Pittsburgh Gazette.

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PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 30, 1861.

An interesting correspondence from "E." will be found on our first page.

FREED THEM DOWN.

Everybody rejoices at the new requisition for troops. This, added to the first call, will give us an army of more than 200,000 men. Things are moving admirably now. The government is coming up to something like the requirements of popular opinion, and will yet prove itself worthy of the magnificent spirit of the nation.

We believe that Maryland only bent temporarily before the fury of the worst portion of her population, and that, notwithstanding the terror they occasioned, they are but a contemptible minority of her people. Still we firmly believe that had it not been for the immense warlike demonstrations pressing upon her Northern border, those ruffians and their southern confederates would have succeeded in their object. All danger there we consider past.

The reported refusal of Gov. Letcher to permit the army of Jeff. Davis to march across Virginia for the purpose of attacking Washington (and the report reaches us from two distinct sources) we think is true. Poor Davis! he needed an excuse, and his friend Letcher has afforded a very good one, only the collusion is a little too apparent. Now Letcher himself needs an excuse, which he can find in the plea that the ordinance of secession has not yet been ratified by the vote of the people. A few days ago the Richmond *Enquirer* announced that the reference to the people would be *"a question of form, but not of contest."* And to show that the Governor regarded the secession of his State as an accomplished fact, it is only necessary to call to mind the fact that he immediately ordered a strong body of troops to march to Harper's Ferry and capture it, which was done—the little garrison being obliged to fire the works and escape for their lives. Another evidence of the completeness of the rebellion of that State was the cowardly and treacherous capture of several ships at Petersburg, on the James river, including a revenue cutter, which was turned over to the State authorities. Now, forsooth, he is anxious to make a virtue of necessity, and therefore says to Jeff. Davis, *who can't take Washington*, "YOU SHAN'T TAKE WASHINGTON." The country has borne open, insolent, defiant treason, and all manner of outrages, with a patience that has astonished the world; but sneaking hypocrisy like this is not to be borne; and woe betide the administration if it suffers itself to be cajoled any more by the cowardly and treacherous rulers of Virginia. Nothing but the unparalleled unity, patriotism and self-devotion of the men of the North saved the government from an ignominious overthrow by traitors, and of these traitors the pretended Unionists of Eastern Virginia, with Governor Letcher at their head, were by far the most dangerous, because they operated in the guise of friends.

Treason is giving back; it is checked, but only by the presence of superior force, the power of a united and incensed people—a people overwhelming in numbers, and fearfully in earnest—a people of whose temper and spirit the Southerners had long entertained a fatal misconception. Press, on therefore, and listen to no terms except a return to the Union and the Constitution as they are. We counsel no direct war upon slavery, except that it must cease to be a power in the government, and be prohibited from extending one inch beyond its present limits. Its power for mischief must be thoroughly taken away; and if the rebel States will not agree to this, then wipe it out altogether. This is a heavy and most expensive job; therefore, while the people are at it, let it be thoroughly finished; so that it will not need to be done again. Let there be no paltering, no slight healing of the nation's hurt, no daubing with untempered mortar, no hollow truces and compromises with the most subtle and dangerous enemy we ever had or ever can have.

This contest, which has compelled the government to call 200,000 men to arms, and which will cost in one way and another, not less than a thousand millions of dollars, has thoroughly convinced the nation that slavery cannot co-exist with liberty, and that, to preserve the Government it must be deprived of the power to do mischief.

VIRGINIA WARFARE.

A band of thirty-five free-booters at Petersburg, Va., on the 19th, marched on board the ship *Argo*, Capt. Owen, and eighteen colored seamen, captured her, and threw the crew into prison. Their triumph was very short, however, for they soon discovered that the Argo had sailed from Liverpool, and unless the men and vessel were quickly released the British Consul would make a note of it. Those rascals dare not offend Great Britain, but our government has tamely suffered their outrage for months.

Their next exploit was to seize a revenue cutter, which of course could not claim British protection, so it was handed over to the authorities of Virginia. Whether the vessel was treacherously surrendered, or how it was accomplished is not stated, but nothing is said of any resistance being made.

They seized the fine New York steamer *Jamestown*, belonging to the New York and Virginia Steamship Company. The other steamship belonging to the same line, called the York Town, had been seized and *confiscated a few days before*. Together they were worth $300,000, seven-eighths of which were owned in New York, and one-eighth in Virginia.

When the 7th regiment of Massachusetts volunteers arrived at Fort Monroe, on board the *State of Maine*, a number of lumbering boats came around the ship, offering nick nacks, and smuggling bottles of whisky on board. The men were warned not to drink of it; but several, not heeding the warning, did so. They were all sickened, and one who drank the last of a bottle, died. Upon examination poison was found deposited in the bottle. We can hardly doubt but that these wretches were set upon this diabolical work by men in authority.

These items are all well authenticated, and they reveal the appalling fact that piracy and stealthy assassination are practiced and applauded by the people of an adjoining State. But the following shamelessly exultant paragraph from the Petersburg *Express*, describing the seizure of the *Jamestown*, is more expressive of the horrible state of morals in that community than anything we can say; for bear in mind that Capt. Skinner had no idea that our existed between Virginia and New York:

"But the noblest Roman of them all was yet to be taken. About 3 o'clock, the splendid steamship *Jamestown*, Capt. Skinner, hove in sight, with her flags gaily floating in the breeze. Expectation was on tip-toe, and the excitement reached its climax as she gracefully reached the wharf. But everything was kept secret; no intimation was given; not even a look from the large gathering on the landing, could have betrayed to any one on board the beautiful ship the reception that awaited her. At length, when she had been securely fastened, and while she was discharging her Petersburg freight, new hands appeared upon her deck, and in as quick a time as it takes us to relate it, the strength of chains bound her yet more effectually, and now, beyond all hazard, she was safely fixed."

THE REPORT FROM HARPER'S FERRY of the determination of Gov. Letcher, of Virginia, to forbid any attack being made upon the Capitol from the soil of Virginia is probably true. Jeff Davis, finding that a successful raid upon Washington is out of the question, will now be able to escape from his perilous position by saying that he would have taken that for the interdiction; and Gov. Letcher can plead that he could not permit such a movement until the ordinance of Secession had been ratified by the people of Virginia. Treason is beginning to back down. There is one argument to which even traitors, however mad, will listen, and but one, and that is superior force. Secession had no idea, when they commenced this business, that the North would rise as it has risen, or unite as it has united. They mistook freedom of discussion for division, patience and long-suffering for cowardice, and so they were led on step by step to their present perilous attitude.

Cincinnati "Danced" to Aid the Secessionists.—Lafayette Hall, the Grocery and Saloons of the "Battle Flag's Republic"—Treachery in Harmony, &c.

ENQUIRER GAZETTE.—Being engaged in the Coal Trade, and called to Louisville on business, some facts came under my observation, which I think should be known and understood in the existing alarming crisis of our country. In the first place, no confidence should be placed in her loyalty. Chiefly all the leading business men freely admit that Kentucky "may be forced out of the Union," at the same time claiming a disposition on *her* part of perfect neutrality. Let us not be pulled into blind stupidity by fine poetry and "honied expressions of arch-traitors, aiming a death blow at our rights. The gradual extinguishment of Union feeling; the unguarded expressions of business men in a private capacity; the shipments of provisions for the South, together with the undeniable fact that companies are actually forming and departing for the southern army, (their professions to the contrary, notwithstanding,) all declare as plain as noon-day that Kentucky is *doubtful*; "a way faring man, tho' a fool, cannot err therein." Such odors are not emitted without the presence of a "rat."

We admit the existence of a union sentiment, but this will soon be extinguished by fear of violence.

One noble instance of loyalty came under our observation. A gentleman of wealth and one of the most extensive business men of Louisville, (where brother, by the way, is a rank secessionist,) when asked what he thought of Kentucky, frankly told me that he considered her *extremely doubtful*. But, said he, "If Kentucky goes *out* of the Union, I'll go IN—will take my flag across the Ohio and plant it on the Union shore, and live or die, survive or perish, the stars and stripes shall waive over me."

This was the only instance of reliable patriotism with which I met. I conversed with several officers who told me, without hesitation they were raising men for the South, but expressed the utter impossibility of procuring arms—saying "they were all stopped at Cincinnati," which difficulty was easily obviated by the Kentucky and Ohio Council—a plan no doubt concocted to procure arms and provisions, by Southern traitors. Thus have our Ohio friends been hampered by the basest villainy out of purgatory or north of Montgomery—either metropolis of the Rattlesnake Republic.

I Read the speeches of Judge Bullock, Pirtle & Co., and confront them with facts witnessed by myself and other coal men on the streets of Louisville.

After the result of the above council was known "all right;" the arms are coming; "they are sending our guns;" "we'll soon be off;" were the expressions heard at every corner. Accordingly, next morning, recruits were seen traversing all parts of the city, with muskets just removed from the "same," direct from Cincinnati. All were now ready for Jeff. Davis' army, near Washington. Drays were also seen laded with flour, bacon, &c., for the same destination—reshipped for the South before entering the warehouse of Louisville. This was stated by reliable men of that city. Cincinnati has thus been "rifled" by these modern "Catalines"—"Southern chivalry,"—men of high character, by smooth phrases, crocodile tears, and treachery that would shame the devil. Suppose you send some of these "arm pariis" to our Pittsburgh boys for a "keepsake." What a glorious arrangement!! Kentucky remains neutral!! And for what? An engine of ruin to us; a "grocery" for the Southern Republic; an arsenal for the Rattlesnake Confederacy. The monopoly of the citizens of Louisville are in league with Southern cut-throats, in common with all traitors plotting the ruin of our Government. This is the gratitude for our stooping to the level of spaniels and blood-hounds, to run down and capture their slaves. Altho' we regret to say so, if Kentucky will go, "let her slide." She, perhaps, would only remain as a stumbling-block to the adjustment of the slavery question.

Kentucky may discover, "some summer morning," that her country is inhabited in a higher latitude than Louisville; containing more anti-slavery, too. A flying visit through our Northern cities and rural districts would now temper and modify the fatal error preached by the South for years, that free States produce nothing but misers and cowards, that won't fight. Gentlemen, our courage you'll soon test—test the familiarities of the "damned Yankees," with other merchandise than *clocks* and nutmegs. How bitterly are you disappointed in the South, at the unity and enthusiasm of Northern minds. No sid from Democrats here; only such as the "lowlier" affords his "game;" or such as Hercules afforded the three-headed dog Cerberus, which guarded the entrance to Hades. No traitors breathree our air; no Palmetto flag waves here.

The stars and stripes float through every valley, and on every house and spire, hill top and mountain, alm at darkening the air. Whilst the war spirit and battle cry of thousands of indignant freemen "eager for the fray," sweep through the land like the up heaving of the ocean or the wildest fury of the tempest. Southern bullies and blackguards have lavished their bowie knives and revolvers too long. All the "spice pilgrim," hell hound and devils that can now be set loose will not serve to scare the North into submission. The power of our Government is now to be tried. All successful governments has passed through the same ordeal. Ours, springing into prosperity, wealth, affluence and national grandeur beyond a parallel in the annals of history, this trial has been ushered in somewhat prematurely. But trusting in the strong arms and firm hearts of freemen and the approbation of a Higher Power, our hopes of eternal justice, we expect to prove equal to the task,

"Whether on the gallow high or in the battle van,
The fittest place for man to die when he dies for man."

Firmly believing our Republic shall long remain as a model and monument of "free institutions"; our stars and stripes yet "o'er land and sea," "o'er the breeze of every clime and long waves over a free and happy people. O.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

GENTLEMEN: I have experienced so much courtesy and indulgence at your hands, that I now take up my pen to write an article, in entire confidence that you will give it a place in your columns, although it dissents from and disapproves entirely the tenor and spirit of your comments upon Mr. Seward's letter to Gov. Hicks. You speak of it as being "very pretty, very diplomatic, very redolent of rose water and red tape, where the smell of gunpowder would have been in better taste."

How men will differ! I confess I read the letter referred to with delight and downright admiration. I thought it in admirable consistency with what the policy of the administration which brought about that zeal, unanimity and public spirit of three Northern States which has astonished the world.

Had the policy of the administration been harsher, or, to use your own language, had it had more of the "smell of gun-powder," the result would have been a divided North and a much brighter and more hopeful state of affairs in the Confederate States.

Without the slightest desire to say anything unpleasant to you, I will here express my clear conviction that Jeff. Davis fully concurs in opinion with you that "the smell of gun-powder" would have been to better taste. Not a shadow of doubt have I, that if Davis could have whispered counsel into Lincoln's ear, while the letter was under consideration, he would have said: "Give him thunder; give him the smell of gun-powder."

Fortunately, however, the writer and the advisers of the letter to Hicks were too shrewd to play into the hands of the Southern traitors, by using harsh and insulting language to a prominent Southerner, who is a friend, but certainly not a brave one.

I think there can be no doubt that the Southern traitors calculated largely upon a divided North; nor can there be any more doubt, that the quiet and prudent course of the administration by putting the seceders manifestly in the wrong has prevented any division in the North. I approve the course of the administration with the greater confidence from a full conviction that my feelings and judgment are most apt to err on the side of harshness and "gun-powder." While editing the *Gazette* thirty years ago, I was denounced as an abolitionist, and certainly my feelings against slavery have not since experienced any abatement; but I do profess to be a wiser and better man.

P. S.—I wrote the foregoing before I saw your paper of this morning, with your article headed "Apparent Inactivity," and Greeley's article in the same spirit. But you give under the latest telegraphic head the following gratifying evidence of the foreign influence of wild and forbearing policy:

"Intelligent men from Baltimore express the confident opinion that the secession mob rule will soon be over. The leader of the *Sun*, to-day, is regarded as a most favorable symptom, and an index of future events. A gentleman declared publicly in the parlor at Barnum's Hotel, that the secession flag would not be allowed in that city many days. The most indisputable evidences have been received to-night of a favorable reaction of public sentiment in Baltimore."

Thanks to the taste of Mr. Seward in preferring "rose water" to the "smell of gunpowder." C.

[We give place, with great pleasure, to the strictures of our excellent and venerable friend "C." upon our remarks respecting Mr. Seward's note to Gov. Hicks; and shall only remark further, that the letter offended us—first, because we thought it quite too courteous a reply to such a demand from such a man under such circumstances. Next, because its tone struck us as being soft, shrinking, timid and even apologetic; and again, because it gave a pledge or promise, the keeping of which would give a sure and bloodless triumph to treason. We like courtesy in its place. We like a style becoming a gentleman; but we do not like to see the MAN sunk and lost in the gentleman. Far be it from us to desire to see Mr. Seward play the part of a bully; for that would be altogether out of character; but just as little do we like to see him casting pearls—where he is commanded not to cast them; for the same reason that is annexed to that command—"They will trample them under their feet, and turn again and rend you."]

KENTUCKY.—We have seen a private letter written by a citizen of Louisville, Kentucky, to a friend in this city, which goes to prove that that State cannot be relied on. The fact is asserted as beyond question, that the *Kentucky will secede, as soon as she gets arms enough to sustain herself.* We commend this information to Gov. Dennison and his "neutrality" friends, who are in favor of filling Kentucky warehouses with Ohio corn and bacon. We trust the Cincinnati Committee of Home Defense will see to it that no contraband supplies are permitted to leave Ohio.

NEW YORK.—We met a gentleman yesterday, who left New York on Saturday evening. He says that city resembles one vast military camp, and that the most unbounded enthusiasm prevails. Among the numerous regiments formed are two composed exclusively of Germans, and two of Irish. He informs us also that the Governor General of Canada has placed nine thousand stand of arms at the disposal of our Government.

Military Notices.

☞ SPARE INFANTRY.—A FEW MORE MEN wanted at the ARMORY, WHITE HALL, S. W. corner Walnut and Penn streets. ap29

☞ THE FOURTH WARD HOME GUARD will meet this (Tuesday) evening, at half past seven o'clock, at the FOURTH WARD SCHOOL HOUSE for drill. Punctual attendance is requested.
By order of the CAPTAIN. ap29*

☞ WANTED—30 ABLE-BODIED YOUNG MEN, between the ages of 16 and 19, to fill up the complement of the DUQUESNE CADETS. Apply at the Armory, third story Custom House, between 4 and 7 p. m.
By order, GUS. WILLIAMS, Captain.
F. D. THOMPSON, Secretary. ap26:tf

☞ NOTICE—PENNSYLVANIA VOLUNTEERS.—All those having claims or bills due them on account of the Pennsylvania Volunteers, in the city of Pittsburgh, out of transportation of troops, after orders to march, and for quarters, substinance, &c., are requested to present the same immediately, at the office of S. Robinson & Co., No. 235 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, properly authenticated for settlement
ap27:6t SAMUEL B. ROBINSON.

☞ ALLEGHENY COUNTY, TO THE RESCUE!—H. C. MACKRELL has established Headquarters at the office of the *Commercial Journal*, where he is ready to receive the names of all volunteers ready to defend the Union, and to offer their honor and lives to support the Constitution in its integrity.

His company will be named the DRAKE GUARDS, in compliment to Mrs. Harmar Denny, of this city. ap23:1w

Pittsburgh, April 25th, 1861.

☞ THE COMMITTEE ON HOME DEFENCE will meet at the City Armory, City Hall, EVERY DAY, from 9 until 10 in the morning, and from 2 until 3 in the afternoon, when companies for Home Guard must report themselves to be organized. All communications addressed to the Secretary.
ap26:tf JOHN M. TIERNAN, Secretary.

☞ THE CITY GUARDS.—DESIRABLE FILLING their ranks to the war complement, for the purpose of tendering their services to the government, will have their Armory open for that purpose every day from 9 o'clock a. m., until 10 o'clock p. m., and all persons who desire to join are invited to join them.
By order, ALBT. MAYS, Captain.
JAS. A. LOUGH, Secretary.
Armory: Seville hall.—ap27-tf

☞ WANTED IMMEDIATELY—MEN TO FILL the ranks of the JEFFERSON RIFLEMEN, now in camp ready for the bloody villainy out of purgatory or north of Montgomery—either metropolis of the Rattlesnake Republic.

Commissioners have generously given a month's pay in advance.
ap30 J. M. EMMERSON, Jr.
R. WATSON.

☞ WAR! WAR! WAR!—Wanted immediately, FIFTY ABLE BODIED MEN, to join the JEFFERSON RIFLEMEN, Headquarters Duquesne Grays Armory Fourth street, near Smithfield.

CAPTAIN R. A. JOHNSTON.
ap23:tf Hancock co., Va.

☞ RECRUITS WANTED.—To enroll for the defense of OUR COUNTRY, in the "PLUMMER GUARDS," 2nd Quartette store, Diamond alley.
JOHN J. CASH, Secretary. ALEX. HAY, Captain.
ap26:1w

☞ MEMBERS of the COMMITTEE OF SAFETY, appointed by Wm. Wilkins, President of the Select Council, will please meet at the office of T. S. Hamilton, 96 Fifth street, on Monday evening, April 29th, 1861, at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose. By order, THOS. S. HAMILTON.

☞ HO! FOR OUR COUNTRY!—Wanted —50 men, 6 feet 8 inches high, to fill the ANDERSON GUARDS. Recruiting office, No. 135 Smithfield st.
ap24:1w

☞ GO FOR THE BATTLE FIELD.—Men wanted to fill up the Roll of the Allegheny Rangers. Apply at Town Hall, Allegheny.
ap22 H. S. FLEMING.

Public Notices.

☞ THE OWNERS OF VEHICLES running through the streets of this city, should bear in mind that after the 1st of May, all Milk Carts that have not taken out a license will be returned by the High Constable to the owners, who will be required to pay the same as said Constable's fee, in addition to the license.

☞ NOTICE.—Office of the Committee on Transit of Contraband Goods, St. Charles Hotel.

The following are the Associations formed by the Committee, Saturday, 27th instant, of which Shippers and others will please take notice:

Resolved, That all goods arriving at Pittsburgh, and destined for Southern States, be stopped *for the present*, stored and insured.

Resolved, That no packages whatever shall be allowed to go forward to Southern States till they have been opened and examined by the Committee.

Resolved, That one or more Packers be employed to attend to the opening of boxes and other packages and repacking the same.

The following is the present organization of the committee: R. D. Gearhart; Dr. Geo. M'Cook, 131 Grant st.; Henry Hays, 71 Market st.; J. M. Wickes, Preble tp.; and W. F. Vandenburg, 104 Fourth st.

The committee meet daily at 10 o'clock a. m., at the St. Charles Hotel. ap26:3t R. D. GEARHART, Chairman.

New Advertisements.

MAUVE INK!

Beautiful in Color!

Delightful in Odor!

for sale at W. S. HAVEN'S,

corner Wood and Third streets.

Mauve Ink,

For Ladies' use. ap5:MS

To Horse Owners.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is carrived by any in all cases of Lameness, arising from Spavin, Bruises or Wounds, to effect a magical and certain. Harness or Saddle Galls, Scratches, Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and Ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their incipient stages, but confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a radical cure. In case of the kind, however, it is desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the Lameness and enable the horse to travel with comparative ease.

Every horse owner should have this remedy at hand, for in timely use at the first appearance of Lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases mentioned, for which all horses are liable and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

See advertisement. ap27:3p4w&Fri'3

"THREE CHEERS FOR THE RED, WHITE AND BLUE!"

Eaton, Macrum & Co.'s,

Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street.

"Union" Neck Ties—superior quality.
"Union" Neck Ties for Ladies.
"Union" Neck Ties for Boys.

"Union" Head Dresses for Ladies.
"Union" Watch Guards—two styles.
"Union" Dress Buttons.

"Union" Rosettes—various styles.
"Union" Badges, on Silk, Muslin and Paper.

Red, White and Blue Ribbons, all widths.

GRAY FLANNEL AND FANCY

TRAVELING SHIRTS.

☞ MILITARY COMPANIES supplied with all kinds of Furnishing Goods at *Prices Cost*.

EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
ap30:3t 17 and 19 Fifth Street.

RED, WHITE AND BLUE RIBBON, for FLAGS!
Red, White and Blue Ribbon, for Flags!
Red, White and Blue Ribbon, for Flags!

Ladies' Union Neck Ties!
Ladies' Union Neck Ties!
Ladies' Union Neck Ties!

Ladies' White and Colored Straw Bonnets!
Misses' do do Leghorn and Straw Hats!
do do Shaker Hoods!

Mull Muslin, Nainsook Muslin, Plain and Figured Swiss Muslin, Patent Lining.
Ladies' White Crinoline Muslin Skirts!
Osborne & Chamberman's Woven Gore!
Trail Hoop Skirts! Union Hoop Skirts!
Misses' Hoop Skirts!

Lace Handkerchiefs, Embroidered Handkerchiefs, and Hemstitched Handkerchiefs!
Black Lace Mits for Ladies, worth 25c. for 12½c.
do do 37½c. do 25c.

Ladies' Gloves and Gauntlets,
Hosiery, Collars and Sleeves
Lace Collars and Sets.

Embroidered, Jaconet and Swiss Edgings and Insertings.
Gents' Merino and Cotton Undershirts and Drawers.
Collars, Neck Ties, Hosiery, Gloves,
Silk and Linen Handkerchief.

☞ MISSOURI and VIRGINIA MONEY taken at its value, at

CHARLES GIPNER'S,
78 Market Street.
ap30:3t

FISH! FISH! FISH!
HOOKS! HOOKS! HOOKS!
ARTIFICIAL BAITS!
ARTIFICIAL BAITS!
ARTIFICIAL BAITS!
CANE AND JOINTED RODS!
CANE AND JOINTED RODS!
CANE AND JOINTED RODS!

BOWN & TETLEY,
ap30:1t 136 Wood Street.

Hummel's Extract of Coffee!
the best article in the market.
Mason's Challenge Blacking!
NEW CROP TEAS!

With a large assortment of Family Groceries, choice and well selected, always on hand and for sale cheap for cash at

FERGUSON'S Grocery,
corner High and Wylie sts.
Goods delivered when ordered. ap30:3t*

ROLL BUTTER—9 bxs. and 1 bbl. Fresh Roll Butter, just rec'd for sale by
ap30 F. B. MANFIELD & CO., Second street, near Wood.

BACON SHOULDERS—14 hhds. of Cincinnati cure, on consignment, for sale by
JACKSON & TOWNSEND,
ap'30 No. 12 Fourth street, near Liberty.

OIL—10 bbls. Carbon Oil, best quality; rec'd for sale by
ap30 HENRY H. COLLINS.

FRESH ROLL BUTTER—3 bbls. prime Roll just rec'd for sale by
ap30 HENRY H. COLLINS.

LARD—200 bbls fresh just rec'd, for sale by
ap30 HENRY H. COLLINS.

New Advertisements.

A AMERICAN FLAGS,

AMERICAN FLAGS,

AMERICAN FLAGS,

FOR SALE AT HUNT & MINER'S.

FOR SALE AT HUNT AND MINER'S.

☞ A liberal discount to the trade. Price lists now ready. ap29

DR SWEET'S

Infallible Liniment,

THE

GREAT EXTERNAL REMEDY!

FOR RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK AND JOINTS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, CUTS AND WOUNDS, PILES, HEADACHE, AND ALL RHEUMATIC AND NERVOUS DISORDERS.

Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut,

Is the author of "Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment."

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Rheumatism and never fails.
Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is a certain remedy for Neuralgia.
Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Sores and Scalds immediately.
Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is the best known remedy for Sprains and Bruises.
Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Headache immediately and was never known to fail.
Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Affords immediate relief for Piles and seldom fails to cure.
Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Toothache in one minute.
Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Cuts and Wounds immediately and leaves no scar.
Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is the best remedy for Sores in the known world.
Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Has been used by more than a million people and all say it is truly a "friend in need," and every family should have it at hand.
Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is for sale by all Druggists. Price 25 cents.

RICHARDSON & CO.,
Sole Proprietors, Norwich, Ct.
ap27:1yd&w F:tf

CHEAP GOODS!

WE WILL OFFER a large portion of our SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS at

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. LESS

than former prices, consisting

Newest Styles of Goods!

SHAWLS, MANTLES AND CLOAKS!

House-Furnishing and Domestic Goods!

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS AND MATTINGS!

IN FACT,

EVERY STYLE OF GOODS

Desirable for the Season!

J. W. BARKER & CO.,
59 Market st.

Missouri, Virginia and Kentucky Money taken at its full value. ap26:tsw&f

NEW GOODS receiving daily from New York at

WAR PRICES!

NEW STRAW GOODS!

Ribbons, Flowers, Ruches, &c. &c.;

Dress Trimmings, Embroideries, Bonnet and Gloves

Gents' Shirts, Collars, Cravats,

Neck Ties, Suspenders, Socks, Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.,

Selling at Very Low Prices!

HOOP SKIRTS AND CORSETS!

The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices

AT

Horne's Trimming Store,

77 MARKET ST.

☞ A liberal discount allowed to Wholesale Buyers. ap26:tswf

PURE MEDICINAL LIQUORS,
Pure Medicinal Liquors,
Pure Medicinal Liquors,
Pure Medicinal Liquors,
Pure Medicinal Liquors,
Pure Medicinal Liquors,
superior quality,
superior quality,
superior quality,
or sale by
JOS. FLEMING,
JOS. FLEMING,
JOS. FLEMING,
JOS. FLEMING,
corner of the Diamond and Market st.
corner of the Diamond and Market st.
corner of the Diamond and Market st.
corner of the Diamond and Market st.
ap30:3t

SPRING GOODS!

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING A CHOICE AND SELECT STOCK OF GOODS for our SPRING SALES, which have been selected with more than usual care, and feel confident that in the

RICHNESS OF FABRIC AND STYLE

of Goods, as well as

Fairness of Price,

they will SURPASS ANY GOODS of the kind ever before opened in this city, and would respectfully solicit an early call from our patrons and the public, to examine its stock for themselves.

Samuel Gray & Son,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
ap30:3t&w 19 FIFTH STREET.

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK,

Deposits made with this Bank before the

FIRST DAY OF MAY,

Will draw interest from that date.

ap29:2td CHAS. A. COLTON, Treasurer.

NEW CONSIGNMENT OF PRODUCE—
1500 bbs choice Potatoes;
50 bbls prime Potatoes, Hulers;
10 bbls Fresh Cut Butter;
40 kegs Lard;
4000 lb Country Bacon;
2000 lb Dry Apples;
50 boxes E. C. Cheese;
200 doz Fancy Brooms—in store for sale by
ap29 L. G. GRAFF, 347 Liberty st.

TO OIL MEN.—Particular attention paid to the manufacturing of TOOLS FOR BORING OIL WELLS. All tools warranted to be of the best material and workmanship.

AUGUR STEMS! AUGUR STEMS! AUGUR STEMS!
REAMERS! REAMERS! REAMERS!
furnished at the shortest notice.
W. W. YOUNG,
(successor to Cartwright & Young,)
No. 97 Wood Street,
ap29 corner of Diamond alley.

BURKHFIELD & CO. are selling

Undershirts and Drawers

AT COST, TO VOLUNTEERS,
at
ap26 or any other goods they may want.

LAW NOTICE.

The undersigned being about to leave the city with the First Brigade of Pennsylvania Volunteers, has left his homestead business with S. S. OHONEY, Jr., Esq., No. 120 Fourth street, who will attend to all matters connected therewith. JAMES A. LOWRIE.

A CARD.—Being required to leave the city for probably three months at least my professional business will be placed in the hands of Dr. H. F. COFFEY, who has been associated with me in the practice of medicine for the last year. I freely and cordially commend him to the favorable regard of my friends and patrons.
April 20, 1861. JAMES KING.

WHITE FISH!—100 hf-bbls. White Fish;
LAKE HERRING—25 hf bbls Lake Herring;
MACKEREL—20 bbls and 25 hf-bbls No 2;
25 bbls and 25 hf bbls No. 3.
All the above in store for sale by
ap30 J. K. CAMPBELL & CO., First st.

RED, WHITE AND BLUE

COCKADES AND NECK-TIES,

AT

Horne's Trimming Store,

77 Market st.

MISSOURI AND KENTUCKY

BANK NOTES PURCHASED

For Pittsburgh Notes.

By
ap29 R. M. M'LAIN & CO.

LEAF LARD—5 kegs fresh Leaf, rec'd for sale by
ap30 HENRY H. COLLINS.

New Advertisements.

STATE INSPECTOR

OF DOMESTIC DISTILLED SPIRITS,

FOR THE COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY:

JOHN SMITLEY.

Office, No. 12, corner Diamond Alley and Diamond.

☞ Orders left with Joseph Rose, 12 Diamond street, will be promptly attended to.

The attention of the trade is respectfully called to the following sections of the law, in regard to Inspections.

Section 12, page 84.—If any person shall export, or lade for Exportation, from the Port of Philadelphia, any distilled spirituous liquors, liable to Inspection as aforesaid, before the same shall have been inspected and marked according to law, such person shall forfeit and pay ten dollars for every barrel, and twenty dollars for every double barrel and hogshead or other cask or vessel containing such liquor so exported or laden, to be recovered by the Inspector store from Purdon's Digest.

Section 13, page 84.—If any person shall export, or lade for Exportation, from the Port of Philadelphia, any distilled spirituous liquors, liable to Inspection as aforesaid, before the same shall have been inspected and marked according to law, such person shall forfeit and pay ten dollars for every barrel, and twenty dollars for every double barrel and hogshead or other cask or vessel containing such liquor so exported or laden, to be recovered by the inspector store.

Section 14, page 85.—All liquors sold by inspection at the Port of Philadelphia, shall be inspected and gauged by the inspectors of domestic distilled spirits, appointed as aforesaid.

Section 23, page 265.—Any person who shall hereafter act as inspector or deputy inspector of domestic distilled spirits, in the city or county of Philadelphia, not being legally authorized for that purpose, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of twenty dollars, one half for the use of the Commonwealth and the other half for the use of any person suing for the same, and shall, if he also be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall for every such offence, suffer an imprisonment in the county jail for a period of thirty days.

Section 34, page 446.—Every person who shall counterfeit, forge or fraudulently impress, or make the brand mark, or any number or other mark of any such inspector, or a mark or number in imitation thereof upon any article subject to inspection, or upon any cask or other vessel containing such article, or shall fraudulently alter, deface, conceal or erase any inspection mark, duly made, shall, for every such offence, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and be punishable by a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding six months, at the discretion of the court having jurisdiction of the offence.

Section 35, page 446.—Every person who shall counterfeit, forge or fraudulently impress any stamp, label or ticket, or upon any cask or vessel containing such article, the brand mark or other mark of any inspector, or shall fraudulently alter, deface or erase any such mark, or shall fraudulently impress the brand mark or other mark of any inspector upon any such article or vessel, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars.

A further Supplement, relative to the inspection of liquors approved the 21st day of April, 1858.

Every barrel of domestic distilled spirits for sale at the port of Philadelphia, whether for exportation or otherwise, shall be inspected and gauged by the duly-appointed inspectors of distilled spirits, or their deputies, in the manner now provided by law, and it any other person shall inspect such liquors, he or they shall, for every such offense, be liable to all the fines and penalties set forth in the 34th section of the Act of the 10th of April, 1849.

An Act authorizing the Governor to appoint an Inspector of Domestic Distilled Liquors for the county of Allegheny:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the Governor is hereby authorized to appoint an Inspector of Domestic Distilled Liquors for the county of Allegheny, whose duties and compensation shall be the same as those of the Inspector of domestic distilled liquors for the city and county of Philadelphia.

The undersigned Inspector, being obligated by heavy bonds, and bound under severe penalties for the faithful performance of his duties, intends that no act fully but strictly to enforce the above sections and all other laws appertaining to the inspection of domestic liquors.
ap27:tf JOHN SMITLEY.

MORE

NEW

TESTIMONY!

From the New Father Mostchizen Fairisynsky:—I have been troubled with Deafness for a length of time, and am constituting Dr. VON MOSCHZISKEN. He operated on my ears so successfully as to restore my hearing entirely. I think it, therefore, my duty to those afflicted with defective hearing, as well as an acknowledgment of the Doctor's great skill and talent, to make my case publicly known, and to strongly recommend all sufferers to avail themselves of Dr. Moschzisken's services.

STANISLAUS PARIZYNSKEY, Pastelooker.
MONASTERY, Birmingham, April 11th, 1861.

This is to certify that I have suffered for some time from Deafness, and that I have been greatly benefited by the skillful treatment of Dr. VON MOSCHZISKEN.

ALOYSIUS GRAGG, Pastelooker.
MONASTERY, Birmingham, April 11th, 1861.

Most Important to the Deaf

Testimonials from Home Sources!

From John McCloskey, Esq.,
(Of the Firm of M'Closkey, Congreve & Co.)
Allegheny, April 8th, 1861.

To Dr. VON MOSCHZISKEN, 155 Third st. Pittsburgh:

I am happy to inform you that my little daughter, who has been quite deaf for four years, has, under your skillful treatment, entirely recovered. I feel satisfied that her hearing would never have been restored by natural causes, but to your ability alone is she indebted for it, and I would most cheerfully recommend all afflicted with Deafness to consult you at once.

Respectfully yours,
JOHN M'CLOSKEY.

EYE AND EAR!

DEAFNESS

DEAFNESS.

THE ETHEREAL EAR INHALATOR,

AN INSTRUMENT INVENTED BY

DR. VON MOSCHZISKER,

Through which he has been enabled to cure the MOST OBSTINATE CASES OF DEAFNESS—cases in which every other means has failed and all hopes of relief given up. This is no idle statement. Its truth is attested by hundreds of gentlemen whose names are familiar throughout the Union—STATESMEN, PHYSICIANS, LAWYERS, CLERGYMEN and JUDGES, witnesses to the fact.

DR. VON MOSCHZISKER

begs to say to all who suffer either from

Deafness or any Malady of the Eye,

that they should AT ONCE CONSULT HIM, in order to receive the

FULL BENEFIT

of his treatment.

The following are some of the names whose testimonials can be examined at Dr. Von Moschzisker's office. They have been entirely restored to their hearing by him:

PITTSBURGH:

JOSEPH PEARSON, Bellfont street, Lawrenceville;
THOMAS MOORE