THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE ASSOCIATION, No. 65 FIFTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

TERMS:
One Year, by mail.....$8.00.
Served by Carriers, per week..... 15.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, MARCH 31, 1866.

THE Atlanta *Intelligencer*, after noticing the thrift and wonderful growth of the States and Territories of the "far west," and the prosperity of the enterprising settlers in that region, concludes as follows:

"While we of the South are left to recover from the sad blights of war, and to develop again the resources of the 'sunny South,' the 'far West' is presenting temptations to enterprise and immigration which, owing to the cheapness of lands, will continue to attract both thither when they are so much needed here. We once had in the South a *working* element. That can no longer be depended upon. *From abroad that working element must come*, and it will not come in the absence of attractive inducements held out to it, such as Montana and other Western territories now present.

It is well enough to invite and welcome accessions of labor from foreign countries; but it would be far better for the leading classes at the South to set an example of industry and enterprise in their own persons. The old system of labor has departed, never to return; and the sooner the former planters adapt themselves to the change, the larger will be their advantage and contentment.

"OUR READERS have had before them long enough for perusal and thorough consideration, the message of the President vetoing the civil rights bill. The reasoning of the Chief Magistrate, it is fair to infer, is that also of the chief members of his Cabinet.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

This will not do. All accounts concur in stating that only one member of the Cabinet was consulted as to this veto. It is known by everybody that at least three members of the Cabinet do not approve the veto. Why not be honest with your readers? It is of no avail to assign false reasons for a bad position.

REV. H. W. BEECHER says his late Philadelphia lecture has been misrepresented. He did not advocate the admission of all the Southern States. He affirms:

"Nothing could be more untrue, either to my opinions or utterances. I said no such thing; and have by voice and print, said many times over, that I *would* bring in some, at once; and that I would *not* bring in all immediately."

CONNECTICUT.—The Hartford *Press* of Tuesday says:

"It is evident from revelations just made in this city, that a very extensive colonization of copperhead voters is to be made from New York into such cities as Stamford, Bridgeport and New Haven."

Is that a part of the President's Policy?

THE *Shoe and Leather Reporter* says:—"The boot and shoe trade cannot be said to be in a very satisfactory state. The entire spring business in boots and shoes must result in an average loss, but we all know that lower prices must be reached some time, and perhaps *it is as well to start now.*"

CITY ITEMS.

The Breaking up of Winter.

Under the hard seal of winter the filth of our cities, the pestiferous soil of our marshes and swamps, the mud and slime that form the alluvial of our great rivers, have been for nearly three months comparatively harmless. But now the early spring sun is thawing them, and the elements of disease that were torpid under the frost are fermenting, effervescing, evaporating. The atmosphere is heavy with malaria and miasma. Every cubic foot of air we breathe is tainted more or less with the syphilitic vapor which returning warmth exhales from the unwholesome material of every description.

This, then, is the season when the system needs protection, and the experience of fourteen years has proved that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, by invigorating the stomach, toning the liver, regulating the bowels, and bracing the nerves, puts the whole organization in a condition of defense against the subtle poison which generates Agues, Remittent Fevers, Bilious attacks, Indigestion and Nervous disease.

Now is the time for prevention. The *time* is already on the wing; is it not the wildest improvidence to neglect the *antidote*? A few bottles of Hostetter's Bitters in every house in a new settlement, or a dirty city, or a marshy district, will secure the whole population against all the ordinary spring epidemics, if the preparation is universally and faithfully taken according to the directions. It is from lack of *resistant power* in their systems that men and women are prostrated by disease. Invigorate, regulate and purify the body and cheer the mind with the great Tonic, Alterative and Detergent, and *all will be well.*

Hostetter's Bitters
Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 64 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Fourth street.

Fall and Winter Goods.

It is with great pleasure we call the attention of our readers to this subject a stock of Fall and Winter Goods just received by Mr. John Weier, Merchant Tailor, No. 128 Federal street, Allegheny. His stock embraces some of the most beautiful Cloths, Cassimeres, Overcoatings and Vestings ever brought to the western Market. His assortment of Furnishing Goods, comprising Shirts, Drawers, Collars Neck Ties, Handkerchiefs, &c., cannot be surpassed east or west. A large stock of ready mad Pants Coats, Vests and Overcoats, will also be found in his establishment. Persons in want of any thing in the thing line should not fail to give Mr. Weier a call.

Would not "Bite."

A man in Clark Co., having made a preparation for a big dinner selected one of his finest turkeys to boil. Dinner time came and with it the turkey, but to carve it, he could not; the fork refused to enter, and the knife refused to cut. Fearing some fiend, in human shape, had made an attempt to poison the family, the turkey was sent to a chemist to examine for the deadly poison. In the meantime the guests were closely questioned, when the truth came out, that a box of "Rohack's Blood Pills" were accidently thrown out, and the turkey eating some of them, they had taken all the "bile" out of him.

A Superb Sleeping Car
Has recently been constructed, designed to run weekly between New York and Chicago. This car, which is valued at about $25,000, is fitted up in the most splendid manner, having soft, silken curtains, ground glass windows, couches covered with superb velvet, carpeted aisles, making it most comfortable. It may be mentioned that Pittock, opposite the Post Office, is still doing well with his Albums, Gold Pens, &c.

Thomas W. Parry & Co.,
Practical Slate Roofers, and Dealers in American Slate of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's near the Water Works Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, Nogg's Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused after it is put on.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop
Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield Street and Cherry Alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.
WILLIAM FORBES.

Cox's Dyspepsia Cure
is still performing wonderful cures. If you are troubled with indigestion go to Fleming's drug and patent medicine Depot, No. 64 Market street, and procure a bottle.

New Dress Goods.
Bates & Bell offer New Silks, Plain Dress Goods, Shawls, Cloaks, every kind of Domestic Goods at the lowest prices.

Great Reduction
in price of Cotton Goods, on the north-east corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

CITY ITEMS.

Graduated
At Duff's Mercantile College, Pittsburgh:
George R. Brown, Monroeville, Pa.
H. S. Smith, Pittsburgh.
J. A. Gant, McKeesport, Pa.
Saml. G. Dale, Franklin, Pa.
John Y. Morris, Harrisville, Ohio.
Isaac T. Morris, Harrisville, Ohio.
Joseph Gorsuch, West Zanesville, Ohio.
James McConville, Steubenville, Ohio.
Frank L. Gray, Salem, Ohio.
Andrew F. Hudman, Dill Hall, Pa.
John W. Stillo, Licking Valley, Ohio.
W. H. Midgley, South West, Pa.
William B. Driggle, East Liberty, Pa.
M. T. Freeman, West Liberty, West Va.
George B. Caven, McKeesport, Pa.
James F. Welch, West Middletown, Pa.
Charles W. Mickerson, Pittsburgh.
Wm. H. Mundorff, Pittsburgh.
Daniel E. Shrum, Greensburg, Pa.
A. B. Burgher, Hastings, Mich.
Daniel Stewart, Harlansburgh, Pa.
Isaac S. Hughes, Ligonier, Pa.
T. M. Forrest, Plain Grove, Pa.
David R. Phillips, Pittsburgh.
John M. Freitriben, Pittsburgh.
R. W. Lyon, Allegheny City.
Asael Adams, Girard, Ohio.
Alfred W. Crowther, New Castle, Pa.
Daniel H. Silk, Woodville, Pa.
W. E. Hough, Fairmont, W. Va.
G. H. Sharon, Mt. Pleasant, O.
James P. Woodend, Saltsburg, Pa.
Samuel Bredeman, Kittaning, Pa.
Wm. J. McMillan, Wheeling, West Va.
John McKinney, Pittsburgh, Pa.
A. S. Love, Clarksville, Pa.
Charles F. Dean, Pittsburgh.
George H. Trax, Freedom, Pa.
W. B. Sloan, Mansfield, Ohio.
Cyrus W. Cook, Mansfield, Ohio.
L. T. Monson, Philipsburg, Pa.
John I. Williams, Philipsburg, Pa.
A. A. Stewart, Gallipolis, Ohio.
Samuel Taylor, McKeesport, Pa.
S. B. McFarland, Sunbury, Ohio.
Samuel Grasbing, Allegheny City.
Thomas C. Hall, Allegheny City.
Wm. B. Reed, Allegheny City.
Walter L. Shaw, Elm, Pa.
W. C. Henry, Sewickley, Pa.

All of whom passed the usual searching examinations in the College satisfactorily, and who will, no doubt, hereafter distinguish themselves by an honorable proficiency in business. Each graduate was awarded the beautiful Diploma of the College, as a credential of his proficiency, of his industry, and of his exemplary deportment during his course of study.

Rally! Rally! Home Guards.

Captain C. Sill, of Company I, calls his troops to muster under the battle-scarred hero, General J. S. Negley, so as to form a hollow square for a body guard on his way to Congress. They will meet at 246 Penn street, and get their rations of Laughing Gas, before starting on this perilous trip. Come, boys, there is no danger now. We have bravely protected our business during the war, and now, let us give protection to the person that protected us.

I Do.

And have always been doing right by the people in giving all the advantages of the latest improvement in dentistry. I give laughing gas for 50 cents, and nothing extra, when we are preparing the mouth for a set of teeth.
C. SILL, 246 Penn street.

Catarrh.

Dr. Gardner, who has been meeting with great success in the treatment of Catarrh, will again visit this city, on Tuesday, April 17th, and remain here until the 21st. He treats catarrh by the use of warm medicated inhalation. Office Monongahela House. Read his advertisement.

Double Width
Mous De Laines, all wool, in every shade or color, as well as black, at a great bargain, cheaper than before the war. Remember, we are now on the corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

The Eye and Ear.

We refer our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Gardner, of New York, who will again visit this city on Tuesday, April 17th, and remain until the 21st.

Eye, Ear and Catarrh.

Dr Gardner, Oculist and Aurist of New York, will be prepared to receive patients again on Saturday, April 17th. Read his advertisement.

Bates & Bell's
New Goods—Chintzes, Lawns, White Goods, Striped Furniatures, Domestic and Foreign Foods are selling at the lowest prices.

Bates & Bell's
Shirt Fronts, Bradley's best Hoop Skirts, French Corsets (new stock), Towels, Napkins, Embroidered Curtains.

Dress Goods.
At greatly reduced prices, from daily quotations, on the north-east corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Once Tried Never Denied.
For Sawyer's Barber's Soap is the *ne plus ultra* of shaving compounds.

Brougham.
Ettie Henderson, Ada and Minnie Monk. Photos at Pittock's.

April.
Magazines for April. Call in at Pittock's.

Diaries.
Almanacs and Serpents at Pittock's.

New York Dailies
And Weeklies at Pittock's.

Four New Books
This week at Pittock's.

Pocket Books
At Pittock's.

New York Hatters—American Schooner Captured by Privateers—Missing Bonds Recovered—Meteor Case—Emigrants Landed.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The bone boiling nuisance at Bergen, has ceased to be removed by the Sanitary Commission.

The *Post* states the American schooner Alma was attacked and captured in the China seas by a piratical junk. The Captain, mate and part of the crew saved themselves by taking to the boats, after valiently defending the vessel as long as possible.

One hundred and fifteen thousand dollars of the missing bonds stolen from Mr. Lord have been recovered and the remainder is expected to be.

A witness in the steamer Meteor case, today, testified that there were five boxes of Parrott shot on board; that the Captain told him that some Parrott guns had been secret on Pierpoint. The case was adjourned until Monday.

The steamer Helvetia landed 1022 emigrants from Liverpool, at this port to-day.

Business is nearly suspended to-day, by the observation of Good Friday.

Post Road Extension—Contract Letting—Apprentice School Ships—The Cattle Plague.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The United States and Brazil Mail Steamship Company has a memorial before the House Committee on Post-office and Post Roads, asking for an extension of the route from Rio Janeiro to Montevideo and Buenos Ayres.

The lettings of contracts for the Postal service in the Northwestern States will, it is supposed, show a large reduction of rates.

Orders have been received at the Navy Yard to fit up the steamers Sassacus and Marble Head as apprentices school ships by May 1st, one to go to Norfolk and the other to Annapolis.

Dispatches received at the Navy Department show the progress of the cattle plague in England and Scotland. It is known that the number of cattle attacked for the week ending March 2, was 7,321.

A Correction.

PHILADELPHIA, March 29.—Senator Sudlan, of New Jersey, who offered a resolution to go into joint meeting in the New Jersey Senate on Thursday, corrects the Associated Press dispatches, as heretofore published, as follows:

The dispatch of the Associated Press, in regard to the vote in the New Jersey Senate on the motion to go into a joint meeting to elect a United States Senator is likely to lead to a mistake on this subject. The vote was ten in favor of the resolution and nine against it, and the resolution was lost because of a previous resolution, which had been passed by Mr. Scovill's voting with the Democrats, to lasse the majority of the whole number, eleven, necessary to pass the resolution. The ten votes given in favor of going into a joint meeting comprised all the members elected as Republicans, except Mr. Scovill, who voted with the Democrats against it.

Fires in New York.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The banking house of Duncan, Sherman & Co., William street, caught fire this morning. The building sustained very little injury, but considerable damage was done to books, papers and furniture.

A fire at midnight, destroyed a building, No. 44 and 46 Vesey street, extending through to Barclay street, occupied as a crockery warehouse and cigar manufactory. The building was only a short distance from the Astor House, but no damage was done to the latter.

Good Friday in New York.

NEW YORK, March 30.—To-day being Good Friday, all the Courts excepting the United States Court, where the *Meteor* case is being continued will be closed. Usual preparations have been made in the Catholic and Episcopal churches for the commemoration of the day.

From Texas.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The *Tribune's* Austin (Texas) special correspondent, writes: Gov. Hamilton has received the resignations of a number of Sheriffs, whom he appointed, all of them testifying that the people resent their authority, and having no force at their command they are powerless.

THE LATEST NEWS
BY TELEGRAPH.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, March 30, 1866.

SENATE.

The Speaker presented a communication from the Hon. Hester Clymer, resigning his seat as Speaker, to take effect this day.

Mr. Bigham presented a petition of two thousand working men of the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, in favor of making eight hours a day's labor.

BILLS IN PLACE.

Mr. Graham, an act to incorporate the Allegheny Widows' Home Association. Passed finally.

Mr. Glass, an act relating to Weights and Measures.

Mr. White, an act to incorporate the Miners Coal and Iron Company.

Mr. Bigham, an act authorizing the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company to change a portion of their track.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Herron, asked to empower the trustees of the Presbyterian Church at Parentum, to sell real estate; also an act relative to the ejectment of Clerks of Court, also an act relative to the Sealer of Weights and Measures.

Mr. Glass, an act incorporating the Pennsylvania Oil Car Company; also an act to levy a special tax on the borough of McKeesport, for grading purposes.

Mr. Slack, an act in relation to Ejectments, also a supplement to an act relative to Assessing and collecting taxes in Duquesne borough, and for the grading, paving and curbing of the same.

FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

The War on the River Platte.

GEN. ROBLES AND SIXTY OFFICERS SHOT

Abolishment of Slavery in Brazil.

NEW YORK, March 30.—By the steamship North America, from Rio Janeiro, March 14, the *Herald's* correspondent sends important news from the seat of war on Parana river.

On the 2d of January a Paraguayan force, three thousand strong, passed to the southern bank of the Parana, at Passo de la Patria, and attacked the Argentine forces forming the vanguard of the allied army. After a severe fight the Paraguayans repassed the river in good order, to their headquarters.

The loss of the Argentines is estimated at two hundred killed. The loss of the Paraguayans is not stated. A large quantity of timber, accumulated by the Argentines for the purpose of making rafts on which to cross troops and material in the long projected grand advance of the allies, was captured by the Paraguayans and thrown into the river.

Deserters from the Paraguayan army report that general Robles, together with sixty other officers, have been shot by order of the Dictator Lopez, in the presence of the entire army, drawn up in hollow square.

The Brazilian fleet remained at Orientes, awaiting the arrival of the Admiral. Naval operations were to be commenced by the armoured fleets, but from the skilful disposition of the Paraguayan river below Humaita, it was doubtful whether a successful attack by water could be made.

From all appearances the defensive preparations made by Lopez would effectually prevent any direct advance of the allies upon Humaita, their only chance of capturing that place living in a rapid flank movement, either by crossing the Parana at Itapiru, to which point General Porto Alegre was marching with 14,000 men, or by the left bank of the Paraguay, to the rear of the enemy.

At Rio the carnival season had passed off with great quiet.

The abolishing of slavery in Brazil was to be brought before the abolitionist session of the Imperial Assembly.

Rio Janeiro, March 2.—*By Mail.*—No further news has been received from the Plate. Since the defeat of the Argentine vanguard at Passo de La Patria by three thousand Paraguayans, the allies have fortified and fully retired. Lues on each side about 600. All is quiet in Rio Janeiro and the Provinces. Abolitionists of the Minority is rumored.

Unauthorized Statement—Explosion at Washington Arsenal—Proposed Negro Celebration in Richmond.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—In omitting today at the Treasury Department, it was ascertained that there was no authority for a recently published statement that the secretary would buy the May interest due on Five-Twenty Bonds, early in April. There has been no such determination on the subject.

Yesterday afternoon there was another explosion at the Washington Arsenal. A shell fired, injuring two of the laborers who were engaged in unloading it. One of them may possibly lose one arm by the surgeon's amputation. The other only received a slight abrasion of the forehead by a fragment of the shell. Since the explosion at the same place several months ago, by which ten persons were killed, the work has been carried on in shops widely separated, so that in case of an explosion in one, it cannot be communicated to another. Very much of this kind of war material has been recently brought to the Arsenal.

The government has received advices from Richmond, intimating that negroes have in that city and the surrounding country are contemplating the project of having some public celebration on the 3d of April next, the day anniversary of the fall of Richmond. The *Tribune* Washington correspondent says, commanding the Department has advised and warned the colored people not to attempt so imprudent a demonstration, but the report that they should in the affair are still engaged in perfecting for arrangements. It is needless to say that any such demonstration by the negroes will not be permitted by the government. Measures have already been taken to prevent any celebration of a public nature.

Loan Bill—The Recent New York Failure.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The *Evening Post* says the loan bill, it is believed, will be reported by the Finance Committee of the Senate next week. The measure is attracting little attention, except the rumor that the publicity clause will be extended so as to require all government transactions in gold and bonds to be published beforehand for a fortnight.

Colyer, Penn & Co.'s failure is attracting less attention, as it is stated that all the debts owing here are secured by the deposit of securities of the National banks which are involved. Their report, it will, of course, be paid by the treasury at Washington.

The *Post's* Washington special says several congressmen have been in consultation to-day. The Ways and Means Committee will consider the tax bill to-day and to-morrow. It has been said that a vote could be taken early next week, but will not be considered until the veto of the Civil Rights bill is disposed of.

The Navy Department has ordered men-of-war to the Banks to protect our fishermen in their rights.

New Phase of the Fishery Question—Earl Russell on Fenianism.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The London *Post* declares that England has almost come to the conclusion that there ought to be no restrictions on any sea fishing, and warns the provincials, in case they should seek to enforce stringently their supposed rights against American fishermen, that the British Government is not likely to make great sacrifices to support, three thousand miles away, a right it has vitally abandoned at home.

In the House of Lords, in the course of a debate on the condition of Ireland, Earl Russell said that the Fenian movement arose out of the American war, just as previous risings had been brought about by the French revolution. He added that robbing seemed to be the main object of the Brotherhood.

Mutiny Suppressed—Sentence.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The mutiny aboard the ship Constellation, bound for Liverpool in the harbor, was suppressed by an armed force from the revenue cutter Crawford. The prisoners were transferred under the guns of the cutter all night and sailed this morning, the crew being obedient.

Theodore Yates was sentenced twenty years to the States prison, for the murder of policeman Curran, in Brooklyn.

The fire at Duncan, Sherman & Co.'s originated in the heating apparatus. The building was fire proof and undamaged. No valuable books or papers were burned.

Eastern Coast Squadron Reinforced.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The gunboats Dacotah and Don, which recently left this port for the West Indies, have returned to New York, it is supposed to form a part of the squadron destined for the eastern coast. The alleged reason for this change is that a flying squadron for the protection of our fishing interests is required for immediate service, while, as we learn, six vessels cruising among the West India islands already, the reinforcements for that squadron can be delayed for a time.

Rewards for Booth's Capture—A Virginia Protest.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The rewards for the capture of Booth, Harold and Atzerott, amounting to over one hundred thousand dollars, will be paid to-day.

A delegation is in Washington from Richmond, to induce the President to forbid the negroes celebrating the third of April, the anniversary of the surrender of Lee's army and their deliverance.

Choked to Death.

NEW YORK, March 30.—Thaddeus Scott, a country merchant, was choked to death this afternoon at Taylor's saloon while eating a beefsteak. He was from Naplesville, Illinois, and came here to purchase goods. It is understood he arrived to-day.

Stephens Escaped from Ireland.

NEW YORK, March 30.—A morning paper says James Stephens, Head Centre of this Fenian Brotherhood, has certainly escaped from Ireland. It was disputed at first, but is now conceded.

THE GREAT BOND ROBBERY.

THE PRINCIPAL ARRESTED.

ACCOUNT OF HIS CAPTURE.

NEWBURYPORT, MASS., March 30.—J. P. L. Westcott, Marshal of this city, obtained such information that led him to have an interview with Mr. Lord, to whom he communicated his suspicions. On Monday evening, March 19, Westcott saw his man at the New Haven depot in New York, who took the train, followed in due time by Westcott and the deputies, soon after the train started Westcott went into a baggage car, and seeing baggage with his man's initials on it, he secured its detention. Returning back, he found Jones fast asleep, and awakening him up, and calling him by name, Mr. Westcott informed him that he was a prisoner. At first Jones was somewhat surprized, but seeing he was caught he yielded and was ironed. The party kept in the train until reaching West Newton, when it being desirable to avoid Boston, carriages were taken and they rode around to Chelsea and arrived here safely last week on Tuesday afternoon, since that time Jones has been kept closely guarded at a hotel. An examination of his baggage disclosed eight bonds of one thousand dollars each, payable to Rufus D Lord.

This proved that Westcott had secured the right man. Detective Heath, of Boston, came down for consultation, the arrested man being known to him. He went to New York, and in company with Detective Young, of New York, at once commenced following up the trail. Details of the robbery show it to have been one of the boldest thefts ever known. Jones engaged Lord's attention while three accomplices robbed the safe. After the robbery the four proceeded to Central Park and examined the contents of the two tin boxes and the pocket book, at which they were perfectly aghast, so enormous did it seem to them.

Detectives Tourny, Jones and Heath, left this city for New York with their prisoner, this evening.

Later From New Orleans—Forward Spring—Floods—Anticipated Crops.

LOUISVILLE, March 30.—Advices from New Orleans to the 26th, says: New York mails to the 24th have arrived.

Advices from Natchitocks and Upper Red River are received. The Spring is forward. Merchandise is pouring in, more than ever before. The freedmen are working, on the plantations. The prospects are excellent.

Navigation is fully resumed. The plantations are in some instances, nearly all overflowed. Large crops have been planted. There are fears of a more extensive overflow.

Northern Louisiana crops will be equal to any last year.

Baton Rouge, La., March, 26.—The river is rising and an extensive overflow is feared.

Boston, Texas, March 28.—A resolution was passed in the Austin Legislature, March 14, Messrs. Porter, Hassalton and Wilkinson. The election takes place on the 4th Monday in April. The Legislature meets on the 1st Monday in August.

The New Orleans *Picayune* newspaper has the following:

Cotton quiet; sales of 1300 bales; receipts, 1,500 bales; for the week, 11,700 bales; exports for the week, 17,000 bales; stock, 75,000 bales; Low Middling 37½@38c. Collections for the week, 120 bags for 11c prime at 30½@32c, in gold; stock, 11,000 bags. Sugar and Molasses dull and nominal. Gold, 35c. Sterling, 45.

Western produce is lively and in great quantities.

Letter from Stevens to Scovil.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The following letter was read from Thaddeus Stevens, by Mr. Scovill, of the New Jersey Senate, during his speech

HON. THADDEUS STEVENS, WASHINGTON, March 29, 1866.

MY DEAR SIR:—Your letter is before me (all means hurry up) our election. Give us no Conservative. A Conservative is like yourself or nothing. A Conservative is better than a twaddler. (Signed) THADDEUS STEVENS

The prominent candidates for the position of Chief Justice are Judge Black, Democrat, Attorney General, and probably served himself.

The law it is said will be laid aside, the course in the cases of all the whiskey distillers where a compromise has not been effected. Eight assessments have already been made, five of which is the aggregate amount is $575,45: 06.

Trade in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, March 30.—The Texas trade is flourishing, West India and Mexican trade is reopening. The Mobile and Ohio road is made continuous large. From 25,000 to 30,000 cotton bales are expected down from Lake Providence. It is said the New York steamship line will be reopened. Liverpool steamships are doing a large business.

The Paris Industrial Exhibition.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The *Herald's* Paris correspondent writes that preparations for the Paris Exhibition of 1867 are being rapidly pushed forward. Among the propositions of Col. Morton, the New York Commissioner, is that of the representation of a complete New England cotton factory, worked by real Lowell operatives.

Rumored Heavy Robbery.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The *World* publishes a rumor this morning of a robbery at the Fire Commissioners' Union Depositary of five thousand dollars. Such a rumor was on the street yesterday, but not known whether it is founded on fact.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, March 29.—Flour unchanged. Wheat firm at $1,7@1,90 for Prime, and $2,15 for choice. Corn lower at 72@80c. Oats dull at 42@45c. Pork firm at $34@35. Bacon unchanged. Whisky heavy at $2,30@2,32½.

Boiler Explosion—Loss of Life.

LOUISVILLE, March 30.—The boiler of Davies' steam saw mill, near Mitchell, Indiana, exploded yesterday, killing two men and severely scalding two others.

Fire in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, March 30.—Frank Weil's carriage factory, No. 5 Bank street, was partly destroyed by fire this morning. Loss about $5,000. Insured.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

A Hotel Thief Arrested—Larceny of Clothing.

Chief of Police Hague yesterday arrested Charles Waters, alias Charles Kingsley, upon three charges of larceny, preferred respectively by Wm. Buck, John Ross and Richard Lanes. Buck lost a fine overcoat and vest, valued at $25; Ross, for a pair of pants and a hat, and Lanes for a pair of pants and coat valued at $40. Mr. Buck, and Ross, had been visiting at the Red Lion Hotel for a couple of weeks, and has been there at various times before, and had formerly employed Waters and at other times as Kingsley. A number of other articles of clothing having been missed during late months, the office was informed by the proprietor, and several circumstances transpired, which led to his arrest.

On Thursday night a drover, who lodged in the same room with him, was minus his pocket book, containing sixteen dollars, and on the same day a few hours previous, a boarder, who had left Waters in his room, found on returning that his trunk was broken open and the clothes taken out, which after a search he found concealed in a vacant bed, the thief not having had time to convey them off.

These circumstances, at once confirmed the suspicions of dishonesty attached to Waters, and the parties above named who had lost clothing, entered suit. A part of the clothing belonging to Buck was found at the second hand store of Abraham Opeler, on Hand street, and Buck has instituted suit against Opeler as a receiver of stolen goods, who entered bail for a hearing. Waters has made a partial confession, and he will have a hearing to-day.

Robbed.

The office of the Western Union Telegraph Company has been removed to the *Dispatch* building, and will occupy the basement and third story of the front building, on fifth street. The fixtures principally were removed last night, and the office will be set to rights this morning. The business department will occupy the basement, while the operating rooms will be in the third story, the necessity for which was the cause of the removal. We are happy to record the fact that this company is now in a flourishing condition, as will be readily apparent to anybody who goes a visit to their rooms. They are now communicating with forty-five lines, and employ a force of forty operators and attaches. System and good management are shown in all the arrangements for transacting business in their new locality. The company are placing in use two new switch boards, one of which is the largest and withal the neatest that can be found in any telegraph office in the Union.

Death of Wm. T. Lare.

The community, and especially the newspaper fraternity of the city, will be pained to learn of the death of William T. Lare, who has been for many years connected with the press in various capacities. He died on Friday evening, at the age of thirty-nine years.

Mr. Lare was connected with the *Dispatch*, for thirteen years, for quite a number of years as business manager. Latterly, however, and until a period of about eight months anterior to his death, he was acting in the capacity of City Editor of the *Post*, which position he filled with credit and ability, and which he resigned to enter a more lucrative employment. Mr. Lare was a man of warm social habits, and his genial disposition made him many friends, who will deplore his removal from their midst. He leaves a wife and family to mourn his loss.

Easter Sunday.—To-day being the close of Lent, next sabbath ushers in Easter. To those religious sects who have been undergoing the strict abstinence from animal food and a curtailment of the usual number of daily meals which Lent enjoins, Easter Sunday, or the Lenten Feast, comes as a welcome harbinger. The past week has been prolific in the matter of special church observances pertaining to the Episcopal and Catholic churches, for the purpose of prayer and humiliation, but Easter comes in the nature of a day of Thanksgiving to the whole Christian Church.

Hymn of Praise.—A symphony and cantata by Mendelssohn, with the above title, will be performed by the Oratorio Society, consisting of one hundred vocalists, with thirty instruments, on Tuesday evening next, at City Hall, under the conductorship of *Prof. J. P. Wamelink*, with Miss Emilie Kalgs as soprano soloist. This oratorio is one of the sublimest productions of the celebrated composer, and its rendition should secure the patronage of all who can appreciate the grandeur of the subject.

Death of Thomas Bakewell, Esq.

The entire community will learn with regret that Thomas Bakewell, Esq., one of the oldest and most valued of our citizens, expired at his residence yesterday morning, at an early hour. Mr. Bakewell was born in the city of London, in May, 1792, and in 1808 settled in this place, where he has since resided. He was a pioneer in the glass business, a trade he followed with remarkable success, and for over half a century has been prominently identified with the growth and prosperity of this city. His business foresight, his sterling integrity, his industry and enterprise, rendered him one of the foremost men in the city, and he was called to fill numerous important trusts connected with the management of our moneyed institutions, and other incorporated business associations and companies. His great liberality led him to take an active part in furthering every enterprise calculated to benefit his fellowmen, and his influence and his means were freely given in aid of every project of a humane or charitable nature. At the time of his death he was President of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, and the Pittsburgh Gas Company, a Director of the Bank of Pittsburgh, the Monongahela Bridge Company, and other corporations. Although far advanced in life, and exhibiting the infirmities attendant upon old age, he took a very active part in all measures of a public character calculated to assist the government in the suppression of the late rebellion. The services which he rendered in connection with the Sanitary and Christian Commissions—those noble charities which contributed so largely to the temporal and spiritual welfare of our soldiers—will not soon be forgotten. As we have stated, he was foremost in every good work, and his death will be sincerely regretted by thousands of our citizens, who have long known and esteemed him for his many sterling qualities. His death was sudden, as he was in reasonable good health, for a man of his years, until Sunday last, when he was attacked with erysipelas, which rapidly developed and terminated in death. His remains will be interred on Sabbath afternoon, from his late residence on Grant street.

—Since the above was written we have been handed the following tribute to his memory, which will no doubt be followed by others of a similar tenor:

Proceedings of the Bank of Pittsburgh on the death of Thomas Bakewell, Esq., a Director in the Institution, at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held March 31 1866.

WHEREAS, By the dispensation of the Great Arbiter of Life, another old Director of this Bank has been removed from our Board by death, and we feel in the loss of our late associate and friend, Thomas Bakewell, a void which cannot be filled while memory lasts, and

WHEREAS, For a generation Mr. Bakewell has been recognized and appreciated as one of the safest, most judicious and intelligent advisers of the Bank, and the questions touching its interests always manifested with promptitude and decision, such measures as have deemed essential to maintain unfaltering the traditional probity and honor of the institution, regardless of personal advantages, or the popularity of the hour, and

WHEREAS, While we deplore the loss the Bank has met as the whole community, has sustained by the death of this noble and honored citizen, we feel a conscious pleasure in the fact that the name of Thomas Bakewell will be more enduring than monumental here, in the history of Pittsburgh, and will be cherished and perpetuated in connection with its institutions of philanthropy and public utility in our midst, where he helped to found by his wisdom, maintain by his benefactions, and strengthen by his untiring energy; therefore, be it

Resolved, That while the Board feel deeply the loss of a venerated colleague, they tender to his family their sincere sympathy, and direct that these proceedings be entered on the minutes.

Culver, Penn & Co.

The Titusville *Herald* says the banks in which this house are commonly reported to be interested, and which, if such is the fact, are most likely to be injuriously affected by the failure, are the Petroleum bank, Titusville, Venango County Bank, Franklin First National Bank, Corry, Bank of Lawrence County, Newcastle, Crawford County Bank, Meadville, Oil City Bank, Oil City First National Bank, Plumer, A. D. Cotton & Co., Pittsburgh.

Of these the Petroleum Bank, the Venango Bank, and the Oil City Bank, are organized under the National Banking Law of the State. Harrisburg dispatch says the first two of these banks have of late years paid up sufficiating notes secured by United States bonds deposited in the Auditor General's office. It is probable the last named has likewise.

The Bank of Lawrence County and the Bank of Crawford County are State institutions.

The National Banks, as a matter of course, have securities deposited at Washington sufficient to indemnify the bill holders.

The Petroleum Bank has closed its wall doors, and a notice of its suspension from the Titusville, Mr. Culver, interest is represented to be out of the business with Culver, Penn & Co., at New York is to be overtaken on the 5th it was standing a severe run from depositors, but was promptly confidenced going through.

In the Second National Bank of Titusville, Culver's decline to have an interest.

A Titusville correspondent of the Erie *Dispatch* says:

"But the oil city, Crawford County, and Lawrence County bank notes have a peculiar and odor here, which smacks strong, miles east of Johnstown, and with a hoarse throat. We had been in town making some purchases, when we heard the cry, 'Here comes the basket,' her path bent on the track of the Pennsylvania Railroad. When but a short distance from town, she attempted to get out of the way of an approaching train, and in so doing her foot slipped, and she fell between the engine and train running over and literally mangling her body, so that it was scarcely recognizable as that of a human being. The deceased was the widow of a man who was also killed on the railroad a year or two ago. She leaves no small children.

The Allegheny Widow's Home.

A beginning has already been made by the Allegheny Ladies' Relief Society in the enterprise of establishing a fully charitable institution. At a meeting held on Thursday, at the house of General Robinson, a committee of ladies and gentlemen was appointed to mature to take measures for enlisting the co-operation of the citizens, raising funds, and securing a legal incorporation, in order that the institution may, as soon as practicable, be brought into active operation and placed upon a permanent basis.

The Committee consists of the following persons: Mrs. James Marshall, James Park, jr., Alex. Nimick and F. R. Brant, Esqs., and Mrs. Robinson, Brunot, Thompson, Trevor and McLaren.

Acquital of Elizabeth Grimm.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER—*Friday, March 30.*—Before Judges Sterrett, Mellon, Stowe and Brown.

At the opening of Court, the trial of the case of the Commonwealth vs. Elizabeth Grimm, charged with infanticide, was resumed.

A number of witnesses were called and testified to the previous good character of the defendant, after which the testimony closed, and the argument to the jury was opened by H. C. Mackrell, Esq., on behalf of the defendant. His address was pointed and forcible, and the conclusion which he arrived at was, that there could be no safe verdict in this case, save that of an acquittal.

Maj. A. M. Brown concluded the argument for the defense, and delivered a terse, vigorous and eloquent address. His sympathies were warmly enlisted in behalf of the unfortunate young girl, and his pathetic appeals touched a kindred chord in the hearts of the jurors.

Ex-District Attorney Kilpatrick followed on behalf of the prosecution, placed the main facts in the case clearly before the jury, and cited the law as applicable to those facts. He discharged his duty fully, and was content to leave the issue with the jury.

Judge Stowe delivered the charge of the Court, fully instructing the jury as the law which governed in cases of this kind.

The jury retired, and after an absence of about fifteen minutes they returned with a verdict of "not guilty." The prisoner was then discharged by proclamation, and left the Court room.

War in "Limerick."

An Irish settlement in West Pittsburgh, known as "Limerick," was the scene on Thursday of quite a lively skirmish, in which nobody was seriously hurt, but a plentiful flow of claret ensued. The disturbance occurred at the hut of Catharine Donovan, a small dingery where bad whisky is retailed, much, to the annoyance of the respectable portion of the neighbor