The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 26, 1866.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Notice is hereby given that hereafter all TRANSIENT advertisements received at this office must be paid for when handed in, except in the case of yearly advertisers, whose bills will be rendered quarterly, as usual. Advertisers will please make a note of this, as the rule of cash payments for advertisements of the character stated, will be inflexibly enforced.

The price of our Morning and Evening Editions is THREE CENTS at the counter or from newsboys, served by carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

THE APPROACHING CANVASS.

Last year the State Conventions of the two political parties into which the citizens of Pennsylvania are divided did not meet till into the Summer. On neither side was much activity evinced or excitement engendered. This was partly owing to the comparative unimportance of the offices to be filled, and partly to the reaction occasioned by the collapse of secession. The democratic contest, on a victory, and were naturally dissatisfied with the result. Some of them went so far as to lay the blame of the disaster on Mr. WALLACE, the Chairman of the Committee, because, with the best intentions, and the most earnest efforts, he failed to achieve the impossible.

This year both Conventions are called early; that of the democrats March 5th; that of the Unionists March 7th. A Governor and members of Congress are to be chosen, in addition to members of the Legislature and the usual local officers. An United States Senator in place of Mr. COWAN, whose term of service expires March 4th, 1867, will be selected by the Legislature now to be chosen.

Over and beyond these considerations there are certain elements which will necessarily enter into the canvass, relating not so much to the suitableness of the candidates, as to the principles involved in the different policies of reconstruction which have been, or may hereafter be, presented. No doubt an attempt will be made to drag the general question of Negro Suffrage into discussion. Such attempt, it seems to us, will be impertinent. If an amendment of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, touching that point, was desired, it cannot, by the terms of the Constitution itself, be initiated for several years to come. No scheme has yet been brought forward in Congress to confer the right of suffrage on the blacks in the States recently in rebellion. An amendment has, indeed, been proposed to the Federal Constitution which, if ratified, will make it for the interest of the Southern States to adopt manhood suffrage. Nothing further is intended, or, at all events, likely to succeed.

That the Suffrage Question will ultimately come up for review in the different States is more than probable. Such review may be postponed, but it cannot be permanently avoided. Among all nations in which the popular element is respected there is a steady drift of sentiment towards manhood or universal suffrage. Even in Imperial France, to the full extent in which the people are acknowledged as factors in the government, every male citizen, no matter what his color, is allowed to vote. In the United States the process of investiture has been obstructed, and even turned backward; but the prevailing current of the civilized world must, and will ultimately be felt and followed.

When the suffrage question comes up in Pennsylvania, we judge from what we see and hear, that the proposition will be for a conditioned basis, and that an educational one. Of course there are persons in each of the political parties, who, animated by very different motives, would prefer a proposition for manhood suffrage. All such are likely to be disappointed.

On so broad and consequential a matter, it is worth while for every citizen to reflect fully before deciding precisely what policy to favor. It is wisest to look at the suffrage question, not from one side, but from all sides, and see having cast one race, but all races. There need be no hurry or precipitation in defining positions. It is more needful to consider so fully before reaching a conclusion, as to make the decision arrived at thoroughly intelligent.

That an active political canvass has intellectics, as well for the leaders as for the masses of the people, does not admit of controversy. That such a canvass affords great advantages as a popular educational force. Conceding that some men speak at political gatherings who inadequately comprehend the principle they undertake to propound; that others are not imbued with those grand sentiments which inspire successful appeals to the higher and nobler faculties of human nature; and that still others are more intent on mime and jest than on matters of serious pith and moment, yet it must be confessed that a thorough canvass brings forth many speakers endowed with large powers, furnished with bundant knowledge, and animated with enlarged patriotism and philanthropy, and such speakers of this class exerte a powerful influence, and the combined efforts of all of them lift the community up to a higher level of thought and conduct on all public questions. During the last few years this has been abundantly verified. But for the discussion of political subjects in popular assemblies by men of rare intelligence and permeated with love for the Union and for Liberty, the republic would have been overthrown. Without the continuance of such discussion at least half the advantages of the great struggle will be frittered away and lost forever. The discussions of the next summer and autumn, will be earnest, searching and exhaustive; and we doubt not the victory will be on the side of substantial progress and enlightened liberality.

THE NEW JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

The bill having passed creating a new judicial district out of Washington and Beaver counties, our friends in those counties are casting about for a candidate to fill the place of Judge. Happily, there is abundance of good material in the district, and this removes all excuse for appointing a stranger to the place.

Washington county, it is said, will present A. W. ACHESON, Esq., a gentleman in every way qualified for the place, and one who will preside with a dignity and urbanity surpassed only by his legal skill.

The Beaver County Bar, we learn from the Beaver *Argus*, has asked the appointment of B. R. CHAMBERLIN, Esq., of New Brighton. The *Argus* says of him:

He is an educated, refined, high-toned gentleman, and is always found acting the part that reflects credit upon a professional man of his standing. He is universally admitted to be a very fine lawyer, well read in all its branches. Years ago the recognized leader of the Bar said to the writer that Chamberlin was the best read and best informed man at the Beaver Bar. We believe the remark to be literally true. Not only in law but in literature and science Mr. Chamberlin is justly admitted to be more proficient than most of the leading lawyers of the State. His character is above reproach. He is always found on the side of morality and justice; always actuated by noble impulses, always independent in his adherence to principle and equity as he understands it. To his friends, his party, his country, he has ever been faithful, devoted and self-sacrificing.

We cannot, of course, take any part in a struggle between these two gentlemen for this place but we desire to say to our Washington county friends that we have known Mr. CHAMBERLIN for many years, and that he is fully deserving of all the praise bestowed upon him by this extract. We say this as due from us to an old and valued friend, without intending to take any part in whatever differences may arise between those two worthy gentlemen in making choice of the proper man.

JUDGE LAWRENCE ON TAXATION.

Judge Lawrence of Ohio, in discussing the Amendment to the Constitution proposed by the Joint Committee on Reconstruction, took the position, according to the telegraphic report, that representation ought to be apportioned "on the basis of the admit male voters who are citizens," and that direct taxes ought to be apportioned on "the basis of property." Whether the Judge talked like an accomplished Statesman or a shallow demagogue, this meagre report does not enable us to determine; but we half suspect he acted the latter character.

The first clause of his proposition would throw out of the computation for representation all those voters in the Northwestern States who are not citizens; that is, the aliens who are allowed to vote upon filing a declaration of their intentions to become citizens. So far, well.

But what he means by making property the basis of taxation is not so apparent. So much low clap-trap has been resorted to on this point, by politicians who are not statesmen, that we distrust either the intelligence or the honesty—and commonly both—of a man who makes a vague parade of such phrases.

Real property, chattels real, chattels personal, and the like terms may serve to discriminate in legal adjudications, between different sorts of possessions; but, in essence, all descriptions of property ought to be equally chargeable, for defraying public expenses.

For a long period, and until quite recently, there was a strong pre-disposition to saddle landed property with all direct taxes for the support of the government, whether in the general or local departments. The vast accumulations of other sorts of property, equally, or more productive, which has resulted from the latest type of civilization, has modified ideas and practice in respect to taxation. The principle asserted in the new federal system is so just and efficacious that it has forcibly commended itself for adoption in State and municipal taxation.

A man has as absolute a property in his capabilities of physical or mental labor as he can have in railroad stocks or in houses and lands. The man who can command six thousand dollars a year for his services, no matter in what kind of honorable employment, has a capital of one hundred thousand dollars, in his capacity, which is as available as it would be in any other description of estate. It is, indeed, liable to the peculiar uncertainty of failing health, and the certainty of approaching old age. But fluctuations in value from these causes, and corpoedness to losses, are not so much greater than in many other kinds of personal property, as superficial observers suppose. Is there any reason why property in capabilities should escape taxation, that does not apply equally well to accretions of real property which are the product of these capabilities? If there is a reason, we have failed to discover it.

Judge LAWRENCE is also, if we understand him aright, open to another objection. Under a system which makes every adult male citizen a voter, and yet assesses all the direct taxes on one or a few sorts of property, it is easy and sometimes pleasant for a majority of the voters to decree heavy rates of which they bear none of the burden. This is an extreme case, but a principle is best contemplated in the light of extreme instances. It was just this view that led to the adoption of the sound maxim that "taxation and representation should go together." If a man pays no tax himself, he has no right to occupy a position that enables him to vote taxes to be paid by his neighbor. The amount of taxes that a man should pay to make him a voter is an altogether different question. Taxation ought to be strictly proportioned to property; but property ought to be construed in its broad and natural sense, and not in a narrow and artificial one. If a man pays but a dime a year in direct taxes, and that is really taxable to the property he possesses, that contribution ought to give him as full a voice in the management of public affairs, as if he paid a million. In partnerships and corporations a more stringent rule is applied, of giving a man votes in proportion to his property interest. This rule grows out of the fact that all the interest involved, is one of property. Government reposes on a basis much wider than this.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.

The city of Baltimore in 1836 loaned $1,000,000 to this Company; the whole of which sum was expended in Pennsylvania, in constructing the work. With the accrued interest, this claim is now $1,608,375, and is secured by a first mortgage on the road, rolling stock and revenue.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company hold a claim of about $53,795. This claim consists in part of 15,000 shares of Allegheny stock, which cost about $8,000, and the whole gives the President and private stock directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company the control of the road. The President and Board of Directors of the Connellsville road are chosen by them; and some of the private stock directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Road are in the Connellsville direction. The gross earnings of the road amounting to $294,525,36, last year, are controlled by them.

This statement explains why the city of Baltimore is resisting in the courts the repeal of the Connellsville charter.

At one time the Baltimore and Ohio Company proposed to buy the claim of the city, and actually made an offer for it; but the offer was not accepted. Afterwards that company, upon an overture being made, declined distinctly to make the purchase. The reason given was that the advantage in distance from Cumberland in favor of Pittsburgh over Wheeling would be detrimental to the Wheeling branch.

These facts are all brought out in a recent message of the Mayor of Baltimore to the City Councils. After detailing the facts the Mayor expresses the opinion that "were it not for the violent opposition that has always controlled the President of the Baltimore and Ohio road, backed by the influence of the powerful monopoly he controls, an independent road from Pittsburgh to Baltimore would now be approaching completion."

This contrasts very strongly with the protestations, recently made in a public speech, by Mr. GARRETT, the President of the Baltimore and Ohio road, and to which we made reference immediately following its delivery. We make no question but the truth of the story is with the Mayor.

THE New York *World*, referring to the bill introduced into the legislature of Virginia, to repeal the black code of that State, speaks of it "as the best kind of evidence of the justice, the unprejudiced good sense, and the practical wisdom with which the negro problem is being taken up and handled by those who are to live with him. They show that the real friend of the black is his white neighbor, and not the Northern fanatic who clamors for negro suffrage because he thinks it a means of keeping hold of political power." If it had not been for "the Northern fanatic," however, this bill would never have been introduced. Virginia finds, from the stubborn stand taken by the majority in Congress, that she has no chance of re-admission into the Union until she shows something like justice to the negro; and if "the Northern fanatics," in that body, had not taken this firm stand, her black code would have remained unrepealed. She yields, not from "good sense" or "practical wisdom," but from necessity.

THE Republicans of Lancaster county have nominated JOHN H. BUTHIE for member of the Legislature in place of DAVID WOOD, deceased. Election Saturday, February 3.

TEMPORARY DEPOSITS.

During the progress of the war, Congress authorized the Secretary of the Treasury to receive deposits of money, on call, payable in ten days notice, and to pay [illegible] per cent. on such deposits.

The government was in need of all the money it could get, then, and this was a good expedient for getting large sums on a temporary loan, which could not otherwise be raised, for the use of the government. But that necessity has passed away. The government is now receiving enough money from its daily revenue to carry on its operations, and the occasion for this temporary loan having ceased, the law authorizing it should be repealed.

And at once; for, just now, when the state of monetary affairs is not very promising, lenders find it safer to put their money into the hands of the government at five per cent., subject to call at ten days' notice, than to lend on commercial securities or invest in long bonds. The consequence is that every day the government receives from a half to three quarters of a million, deposited at a time when it does not need it, and is thus compelled to pay interest on money which it keeps lying idle in its vaults.

The balance in the hands of the Assistant Treasurer, at New York, is now nearly ninety millions, and it is daily increasing, about seventy millions of which are subject to ten days' call. The government is thus made a mere convenience for monied men, who have more money on hand, temporarily, than they know how to use profitably.

Before the war the sum of ten millions was considered a good working balance at the New York sub-Treasury; and it is certain that if this temporary loan were got rid of, twenty millions would be a sufficient balance now. Why, then, carry a balance of ninety millions, upon seventy millions of which we are liable to interest, and from which we are receiving no good whatever?

We submit, therefore, that the law authorizing the receipt of temporary deposits on interest, should be at once repealed, and the temporary loan paid off whilst we are so flush of funds. There is certainly now no good reason why the government should make itself the banker of the temporary lenders of the community.

"HARRISBURG correspondents of the Philadelphia newspapers agree that there is no hope entertained for the passage of the bill incorporating the Central Railway Company of Pennsylvania."

The Harrisburg correspondents of the Philadelphia newspapers probably know no more on this subject than some other correspondents. Our advices from Harrisburg are of a very different tenor. We are assured that there is but one difficulty in the way of passing the bill to incorporate the Central Railway Company, and that is a full explanation and understanding between the various local interests involved, and looking to connections with the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad. These applications for incorporations are so numerous and represent so many interests that they clash and interfere with the general and prevalent opinion that the Central line through the State should be secured. If there is failure it will find its cause just here.

KOONTZ AND COFFROTH.—Referring to the report of the Election Committee of the House of Representatives in favor of COFFROTH, in the contested Election case from the Somerset (Pa.) district, a correspondent of the Chambersburg *Repository* says:

"Because Coffroth voted for the Anti-Slavery Constitutional amendment, we stated our belief that he did it with a view to this very result. He was fearfully indignant at such an imputation, and so were his friends; but here is the proof of its correctness.

GENERAL NEWS.

THE Cleveland *Herald* of yesterday has an account of the terrible sufferings of a family of refugees from Mormonism, the only survivor of which was found a few days since near Mount Jackson, Lawrence county, Pa., lying upon the ground, frozen almost to death. By her account, she, her mother, and two younger sisters, fled from Salt Lake City, and her mother and sisters perished by the way before they reached the States. She came on and arriving at Middlesex, Mercer county, Pa. Here she halted for a few days; not stopping, however, in a house, but in an old patch near the town. During her stay in this place she fell among thieves, horse thieves. These camps, she confesses, took advantage of her poverty and necessity and violated her person, and then stole a horse, put her thereon, and it recited her to Oil City. Afterward she was found in the condition stated above.

THE latest excitement in London is the great conflagration in St. Katherine's Docks, which destroyed property to the amount of several millions of dollars, and which is supposed to have been the work of incendiaries. These celebrated docks, comprising two docks connected by a basin, are situated immediately below the Tower of London, and cover an extent of twenty-four acres. The combustible materials among the goods on the docks had probably much to do in spreading the flames and in making the conflagration one of the greatest fires that have visited London for many years past.

THE Vienna correspondent of the *Pesth Lloyd* refers to a recent interview of Mr. Motley, U. S. Minister in Austria, with Count Mensdorff, the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Francis Joseph, in which the American diplomatist is said to have spoken in strong but friendly terms of the dissatisfaction produced in the United States in consequence of the alleged enlistment of troops in Austria for Maximilian's army, and to the probability that, in the event of the continuation of such enlistments, the President of the United States would retaliate by permitting recruiting in America for Juarez.

THE Washington correspondent of that real and Democratic journal, *The Richmond Examiner*, cautiously gives notice that repudiation of the Federal war debt is to be one of the planks of the reconstructed Southern platform. There is no doubt of that, and the circumlocution in which it is stated by our Richmond contemporary is entirely unnecessary. The south is for repudiation as a matter of course, and the Northern Democrats are with them.—*Chicago Republican.*

HIRAM POWERS has recently finished a full-length statue of Elizabeth Barrett, modeled during the lifetime of the subject. He is at present at work upon an ideal bust of "Clytie," the daughter of Oceanus and Tethys, whom Apollo deserted for Leucothoe. It is pronounced by competent critics equal to any of his former works in wonderful beauty.

A GEORGIA paper expresses the opinion that it would be sound policy to confer the right of suffrage upon certain classes of colored persons, and thus give the remaining classes incentives to improvement so as to secure for themselves also this inestimable privilege.

THE Congregational meeting house in Williamstown, Mass., built in 1793, and in which the Williams College commencements have been held for seventy years, was totally destroyed by fire last Sunday.

JOSEPH PARKER, of Stoneham, Maine, is ninety years old, and has one hundred and five grand children and great-grandchildren. Nine of them went to the war and eight of them returned, all but one without a scratch.

A FORT WAYNE paper speaks of what it calls an important railroad project, which contemplates the construction of a road from Winchester, Ind., to Indianapolis, thence to Fort Wayne and Toledo.

A COMPANY has been formed in Louisville, Ky., to prevent the spontaneous destruction of fish in that State and to introduce artificial propagation of them.

THERE is a proposition before the Legislature of Maine for the State to assume and pay all the war debts incurred by the various cities and towns.

IT is estimated that thirty tons of white paper are used daily in the manufacture of paper collars.

OIL has been struck near Decatur, Ala., only fifteen feet below the surface.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

FEMALE EDUCATION.—The Spring Session of H. M. TWINING'S SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, will commence the FIRST OF FEBRUARY NEXT. Diamond Street, opposite the Court House, where a few applicants can then be admitted. [illegible]

NOTICES.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.—Holders are hereby notified that the interest upon the above Bonds due February 1st, 1866, will be paid on and after that day, on presentation and delivery at the First National Bank, Pittsburgh. [illegible] JNO. H. PAGE, Jr., Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF PEARL OIL COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, January 24th, 1866. THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF the Pearl Oil Refining Company have declared out of the net earnings of the last six months ending December 31, 1865, a dividend of TEN DOLLARS PER SHARE, which will be paid on and after February 1st, 1866, and that the remainder of said earnings, Two Dollars per share, shall be reserved in the Treasury as a sinking fund. [illegible] JOHN J. YOUNG, Secretary.

WANTS.

WANTED—A 15 Spindle Spinner. Apply to N. W. SHAFER, Leap, No. 2, Diamond street, Pittsburgh. [illegible]

WANTED—TALLOW—50,000 lbs and upwards DRY Tallow, cash and steady customer. Apply at BRYMER & BIRDS, Nos. 128 and 130 Wood street.

WANTED.—A business partner in a profitable established manufacturing business in Birmingham. Address, for three days, BOX 22, Post Office, Allegheny county, Penna.

WANTED.—A FIRST CLASS GAS AND STEAM FITTER. None need apply without first class hands. Good wages and steady employment. Enquire at T. T. EWENS', successor to Addy & Ewens, 136 Wood street.

WANTED—A Purchaser for over one hundred acres of land in Iowa, or an Exchange for City Property. The land is in Hamilton County, adjoining Webster (11), Iowa. The property can be seen at the GAZETTE office, every day, from 10 A. M. until 1 P. M.

WANTED.—AGENTS—To sell a work of absorbing interest and permanent value—Grant and his Campaigns—by Henry Coppee. Also, Sherman and his Campaigns, by Rev. Boyman. For particulars, apply to or address A. E. ELLIS, 5 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—AGENTS—Experienced Canvassers wanted to canvass in Western States (Ladies) with WONDERFUL CHROMATIC PORTRAIT OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN, just issued, and is far superior to anything now before the public. Address WYNKOOP & CO., Box 173, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—A respectable family to adopt a MALE CHILD. Two months old. Healthy. Any person wishing to take charge of such can gain further information by applying at the INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, No. 72 Third street. Reference required.

WANTED—AGENTS—EVERY BODY AGENT SHOULD SELL STORKE & BOOKER'S HISTORY OF THE REBELLION, and every reader should have it. It has Military, Political History, and is at once the CHEAPEST and BEST. Examine, then judge. 800 pages. 100 Engravings, Battle scenes, &c. Also, OPHELIA'S POPULAR WORKS. Terms very liberal, and AGENTS make from $50 to $75 per week. Address THE NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Auburn, N. Y.

WANTED—$1,500 PER YEAR! WE want AGENTS everywhere to sell our CHROMO, three new kinds, under and upwards of 50 years. Above salary or large commission paid. The ONLY Machine sold in United States for $15 that can sew, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., Grover & Baker, Wheeler & Wilson, Howe & Singer & Co.* Wagiche, Kings, Ladies' and Gentlemen's dewelry of all kinds, of the most fashionable patterns, sell for $1 each. Send 25 cents for certificate, and you will see what you are entitled to, or send $1 for five certificates, or $5 for thirty, or send a three-cent stamp for one (terms to agents), which are of the most liberal kind. Now is your time. Depot for Allegheny city, connecting with Pittsburgh. Address Box 573, P. O., New York. Salesroom, 34 Liberty street, New York. [illegible]

MEETINGS

SPECIAL NOTICE.—An Adjourned Meeting of the Steamboat Captains will be held at the Rooms of the Agents, No. 90 Water st., on THURSDAY MORNING, the 25th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M. A full attendance is desired, as business of importance will be brought before the meeting. By order, [illegible]

OFFICE OF CENTRAL PARK SKATING CO., PITTSBURGH, January 24th, 1866. THERE WILL BE A SPECIAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Company, at NO. 2, SHINN'S OFFICE, in the Penn Street Station of Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Co., on FRIDAY EVENING, the 26th inst., at 7 o'clock. Important business will be brought before the meeting. [illegible] O. METCALF, Secretary.

EAST LIBERTY.—The Freeholders of East Liberty and vicinity are requested to meet at HURCHFIELD'S SCHOOL HOUSE, in said village, on TUESDAY EVENING, 23d inst., at 7 o'clock, to hear the report of the Committee on Boundary Lines for the contemplated Borough.

SPENCER BARBAUGH, JAMES H. LYON, FRANCIS SELLERS, SAM'L W. HATCHELOR, PATRICK KERR, } Committee. [illegible]

DISSOLUTIONS.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, as the firm of A. H. HARVEY & CO., in the Barge and Lumber business, on Herr's Island, has been dissolved by mutual consent. The affairs of the company will be settled by any of the members of the firm, at the Office of the Company, on Herr's Island, or at the office of Beckham & Long, No. 69 Federal street, Allegheny City. All persons indebted to said firm will please make settlement, and those having claims against the firm will present them for payment.

A. H. HARVEY, H. McNEILE, BENJ. FRANKLIN BURN. PITTSBURGH, January 24th, 1866.—jas2dlr

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between GEO. A. COFFEEN and FRED. SOREL, under the firm of COFFEEN & CO., has been dissolved by mutual consent, on January 20th, 1866, and Sorel has bought out the stock, claims, contracts and liabilities of the old firm. GEORGE SCHEIVEL, FREDERICK SOREL. PITTSBURGH, Jan. 22d, 1866.—jas23d3

DISSOLUTION.—The Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of SIMPSON & KNOX, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm will please make immediate payment, and those having claims against said firm will present them for payment immediately, at the old stand, Federal street, or Sycamore street, Allegheny. J. W. SIMPSON, ROBERT KNOX, ANDREW KNOX. ALLEGHENY, January 16, 1866.—jas17dlw3t

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of A. JONES & CO., is dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by their successors, JAMES T. BRADY & CO. MICHAEL JONES, JAS. T. BRADY.

IN RETIRING from business, I cheerfully recommend JAMES T. BRADY & CO. to my friends and patrons. A. JONES.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have associated themselves together under the same and style of JAMES T. BRADY & CO., Bankers and Brokers, No. 84 Market street. JAMES T. BRADY, CALVIN ADAMS.

PUBLICATIONS.

THE PRESBYTERIAN BANNER.

This paper, in addition to the valuable matter its columns always contain, is now publishing a series of articles, entitled "RECOLLECTIONS OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA," by a graduate of the Theological Seminary of that place. These articles are prepared with great care by one most competent to the task, and embrace much valuable information concerning the early historic old families, leading divines and politicians, habits of life, etc., of that part of the country, which can be obtained no where else.

TWO NUMBERS have already appeared. NEW SUBSCRIBERS, who send in their names AT ONCE can obtain the numbers from the beginning.

The THIRD NUMBER, which will appear NEXT WEEK, will excite marked attention.

The terms of the BANNER are $2.00 per annum, in advance; or $2.50 when delivered by the carrier. Office 56 Third street, Pittsburgh. Address,

JAMES ALLISON & CO. [illegible]

ENTERTAINMENT.

I. O. O. F. ENTERTAINMENT, TO BE GIVEN TO THE GRAND LODGE OFFICERS, AT LAFAYETTE HALL, Monday Evening, Jan. 29, 1866, BY THE CURTIS HALL ASSOCIATION.

COMMITTEE: No. 30—Robert Liddell. No. 99—Wm. Handlin. No. 15—Alexander Jack. No. 70—John McKinley. From whom tickets may be obtained. Supper at 10 P. M. Tickets $1.50. [illegible]

EDUCATIONAL.

THE WEST CHESTER ACADEMY AND MILITARY INSTITUTE.—The Second Term of the Scholastic Year, commences on the 1st of February, and closes on the 20th of June next. Boys and Young Men thoroughly prepared for business or College. The Principal, who is also the head teacher, is assisted by TEN gentlemen of ability, tact and experience.

Having purchased the large and commodious School property near West Chester, lately occupied by the Pennsylvania Military Academy, he designs removing his School there in a few weeks. After the removal the Military department, though at present very efficient and flourishing, will be abandoned. For Catalogues, apply to the Principal, WILLIAM F. WYON, A. M., at West Chester, Penna. [illegible]

SHAWLS.

WHITE, ORR & CO., 123 Fifth Street, Offer for sale their stock of Winter Shawls AT VERY LOW PRICES.

VARIETIES AND TOYS.

FANCY GOODS, TOYS, BASKETS, ROCKING HORSES, SLEIGHS, SKATES, CHILDREN'S CARTS, WHEELBARROWS, &c., &c. Wholesale and Retail, at J. G. LAUPP'S, No. 101 Market street, near Fifth.

SKATING PARK.

UNION SKATING PARK. BEST ICE OF THE SEASON! EARN DILLIANI'S ORCHESTRA. [illegible]

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, with immediate possession, a two story Frame House, situate in the village of Mount Washington. For further particulars enquire of G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 164 Fourth st.

FOR SALE, the Stock and Furniture of the BEST MILLINERY STORE IN THE CITY, as the proprietress is about to quit business. Address Lock Box No. 124, Allegheny City.

FOR SALE—155 acres of Coal, situate in Smith township, Washington county, Penna., near the line of the Steubenville Railroad, at Midway Station, about 21 miles from the city. For further particulars, enquire of G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 164 Fourth street, or to WILLIAM C. CAMPBELL, on the premises.

FOR SALE—A two story Brick House on Western avenue, Allegheny, containing seven rooms, bath-room, large hall and finished garret; hot and cold water and gas in every room. Lot 224 feet fronting 125 feet; street cars to the door; fruit trees, grapery, &c. Also, a lot adjoining, 50 by 125 feet, will be sold with the above, or separately. For particulars, apply of R. MITCHELL, 78 Federal street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—A first class Residence, containing 13 rooms, finished in modern style, with marble mantles; gas in every room, with fine shrubbery and fruit trees; brick carriage house, stable and ice-house. Lot 50 feet front by 273 feet deep, situate on Second bank, Allegheny. Also, 14 acres of Timber Land, situate in Elk county, Pa., within 7 miles of Philadelphia, and 3 of R. R. all transportation with coal. Enquire of J. ALEXANDER, No. 407 Fifth street.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A Frame House and lot, situated at McCoy's Station, on the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad, opposite the Station. House contains six rooms and Store Room, and has been used as a store for a number of years. The location is good, as there is an excellent country trade. For terms and particulars, apply to E. GWENS, or J. KEARNS, Federal street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE CHEAP. A HANDSOME PROPERTY OF FIVE ACRES, in McClure township, adjoining the premises of James Old and J. S. Hogan. The improvements are a plain Frame Dwelling, Frame Stable, &c. A vineyard of one acre, six years old, balance of ground filled with choice Fruit Trees, in full bearing. A detached building suitable for a Dye House, can be easily got to by the Beaver road or Woodsman Street Cars.

Apply to J. MILLER, SAMPLE, No. 8 Federal st., Allegheny, or address J. L. CARNAHAN, No. 62 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A well finished two story NEW HOUSE on Wylie street, near corner of Chatham, with wide hall, dining room, living room and kitchen on first floor; rooms corresponding on second floor; marble mantels; water and hydrant in yard; within a few minutes' walk of the Post Office. Also, on far end of same street, one brick two story Brick, containing four large rooms, two down and two up, cellar under length of building. Inquire of DR. STEWART, 79 Penn street.

FOR SALE—WHITE OAK LUMBER.—100,000 feet of 2 inch plank, to be taken off as needed, sawed Timber, delivered to order and delivered in Pittsburgh or Allegheny City. Place of business and P. O. address, Mills at West Middlesex, on line of Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad, Mercer county, Pa. Address, H. K. WICK & CO., West Middlesex, Mercer county, Pa. THE MILLER, Box 122, or No. 1 St. Clair st., Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—A Valuable Country Residence at Edgewood Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, one and a half miles from Wilkinsburg. Eleven acres; 12 purchase of land; a fine new Dwelling containing ten rooms and cellar underneath. Fruit and other outbuildings on the premises. For further information, call at No. 86 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, or on the premises. JAS. KING.

FOR SALE, WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, THE MOST DESIRABLE PROPERTY AT WOODWARD ST. [illegible]—Fifteen acres of land, Brick Dwelling with 9 rooms and garden, plenty of soft water and fruit of all kinds; ten minutes' walk from Federal street Depot, Allegheny City. Enquire of the subscriber, at his MACHINE AND OIL TOOL WORKS, 22 and 24 Ohio street, Allegheny. [illegible]

FOR SALE—AN EXCELLENT MANUFACTURING SITE. Near Woods' Run, consisting of 25 acres, with a broad river front, and extending to the railroad, eligibly situated for any kind of business. For terms, apply to WM. H. WARNHAM, 115 Beaver street, Allegheny, Pa. [illegible]

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A neat two story BRICK DWELLING, five minutes' walk from the Court House. Apply at 84 Liberty st. [illegible]

FOR RENT—Two Rooms, suitable for single gentlemen. Enquire of WM. HAKEWELL, Esq., No. 3 Diamond street, or L. P. STONE, Esq., No. 18 Diamond street, Pittsburgh. [illegible]

PHOTOGRAPH ROOMS TO LET, in building corner of Federal and Water st., Allegheny. These rooms would suit very well for a Society of any kind needing such for holding meetings. The ground covered is 45 by 60 feet. Inquire on second floor of same building. R. H. DAVIS. [illegible]

FOR RENT—STEAM GRIST MILL, situate on the Monongahela River, in McKeesport, a STEAM GRIST MILL, with four run of stones, with abundant power and a good machinery, in good order. The Mill is well located for business, and enjoys a good country custom. Possession will be given when sold. Title indisputable. For further particulars, address on the premises, or address by mail, GEO. SMITH, McKeesport, Pa. [illegible]

FOR RENT—OFFICES—In Fruit House building, corner of St. Clair street and Duquesne Way, a number of desirable RooMS, suitable for Offices. Inquire of G. FOLLANSBEE, Sec'y, 22 Fifth street. [illegible]

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

DIARIES FOR 1866, CHECK BOOKS ON ALL THE BANKS. Foley's Gold Pens, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY, FOR SALE BY MYERS, SCHOYER & CO., No. 59 FIFTH STREET.

"THE CONFESSION." THE LIFE AND CONFESSION OF Martha Grinder. 200 PAPER COVER. PRICE 25 CTS. JOHN P. HUNT & CO., Publishers, 59 Fifth Street, Masonic Hall. AGENTS WANTED. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of price. [illegible]

DIARIES FOR 1866, J. B. READ, No. 78 Fourth Street. [illegible]

REAL ESTATE.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Two large three story Brick Dwelling Houses, with large lot of ground, situate on Marbury street, near Liberty. Each house in good order and conveniently arranged for one or two families. Apply to S. GUTHRIE'S SONS, 51 Market street.

COAL AND LIME PROPERTY FOR SALE.—On the Steubenville Railroad, 12 miles from the city, CONTAINING ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SIX ACRES. Steam and Water Flooring and Saw Mill, and other improvements. For further information, apply to WILLIAM WARD, (Opposite the Cathedral), Grant street, No. 110.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE.—About thirty acres of rich Ground, in a choice locality, at Oakland, with a assortment of well selected Fruit Trees. House, four small Cottages. There is a lovely yard on the property. Apply to S. S. BRYAN, Broker in Stocks and Real Estate, 57 Fourth street, Burke's Building.

COAL LAND FOR SALE, on the Monongahela River, in the third pool, near the town of Webster, in Westmoreland county, a tract containing about 60 acres. For particulars, apply to S. S. BRYAN, Broker in Stocks and Real Estate, 57 Fourth street, Burke's Building.

LEGAL NOTICES.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.—In a Pittsburgh, January 6th, A. D., 1866. In the matter of the account of Joseph A. Butler, administrator of Margaret Barr, deceased, at No. 3, December Term, 1865. And now, January 6th, 1866, on motion of A. M. Brown, attorney for heirs of decedent, the Court appoint W. S. Purviance, Esq., Auditor to make distribution of the balance in the hands of said accountant, to and among those legally entitled to the same. BY THE COURT. From the Record, W. A. HERRON, Clerk.

I will attend to the duties of above appointment, at the office of S. & J. & W. S. Purviance, No. 75 Fifth street, on SATURDAY, the 10th day of February, A. D., 1866, at 2 o'clock, P. M., when and where all parties interested may attend. W. S. PURVIANCE, Auditor. [illegible]

FLOWERS.

BOQUETS FROM McKAIN'S GREEN-HOUSES. Furnished daily at the Jewelry Store of J. H. McKain, 84 Fifth st., No. 56 Market street, Pittsburgh, conveniently to the termini of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Street Railroad, and the Woods' Run Station on the P. F. W. & C. R. R. We are now prepared to furnish Boquets, Wreaths, Cut Flowers, Baskets of Flowers; also, neat Pot Plants and Hanging Baskets for window decoration. [illegible]

ASTROLOGY.

SINGLE LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, you have now an opportunity of knowing your fate. By an entirely new and scientific process of which I alone possess the secret, I can produce a correct likeness of your future husband or wife. By sending me your age, color of eyes and hair, you will receive the picture of your future partner by return mail; also the date of your marriage. Address, enclosing one dollar, and stamp, FRANK ALBERT, Box 69, Detroit, Michigan. [illegible]

MEDICAL.

MAGNETIC OIL, FOR THE RELIEF OF PAIN. Read's Magnetic Oil cures Rheumatism. Read's Magnetic Oil cures Neuralgia. Read's Magnetic Oil cures Sore Throat. Read's Magnetic Oil cures Swellings. Read's Magnetic Oil cures Old Sores. Read's Magnetic Oil cures Frosted Limbs. Read's Magnetic Oil cures Weak Joints. Read's Magnetic Oil cures Nervous Affections. Read's Magnetic Oil cures Stiff Joints. Read's Magnetic Oil cures Earache. Read's Magnetic Oil cures Spinal Diseases. Read's Magnetic Oil. Is now the best and cheapest Pain-Killer and Liniment in the country. Price 25 cents. For sale by all respectable dealers in medicines, SIMON JOHNSTON, Sole Agent, Corner Smithfield and Fourth Streets.

SPOOL COTTON.

WE HAVE CONSTANTLY ON hand the largest and best assortment in the city of CLARK'S "OUR NEW THREAD" SIX CORD SOFT FINISH SPOOL COTTON. All Nos. being six cord to No. 60 give this Thread great superiority over all others for both hand or machine sewing.

Spool Silk, Of the best quality all sizes and colors, Saddlers' Silk, Linen Threads, Machine Oil, &c. WM. SUMNER & CO., Agents for WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES, No. 27 Fifth Street.

FOUNDRIES.

THE FORT PITT FOUNDRY. CHARLES KNAP NEPHEWS, MANUF