21st, via Queenstown April 1st, arrived this afternoon.

All the markets were closed, and there is no later commercial news than that by the steamers of the 29th and 30th.

The steamship Hibernia, from New York, arrived on the 31st.

The German difficulties are still increasing, but no active hostilities have occurred. Military preparations were progressing actively. General Benedek had been appointed the Austrian Commander-in-Chief.

LATER.—The London Stock Exchange was the only market open on the 31st. The closing quotations were, Consuls, 86¾@86⅞; U. S. 5-20s, 70@71½; Erie Shares, 55@55½; Illinois Central Shares, 79½@80.

The English news, political and general, is very meagre.

Liverpool, March 31.—Evening.—The German advices continue warlike.

Count Von Bismarck had a long conference on the 29th with Count Karalgi, the Austrian Ambassador to Berlin.

Orders had been issued to place three divisions of Prussian infantry, (the whole army corps), and seven other regiments upon a war footing. It was also stated that orders had been given that the Prussian war vessels at Kiel be prepared for active service.

The Vienna *Post* asserts that five Prussian army corps have received orders to hold themselves ready for active service.

The Vienna *Debate* asserts that the Western Great Powers intend to present identical notes at Berlin, depreciatory of war. It is stated that not only a convention, but a formal treaty of alliance has been concluded between Italy and Prussia.

Von Bismarck is said to have issued a circular dispatch to the Prussian Ambassadors at the Courts of the Great Powers, directing them to protest against the extraordinary armament of Austria.

A Florence telegram says that considerable armaments are stated to be in course of preparation in Italy.

The editor of the Paris *Opinion Nationale* states in that journal that he had received a visit from Stephens, the Head Center, who announced his approaching departure for America.

Paris, March 31.—Bourse heavy. Rentes close 1 at 67f, 40c.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Advices from Plymouth say that orders have been received there to expedite the preparation for sea of half a dozen war vessels. The conclusion is drawn that they are intended for the Gulf and river of St. Lawrence, and that the New York, New Foundland, and London Telegraph Company have contracted with the Telegraph Construction and Maintenance Company of London, for the manufacture and submersion this summer of two cables; one across the Gulf of St. Lawrence from New Foundland to Cape Breton, and the other between Prince Edward's Island and New Foundland, and for the repair of the present cables, so as to have two cables for the prompt transmission of all messages between the Atlantic cable and the United States.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* writes that Prince Napoleon has left Paris for Italy, after having several interviews with the Emperor. It is supposed that he is intrusted with a mission to Victor Emmanuel which could not well be confided to any inferior personage, and has reference to the state of affairs between Prussia and Austria. The correspondent adds: "I find that the persons who up to the present moment have refused to believe that anything likely to disturb the peace of Europe would come of the quarrel, are now far less incredulous. Their views of the future are gloomy enough, and they think that the conflict between Austria and Prussia all but certain."

The London *Times* of the 30th remarked editorially that there was too much reason to fear that the peace of Europe was about to be broken by an almost unnecessary war. But on the following day the *Times* remarked: "We cannot persuade ourself that Austria and Prussia, however fiercely they may wrangle, will actually fight. They have been on the verge of hostilities before without coming to blows. We can hardly avoid thinking, therefore, that they will find some way out of the present quarrel. Desperate as it appears it is asserted that the Austrian Premier has made a positive statement to the Prussian Embassador at Vienna respecting the movement of Austrian troops, and not concealing that Austria must be prepared for any extreme resolutions that might eventually be taken by Prussia."

Vienna papers declare that Austria will not take the aggressive.

It is reported from Vienna that the Commission of Austrian Engineers is making an investigation of the numerous fords along the line of the Adige, and that the soldiers of the Reserve on furlough have been called in.

A Berlin telegraph asserts that the mobilization of two army corps will be immediately proceeded with.

The Government of Weimar has replied warmly to the Prussian circular dispatch, and claims federal intervention in the question.

From Oregon and California—Miners Strike—Oregon State Convention.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 10.—A strike took place yesterday among the miners of the New Almaden Quicksilver Mine. The grievances complained of are, being compelled to lease houses, and the high price of supplies demanded by the company. They have possession of the mine, and allow no one to work, but no violence was offered.

The Oregon State Convention nominated Rufus Mallory, of Marion, for Congress, and George L. Woods, of Washoe, for Governor. A resolution was adopted that representation goes with taxation, and expressing a desire that civil and political privileges be given to the late rebellious States when compatible with the National safety, and that of the loyal people in those States. The closing resolution protests against taxing or selling Government mineral lands.

The steamer Walker sailed for Panama, carrying $874,642 in treasure, of which $800,715 is for New York.

The British bark Sir George Grey, from Valparaiso for Sydney, was wrecked on February 20th, on Cockburn's Island, and was sold for seven hundred dollars. The Captain and crew reached Locheta in open boats.

From New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, April 11.—Cotton, stiffer; sales, 1,300 bales; receipts, to-day, 720 bales; middling, 34½@35. Sterling Exchange, 32. New York Bank Checks, ⅛ discount.

The Methodist Conference appointed two Bishops to proceed to Washington and thank the President for restoring Church property.

President Johnson has ordered the suspension of Mayor Monroe and Alderman Nixon, until they are pardoned. Acting Mayor Clark continues in office.

Thirteen vessels are quarantined, loaded with coffee, sugar and molasses, from the Gulf to New Orleans. The city and Gulf ports are perfectly healthy.

The first race to-day, mile heats, best two in three, was won by Gilroy. Time, 2:01¾ and 1:54¼. The second race, two mile heats, was won by Gen. Rosseau. Time, 4:04.

Natchitoches, April 7.—There are four hundred contracts in this Parish, averaging twenty worked with hands to fifty plantations worked without contracts. The estimated Parish crop is thirty thousand bales.

The water is high and damage is apprehended.

Columbian Insurance Company—Decree of Court.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The following is the decision of the Court in the affair of the Receivership of the Columbian Insurance Company: "I think the interests of the various persons interested in the distribution of the proceeds of the Company will be benefited by the appointment of a man who has had experience in the management of insurance companies. The original motion was that two receivers should be appointed to act. They were so appointed, but one has resigned. Geo. A. Osgood is appointed to act in conjunction with B. Leffingwell, a bond to be given in the sum of $50,000."

Canadian Annexation Meeting.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The French-Canadians held a meeting at Clinton Hall last evening, in favor of the annexation of Canada to the United States, and in opposition to the Canadian Confederation scheme. Resolutions were passed, and a committee of annexation was appointed, with a view of forming a French-Canadian Annexation Society in this city.

Postmaster Arrested.

NASHVILLE, April 11.—Daniel Williams, Postmaster at Franklin, Tennessee, was committed to jail by the United States Commissioner here, charged with abstracting letters with money addressed to parties in Philadelphia.

The Legislature met, and there being no quorum present, adjourned.

Steamer Arrived.

BOSTON, April 11.—The steamer Delaware, from Liverpool on the 28th, via Queenstown on the 30th, with five hundred passengers, arrived here this evening.

Navigation Resumed on Upper Mississippi.

MILWAUKEE, April 11.—The ice has broken up on the Mississippi at St. Paul, and the river is now open for navigation.

HORRIBLE BUTCHERY IN PHILADELPHIA.

A Family of Seven Murdered.

PHILADELPHIA, April 11.—A terrible crime in the lower section of the city was discovered this afternoon. A family of seven persons had been murdered—Christopher Deering, his wife, niece and four children, on Mr. Deering's farm, at the Point House road and James lane. It is supposed the murders were committed last Friday by a German laborer on the farm. The crime was discovered this afternoon by finding the bodies of Deering and his wife in the barn. One of the victims was a baby ten months old. Plunder seems to have been the sole object. The horses and cattle in the stable were found in a famishing condition.

Senator Doolittle Repudiated.

MADISON, Wis., April 11.—The Wisconsin Legislature passed a resolution last night severely censuring Senator Doolittle, especially for voting against the Civil Rights bill, and disobedience of instructions, and declaring it his duty to resign, as misrepresenting his constituency.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, April 11.—Flour and Wheat are extremely dull, and low grades are unsaleable. Corn heavy at 59@60c. Oats steady at 39 @40c. Provisions unchanged.

Northern Light Sunk—No Lives Lost.

LA CROSSE, WIS., April 11.—The steamer Northern Light was sunk this morning by ice on the Mississippi, fourteen miles below this city. No lives were lost.

The Rebel Winder Released.

RICHMOND, April 11.—Capt. R. B. Winder who has been imprisoned here for several months, was discharged to-day by orders from Washington.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Wants his Money Back.

A. P. Learn, of Mifflin township, has instituted legal proceedings against the School Directors for the recovery of three hundred dollars paid by him to a substitute credited to the quota of the township under the call for troops, dated February, 1865. It is alleged that after the quota of the township had been assigned, a meeting of the citizens was called to devise means for raising the required number of men. At this meeting, at which three of the School Board were present, it was decided to pay a bounty of five hundred or six hundred dollars to each recruit credited to the township, and the members of the Board agreed to appropriate some four thousand dollars remaining in their hands from a previous draft, towards defraying the expenses thus incurred. The plaintiff, previous to this meeting, secured a substitute, and credited him to the township, paying him $350. After the meeting of the citizens referred to, the School Directors met and provided for the payment of a bounty not exceeding three hundred dollars to each recruit. Before any recruits had been enlisted, or any money paid out by the Board, the draft was obviated by the sudden collapse of the rebellion. The plaintiff then demanded reimbursement to the amount of three hundred dollars, and being refused, instituted legal proceedings against the Board. The defendants contend that the plaintiff has no right to recover, on the ground that he placed his substitute in the field prior to the time at which the School Board agreed to pay bounty for recruits, and further that the action of the meeting of the citizens was not in any way binding upon the School Board. On these grounds the counsel for defendants moved that a non-suit be entered against the plaintiff, but the Court refused to entertain the motion, and the case was still on trial at the adjournment of Court.

Hager's Grand Entertainments.

We were present yesterday afternoon at a rehearsal of the grand national allegory and tableaux of the great rebellion, written expressly for J. M. Hager's grand entertainments. The principal characters represented are: Goddess of Liberty, Truth, Justice, United States (represented by thirty-six young ladies), Attendant Spirits, Hungarian, Italian, Irishman, Negro Boy, Soldier and lady, War, Slavery, Foreign Intervention, Famine, Pestilence, Army of the Potomac, etc. The stage in City Hall has been enlarged so as to accommodate the number of persons required to give due effect to the tableaux, and nothing has been left undone to render it one of the grandest and most impressive entertainments ever given in the city. Judging from the rehearsal we have no hesitation in predicting that this affair will go off with eclat, and meet the hearty approval of all present. Three hundred young ladies and gentlemen, pupils of the Pittsburgh Female College, the Western University, and others, will take part. Miss Fannie Hager will preside at the piano. There will be four entertainments given, commencing this evening and closing on Monday night, the proceeds to be applied to the benefit of the Soldiers' Home.

"Sights in London."

This is the title of a lecture to be delivered at the East Common Methodist Protestant Church, Allegheny city, this (Thursday) evening, by Rev. David Jones, who has recently returned from a tour in Europe. Mr. Jones is a young man of rising talent, and will soon take his place among the first orators of our land. He delivered this lecture a short time since in one of the churches in Pennsylvania avenue, to a crowded and delighted audience, who evinced their appreciation of his graphic descriptions of London scenes by frequent outbursts of applause. The object of the lecture is one which will commend itself to the hearty sympathy of every patriot—to assist the Soldiers' Church in Wellsburg, West Virginia, to liquidate the remaining debt on the building. It was erected during the war, and the noble citizens of Pittsburgh have manifested their sympathy in the cause by investing $2,000 in the enterprise. We assure our readers that they will be richly repaid in the outlay, and a walk over to our sister city. Tickets 50 cents, at A. H. English & Co.'s, Wood street, and at the door. Lecture commences at half past seven o'clock.

Still in the Dark.

In the name of all the saints in the calendar what is the matter with the "gas fixins" along Rebecca street, Allegheny? Is there any truth in the random remark made by an old lady that the gas company and passenger cars were in "cahoot" to make the street dark, so that people would be compelled to ride? We don't believe the old lady's theory. Hence we again—and for the twentieth time—call on the proper authorities to see to it that the gas lamps along Rebecca street are kept clean and *all* lighted every evening when the moon does not shine the greater part of the night. While on this subject it may not be amiss to say that the Street Commissioner has not yet had the pavements repaired, though we will do him the justice to say that he has removed the mud. Hope he will not become weary in well doing, and that ere long some of those six-inch pavements, close by the frog ponds, will be widened to at least as many feet.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Miss Provost appeared last evening to a select audience in the play of "Lucie, the Persecuted," eliciting considerable applause. She is a pleasing actress, a good reader, but seemingly wanting in vigor and tone, which may be accounted for by her long absence from the stage. We have no doubt this objection will be overcome ere long. The play is of the sensational school. It will be repeated this evening.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—Mr. Brougham fully sustained his high reputation, as Captain Cuttle, in "Dombey & Son," last night. This evening he appears as the eccentric Wilkins Micawber, in "David Copperfield." No one who sees him in this personation will have occasion to regret it. We regard it as his most amusing character. He will also appear in his own extravaganza entitled "Po-ca-hon-tas."

Eligible Site for a Manufactory.

We direct the special attention of our readers to the advertisement of the First Reformed Presbyterian congregation of this city, which will be found in another column. This congregation offers for sale that large lot, corner of Plum and Cherry alleys, upon which their house of worship and janitor's residence are erected. The lot is located almost in the center of the city, and would make an eligible site for a foundry, engine house, packing house, &c., &c. As it will only be in the market for a short time, immediate application should be made.

Purifying Remedies.—

H. T. Button, ventilation architect, of Cobourg, C. W., communicates to the *Post*, of this city, the following remedies against the prevalence of pestilence by an unwholesome atmosphere, which are of practical importance just now, when the dread epidemic cholera threatens to visit us: "Open a hole—say about one foot square, near the bottom of your kitchen chimney. This will cause a strong draft into the flue, thoroughly ventilating the basement, and preventing the bad air rising into the rooms above. To ventilate your drain, cess-pool or closet, connect each by means of a three or four inch pipe with a chimney—that in which there is a flue being the best; in all cases where practicable, there should be an open flue in every room of a dwelling."

Eastern Pennsylvania Penitentiary.—

The Thirty-seventh Annual Report of the Inspectors of the Eastern Penitentiary states that the whole number in confinement during 1865 was 583, of which there were 524 white males, 9 white females, 1 mulatto male, 1 mulatto female, and 11 black males received; 187 white males, 13 white females, 6 mulatto males, 3 mulatto females, 29 black males and 1 black female discharged, leaving in the penitentiary on the 31st of December, 1865, 424 prisoners, of which number 382 were white males, and 11 white females; the remainder were colored. Of the whole number in confinement during the year, 116 were discharged by expiration of sentence, 21 were pardoned, 9 died, and 1 by revocation of sentence.

Quite a Success.—

The fair and festival being held in the Sunday School room of Trinity church for the benefit of Grace church, Mount Washington, is proving quite a success. It will continue this afternoon and evening. A fishing pond has been introduced which creates considerable amusement, each disciple of Walton paying ten cents for a "nibble" with the privilege of taking the line. The grounds in front of the church are brilliantly illuminated, and we are pleased to learn that the festival has thus far proven a grand success.

Relieved.—

Col. R. Biddle Roberts, senior aid-de-camp on the staff of Gov. Curtin, and for the past two years head of the Executive Military department, was yesterday, at his own request, relieved from further duty. The executive military department will hereafter be in charge of Col. Thomas. Col. Roberts returns to this city to resume his practice at the bar.

CENTENARY MEETING.

First Day's Proceedings—Mass Meeting—Addresses of College Presidents—Second Day's Proceedings—Important Action on the Objects for which Donations are to be Made—Educational Matters—Visiting Ministers—Interesting Denial Process.

FIRST DAY.

The Pittsburgh M. E. Conference, at its recent session in Washington, Pa., directed the Centenary Committee, composed of one minister and one layman from each District, making in all nineteen members, to make suitable arrangements for observing the Centenary of Methodism, within the bounds of the Conference, and also to consider the objects for which local contributions are to be made. In accordance with the appointment of Rev. Dr. I. N. Baird, of Salem, Ohio, chairman, the committee assembled in the M. E. Church at Beaver, Pennsylvania, Monday afternoon, at three o'clock, Rev. Dr. Baird in the chair. The meeting was opened by Rev. Dr. James Drummond with appropriate religious services, after which, on motion, Rev. Joseph Horner, late of Pittsburgh, now pastor of the Bridgewater M. E. Church, was requested to act as Secretary.

The following members of the Committee were present: Messrs. I. N. Baird, D.D., Salem, O.; C. A. Holmes, D.D., Pittsburgh; J. Drummond, D.D., Barnesville, Ohio; T. H. Jackson, Johnston, Va.; E. Bingley, Monongahela City, Pa.; J. D. Vail, McConnellsville, O.; H. Miller, Canton, O.; J. M. Carr, New Philadelphia, O.

Laymen.—T. Shafer, M. D., of Elizabeth, Pa.; and E. Battelle, of Newport, Ohio.

Minutes of the meeting of the Committee held in Pittsburgh, December 19, 1865, were read, after which the President stated that the present meeting was intended for a free interchange of views of the members of the Committee, and to hear statements from persons present not members of the Committee—but interested in the objects contemplated by its action. Rev. Dr. Pershing, President of the Pittsburgh Female College; Rev. Dr. Loomis, President of Allegheny College at Meadville, Pa.; Rev. Dr. Hartshorn, President of Mount Union College, Mount Union, Ohio, and Rev. R. T. Taylor, President of Beaver Seminary and Institute, Beaver, Pa., severally addressed the Committee in behalf of their respective institutions.

The second resolution of the action of the Committee, at its meeting of December 19th, 1865, was read as follows: That our ministers and members interest themselves to the full measure of their ability in the endowment of Allegheny and Mount Union Colleges—laboring earnestly to place these institutions this (1866) year on a prosperous and immovable basis. A motion was made to amend so as to include Pittsburgh Female College and Beaver Seminary.

During the discussion of the question, Rev. Dr. Dempsey, Presiding Elder of Steubenville District, was on motion allowed to address the Committee, and subsequently members present of the District Committees appointed at New York, of which the Presiding Elders are Chairmen, were requested to participate in the proceedings of the Committee as honorary members. Definite action deferred. Shortly afterwards the Committee adjourned to meet at the close of the public meeting in the evening.

GRAND PUBLIC MEETING.

Rev. Dr. Nesbit, editor of the *Pittsburgh Christian Advocate*, in consequence of the unexpected illness of his eldest daughter, was unable to be present to preach the centenary sermon he delivered before the Pittsburgh Conference, at its recent session. In consequence of this change in the arrangements a general centenary meeting was held, at which Rev. Dr. Baird presided. Immediately after devotional exercises, by request, Rev. H. Miller, of Canton, Ohio, sung "Your Mission" in a feeling manner. Addresses were then delivered by Rev. Dr. C. A. Holmes, Rev. W. H. Locke and Rev. H. Miller. At the close of the meeting, the Committee met without doing any business, and adjourned to meet next morning at eight o'clock.

SECOND DAY—MORNING SESSION.

The Centenary Committee met at 8 o'clock, A. M., Rev. Dr. I. N. Baird in the chair. Devotional exercises conducted by Rev. J. D. Vail.

The motion under consideration yesterday was taken up, and after being discussed by Drs. Holmes and Drummond, and Revs. H. Miller and J. M. Carr, was adopted as amended.

The fourth resolution of the action of Dec. 19, 1865, was amended to read as follows, viz: That all contributions for the erection of new churches and parsonages, and the purchase of real estate, and the payment of existing debts thereon, be counted as Centennial contributions; and that when such buildings, purchases, and payments of debts are needed for the extension of our work and the comfort of our ministers, they be at once undertaken. Adopted as amended.

The following resolution was adopted: *Resolved*, That the agents operating in behalf of any Centennial enterprise are required to preserve an accurate and detailed account of all contributions and the sources from which they are derived, as well as the object to which they are paid, and report to the chairman of this committee by the 1st of February, 1867.

The following resolution was re-affirmed: *Resolved*, That each society report to this committee the amount raised for Centennial purposes, and the particular object to which it has been applied.

The sixth resolution of the action of December 19, 1865, was amended and adopted, as follows, viz: That a suitable blank book be procured for the use of each charge, that in this book be entered the name of each contributor and the amount of his contributions to both Connexional and Local funds; that a copy of this record be forwarded to the Annual Conference for preservation in a suitable form.

It was moved that each preacher in charge provide the book for his charge.

Dr. Holmes offered the following resolution: *Resolved*, That the two members of committee representing each District, in connection with the Presiding Elder of their District, and such other persons appointed by him, be a committee to arrange for suitable centennial services within their District during October next, and that the Presiding Elder act as chairman.

On motion, all unspecified collections, not exceeding in amount $25,000 were directed to be set apart for the erection of a suitable building or buildings at Pittsburgh for a Book concern and other purposes; provided, that the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity shall raise $25,000 specifically for that purpose.

It was moved that all moneys for Connexional-Educational funds shall be retained by the respective charges until the next called meeting of this Committee.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Committee met at 1 o'clock, Rev. Dr. I. N. Baird, presiding.

After devotional services, conducted by Rev. J. M. Carr, on motion, a committee of three was ordered to prepare the proceedings of the committee for publication, and to attend to such other matters as may devolve upon them. Rev. Drs. I. N. Baird and C. A. Holmes and J. W. F. White, Esq., were appointed said committee.

On motion, the action of the committee in reference to the appropriation of the unspecified funds to the building of an edifice in Pittsburgh for the Book Concern, was reconsidered, and the following was passed in its stead:

Resolved, That the unspecified collections be set apart for the creation of a permanent fund for Church Extension, within our own conference limits; that the committee hereinafter provided for, present to the next meeting of this committee a plan for the management and disbursement of the proceeds of said fund; and that the special attention of our ministers and members be called to this fund, and generous donations to it be solicited.

On motion it was resolved that we do not approve of the recommendation of the Central Committee concerning the Children's fund, but do recommend that measures be taken in all our charges to enlist our Sabbath Schools.

The publication of Dr. Nesbit's Memorial sermon was referred to the committee of publication.

On motion, the pastors were requested to insert the names of every member of their charge in the book prepared for contributions, and inform their members of that fact.

Adjourned to meet at the call of the chairman.

THANKS.

Thanks were tendered to Rev. J. S. Bracken, pastor of the church; Prof. Taylor, President of Beaver Seminary; trustees of the church, and also to the citizens for entertainment.

PERSONAL.

Rev. J. Williams, of Allegheny; Rev. T. McCleary, of Blairsville, Pa.; Rev. D. L. Dempsey, of Beaver, Pa., chairmen of District Committees, were present and participated. Revs. W. H. Locke, of Sewickley, J. Monroe, J. K. Miller and J. S. Bracken, of Beaver; Dr. J. Murray, of Bridgewater, Pa., and Prof. Davenport, U. S. Assessor of that District, were also present as visitors.

EDUCATIONAL.

Beaver Seminary and Institute, under the direction of President Taylor, is in a flourishing condition. Great prosperity has attended the labors of this gentleman in promoting the cause of education.

VULCANIZING PROCESS.

Dr. J. Murray, of Bridgewater, is the inventor of a new mode for preparing rubber into a vulcanized form for teeth, by which crude oil is used, which costs fifteen cents per gallon instead of six dollars for Alcohol—a great saving to those who have to use it. The Doctor is an old Pittsburgher and is an honor to the Dental profession.

A Painting of the Gettysburg Battle.—

On Monday Mr. Kerns, from a committee to provide a historical painting of the battle of Gettysburg, made a report to the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, stating that it had been found impossible to decide upon the scene to be painted. The committee propose to visit the battle field in June or July, in company with Gen. Meade, and ask to be continued until they have contracted with some artist for three paintings. The House agreed to the report of the committee.

Personal.—

Hon. G. Nelson Smith and I. Trainor King, Esq., we are pleased to notice, have become the agents for the United States Life Insurance Company, and also of prominent and reliable Fire Insurance Companies, and opened an office at No. 23 Fifth street, over McClintock's carpet store. These gentlemen need no recommendation at our hands, nor do the companies they represent, both being well known, and will no doubt meet with a liberal share of the business in their line.

Trunk Found.—

Capt. McKelvy, of the Allegheny Night Watch, yesterday discovered the whereabouts of a trunk belonging to a lady named Clark, and which mysteriously disappeared some ten days since from the Federal Street Depot, whither it had been taken in an express wagon from the Allegheny Hotel. The trunk, which is supposed to contain ladies' apparel, awaits identification, and the owner can procure it by calling on Capt. McKelvy.

"A Tale of Sadness."—

We acknowledge the receipt of the following sums for the relief of a destitute clerk:

Anonymous	$24 25
Geo. Rogers	1 00
Acknowledged yesterday	51 00
	$76 25

Eye, Ear and Catarrh.—

We refer our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Gardner, who will again visit this city on Tuesday, April 17th, and remain until the 21st. Office at the Monongahela House. Those who are suffering from deafness, disease of the eye, or catarrh should avail themselves of the opportunity of consulting him.

Accident.—

A boy named Galbreath, who worked in a brick yard in the Ninth Ward, had his right hand badly mutilated yesterday by its being accidentally caught in a crushing machine. Dr. B. C. Christy dressed the wound and the little fellow is doing well.

Keep Clean.—

We note the advent of street sprinklers. As everybody seems to anticipate the advent of the cholera, although why we do not precisely know—cleanliness of person, streets, lanes and alleys is recommendable.

A Verdict.—

The case of Mundorf vs. Derlan and Pinkline, heretofore noticed, which has been on trial in the District Court before Judge Williams since Tuesday, was concluded yesterday, by the jury finding a verdict for defendants.

Who Owns Them?—

The Allegheny police found a bag of potatoes on West Common yesterday morning. The owner can have them by calling at the Mayor's office.

In Demand.—

Painters, paper hangers, &c., are just now in good demand. Everybody seems to be "cleaning up," and "changing front" is the order of the day.

DIED.

WILSON—On Wednesday morning, April 11th, 1866, CARRIE BROWN, daughter of John and Sarah A. Wilson, aged six years and six months.

The funeral will take place on THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, 27 Third street, near Ross. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

MILLER—On Wednesday morning, at 7½ o'clock, ROBERT MILLER, at his residence, corner of Webster and Logan streets, aged 14 years.

The friends of the deceased are respectfully invited to attend his funeral at 2 o'clock, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, to proceed to Allegheny Cemetery.

CEMETERIES.

HILLDALE CEMETERY.—A rural and most picturesque place of Sepulture, situate on the uplands, immediately north of Allegheny City, on the New Brighton Road. Persons wishing to select Burial Lots will apply at the Superintendent's office, at the Cemetery. Title Deeds, Permits, and any other business will be attended to at the Drug Warehouse of the undersigned, corner of Federal and Lacock streets, Allegheny.
GEO. A. KELLY, Secretary and Treasurer.

NOTICES.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRADE.—GENTLEMEN: You are earnestly desired to attend a meeting of the members of the Board of Trade [illegible] to consider business of importance in connection with the welfare of the Association. A full attendance is most respectfully requested.
GEO. H. THURSTON,
ap12:2td President of the Board of Trade.

WANTS.

WANTED—A few genteel Boarders—Four Gentlemen could be accommodated with room and boarding, and two small families could also be accommodated. None can be accommodated except first class. The location is desirable within 15 minutes passenger car riding. Spacious grounds around it. Address Box 563, with proper name. ap12:1wd

WANTED—American and German canvassers for the UNITED STATES LIFE, the ASTOR FIRE, and other Insurance Companies. Enquire of SMITH & KING, Agents, 23 Fifth street, over McClintock's Carpet Store. ap12:3t

AUCTION SALES.

LOTS ON LIBERTY AND AVERY STREETS, ALLEGHENY, AT AUCTION.—Will be sold on the premises, on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, April 18th, at 3 o'clock, Two Lots on Avery street, Fourth Ward, 4th and 5th lots east of North street, and One Lot on Liberty street, 4th lot east of North street, each 20 feet front by 78 feet. Terms cash. (ap12) A. LEGGATE, Auct.

NO. 89 FIFTH STREET—HOUSE AND LOT.—TUESDAY EVENING, April 17th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 103 Smithfield Street, that valuable LOT on Fifth street, above Smithfield, being 20 feet front and 100 feet in depth, to a wide passage in rear, opening on Cherry and Virgin alleys; the lot improved with good two-story Brick, No. 89 Fifth street, occupied by S. B. W. Gill, Esq. Title indisputable. Terms, cash.
ap12 A. McILWAINE, Auct.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, PA., April 12th, 1866.
Will be sold at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, the HOSPITAL BUILDING AT CAMP REYNOLDS, on the 18TH DAY OF APRIL NEXT, at 12 o'clock M.
This building is 80 feet long by 40 feet wide, with two wings attached 30 feet long by 16 feet wide each. Building to be removed within ten days after the sale.
TERMS—Cash; U. S. Currency.
O. CROSS,
ap12:td Lieut. Col. and Dep. Q. M. Gen.

SUNDRIES.

CONSIGNMENTS OF FRUIT AND PRODUCE.
300 boxes Messina Oranges, prime;
100 " Lemons, do
10 " Goshen Cheese;
25 " Hamburg do
100 dozen Canned Peaches;
50 " do Tomatoes;
10 bags Dry Peaches;
15 bbls. Cranberries;
40 " Peach Blow Potatoes;
2000 bush. do do in sacks.
Received and for sale by
mh14 FETTER, AIKEN & SHEPARD, 389 Liberty street.

POTATOES.
500 bbls. prime Prince Albert Potatoes;
500 do do Peach Blow do
Just arriving and for sale by
ap12 JNO. B. CANFIELD.

SODA ASH.
100 casks Common Soda Ash;
20 do Refined do
Just received and for sale by
ap12 JNO. B. CANFIELD.

GREEN APPLES—50 bbls. choice New York State Green Apples, just received and for sale by JNO. B. CANFIELD,
ap12 Nos. 141 and 143 Second street.

STILTON CHEESE—25 bxs. choice small Stilton Cheese, put up expressly for family use, just received and for sale by
ap12 JNO. B. CANFIELD.

EAR CORN—1000 bus. for sale by
mh3 McBANE & ANJER, No. 124 Second street.

A FINE LOT OF ADAMANTINE CANDLES received and in store at
mh3 JNO. H. SCOTT'S, 95 Liberty st.

PLATFORM SCALE—1 Platform Scale, almost new, in good order, for sale low by CHAS. C. BAILEY, 201 Liberty st.

POTATOES—500 bbls. Prince Albert and Peach Blow Potatoes for sale by
mh5 J. B. CANFIELD.

DRY APPLES—10 bbls. and 20 bags in store and for sale by
mh31 ISAIAH DICKEY & Co.

TALLOW OIL—10 barrels now landing from steamer Glasgow, for sale by
ap11 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

RAPE OIL—20 bbls. now landing from steamer Glasgow, for sale by
ap11 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

DRY PEACHES—7 bbls. pealed and 3 bbls. unpealed, now landing from railroad for sale by (ap11) ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

BUTTER—20 boxes and 10 half bbls. prime fresh Roll Butter for sale by
mh5 J. B. CANFIELD.

SHINGLES—75,000 No. 1 Shingles in store and for sale by
mh28 McBANE & ANJER, 124 Second st.

SEED BARLEY—400 bus. clean Seed Barley for sale by
mh28 McBANE & ANJER, 124 Second st.

WHITE WHEAT—1 car White Wheat in store and for sale by
mh28 McBANE & ANJER, 124 Second st.

CRUCIBLES—Assorted sizes.
mh3 HENRY H. COLLINS.

ROSIN—12 bbls. N. C. Rosin just received by HENRY H. COLLINS.

CHIMNEY TOPS—200 assorted patterns. (ap7) HENRY H. COLLINS.

CALCINED PLASTER—200 bbls. fresh. (ap7) HENRY H. COLLINS.

LAND PLASTER—50 bbls. for sale by (ap7) HENRY H. COLLINS.

CEMENTS—Rosendale, Louisville and Johnstown. HENRY H. COLLINS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE GREAT

SHERIFFS' SALES

OF

BOOTS & SHOES

In the East have nearly ruined the Manufacturers, but it was a

Special Dispensation for the Working Classes of this City.

Goods Selling at Lower Prices than Before the War!

$3,50 GIVEN FOR $1,25!

The only dealer in the city that was on hand with the money to "gobble up" these elegant Spring

BOOTS AND SHOES!

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS!

OPERA HOUSE SHOE STORE,

No. 60 Fifth Street,

UNDER THE OPERA HOUSE.

CLOAKS, &c.

THE LATEST AND NEWEST STYLES OF SPRING AND SUMMER CLOAKS NOW ON EXHIBITION AND FOR SALE AT THE PITTSBURGH CLOAK, MANTILLA AND CLOTH STORE, No. 78 Market Street.

Among our SPRING STOCK will be found a very knobby and stylish SPRING SACQUE for three dollars!
Our Stock for the Spring of 1866 far excels any previous season in Beauty, Style and Elegance.
N. B.—We are now prepared to furnish Country Merchants with Cloaks, &c., at Greatly Reduced Prices.
Having completed our arrangements by which we can furnish Goods at NEW YORK PRICES.

M. J. SPENCE, 78 Market St.

SAVINGS BANK.

PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS,
Formerly the DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
67 Fourth Street,
Nearly Opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh.)
CHARTERED IN 1862.
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SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

TO THE SCHOOL DIRECTORS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY:
GENTLEMEN: In pursuance of the forty-third section of the Act of 8th May, 1854, you are hereby notified to meet in Convention, at CITY HALL, in Pittsburgh, on the FIRST TUESDAY IN MAY, A. D. 1866, being the first day of the month, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and select, viva voce, by a majority of the whole number of the directors present, one person of literary and scientific acquirements, and of skill and experience in the art of teaching, as COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT, for the three succeeding years; determine the amount of compensation for the same; and certify the result to the State Superintendent at Harrisburg, as required by the thirty-ninth and fortieth sections of said act. The time for holding the election was changed at the present session of the Legislature.
A. T. DOUTHETT,
County Superintendent of Allegheny Co.
APRIL 10th, 1866. ap11:3taw

MILLINERY.

OPENING.
On Thursday, April 5th,
ALL THE VERY NEWEST STYLES OF
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de1:tf No. 14 Hay street

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BRICK MACHINE.—THE NATIONAL BRICK MACHINE makes, with only two-horse power, 30,000 splendid Bricks per day, with well defined edges and uniform lengths. If the machine does not perform what we claim for it we will take it back and refund the money. Address ABRAM REQUA, General Agent, 130 Broadway, New York. mh26:3mood

MULES.

TWO GOOD SIZED, YOUNG AND GENTLE MULES
FOR SALE. Will be at SPREAD EAGLE, on Liberty street, about NOON ON APRIL 17TH.
ap10:d1t

ROOMS AND BOARD.

ROOMS AND BOARD.—Unfurnished Rooms can be had, with Board, by a gentleman and wife, in Allegheny, on the line of the Passenger Railway, by addressing M. F., THIS OFFICE. References exchanged. mh28:tf

GOLD WALL PAPERS—At low prices, for Parlors and Chambers, for sale by
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LUBRICATING OIL.—Superior natural. (ap7) HENRY H. COLLINS.

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