Pittsburgh Gazette.

S. RIDDLE & CO., EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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Morning and Evening Editions daily, containing the Latest News up to the hour of publication.

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ADVERTISING AT REASONABLE RATES

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 6, 1861.

We have been compelled to defer the publication of several communications this morning. They will appear on Monday.

Our usual interesting Religious Intelligence will be found upon our fourth page.

Forts on the Florida Coast.

Key West is situated on one of the numerous small islands which run out in a long chain in a south-west direction, from the southern extremity of the peninsula of Florida. Tortugas is the name of a small island, or cluster of islands, about a hundred miles west of Key West. The forts on these islands, and which are known by the same names, are probably the most important that belong to the nation, as they, more than any others, command the entrance to the Gulf of Mexico. These forts are as yet in no danger of attack by the forces of the Confederate States; but this security they owe solely to their insular situation. They are sufficiently garrisoned.

Fort Pickens, situated at the entrance of Pensacola bay, is also a very important national defense. It is about 400 miles north-west of Tortugas, directly on the coast of West Florida, near the line of Alabama, and only fifty miles east of the entrance to Mobile bay. This, properly speaking, is the only fort our government has left on the gulf coast, for both Key West and Tortugas are many miles from the main land.

Fort Pickens stands on the western extremity of a long narrow island. Immediately on the south is the open sea; on the west and north is the entrance to Pensacola bay, less than a mile wide. Almost opposite the fort is the Pensacola Navy Yard and Fort McRae, both of which were seized by the insurgents last winter. About three miles north of the fort is the city of Pensacola, which may be regarded as within long range of the fort.

Numerous sand batteries have been erected at the Navy Yard and along that circular shore facing the fort. These are now strongly manned by the confederate troops under command of General Bragg, who speaks confidently of being able to reduce it. Whether his confidence is well grounded the event must determine. The heavy sand batteries erected at and below the Navy Yard command the entrance quite as effectually as the fort does; and unless Lieut. Slemmer is able to silence those batteries, it will be impossible for ships of war to take part in the defense, and perhaps they may be unable to re-inforce or succor the fort after the seige shall begin.

Judging from the formidable preparations made by the Confederate States, and the number of troops pouring into that point, we think there is no doubt but that an early attack will be made. The seige will probably continue for weeks, unless it shall happen that the new and hastily erected works shall be found to be untenable under the tremendous fire of the fort. Of this we are unable to form any opinion.

We share in the intense anxiety of the country that the Administration shall make this Sebastopol of ours as strong as it can be. It is an admirable fortress, built at an expense of more than a million of dollars; and we flatter ourselves that it is as nearly as may be impregnable, provided it has a full garrison.

The apprehensions expressed by some that the Administration think of abandoning it are utterly groundless. Our belief is that it has recently been strongly reinforced, and that Lieut. Slemmer is prepared to defend it against any force that the seceded States can bring against it; for even should they break down its walls on the water side, they cannot assault it for want of shipping; and to approach it by way of the island—an exposed sand plain about a mile wide—would require a system of seige works similar to those used by the allies in the reduction of Sebastapol, the expense of which the Confederated States are by no means able to sustain.

The Loan.

A portion of the new Stock has already been issued. This result is most creditable to the Department, and constitutes a striking evidence of a marked improvement in its administration since the 4th of March. Promptness, decision and efficiency have thoroughly supplanted procrastination, timidity and shiftlessness. It was a bold and judicious stroke of policy on Mr. Chase's part to refuse to award more of the loan than was offered to be taken at fair rates. He has administered a rebuke to the combination of bidders, which must show them that they overshot their mark, and he has, by this act, advanced the public credit and greatly promoted public confidence. He says he expects capitalists to bid for the Government loan as an investment, and not toy with it as fancy stock.

The wisdom of his decision is already vindicated by telegraphic dispatches from rejected bidders offering to take the unawarded stock at higher figures, and at this hour it is apparent that any amount of loan securities might now be disposed of at a handsome advance upon ninety-four. It was time that speculators upon the necessities of the Government should receive a rebuke. Of course the Secretary has no power to accept these telegraphic offers, nor will he readvertise the loan. The presumption is that he will avail himself of his power and issue Treasury notes for the balance of the eight millions required.

WAR.

All indications point to the fact that a struggle is at hand, unless the secessionists shall recede from the fearful position in which they have placed themselves. A decided stand on the part of the government will arouse and unite the country as it has not been united since the Revolution. With patriotism, and right, and law, and money, and ships, and overwhelmingly superior numbers on one side, and treason, indolence, strong, and inferior numbers on the other, who can doubt the issue? The government has been indulgent and forbearing beyond all example; but further forbearance would be a crime rather than a virtue. If it now draws the sword it will be done more in sorrow than in anger; but when drawn, a strength hitherto unknown in this country will urge its blows.

The Policy of the Government.

It seems to be well understood, says the *N. Y. Times'* correspondent, that the Administration will very soon be prepared to disclose in detail the policy upon which it intends to conduct the Government. Republican leaders in the North complain that the party is suffering because of inaction on this point, but wisdom requires the maturest consideration before the decision of the question on which the destinies of the country hang, and the friends of the Administration may well be patient.

A member of the Cabinet stated that national affairs, in his opinion, were rapidly approaching the culminating point, and the suspense would soon be over. He continues firm in the anticipation of an amicable adjustment.

Important Order from the Secretary of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, March 30, 1861.

The control of the warehouses of the Government of the several ports in the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Florida and Texas, having been usurped under the alleged authority of those States, and the officers of the warehouses acting under the authority of the United States having been forcibly excluded from their proper functions in the custody of merchandise and superintendence of the entries for warehousing and withdrawal, it has become impracticable to continue the privilege of landing for transportation to those ports.

Collectors of the customs are accordingly hereby instructed, that no entries for transportation in bond to those ports can be permitted until otherwise directed by the Department.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

S. P. CHASE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

FROM HARRISBURG.

[Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, April 4, 1861.

Eds. Gazette: The House had three sessions, yesterday, and passed finally all the bills on the private Calendar which were read a second time on Tuesday, the titles of which I gave you.

It passed, also, by a vote of 57 to 31, the bill appropriating $49 900 to the Farmers' High School.

In the Senate, the Bank bill came up on the orders, and the 4th Section passed, 25 to 2. It was, however, amended, so as to give the Auditor General power to send for any Bank officer and compel him to testify, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the Bank really suspended or not. The bill then passed.

The only other bills passed of interest to the West were House bill to incorporate the Johnstown and Scalp Level Turnpike Company, and House bill to perfect the division of the township of Union, Fayette County.

The Governor has vetoed all the local bills to change the places of holding elections, all bills incorporating the Fire Companies, and bills to reduce the Exrolement tax. E.

HARRISBURG, April 4, 1861.

Eds. Gazette:—In the House, to-day, the morning session was occupied in reading bills in place and receiving petitions and reports from Committees. The afternoon session was occupied in acting upon the amendments proposed to the Free Banking bill, and the House got about half through at the adjournment. The clause authorizing the free banks to issue 20 per cent. of small notes was voted down—53 to 33, which is an indication, I fear in the wrong direction.

In the Senate, to-day, a large number of bills was passed, among them the following:

Senate bill relating to the Cambria iron Co.

Senate bill to fence the C. & P. R. R.

Senate bill incorporating the New Castle and Darlington R. R. Co.

Senate bill relative to a burial ground in Allegheny city.

House bill legalizing certain dockets of Justices in Brookville.

Senate bill relative to Coroners and Sheriffs in Armstrong county.

House bill declaring Soldiers run, in Jefferson county, a public highway.

Senate bill to prevent the spread and introduction of Canada thistles in Lancaster and Washington counties.

House bill to incorporate the Legonier Bridge Company.

House bill relative to the election of School Directors in Butler county.

House bill relative to the claim of Sherman Delis.

House bill authorizing the Commissioners of Clarion and Armstrong counties to erect a free bridge over Red Bank Creek.

House bill authorizing the Commissioners of Fayette county to pay certain monies.

House bill incorporating the New Castle Gas Light Company.

The resolution from the House to adjourn finally on the 18th was passed, 19 to 8. It may, however, be reconsidered.

A bill from the House establishing the life tenure in police offices in Philadelphia, gave rise to a strong party fight, but was finally passed, 19 to 6. E.

JUDGE M'LEAN.

The telegraph reports the death of this eminent citizen, whose long career of faithful services to his country, both as a statesman and as a judge, will be gratefully remembered by ever lover of his country. For the following sketch of his life we are indebted chiefly to the American Cyclopaedia—always valuable in this department of biography above all rivals:

John M'Lean, LL. D., was born in Morris county, New York, March 11th, 1785. Four years afterwards, his father, a poor man with a large family, removed to the west, settling first at Morgantown, Va., afterwards near Nicholasville, Ky., and finally, in 1799, in what is now Warren county, Ohio. Here the parents lived and died, and here resided till his death forty-two years later. His son, at the age of eighteen, desiring to study law, went to Cincinnati, where he sustained himself by writing in the office of the clerk of the county, while he pursued his studies under the direction of Arthur St. Clair, an eminent counsellor, the son of the revolutionary General of that name. He was admitted to the bar in 1807, and commenced practice at Lebanon, Warren county, Ohio. In 1812, he was elected to represent in Congress his district, which then included Cincinnati, receiving a large majority as a Democrat in favor of the war with England, and a supporter of Madison's administration. In 1814 he was unanimously re-elected, receiving the vote of every voter who went to the polls. In 1815 he declined to be a candidate for the U. S. Senate, though his election was certain. The following year, having been unanimously elected Judge of the Supreme Court of the State by the Legislature of Ohio, he resigned his seat in Congress at the close of the session. He remained on the Supreme Bench of Ohio till 1823, when he was appointed by President Monroe Commissioner of the General Land Office. In July, 1822, he was appointed Post Master General, the Post Office being then in a very disordered and inefficient condition. Under his administration it was restored to order, and managed with a vigor, method, and economy, that soon secured an almost unexampled degree of applause and public confidence. By a nearly unanimous vote of the Senate and House the Postmaster-General's salary was raised from $4,500 to $6,000 a year. John Randolph, who voted against the increase, said he would vote for it if the salary could be reduced to its original amount whenever Judge McLean went out of office. In 1829, having declined the War and Navy Departments, which were offered him by President Jackson, Judge McLean resigned the office of Postmaster General, and accepted a seat on the bench of the Supreme Court of the United States, entering on his duties at the January term of 1830. In the capacity his charge to juries were distinguished for ability and eloquence. One of the most noted of these was delivered in 1838, in regard to aiding or favoring unlawful military combinations by our citizens against any foreign government or people with whom we are at peace, with special reference to the Canadian insurrection and its American abettors. In the *Dred Scott* case he dissented from the decision of the Court as given by Chief Justice Taney, and expressed the opinion that slavery has its origin merely in power, and is against right, and in this country is sustained only by local law. Consistently with the principles of natural right and constitutional law which he laid down in that famous case, he identified himself politically, by years later, His son, at the age of eighteen, with those opposed to the extension of slavery; and his name was before the free-soil Convention at Buffalo, in 1848, as a candidate for nomination as President. At the Republican National Convention at Philadelphia, in 1856, he received 196 votes for the same office to 359 for Col. Fremont. At the Republican Convention at Chicago, last year, he also received a number of votes.

During the past winter Judge McLean's health was evidently fast giving way; and recently, when he had somewhat recovered and was able to return to his residence at Cincinnati, few of his many friends in the capital could have been so sanguine as to hope ever again to see him on that bench which is foeing him loses its noblest occupant.

Rheumatism! Rheumatism! Rheumatism!

It is well-known that bathings, ointments and external applications, only drive Rheumatism from one part of the system to another. Sometimes, with fatal results. HOLLOWAY'S PURIFY SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC RHEUMATIC PILLS often cure the worst and most protracted cases. This simple medicine frees the system from the disease in less than one quarter the quantities of crude medicines, and has the merit of never failing. Price 25 cents per box. Six boxes for $1.

N. B—A full set of HUMPHREY'S HOMOEOPATHIC SPECIFICS, with Book of Directions, and twenty different Numbers, in large vials, morocco case, $5; ditto, in plain case, $4; case of fifteen boxes, and Book, $2. Single boxes, 25 cents and 50 cents.

These Remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address Dr. F. HUMPHREYS & CO., No. 562 Broadway, New York.

Sold by J. M. FULTON, 191½ Wood, second door from the Post Office, Agent for Pittsburgh. mh15-lwim*

Public Notices.

PROPOSALS will be received by the Committee on Monongahela Wharf until MONDAY, April 15th, 1861, for grading and paving to the amount of about $3 000 on said wharf, extending westwardly from the mouth of Ferry street. Proposals to state the price per cubic yard for grading, and the superficial yard for paving. Payments in cash upon completion of the work to the satisfaction of the Committee. Proposals can be left with R. MORROW, Chairman, No. 5 Market street, Pittsburgh. ap6-td

PITTSBURGH, ALLEGHENY AND MANCHESTER PASSENGER RAILWAY.—NOTICE.—On and after MONDAY, April 1st, the cars of this Company will be run from Manchester, on Rebecca st., to the corner of Locust and Federal streets, connecting there with the Federal street cars, punctually—*any way* 15 minutes—from 6 to 8 o'clock P. M.; and on 10 minutes from 8 A. M. to 7 P. M.; and on 20 minutes until 11 P. M. March 30th, 1861. ap1-lwm

PROCLAMATION.—City of Pittsburgh, to wit: I, GEORGE WILSON, Mayor of said City, do hereby make known and proclaim:

WHEREAS, By Ordinance passed by the Select and Common Councils, it is the duty of all persons who possess or inhabit the front alley, house or building adjoining any or fronting the Pool Pavements within the said city, to sweep the same, along the front of the respective dwelling houses, buildings or property, to be SWEPT CLEAN AND CLEARED, at least on every TUESDAY and FRIDAY OF EACH WEEK, before nine of the clock in the morning, and also for the same distance, to KEEP THE GUTTERS OPEN and CLEAR and CLEAN as designated, failing to comply with the above, SHALL BE FINED, agreeably to the Ordinances made and provided.

Given under my hand and the seal of the City of Pittsburgh, this 14th day of March, 1861.

GEO. WILSON, Mayor.

mh15-3tdw

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.—The Republican voters of each WARD, BOROUGH and TOWNSHIP of Allegheny county are invited to assemble at their several places of holding elections in their district, on SATURDAY, the 31st of August, to elect FOUR DELEGATES—two to each county convention—which convention to meet in TUESDAY, Sept. 3d at 10 o'clock A. M., as follows: 1. The Judicial Convention to assemble at the Court House to nominate a President Judge of Common Pleas, and Associate Law Judges of District Court, and an Associate Judge of Common Pleas, one Senator, and five members of the House of Representatives, Auditors and Prothonotary of the Pleas. 2. The Senatorial Convention, to meet at the City Hall to nominate Sheriff, Prothonotary, Treasurer Commissioner and Coroner.

The several county meetings in the townships will be held between the hours of 2 and 6 P. M., and in the cities and boroughs between 2 and 6 o'clock of said day. The appointment of delegates in the townships will be by meeting, and in the boroughs by ballot. The chairman of the several meetings will forthwith appoint the executive committee for the ensuing year.

F. F. BIGHAM, Chairman pro tem.

THOMAS P. WILSON, Secretary. ap6-3t

THE FIRST CONGREGATION OF DISCIPLES meets stedfastly in APOLLO HALL, 4th st., between Market and Wood. Preaching every LORD'S DAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7 P. M. WEDNESDAY EVENING, Lecture at 7 o'clock. The public are respectfully invited to attend. ap6-1t

New Advertisements.

MAUVE INK!

Beautiful in Color!

Delightful in Odor!

for sale at W. S. HAVEN'S,

corner Wood and Third streets.

Mauve Ink,

For Ladies' use. ap5:MH

H. WILLIAMS HAS REMOVED HIS SCHOOL to the corner of Sandusky street and Strawberry alley, Allegheny city. ap6-1t

SEVENTH LIST OF APPLICATIONS for Selling Liquors, filed in the Clerk's Office up to April 6th, 1861.

Ahlborn Charles, eating house, 2d ward, Pittsburgh
Ahlsets Joseph, tavern, 5th ward, Pittsburgh
Brawdy Martin, do 5th do do
Brennan James, other goods, 4th ward, Pittsburgh
Beyer Elias, do 6th do do
Bilsbetz Philip, tavern, 4th ward, Allegheny
Brown James, do 2d do do
Brown Frederick, do Manchester
Burger Valentine do Lawrenceville
Bechold Jos-ph, do Birmingham
Distel George, eating house, 6th ward, Allegheny
Dryman & Rice, ex'er, other goods, 2d ward, Allegheny
Elbert G. F., tavern, Birmingham
Fisher Goliab, tavern, Duquesne borough
Faller Frederick, eating house, Peebles township
Fagan Thomas, tavern, 2d ward, Pittsburgh
Fritz & Son Francis, other goods, 6th ward, Pittsburgh
Greenwood Abraham, tavern, 5th do do
Gentz Stephen, do Mifflin township
Hickman J. S., do 2d ward, Pittsburgh
Hock Liubart, do 6th do Allegheny
Jagel Christian, do Reserve township
Kennedy Charles S., do 2d ward, Pittsburgh
Kenfoot Elizabeth, eating house, 6th ward Pittsburgh
Kegel Jacob, do 2d do Allegheny
Klingelman Adam, tavern, 4th do do
Leonhauser C. E., do 4th do do
Lindsey James, do 1st do Pittsburgh
Leimgruber John do Penn township
Miller Joel, do McKeesport
Mots Adam, do Birmingham
Mullin Catherine, other goods, 7th ward, Pittsburgh
Mary Patrick, eating house, 5th do do
Metzgar Michael, do Chartiers township
Miller Jacob, do 2d ward Allegheny
McDonald Abraham, tavern, 2d do do
McIntosh & Co. William, do 1st do Pittsburgh
McCarren James, eating house 2d do do
McCabe Samuel, tavern, Elizabeth borough
Ondrey E., other goods, 2d ward, Pittsburgh
Porter Michael, eating house, 4th ward, Pittsburgh
Reichel Michael, tavern, Duquesne borough
Roehrig Charles, do 4th ward, Allegheny
Schmidt George, do 4th do do
Sedden Wm., other goods 4th ward, do
Schmidt Ludwig, tavern, 6th ward, Pittsburgh
Smith Charles, do 7th do do
Trimble Benjamin, tavern, 4th ward, do
Taylor A. B. tavern, 2d ward, Pittsburgh
Thompson Elias, tavern, 1st ward, Allegheny
Thorpe Wm., tavern, Mifflin township
Unverzagt Louis, other goods, Lawrenceville
Veatch Sarah, tavern, Elizabeth township
Weigand Henry, tavern, 4th ward, Allegheny
Wetzel D. F., other goods, 4th ward, Pittsburgh
Wessell Wm., eating house, 6th ward, Allegheny

The Board of Licensers will meet on Monday, April 15th, 1861.

W. A. HERRON, Clerk.

Clerk's Office, April 6th, 1861. ap6-2t

IRVING,

COMMERCIAL

and METROPOLITAN

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

OF THE

CITY OF NEW YORK.

The above named reliable Insurance Companies, located in the City of New York, are represented in this city by the subscriber, who is prepared to insure Policies of Insurance against loss or damage by fire, at rates as low as any reliable first class Company, and the permanent security of the insured.

JNO. B. M'FADDEN,

ja6-1ydaw Office No. 95 Market st.

BELLINGHAM'S STIMULATING ONGUENT!

Bellingham's Stimulating Ongu ent!
Bellingham's Stimulating Ongu ent!

For the Hair and Whiskers!
Hair and Whiskers!
Hair and-Whiskers!

For sale at JOSEPH FLEMING'S,
at JOSEPH FLEMING'S,
at JOSEPH FLEMING'S,

Corner of the Diamond and Market Street,
Corner of the Diamond and Market Street,
Corner of the Diamond and Market Street.

ap6-2t

IONA GRAPE VINES.

A DESIRE to aid in the dissemination of the new varieties of NATIVE GRAPES, has induced the undersigned to accept the agency for the sale of Dr. Grant's celebrated Vines at

Lowest Catalogue Prices!

Orders will be received at the office of SIBELL & CO., 126 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, and at the Drug Store of Scott-heim & Kelly, Federal street, Allegheny city, where specimens may be seen.

Dr. Grant's Illustrated Catalogue, or Complete Manual of the Vine, containing such information as purchasers and growers are supposed to need, furnished on application.

ap6-1m WM. S. SIBELL.

MONEY!—Parties who want to BORROW ON BOND AND MORTGAGE, for one or more years, will be accommodated by applying at

PETTIT'S,
13½ Clair st.
ap6-2t

TRUSS AND SUPPORTER MANUFACTORY.—W. YOUNG, No. 97 Wood street, begs leave to call the attention of the afflicted to the fact that he is the only Manufacturer of TRUSSES and Supporters in the city.

He has had an experience of years in the manufacture, fitting and repair of these instruments, and can furnish them at prices very far below drug store figures.

All are solicited to call after examining Trusses elsewhere. mh9

OIL—20 bbls. Linseed Oil;
13 bbls S W Whale Oil, for sale by
WATT & WILSON, 253 Liberty st.
mh 6

WHITE FISH—40 bbls. No. 1 White Fish; 60 half bbls do.; for sale by
WATT & WILSON, 253 Liberty st.
mh 6

SMOKING TOBACCO—50 lbs. "Blue Eagle" Smoking Tobacco,
for sale by WATT & WILSON,
mh6 253 Liberty st.

ADAMS & CO., having removed to No. 12, corner of Grant and Wood sts., will be happy to fill orders for all kinds of FLINT GLASS WARE, on the most liberal terms, and invite their old customers and friends to give them a call before purchasing elsewhere.

ap4-1w

ADAMS & CO., Manufacturers of FLINT GLASS WARE,
No 12, corner Wood and Front sts.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Also, Green and Flint FRUIT JARS, of the most improved styles.

$20,000 TO LOAN—On good Bonds and Mortgage, property worth double the amount, in sums from $4 000 to $10,000, running from three to five years, at moderate rates.

W. WARD,
Office on Grant street, near Fifth.

OIL WELL TOOLS—To Manufacturers of Boring Tools &c., for Oil Wells, and to other consumers of superior quality of Saw Steel.

We are making to contract of "Cast Steel" with particular reference to the uses required for tools for boring oil wells, and we shall hereafter be prepared to promptly supply the demand for that purpose, for which it has been much used and experience of the most superior quality. Our Warehouse is now adjoining our works on BAILEY, BROWN & CO.

Wayne street.

ap6-1m

NEW CROP BLACK AND GREEN TEAS.

Together with a large and well assorted stock of FAMILY GROCERIES, can be had cheap for cash at

D. E. FERGUSON'S,
corner of High and Wayne sts.
Goods delivered when ordered. mh6-lwim

TO OIL MEN.—Particular attention paid to the manufacturing of TOOLS FOR BORING OIL WELLS. All tools warranted to be of the best material and workmanship.

W. W. YOUNG,
(successor to Cartwright & Young,)
No. 97 Wood Street,
corner of Diamond alley.

mh29

OWNERS OF DRAYS, WAGONS, Carts, Hacks, Omnibuses, and every description of CARRIAGES, are required to take out the City Tax and Transfer Licenses, on or before the FIRST DAY OF MAY NEXT.

For each and every Wagon, Cart, Dray, Dray or Carriage, drawn by one horse, the sum of..... $5 00
For each and every one of the above-named vehicles, drawn by two horses, the sum of..... 8 00
For each and every one of the above-named vehicles, drawn by four horses, the sum of..... 10 00
For each and every Hack drawn by two horses, the sum of..... 10 00
For each and every Omnibus or Timber Wheel, drawn by two horses, the sum of..... 12 00
For each additional horse attached to any of the above named vehicles, the sum of..... 1 00

See 4th. It shall be the duty of all Livery Stable Keepers to call duly to make a return to the City Treasury, within twenty days after the passage of this Ordinance, and annually thereafter on or before the first day of May in each and every year, of the number of vehicles of every description offered and used by them in their business, and the kind thereof; and said return shall be made under oath.

Sec. 6th. All owners of Carts, Drays, Wagons and other vehicles, who shall neglect or refuse to procure a license on or before the first day of May, shall be subject to a penalty of not less than ten per cent. for every thirty day, the same remaining unpaid after the first of May of each year. All Livery Stable Keepers failing to make the return required in the 4th section of this Ordinance, shall in addition to the forfeiture of said section be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars, all of which penalty shall be recovered before the Mayor or one of the Aldermen of said city, by summary conviction and it shall be the duty of the Chief of Police to issue and all it shall be the duty of the Chief of Police to issue and all writs necessary to enforce the collection and recovery of the penalties which by this Ordinance are imposed.

Sec. 7th. The Mayor shall receive the sum of Twenty Dollars for each license granted, and the Treasurer of the City shall in each case, to be issued and collected as part of the costs, upon conviction as aforesaid.

The foregoing is the Ordinance passed by the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, on the 4th day of March, 1861, and approved by the Mayor on the 5th day of March, 1861.

GEO. WILSON, Mayor.

Attest: JAMES M. SNOWDEN, City Clerk.

mh23-2w

SALT—200 bbls. No. 1 Extra Salt in store for sale by
SAMUEL B. FLOYD & CO.,
mh9 239 Liberty st.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

JAMES C. WATT,

Corner of Penn and St. Clair sts.,

Respectfully invites public attention to his new stock of SPRING GOODS, comprising all the newest styles of Fashionable Material adapted to GENTLEMEN'S WEAR, soliciting an early call, and trusting in his ability to exhibit to those, favoring him with the same, a stock of new goods equal to any in this city, without resort to the aid of sensation *advertisements*.

mh27-1m

NEW GOODS,

AT LOW PRICES,

For Par Money.

In consequence of the expulsion of depreciated money, we are now offering our goods

Cheaper than Ever Before.

Our customers as the public generally, can satisfy themselves of this fact by an examination of our stock.

We are now receiving fresh supplies of New Spring Goods and will be to receipt of St. valises from the St. F. Market

EVERY DAY THIS WEEK.

Our assortment of

Straw Goods, Shakers;
Ribbons, Flowers, Ruches;
Dress Trimmings, Embroideries;
Hosiery, Gloves, Keshrs;
Hoop Skirts, Corsets;
Fancy Goods and Notions;

is very complete, and Country Merchants, Milliners and Retail Buyers will find on our shelves everything that is New and Desirable.

JOSEPH HORNE,

77 Market Street.

mh28

M'CANDLESS, JAMISON & CO

SUCCESSORS TO JAS. M'CANDLESS & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Foreign and Domestic

DRY GOODS,

No. 103 Wood st.,

fe23-2md PITTSBURGH, Pa.

GOLD PENS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Pens and Cases Repaired;

SILVER AND GOLD PLATING

Done at the shortest notice, at the corner of Fourth and Market streets, second story.

Persons living out of the city, having Pens to repair, can send them by mail.

FITZPATRICK & CO.

JUST RECEIVED—

TRUMPS;

BY GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS.

Illustrated by Hop, Jr.

KAY & CO., 55 Wood st.

HENRY ERBEN,

ORGAN MANUFACTURER,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

CHURCH AND PARLOR ORGANS,

OF EVERY SIZE AND DESCRIPTION.

No. 1—3 stops, 7 feet 6 inches high, 4 feet 9 inches wide; 5 feet 6 inches deep.
No. 2—5 stops, 9 feet 8 inches high, 5 feet 8 inches wide, 6 feet 2 inches deep.
No. 3—11 stops, 11 feet 6 inches high, 7 feet 8 inches wide, 6 feet 2 inches deep.
No. 4—14 stops, 13 feet high, 9 feet 6 inches wide, 7 feet deep.

The above dimensions are for Grecian cases; if Gothic cases, they will be somewhat higher.

For further information, apply to

HENRY ERBEN, New York; or
JOHN S. MELLOR, 61 Wood st.

ap14-1ydly

SENT FREE TO ALL ADDRESSES.

CHARLES HOFMANN, F. R. S., M. D., Professor of Diseases of the Genital Organs to the "Pennsylvania Medical Institute," has, at a large expense to the Institute, published a work on the treatment of all private diseases of the male and female genital organs. Also, a Treatise on the result of Onanism or Masturbation. Sexual Debility, Involuntary Nocturnal Emissions, Impotency, Sterility, or should a premature one be necessary, it will then not be in my power to

mh28-1ydaw

UNDERTAKE THEIR CASES AT ALL.

THERE ARE also many who have been tampered with by pretenders and have therefore lost all faith and hope that there is even a probability of obtaining relief from their ailments, but making any allowance that it is to the credit of *proper treatment* they owe their sufferings. To all these I can confidently say, first the testimonials I publish, and the numbers of patients of the citizens of this and adjoining States, which I have had from some of the most influential citizens of the United States exist to satisfy the most doubting minds; secondly, the solicitude bestowed on me by the press would of itself be a sufficient recommendation, and above all it is with a small *praise* and preserve that I can refer to my treatment, and the great benefit they have derived therefrom, and I avail myself of this opportunity of assuring those parties to *this end only* when I say to the success of my treatment and the great benefit they have derived therefrom, from me a candid opinion of their cases, and if I should find that I cannot benefit them, or particular portion of their system, I will not undertake it, but will do all in my power to effect a cure where endeavor can be attended with success. I never deceive them in a chance or doing not where there is none I never hesitate in giving my decided opinion. The years of study after the first I have devoted to moral and ophthalmic diseases, and the great experience I have had in Europe and in the United States, warrants me without fear of contradiction in saying that there is no one in the United States better qualified to give a more reliable opinion than myself. And qualified to give a more reliable opinion than myself. And in conclusion I beg to state that those who are suffering from the Diseased of

DAILEY, BROWN & CO.

EYE AND EAR

should not lose this opportunity of consulting me at their earliest convenience, in order to have the

FULL BENEFIT

of my treatment during my stay.

Having had a lengthened treatment and my PERSONAL attendance will be necessary.

F. A. VON MOSCHZISKER.

THE ETHEREAL EAR INHALATOR,

AN INSTRUMENT INVENTED BY

DR. VON MOSCHZISKER,

through which he has been enabled to cure the MOST OBSTINATE CASES OF DEAFNESS—cases in which every other means has failed and all hopes of relief given up. This is no idle statement; its truth is attested by hundreds of gentlemen of the highest standing and position throughout the country, such as STATESMEN, PHYSICIANS, LAWYERS, CLERGYMEN and JUDGES, attesting to the fact. The Instrument is now brought into daily use at his office, and invariably meets with great SUCCESS. Those who suffer from DEAFNESS, no matter how aggravated or how long its standing, HERE, no matter how aggravated or how long its standing, should not despair. DR. VON MOSCHZISKER'S SUCCESS as an OCULIST and AURIST, no one should entertain a doubt. Since his arrival here he has established a character for himself and his PATIENTS, which is unparalleled and far from reproachable citizens of PITTSBURGH that his REPUTATION is well founded and such as to entitle him to the FULLEST CONFIDENCE. He begs to call the attention of the ladies and gentlemen of this and adjoining counties to the fact that he can be CONSULTED DAILY, from 9 a. m. to 5 o'clock p. m.

ARTIFICIAL EYES INSERTED.

The following are some of the names whose testimonials are published at Dr. Von Moschzisker's office. They have been entirely restored to their hearing by him:

HON. SENATOR PUGH, O.
HON. JOHN M'LEAN, son of Judge M'Lean, O.
HON. JAMES PARK, PITTSBURGH.
JOSEPH & PEARSON, Bellaire street, Lawrenceville.
THOMAS MOORE, First street.
H. LANGHAM, north-east corner of Diamond and Market street.
JAMES MAGHEY, Jr., 520 Penn street.

Agents for this Ethereal Ear Drum must call to-day and can be seen at the Doctor's Office.

Office, No. 155 Third Street,
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LEAD—300 pigs Lead rec'd and for sale by
HENRY M. COLLINS.

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THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY

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1,200,000 ACRES

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These lands are contiguous to a railroad 700 miles in length, which connects with other roads and navigable lakes and rivers, thus affording

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For the names of the Towns, Villages and Cities situated along the Illinois Central Railroad, see pages 126, 127, 128 of Appleton's Railway Guide. ap6-2tdaw

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