The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY APRIL 5, 1866

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS

Notice is hereby given that hereafter all TRANSIENT advertisements received at this office must be paid for when handed in except in the case of yearly advertisers, whose bills will be rendered quarterly, as usual. Advertisers will please make a note of this, as the rule of cash payments for advertisements of the character stated will be inflexibly enforced.

The price of our paper is THREE CENTS at the counter or from newsboys. Served by carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

A CHANGE FOR THE WORSE.

As the armies of the Union took possession of the rebel States, President Johnson, as commander in chief, assumed unusual powers over them. He appointed Governors. Made those Governors submit to himself alone. Dictated what policy they should pursue. Authorized them to impose taxes on the people. Invoked Constitutional Conventions. Demanded fundamental changes in the local organization as an indispensable condition of the restoration of the rebel States to their former position as members of the Union.

The rebel States submitted to the arbitrary exercise of power by him in this arbitrary manner, because they could not help themselves. Their means of resistance were exhausted. But they did not comply with the presidential requirements. Time, they thought, would modify the exactions. A new wall of political obstruction, upon the foundation of state sovereignty, would arise. Not were they mistaken. In his Proclamation Before the President's words are cold he commences a quarrel with wonderful temper with the rebels. He will not [illegible] rights of the States which [illegible] having accepted [illegible] the Union [illegible] prompt[illegible]

The New York Times in view of the result that one third of states is adjudicated between the Senate and the President on the Civil Rights Bill, one of state in the way, that the President, and unfortunately [illegible] weight as among the possibilities [illegible] Union. In such broad grounds that [illegible] compromise is possible unless he recedes

THE JOHNSON CONSERVATIVES AND THE CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

For the whole influence of the National Administration was thrown in favor of [illegible] on the supposition that [illegible] would be a [illegible] Democratic triumph, with [illegible] Hartford [illegible] and the Conservative [illegible] [illegible] their others. For [illegible] we [illegible] proof at hand. The Philadelphia [illegible] the Press [illegible] the Administration [illegible] the President [illegible] the [illegible] Democratic [illegible] [illegible] on Tuesday [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Hartford and [illegible] the [illegible] Executive influence [illegible] [illegible] a great victory, because the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the people. The endorsement of the President. Englands sweet [illegible] As Tennessee [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

The Democrats are jubilant over the news. Burley, the chairman of the State Central Committee, has just telegraphed to Washington to the President that Connecticut has gone Democratic by from two to three thousand majority, and that the Nutmeg State stands firmly by the Union and the Constitution.

The majority of English will probably reach two thousand. The interior districts are slowly coming in, and the returns [illegible] give the President and the endorsement of his policy.

There is double [illegible] in the Administration through the intelligence [illegible] [illegible] [illegible], the publication of [illegible] [illegible] that the Johnson papers [illegible] the country stood prepared [illegible] [illegible] of the Copperheads in Congress [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] have been as [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]