Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

THURSDAY MORNING, NOV. 29, 1860.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, 55 Fifth St.—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	00	32
12 " M.	00	44
6 " P. M.		40
Barometer		29 3-10

THE ANTI-TAX CONVENTION.

THE MEETING—PARTICULARS, &c., &c.

The Convention called by the County Commissioners for ascertaining the wishes of the citizens of this county relative to complying with the mandates of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, commanding the assessment of a tax to meet the interest due on the subscription made by the County to the Connellsville Railroad, met in the Supreme Court Room, in the Court House, yesterday morning.

The meeting was called to order about 10½ o'clock by Mr. Walker, of Elizabeth. Edward Cambell, Jr., was called to the chair, and Dr. Candless, of the Sixth ward, Col. J. A. Esken, of Elizabeth, and Capt. Gilfilan, of Upper St. Clair, were elected Vice Presidents, with Hugh S Fleming of McClure, John Irwin, of the 3d ward, and George W. Leonard of the 7th ward, Secretaries.

There were one hundred and ninety-six delegates in attendance, a number of whom had not been elected in the districts they professed to represent, but were admitted to the Convention to represent the vacant districts, as it was alleged that they entertained the same opinion on the question as their neighbors would, had there been an election of delegates in the vacant precincts.

The Convention was composed of the following delegates:

PITTSBURGH.

First ward—Capt. A. Miller, Jas. McKee, John M. Bailey, J. D. Messer.

Second ward—Thos. Bakewell, J. B. Sweitzer, John C. Davitt, M. Irwin.

Third ward—1st precinct: Sam'l. M. Kerr, David Simms, George W. Leonard, Robert Duncan; 2d precinct: Edw. Campbell, Jr., James Gildea, J. Harvey Robinson, John Creighton.

Fifth ward—1st precinct: S. McKelvy, Dr. J. Abl, —— Whitesides, —— Allen; 2d precinct: Richard Thompson, J. Irwin, J. C. Negley, Wm Scott.

Sixth ward—Chas. Rowan, Dr. A. G. McCandless, J. C. Cummins, Capt. Wm. Ward.

Seventh ward—Henry Little, George Chester, Biddle Arthurs, Jacob Tower.

Eighth ward—George Deary, David Hutchison, Joseph Little, G. W. Smith, David Hutchinson.

Ninth ward—James Tibby, Jos. Wicks, John Palsoly, Thomas Rosswell.

ALLEGHENY.

First ward—S. Riddle, J. H. Foster, E. D. Johnston, David Maiser.

Second ward—S. H. Geyer, H. Boyle, J. R. Large, James Morgan.

Third ward—James Park, Jr, David L. Smith, Nicholas Voeghtly, O. P Whiston.

Fourth ward—1st precinct: A. N Burchfield, A. Davidson, D A. Presly, A. Robison; 2d precinct: John Slagle, Lr. Scroggs, Wm. Brown, Dr. J D. Baldwin.

BOROUGHS

Elizabeth—J S Penny, J H Maffett, Col. J A Ekin, R C Walker

Manchester—Abraham Patterson, Henry Faulkner, Wm B Ross, Isaac Stewart.

Sewickley—George F Rudisill, D N White, T H Nevin, John Way.

Lawrenceville—Col. Henry McCullough, Henry Snowden, Dr. Jas Robinson S. H. Keller.

McKeesport—J L Cook, J E Hoey, H B Sinclair, Thomas Penney.

Temperanceville—James Fmitley, N Ballantine, David Robison, A M'Millen.

Sharpsburg—J G Comstock, T H Gibson, Jacob Kyle, Jno Hartman.

TOWNSHIPS.

Pitt—Wm A Herron, James M'Glonber, Robert Arthurs, Yost Ruch.

Collins—Peter Weaver, Geo G Negley, Thomas Donnelly, Wm H Dennison.

Pine—John Tomer, Jas Sharp, Geo Sharp, W F Stewart.

Penn—H S Stailes, Henry Johnston, David Collins.

Elizabeth—H Gamble, Joseph Sutton, A M'Kinley, Joe Smith.

Robinson—John Riddle, Wm Tidball, Wm Andrews, Wm Glass.

Moon—W H Guy, Wm Curry, P H Stevenson, Samuel Stevenson.

Franklin—Wm Hartman, Levi Richey.

Baldwin—Wm Cowan, J Bickman, S Moore, J Wallace.

Ross—G Lighton, J Sangree, D R Quall, R Morrow.

McCandless—H Osborn, Wm Hutchinson, John Campbell, Jr, Wm Dunlap.

Upper St. Clair—John Gilfillan, Samuel Martin, Harvey Kebb, Wm Gilmore.

Neville—A Hamilton, Joe Watters, Robt Phillips, J H Hamilton.

East Deer—Jesse Brown, Wm Bailey, Joe Mellon, James Lemmon.

Wilkins—D Hamilton, John Johnson, Isaac Mills, L S Davison.

Versailles—Wm L Miller, Frank Wall, J T Larimer, D R Bowman.

Jefferson—John Payne, Thomas Large, Jonathan Large, Hugh Kennedy.

Chartiers—S Duff, Sr, James Bell, Wm H Sutton, James Carter.

Findley—George Barn, Robt M'Lean, James Stewart, A M'Stewart.

Ohio—Wm Morrow, G Duff, H S Thompson, A H Gilleland.

Snowden—Wm Stewart, Joe Woods, James Means, Peter Boyer.

Pine—R Larting, T Graham, J G Marshall, W W Rodgers.

West Deer—J H Walter, Charles Bryson, S. G. McCallister, John McGill.

Indiana—F Allsip, John Kerr, David Boyd, Wm Henderson.

Lower St Clair—Joseph Dilworth, T J Bigham, John Shook, Peter Haberman.

North Fayette—D Gilmore, S Collins, Jacob Jordan, Jackson Jones.

Sewickley—Thos L Shields, R P Nevin, Robert Stevenson, J Irwin, jr.

M'Clure—R. H Kerr, H S Fleming, Chas. Hartman, G Coleman.

Mifflin—James Snodgrass, H B Cochran, J C Fisher, J H Neal.

Shaler—A G Lloyd, H Debaven, J C Bryan', John Shaw, Jr.

Patton—J M'Ginnies, J G M'Dowell, Marshal Brinton, J M'Ginley.

About two hours were consumed in receiving the credentials of the delegates, calling the roll and filling vacancies, at the end of which time the business of the Convention commenced. The ball was opened by Mr. Kerr reading the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed by the chair to prepare business for the Convention, that the said committee be empowered to wait on the County Commissioners and inform them that the Convention is now organized and ready to receive any communication they may be pleased to make; and, as a mark of respect, the said Commissioners be requested to take their seats in the Convention, with the consent of the Sheriff, in whose custody they now are.

The resolution was subsequently amended so as to include Major McElhinny.

The President then appointed the following gentlemen on the committee: R. H. Kerr, W. Ward, J. M. Irwin, J. Means and R. L. Arthurs.

After the committee had retired, Mr. Large moved that a committee of ten be appointed to prepare a memorial to the Legislature for the redress of their grievances by the removal of the Judges of the Supreme Court.

Mr. Nevin moved that the matter be referred to the Committee on Business, which had just been appointed.

Mr. Large at first opposed the motion, and insisted on a special committee being appointed, but afterwards withdrew his motion.

The following resolution which explains itself was offered by Mr. Fleming, and, after some discussion, was, on his motion, referred to the Committee on Business, already appointed:

WHEREAS, This convention having understood that offers of compromise have been made by the bondholders; therefore be it

Resolved, That a committee of ten be appointed by the chair, to take this matter into consideration, and to report to an adjourned meeting of this convention, on what terms a compromise can be effected.

A motion made by Mr. S. McKelvy, of the Fifth ward, that the resolution be laid on the table, was withdrawn by that gentleman, and at the instance of Dr. McCandless was referred to the Committee on Business.

Here the committee came into the room with the Commissioners, who were introduced to the people by Mr. Kerr. They took their seats on the bench, amidst considerable applause. In answer to an enquiry as to whether they had any communication to make to the Convention which they had called, the following paper was handed to the President (Mr. Campbell) who read it to the Convention:

JAIL OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, Nov. 28th, 1860.—*Mr. President and Fellow Citizens*:—The undersigned, Commissioners of Allegheny county, having issued a call requesting the tax payers to appoint delegates to meet in Convention, and having been duly informed that you have met in accordance with the call, and that you are prepared to receive from your commissioners their reason for calling the present Convention, we would briefly state to you that some time in June, 1859, a Convention, composed of a very large number of tax-payers, met and passed resolutions instructing the Commissioners not to levy any tax to pay interest on railroad bonds, which resolutions were strictly complied with, and your Commissioners were sentenced on the 4th of March last for contempt of Court in refusing to obey its mandates, and for obeying the instructions of said Convention. After having received their sentence in Philadelphia, and on arriving in Pittsburgh they were immediately imprisoned, and have remained in prison ever since. In March last another Convention was held, which denounced the Court in the strongest terms, and applauded the Commissioners for resisting the Court's orders, and encouraged them to continue to resist, consequently no levy has as yet been made. Now, the time will shortly arrive when the yearly estimates will have to be made and a tax levied for the ensuing year, and it is for the people to say whether their Commissioners, in their estimate for next year shall levy a sufficient amount to pay the interest which is said to be due on railroad bonds, or to instruct them in what they deem best to be done.

It will require eight mills on the dollar on the assessed valuation of the county, to meet the expenses of the coming year, and pay outstanding debts that must be paid; and seven mills will be required to meet the interests on railroad bonds that have already been ordered by the Courts to be paid, and how much more may be ordered to be paid before the levy is made for ordinary county purposes, the shrewdest finance will find it difficult to tell. Most respectfully submitted.

Z. PATTERSON,
J. BEAUTY,
GEO. HAMILTON,
} *Commissioners.*

The Convention, after returning a vote of thanks to the Commissioners, adjourned until 1 o'clock.

Afternoon Session.—The Convention met in City Hall and was called to order by the President at 1 o'clock. The attendance was considerably larger than in the forenoon, though owing to imperfect arrangements about heating the hall, it was intensely cold.

The chairman of the committee on business made the following report:

Resolved, That inasmuch as a proposition has come from the bondholders in regard to a compromise, we therefore recommend that three persons (not bondholders,) be appointed by the Commissioners, whose duty it shall be to ascertain on what basis the bondholders will agree to a compromise, and that the said persons report all the facts to an adjourned Convention to be then advised on the subject and matter at issue; but in no instance shall the said persons have the power to pledge the people for any sum or sums of money for the redemption of said railroad bonds.

Resolved, That said Committee, to be appointed by the Commissioners, shall, as soon as convenient, report, in writing, all matters pertaining to the question at issue, and then the said County Commissioners to give notice to the President of the Convention to re-assemble the delegates now in session.

Resolved, That the able and lucid opinion delivered by Chief Justice Lewis on the unconstitutionality of the subscriptions by the city and county, to Railroads, was the honest convictions of a sound heart, strong legal mind and great firmness in character. The people of the State have to regret that one so pure and able should withdraw from the public service, for when on the bench he was an ornament to the profession, and now in his retirement, we who appreciate his integrity, express our gratitude for his fidelity in sustaining the purity of the Constitution and the legal rights of the tax payers, in direct opposition to men who desire to speculate on our inhabitants, by plundering them of their labor, by this absurd decision of partial Judges.

Resolved, That it was the deliberate conviction of a large majority of our people, that the opinion delivered by Judge Lowrie, in which he coincided with the learned and able Judge Lewis, was then considered by all as his honest convictions of right; but of late days we are led to a different conclusion, as he has changed front and turned on the people that he was in duty bound as an honest man to have sustained, and here in his own home we announce to him that he has held his last office from the tax payers of this county, and if he was an honorable man he would resign the trust which he has polluted, for he has lost the confidence of those who placed him in power. We ask for the removal of the whole Bench, as they have disgraced their high position, and we here present the memorial authorized by the former County Convention, and which has been prepared with great care and learning—reviewing the whole matter that now agitates the people of our county, and presenting our grievances to the Legislature asking redress.

Resolved, That we pledge the County Commissioners our aid and support in their manly courage by suffering imprisonment, rather than permit the tax-payers to be plundered by cormorants, and the faith and credit of the county is safe in their keeping, so long as they firmly stand by the interest of the tax-ables.

Resolved, That the alarming and ruinous expense attending commitments to the jail of vagrants, drunkards and disorderly persons, by the Mayors and Aldermen, numbering 16,650, at an expense of $2 32 each, amounting to $38,697 in less than two years, calls for legislative interference; we therefore request our Senators and Members to have an act passed taking the power from the Aldermen to commit, and vesting such only in the Mayors, who shall be paid a salary, no fees; but in no case whatever will the county be made liable for said commitments either by said Mayors, nor shall the police constables be paid any sum over their regular pay.

Resolved, That we further desire that all such persons who are liable to be committed for the offences enumerated in the above resolve shall be sent to the city or county farms, as the case may be, which will be owing to their place of residence, be the same in the city or country.

On motion of Mr. McKelvy, the report was accepted:

Mr. Bigham moved that the report be adopted as read.

Mr. Nevin, of Sewickley, moved as an amendment that the resolutions be taken up and voted upon separately, but the amendment was lost by a large majority.

The resolutions were again read by Mr. Kerr, in obedience to the call made to that effect by Col. Henry M'Cullough.

On motion, the resolutions were then taken up in order. The first and second were passed without a dissenting voice. The third resolution met with some slight opposition, but passed. The fourth was then taken up. Mr. Nevin, of Sewickley, moved to lay it on the table. The yeas and nays being called, the motion was lost.

Col. J. Heron Foster, of Allegheny, wanted the memorial referred to in the resolution read.

Mr. Kerr then arose and commenced to explain that the adoption of the resolution did not include the memorial, as they were two separate documents.

Benton grew very warm, and said that these questions were being asked, so as to fritter away the time, and exclude the county delegates, who would be compelled to go home early from the real business of the convention. The delegates referred to by Mr. Kerr, manifested their approval by shouting, "that's so, that's so."

Mr. Park, replying rather warmly; the convention "choked him off" by yelling, "order, order."

The yeas and nays being called on the fourth resolution, it was adopted by a vote of 123 to 21, four members refusing to vote.

Mr. Kerr then presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That our members of the Legislature be instructed to vote against the repeal of the tonnage tax, as the revenues of the State would suffer materially by the passage of an act relieving the railroad from such tax.

The resolution was, on motion, laid on the table. The following resolution, submitted by Col. Foster as a substitute, was adopted:

Resolved, That as many of the burdens under which we labor are owing to the influence of "borers" at Harrisburg, employed and paid by soulless corporations, our Representatives at Harrisburg are earnestly requested to beware of all such influences, and to oppose any repeal of the Tonnage Tax, or any further relief, at public expense to the Sunbury & Erie Railroad Company.

Mr. Gilfilan offered the following resolution, passed at the primary meeting in Upper St. Clair tp., which was laid on the table:

Resolved, That we so instruct our delegates from this township (in convention) to vote for the best means and measures to effect a compromise in the final settlement of this whole anti-tax question.

Mr. John Irwin, Jr., offered the following preamble and resolution, which was laid on the table, after a strong speech from John A. Large, who though admitting that the money had been drawn out of the treasury, thought it a deliberate insult to the men whom they had asked to take a seat in the Convention, in the morning:

WHEREAS, It has been asserted in the public papers, that the County Commissioners had drawn three thousand ($3,000) dollars out of the treasury, which has not been accounted for.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to wait upon the Commissioners to investigate the case and report to a subsequent meeting.

The reading of a communication from Mr. Hugh J. Lemon, late Commissioner's clerk, which had been handed in by the committee on business, was then called for. The following is the contents, the writer of which alleges that he can verify all it contains by Mr. Sam'l B. Cooper, late one of the County Commissioner.

STATEMENT.

On Monday, Nov. 31, 1856, some of the Directors of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, viz: Messrs. L. Wilmarth, G. W. Jackson, J. K. Moorhead, Wm. F. Johnston and F. R. Brunot, applied to the County Commissioners and stated that the interest on the bonds given by the County Commissioners to said road were about to fall due, and that they were not prepared to meet the payment, and solicited the Commissioners to lend the credit of the county to them by issuing warrants at six months, so as to enable them to get through; the said Directors stating that they had arrangements made whereby the money would be paid by them at the expiration of the six months aforesaid, without fail; and that the county would never be called upon for the payment of said warrants so granted as additional security. If they should fail to meet their engagements they proposed to the Commissioners, and did give, a judgment bond, which cannot now be found, against said road, the purport of which was that if they did not meet the payment of the interest at the expiration of one year, as above guaranteed, then, and in that case the Commissioners were to take possession of the road and control it, and appropriate the earnings (after deducting the expenses) to the payment of the year's interest aforesaid.

The Commissioners, in agreeing to the above contract or arrangement, issued their warrants in favor of Bank of Pittsburgh, $5,000; Exchange Bank, $5,000; Lyon, Shorb & Co., $5,000; Pittsburgh Trust Co., $1,500; Merchants' & Manufacturers' Bank, $3,500; Mechanics' Bank, $3,190—making, with the discounts added, $23,190.

May 2d, 1856.—The second six months interest on the bonds aforesaid being about to mature, the Directors aforesaid applied to the Commissioners, and stated their inability to meet the interest, and desired them again to lend the credit of the county under the former contract, which the Commissioners after consideration agreed to, and issued warrants accordingly.

At a subsequent interview between the Commissioner and said Directors, or a part of them, Mr. Johnson remarked that the Railroad Company were getting an act passed by the Legislature, permitting them to sell preferred stock, to finish the road to Mahoning, (which act was passed—see pamphlet laws of 1857, page 293.) The sale of this stock would so enhance the earnings of the road; that capitalists would get confidence in its stability, and be prepared to buy the county bonds not yet sold, amounting to one hundred and twenty, at an increased rate, which would enable them easily to lift the warrants granted by the Commissioners before the expiration of the year.

At an interview between the said parties, either on the 2d or 4th day of May, 1857, Mr. S. B. Cooper, said he did not think the Commissioners should do anything in the matter of payment of interest, inasmuch as they had guaranteed to meet the interest themselves; which statement J. K. Moorhead denied; whereupon Wm. F. Johnston affirmed that the statement of Mr. Cooper was correct, that they did pledge themselves to redeem the warrants if granted without calling upon the Commissioners.

The warrants granted as above, were subsequently paid by Thomas Blackmore, Esq., Treasurer of the county.

See Auditor's Report, 1856-7 and 1857-8.

James Parke, of Allegheny, offered the following resolution, which was laid upon the table, amidst hisses and cries of "put him out":

Resolved, That this Convention advise the Commissioners to conform to the mandates of the Court and levy the tax, in the reasonable hope that some equitable arrangement satisfactory to the holders of the bonds may soon be effected in the way of compromise.

The following resolution, handed in by J. C. Cummins, was adopted:

Resolved, That this convention recommend to the serious consideration of the State Legislature, a revision of our fee bills and salaries, with the view of reducing the same, and by so doing, effect a reduction in our present system of taxation, which has become oppressive and burdensome.

The accompanying resolution was read by Mr. Samuel Riddle, of Allegheny, but was laid on the table, after a flaming speech from "Benton" Kerr. When the Reporters wanted the paper it was no where to be found, until it tumbled out of the hat of Mr. Kerr:

WHEREAS, The expenses has demonstrated the inefficiency of our present system of managing county affairs; and whereas Allegheny county has outgrown the most sanguine expectations of the framers of our early statutes, with her 180,000 population, and $26,000,000 taxable property; therefore,

Resolved, By the people of Allegheny county, in convention assembled, that our members in the Legislature be requested to prepare a bill repealing and abolishing the present board of commissioners, and erecting a County Controllership, said officer to be paid a fair compensation, which will guarantee an officer of intelligence.

Mr. Nevin, of Sewickley, thought there was an evident desire on the part of the majority of the Convention to "gag."

A resolution offered by James M. Irwin "that the County Commissioners be instructed to draw their warrants for $1000 each to pay the fines imposed on them by the Supreme Court, if they have not already drawn the money was lost.

Several other delegates rose to speak but they were compelled to sit down, as the President announced that Mr. Thomas Williams was in the hall, and would, doubtless, if called upon, address the Convention. Mr. Williams being called upon, came on the stage and made a speech of considerable length, after which the Convention adjourned, to meet at the call of the President.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS—Before Judges McClure, Adams and Parke.

Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1860.—Except the conclusion of the Allegheny riot case, in which a verdict of guilty was rendered, there was nothing of importance transacted in this Court today.

The Court adjourned somewhat earlier than the usual time, having finished all the cases on the docket for the present term. On Monday the December term commences.

COURT OF OYER & TERMINER—Before Judges McClure, Mellon, Adams and Parke.

Wednesday, Nov. 28th.—The jury in the Fifth ward rape case are still out, and with but very little probability of their soon coming to an agreement. They came into Court in the forenoon and stated that they could agree as to only one of defendants, (Brown, it is said) Judge Mellon informed them that they could not be discharged until they had found a verdict, as the county had already been put to a heavy expense to try the case, and it was desirable that the affair should be ended, and not have to go over the whole matter again. The jury then retired, but nothing has been heard from them as yet.

OUR BOOK TABLE.

A Treatise on the construction and management of Railways. By John B. Jervis, Civil Engineer: New York. Phinney, Blakeman & Mason, Publishers.

This is a work designed to afford useful knowledge, in a popular style, to the holders of Railway property. It treats of all subjects, from the construction of the road to the management of its finances, and is written in a very agreeable style. All who are interested in Railroads, whether as stockholders or as officers, should procure a copy of the book. For sale by R. S. Davis, Pittsburgh.

BROUGHT UP.—Officer Hamilton, of the Central Police, arrived in the afternoon train yesterday, from Wheeling, having in custody "Wash" Freeze and "Snibbs" Arnold, the two individuals who are charged with assisting Henry Arnold, in robbing Sophia Karl, on 4th street, some days since, of a gold watch and chain and $200 in money.

The authorities of Wheeling gave the prisoners up without a requisition, as they knew it would only be an unnecessary delay waiting until it came from Harrisburg. The two men will have a hearing this morning before the Mayor.

LECTURES BY BISHOP SIMPSON.—We learn from a reliable source that our citizens are to be favored with two lectures by this eminent divine. The subject of the first is "Egypt," and will be delivered in the South Common M. E. Church, on next Saturday evening; that of the second is "The Holy Land," and will be delivered in Concert Hall, Fifth street, on Monday evening next. The Bishop is one of the finest pulpit orators of the day, and we trust that no one will neglect the opportunity offered of hearing him. Let his many friends greet him with an overflowing house.

SEWING MACHINES.—As will be seen by reference to our advertising columns, a reduction has been made in the price of the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. No more suitable or acceptable present could be given for the holidays, than one of the above named popular machines. Each machine is warranted for three years, and a competent person is sent to the residence of each purchaser to give full instructions as to the operations of the machine.

THE GIFT BOOK STORE.—Book buyers should not fail to visit Melvin's Gift Book Store, (branch from 112 South Third street, Philadelphia,) now open at No. 56 Market street. Mr. Melvin has an excellent stock of books, and the liberality of his gift distribution is unprecedented. His gifts are of superior quality, consisting of Fine Gold and Silver Watches, Silk Dress Patterns, Fine Bibles, Albums, Annuals, Fine Jewelry, Silver Ware, &c. Call and buy a book and you will not regret it.

THE PITTSBURGH INFIRMARY.—This excellent institution in our midst has afforded relief and healing to nearly two hundred patients this year. Most of these have been on the charity list, so that the demands on the treasury of the institution have barely overrun the receipts. Will not the friends of humanity and good works remember its wants amid the festivities of to-day.

OIL NEWS.—A company composed of Hugh Smith, Thomas Cochran, Dr. Bates, Rev. Thompson, Thomas Powell, James McConnell and others, have struck a fine vein of oil near Cochranton, in Crawford county, which it is thought will yield from five to eight barrels per day.

LECTURE.—On the "Law of Limitations and Liens" before the classes in Duff's College, on Friday, 30th instant, at 3½ o'clock p. m., by Wm T. Dunn, Esq., attorney at law. A number of highly interesting recent legal decisions will be cited.

THEATRE.—Go and see Miss Emma Webb as Zoe, in the Octoroon, this afternoon, at half past two o'clock.

The Octoroon will be repeated to night, together with a laughable afterpiece.

THE Post Office will only be open till ten o'clock this (Thanksgiving) morning. All of our citizens having business to transact will please attend before the closing.

AS THERE is a report that the Bank of Beaver County has suspended, we take this opportunity to say that the Bank has not suspended specie payments, nor will it suspend during the present crisis.—*Beaver Argus*.

FALSTAFF MUSTERING HIS RECRUITS.—This magnificent engraving, together with the Cosmopolitan Art Journal for a year, a season ticket of admittance to the Gallery of Paintings, and a chance in the drawing for several hundred valuable paintings and works of art, for only three dollars; and for every two dollars additional paid by members of the Cosmopolitan Association entitles them to a beautiful $10 engraving, such as "Shakespeare and his Friends" or the "Village Blacksmith," an additional chance in the drawing and season ticket of admission to the gallery of paintings. Books are now open for subscriptions, at Hunt & Miner's.

SHINGLES.—The shingle market is very dull just now, and prices have a declining tendency. This decline is attributed by a great many to the supply being more than equal to the demand, but the real cause may be found in the fact that the demand is not so great as in former years, shingle roofs not being thought of when "Groggon's celebrated Asphalt Roofing Felt" can be obtained. The agent for this excellent material can be found at his office, Laughlin's building, Canal bank, near the city Water Works.

☞INFANTILE CORDIAL.—We would request particular attention to the advertisement of Messrs. CHURCH & DUPONT, addressed to "Mothers." The INFANTILE CORDIAL of DR. EATON is a medicine of great celebrity, and the standing of the manufacturers will be a sufficient guarantee of the care taken in its preparation, and its unvarying purity. The "BLOOD FOOD" is for a class of diseases unfortunately very prevalent in this vicinity, and its high reputation should ensure a ready sale.—*Willimantic (Conn.) Journal*.

☞See advertisement. For sale by GEO. H. KEYSER, Agent, 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa. no17:d&wlmF

☞DENTISTRY.—Dr. C. Sill, No. 246 Penn street, attends to all branches of the Dental profession.

☞ALL should not fail to read the advertisement of Prof. Wood, in to-day's paper.

ARTESIAN WELL.

PIPE FOR OIL WELLS, FLUSH JOINTS, WROUGHT IRON WELDED TUBES, LAP WELDED BOILER FLUES, manufactured and for sale by MORRIS, TASKER & CO., PASCAL IRON WORKS, PHILADELPHIA, no30:3m (Established 1821.)

NEW CROP N. O. SUGAR AND MOLASSES.—50 hhds N. O. SUGAR, and 100 bbls and 100 half bbls N. O. MOLASSES, New Crop—to arrive this week by steamer Reliance—all of which will be sold at a very great decline, by no15 JOHN I. HOUSE & CO.

CEPHALIC PILLS; Siresia Matches, without smell; Jackson's Balsamic Cordial, for Coughs, &c; Iceland Moss Paste, for Sore Throat; Bininger's London Dock Gin; Schenck's Mandrake Pills; Brown's Laxative Troches; Glycerine Honey Soap; Old Hungarian Wines; Wood's Restorative Cordial; Radway's Regulating Pills. Pine Cup and Bathing Sponges. For sale by [illegible] SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist, corner Smithfield and Fourth sts.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION FOR NOVEMBER.
JOSEPH DILWORTH, V. P.
JOSEPH KIRKPATRICK, | SAM'L M. KIER,
J. B ARKER, | A. R. SEBERG.

Weekly Review of the Pittsburgh Market.

[*Reported specially for the Pittsburgh Gazette*.]

PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, Nov. 29, 1860.

Business during the past week has been as active as could reasonably have been expected, under the prevailing circumstances. There has been a perceptible improvement in money matters, both here and elsewhere, and indications now are that the financial panic, which has created so much excitement during the past eight or ten days, is rapidly subsiding, and that ere another week passes, confidence will be almost entirely restored.

The general market has undergone but few changes, and they are of a trifling character. Flour, owing to the extremely limited demand the liberal receipts and the excitement in the money market, has declined a trifle. Groceries have also declined, while Grain, with the exception of Wheat remains unchanged.

Our rivers have receded considerably, but the stage of water as yet, is ample, and the largest class of boats meet with no detention from that source. Freights, however, are very scarce and boats in order to get full trips are compelled to wait their turns. The weather has been decidedly "mixed", as we have had rain, snow and sleet all in one day. On Saturday and Sunday it was extremely cold, and had it continued 24 hours longer, navigation would have been entirely suspended.

APPLES—are in fair request and prices are a shade better. We note sales at $1,25@$1,50 and $1,75 ℔ bbl—the latter figure for very choice.

ASHES—quiet and dull. Sales Pearls 5¼; Soda Ash 3@3¼; Pots range from 4@4¼.

ALE—Pittsburgh manufactured continues in fair demand, with steady shipments to all parts of the country. The established rates at present are:

	bbls.	half bbls.
Kennett	$8	$4.00
Cream	5	2,50
X	6	3,00
XX	7	3,50
Porter	6	3,00

BAGS—the price current of Messrs. Herbst & Barker, for printed bags is as follows: flour sacks, 12½ lbs, $35@37,50 ℔ 1,000; 25 lbs $50@55; 50 lbs $65@75; 96 lbs $100@110; salt bags—5 lbs $12@16; 10 do $22,50@25; 14 do $25@30; 20 do $33@40; 35 do $32@45. Ham and beef bags—18 lbs $5 ℔ 100; 16 do $4,75; 12 do $4,50, 10 do $4.25. Grain bags—2 bush, muslin, $10 ℔ 100; 2 do, drilling, $15; 2 do, Osnaburg's, $14 @18; 3 do do, $18@24.

BEANS—are more active and prices are a shade higher. We note a sale of Small White at 87½@90c. The stock in market is limited.

BROOMS—continue to meet with a moderate demand, but rates are without material change. Sales of common at $2; and good to fancy at $2 75@3 25.

BUCKETS AND TUBS—The factory prices (cash, par funds) at Fallston and New Brighton are for Buckets $1,60 @$1,75, and Tubs, $4,75@$6,75 ℔ doz. From store, buckets sell in the retail way at $1,75@$2.00.

BACON—There is but little doing as the season for old may be considered about at an end. The transactions have been so few and trifling that we omit quotations.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—is in moderate demand, but rates remain unchanged. We note sales from first hands at $2.00, and $2,20@2.25 from store.

BUTTER & EGGS—Butter is in moderate demand, and a slight advance has been established. Prime Fresh Roll commands 12@13c ℔ lb. Eggs—We could hear of no sales and consequently omit quoting.

CHEESE—continues to meet with good inquiry, while prices are well maintained. Western Reserve commands 10@10½ cents, Hamburg at 11 cents, and English Dairy at 11c per pound.

CIDER—is in rather better demand, with a limited stock in market. We note sales at $4@$4,50 ℔ bbl—as per quality.

CHESTNUTS—Have become quite scarce, and as a consequence prices have advanced.

CORDAGE—

Manilla Rope, coil,	10 c ℔ lb	Manilla Rope, cut,	11 c ℔ lb
Hemp Rope, coil,	12 c ℔ lb	Hemp Rope, cut,	14 c ℔ lb
Tarred Rope, coil,	11 c ℔ lb	Tarred Rope, cut,	12 c ℔ lb
Packing Yarn, fine,	11 c ℔ lb	Packing Yarn, com	12½ ℔ lb

BED CORDS—Manilla, $1,50, $2,25@$3,00 ℔ doz.
Hemp, $1,37, $2,00@$2,75 ℔ doz.
Hemp coil, 11 cts ℔ lb.

PLOUGH LINES—Manilla, 87 cts ℔ doz. Hemp, 70c.

COTTON YARNS—The market is steady at the following quotations which are corrected to date:

POUND YARN.

Nos. 5 to 10 inclusive	20 c ℔ lb	No. 16	25 c ℔ lb
Nos. 11 & 12	21 c ℔ lb	No. 17	26 c ℔ lb
No. 13	22 c ℔ lb	No. 18	27 c ℔ lb
No. 14	23 c ℔ lb	No. 19	28 c ℔ lb
No. 15	24 c ℔ lb	No. 20	29 c ℔ lb

DOZEN YARN.

No. 400	11 c ℔ doz	No. 800	8 c ℔ doz
No. 500	10 c ℔ doz	No. 900	8 c ℔ doz
No. 600	9 c ℔ doz	No. 1000	8 c ℔ doz
No. 700	8 c ℔ doz		
Carpet chain, ass.col.	26c ℔ lb	Twine	21c ℔ lb
Do do white, 28 to 35 cuts,	21c "	Candlewick	16c "
		Family Batting	15c "
Do do 36 to 44c	22c "	Batting, No. 1	13c "
Coverlet Yarn	28c "	Do No. 2	12c "
Candlewick	20c "		

SHEETINGS.

No 1	8¾ c ℔ yd
No 2	6½ c ℔ yd

CANDLES AND SOAP—Candles have declined. The following figures can be relied on as strictly correct—mould and dipped 11; adamantine and star 18@20c; Opal 16@17c. Soap—Rosin 4½@5½ for No. 1 Palm, and 10 for Toilet & Castile, 8½ for Sawyer's Chemical Olive; 7 for Sawyer's German, and Woman's Friend 7c.

CORN MEAL—is in good supply. We quote from first hands at 60@62, and from store at 65@70.

CRACKERS—have declined a little recently, and we now quote as follows by the bbl: water crackers, 6c ℔ lb, butter, 7c, sugar 8c; soda, 7c; pilot bread, $5 ℔ bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches are in fair request, and sales have been made at $2. Apples are dull and are selling at 75c@$1.00 as per quality.

DRIED BEEF—has been in fair inquiry for a few days past. The sales made ranged from 12@13 for plain and canvassed.

FEATHERS—are in good request at the following rates; prime at 45@50c ℔ lb; mixed 30@40c; pigeon 25c; chicken 10c.

FISH—Are quiet but prices are unchanged. The operations have been few and generally confined to meet the wants of the city trade.

FEED—In rather better demand. Sales 6 tons middlings at 90c ℔ cwt; 1 do do at $1; 3 do shorts at 60; and 2 do Bran at 62½.

FLOUR—has been remarkably dull and inactive, the transactions generally being confined to the city trade. Prices have undergone a slight decline. Superfine commands $4 87@$5; Extra $5,25@$5,35; Extra Family $5,50@$5,60 and Fancy $6@$6,12.

GRAIN—Oats are steady but unchanged. Sales at 25@26 from first hands and 27@28 from store. Corn quiet and dull at 38@40. Rye in moderate request at 65@66. Barley—in the absence of any sales we omit quotations. Wheat has declined. Sales of Red at $1,14@$1,15 and White at $1 20@$1,22.

GROCERIES—Sugar declining. Sales of new fair at 8@8¼ and old at 8½@9 for prime and choice. Molasses—also drooping. Sales of the new crop have been made at 38@40c ℔ gal. Coffee dull with a declining tendency. Sales at 15, 15½ and 15¾ as per quality.

GERMAN CLAY—is nominal at $20@30 ℔ ton.

GAS PIPE—the following are the quotations for wrought iron tubing:

	Per Foot.		Per Foot.
⅛ Inch Gas Pipe	7 cts.	1½ Inch Gas Pipe	32 cts
¼ " "	8 "	2 " "	50 "
⅜ " "	9½ "	2½ " "	90 "
½ " "	10½ "	3 " "	1,20 "
¾ " "	13 "	3½ " "	1,60 "
1 " "	17½ "	4 " "	1,90 "
1¼ " "	26 "		

Subject to the customary discount.

HOPS—Sales of Eastern were reported at 17@18.

HAY—Regular sales were made at scales at prices ranging from $8 to $10 ℔ ton.

HOMINY—there has been but little done in this article for some time past. The rates now current are $3,50@$3,75 ℔ bbl.

HIDES—The following are the current rates now: Dry Flint 15½@16c; Green salted 7¾c, Dry Salted 14½@15c.

LEATHER—Rough country leather is dull at 26@27. Dressed Leather is quoted as follows:

Red Spanish Sole ℔ lb	21@25
Slaughter " "	26@29
Upper Leather ℔ doz	$33@38
Bridle " "	40@45
Skirting Leather ℔ lb	32@34
Harness	27@30

IRON & NAILS—six months' rates, or 5 ℔ cent discount for cash:—

FLAT BAR.		HOOP IRON.	
1¼, 1⅜, 1½, 1¾, 2, 2¼, 2½, 2¾, 3, 3¼, 3½, 3¾, 4, and 4½ by ½ to 1 inch	2¾	1½ inch ℔ lb	3
		1¼ "	4
		1 "	5
		¾ "	4½
2¼, 2½, 2¾, 3, 3½, 4 and 4½ by ⅜ inch	3½	SHEET IRON.	
3, 3½, 4, and 4½ by ½ and 3-16 inch	2¾	Nos. 12, 14, a 15 ℔ lb	3½
2¼, 2½ and 2¾ by ½ and 3-16 inch	2¾	" 18, 20, 22 a 24	4
5 and 6 by ¼ to 1 inch	2¾	" 26	4½
1¼, 1⅜ and 2 by ½ and 3-16 inch	3¾	BOILER IRON.	
Dandy Tire, 1¼ and 1⅜ by ¼, 7-16 and ⅝ inch	2¾	Best quality	5
Horse shoe, 1 and 1¼ inch by ⅝, 7-16, ½ and ⅝	2¾	NAILS.	
⅞ by ⅝, ½ and ⅝ inch	2¾	10d to 40d Nails ℔ keg	3,00
⅝ by ⅜ inch	2¾	8d to 9d " Brads & Fence Nails ℔ keg	3,25
⅝ by ¼ and ⅝ inch	3	6d a 7d " "	3,75
Saddle Tree, 1½ and 1⅝ by		5d " "	4,00
by 1¼, 3-16 and ½ inch	2¾	4d " "	4,25
¾, 1 and 1½ by ½, 3-16 and ½ inch	2¾	3d " "	5,25
⅞ by ¼, 3-16 and ½ inch	3	2d " "	6,25
⅝ by ¼, 3-16 and ½ inch	3½	Cut Spikes 3 to 4½ inch	3,50
½ by ¼, 3-16 and ½ inch	3½	" 5 to 6	4,00
ROUND AND SQUARE.		Pressed Spikes ¼ inch all lengths	5,75
¾ inch ℔ lb	2¾	" 5-16 "	5,50
⅝ "	2¾	Boiler Rivets ℔ lb	5½
½ "	3	IRON, &C.	
⅜ "	3½	Iron Plow Wings "	3½
		" " Slabs "	3½
		NAIL RODS.	
		Best quality	6
		Steel Plow slabs	6½
		" Wings	7½

LUMBER—In fair demand but the supply is ample to meet it. The prices at river range—for common 7@10 ℔ M ft, and clear at $20. Timber 7@10c ℔ cubic ft. shingles $2,25@2 50 ℔ 1000.

YARD—Common lumber, seasoned, $14 ℔ M. feet, clear do do at $31 ℔ M. feet; dressed flooring boards $18 ℔ M. feet. Shingles: prime 16 inch $3,25 ℔ 1000; do No. 1 18 inch $3,75 ℔ 1000. Lath: $2 ℔ 1000. Paling: $15 ℔ 1000.

LIME—unchanged. Sales of Louisville at $1,25 ℔ bbl and Maryland at $1 75.

OIL—No 1 Lard meets with a fair demand at 95@97 and No 2 at 80@85. Petroleum 25, Crude Coal Oil at 28@30, Linseed at 65@68, and lubricating at 55@60.

POTATOES—The market is well supplied. Reds command 2[illegible]@25c; Neshannocks 32@35c. The receipts have been very large.

PIG METAL—The market is well supplied, and prices are made regularly at former prices.

RYE FLOUR—More active without any improvement in prices. The prices now current are $3,75@3,87 ℔ bbl.

SALT—is in rather better inquiry and prices are firm but unchanged. Sales of No. 1 at $1,12½ and No 1 Extra at $1,15—delivered.

SEEDS—The demand has improved. We note a sale of 140 bush Prime Clover at $5,50 ℔ bush. Timothy is selling at $2,10@$2.25, and Flax Seed at $1,20@1,25.

STEARINE—steady at 10½.

TALLOW—rough is bought by the chandlers at 7, and country rendered at 8c.

WINDOW GLASS—prices are firm, and we repeat our quotations for the small sizes, city make:—6x8 and 7x9, $2,00; 8x10, $2,25; 9x12 and 10x12, $2,60, 8x12, 9x14 and 10x14, $2,75; 9x15 and 10x16, $3 ℔ box of 50 feet;—15 ℔ cent discount off.

WHITE LEAD—firm and in steady demand at $2,50 ℔ keg for pure in oil, and dry 9c ℔ lb; subject to the usual discount. Red Lead 8½@9, net, and Litharge 8½.

WHISKY—City rectified commands 20@22, and old rye 75c@$1,25 as per quality.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKET, Nov. 26.—The offerings of beef cattle were large again this week, and reached 2,000 head. The market was dull and rather lower, ranging from $7 to $9,50 net, the latter for extra quality, and $4@4 the 100 lbs gross. The following are the particulars of the sales at Phillip's yard:

32 Chester county, Isaac Abrahams at	8½@9
21 do do John Sanderson	8 @4
51 Va., McQuaid & Carr	7 @8½
59 Chester county, Kimble & Kirk	8 @9½
48 Chester county, Kennedy & McCleere	8 @9½
33 " " B Baldwin	8 @9
32 " " B Kurts	7 @8
30 " " James McFillen jr	7 @8
128 Chester county, P Hathaway	7½@8½
50 Virginia, P McFillen	8 @9
150 Chester co, Cochran & McCall	6½@9
102 Va., J Seldomridge	8 @9
90 Ohio, Mooney & Smith	7½@8½
40 do Shomberg & co	7 @8
46 do Ullman & Fra k	7 @8½
44 do H Chain	7 @8½
41 do Aull & Vester	7 @8½
26 Chester co, Gates & Tralsor	7½@8
56 Virginia, Hutton & Seymour	7 @8½
53 Chester county, Chandler & Alexander	7 @8½
36 Delaware, J Martin	7 @8
103 Va., Bradley & Wernts	7 @8
100 Missouri, Jas Gardin	7 @8
60 Virginia, Glenlie	3 @4

2000 head.

About 125 Cows and Calves were offered and sold at prices within the range of $25 to $55 each, according to condition.

Of Hogs the receipts and sales reached about 4,400 head, including 2540 head sold at Imlay's & 1841 at the Avenue yard, all at $7,50@8,25 the 100 lbs, which latter is a decline of 50c on the rates of last week; the market closing dull.

Of Sheep some 4,000 were disposed of at from 4 to 5 cents and lambs [illegible] dressed.

BANKERS reported fair receipts of New York Exchange to-day, and with a moderate demand, the market was heavy at ⅜ prem, with strong indications of a decline. The buying rate was 1⅛ prem. The Valley Bank drew freely at ⅜ prem. Its sales were fairly up to the average of ordinary times. There was scarcely any market for Philadelphia and Baltimore, owing to the absence of reliable information as to the price of New York checks in those markets. Philadelphia may be quoted at par buying; and ¼ to ½ premium selling.

Uncurrent money improved materially, but the discounts are still very heavy. We quote Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa and Missouri at 10 dis buying, but orders were received during the day for the three first named, at 5@6 dis, and some of these it was found difficult to fill in the afternoon. Traders have found a way to turn this paper to account, it being par in Illinois. In St. Louis, also, some of the principal merchants have advertised to take it at par. It will pay taxes, buy hogs, cattle, corn, wheat and other produce at the West, and operators having arranged to use it in this way, it will no longer be found very burdensome here. The Tennessee banks have suspended to-day, and their notes are now 10 dis for old banks, and 15@20 dis for free. Virginia 10@15 dis for Eastern, and 5@10 dis for Wheeling branches. Pittsburgh 5 dis. This is also in the improving scale. It is good to pay debts at Pittsburgh; and there will be a large demand for it for this purpose. We doubt whether orders could be filled at better than 5 dis. Interior Pennsylvania range from 5 to 10 dis. Philadelphia par. Baltimore 5 dis.—Cin. Gaz.

THE first decided indications of a reaction in the money market were observable to-day. We had on Friday and Saturday some weak signs of recovery, but they were so weak as to be barely distinguishable. Now, however, a marked improvement is observable in the general feeling both among bankers and merchants, and there is a prospect that the dead lock will soon be removed. In the way of discounts, there is as yet very little doing, and it is not expected that, in any event, there can be a regular market for paper for some days to come; but with a continuance of the feeling that was manifested to-day, the current of trade will soon get into satisfactory shape.—Cin. Gaz.

MONEY affairs begin to show some improvement here, with the exception of the exchange market. In this it is impossible to give quotations, as the demand is so pressing and the supply so small, that almost any rate will be paid. For Eastern sight, 4 ℔ cent prem, in bankable funds, was not an extreme rate to-day. For gold, the selling rate was par to ½ prem. The demand for gold was hardly so great as last quoted, and 4@5 ℔ cent prem was as high a range as we heard paid. Currency of Illinois and Wisconsin is beginning to go a little better with the brokers, and the more sensible tradesmen and merchants are receiving it at par for their various commodities. A number of them advertise thus to receive it.—[St. Louis Dem.

MONEY on call is easy at 7 ℔ cent, and there is a better market for the sale of paper at the note brokers. The rates however, are very irregular, ranging from 9 to 12 ℔ cent for first class names. Prime indorsed paper is inquired for, by a few capitalists, but affairs are not yet restored to their regular channel. The bank statement for the week being an average which includes four days of violent contraction of loans, does not show the expansion which at present really exists. The loans are $122,518,454, against $123,271,024 last week; being a decrease of $752,000. The specie is $18,759,373, against $19,461,410 a decrease of $705,037; the net deposits are $74,035,799, against $76,189,653, a decrease of $2,043,854. The latest intelligence from London has had an unfavorable effect on the stock exchange operations. The advance of interest to 5 ℔ cent by the Bank of England, and the drain of specie by France are viewed with anxiety by the foreign houses. The effect on the Bank of England's policy, of the panic here, and drain of specie to this country, are looked for with considerable uneasiness by well-informed bank managers. The suspension of the Banks of Tennessee has been received without surprise. The Banks of New Orleans are expected to stand firm, and will continue to pay specie. The domestic exchanges are in an embarrassing state; and will doubtless check remittances to New York.—[N Y World.

THE demand for money on the street continues considerably in excess of the supply, but there is not that pressure which prevailed last week, and short first-class paper is more sought after. The weekly statements of the Banks presents a more favorable aspect of their affairs, than was generally anticipated, and has caused a more confident feeling generally. The managers of these institutions are doing their utmost to relieve the merchants, and the latter should reduce their stocks of merchandise, scrutinise their credits, sell for cash or short time, and adopt such energetic measures as will bring commercial matters into an easy and sound condition. The street rates for first class paper are 1@1½ per cent,—none other is looked at. Exchange continue dull and unsettled.—[Phil. Bull.

The weekly statement of the Philadelphia Banks presents the following aggregates as compared with those of the previous week:

	Nov. 19.	Nov. 26		
Capital Stock	$11,806,010	$11,806,160	Inc.	$ 150
Loans	26,775,878	26,576,372	Dec.	199,556
Specie	4,115,932	3,334,542	Dec.	771,390
Due from other banks	1,629,272	1,643,421	Inc.	14,439
Due to other banks	2,424,067	2,720,574	Inc.	296,487
Deposits	15,533,121	14,699,679	Dec.	1,138,442
Circulation	2,791,752	2,640,912	Dec.	150,840

The above statement shows a very large decrease in the deposits, 1,133,442, and the specie reserve has also fallen off considerably, 771,390; the loans have decreased 197,556, and the circulation 150,840, as compared with last week.—Phila. Bulletin.

CHICAGO MARKET, Nov. 26.—Wheat—Receipts 6 634 bu; Market quiet. Sales were: 5,000 bu no 1 spg at 76c; 2,000 bu no 2 spg at 74½c; 6 000 bu do at 74c in store; 3.0 bgs by sample at 88c; 150 do dt 80½c, both on track; closing dull and buyers offering only 73½c for no 2 spg.

Flour—Received 1492 bbls; shipments —— bbls Market dull. Sales were: 209 bbls very good spg ex at $4.00; 160 bbls good at $3.90 both del; 100 lbs buckwheat flour at $2 ℔ cwt.

Corn—Received 2,854 bu; shipped, —— bu. Market neglected; sales 700 bu no 2 at 18c; 1 000 bu do at 23c, both in store; 700 bu new at 30c on track.

Oats—Received, 200 bu; shipped, —— bu. Scarce; sales 1,000 bu no 1 at 17c in store; 9,000 bu for delivery on 1st May next at 21c f o b cash paid now.

Rye—Received, 400 bu; shipped, —— bu. Market dull. Sales of 400 bu no 1 at 46c; 400 do at 43½c; 400 do at 44c. all in store; 56 bgs at 45c on track.

BARLEY—Receipts —— bu. Sales 700 bu no 2 at 40c; 860 bu no 2 at 32c in store. Sales by sample on track were: 64 bgs prime at 52c, 350 do at 50c; 200 do at 45c, 190 bags common at 35c.

CHARLESTON RICE MARKET.—There has been a moderate demand since our last, and the receipts which comprise 8706 tierces, have only in part been supplied. The market has been unsettled, and prices have fluctuated according to the daily demand. But the market closes at about the rates current when we made up our previous report. Prices have ranged from @2⅞ to $4, but the bulk of the sales have been within the margin of $3 @3⅝ per hundred.

WE annex a comparative statement of the imports of foreign dry goods and general merchandise at New York for the week and since Jan 1:

For the Week.	1858.	1859.	1860.
Dry Goods	$344 222	$811,918	$941,718
Gen'l Merchandise	1,089,316	2,605,219	1,696,237
Total for the week	1,428,238	$3,317,217	$2,637,955
Previously reported	$131,120,476	208,855,959	204,807,000
Since Jan. 1	$132,554,614	$212,183,176	$207,444,956

Imports by Railroad.

P FT W & C R R—5 kgs, 12 bxs, 5 ckts rivets R Townsend; 9 ont 13 bbls forks, B Wolfe & co; 85 bdls paper, J Perkins; 16 bbls oil, G Thumm & co; 14 hides, J H Reister; 8 empty ale kgs, G W Smith; 5 bxs mdse, W McCully & co; 1 bx tool chest, J L Ewing; 9 tons pig iron, Joo Moorehead; 15 bbls flour, Wm Bingham; lot sundries, J H Hays; 1 bbl sugar, 16 bxs, Murtland & Connor.

P & C R R—9 bbls flour, J B Floyd & co; 2 bbls cider, Culp & Shephard; 100 bbls flour, Wm Stewart at; 200 bgs barley, Spencer & Garrard. 2 cks potash, B L Fahnestock & co; 2 bxs scrap copper, 177 plates do, Park, McCurdy & co; 2 skts feathers, 1 ck butter, 1 bx, R Dalzell & co; 2 cars iron ore, J Rees; 166 bgs wheat, 1 car do, Hitchcock, McCreery & co; 150 bgs do, L Wilmarth; 100 bbls flour, Jas Gardiner; 100 do do, Jno Grier; 50 hogs, A C Elliott; 53 do, J R Hanson; 1 car iron ore, Baily, Brown & co; 1 do do, Lloyd & Black; 50 bbls flour, J W Bingham; 1 do do, Graham & Thomas; 17 bgs cloverseed, 15 bbls cranberries, J S Liggett & co; 3 do do, E Hessleton; 2 hf bbls fish, Mair & Davidson; 26 bdls chairs, 6 do rockers, Frank Walker; 9 hides, G N Hoffstatt; 1 ck cider, M Wolfe; 6 do do, H A Nimick; 100 bbls flour, Schomaker & Lang; 2 bbls butter, Frank Vangorder.

Imports by River.

WHEELING—per S C Baker—3 bbls apples, J Gansman; 9 doz brooms, 1000 hoop poles, J A Fetzer; 5 bbls beans, 1 bbl beef, 1 sk onions, 1 do turnips, R & J Watson; 30 bbls oil, Forsyth &bro; 24 bbls oil, Wm Macktown; 2 bxs mdse, B L Fahnestock & co; 50 bbls lime, Joseph Craig; 5 pcs casting, 28 bdls bags, G W Smith; 1 bx frames, J J Gillespie; 35 bdls paper, Foster & Fleeson; 14 bbls timothy seed, A Crawford; 86 bbls, 44 sks apples, 1 bx butter, G W Stewart.

RIVER NEWS.

The river as was generally anticipated, commenced to swell on Tuesday night and last evening there was 10 feet by the pier mark, and still rising slowly. The wharf, we regret to say, presented a rather deserted appearance, there being but little freight shipping or discharging. The S C Baker from Wheeling was the only arrival, and the Sallie List for Portsmouth and Bell No 4 for Franklin constitute the departures. The weather was cloudy and cool, though not unpleasant.

Telegraphic Markets.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 28.—Flour unchanged and dull. Wheat unchanged and dull at 90c@$1 for prime red and white.—Corn dull at 29@32. Oats steady at 29. Rye has advanced to 60. Barley dull at 75@80. Whisky declined to 15—closing dull. Hogs dull and holders more anxious to realize; the sales were confined to 400 very heavy at $5 80@5 90 in lots; receipts 7000 head. An improved business is doing in Groceries, and the market is firm at 30@33 for Molasses, 6¾ @7¾ for Sugar, and 14½@15½ for Coffee.

The money market continues close and quiet. Exchange is in better demand and supply, and the rates are lower on Boston and New York; all the Bankers sold to-day at 1½ per cent. premium.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Flour declined 5@10c; 15,500 bbls sold; State $4 75@4 85. Wheat lower; 115 000 bush sold: Chicago spring $1 10, Milwaukee club $1 14@1 15, red western $1 23, white $1 30@1 31. Corn declining; sales 52,000 bush at 65@65½. Lead heavy. Whisky firm.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 28.—Flour steady; sales of extra at $5, superfine at $4 75. The demand for Wheat is limited; sales 2000 bush red at $1 15@1 20 and white at $1 25@1 35. There is less Corn coming forward; 2000 bush old yellow sold at 61, and new at 58. Whisky is arriving freely; sales 500 bbls at 19@20.

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Without making a speciality of any one style they still recommend the VULCANITE PLATE TEETH as the most Healthy, Durable and Comfortable Substitute for the Natural Teeth. They are guaranteed to be superior in every respect to the best Metallic Plate Teeth, whether mounted on gold or any of the baser metals, and can be furnished at a cost considerably less.

Those having imperfectly fitting Gold Sets, can have them replaced with the VULCANITE, at a small additional expense above the value of the Old Plate. no24:1wd:1twT

RAZORS, DENTAL INSTRUMENTS, CUTLERY, and to say a great deal in a few words, that the wayfaring man, though a fool, may understand, EVERYTHING IN THE HARDWARE LINE, may be found at CARTWRIGHT & YOUNG'S, No. 97 Wood Street, corner of Diamond alley, who, in addition to their regular business, are the only manufacturers of TRUSSES and SUPPORTERS in the city.

PRODUCE—12 bbls. WHITE BEANS; 5 bbls Fresh ROLL BUTTER; 200 bus New DRY PEACHES; 50 sacks BUCKWHEAT FLOUR; 50 dozen Fancy BROOMS; 1 sack FEATHERS; for sale by no27 L. G. GRAFF, 252 Liberty st.

DEEDS, Mortgages, Checks, Attorneys' and Aldermen's Blanks, printed and for sale by W. S. HAVEN, Stationer and Book and Job Printer, corner Wood and Third sts.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Steamship Arabia.

HALIFAX, Nov. 27.—The royal mail steamship, Arabia, from Liverpool on Saturday, the 17th inst., via Queenstown on the 18th, arrived at this port at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Her advices are three days later than those furnished by the City of Baltimore.

Mr. Dallas, the American minister, was at Windsor, on a visit to the Queen.

The Prince of Wales had arrived in England. The fleet encountered bad weather during the whole passage, and got out of provisions. The Royal party were living for the last few days on preserved meats. The Prince reached Windsor Castle on the 15th. The English press teem with warm compliments to the American people.

The Empress Eugenie arrived in London on the 14th. She will visit Scotland for the benefit of her health.

Since the advance in the rate of discount by the bank of England the contemplated additional withdrawal of gold by the Bank of France was suspended.

£576,000 sterling arrived from Australia on the 16th, which was immediately bought by the Bank of France.

There was more confidence in financial circles on Friday, and funds slightly advanced, the market closing firm.

The Bishop of Worcester is dead.

The minimum rate of discount was raised by the Bank of England, on the 15th inst., to six per cent., although no gold was withdrawn on that day and none has been since.

France.—There were rumors of ministerial changes. It was reported that M. Laity, who figured in the Savoy negotiations, was to be minister of the Interior. It was said that at the Cabinet Council a plan for the army reserve was finally settled. The Commercial treaty of France and England was completed at Paris on the 16th, and received the final signitures. Mr. Cobden was said to be completely prostrated by his labors. The Bourse on the 16th was firmer and ½ higher, closing at 69 francs 92c.

Italy.—There was no movement of importance. There was a report that a conspiracy had been discovered at the Gaeta against Francis II. Two officers and two men had been suspected and were shot. The official Piedmontese *Gazette* of the 15th says that the Neapolitans under General Sabreans had proposed to M. Fanti the surrender of the Neapolitan troops who remained outside of the Gaeta, consisting of the battalion of chasseurs and a regiment of cavalry. Fanti rejected the proposition, after a combat on the 12th, the Bourbon troops entered Gaeta, and the Sardinians took up a fresh position round the town. The garrison of Gaeta consisted of eighteen battalions, but a dispatch announces that two merchant steamers, carrying the French colors, had left Gaeta with troops, it was supposed for Civita Vecchia.

London, Nov. 17.—Consols closed at 93½@93⅝. The pressure for money has slightly relaxed. The improvement in American stocks was maintained; Illinois Central R. R. 27½ discount; Erie R. R. 33½@32 discount; N. Y. Central R. R. 79.

Mr. Dallas, the American minister, was at Windsor Castle on a visit to the Queen.

Paris, Nov. 17.—The Bourse closed flat at 69f. 80c. Further measures by the Bank of France are talked about.

Liverpool, Nov. 17.—Sales of cotton to-day 5,000 bales, including 3,000 for speculation and export; the market closed quiet. Breadstuffs dull and the market is generally unchanged. Provisions dull.

Baring Brothers report the London breadstuffs market quiet and quotations barely maintained.

Iron; Welsh and rails firm at £5 10s@ £5,15 for both.

Sugar quiet and lower. Tea partially declined; Congou 1s 3½d. Tallow slightly advanced; sales at 61s3d@61s 6d. Spirits of Turpentine dull at 33s 9d@34s.

Half dollars 5s 2½; Eagles nominal at 76s 4½d.

Message of Gov. Gist, of South Carolina.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 27.—The Message of Gov. Gist was presented to the Legislature at one o'clock this afternoon. The Governor devoted many pages to the consideration of local State affairs. He says that in view of the proposed secession, it becomes doubly important upon us to have a direct trade with Europe, and advises the State to foster enterprises for such purposes, by guarantees of say five per cent. Referring to postal matters, he says he has been authorized by the Postmaster of Charleston to state, that if South Carolina secedes he will sever his connection with the Federal Government, and obey the call of the State, to whom he makes an offer of his services. This action together with the resignation of the postmasters generally, enable the State to be unembarrassed in establishing postal arrangements for herself. The Governor also suggests as a temporary expedient the use of Adams' Express to carry the mail, and also an arrangement with the Federal authorities for a given time, until the other States secede, and the Southern Confederacy is formed. If the Federal Government insists on considering South Carolina in the Union after the ordinance providing for secession is adopted, the present postal arrangement must cease, and another State authority be substituted.

The Governor advises the prohibition of the introduction of slaves into South Carolina from States that are not members of the Southern Confederacy, and particularly from the Border States. He says, "let them keep their slave property in their own borders, and the only alternative left them is emancipation by their own act or the action of their confederates." He entertains the hope, however, that all the slave States will unite in a Southern Confederacy. He advises the passage of the most ample and stringent laws against abolition incendiaries; to supersede the present system of lynching; to deter violations of these laws; their enforcement should be made reliable and secure.

Referring to the action of South Carolina, in sending Mr. Memminger as commissioner to Virginia—the failure to obtain co-operation for a Southern conference except from the States of Mississippi and Alabama, the Governor is of the opinion that all hope of concentrated action of the South is lost. But one course is left South Carolina, consistently with her honor, her interest, and her safety, and that is to back neither to the right nor to the left; but to go straightforward to the consummation of her purpose. It is too late now to receive propositions of conference, and South Carolina will be wanting in self respect if she should entertain a proposition looking to her continuance in the present Union. The Governor entertains no reasonable doubt that Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Florida, Texas and Arkansas will undoubtedly follow the action of South Carolina and all the other Southern States will eventually complete the galaxy. "It is gratifying to know," he says, "that if a resort to arms is necessary, we have the tender of volunteers from all the Southern and some of the Northern States, to repair promptly to the standard, and share our fortunes." The message concludes with the following language: "I cannot permit myself to believe that in the madness of passion an attempt will be made by the next administration to correct South Carolina after her secession by refusing to surrender to the harbor defences, or interfering with her imports and exports. But if mistaken we must accept the issue, and meet it as becomes men and freemen, who infinitely prefer annihilation to disgrace."

FORT KEARNEY, Nov. 28.—Two men named Pope and Funk, employes of Mr. Davidson, about 17 miles on the Platte river, came in to-day and reported that a party of fifteen Indians, supposed to be Cheyennes, ran them from Elm creek yesterday. When near the road, one Indian rode up the oxteam Pope was driving, and snapped his gun at him, and then drew his lance. Pope drew his pistol but it snapped. Funk, who was on horseback close by, drew his pistol and shot the Indian. Pope jumped on the Indian's horse and fled. Both men escaped, leaving the wagon and team. The great body of Indians, was, at this time, half a mile behind; but they pursued for some distance, when Pope and Funk sought protection with a large passing train, when the Indians slowly retired. So soon as the commanding officer got this news, he immediately ordered the Dragoon Company stantioned here, into the saddle, but found all the wagons at the post were down the Platte after Wood. One has been sent for to carry the provision and forage. The company will start this afternoon and march to Davidson's to-night. Tomorrow morning they will go over to Elm Creek and attack the camp of the Indians. If the report is true, a large party of Sioux and Cheyennes came near the post, and into Kearny city this morning. They state they are from the Republican fork, seeking the Pawnees. The settlers and mail agents up the Platte are very uneasy at the attitude the Indians have assumed of late, and anticipate an attack from them. The Indians having heard that some of the dragoon companies had left, and that the post of Fort Kearney was to be broken up, have threatened that as soon as this is done, they intend to wipe out every settlement on the Platte.

LATER.—The wagon sent for having arrived, the Dragoons, 56 in number, left here about half past 2 o'clock this afternoon. They are very handsomely mounted, and the display is altogether creditable. We may expect to hear from them about to-morrow night.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 28.—A meeting of the manufacturers of Philadelphia and vicinity, was held at the Manufacturers Exchange, at noon to-day. There were about thirty manufacturers of cotton and woolen goods, present at the hour named. The meeting was called to order shortly before 1 o'clock. Mr. Abraham Lakely, of Delaware county, presided.—The President stated that the object of the meeting was to consider the present depressed state of affairs, and to agree upon some plan by which less goods should be manufactured; by unanimity of action there could be less production without a general stoppage. Mr. Richard Garsed said it was evident that the production must be decreased; the supply is greater than the demand. The partial stoppage of 1857 had been attended with good effects, and he believed that it would now be attended with like beneficial results. He regretted that there was so little harmony among persons where there is so great an interest. The President again urged the necessity of reducing the supply, or there would be a general crash through the glut of goods. He was opposed to reducing the prices of labor, but he wanted to see the mills run half the time. He thought the depression would be temporary, and it only needed a unanimous lessening of the supply to prevent serious loss. After some further discussion the meeting adjourned, to meet again on Saturday, at noon; the persons present agreeing to sign the call for a second meeting.

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 28.—Secretary Cobb has recovered and attended a Cabinet meeting to-day.

Scarcely a dozen members of Congress have arrived.

Thaddeus Hyatt called upon the President to-day in furtherance of his efforts to postpone the Kansas Land sales.

New Orleans papers received by mail view the Mexican war as soon to be ended by the complete triumph of the Constitutional party.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The Chemical Bank was expelled from the clearing house for refusing to place its specie in the common fund according to previous arrangements.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 28.—The river is rising slowly with 4 feet 4 inches water in the canal.

Arrival of the Overland Mail.

Latest from California.

FORT KEARNEY, Nov. 28.—The Pony Express arrived here at one o'clock this morning, with San Francisco dates to the evening of the 17th.

The Presidential election returns are nearly complete; Lincoln is still from 590 to 800 ahead of Douglas.

The Democratic Herald, of the 13th, gives the following summary for fifteen counties in Oregon: Lincoln 5052, Breckinridge 4566, Douglas 3859, Bell 180. The returns are not complete.

The Portland, Oregon, Advertiser of the 7th, contains the following letter from C. C. Harcum, who was one of the company under command of Captain Dent to Walla Walla to aid emigrants:

Brevinor River, Oct. 25—We are homeward bound after a successful tramp and have been as far as Owyhee and rescued twelve immigrants. The details are of a most heart-rending character. They were in a perfect state of nudity, having been stripped by the Indians and left to perish for ten days previous to their discovery, and had subsisted on human flesh, the bodies of those who had perished. Mrs. Chase had fed upon the dead body of her husband.

A private letter says that on the evening of the 27th of October an officer with a detachment in advance of the main party, found near a small stream the women and children naked, and in a state of starvation and greatly emaciated, so much so that their bones almost protruded through the skin. The women and children, on seeing their rescuers, fell on their knees, and by the most piteous wails implored food. The stout hearts of the soldiers were softened to most touching emotions of pity, which was immediately followed by threats of due revenge towards the red skins. On receiving the intelligence at the fort the sensation was such as humanity alone can experience. The conduct of Major Stein, the officer in command, was prompt, and every comfort of the fort which could be transported was quickly despatched to the scene of the suffering. The wives of the officers purchased every description of clothing requisite for the women and children of the train. A physician, with medicine, etc., accompanied the supply train.

By way of Oregon we have news to the 27th ult. from Victoria. The Otter arrived from Fraser river on the 27th, with $75,000 in gold dust.

New and rich discoveries of silver are reported to have been made in Harrison county.

A number of rich specimens of silver ore has been taken from a Lake forty miles northwest of Port Douglas, and excite the superstitious awe of the Indians of that region by its luminous appearance.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 28.—A committee of Philadelphia councilmen, and other officers of that city, numbering seventeen, arrived here this morning, for the purpose of examinining into the general operations of the municipal department of this city. They were received by the Mayor and a deputation of the city council, who will entertain them this evening at the Gibson House. The party will leave for home on Friday morning.

LEAVENWORTH, Nov. 28.—Acting Governor Beebee has issued a proclamation in relation to the affairs of Southern Kansas, calling on Montgomery and his band to disband and return to obedience to the constituted authorities. He says that peaceable citizens shall receive protection and all offenders shall receive due punishment. There is nothing new from the scene of difficulties. The river navigation is entirely resumed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The steamer Brooklyn has arrived, with the Chiriqui Commission. The survey was entirely successful. They found the harbors on both sides unequalled for superior coal in inexhaustable quantities; they also discovered a practicable pass through the Cordelleras and located a railroad in a most advantageous manner.

PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 28.—The steamer Nova Scotian arrived here at 3 o'clock this morning. Her advices are to the 15th and have been anticipated.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 28.—All the Banks in the city except the Mechanics Bank which withstood the pressure of 1857, suspended specie payment this morning.

COLUMBIA, Nov. 28.—In consequence of the number of cases of small pox reported in this city, the legislature will probably adjourn to Charleston.

Regular Weekly Packet,

For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Pomeroy, Point Pleasant, Gallipolis, Gyandotte, Catletsburgh, Ironton and Portsmouth.

THE new and elegant steamer SALLIE LIST, Capt. J. Thornton Russell will leave Pittsburgh EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, for Portsmouth and all intermediate landings. Returning, will leave Portsmouth for Pittsburgh every FRIDAY at 12 o'clock m. For freight or passage apply on board, or to no14 FLACK, BARNES & CO., Ag'ts.

FOR CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.—The splendid passenger steamer HASTINGS, R. Robinson, Master, Andrew Evans, Clerk, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on THIS DAY, 29th instant, at 10 o'clock a. m. For freight or passage apply on board or to no24 FLACK, BARNES & CO., Agents.

REGULAR TUESDAY PACKET FOR ZANESVILLE.—The fine new steamer EMMA GRAHAM, Capt. MONROE AYRES, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports, every TUESDAY at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply on board, or to s-4 FLACK, BARNES & CO., Ag'ts.

FOR NEW ORLEANS—The fine steamer IOWA, W. A. Moore, Captain, D. Moore, Clerk, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THIS DAY, Nov. 29th. For freight or passage apply on board, or to no14 FLACK, BARNES & CO., Agents.

DR. SCHENCK, of Philadelphia, will be in Pittsburgh to examine patients afflicted with DISEASES OF THE LUNGS, Liver and Stomach, ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY, Dec. 3d and 4th, at the Drug Store of his agent, DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street.

DR. SCHENCK'S MEDICINES.

A NEW CERTIFICATE.

"I, ELIZABETH ROBINSON, living in Temperanceville, Allegheny county, have been afflicted for over three years with LIVER COMPLAINT, of the worst kind, and Pain in my Side, and also troubled with DYSPEPSIA and ASTHMA so that I could not digest or keep my food on my stomach. My tongue was coated—my bowels costive—so that I suffered day and night without relief. I was attended by several physicians, of different kinds, without any benefit, until June last, when I called on Dr. Schenck, who was then visiting our patients at Dr. Keyser's, 140 Wood st. After taking his medicine, I slept more at night, and the pain in my side and the cough have subsided entirely, and I now consider myself well. While I was taking Dr Schenck's medicine, persons called on me and told me it would do me no good. I feel every dose I took that I was getting relief, and have felt as if anything in the world would cure me, Dr. Schenck's MEDICINE would. I had heard of Dr. Schenck's medicine curing several of my neighbors before I called on him. I feel confident with the experience that I have had that it will cure any one afflicted as I have been.

I feel desirous now that every one who may be afflicted as I have been will call on DR. SCHENCK, as I know he can cure them. I have great confidence in his PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC and MANDRAKE PILLS, and I am sure that he fully understands the diseases he pretends to cure."

ANOTHER CERTIFICATE.

ZANESVILLE, Ohio, March 31, 1860.

DR. KEYSER—I write these lines to inform you that I was in Pittsburgh on February 16th, and bought a bottle of Dr. Schenck's Seaweed Tonic, and when I arrived in Zanesville I commenced using the medicine according to directions, and it has improved my health more than I expected it would in so short a time. I am so well pleased with the "Seaweed Tonic" and "Pulmonic Syrup," that I want you to send me two bottles of "Seaweed Tonic" and one bottle of "Pulmonic Syrup" by express, and I will settle for the carriage of it at the office in Zanesville.

W. ROBERTS, Zanesville, O.

DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, sole agent for Pittsburgh.

ANOTHER CURE BY DR. SCHENCK.

I took last August—now nearly a year ago—a violent attack of cold, which I contracted by lying on the damp ground on a hunting excursion. I had a dreadful cough and constant pain in my breast, and I expectorated a great deal of tough matter from my lungs and bronchial tubes. I thought I had consumption. I judged it the disease from the fact that I had such a hard cough and night-sweats very bad. I suffered a great deal with pain and tightness in my breast. I called on Dr. Schenck in October last, and he examined my lungs with his respirometer. He told me my bronchial tubes were very much affected, and he prescribed for me his Mandrake Pills, Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic. I took one box of the Pills and two of the Tonic, and four bottles of the Pulmonic Syrup. At this time I am entirely well, and weigh more and am stronger than I was before I took the disease.

JAMES D. WILSON,
At Singer, Nimick & Co's, Steel Works.
West Pittsburgh, May 30, 1860.

ANOTHER GREAT CURE—CASE OF NICHOLAS RITZ OF ALLEGHENY CITY.

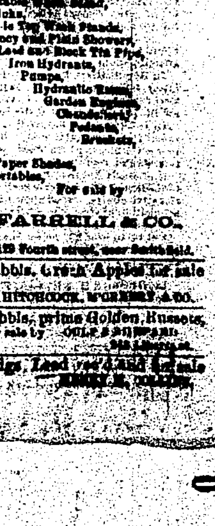
On the 5th day of last July I took sick with spitting blood and a bad cough; I did not mind it till I spit two or three times; I spit about a teacup full of blood. A week afterwards it returned and I got alarmed, and went to my physician and got medicine from him, which did not do me any good. I then went to another, who told me my lungs were ulcerated, but did not give me much satisfaction about the spitting blood. I heard of Dr. Schenck being in the city on the 21st of July, and was advised to call on him. I called on him at Dr. Keyser's drug store, and he examined my lungs and told me that my right lung was affected, and that the bleeding or spitting of blood came from the lower part of the right lung. Dr. Schenck told me to take his Pulmonic Syrup and Mandrake Pills, which I did until I had taken seven bottles of Pulmonic Syrup and one box of Mandrake Pills. I am now well and can attend to my regular business. trunk making. I work at 104 Wood street, and live on East street, between First and Ohio streets, Allegheny City. I give this certificate in order that other persons afflicted may receive the same benefit that I have. You may publish this if you wish. NICHOLAS RITZ.

Pittsburgh, August 23th, 1860.

Such has been the demand for my Syrup, that I have been compelled to resort to the most perfect steam machinery for the displacing of the herbs and boiling down the Syrup, by which the substance can be more readily and perfectly extracted. This process gives a different color to it, rendering it lighter, but stronger in substance. The difference in color may cause many to doubt its genuineness; but my signature always accompanies each bottle, and my agents are publicly announced, which renders imposition impossible.

☞DR. GEO. H. KEYSER is sole Agent for my Medicine in Pittsburgh. jy29:d&wT

BATHS, Planished Copper, every size; Baths, Iron, every size, Baths, Zinc, Baths, Wood, Boilers, Iron, Boilers, Copper, Wash Basins, Iron Portable Wash Stand, Iron Sinks, Marble Top Wash Stands, Fancy and Plain Showers, Lead and Block Tin Pipe, Iron Hydrants, Pumps, Hydraulic Rams, Garden Engines, Chandeliers, Pedants, Brackets, Glass and Paper Shades, Fancy Portables. For sale by BAILEY, FARRELL & CO., no28 No. 129 Fourth street, near Smithfield.



APPLES—25 bbls. Green Apples for sale by no27 HITCHCOCK, M'CREERY & CO.

APPLES—50 bbls. prime Golden Russets, just received and for sale by [illegible] & [illegible] Liberty st.

LEAD—300 pigs. Lead received and for sale by no6 [illegible]