Pittsburgh Gazette.

S. RIDDLE & CO.,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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Morning and Evening Editions daily, containing the Latest News up to the hour of publication.

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ADVERTISING AT REASONABLE RATES

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB. 15, 1861.

FOR COMMERCIAL NEWS, see 4th page.

ARRIVAL OF THE PRESIDENT ELECT.

Owing to the detention of the cars, Mr. Lincoln did not arrive until a late hour last night. Although the rain was falling in heavy showers the streets were lined with enthusiastic crowds of citizens, who greeted the President elect with shouts of welcome. He will leave for Cleveland this morning at ten o'clock.

For an account of his reception, and other proceedings, we refer to our local column.

THE GREAT ROBBERY AT WASHINGTON.

The report of the Investigating Commitee in reference to the great robbery perpetrated by Floyd, President Buchanan's Secretary of War, is a narrative of fraud and peculation, on the part of a trusted officer, which is without a parallel in the history of the country. What will add to the public indignation, is the statement that the President was duly apprised of the rascally proceedings of his Cabinet officer, by persons cognizant of the facts, but he persistently refused to call him to account. When it is remembered that Floyd, previous to his appointment, was a man completely broken in fortune, and that he was literally transferred to the Cabinet from the gambling hells of Richmond and Washington, the President's indifference to his conduct amounts to complicity with his crime. The robbery of the Indian Trust Bonds to the amount of $870,000, by Floyd's accomplice and stool-pigeon Bailey, is a small share of the money stolen from citizens or the government. The total amount of acceptances issued is over $6,000,000, and this was all done in violation of law, in order to pay Russell, Majors & Waddell money which they admit was not due them. The Committee say that all the time during which these acceptances were issued, the contracting firm were paid regularly the full amount coming to them in cash at Fort Leavenworth. From a review of this wholesale robbery, in the Philadelphia *North American*, we extract the following remarks:

"The great question is now what number and amount of these acceptances are held by parties who did not know their illegal origin, and who are holders in good faith. They were sold to banks, sold to individuals, deposited as collateral, and were backed up, at least, by $872,000 worth of Indian bonds when they could be no longer sold without being strengthened by something better than the name of Secretary Floyd. A large number have already come in, and the Department estimates the outstanding amount at not less than $1,446,000—it may be much more. Floyd wrote to various banks and persons urging them to negotiate the acceptances. 'Some twelve or eighteen months ago'—this report is singularly loose as to dates and positive facts of every sort—it appears that Senator Benjamin undertook to look after some of this extraordinary paper, and took occasion to remonstrate with Floyd on its issue. Floyd, a day or two subsequently, wrote to Benjamin to say he had, on reflection, concluded to issue no more, but the evidence shows that at least two and a half millions were subsequently put on the market, and $872,000 of Indian bonds were stolen to bolster up this paper, which was then getting into general discredit.

"How a transaction so openly wrong and so liable to exposure could be so long carried on is amazing. Banks which negotiated it knowing its want of the first essential of legality, the fact that the service which it professed to pay had not been rendered, should be made to lose all they hold of it. A systematic sharing of plunder all around must have been arranged, and the most liberal use of the proceeds of this gigantic robbery must have been made to keep the scheme at work. No holder should be presumed to have paid the full value for these acceptances until he proves the fact, for we yet know very little of the inside of this most marvellous outrage, nor anything definite as to the total amount of paper so put afloat by Floyd. It is testified that no regular record was made of it, that it was issued at his house as well as at his office, that it was sometimes re issued when negotiation failed—that is to say, new dates were given to the same drafts, as they were called.

"The whole story of the swindle has a wild, dreamy look, as though insane men had managed the affair. The committee is a little mealy-mouthed about calling it criminal, strange to say. If crime is possible in official swindling, this is crime. Nothing like it in magnitude has been known in all history, we believe. The $870,000 robbery we thought astounding, but what is this beside one of seven millions? This is the secessionist Floyd, let it also be remembered, the traitor who did his best to destroy the military defenses of the county, and to take the whole public armament to the hands of Southern revolutionists.

He was the hero of an admiring body of secessionists at Richmond, even after his violations of trust were exposed. Probably he will continue a leader in treason, and boast in the confederacy of cotton of the achievement by which the public and the government were robbed while he was Secretary of War. There is no measure of infamy too great to be meted out to such as he is. Cobb pales before Floyd; the imbecile manager, who lets the Treasury go to ruin by his stupidity, is no match for the man who can plunder as Floyd has plundered. The country will look with amazement on these exposures, though they are yet but a tithe of what should come out. Will not even the cotton States hesitate to instal such gigantic abusers of trust in power in their new kingdom, or will they put them in power in order to render the destruction of their work sudden and decisive?

The robbery of Floyd is only one among a large number of proofs of the corruption and venality of the so-called democratic party. Floyd, Cobb, Toucey, Bailey, Russell, Majors, Waddell, and their associates are leading men in that organization, and are so identified with all its operations that a restoration of the party to power would be virtually their restoration.

The Question.

The question above all others now is whether the controlling power in the Union is at Washington or at Montgomery City? Whether Buchanan and his Constitutionally selected advisers constitute the Government, or Davis, Stephens & Co., constitute it. Whether the policy of the country and the action of the Government, even in the enforcement or the non-enforcement of the laws, are to be determined by rebels in open arms against it, or by the loyal citizens of the country. Whether treason shall control or loyalty. Indeed, the prime question is whether rebellion shall be supreme or the Constitution and the laws. Every man should decide in his own mind whether he is for a Constitutional Government or a Government of traitors and rebels.

HALF AN ACRE OF GROUND ON FIRE.—The editor of the Atlanta (Ind.) *Ledger* was informed a few days since of a curious cause of spontaneous combustion, about two miles South of Perryville, in that State. About half an acre of ground is on fire, and has been burning vigorously for some time. The earth is composed mostly of a kind of marl, in which the heat has made crevices, and the smoke may be seen issuing from the subterranean furnace a distance of two miles. But the most singular feature of this natural lake-oven is its beautiful covering of green grass—an oasis in the cheerless field of snow surrounding it. Cattle attempted to eat the grass, but finding the earth rather warm, scrambled out and left it growing greenly in its hot bed. Our informant pierced the surface with a rail, and firy sparks came up thickly. A second issued from the spot like the distant rumbling of railway cars. The place was formerly a low, swampy piece of land.

THERE are some very farcical incidents in a Chinese battle. In one of the little fights at Shanghae one of the Shanghae rebels was cut off in his retreat by an Imperialist soldier. After a considerable chase and much dodging the rebel halted and the Imperialist was up to him in an instant and placed the muzzle of his loaded matchlock close to the poor fellow's head, fired, and then coolly took his leave. To the amusement and amazement of all who witnessed the scene, the rebel got up and ran back towards Shanghae, with no injury beyond the loss of his red cap and singeing of his long hair. The Imperialist's ballet had slipped easily down his barrel, but just as easily slipped out when he depressed his barrel. But there were some ugly wounds received there, and the wounded suffer terribly from the matchlumbrum of Chinese surgery, who rarely, if ever, amputate, and to extract a ball they use a strong drawing plaster.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12, 1861.

The Special Committee of the "Peace" Congress sat four and one-half hours to-day. On Saturday last they voted down Dudley Field's motion that no action on the Territorial question was necessary. Yesterday was consumed in presenting various propositions and discussing the order in which they could be considered. This morning the Committee, for the first time, was brought to some definite expression upon the preliminary questions so as to test the direction of sentiment.

Reverdy Johnson's resolution, amended in the following form, was carried, 10 to 9, Iowa and Massachusetts not being present:

"Congress shall have no power to legulate upon the subject of servitude anywhere, except to perform its duties under the Constitution in respect to fugitives from service, or labor, and to suppress the foreign slave trade; nor shall any Territorial Government have power to sanction or protect involuntary servitude in any Territory North of the Southern boundary of Kansas, and the Northern boundary of New Mexico, nor to prohibit, or impair, or affect the holding of persons to service or labor in any Territory held and protected under the laws of the State or Territory, from which they were removed."

This vote was mixed, and only signified a preference for the pending proposition over others which had been presented. Several who voted negatively, expressed their willingness to accept it as a finality, if nothing better could be done.

Guthrie's plan will be offered to-morrow, with modifications relieving it of some of the objectionable features. One of the Free-State Commissioners will propose Mr. Etheridge's plan.

Mr. Baldwin, of Connecticut, will offer the following:

"No Territory belonging to any foreign State or nation, on the continent of America, of the islands pertaining or adjacent thereto, shall ever be acquired by the United States otherwise than by a treaty of cession freely made by such foreign State or nation with the assent of the people of the ceded Territory, manifested by the adoption by them of a republican form of Government, and by their application to Congress for admission into this Union as a State.

"No treaty of cession shall be valid or operative to transfer the jurisdiction of such foreign State or nation over such Territory until it shall be ratified by four-fifths of the members of the Senate of the United States; nor until the admission of such ceded Territory into the Union as a State or States, by an act of Congress duly passed on the application of the people of such Territory for admission as aforesaid."

The above will be so amended by the mover as not to apply to places acquired by treaty for the erection of forts and the like.

Judge Bronson appeared as one of the New York Commissioners to-day, but as the Convention was not sitting, he will take his seat to-morrow.

All appointments to office in the Territories lying north of the line 36 degrees 30 minutes, as well before as after the establishment of Territorial Governments in and over the same, or any part thereof, shall be made upon the recommendation of a majority of the Senators representing at the time the slaveholding States. But nothing in this article shall be construed to restrain the President of the United States from removing, for actual incompetency, or misdemeanor in office, any person thus appointed, and appointing a temporary agent, to be continued in office until the majority of Senators as aforesaid give their present a new recommendation, or from filling any vacancy which may occur during the recess of the Senate, such appointment to continue *ad interim*. And to insure, on the part of the Senators, the selection of the most trustworthy agents, it is hereby directed that all the net proceeds arising from the sales of the public lands shall be distributed annually among the several States, according to the combined ratio of representation and taxation; but the distribution aforesaid may be suspended by Congress in case of actual war with a foreign nation, or imminent peril thereof.

The letter sent yesterday by the Hon. John A. Dix, the new and efficient Secretary of the Treasury, to Hon. John Sherman, chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, affords another striking proof of the deplorable condition of the National Treasury and of the terribly disordered state of the finances of the Government, notwithstanding its repeated loans. Extravagance, mismanagement, fraud, corruption, and a failure to properly urge upon Congress the necessity of increasing the rate of duties, have done their work. Another work, and almost ruined the credit of the great Government which, when the present Administration came into power, stood higher than that of any nation upon the face of the globe. What a lesson does this afford to our statesmen, and how imperatively necessary does it render the change in our revenue laws, which has too long been postponed!

Col. Schnabel, of Pennsylvania, has just returned from an exploring expedition through some of the seceding States. He reports that the alarm in the rural regions is general, and families are flocking to the hotels in the city, apprehensive of the wildest demonstrations among the servile population. The withdrawal of many of the males from the interior to fill up the ranks of the seceding armies has left some of the isolated districts in an almost defenceless position. Col. S. also reports that negroes are secretly inquiring about the uses of Sharp's rifles, and that an agent of the company manufacturing them is in one of the Southern States making contracts with the authorities to dispose of the arms.

Resignations of Army officers continue to come in, in consequence of the secession agitation. Fortunately this winnowing of the chaff out of the public service is the accomplishment of a good work. Men who have not patriotism enough to stand by their country's flag when assailed by domestic treason, or who have not moral courage enough to follow where a Scott dares lead, are well out of the way that better men may be promoted. Let the runaways rest assured, however, that in leaving the service for their country's good, they leave it "for good" in a double sense.

The Kentucky and Virginia Commissioners have called on Mr. Buchanan and urged the withdrawal of the garrison from Fort Sumter. They argued that as the President declared that the only purpose of the garrison is for the protection of Charleston, there can be no good reason why such protection should be forced upon Charleston against her wishes. The President, however, declined complying. Kentucky was anxious to relieve Major Anderson, and Virginia quite as anxious to avoid the sacrifice of Lieut. Meade.

A gentleman who is thoroughly conversant with the affairs of the Post Office Department, and who occupies a high official position, states that, without the postal service of the seceding States to provide for, the Post Office Department can easily be made self-sustaining at the present cheap rates of postage.

Florida Solvency and Florida Politeness.

A Philadelphia correspondent says: It is well ascertained here that letters from Southern Post-offices are tampered with, most probably at the office where mailed. Some have been received here, bearing unmistakable evidence of having been opened. Talking of Southern letters, it may be remembered that the tone of all which come from Tennessee, Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland and Virginia, is generally strong for the Union. Many debtors in these States, and even in South Carolina, say they have their own bank notes on hand, which they will remit if the creditor will receive them. But the creditor can do nothing with them, and the debtor has nothing else. Here is a worse dead-lock in exchanges than ever was known in the West. Those heavily in the Southern trade are feeling this state of things very severely. In Florida they are not so polite, nor do they have even bank notes. One of our business concerns wrote to a Florida Postmaster asking information as to a party who had become insolvent, and received from said official the following genteel reply.

"MONTICELLO, Republic of Florida,
January 24, 1861.

"Go to hell, you——swindling scoundrel! Dr. Scott is a gentleman, and will pay you after a while."

This jack in office ought to be introduced forthwith to the head of the Department.

TEXAS has burst the bonds of the "tyrannical Union" into which she was received with such democratic huzzas only sixteen years ago. She has enjoyed democratic rule, under Presidents of her own choosing, three fourths of the time, and uninterruptedly for the last half. What has she to complain of? Will she pay back any of the ten millions our Union gave her for territory she never owned, or of the heavy debts we assumed in her behalf, or of the hundred millions which that disgraceful Mexican war, prosecuted solely for the advantage of Texas, cost the loyal States? Will she reimburse our small expenses over her vast, thinly settled territory, our military expenses in keeping out the Indians and keeping in the negroes, or will she assume a single dollar of the Federal debt? The old reputation of Texas as a refuge for rascals does not hold out a very encouraging prospect.—*Springfield Republican.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—In reference to the statement made by Senator Benjamin before the Select Committee of the House that he had informed the President that Mr. Floyd was issuing acceptances to Russell, it is due to the President to say that he immediately thereafter sent for Mr. Floyd and inquired by what authority he issued them. Mr. Floyd said there was no law for or against it, that it had been the practice of the Department. The President said the practice was wrong, and instructed him to pay what he had issued, but to issue no more, which Mr. Floyd promised to do. The President being under the impression that only a small sum of money was involved.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 14—Yesterday morning the steamer Sunshine picked up a gang at Kaskaskia Bend which passing through a guard burst the steam pipe, and several persons in the vicinity were severely scalded. Two deck hands have since died.

A TRIBUTE OF GRATITUDE.—A BAD CASE OF SCROFULA CURED.—About seven years ago, I became afflicted with Scrofula—at my physicians called it. I had five physicians during my sickness, admitting not six different times, who all agreed in calling it Scrofula. I lay in bed, unable to get about, for the first three years of my sickness. I had diarrhea nearly the whole of the three years, and was purged as often as twenty times a day, more or less. My food did not digest, and I had wasted to a skeleton. My right leg gathered and broke, and all the humors ran out of it. My left foot was ulcerated, and was operated on by one of my physicians but it did me no good. I had as many as six ulcers on one leg, and as many sores on my back and body, discharging matter all the time. After my foot became sore, and the doctor cut it, the tendons became contracted and made my foot lean forward. In this state of my case, my father called on Dr. KEYSER, of 140 Wood street, who came out to see me, in Chartiers township, about five miles from Pittsburgh, on the Steubenville road; after he examined me, he told me if I did what he said, and took the medicines carefully, he could cure me. I commenced taking the medicines three years ago last 5th of July. As soon as I began taking the medicine I began to improve and continued to improve until I got entirely well. I took the medicine from Dr. Keyser for six months. I then considered myself well, and have been in good health ever since. I walk about with a crutch, on account of my leg being crooked at the knee, which was contracted and crooked at the time I commenced taking the medicine; at that time I could not put my foot flat upon the bottom of the ground. Now, although it is still crooked, I can put it to the ground. Dr. Keyser gave me medicine internally, for the diarrhea and also to purify the blood. It is now nearly four years since I commenced taking his medicine, and my health is better than ever in my life before. I have had first-rate health for the last three and a half years, and feel it due to Dr. Keyser that I should make this public statement in order that other sufferers may be cured as I was. Numbers of my neighbors know how badly I was afflicted, and can verify my statement. JOHN GRIFFIN, Jr., Chartiers tp.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 25, 1861.

I am the father of John Griffin, and do certify that the facts related in his case are true. JOHN GRIFFIN.

jan26dw7

For Sore, Weak, Inflamed Eyes and Eye Lids.

A true specific and invaluable remedy has been at last discovered. Dr Humphreys argues that these affects are invariably result from a constitutional disease, of which the local affection is only the outward manifestation. Hence, HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC OPHTHALMY PILLS are only taken internally, and yet cure the worst forms of obstinate Sore Eyes and Eyelids, which have resisted all other treatment. All cases of Sore and Inflamed Eyes and Eyelids, or Falling, Weak or Defective Sight, will be promptly benefited, and the cure of the worst cases is only a question of time.

Price 50 cents, with directions.

N. B.—A full set of HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS, with Book of Directions, and twenty different Remedies, in large vials, morocco case, $5; ditto, in plain case, $4; case of fifteen boxes, and Book, $2. Single boxes, 25 cents and 50 cents.

These Remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address DR. E. HUMPHREYS & CO., No. 562 Broadway, New York.

Sold by J. M. FULTON, Fifth street, second door from the Post Office, Agent for Pittsburgh. febl6dSwlmT

MRS. WINSLOW, an experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and insure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases—See advertisement in another column. feb12dSwly

POLITICAL NOTICES.

FOR SHERIFF.—ADAM WEAVER, of the Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, will offer himself as a candidate for Sheriff of Allegheny county, subject to the Republican Convention. fe12ticasaST

FOR SHERIFF.—HENRY H. LEWIS, of Sharpsburg, is a candidate for sheriff of Allegheny county, subject to the Republican Nominating Convention.

SHERIFF.—HARRY WOODS, of Peebles township, will be a candidate for sheriff of the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Allegheny County. His business will not allow him the opportunity of traversing the county and seeking them all. fa11mostc

PROTHONOTARY.—JOHN G. CURTIS, of First ward, Allegheny, asks the influence and votes of his friends to secure the nomination for Prothonotary of Allegheny County, subject to the Republican Convention. fe12tjc

PROTHONOTARY.—D. C. HULTZ of Snowden Township, will be a candidate for nomination to the above office, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. fe12tc

PROTHONOTARY.—RICHARD DANNER, of Reserve township, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. fe9tdc

Public Notices.

THE REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, of Allegheny county, will meet on SATURDAY, the 16th instant, at 10 a. m., at the office of MARSHALL & BROWN.

T. M. MARSHALL, Chairman.

feb14td

ERIE CANAL COMPANY.—An Election for Seven Directors of the Erie Canal Company will be held at the Office in Erie, on MONDAY, the 4th day of March next, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

Erie, Feb. 6th, 1861. A. H. CAUGHEY, Sec'y.

feb13td&8

NOTICE.—The interest of JAMES W. GREER, in the late firm of NEVIN, GREER & MACRUM, ceased by limitation on the first instant. The business of the late firm will be continued as heretofore, by the remaining partners, S. H. NEVIN and N. G. MACRUM, under the style of

NEVIN & MACRUM.

Feb. 13th, 1861.—feb13d

New Advertisements.

W. S. HAYES,

STATIONER JOB PRINTER AND BOOKBINDER,

Corner of Third and Wood Streets.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO PRINTING

Bill-heads, Labels, Cards or Programmes,

For Concerts, Exhibitions, or meetings of any kind

jan28dds

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA.—This truly valuable preparation is extracted from selected roots by a powerful apparatus which obtains the medicinal principle in a highly concentrated form; by scientifically combining other vegetable products in the process, a compound extract is obtained infinitely superior to any other for Purifying the Blood, and Cure of Scrofula, Fell Rheum, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Pimples, Boils, Cutaneous Eruptions, Liver Complaints, Bronchitis, Consumption, Female Irregularities, Loss of Appetite, and General Debility

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, 100 Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by R. A. FARNSTOCK & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold also by Druggists generally. feb12d1w1tiF

BUSINESS CHANCE.

JOS. S. LEECH & CO., wishing to close their present business, offer all their present stock for sale at the LOWEST CASH PRICES. Any one wishing to enter into the GROCERY BUSINESS would have a fine opportunity for doing so, by receiving the warehouse, purchasing the stock, and having the good will of the house.

Two of the most eligible WAREHOUSES ON LIBERTY STREET FOR RENT low to a good tenant.

Inquire at their office, No. 344 Liberty st. feb12tdAw

SAMUEL FERGUSON,

SEALER OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Office, No 9 Hand street, Pittsburgh.

All persons desiring his services can call upon him. feb1dmwF

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PRINTS,

the largest and best stock in the city;

BALMORALS, MUSLINS AND EVERY KIND OF GOODS, JUST OPENED.

feb12 C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market st.

STORAGE FOR RENT.—In Lofts and Cellar, convenient and safe, 50 and 51 Water st.

feb15 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

A GOOD, CONVENIENT OFFICE TO LET, 60 WATER STREET.

feb15 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

COTTON.—15 bales in store for sale by

LEECH & HUTCHINSON,
116 Second and 114 First sts.

OIL LEASES—Blanks for Leasing Oil Wells or Oil Locations, carefully prepared forms, printed and for sale by

WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., Pittsburgh,
feb12 Stationers and Printers, 67 Wood st.

ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT for renting property, various forms, printed and for sale by

W. G. JOHNSTON & CO.,
feb13 Stationers and printers, No. 67 Wood st.

APPLES! APPLES!—15 bbls. Green Apples, this day rec'd by

HENRY H. COLLINS.
feb13

HOMINY.—12 bbls Pearl Hominy, rec'd for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.
feb13

NEW SPRING GOODS!

BURCHFIELD & CO.

have already commenced receiving NEW GOODS.

OPEN THIS MORNING,

Bleached Muslins, Irish Linens,
New Prints, Chintzes and Flannels.

New Goods will be opened every few days. feb11

FIRST ARRIVAL

OF SPRING DRY GOODS, NOW OPEN.

We have just returned from the EAST, and are now ready to show to customers the BEST ASSORTED STOCK IN THE CITY—ALL NEW GOODS:

feb12 C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market st.

LAKE FISH—200 packages White Fish, Trout and Herring, received for sale by

HENRY H. COLLINS.
feb12

CRANBERRIES—12 bbls. in prime order for sale by

HENRY H. COLLINS.
feb9

FRESH ROLL BUTTER—1 bbl. prime just rec'd by railroad for sale by

HENRY H. COLLINS.
feb

ROBES, BEHAGES,

Berage by the yard,

Lawns, and Winter Shawls,

selling at very low prices,

feb2 at BURCHFIELD & CO'S.

BACON—75,000lb. Shoulders;
10,000lb. PLAIN HAMS,
15,000lb. SUGAR CURED HAMS,

for sale from stock-house by

KNOX & PARKER, 209 Liberty st.
feb6

MESS PORK—240 bbls;

LEAF LARD—150 tcs, 50 bbls, for sale by

KNOX & PARKER, 209 Liberty st.
feb6

MANILLA, Rag and Straw WRAPPING PAPER, Brown, Blue and White, Bonnet Boards, Tea Paper, &c., for sale low at the Paper Warehouse of

CHADWICK & ROE,
feb2 No. 151 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

New Advertisements.

BALMORAL SKIRTS,

New and Beautiful,

Three and Three Quarters and Four Yards Wide, for $2 25, $2 50 and $3 00.

BEAUTIFUL PRINTS, AND OTHER SPRING GOODS,

NOW OPENING

feb14 C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market street.

HOOP SKIRTS.—

BURCHFIELD & CO.

have just opened a large assortment of the best makes of Ladies' and Children's Hoop Skirts. feb14

SUNDRIES—34 sacks Dry Peaches,
1 sack DRY PEACHES, PEELED,
2 sacks DRY PEARS,
6 do FEATHERS,
21 SHEEP PELTS,

on steamer May Duke, to arrive for sale by

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO
feb14

NEW LEAF LARD, in bbls, firkins and pails, the latter for family use, for sale by

JACKSON & TOWNSEND,
feb14 No. 12 Fourth street, near Liberty.

NEW BACON—Hams, Shoulders and Sides, for sale by

JACKSON & TOWNSEND,
feb14 No. 12 Fourth street, near Liberty.

MESS AND RUMP PORK,

For sale by JACKSON & TOWNSEND,
feb14 No. 12 Fourth street, near Liberty.

BOOK-KEEPER.—A young married man is desirous of obtaining a situation as BOOK-KEEPER in a Mercantile or Manufacturing establishment. Is an experienced accountant, and can give the most unexceptionable references as to character, ability, &c. Any person wishing to secure the services of a first-class book-keeper can do so by addressing a communication, "BOOK BOX 161, Pittsburgh P. O.," or by applying in person at No. 43 WOOD STREET, where any information desired can be obtained.

feb14-3t*

AT THREE CENTS A COPY,

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

AT THREE CENTS A COPY.

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

AT THREE CENTS A COPY.

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

AT THREE CENTS A COPY.

For sale at HUNT & MINER'S.

A liberal discount to the trade. Sent post paid on receipt of 6 cents. feb13

OIL! OIL!

Persons bound for the

OIL REGIONS

Should supply themselves with

TRAVELING SHIRTS.

The "Garibaldi Shirt"—Plain Red Flannel.
The "Scansion Shirt"—Tri-colored Barred Flannel.
The "Kettle Shirt"—Red Striped Flannel.
The "Pike's Peak Shirt"—Dark Spotted Flannel.

Heavy Wool Undershirts and Drawers.
Heavy Merino Undershirts and Drawers.
Heavy Silk Undershirts and Drawers.
Heavy Shaker Knit All-Wool Half Hose.
Heavy Wool Stockings—to reach over the knee.
Heavy Wool Lined Gloves and Mittens.
Heavy Fur Lined Gloves and Gauntlets.
Square Fancy Cashmere Mufflers.
Fancy Wool Comforts and Scarfs.

We have made a large reduction in the prices of UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

HALF HOSE, GLOVES and COMFORTS,

In order to close out the entire stock before the Spring.

Persons who need any of the above goods can rely on buying them cheap.

EATON & MACRUM,

feb MAN 17 Fifth street.

NOW IS THE TIME!

TO STOP IN at the establishment of

GEO. W. HUSLEY,

Federal street, Allegheny, near the Depot,

and examine his heavy stock of

COOKING AND PARLOR STOVES,
COAL VASES AND HODS,
SPENDERS AND FIRE IRONS,
TEA AND COFFEE SETS,

with a general stock of Hollow-Furnishing

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE,

all at the CHEAPEST PRICES FOR CASH!! feb4mas

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK,

No. 65 Fourth Street.

CHARTERED IN 1855.

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