Pittsburgh Gazette.

THOMAS BAKEWELL, B. F. WILLIAMS, R. PATTERSON, J. H. STOKES.

R. BRBBTT & CO.

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING, DEC. 8, 1860.

☞ For our usual Religious Intelligence, Poetry, miscellaneous advertisements, cards, &c., see fourth page.

THE DAILY POST.—We have a high regard for the *Post*. In the midst of a stiff-necked and perverse generation, in the very Malakoff of Republicanism, it yet maintains the unequal combat with spirit and refreshing vigor. To be sure the *Post*, like all other Democratic institutions, has its pardonable superiorities. Prior to the late Presidential election we were greatly edified by the skill of its conductors in the matter of the difficulties subsisting between the rival leaders of the "Seven Democracies." Originally declaring for the Old Public Functionary as its first choice for the Presidency, it veered completely round to the support of his arch-enemy the Little Giant. With the waning fortunes of Mr. Douglas the *Post* coquetted with the Breckinridge faction and wound up its useful labors in the campaign by according a generous endorsement to *both* Douglas and Breckinridge and the Union electoral ticket!

Since the triumph of the Republicans and the election of Mr. Lincoln the *Post*, in common with the N. Y. *Herald* and the other organs of their party throughout the country, has been engaged in raising an unearthly din and clamor. The gongs of the Chinese were never more industriously used by the celestial warriors than the columns of the *Post* and kindred journals by their editors, to get up a panic, financial and political, which should mar and detract from the moral force of our victory. Such has been the effect of the labors of these howling dervishes that the industrial interests of the country have already been materially injured, and maddened and inflamed with their infernal success, they are now endeavoring to pull down and uproot the fabric of the National Government.

Fearful that the uproar of these conspirators against the safety and stability of the Union might by any possibility affect the deliberations of Republican Representatives from our district or State, we suggested in these columns a Mass Meeting of the Republicans of Allegheny county to express their indignant sense at conduct so base, and to reaffirm their adhesion to the principles of the party, as enunciated in the Chicago platform. This suggestion met, we are glad to know, with much favor from the staunch Republicans of this city and county, but the *Post*, of yesterday, is furious, fierce and pyrotechnically desperate at our audacity. The *Post* charges us with "adding fuel to the flame," and characterizes those who control this paper as a horde of Abolitionists, in favor of continued aggression and much *bosh* of the same sort. The truth is, we have forborne allusion to the "panic" as far as practicable, and for every particle we may have contributed as "fuel to the flame," the *Post* has daily thrown in its "Roman candles" with the diabolic glee of an amateur incendiary.

We are not abolitionists, neither are we in favor of the slightest aggression upon the constitutional rights of the South, all of which the *Post* knows full well. But while this is known of all men, it is equally true that we are opposed to tamely submitting to aggression upon Northern rights or yielding a hair's-breadth to the insane clamor of the *Post* or kindred organs. We are for the Union, as it is, and the Constitution as expounded and understood by its framers and founders. We are opposed to treason and traitors. We recognize the Chicago Platform as the creed of the party of liberty, humanity and progress, and more especially, are we in favor of the third resolution, which is as follows:

Resolved, That to the Union of the States this nation owes its unprecedented increase in population, its surprising development of material resources, its rapid augmentation of wealth, its happiness at home and its honor abroad; and we hold in abhorrence all schemes for Disunion, come from whatever source they may: And we congratulate the country that no Republican member of Congress has uttered or countenanced the threats of Disunion so often made by Democratic members, without rebuke and with applause from their political associates, and that we denounce those threats of disunion, in case of a popular overthrow of their ascendancy, as denying the vital principles of a free government, and as an avowal of contemplated treason, which it is the imperative duty of an indignant People sternly to rebuke and forever silence.

The charge made by the *Post* of hatred for the South is simply contemptible. We cherish no such animosity. But we do confess to unutterable loathing and disgust for those who, under the cloak of a bastard patriotism, hypocritically pretend to be the special saviours and guardians of the country. The Republicans of Allegheny County will take care of themselves without reference to the advice of the *Post* or its allies. A phalanx of intelligent men, true as their obligations as American citizens, and yet jealous of their honor, when they want advice, they will not look for it in the purlieus or kennels of Democracy.

THE Charleston *Mercury*, a short time since, declared that the election of Lincoln is not the cause of the secession movement in South Carolina, but that it would have been prosecuted all the same if either of his opponents had been successful. The election of Breckinridge might have delayed secession for a time, but it would not have prevented its final consummation. In a later issue, the *Mercury*, alluding to the Personal Liberty Laws, exhibits still more frankness, by admitting that—

"*So far as the Cotton States are concerned*, those laws, excepting in the insult they convey to the South, and the faithlessness they indicate in the North, *are not of the slightest consequence*. For or none of our slaves are lost, by being carried away and protected from recapture in the Northern States. *Nor to the frontier States are they of much consequence*. Their slaves are stolen and carried off—not by the agency of these Personal Liberty Laws—but by the combination of individuals in the Northern States."

The simple truth is that South Carolina, under the influence of its ambitious demagogues, is determined to leave the Union, and no amount of conciliation or concession on the part of the North will satisfy it. Its policy is to secede before the expiration of the term of the miserable imbecile who now occupies the Presidential chair. The severest punishment that could be inflicted on the people of that refractory commonwealth would be to let them go out of the Union. One year of "independence" would cause them to repent their precipitancy in sackcloth and ashes. It is to be regretted, however, that we have not a *man* and a *patriot* in the Executive chair, who would not hesitate to teach the secessionists that the Union is not a rope of sand, and that if the Constitution denies the right of secession, it also has the power to prevent it.

The President and his Allies.

It is said that the President has implored the Disunionists of the South to postpone the consummation of their treason until the close of his term. This favor he demands from them in consideration of his faithful observance of their commands during his entire term of office, even to the extent of distracting the nation and destroying his own party. But the fire-eaters having used him to their satisfaction now treat his supplications with contempt. In vain he may tell them that he has sacrificed his honor, his political reputation and his manhood in their service, and that to pity they should grant him this poor request. They laugh at him in his sorrow, and even revile him in his humiliation. When his wishy-washy message was read in Congress, they could not suppress their contempt for the man and the document. And yet the President might well say to them *Et tu Brute?* Has he not in that message espoused their cause by throwing the whole blame of secession upon the North? Did he not expatiate in strong language on the subject of the personal liberty bills, and did he not maintain a dead silence on the outrages committed on the *persons* of visitors to the South? That he did so, and yet they will not stand by him, is a fact that begins, and which remains beyond

DEATH OF A VENERABLE CITIZEN.—Rev. Dr. FRANCIS HERRON, whose name is familiar to every Pittsburgher, died yesterday, at the advanced age of 87. He became pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, in this City, about the beginning of the present century, and remained in that position for fifty years, when advancing age rendered it necessary to relinquish the active duties of his charge. He was one of the few men who linked us to the past generation, and his memory will live long in the remembrance of all with whom his name is familiar. Most of those with whom he commenced his ministerial career have passed away, and with them many even of their children and grand-children; he, almost alone, has been spared to outlive two generations, and in a ripe old age has been gathered to his fathers, enjoying the respect of every one and the affection of all whose privilege it was to know him intimately.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—When Senator Saulsbury declared that as Delaware was the first to ratify the Constitution, so she would be the last to desert it, the burst of applause from the galleries was continuous and overwhelming; nor was it checked by the vice-president. Even Senator Mason, who was never known to permit such a breach of decorum to go unrebuked, preserved strict silence.

This is significant, while it does not directly affect the secession movement.

The sentiment of Virginia is not so much for secession as is represented.

A large conservative meeting of the citizens of Page county, was held yesterday.

Senator Green's proposition for a border police between the free and slave states, to protect the property of one section, is scouted by Southern members, from the fact that it admits that there is strife between the sections, and that it widens the alienation of the North and South.

Wigfall's remarks, that the more he read the less he comprehended the message, were considered uncalled for by the friends of the administration.

The message is still the subject of critical comment, and is objected to by every state's rights member.

A letter of considerable length from G. W. Brent, of Alexandria, Va., appears to-day. He was lately a Douglas elector. It approves of the proposed state convention, admits the rights of secession, maintains that its present exercise would be suicidal, and advocates the policy of maintaining southern rights inside of the Union.

Douglas and Hunter will speak in the course of a few days. The former intends to make a strong Union speech while the latter will do the same with certain conditions.—*N. Y. World*.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Dec 5.—Mr. Hamlin will tender his resignation, to take effect on the 1st of February, with a retiring speech, which will, it is thought, reflect somewhat the policy of the incoming Administration.

Humphrey Marshall, of Kentucky, arrived today. He has consulted with Mr. Breckinridge, and believes that Kentucky, will stand firmly by the Union.

Senator Hale desires it to be understood, and he has stated frequently, that he did not invite nor threaten civil war; he only expressed the opinion that war would result inevitably from secession.

Senator Iverson's attack upon Gov. Houston, of Texas, is severely censured by the Democrats. He called Houston a treacherous old hoary-headed villain, a traitor to his country, and the Julius Cæsar of Texas. He was very violent. No one rebuked him, though he frequently referred to the Republicans as black, treacherous, assassins, &c. The secret of Iverson's remarks is charged, by those who profess to know, to be an efforts to recover lost ground in Georgia, where his anxiety for a reelection became so odious that he was charged by his former supporters with wishing to position the secession sentiment of his State to his own personal aggrandizement. He characterizes secession as revolution, and justifies it.

Gov. Letcher, of Virginia, is arranging for a commission to South Carolina, to urge delay to her action. It is said that Ex-President Tyler, Senator Hunter and W. C Rives will constitute the commission. The Union men of Virginia express great confidence in the success of this move.

The Governor of Kentucky is understood to contemplate the same step, and Messrs. Breckinridge, James Guthrie and Critchfield are will be appointed a Commission. This example will probably be followed by all the border States, including North Carolina, Tennessee and Maryland.

Hon. Amos Kendall, formerly of Jackson's Cabinet, is out in another letter, denouncing secession as treason and criminal. He quotes Madison, Jefferson, Randolph and Hitchcock, old compatriots, to sustain his position, and urges strongly Madison's declaration in favor of the coercion of the States; that the majority must govern; and that it is treason to secede.

Secretary Floyd has written a letter home for publication, in which he defends the right of Secession, but urges joint action by the Southern States. He thinks bloodshed will be avoided, and that the Union will be speedily reconstructed, as neither section can do without the other. One phrase is that "the mouth cannot do without the belly, nor the belly without the mouth." While all the material interests of the North must suffer from a separation, the South will find other reliance upon English commerce deceptive. He passes surprise at such a reliance, in view of the fact that British gold and influence are the chief cause of the present difficulties. He urges that a State Convention be called, and recommends a general convention of all the Southern States. The letter is said to be very able.

Discussion rages high in some of the hotels to-night. Some high words have passed. There is a larger collection of people here than in any previous year.

The report that Secretary Cobb goes out tomorrow is reiterated by his friends to night. Philip R Clayton, who has been his assistant and chief adviser, succeeds him in that case.

The rumor that troops had been ordered to Fort Monroe is not true.

I am authorized to say that no additional force has or will be sent to any Southern fortification. Col. Anderson's request will therefore not be complied with to send additional forces to Fort Moultrie.—*N. Y. Times*.

NEW YORK.—The Republican State Committee has decided upon the following address:

TO THE REPUBLICANS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK:

The Electoral college of the State having, in obedience to the popular will, and in accordance with the requirements of the federal constitution, and of the laws and forms of the state, cast its thirty-five votes for Abraham Lincoln and Hannibal Hamlin for the offices of President and Vice President of the United States, the Republican Central Committee avails itself of the occasion to tender to their political associates here and elsewhere its hearty congratulations upon the result.

The Republican party had its origin in a grand public exigency, which demanded and elicited from all its members as a body, strong confidence in the virtues, intelligence and patriotism of the great body of the people.

It commenced the struggle for the establishment of its principles with more than half of the states of the confederacy and all the federal government arayed against it.

Confiding in the justice of its principles, and the patriotic considerations which called it into existence, it has struggled on through years of calumny and misrepresentation, until it has, by the power of truth and reason, secured the control of the national government for the next four years; and, with this control, its practical recognition and enforcement of the principles upon which it is based, and which found clear, emphatic and acceptable expression in the resolutions of the Chicago Convention.

Believing that these resolutions were heartily approved and adopted by all who aided in the election of Abraham Lincoln and Hannibal Hamlin; that these gentlemen, pre-eminent as their personal merits are conceded to be, could not have been successful in the fair canvass upon any other declaration of principles; and that these principles insure fidelity to all the guarantees of the constitution, respect for the reserved rights of the states among which is the right of each state to control its domestic affairs in its own way, your committee has no hesitation in expressing the opinion that the administration of Mr. Lincoln will be entitled to the confidence of the people of the whole country.

And confiding in the wisdom and patriotism of the Republican party and its chosen representatives, and in its unshaken devotion to the Union, we solemnly believe that a firm and unswerving adherence to its doctrines is essential to a full restoration of national peace and prosperity.

S. DRAPER, Chairman.
JAMES TERWILLIGER, Secretary.

Albany, Dec. 5, 1860.

A CONSTITUTIONAL MONARCHY.—A correspondent of the Columbus (Ga.) *Times* advocates that the proposed Southern Confederacy shall be organized as a "Constitutional Monarchy."—Republicanism he thinks has been tried and found wanting, and the only safety of the South is in a "strong Government." A correspondent of the Enquirer, published at the same place, thinks that if the South wants a king, it should "get a descendant of George the Third, as it would be difficult to make one of American stuff, for the reason so many aspirants would consider their claims set aside if not elected to the office, and might rebel" Mr. Barlow, a secession leader in Georgia, advocates a "strong, consolidated government" and the abolition of all State Governments in the Southern Confederacy. Where are we drifting? Secession is bad enough, what will follow it?

THE SIEGE OF CHARLESTON.—Should the President waver in his determination to defend the forts in Charleston harbor, the Secession Committee of Safety Department to provide sufficient forces for that object has a questionable appearance, and excites much comment. There are only ninety men in Garrison at Fort Moultrie, under Major Anderson, a gallant officer from Kentucky. This force is wholly insufficient to resist an organized assault from the land side. It is well protected by guns, with common vigilance. There are five or six hundred soldiers at Old Point who could be transferred there in the idle steamer recently returned from Charleston to transport them.

The Government is well informed, for no concealment has been practised, that it is designed to take Fort Moultrie by *a coup de main* as soon as the ordinance of secession is passed. Leading men, like Mr. Memminger, have openly advocated it. With the present garrison, bloodshed would be inevitable. If strengthened promptly, and a vessel of war stationed to support the fort, no attempt need be expected, because it would be impregnable against any probable demonstration. Its enforcement, therefore, is precaution against bloodshed; and necessary for the defence of the property rights of the United States. If this fort be taken, the whole power of the Government will be demoralized, and the suspicion must prevail of some lurking complicity with the revolutionists. No time is to be lost, if the President intends performing his duty. This subject is now before the Cabinet.

There are two other Government fortifications in Charleston harbor, one of which is unfinished, and the other not occupied.—*Tribune's Washington Dispatch*.

WILL NOT REPUBLISH.—According to several letters printed in the New York *Journal of Commerce* the South are going to pay their debts to the North, whether they stay in the Union or not. Particular stress is made in the letters to impress this intention on the northern public. We hope it may be true; but at the same time our opinion is that the present state of affairs will be made a pretence, in very many cases, of decided repudiation. A piano forte firm in this city expects to lose $10,000 at least by this system of non-payment. When applied to by those who have made the purchase they do not hesitate to reply with equal insolence and dishonesty. All sorts of subterfuges will no doubt be resorted to to dodge payment of honest debts. In these remarks we except not a few honorable men in every community, who would in no case, so long as able, but pay to the last cent. Our merchants at all events feel that the western and north-western debts are very much better than those at the South, and would be glad, if the thing could be done, to exchange the one for the other. We hope the letters referred to may indicate a general intention of paying debts on the part of the South. Time will show.

ADD AND COMPANY.—To meet the ravenous appetites of the Secessionists who will meet at Jackson, Mississippi, at the called session of the Legislature, the purveyors for the hotels and boarding houses of that charming rural town are active buyers of whatever is edible in the Chicago markets. One of them, who was here only a few days ago, laid in a car load of lard, bacon, meal, buckwheat flour, butter, potatoes, and the like, and went home rejoicing that "there is a North.—*Chicago Trib.*

HOW TO RAISE MONEY.—The Charleston *Mercury* proposes that the State of South Carolina issue bills *receivable* in payment for all dues to the State, in order to raise money to arm the State. The annual State tax is $600,000, and $400,000 more is required for the special object named. This seems to be restoring to the old paper money scheme which was early in the war of Independence.—*N. Y. Times*.

AN Iowa paper, which has kept a record, states that next to railroad and steamboat accidents, more people have been killed and maimed this year by harvesting machines than any other cause.

OFFICIAL VOTE OF MINNESOTA.—The official vote of Minnesota has been counted, and gives Lincoln 22 283; Douglas, 11 893; Breckinridge, 748; Bell, 41; scattering, 18; total vote, 35 018 The total vote for Governor last year was 37 917.

Coughs and Colds! Coughs and Colds!

SEASONABLE ADVICE.

Had no one begun a cold or a slight cough. Thousands, dying so, have had one cold added to another, until the mucous membranes, lining the air passages, has become alarmingly irritated, and sores frequently thickened, and such a chronic cough, chronic pneumonia, and consumption, succesively going along. The best time to cure all this is when it begins. If you are so fortunate as to possess a case of HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES, and if you do not, you ought to at once take a Cough Pill, and then two or three glasses of Cough Syrup, and be relieved anywhere, will bring you all right in a few hours.

If your cough has got further along, the sores are old more patience is necessary for a cure, though it too is the best direction. Our advice is, to keep the feet warm, the head cool, and take Humphrey's Homœopathic Cough Pills, price 25 cents per b x, with directions.

Humphrey's Homœopathic Cough Syrup, price 25 cents per b x, with directions. Dose, a tea-spoonful. $1.

N. B.—A full set of HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES, with Book of Directions, and twenty different Remedies, in large vials, morocco case, gilt ditto, in plain case, $5; case of fifteen boxes, and Book, $3. Single boxes, 25 cents and 50 cents.

These Remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or expressed free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address

DR. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
No. 562 Broadway, New York.

For sale by J. M. FULTON, Fifth street, second door from the Post Office, Agent for Pittsburgh. 1 [seld&w1y]

☞ MRS. WINSLOW, an experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation, will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases—has stood the test for twenty years. 6-19-lyd&w

Public Notices.

☞ MR. JOHN D. WILLIAMS, for many years Professor of Penmanship in Duff's College, and frequently pronounced, by the Principal of that institution, "the best Penman in the United States," under date of October 23, 1860, says: "After having made myself familiar with the abilities of all the best penmen of the present age, I have no hesitation in saying that, to my humble opinion, Mr. ALEX. CRAIG, of the late firm of Craig, Colton, of Pittsburgh, Pa., has no superior, nor even equal, in the United States, as an expert and elegant penman."

☞ NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to a Resolution of Councils, that the following named Aldermen have made returns for the offices to them severally elected by law, of the Fifths and Fortieth ores, under City Ordinance, time and by them, viz.:

Thomas Easton	3d ward
A. S. Nicholson	3d do
G. W. Lewis	4th do
Thomas Dale	5th do

The other Aldermen of the city have not made the return required by law.

RUSSELL KERRY, Controller.

☞ NOTICE.—$10,000 to loan on "First class Bonds and Mortgages," in sums of $1500, $2000, $3000 and $5000, having one, two and three years to run, on city or county improved real estate. Call at the Gazette House, or drop your letter to the Post Office addressed to the subscriber. All business perfectly confidential

dec31 DENIS BLACK.

☞ OFFICE OF THE UNITED INSURANCE CO.
Bigeley's Buildings, corner of Wood and Market sts.
PITTSBURGH, Dec. 6th, 1860.

☞ AN ELECTION for Fifteen Directors of this Company, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the office, on MONDAY, the 17th instant, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m.

dec7:2w&17 SAMUEL REA, Secretary.

☞ LUNCH SERVED UP EVERY MORNING, from 10 till 12, by G. W. SCHACKELFORD, Jr., at his Restaurant, corner *Wylie and Fifth Sts.*

oct13:1y&w

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R. Co.,
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 20, 1860.

☞ THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Company, for the election of Twelve Directors, and the transaction of other business, will be held at the Office of the Company, in CLEVELAND, on WEDNESDAY, the 2d day of January next, at 10 o'clock a. m.

The Transfer Books will be closed on the 20th December, and open on the 9th January.

nov29:2m R. ROCKWELL, Secretary.

☞ ALLEGHENY MAYORALTY.
SIMON DRUM, of the Third ward, Allegheny, will be a candidate for Mayor of the city of Allegheny, subject to the decision of the Republican nomination.

OFFICE MONONGAHELA INSURANCE CO.,
No. 93 Water street, Pittsburgh, Nov. 20th 1860.

☞ DIVIDEND.—The President and Directors of this Company have this day Declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS on each share of the Capital Stock, out of the Earned Profits of the last Six Months, to be applied to the retraction of the Stock Debt.

nov21:2w HENRY M ATWOOD Secretary.

OFFICE MONONGAHELA INSURANCE CO.,
No. 93 Water street, Pittsburgh, Nov. 20th, 1860.

☞ AN ELECTION for Fifteen Directors of this Company, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at this office, on TUESDAY, the 4th day of December next, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m.

HENRY M. ATWOOD, Secretary.

☞ TO OIL MEN.—We are prepared to furnish PUMPS for Oil Wells, with either copper or iron tubs. RODS and superior VALVES ready for work. GALLAGHER, OLAND & CO.,
dec3 124 Wood st., 1st & 2d floors.

New Advertisements.

FLOUR.—Extra Family and Extra Superfine.
FISH.—Eastern and Lake Fish.
HAMS.—New York State Small White.
CHEESE.—Goshen, Hamburg and Western Reserve.
MOLASSES.—Sugar-House and New Orleans.
OIL.—Louisville, White Lime.
All the above in store for sale by
J. R. CHANFIELD & CO., First st.

FAIRBANKS' SCALES.—The undersigned having been appointed Sole Agents for Western Pennsylvania for FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES, deem it unnecessary to enter into any extended notice of their merits, as they have stood the test of thirty years. The catalogue embraces some thirty styles, any of which supplying from a gold dollar to a steamboat can be weighed. For sale at manufacturers' prices by

CARTWRIGHT & YOUNG,
No. 97 Wood Street,
dec 6 Corner of Diamond alley.

MANILLA Bag and Straw WRAPPING PAPER, Brown, Blue and White, Sonnet Foolscap, Demy and Medium, for sale at the Paper Warehouse of
CHARLTON & CO.,
dec No. 141 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

New Advertisements.

HENRY BREEN,
ORGAN MANUFACTURER,
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND
CHURCH AND PARLOR ORGANS,
OF EVERY SIZE AND DESCRIPTION, a
No. 1—3 stops, 7 feet 6 inches high, 4 feet 9 inches wide, 2 feet 6 inches deep.
No. 2—5 stops, 9 feet 6 inches high, 5 feet 6 inches wide, 3 feet 6 inches deep.
No. 3—8 stops, 11 feet 6 inches high, 7 feet 3 inches wide, 4 feet 3 inches deep.
No. 4—12 stops, 13 feet high, 8 feet 6 inches wide, 5 feet deep.

The above dimensions are for Grecian cases if Gothic case, they will be somewhat higher.

For further information, apply to
HENRY BREEN, New York, or
JOHN H MELLOR, 81 Wood st.
sp16:6m

Dr. Geo. H. Keyser,
Wholesale Druggist,
AND
MEDICINE DEALER,
No. 140 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

TRUSSES FOR THE CURE OF HERNIA, OR RUPTURE.

Marsh's Radical Cure Truss.
Ritter's Patent Truss.
Pitch's Supporter Truss.
Self Adjusting Truss.
Dr. Banning's Lace or Body Brace, for the Cure of Prolapsus Uteri, Piles, Abdominal and Spinal Weaknesses.
Dr. S. S. Fitch's Silver-Plated Supporter.
Pile Props, for the support and cure of Piles.
Elastic Stockings, for weak and varicose veins.
Elastic Knee Caps, for weak knee joints.
Ankle Supporters, for weak ankle joints.
Suspensory Bandages.
Self-Ejecting Syringes; also, every kind of Syringes.

DR. KEYSER has also a Truss which will radically cure Hernia or Rupture.

Office at his Drug Store, No. 140 Wood st., sign of the Golden Mortar.

DR. KEYSER prescribes in cases of CHRONIC DISEASES and has Instruments for DEAFNESS and almost every disease requiring mechanical support.

GALVANIC BATTERY or ELECTRO MAGNETIC MACHINES, for medical purposes, of a very superior kind, will be sent free of express charge, where over an express route, upon remittance of Ten Dollars. Address

DR. GEO. H KEYSER,
No. 140 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
d-8

CHRISTMAS PIANOS.
MADE BY
STEINWAY & SONS:
ONE SUPERB
GRAND PIANO,
ONE SUPERIOR
Square Grand, with Agraffe Treble,
(The latest and most valuable improvement.)
TWO FINE
7½ Octave Louis 14th Style Pianos,
THREE FINE-TONED
7 OCTAVE SQUARE PIANOS
Round Corners and Octagon Legs.

THE ABOVE ARE JUST ARRIVING from the Factory, at New York, and possess all the superior excellence and late improvements for which the Steinway Pianos are distinguished above all others, viz: THE OVERSTRUNG, FULL IRON FRAME, FELT-COVERED HAMMERS, WITH ADDITIONAL PROTECTION TO LEATHER, &c.

☞ These Pianos need but to be heard to be pronounced unsurpassed tone by even the most unmusical listener. They will be sold at New York prices, and on reasonable terms.

H. KLEBER & BRO., No. 41 Fifth street,
dec14 Sole Agents here for Steinway's Pianos.

BLOOD FOOD

The attention of Invalids, Physicians, Clergymen, Scientific Men, and the Public generally, is respectfully solicited to the merits of the Chemical preparations, containing Iron, Sulphur and Phosphorus, and which is identical in its composition with the *Elements Globule*, or red blood of HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES.

DEBILITY,

pale countenance and nervous derangement, sculptures of a disease, allow a dull decay of the red globules. Muddy complexion and a root list of the skin are unmistakable indications of health, while a pale, sickly skin and countenance is evidence of deficiency in the quantity of red globules—accompanied by a general organic weakness. BLOOD FOOD is prepared for the purpose of supplying the red globules, and restoring the vital energies by the due assimilation of the Iron, Phosphorus and Sulphur, which will meet the deficiency. This judicious combination of all these elements is necessary to restore the blood to its healthy standard. This food, we feel assured, has been reached by the scientific and important of the age. Its use is

CONSUMPTION

are to reflect the complexion, tones the nerves, strengthen the system, allay the prostrating night sweats; increase the quantity of the red globules, purify the blood by restoring the healthy red globules, increase the appetite, restore the color, and clothe the skeleton frame with flesh. The Blood Food will be found a specific in all Chronic Diseases of the Throat or Lungs, such as ASTHMA, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, &c. For Nervous Debility and Sleepless Nights it is of great utility; in clearing and strengthening the voice it is unequalled. In *Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Epilepsy, Fits, St. Vitus' Dance, Jaundice, Female Irregularities, Fever and Ague, &c.*, its efficacy is marked and instantaneous. Those who use it, however, are the best evidences of its remedy so complete as to those here alluded to.

FEMALE COMPLAINTS

to which the frame are liable, and which tend to wreck Consumption, are *Suppressed* on *Difficult Menstruation*, *Whites, &c.*, especially when these conditions are accompanied with pulmonary symptoms. A few bottles of this will dispel all fears of *infirmity, debility, palpitation*, want of spirits, and one of the most nervous will have renewed confidence in themselves using the Blood Food, and by this may be conscious of a form of vitality or energy, and by this whose mental or bodily powers are prostrated through over study, stress of the mind or body, and we have in our daily care many that in all cases of *Weakness and Nervousness*, and in all diseases of the *Kidneys or Bladder*, this preparation has a claim upon the attention of sufferers for which it is confidently solicited. A faithful trial will be found the most convincing proof in regard to its efficacy that can be adduced. With the above remarks, and with the numerous testimonials we have in our favor, we offer the

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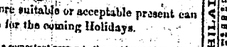

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