Pittsburgh Gazette.

OLDEST PAPER OF THE CITY.

SATURDAY MORNING, NOV. 10, 1860.

CITY AFFAIRS.

Meteorological Observations for the *Gazette*, by S. S. S. Shaw, Optician, 55 Fifth St.—corrected daily:

	INSIDE.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, a. m.	60	48
12 " m.	60	54
6 " p. m.		46
Barometer	29	1.10

SUPREME COURT—Chief Justice Lowrie and Judges Woodward, Thompson, Strong and Reed on the Bench.

The following opinions were read and judgment entered:

Bigham vs. Sutton. Allegheny. Affirmed.

By Lowrie, C. J.—Gallagher vs Coyle. Armstrong. The judgment quashing the appeal is affirmed.

Byrne vs. Boyle. Cambria. Affirmed.

Barnett vs. Patterson. Westmoreland. Affirmed.

Perry vs. Anderson's Adm'r. Westmoreland. Affirmed.

Coder vs. Reynolds. Allegheny. Affirmed.

By Woodward, J.—Commonwealth *ex rel.* Middleton vs. the Commissioners of Allegheny County. Petition for Mandamus. Judgment for Relator. Chief Justice Lowrie dissents. [The decree will be found in full elsewhere.]

Parks vs. Kleber & Bro. Allegheny. Judgment reversed and *venire de novo* awarded.

Thompson, J. dissents

Singer vs. Evans. Allegheny. Affirmed.

By Reed, J.—Anderson's appeal. Montgomery. Decree revised. Lowrie, C. J., and Strong, J., dissent.

Johns vs. Lancaster county. Lancaster. Affirmed.

Lycoming Mutual Insurance Company vs. Peden. Cambria. Revised, and *venire de novo* awarded.

By Strong, J.—Bryar vs. Harrison. Allegheny. Affirmed.

Silverton vs. Townsend. Erie. Affirmed.

Road in Robinson tp. Allegheny. Reversed.

Cooper vs. Wright's adm'r. Allegheny. Affirmed.

By Thompson, J.—Coulder vs. O'Connor. Allegheny. Affirmed.

Gillespie vs. Miller. Allegheny. Affirmed.

Rice vs. Kier et al. Allegheny. Affirmed.

Gordon's appeal. Allegheny. Affirmed.

Boyer's Road. Jefferson. Reversed at petitioner's cost.

Garland & Bierne vs. Cunningham. Crawford. Reversed, and *venire de novo* awarded.

Yee vs. Tee. Allegheny. Affirmed.

Freeman *et al.* vs. Yeakirk *et al.* Washington. Argued by Wilson for complainants, and by Green contra—M'Kennan following for complainants.

Lloyd vs. Leyda. Washington. Argued by Wallace for appellants, and by Wilson contra.

Patterson vs. Greenland. Fayette. Argued by Kaine for plaintiff in error, and by Howell and Veech contra, and closed by Barclay for plaintiff in error.

Monongahela Bridge Co. vs. Kreppe. Fayette. Argued by Kaine for plaintiff in error. Court declined hearing Veech contra.

Crawford vs. Stewart. Fayette. Argued by Kaine for plaintiff in error, and by Howell contra.

Court adjourned till nine o'clock Saturday morning.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS—Before Judges M'Clure, Adams and Patterson.

Friday, Nov. 9th, 1860.—The case of the Commonwealth vs. John Morrison was concluded this morning. Spirited arguments were made by the counsel on both sides, after which the Court charged the jury, and it retired. After a considerable absence, a verdict of acquittal was found.

Col. M'Quaid of Plum township, was indicted for selling liquor without a license. The proof was that he had, on different occasions, pulled a bottle from under his counter and served out liquor to his friends, but received no pay.

The indictment denounced the prosecution as a piece of spite work commenced by a man named Robinson Evans. It came out in the evidence that the latter had said to the constable who captured McQuaid "if you do not attend to him" (McQuaid) "I will attend to you!" The counsel argued, therefore, that it was the duty of the jury to go behind the indictment, and if Evans were the real prosecutor, tax the costs on him. The court charged the jury that the law empowered them to do this if they saw fit. After a few minutes absence they returned with a simple "verdict" of acquittal, without making any disposition of the costs.

Com. vs. Wm. B. Humphries, indicted for seduction on oath of Mary Ann Smith. Both prosecutrix and defendant are minors, the former being 17 years of age and the latter 19. The testimony for the commonwealth was substantially that the defendant had been paying attention to the prosecutrix for some months, the time prior to the 8th of March last, the time of the alleged offence. That after he had debauched her, he said to different individuals he would marry her, he would make it all right, &c. His behavior to her was also proved to correspond with her allegation of an engagement between them. In her examination she became somewhat confused as to dates, but the sad extremity in which she is placed may account for this. The defence swore a number of witnesses to prove the defendant's good character, after which the Court adjourned. The counsel will make their argument on Monday morning.

CORONER'S HUMANITY.—Quite a pathetic scene transpired in the court room of the Quarter Sessions, yesterday morning. A poor woman named Mary McGurk, having no other means of supporting a family of little children, had resorted to selling liquor. She was recommended by a constable, and knowing of no better alternative, she plead guilty and threw herself on the mercy of the Court. Judge M'Clure was very much affected by her circumstances, but observed that she had made herself amenable to the law, and he knew of no way by which she could be extricated. If any one could suggest a method, he desired him to do so. It was therefore proposed to enter a nol. pros., but the difficulty arose that the woman would still have to go to jail for the costs. Various other suggestions were made, but none were of any avail. Finally, Mr. Miller, the prosecuting attorney, whose benevolent genius in the emergency seemed to be quite felicitous, moved that she withdraw her plea of guilty, enter one of not guilty, and be discharged on her own recognizance. The court expressed itself gratified with the motion, and the woman was discharged. The recognizance will be forfeited, and that will be the end of it, as the woman is not legally responsible for the money.

PROBABLE HOMICIDE.—On Thursday night Elizabeth Jackson and Sarah Ann Coff, both colored women, were taken to the watch house for some misdemeanor on the street, and confined in one cell. Afterwards, Catharine Fagan, a white woman, and like the others, a prostitute, was arrested by some of the night watch on a charge of disorderly conduct, and put in the same cell. Shortly after the incarceration of the latter, high words passed between the white woman and the two Negresses, but no attention was paid to the wrangling, as such people are frequently boisterous when in the lock-up, and seldom do each other any mischief. In the present instance, however, the parties brought their quarrel to a fatal tragical end. A large dirk knife was drawn by the first named colored woman while the dispute was at its height, and plunged into the breast and back of Catherine Fagan, inflicting two dangerous wounds. It is doubtful whether she will recover, as her constitution is so far impaired by habitual dissipation that its natural vigor is nearly all gone. She was taken to Mercy Hospital, and will be properly cared for there. Elizabeth Jackson was sent to jail to await her trial for the offence, in case the wounds terminate fatally. There are but few cells in the lock-up, and it becomes necessary every day to put two or more together. Did circumstances permit, each one would be assigned a separate cell.

THE SUPPOSED POTTERTON ROBBERY.—Sebastian Wimmer, who figured in the story of the apparition at St. Vincents, published in the *Dispatch* some time ago, and is now incumbent of the Postoffice at St. Vincents, wrote a letter to Mayor Wilson, which was received yesterday, stating that a lot of stamps, corresponding in denomination and quantity with those found on Harris, had been ordered to that office and perhaps were the ones taken. He remarks that circumstantial evidence to render the matter at least worthy of investigation, and suggests the propriety of telegraphing to the department at Washington.

It appears, however, that Mr. Wimmer is not correct in his conjectures. Officer Hagus received the dispatches yesterday. The one was from Mr. Moore, directing Harris to be held until further advice. The other was from T. Bensker, P. M. of Richmond, O., directing the authorities here to hold Harris for the "larceny of some post stamps stolen from the postoffice at Richmond, O." He will therefore be kept in custody until Monday for preliminary examination before the commissioner, and after that will probably be 'remanded' to Cleveland for trial.

PLANK ROAD ELECTIONS.—On Monday the stockholders of the Lawrenceville and Shaipsburg Plank Road Company, met and elected the following officers: President, David Holmes; Treasurer, R. L. Ewalt; Managers, David Holmes, Archibald Kelly, J. T. McCance, R. L. Ewalt, and James Rinkin.

On the same day the stockholders of the Spring Garden Plank Road Company, elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Adam Fleeger; Secretary, Dr. Hardtmayer; Treasurer, R. L. Ewalt and L. Mauly; Managers, M. Fahney, [illegible]

A TABLET MALADY.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Official.

LINCOLN'S MAJORITY 10,000.

Vote for Governor and President, 1860.

DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR. Curtin R.	GOVERNOR. Foster D.	PRESIDENT. Lincoln (Republican)	PRESIDENT. Douglas D.
1st ward	428	186	424	135
2d do	387	199	401	140
3d do 1st prec't	338	208	378	116
3d do 2d do.	243	639	262	338
4th do	409	235	420	150
5th do 1st prec't	199	218	236	164
5th do 2d do.	490	346	516	41
6th do	622	556	624	216
7th do	239	146	258	96
8th do	443	196	461	151
9th do	480	219	421	150
1st do	528	169	586	98
2d do	471	168	521	133
3d do	629	320	572	262
4th do 1st prec't	569	208	585	159
4th do 2d do.	236	154	279	105
Birmingham, 1st prec't	219	162	244	104
" 2d do.	276	182	301	130
Duquesne	154	65	161	48
East Birmingham	375	225	401	186
Elizabeth	104	56	101	48
Lawrenceville	309	187	345	185
Manchester	232	201	244	144
McKeesport	254	148	282	122
Monongahela	114	88	115	73
Sewickley	108	32	101	26
Sharpsburg	178	92	188	87
South Pittsburgh	218	126	219	95
Tarentum	92	47	96	35
Temperanceville	149	107	146	102
West Elizabeth	50	23	49	11
West Pittsburgh townships	87	74	106	78
Baldwin	206	101	249	81
Chartiers	223	142	216	116
Collins	242	74	252	53
Crescent	23	29	21	29
East Deer	122	28	143	25
Elizabeth	526	168	512	147
Fawn, 1st prec't	180	29	229	80
" 2d "	70	23	143	10
Findley	83	125	94	110
Franklin	90	98	88	91
Indiana	202	166	221	140
Jefferson	161	114	148	83
Lower St. Clair	286	311	310	275
McCandless	109	60	111	67
McClure	95	54	95	44
Millvale	357	210	344	167
Moon	99	106	104	87
North Fayette	42	1	48	5
North Versailles	172	88	180	74
Ohio	122	116	144	71
Patton	103	76	107	59
Peebles, 1st dist.	167	65	169	45
" 2d "	92	45	103	36
Penn	197	50	203	16
Pine	92	45	73	48
Pitt	244	141	244	88
Plum	194	103	148	96
Reserve	214	149	236	113
Richland	73	41	73	36
Robinson	149	120	150	101
Ross	153	105	167	94
Sewickley	71	42	74	40
Shaler	211	82	220	90
Snowden	176	63	184	61
South Fayette	134	65	141	61
Upper St. Clair	185	101	184	86
Versailles	270	147	242	176
West Deer	154	45	158	32
Wilkins	244	91	232	44
TOTALS—Lincoln	16,728			
Douglas, fusion	6,725			
Bell	1,041			
Lincoln's majority	10,003			

Majority, straight, 225
Majority, fusion, 870

ANOTHER MANDAMUS.—*The County Commissioners Ordered to Levy Another Railroad Tax.*—In the Supreme Court yesterday Judge Woodward delivered an opinion in the case of the Commonwealth vs. The Commissioners of Allegheny county, application for a mandamus compelling the respondents to make provision for the interest due on the bonds issued by the county to the Chartiers Valley Railroad. The case was argued at length at a recent sitting of the Court in this city, it is only yesterday that the decision in the matter was made known. The opinion is a well written paper. The decree of the Court is, however, against the Commissioners, and they will now have to levy the tax as ordered, or run the risk of being punished for contempt as before.

"And, now to wit, November 9th, 1860, this cause having been argued by counsel, and fully considered, it is ordered and adjudged that judgment be entered upon the demurrer for the Commonwealth, and that the defendants and their successors in office be and are hereby peremptorily commanded to make at their next annual meeting for estimating the public expenses of Allegheny county, full and ample provision for the payment of all interest upon the bonds issued by the county in payment of its subscription of $150,000 to the capital stock of the Chartiers Valley Railroad Company, which shall, at the time of said meeting, be due and unpaid, and also all the interest on the said bonds to fall due and payable on said bonds in the year next succeeding the meeting of said commissioners, and that the said defendants immediately thereafter issue their proper warrants to the collectors of the county rates and levies of said county for the collection thereof, and that they forthwith pay the costs of this suit." The Chief Justice dissents, but all the others concur in the decree.

COLLISION.—A collision occurred last night on the Monongahela river, between the ferry boat No. 2 of the Pittsburgh and Birmingham ferry and a tow boat, by which the former was run into and so badly damaged that she sank in about three minutes afterwards. It appears that the ferry boat was coming down to the city and when just opposite the foot of Ross street was run into by a tow boat which was going in the opposite direction. The ferry boat was instantly headed for the shore by the pilot, but was so badly stove in, that she filled and sank just as her bows touched the levee. No lives were lost, but the passengers, about two dozen in number, received a sound ducking and were badly frightened. It was almost a miracle that they escaped with their lives. The matter should be enquired into and the offending parties severely punished for so recklessly endangering the lives of our citizens. The ferry boat had two red signal lights burning, which were visible to, but not heeded by, the persons in charge of the tow boat. The ferry boat is badly injured and it will cost considerable to get her in running order again.

BURGLARY.—The residence of Mr. Franklin Wright, civil engineer, located on the river bank, between Locust and Walnut streets, in the borough of Manchester, was entered by burglars on Sunday night and robbed of about $30.00 in money, a lot of silver spoons and some clothing. The family had all gone to church that evening except Mrs. Wright and her daughter. About 8 o'clock the young lady heard a noise, and on entering her own chamber discovered her bureau drawer open, and as her port-monnie gone. She concluded that her father had taken it out for the purpose of getting change for the church collection, and without think any further of the matter, returned to her mother. When Mr. Wright returned from church the robbery was discovered and a search instituted for the robbers, but without success. No clue has yet been found which would indicate who the thief or thieves were.

GEORGE VANDERHEYT.—The following is taken from the London *Morning Post:*

"Vandenhoff not only satisfies but delights us; first by his really beautiful level speaking; secondly, he charms us by the exquisite delicacy he manifests in his dramatic picture, and the masterly finish of its details; thirdly, by the sympathetic glow of feeling emanating from the heart—the genial steadily burning poetic fire which everywhere vivifies his conceptions, and warms, by its electric fervor, the coldest of his auditors into admiration."

As Mr. V. has always been appreciated in Pittsburgh, Concert Hall will be filled with his admirers on Monday evening, when he will give new readings from Dickens.

FORGERY.—Aldermen Donaldson, of the 4th ward, yesterday, committed to the county prison in default of $600 bail, George W. Beel, for forging the name of Wm. S. Walker. The accused was a driver in the employ of Mr. Walker, who is in the ice business, and has been in the habit lately of collecting money due his employer, by representing that he was authorized to receipt Mr. Walker's name for it. Thursday he received $5 from the keeper of a German restaurant in the Diamond, named Viserbeller, and signed Mr. Walker's name to it, forgetting, however, to make any return to that individual. The fraud was accidentally discovered, and the man arrested as above and committed for trial.

THREATENED TO BREAK HER NECK.—A German woman named Joseph Strucker was arrested by the Fifth ward police, yesterday, and brought before Aldermen Jones to answer a charge of surety of the peace, brought against him by a French woman, named Marie Schmitteller. The parties are neighbors in Birmingham. The cause of the difficulty was that prosecutrix did not keep such hours and company as the defendant approved of. She at length so excited his ire that he threatened to break her neck if she did not behave herself. Sebastian Robe became Strucker's security in $400 for the appearance of the latter to answer the charge at court.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Samuel Shaffer, a conductor of a freight train on P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., was caught between two cars while attempting to couple them together, at Massillon depot, on last Monday morning, and was so seriously injured that he died about one o'clock the next morning. His remains were taken on a special train to Alliance, where he resided. He was a young man, and leaves a wife and two children to mourn their loss.

In the vote for President, in this county, on Tuesday last, on the Bell ticket, Wright received 338 and Sloane 256 votes.

[For the Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.]

The Banner Tp. (of the Sunny) County.

Neville Township, Allegheny County, Pa., Nov. 9th, 1860.

Messrs. EDITORS: It is an interesting fact which you mention in the *Gazette* of this morning, in relation to this township and the Presidential election. It is probable that Allegheny county gives a larger majority for Lincoln than any other county in the Union, and Neville township is the Banner Township of the Banner County. There are circumstances, however, connected with the history of the persons after whom it was named, that seem worthy of something more than a hasty filling notice or allusion.

It is now just about sixty years since a very dangerous insurrection against a law of the United States was about being suppressed by the energy of George Washington, and strengthened by the glorious and patriotic spirit of the yeomanry of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland and Virginia.

In that insurrectionist there was a leader of the name of Brackenridge, whose teachings were scarcely less atrocious than those of the Brackenridge who acted so prominent a part in our recent struggle.

That Brackenridge in his pitiful, sickening defence of his conduct, assigns to the "*Neville connection*" (as he called John Neville's family and his brother-in-law, Major Kirkpatrick,) a degree of zeal, fidelity and activity in defence of the laws of his land, and in opposition to Brackenridge and his adherents, scarcely less marked than the unanimous rebuke of the latter Brackenridge by the township called after the head of that family.

I may as well, before I close, mention some matters which seem to connect and identify singularly the township with the name of the family after which it was called.

A few years after John Neville's property was destroyed by the insurgents, he removed to Montour's Island, now *Neville* township, where he resided until his death. Subsequently Major Isaac Craig and his wife Amelia, the only daughter of John Neville, also lived and died there.

Thus there seems to be a natural, historical connection between the opponents of the insurrection in 1794 and the township which administered the tremendous rebuke to unprincipled agitators and demagogism in 1860. There seems to be but one thing necessary to round off, and perfect the parallelism between the actual insurrection of 1794 and the dangerous doctrines and notions of one of the parties of 1860, and that is that the Governor of the present day should, like his predecessor of 1794, write a book to explain his conduct and his doctrines.

There is one additional reminiscence, which forms a very curious line or range of mental stepping stones between the city of Charleston, the very birth or nucleus of the present rebellious spirit and the present act our President elect and of the banner township.

In the year 1750 Charleston was besieged by the British army and fleet, and after a gallant defence by the American troops under the command of General Benjamin *Lincoln* they were compelled to capitulate as prisoners of war, and among them were John and Presley Neville, father and son. But we have no record of there being a Brackenridge there.

P. S.—Since writing the above, I find that you claim for Pennsylvania the post of the Banner State. If this claim is well founded, then *Neville* is the banner township of the banner county in the banner State.

MENTOR.

[COMMUNICATED.]

PITTSBURGH AND BIRMINGHAM PASSENGER RAILWAY.—For many months the road has been doing a large and prosperous business, and from the polite-ness and gentlemanly character of its conductors, and the cleanliness of its cars has given general satisfaction. To be sure the residents on the line who have occasion to travel three or four times a day, feel it rather a hardship not to have issued in their favor some commutation tickets. Still they were good conduct prevailing in all its departments.

But it seems that the proprietors are not making money fast enough, and are going to turn off all their conductors, substituting boys, with horses in their place. A very bad precaution, indeed, for those who now travel into the city at night, especially for the feebler portion of our race.

Boys with or without horses, can never keep order on board the cars as the conductors now are always obliged to do. No lady will think it safe to leave her home, as she has done, and trust to the conductor after what has happened. No gentleman will ride with the prospect of a row on board, and the company will find that the chance of their road will be lost, as well as their dividends. They think to save—out of seven conductors, seven dollars a day, but the end will prove them more on loss than in profit. *Verbum sat sapientia*

One of the Public that Rides.

AMONG the many apparent trifles continually being brought to the surface from the ideal undercurrent of social affairs, there are occasionally simple articles coming but little in detail, but whose combined benefits, usefulness and economy of time and money, aggregate on the basis of millions. Such an article is Spalding's Prepared Glue. Its uses are innumerable, and as its cost is next to nothing, the demand for it is universal. It is prepared with chemicals, and used cold—requiring but little skill for its application.—*Home Journal, N. Y., August 27, 1860.*

SARSAPARILLA.—This tropical root has a reputation wide as the world, for curing one class of disorders that affect mankind—a reputation too, which it deserves as the best antidote we possess for scrofulous complaints. But to be brought into use, its virtues must be concentrated and combined with other medicines that increase its power. Some reliable compound of this character is much needed in the community. Read the advertisement of Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla in our columns, and learn if it needs no encomium from us to give our citizens confidence in what he offers.—*Organ, Syracuse, N. Y.*

All late papers, magazines, new books or back numbers of all the popular magazines and newspapers, can always be had at Hunt & Miners' Bookstore and news agency, on Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice.

DIARIES for 1861; over fifty different kinds. The best ever offered for sale in this city can be had at Hunt & Miners, at unprecedented low prices.

ALMANACS for 1860; over twenty different kinds are for sale at Hunt & Miners. Dealers supplied at the lowest prices. Call at Hunt & Miner's for anything you want in that line.

THEATER.—This evening, the whole of the "Old Pittsburgh's" company will appear in the entire new play of the Blacksmith.

SEE the New York Dailies for election news. John W. Pilch, agent for Pittsburgh, has received an extra supply at W. A. Gildenfenny's News Depot, 45 Fifth street.

SEE the Philadelphia (Forney's) *Press*, to be had at W. A. Gildenfenny's News Depot. John W. Pilch, agent for Pittsburgh.

SHINGLES.—The shingle market is very dull just now, and prices have a declining tendency. The decline is attributed by a great many to the supply being more than equal to the demand, but the real cause may be traced in the fact that the demand is not so great as to forward cargoes, taking the rest being thought of when "Grogson's celebrated Asphalt Roofing Felt" can be obtained. The agent for this excellent material can be found at his office, Laughlin's building, Canal bank, near the city Water Works.

☞ We call the attention of our readers to an article advertised in another column, called BLOOD FOOD. It is an entirely new discovery, and must not be confounded with any of the so-called patent medicines of the day. It is *Food for the Blood* already prepared for use, most pleasant to the taste and natural in action, and what our physicians have long wanted, a remedy for suffering from poverty, impurity or deficiency of blood, and the nervous debility which follows, or almost, take of the Blood Food and be restored to health. We understand our Druggists have received a supply of the article, and that it is the world renowned DR. HAYDEN'S HEPATIC CORDIAL, which every mother should have. It contains no poisonous or opiate of any kind whatever, and of course must be invaluable for all the infantile complaints. It will allay all pain, and act on the gums in process of teething, and set the little sufferer back to health. To all mothers and nurses, who have endured anxious days and sleepless nights, procure a supply, and be at ease ever after.

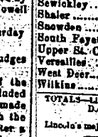
Sold by Druggists generally. Sold by GEO. H. KEYSER, Agent, 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh. Pa. sat1dlaw1w

☞ ALL should not fail to read the advertisement of Prof. Wood, in to-day's paper.

SAPONIFIER!

Important to Families!

Save Time, Trouble, and Expense,



THE BEST ARTICLE IN THE MARKET FOR MAKING

SOFT SOAP!

One pound equal to six pounds

POTASH!!

For Sale at Wholesale, by

Penn'a. Salt Manufact'g. Co.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

And by all Druggists & Grocers in the United States.

Notice to Builders and Contractors.

THE UNDERSIGNED (formerly Foreman for ROWLAND PARRY,) would respectfully inform those for whom he has done work, and the public generally, that he is now prepared to furnish SLATE of different colors, (green, blue and purple,) or put on SLATE ROOFS in the most approved manner. Orders for Roofing or repairing of Slate Roofs (if left at the office of ALEX. LAUGHLIN, near the Water Works,) will be promptly attended to.

THOMAS PARRY

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA—For Purifying the Blood.—Health depends almost entirely upon the state of the blood. If the vitalizing fluid which permeates every tissue, membrane, fibre, filament, gland or other organ, primary and subsidiary, be charged with the elements of disease, sickness must be the consequence, and until the cause is eradicated, no permanent relief can be expected. It is here that the powerful health-restoring properties of SANDS' SARSAPARILLA are manifested; its searching operation reaches the germ of disease, and the cure is performed as certain as it is speedy.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, 100 Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by F. A. AHLSTROOK & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa. Sold also by Druggists generally. mo6d1w1eit

L. G. GRAFF, COMMISSION MERCHANT, and MERCHANDISE BROKER,

No. 283 Liberty Street,

oct4-1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

TRUSS AND SUPPORTER MANUFACTURY. CARMICHAEL & YOUNG, No. 97 Wood st., nearly opposite the old stand, beg leave to call the attention of the afflicted to the fact that they are the only Manufacturers of Trusses and Supporters in the city.

They have had an experience of years in the manufacture, fitting and repair of these instruments, and can furnish them at prices very far below drug store figures.

All are solicited to call after examining elsewhere. se28

CARTWRIGHT & YOUNG, of Wood st.

BUSINESS CARDS,

WEDDING CARDS,

CIRCULARS,

AND

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Executed at THIS OFFICE, on the most favorable terms and at the shortest notice.

SINGING CLASS.

HAVING had frequent applications for a Singing Class, I propose to commence a class, on TUESDAY EVENING, 13th Nov., at 7 o'clock. As I can accommodate only a limited number, apply early at No. 5 Fifth street, where terms, &c., will be made known.

WM. D. SMITH.

BECK & LAZEAR, Wholesale Grocers, 185 Liberty street, and Dealers in Country Produce, prepared to receive Teas, Sugars, Coffees, Molasses, Syrups, Tobaccos, Soaps, Candles, Salt, Flour, and the usual Grocery assortment, on privileges. Special attention given to the sale of Grain, Seed, and Country Produce. ly

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully call the attention of his friends and customers to his new stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

comprising the newest designs in Foreign and Domestic Goods, for Gentlemen's Apparel. Also a full assortment of Boys' and Youths' Clothing kept constantly on hand, and made to order in the very best manner, by JAMES G. WATT,

oct24 corner of Penn and St. Clair sts.

SUNDRIES.—STARCH—250 boxes of J. Wood's celebrated make.

SUGAR MOLASSES—25 bbls. at low prices.

VINEGAR—30 bbls City Manufacture.

WHITE FISH—10 bbl bbls, to close consignment.

RYE FLOUR—20 bbls, Fresh Ground.

APPLES—50 bbls, Choice and Common; 60 bus Spring.

BARLEY—5 bbls Choice Extra Family.

FLOUR—10 bbls

For sale by FRANK VAN GORDER,

oct20 No. 114 Second st.

2000 ENDLS. Rag and PING PAPER, Manilla and Straw WRAPPING PAPER, for sale at manufacturers' prices.

The highest market prices paid, in cash, for Rags, by

no8 J. R. CANFIELD & CO., Pittsburgh.

WHITE LIME—300 bbls. Lime, for sale by

oct31 J. R. CANFIELD & CO., Pittsburgh.

MOLASSES—25 bbls. N. O.

10 bbls Sugar House—for sale by

J. R. CANFIELD & CO., Pittsburgh.

SUGAR—100 hhds. fair to prime Sugar, in store and for sale low to the trade by

LITTLE & TRIMBLE,

no6 115 Second st.

100 BBLS. AND TCS. vanSTRUPS, in store for sale by

LITTLE & TRIMBLE,

no6 115 Second st.

REFINED SUGARS—100 bbls Granulated and Yellow Sugars, in store and for sale by

LITTLE & TRIMBLE,

no6 115 Second st.

N. O. MOLASSES—90 bbls N. O. cask cooperage, in store for sale by

LITTLE & TRIMBLE,

no6 115 Second st.

BROOM BRUSH—10 tons Broom Brush, in store and to arrive for sale by

LITTLE & TRIMBLE,

no6 115 Second st.

CIDER—15 bbls. Choice Cider, just rec'd for sale by

corner Wood and Water sts.

EAR CORN—250 bus. Ear Corn, for sale on wharf by

corner Wood and Water sts.

CHEESE! CHEESE!!—20 boxes Prime Western Reserve Dairy Cheese, for sale by

W. A. Cutting Cheese, 90 do do do, Hand-brand—just rec'd for sale by

no6 HENRY H. COLLINS

PARLOR FURNITURE—Parlor Furniture made to order, every description of

no6

SPLENDID STOCK OF DRAPERY CLOAKS, WHEELS WORK and BRAIDS on hand and for sale by

no3 CARTWRIGHT & YOUNG, 97 Wood st.

WHEAT—2 cars on track and for sale by

oct31 HINDMAN, NUERNEY & CO.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 9, 1860.—*Edn. Gaz:* Both branches of the Legislature are Republican as officially ascertained; also, that the Republican State ticket is elected.

D. D.

SAVANNAH, November 8.—The Mass meeting of citizens to-night was the largest ever held. Captain John A. Anderson presided, with Chas. H. May as Secretary. The following resolutions were moved by Captain F. E. Barlow, and seconded by Colonel Henry R. Jackson. They were supported in an eloquent speech by Hon. W. Law, a Bell elector of the State at large, and were adopted unanimously with enthusiasm:

"We, the citizens of the county of Chatham, ignore all past party names and issues, and cordially unite in the following resolutions:

Resolved, First—That the election of Lincoln and Hamlin to the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States ought not and will not be submitted to.

Second—That we request the Legislature to announce this opinion by resolution at the earliest practicable moment; to communicate and co-operate with the Governor in calling a Convention of the people to determining on some measures of redress.

Third—That we respectfully recommend to the Legislature to take into immediate consideration the passage of such laws as will be likely to alleviate any unusual embarrassment of the commercial interests of the State consequent upon the present political emergency.

Fourth—That we respectfully suggest to the Legislature to take immediate steps to organise and arm the forces of the State.

Fifth—That copies of the foregoing resolutions be sent, without delay to our Senators and Representatives in the general assembly of the State, who are hereby requested to lay them before the Houses of which they are respectively members.

The Colonial flag of Georgia was raised this afternoon on General Greene's monument on Johnson's Square, in the presence of an immense multitude, which was addressed by several speakers. Great excitement prevails.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Numerous letters from respectable sources continue to be received by the Administration, communicating statements respecting the condition of affairs in the South, and asserting that according to present indications South Carolina will certainly secede from the Union. As yet there has been no formal consideration of the subject in the Cabinet, and, therefore, no course of action in view of such a contingency has been adopted. Notwithstanding the reserve of the Cabinet officers, it is known that on the distinctive legal question of secession they do not agree. This difference between them has revived the rumor that Secretaries Cobb and Thompson are on the eve of resigning their positions, but the authority for saying that is without foundation. No troops have recently been sent to Southern military posts, nor is any movement of this character contemplated.

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 9.—No apprehension exists in official quarters that any efforts will be made to seize the forts or other public property in the South, as no such movement would be tolerated by the authorities of the States in which they are located, the questions which now distract the people of that section being of a great delicacy. Nothing will be done by the executive authority which would tend to expiate the public mind against the General Government, at this juncture, while, however the President will perform his duty of duly enforcing the laws. The resignation of the Federal officers in South Carolina will be allowed them to resign, but their action being contingent on their acceptance by the President, time will be allowed them to reconsider their action.

An erroneous report has prevailed that the President intends issuing a proclamation, but it will be recollected that Jackson did not pursue such a course until after South Carolina passed the nullifying ordinance.

The Cabinet to-day held their first meeting since the Presidential election, but no question in connection with Southern arrests required formal action.

A slight mistake occurred in yesterday's dispatch. It should have stated that there was no authority or foundation for the rumor of the resignation of Secretaries Cobb and Thompson.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The steamship Quaker City arrived this evening from Havana on the 5th inst. She brings the crew of the ship China—from New Orleans for Liverpool, which was totally burned off Cape Canaveral, Florida. The crew were taken off by the bark Ocean Bride and transferred to the Quaker City. The ship China had 1700 bales of cotton aboard and was owned at Portland.

The crew of the bark Champion mutinied at Havana. The captain shot one of the crew but he was restored, but the evidence exhonerated the captain. The mutineers were sent to Key West for trial.

Sugars were unchanged.

LYNCHBURG, Va., Nov. 9.—The repairs to the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad, caused by the late freshet, will be completed by Saturday. The sale of through tickets to New Orleans and immediate points will be resumed at New York and other stations on Tuesday morning.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., Nov. 9.—The Gazette sums up the vote of Virginia in 266 counties, as follows:—Bell's gains over the vote of Goggin for Governor 13,000; Breckinridge's gain over the vote for Letcher, 8,510.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 9.—The Mail publishes a dispatch from Atalanta, stating that M'Queen M'Intash, the Federal Judge of Florida, will not hold office under Lincoln.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 9.—Returns from 13 counties in the Southwest give Breckinridge 2,760 majority. Democratic gain of 3,300. The State is now considered certain for Breckinridge.

PENNSYLVANIA.

NORRISTOWN, Nov. 9.—The following is the vote of Montgomery county: Lincoln, 5,825; Reading ticket, 5,096; straight Douglas ticket, 809; Bell, 686.

Georgia.

AUGUSTA, Nov. 9.—Returns from thirty-eight counties give the following vote: Bell 19,000, Breckinridge 17,000; Douglas 6,000.

The official vote in 67 counties give Breckinridge 29,000; Douglas 29,500; Bell 9,000.

Louisiana.

Breckinridge has a plurality of 3000.

Mississippi.

The returns indicate Breckinridge gains.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION FOR NOVEMBER.

JOHN DILWORTH, V. P.

JOHN KELSO PURVIANCE, } Sect. M. KER,
J. B. ANSLEY, } A. R. REDER.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

[Reported especially for the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, Nov. 10, 1860.

FLOUR.—We have no important change to notice in this article. It remains in the dull and inactive condition which we have reported it for some time back. The demand is limited, while the transactions are generally of a local nature. We note the following sales:

	Super.	Extra	Ex. Fam.	Fancy
55 bbls from store	——	$ 30	$ 75	——
25 do do	——	——	6 00	——
75 do do	——	——	6 00	——
150 do do	$ 25	$ 50	6 75	$ 00
100 do do	——	5 00	6 12½	6 25
150 do do	——	5 40	6 50	6 25
125 do do	——	5 50	——	——
87 do do	——	5 50	——	——
100 do do	——	——	6 75	6 38

GRAIN.—Oats—We could not learn of a single operation yesterday, and therefore omit quotations. Corn—In small but steady demand. Sales of 100 bush ear from depot at 40. Barley—Sales of 300 bush medium Spring at 65c. Wheat—Sales from store of 600 bush Red at $1 18@1 25 per bush.

GROCERIES.—*Beck's family and his brother-in