Pittsburgh Gazette.

TRI-WEEKLY EDITION—P. H. WILLIAMS, T. M. HOSMER, J. S. MYERS.

R. HERBERT & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.
PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING, NOV. 16, 1860.

THE disunion sentiment in the South seems to be confined exclusively to the hot-headed politicians of South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama. The other States evidently evince no inclination to be precipitated into revolution simply because the Republican party has succeeded in electing their candidates for President and Vice President. In the course of the agitators of the States which we have named there seems neither method nor consistency. In South Carolina noisy stump speakers rant and declaim like crazy men, but have fixed on no settled plan with which to render their treason effective. The Legislature of the State, it is true, has resolved to raise an army of ten thousand men to defend "the rights" of the little commonwealth, and to maintain this army it has appropriated the paltry sum of $400,000, to be raised by a loan. But what would ten thousand men or $400,000 avail in a contest with one of the most powerful and wealthy governments in the world? An army of ten thousand men would cost in one year over four millions of dollars—an expenditure which would bankrupt the people of the State instead of vindicating their much talked of honor and dignity. These are facts which must be apparent to the people of South Carolina, and we therefore cannot believe that their talk of resistance is anything more than a sham. The madness that would contemplate the erection of a State into a separate and independent power which is only entitled to six members of Congress and which has not a population equal to some of our second class cities, is of such a character that it only provokes ridicule.

NORTH CAROLINA.—Accounts from North Carolina say that the people of that State affirm their determination to remain in the Union until the Constitution is violated, and until they have tested the result of Mr. Lincoln's election. They will not be coaxed or driven into an overt act themselves, nor will they countenance it in other States. Gov. Ellis has also expressed himself against the prevailing excitement, and recommends moderation. The Raleigh *State Register* observes:

"If Lincoln has been fairly elected, according to the provisions of the Constitution and the laws, then we, for one, are willing to give his administration a fair trial. Now, if this frank and honest avowal on our part subjects us to the serious charge of being either a 'submissionist' to the North or a 'traitor' to the South, then let it be written down against us; yea, let it be also engraved upon our tombstone after we shall have been hanged for our 'treason,' that we loved not wisely but too well the glorious teachings of a Washington, and of all those Revolutionary heroes and sages who were the achievers of our liberties, the framers of our Union, and who transmitted that Union to us cemented with their blood!"

MR. LINCOLN'S VIEWS.—A special dispatch from Springfield to the Philadelphia *North American*, dated on the 13th inst., says that Mr. Lincoln, in conversing with some friends on the day previous, while deeply regretting the excitement that prevailed at the South, did not, at the same time, deem it expedient that he should say anything publicly upon the subject. Whenever spoken to regarding his position, he invariably refers to his former writings and speeches, and from these to the platform of the party which elected him—a combination he thinks sufficient for all purposes. With reference to the exasperated feeling and excitement itself, he thinks it will be of short duration, and that the better judgment of the people will soon resume its sway.

THE New York *Times* of the 12th inst., contained the following paragraph from its Washington correspondent:

"Governor Corwin reached here yesterday, and is looking remarkably well. He believes Lincoln's Administration will be highly national and conservative; but yet thinks a little fear will be the best nostrum which can in the mean time be administered to the Southern extremists. He does not think it advisable for Mr. Lincoln to give any expression to his views until after the electoral college shall have met, as such an expression would only be construed into an evidence of alarm on his part, and would do no good."

Mr. Corwin authorizes the *National Intelligencer* to state that he never suggested that *fear* would ever operate on the South, nor ever attributed to Mr. Lincoln the unworthy motive of being unwilling to make a conservative declaration because the electoral colleges had not yet cast their votes, if he otherwise should think such a declaration necessary or proper.

THE *National Intelligencer* says the Richmond *Enquirer* of 1814 held a very different style of language from the Richmond *Enquirer* of the present day in discussing the "right of secession," as will be seen in the following paragraph contained in that journal in the year 1814:

"No man, no association of men, no State, or set of States has a right to withdraw itself from this Union of its own account. The same power which built us together can untie it. The same formality which formed the links of the Union is necessary to dissolve it. The majority of States which formed the Union must consent to the withdrawal of any one branch of it. Until that consent has been obtained any attempt to dissolve the Union or distract the efficacy of its constitutional law is treason—treason to all intents and purposes."

Repudiation in the South.

[Special Dispatches in the Philadelphia Press.]

Washington, November 13, 1860.—Systematic attempts are being made by various combinations in this city and in Baltimore, to create the impression that it is the intention of Southern merchants and dealers to repudiate their Northern obligations. The fact that most of the Southern railroads are indebted to the North, and that a large amount of money is due from the former to the latter, so far from inspiring a disposition on the part of honest men in the slave States to secede, *is a reason why they take ground against secession.* Nothing will do more to defeat the plans of the Disunionists than the sensibility of the gentleman of the South to avoid the disgrace of repudiation. They may be ready to retaliate in any other way upon the free States, but they indignantly refuse to dishonor their honest debts.

At the head of those who take the highest ground in favor of preserving the national credit, and of maintaining the integrity of the South, is the leading house of Bigge & Co., at this point, and no one is more determined in the expression of his opinion in regard to it than W. W. Corcoran, Esq.

The seceding States remember the way in which Mississippi was denounced by the whole civilized world when she repudiated her debts, and they will not be willing to couple dishonor with dishonor. Of one thing be assured—neither Maryland nor Virginia will ever tolerate the alternative of secession. The District of Columbia is sandwiched between these States, and her prosperity is the prosperity of her two supporters. Rely upon it, that nowhere will the Union feeling be found to be stronger than in the city of Washington.

THE President's recommendation of a great National Convention, in which the alleged grievances of the South are to be redressed, deserves consideration, but would it not be well for his Majesty, first of all, and in advance of the meeting of Congress, to address a proclamation to that greatest of all the conventions—the masses of the American people—in which he could assert his hostility to Secession, and his determination to preserve the Union? General Jackson asked for no convention. The Constitution was his convention. He construed it like a patriot, and stood by it like a hero.—*Phil. Press.*

HOW IT WORKS.—Orders to a considerable amount were received in this city, yesterday, from New Orleans and Baltimore, for flour and corn meal. They were from houses that had heretofore traded in this market. Their credit has been A. No. 1, and our dealings in breadstuffs were always good to fill their orders. But the secession movement at the South has unsettled confidence in all Southern houses; and their orders yesterday were declined. They were advised respectfully, of the fact, and notified that the only terms on which the shipments could be made would be for cash in hand.—*Chicago Press.*

"SECESSION" IS A NUT SHELL.—The Louisville *Journal* says: "Missouri and Tennessee, and Kentucky and Virginia, and Maryland, deprecate the dissolution of the Union, but South Carolina and Florida and Georgia swear that the Union shall be dissolved on account of the escape of Missouri's, Kentucky's, Virginia's and Maryland's slaves! What disinterested creatures South Carolina, Florida and Georgia must be!"

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Dispatch to the New York Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, Nov., 13, 1860.—*The President's Intentions.*—The President does not propose issuing any proclamation concerning secession, as reported, because Congress will assemble before the meeting of the South Carolina Convention, when his opinions will be communicated in the Message. He avows himself, however, strongly against the whole scheme, and will enlarge considerably upon the Union, the integrity of which he declares it is his intention to maintain by every Constitutional means, and with a full conviction that he will be denounced by his present friends at the South.

THE MOVEMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

There is no doubt that the movement in South Carolina has assumed unusual proportions, and includes many who have hitherto counseled against precipitate action. Letters were received to-day from some of the best and calmest men in the State, not identified with politics, who say the sentiment has penetrated all classes, and cannot be resisted with effect by those who deplore it, and foresee the calamities which must follow, no matter how the controversy may terminate now. The most potent element of safety in this excitement is to leave the issue to the Southern States which are opposed to secession, as at least twelve out of the fifteen are. There is already a strong disposition among them to insist on being represented and heard in any Convention professedly projected for the benefit of the South, especially as Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee and Missouri have to bear the brunt of the contest, and suffer more in a day from the Underground Railroad than South Carolina, Alabama, Georgia, and Florida have done in ten years.

MR. BUCHANAN'S TREATMENT.

Mr. Buchanan complains bitterly of the treatment he is now receiving from the South, for which he has sacrificed himself and his administration. And his Cabinet, including Messrs Cobb and Thompson, both of whom are much subdued in temper, concur in this sentiment. In fact, the revolution has got beyond the control of the managers, who started it for political effect.

No declaration from Mr. Lincoln would produce any effect at this time, while it would be misconstrued into a craven concession, that would demoralize his influence as President hereafter. Prominent Southern men, now here, gratuitously scout this suggestion, which never emanated from Mr. Lincoln or his friends, but originated in their own Northern organs, who slandered and belied him through the canvass, and provoked this excitement by their atrocious calumnies. *The Herald, Express, Journal of Commerce*, and the like, are more responsible for the present state of things, by their deliberate misrepresentations of Mr. Lincoln, than all the Southern papers. They raised the cry.

COMMERCIAL BUSINESS.

The prospect of business for the approaching session is discouraging. Legislation will be comparatively suspended, except for the ordinary appropriations, and much excitement may be anticipated. All the forbearance which Republicans exhibited during the Speakership contest will be necessary to bear the victory becomingly, in allowing the vanquished to ventilate their defeat passionately.

POVERTY AND STARVATION IN KANSAS.—The unfortunate Territory of Kansas, whose people from 1854 to 1859, plead to us for protection from political oppression, now plead to us for *bread*. Many of her people are actually now suffering for the comforts of life, and unless relief is sent them, not only will they suffer for the bare necessities of life, but starve to death!

Their political troubles were followed by the ill effects of the general financial revulsion of 1857, which did not fairly reach them till 1858, and, owing to their location and peculiar circumstances, bore down upon them more severely than on any other part of the country. They hoped to recover themselves from the impoverishing effects of that period, but the locusts harvest the past season, and laboring hard last Spring to get in good crops. The seed they sowed sprung up, but then came a drouth that has never had an equal for its scorching hot weather and its entire absence of moisture. The burning sun dried up the soil—not a drop of rain fell all the Summer—and the fields of young grain were literally burned up. The consequence was a total failure of everything that grows from the ground. Though possessing a soil that is unequaled in richness and productiveness, yet this year, the greater portions of Kansas produced not enough to feed one-quarter of her people.

These unfortunate people come to us now, asking for *help*. "Help us or we will starve!" We are beggars unwilling, reluctantly, but our wives and children cry out for bread. Help us!"

We have seen strong and honest hearted men, who came direct from the Territory, and have heard them tell the terrible story of their sufferings and their desperate prospects with tears in their eyes—weeping like women, whose hearts, like little children's, let us help these needy people. 'For sweet Charity's' sake, for Humanity's sake, let us do all we can for them. The sufferers number from 50,000 to 70,000 souls—and since we here—the States of the Northwest have been unusually blest to spare," let us not be deaf to their earnest pleadings.

The Winter is close at hand. No time is to be lost. God, in his good Providence has blessed us with prosperity. Shall we hesitate to give till that we can for our impoverished, distressed and starving fellow men and women of Kansas? No, no! Let us at once divide with them our clothing, our food and our money, and thank God that he has saved *us* from the visitation under which they are suffering, and given us the *ability* to relieve them!—*Chicago Jour.*

Massachusetts.

COUNTIES	Lincoln.	Douglas.	Vell	Breck.
Essex	14,895	4 277	3,188	889
Hampshire	6 184	1,743	209	622
Hampden	4 883	578	162	220
Franklin	4 061	1914	135	328
Norfolk	8,864	3 590	2,987	453
Bristol	7,854	1,752	078	465
Plymouth	6,855	1,423	1,874	284
Barnstable	2,807	134	348	408
Dukes	842	115	68	64
Nantucket	437	32	76	69
Middlesex	17 580	4,794	7,022	926
Worcester	17,275	5 217	1,905	422
Suffolk	9 723	4 606	5,164	876
Berkshire	5,297	2 833	240	198
Total	108,272	33 889	21,831	6,094
Lincoln over Douglas, 74,433; over all, 46,508.				

For Governor, Andrew (Rep.) has 102 646; Beach, (Doug.) 33,976; Lawrence, (Bell) 22,862; Baxter, (Breck.) 6,736

New Hampshire.

Counties.	Lincoln.	Douglas.	Breck.	Bell.
Rockingham	4,624	2,700	285	109
Strafford	3,231	1,858	249	40
Belknap	1,981	1,755	48	4
Carroll	1,976	1,302	55	5
Merrimack	4 795	3,819	279	49
Hillsborough	6,046	4,765	350	98
Cheshire	3,202	1,400	102	17
Sullivan	1,318	662	41	11
Grafton	3,924	2,504	227	35
Coos	1,160	749	—	—
Total	33,943	20,656	1,624	377
Lincoln over Douglas, 9 287.				

CURE FOR IRON HEADACHE.—It is quite wonderful to see a cat jump down heights. She never seems to hurt herself, or to feel giddy with the fall; she always falls on her feet, and those are so beautifully padded that they seldom or ever get broken. I never knew of a cat breaking its leg from an accident, but in one instance and that was a French cat, the fool fell down stairs in the most stupid manner. Why does not the cat get a headache after her deep jumps? —why does she not get concussion of the brain as a man or a dog, would, if he performed a similar acrobatic feat? If we take down one of our cats' heads off the keeper's museum wall, and break it up, we shall see that it has a regular partition wall projecting from its sides, a good way inwards, toward the centre, so as to prevent the brain from suffering from concussion. This is indeed, a beautiful contrivance, and shows, an admirable internal structure, made in wonderful conformity with external form and nocturnal habits.

SAM. HOUSTON SPEAKS.—You hear it from the stump; you read it in their papers and in their resolutions, that if Mr. Lincoln is elected the Union is to be dissolved. Here is a constitutional party that intends to violate the constitution because a man is constitutionally elected President. Here is a constitutional party that proclaims it treasonable for a man to uphold the constitution. If the people constitutionally elect a President, in the minority to revisit him? Do they intend to carry that principle into their new Southern Confederacy? If they do, we can readily conceive how long it will last. They deem it patriotism now to overturn the government. Let them succeed, and in that class of patriots they will be able to outrival Mexico.—*Extract from Gov Houston's Speech, at Austin, Texas.*

THEY STILL WANT THEIR LETTERS.—It is noticed that none of the South Carolina postmasters have shut up shop yet. The probability is that none of them will. South Carolina has not begun to yield revenue enough to pay for transporting the mails and paying the salaries of postmasters required for the State. When the wealthy planters and property holders begin to pay enormous taxes to support the secessionists, a speedy reaction will ensue. With all their boasted independence, Carolinians feel the lessening of the purse strings quite as keenly as the native born New Englander.—*St. Louis Democrat.*

DEALING IN STOCKS.—The depreciation in Western Railroad stocks in the New York market, has led to large orders being sent from this city. Men who have never dealt in stocks before are investing liberally now. The most knowing ones consider the operation a very safe one.—*Chicago Press.*

The following appears in the Raleigh *Standard*, a Breckinridge paper, under the caption of "Stand Firm." It suits Richmond as well as Raleigh:

"Let us especially beware of a panic in slave property. Slavery in the States is to no danger. Those persons in the States south of us, who are anxious to open the Slave trade, and import barbarians into this country, would not object to a panic which would reduce the selling price of slaves in Maryland, Virginia and South Carolina, to $300 or $400 each."

Coughs and Colds! Coughs and Colds!
SEASONABLE ADVICE.

Let no one neglect a cold or a slight cough. Thousands, doing so, have had one cold added to another, until the mucous membrane, lining the air passages, has become excessively irritated, and even permanently thickened, and soon chronic cough, chronic pneumonia, and consumption, successively gallop along. The best time to cure all this is when it begins. If you are so fortunate as to possess a case of HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES, and if you do not, you ought to at once take a COUGH PILL, and then two or three pills per day, with care as to renewed exposure, will bring you all right in a day or two.

If your cough has got further along, then more care and more patience is necessary for a cure, though it is in the same direction. Our advice is to keep the feet warm, the head cool, and take Humphrey's Homeopathic Cough Pills.

Price, 25 cents per box, with directions. Sit below, $1.

N. B.—A full set of HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS, with Book of Directions, and twenty different Remedies, in large vials, morocco case, $5; ditto, in plain case, $4; case of fifteen boxes, and Book, $2. Single boxes, 25 cents and 50 cents.

Three Remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address Dr. F. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
No. 562 Broadway, New York.

Sold by J. M. FULTON, Fifth street, second door from the Post Office, Agent for Pittsburgh. no16:dew1yT

MRS. WINSLOW, an experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.—See advertisement in another column. feb23:dewly1T

DIED:

On Thursday afternoon, at the residence, corner of Grant and Webster streets, CHRISTIAN ICHMERTZ, in the 65th year of his age.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, on SATURDAY MORNING at 10 o'clock. [Allen.

Public Notices

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. CO.,
Pittsburgh, November 14, 1860.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad Company will be held at the Office of the Company—Jones' Buildings, Fourth st —in the city of Pittsburgh, on the FIRST MONDAY, third day, of December next, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing Twelve Directors for the ensuing year.
no16:td A. L. RUSSELL, Secretary.

NOTICE.—H. SARAH M'DONALD, (formerly GOHEEN,) who removed from Beaver, Pa., about twenty years since, will address M. W. ALLEN, Attorney, Sterling, Pa., she will hear of something to her advantage. no16:2

PRIVATE LESSONS—GERMAN and FRENCH, by Miss P. BARTBERGER. Apply at Mrs. Blume's Music Store, 118 Wood street, or at 200 Penn street, Allegheny. oct31:dtf

ALLEGHENY MAYORALTY.—JOS. H. SCOTT will be a candidate for Mayor of the city of Allegheny, subject to the decision of the Republican nomination. no12:tf

ALLEGHENY BANK, Nov. 6th, 1860.

THIS Bank has this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT on the Profits of the last Six Months, payable on the 15th inst. Stockholders or legal representatives on or after the 16th inst.

J. W. COOK, Cashier.
oct7:tno16

PITTSBURGH, November 6th, 1860.

THE Board of Directors of the EXCHANGE BANK OF PITTSBURGH have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. on the Profits of the last Six Months. Stockholders or their legal representatives will be paid on or after the 16th inst.

H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.
no7:tno16

THE IRON CITY BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 6th, 1860.

THE Directors of this Bank have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the Profits of the last Six Months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after the 15th inst.

JOHN MAGOFFIN, Cashier.
no7:tno16

CITIZENS' BANK, Pittsburgh, Nov. 8th, 1860.

THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the Profits of the last Six Months, payable on and after the 15th of November to Stockholders or their legal representatives.

M. D. JONES, Cashier.
no7:tno16

MECHANICS' AND MANUFACTURERS' BANK,
Pittsburgh, November 5th, 1860.

THIS Bank to-day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the Profits of the last Six Months, payable on or after the 15th inst.

W. H. DENNY, Cashier.
no7:tno16

MECHANICS' BANK,
Pittsburgh, November 5th, 1860.

THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the Profits of the last Six Months, payable to Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on or after the 15th inst.

GEO. J. MURRAY, Cashier.
no7:tno16

EXCHANGE BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 12, 1860.

AN ELECTION OF THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this Bank, to serve one year, will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, November 19th, 1860, between the hours of 10 a. m and 2 p. m.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, the 6th of November, at 11 o'clock a. m.
no12:tn H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

MECHANICS' BANK,
PITTSBURGH, October 19, 1860.

AN ELECTION for Thirteen Directors of this Bank, will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, November 19, 1860, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, the 6th of November, at 11 o'clock a. m.
oct20:tn GEO. J. MURRAY, Cashier.

IRON CITY BANK,
PITTSBURGH, Pa., October 19, 1860.

AN ELECTION for Thirteen Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, November 19th, prox., between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, Nov. 6th, prox., at 10 a. m.
oct20:tn JOHN MAGOFFIN, Cashier.

CITIZENS' BANK,
October 18th, 1860.

AN ELECTION for Thirteen Directors of this Bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, 19th November, between the hours of 10 a. m and 2 p. m.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, Nov. 6, at 11 a. m.
oct20:tn M. D. JONES, Cashier.

TO OIL MEN.—We are prepared to furnish PUMPS for Oil Wells, with either copper or iron tubs, RODS and superior VALVES ready for work.
GALLAGHER, CRAIG & CO.,
oct8 126 Wood st. 126 First st.

LUNCH SERVED UP EVERY MORNING, from 10 till 12, by G. W. SCHACKLEITER, Jr., at his Restaurant, corner *Wylie and Fifth sts.*
oct13:dtw

TO LET.—The FOURTH STORY of the GAZETTE BUILDING, for a term of five years or less, on reasonable terms. Apply to R. HERBERT & CO.,
Gazette Counting room.

New Advertisements.

HILLERMAN & CO. have a large stock of
Gents' Dress Hats,
Gents' and Youths' Soft Hats,
Boys', Youths' and Boys' Caps,
Misses' Beaver Hats,
Ladies' Fancy Furs,
and a general assortment in their line, cheap.
no16 HILLERMAN & CO., 76 Wood st.

LADIES' FURS!
LADIES' FURS!
LADIES' FURS!

In great abundance and at low prices, at
no16 HILLERMAN & CO'S, 76 Wood st.

MESS PORK AND LARD.—
50 bbls New Mess Pork,
10 do New No. 1 Lard,
100 kegs
Also, Spare Ribs, Pigs' Feet, &c., at our New Warehouse, on Penn street, opposite P., Ft. W. & C. R. Station.
no16 J. SELLERS & CO

PRODUCE—100 bbls. D. Gibson's White Wheat Flour.
25 bbls Clover Seed.
10 bbls and 5 kegs prime Solid Butter.
2 bbls Beans—for sale by
no16 LAMBERT & SHIPTON.

4 BBLS. GREASE; 5 sacks Dry Peaches;
4 sacks Feathers; 6 do Dry Apples;
7 sacks Fox Nuts; 25 Dry Hides;
50 bales Rags.
to arrive on steamer Commodore Perry, for sale by
no16 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

BURCHFIELD & CO. are receiving more NEW GOODS, open this morning.
Lace Setts, Jaconet Setts, Undersh irts and Drawers, Hosiery and Gloves. no16

FEATHER—3 doz. Sides Fair Upper Leather, for sale by
WATT & WILSON,
no16 No. 235 Liberty st.

DRIED BERRIES—2 sacks Dried Blackberries; 1 sack Dried Huckleberries—for sale by
no16 WATT & WILSON, 235 Liberty st.

REMOVAL.—F. SELLERS & CO. have removed to their New Warehouse, on PENN ST., (owned by Mrs. Wayne, and opposite to the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad Depot. no16

WATT'S SHIP AXES AND ADZES—
for sale by
B. WOLFF, Jr.,
no16 corner St. Clair and Liberty sts.

MEAT CUTTERS AND STUFFERS, of all kinds, for sale by
B. WOLFF, Jr.,
no16 corner St. Clair and Liberty sts.

BUTCHERS' SCALES, KNIVES, STEELS, etc., for sale by
B. WOLFF, Jr.,
no16 corner St. Clair and Liberty sts.

APPLES! APPLES!—147 bbls. Green Apples, this day rec'd by
HENRY H. COLLINS.
no16

GREASE—In barrels, kegs and cans, a superior article for carriages, buggies, drays and wagons, for sale by
no16 HENRY H. COLLINS.

NEW CLOVERSEED—25 bus. for sale by
SAM'L S. FLOYD & CO.,
no16 334 Liberty st.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—100 bags, 50th. each, Buckwheat Flour, for sale by
no16 SAM'L S. FLOYD & CO., 334 Liberty st.

RYE—100 bus. Rye, to arrive, for sale by
no16 SAMUEL S. FLOYD & CO.

DRIED PEACHES—300 bu. Prime Halves for sale by
no16 HENRY H. COLLINS

LIME—230 bbls Fresh Lime, rec'd and for sale by
no16 HENRY H. COLLINS

CHAIN LAIN BROCHE SHAWLS, very cheap. Long Wool Shawls and Plaids Shawls, at
BURCHFIELD & CO'S,
no9 Corner Fourth and Market sts.

New Advertisements.

STEAMBOAT HULL FOR SALE.
THE HULL of the STEAMBOAT CHEVOIT, now lying at the Allegheny wharf.
FOR SALE VERY LOW.
It is in good order, having been decked last summer.
Inquire of
O. P. SCOAPE,
at Wm. B. Scaife & Sons, First st.,
no15 between Wood and Market, Pittsburgh.

NEW CROP N. O. SUGAR AND MOLASSES—
50 hhds N. O. SUGAR, and
150 bbls and 100 kegs N. O. MOLASSES, New Crop—to arrive this week by steamer Reliance—all of which will be sold at a very great decline, by
no15 JOHN I. HOUSE & CO.

THIRTY-EIGHTH LIST of Applications for Selling Liquors, filed in the Clerk's Office up to November 14th, 1860.

Black Thomas M., tavern	2d ward,	Pittsburgh
Davis Harland, eating house,	1st ward,	do
Espey Charles, tavern,	Birmingham	
Gleason James,	do 6th ward,	Pittsburgh
Hoffman's Peter,	do Middle township	
Mitchell John, eating house,	M'Keesport	
Smith Andrew, eating house,	Manchester	
Sicker Charles, tavern,	8th ward,	Pittsburgh
Silvers George,	do Reserve township	
Wilmer Darius,	do 6th ward,	Pittsburgh
Wilenhoffer, eating house,	Wilkins tp	

The Board of Licensers will meet on Saturday, November 24th, 1860.
Attest: THOMAS A. ROWLEY, Clerk.
Clerk's Office, November 14th, 1860. no16:3t

NEW DRESS GOODS—
New Cloaks and Burnous,
Country Blankets, Flannels, &c. &c.
no15 G. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market st

PHYSICIANS' VISITING LISTS and Hand Books of Practice for 1861.
no15 SAY & CO., 65 Wood street.

HOOP POLES—8,000 Hickory Hoop Poles, for stock work, on wharf, for sale by
no15 JAS. A. FETZER, corner Market and Firsts

DUNCAN M'DONALD, of the late firm of D. & D. M'Donald & Co., Wellsville, O.
JOHN ARNCKLE, JR., Pittsburgh. JOHN ARNCKLE, Pittsburgh
M'DONALD & ARNCKLE,
WHOLESALE GROCERS, Produce and Commission Merchants, Jobbers in N. O Sugars and Molasses, Refined Sugars and Syrups, Flour, Bacon, Rice, Cheese, Seeds, &c.
No. 253 Liberty st.,
no14:dy PITTSBURGH.

HENRY LAMBERT.....JOHN SHIPTON

LAMBERT & SHIPTON,
WHOLESALE GROCERS, Produce Dealers and Commission Merchants.
No. 6 Sixth street,
no14:dy Pittsburgh, Pa.

SUNDRIES—50 hhds. Fair to Prime N. O. Sugar.
75 b ls Prime N O Molasses.
50 do Eastern Refined Sugars.
50 do Syrups.
100 boxes assorted brands Choice Tobacco;
50 caddy bxs do do
125 chests and half-chests best brands Teas;
40 catty boxes do do
150 bags Rio C offee, fair to choice;
500 bbls choice Extra Family White Wheat Flour.
500 bus Yellow Corn, Prime, in Ear.
100 bbls prime Cleaning Cheese, N. O. &c.
In store and for sale by M'DONALD & ARNCKLE,
s:16 253 Liberty st., near Wood.

PRICE'S LONDON GLYCERINE;
Low & Sons' Cold Cream;
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral;
Bininger's London Dock Gin;
Baker's Cod Liver Oil;
Allcok's Porous Plasters;
Old Castille Soap—10 boxes;
Glycerine and Fancy Soaps,
Choice Havana Cigars;
Burnett's Cocoaine;
Genuine Bay Rum;
Burning Fluid and Carbon Oil;
For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist,
and Dealer in CHEMICAL FAMILY MEDICINES,
no14:3t corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.

OIL! OIL! OIL!
REFINERS and those thinking of going into the refining of Petroleum or Carbon Oils, and wishing for reliable and practical information concerning the exact cost and the best method of constructing and carrying the works, &c. &c., and the best process for treating said oils, to produce the best refined Oils—not like those selling for 58 to 65 cents, but the colorless, odorless oils, for which there is a wholesale demand, at 80 cents, and more than can be supplied! A saving in some cases of more than the whole necessary cost of the works, can be made by having the necessary practical information from a competent person. The undersigned, a practical refiner of nearly five years experience, will attend to any suits addressed to him. CHARLES WHITMAN,
no14:2t Pittsburgh, Pa

A LARGE and well-assorted stock of all kinds of CUTLERY.
Dental and Surgical Instruments,
KNIVES, FORKS, LIGHTNING RODS, SCISSORS,
Mechanics' Tools and Ammunition,
GUNS, PISTOLS, REVOLVERS, RIFLES, RAZORS,
POCKET KNIVES,
&c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c.
CARTWRIGHT & YOUNG,
No. 97 Wood Street,
no16 corner of Diamond alley.

CONSIGNMENTS—100 bbls Prime N. O. Molasses in oak packages, for sale very low.
15 bbls Port Sugar, to arrive.
200 boxes Wood's Starch, in store.
20 bbls choice Apples, for family use.
7 do do Rt Ham Flour, Cash's and Magnolia brands.
1 bbl Roll Butter, 500 bus Flax Seed—for sale by
no14 FRANK VAN GORDER, 114 Second st.

SUNDRIES—300 bus. Spring Barley;
150 bus Prime Hat Peaches; 15 bus Chestnuts;
2 bbls Fresh Roll Butter; 10 sacks Dry Apples;
50 dos Fancy Brooms—for sale by
no14 L. G. GRAFF, 283 Liberty st.

FISH—100 packages, bbls. and halves, No.
3 large Mackerel; 50 do do No. 2 Medium do;
75 pkgs, bbls and halves, No. 3 Medium Mackerel;
50 do do do White Fish and Trout;
50 bbls choice Bay or Island Herrings;
10 do do No. 1 Shad; 5 do Salmon Trout;
10 do No. 1 Medium Salmon; 10 bbls Split Cod fish.
For sale by no14 LAWRENCE & SHIPTON.

HOME-MADE AND EASTERN BLANKETS,
Home-made and Eastern Flannels,
White and Colored Cotton Flannels,
Ladies' and Misses' white and colored Woolen Hosiery,
and all kinds of Woolen Goods, cheap.
no14 H. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market st.

MOLASSES AND SUGAR.—150 bbls. Refin'g Sugars, assorted.
100 bbls Crushed, Pulverized and Coffee.
110 do prime N. O. Molasses.
10 hhds do do
for sale at reduced prices, by LAMBERT & SHIPTON.
no14 No. 6 Sixth st.

TRANSPARENT GREEN OIL CLOTH
2500 yards just rec'd from factory, for sale by
no14 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

OIL CLOTH COVERS—for Tables, Stands and Bureaus, a superior article, as I rec'd from factory, for sale at 28 and 26 Cts. Clair st.
no14 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

TRANSPARENT WINDOW SHADES—of all styles, wholesale and retail, at 24 and 26 St. Clair st.
no14 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

INDIA RUBBER BAPTISMAL PANTS—A few pair just rec'd from the India Rubber Depot, 24 and 26 St. Clair st.
no14 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

COFFEE—100 bags fair to prime Rio;
25 bags Java—for sale by
no14 LAMBERT & SHIPTON.

SYRUPS—30 bbls. Penna; 20 bbls United States.
no14 LAMBERT & SHIPTON.

ALLEN, McCORMICK & CO.
VALLEY FOUNDRY,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Warehouse, No. 52 St. Clair street.
MANUFACTURERS OF COOK, PARLOR and HEATING STOVES, Patent Cast Iron Kitchen Ranges, Hollow Ware, etc.; Steel and Glass Mould Boards, Rolled Mill Castings, Mill Gearing, Gas, Water and Axle Arm Pipe, Bell Irons, Door Plates, Sash Weights, Sad Irons, Patent Plates, Hangers, Car Wheels, Couplings, and Castings generally. Also, Job Casting and Machine Castings made to order. Patented Portable Mills, with Steam or Horse Power.

BANK MILLS, Wall-Irons, HAM BOILERS, OVEN DOORS, shovels and Rakers, Fox Furnaces, FLUE RINGS, Store Pipe, Vent Flues, Fire Backs, &c.

WASH-HOUSE CAULDRONS AND FURNACES, *the best arrangement for the Wash-House that is now in use.* Jamb Grates, Kitchen Grates, Tea Kettles, etc. etc.
The public are respectfully invited to call and examine our extensive stock.
aug24:dwly BISSELL & CO

STOVES. STOVES.
D. DE HAVEN & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
COOK, PARLOR and HEATING
STOVES.
Warehouse, Federal Street, near New Suspension bridge, ALLEGHENY CITY.

We ask the attention of dealers to our large assortment of Cooking and Heating Stoves, for Wood and Coal, which we are selling at the lowest prices. Those visiting our city will find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Cast Iron House Fronts, Iron railing, Scales, Hollow Ware, Wagon Boxes.
Plain and Fancy Grate Fronts, Fenders, etc., Castings of all kinds made to order.
jy14:1yd D. DE HAVEN & SON.

Eaton, Cree & Macrum,
Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street,
JOBBERS AND RETAILERS OF
Dress Trimmings, Embroideries, Straw Goods,
Ribbons, Flowers and Roches,
Gloves and Gauntlets, Plain and Ribbed Hosiery,
Woolen Hoods, Scarfs, &c.
Shirts, Collars, Cravats, &c.
Hair Nets, Combs, Pocketbooks, &c.
Zephyr and Shetland Wool,
Plain and Fancy Knitting Yarns,
Yankee Notions and Fancy Articles.
We are prepared to sell to City and Country Dealers equally as low as any Eastern Jobbing House.
WHOLESALE DEPARTMENTS, SECOND FLOORS, 17 and 19 Fifth st. oct7

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINE!
No. 27 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.
PAIRS OF 1860!
WHEELER & WILSON
Awarded the First Premium at the
United States Fair; Ohio State Fair;
Illinois State Fair; Iowa State Fair;
Wisconsin State Fair; Kentucky State Fair;
Tennessee State Fair; New Jersey State Fair;
Vermont State Fair;
Chicago Mechanics' Institute;
Louisville Mechanics' Institute;
Cincinnati Mechanics' Institute;
Allegheny County Fair, Pittsburgh,
and other County Fairs, too numerous to mention.
WE offer to the public WHEELER & WILSON'S IMPROVED SEWING MACHINE, AT REDUCED PRICES,
with increased confidence in its merits as the best and most reliable Family Sewing Machine now in use. It sews equally well on all kinds of work, from the finest muslin to cloth impossible to unravel, with the essential advantage of being able to run both sides, forming an exact stitch alike on both sides,