Pittsburgh Gazette.

THOMAS BRETT—D. F. WILLIAMS—D. S. FERGUSON—J. M. STOKES.

R. BRETT & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:
MONDAY MORNING, SEPT. 24, 1860.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

OF MAINE.

Electors at Large.
HON. JAMES POLLOCK,
HON. THOMAS M. HOWE.

1 Edward G Knight,
2 Robert P. Klog,
3 Henry Bumm,
4 Robert M. Fonal,
5 Nathan Hilles,
6 John M. Broomall,
7 James W. Fuller,
8 Levi B. Smith,
9 Francis W. Christ,
10 David Mumma, jr.,
11 David Taggart,
12 Thomas R. Bull,
13 Francis B. Penniman,
14 Ulysses Mercur,
15 George Brossier,
16 A. S. Rhone,
17 Daniel O. Sehr,
18 Samuel Calvin,
19 Edgar Cowan,
20 William McKennan,
21 John M. Kirkpatrick,
22 James Kerr,
23 Richard P. Roberts,
24 Henry Souther,
25 John Greer.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN,

OF CENTRE COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS—XXIst DISTRICT,

JAMES K. MOORHEAD.

FOR CONGRESS—XXIIst DISTRICT.

ROBERT McKNIGHT.

Assembly,
KENNEDY MARSHALL, Pittsburgh.
THOMAS WILLIAMS, Allegheny.
CHARLES L. GOEHRING, Beaver.
WILLIAM DOUGLAS, Elizabeth.
ALEXANDER H. BURNS, Findley.

Clerk of the Courts,
WILLIAM A. HERRON, Pitt.

Register,
WILLIAM J. RICHARDSON, Tempercanceville.

Recorder,
JONATHAN P. ROSS, Allegheny.

Commissioner,
GEORGE HAMILTON, Pittsburgh.

Auditor,
BENNETT LAKE, Elizabeth.

Surveyor,
C. McGOWIN, Pittsburgh.

Director of the Poor,
HENRY CHALFANT, Wilkins.

LOOKING INTO THE FUTURE.—Amongst the host of politicians in South Carolina who are writing letters on the "Union," there is one individual named J. FOSTER MARSHAL, who we doubt not imagines himself a very far-seeing statesman. His letter possesses interest from the fact that it shows that the people of the South do not fear the aggression of "Northern abolitionists," as much as they dread the creation of an anti-slavery party in their own section. Aware that their institution has no merit in itself to attract the support of even their own people, they fear that under the moral influence of Republican success, a troublesome feeling of opposition may be developed, which in time may take firm hold on Southern soil. In the extract from this letter, which we subjoin, it will be observed that Mr. Marshal does not anticipate any "overt act" on the part of the Republican administration:

"They will first lull us into false security by an outward show of protection to our property and an adherence to the Constitution. Our fears being quieted, they will then commence instilling their hideous poison by distributing the $30,000,000 of treasury liberality to our people in the way of offices at home and abroad; by putting men of their own stamp into our post-offices, and on our post-roads. *They will hunt out all the men in our midst who have "tender consciences" upon the subject of Slavery*, and pip them with promises of office and position, and thereby yield themselves a willing instrument in their hands to carry on the hellish work in our midst. Our people in this way will become so familiarized with these small acts of aggression, but in a short time men in our midst will begin to say *it is not such a bad Government after all*—that the States can stand it, South Carolina ought. After a few more years men will be found who have taken care, in the meantime, to sell their negroes, and pocketed the price of the blood, *to talk about the right which a master has to set his negroes free if he desires, and that the law to one prohibiting it ought to be repealed.*' In this will be formed parties in every district and county of the slaveholding States, sustaining this dominant party. These small parties will increase under the auspices and patronage of the Black Republicans, until, district after district, county after county, falls into their power. They so circumvent and surround Slavery with a cordon of Free States on our North and West; and with the Atlantic on our East, and the Gulf on our South, they will make Slavery 'stink in our nostrils.' *To save ourselves, our sons and our children, from the contaminating influence of the insolent and rebellious negro, we will made to abolish Slavery ourselves.* They will not commit the *overt act* that some Union men are waiting for. Not they! But they will bring to bear the whole force and power of the Government upon the South, in such a way that *Abolition will be far more preferable than the attempt to hold the negro in Slavery*, with such influences acting and inciting him to rapine and murder."

So it will be seen that the advent of Republicanism is not feared because it might produce an army of John Browns, as has been predicted by the over zealous pro-slavery partizans of the North, but because it may raise a party of emancipationists at home, whose efforts would be directed to the overthrow of the institution and all its attendant evils.

AMOS KENDALL, in his letter to Mr. Orr, points out the significant fact that the cry of disunion "comes not from those who suffer most from Northern outrage, but from those who suffer least. It comes from South Carolina and Georgia, and Alabama, and Mississippi, whose slave property is rendered comparatively secure by the intervention of other slave-holding States between them and the free States, and not from Delaware and Maryland, and Virginia and Kentucky, and Tennessee and Missouri, which lose a hundred slaves where the first named States lose one. Why are not the States that suffer most loudest in their cry for disunion? It is because their position enables them to see more distinctly than you do at a distance, the fatal and instant effects of such a step. As imperfect as the protection which the Constitution and laws give to their property undoubtedly is, it is better than none. They do not think it wise to place themselves in a position to have the John Browns of the North let loose upon them with no other restraints than the laws of war between independent nations construed by reckless fanatics. They prefer to fight the Abolitionists, if they must, *within the Union*, where their adversaries are somewhat restrained, by constitutional and legal obligations."

Mr. Kendall thus puts to Mr. Orr and his fellow disunionists the following questions:

"How do you propose to prevent the inauguration of a Black Republican President should such a one be unfortunately elected? Will you come to this city with an armed force, and attempt to prevent an inauguration by violence? In that event, force would be met by force, and there would be instant civil war, in which the country and the world would declare the South to be the aggressor. He would be inaugurated here or elsewhere in spite of you. Well, suppose you then attempt to secede from the Union and resist the execution of the laws? Every lawyer in the South knows that every citizen of every State is as much bound by the laws of the United States constitutionally enacted as by the laws of his own State, and that it is as impossible for the State to relieve its citizens from allegiance to the United States as it is for the latter to relieve them from allegiance to their own State. And it is the sworn duty of the President to take care that the laws of the United States shall be faithfully executed upon every citizen of every State, and so long as we have a faithful President, they will be so executed if the Courts, the Marshals, the Army and the Navy remain faithful to their respective trusts."

THE EXECUTION OF WALKER.—It is to be hoped that filibusterism in the United States will be effectually extinguished by the death of Walker, who met his deserved fate at the hands of the government whose authority he had set at defiance. The New York *Times* very properly remarks that Walker owes his fate to the inefficiency of our government in enforcing our laws. If SouthLern juries had done their duty, and punished his violations of international law and of our own statutes, he could never have renewed the career which has had so disastrous an end. We are not surprised that the Administration at Washington should have rejoiced at the news of his capture and prospective execution. Those who through fear winked at crimes which they could not endure, would naturally welcome relief from their embarrassment, at whatever cost, to the victim of their imbecility.

FOSTER RESORTING TO FALSEHOOD.—In his speech in Philadelphia on Monday night last, Mr. FOSTER had the effrontery to make the following declaration:

"I wonder, also, whether they will not vote for Mr. Lincoln, whose opinions on this question (the tariff) neither they or any body else know anything about.

"There is no record of his public life that affords any knowledge of his views upon this question. (Applause.) Mr. Lincoln is held up as the friend of the protective policy, yet you cannot find a vote he ever gave, or a speech he ever made, wherein he favored the doctrine of protection at all."

The locofoco candidate for Governor cannot plead ignorance in justification of this act of meanness on his part. He must have known that Mr. Lincoln, so far from concealing his opinions on the Tariff, has always been outspoken on that question. In 1844, he was at the head of the Clay electoral ticket in Illinois, and when stumping the State in that capacity, he made the Tariff the great subject of his remarks. While in Congress he always voted in favor of the principle of protection, as Mr. Foster would have discovered had he taken the trouble to examine the record. If Mr. Foster's speeches are made of such stuff, we do not wonder that he is afraid to meet his opponent in open debate before the people.

Messrs. Editors: Can you give me the number of the Congressional Globe containing Chase's explanatory resolution with regard to the Kansas-Nebraska Act. K.

It may be found on page 520, vol. 28, part 1, of the Congressional Globe. The following is the amendment offered by Senator Chase to that bill:

"Under which the people of the territory, through their appropriate representatives, may, if they see fit, prohibit the existence of slavery therein."

After much discussion, the amendment offered by Mr. Chase was rejected by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs. Chase, Dodge, of Wisconsin, Fessenden, Fish, Foot, HAMLIN, Seward, Smith, Sumner and Wade—10.

NAYS—Messrs. Adams, Atchison, Badger, BELL, Benjamin, Broadhead, Brown, Butler, Clay, Clayton, Dawson, Dixon, Dodge, of Iowa; DOUGLAS, Evans, Pitzpatrick, Gwin, Houston, Hunter, Johnson, Jones, of Illinois; Jones, of Tennessee; Mason, Morton, Norris, Pettit, Pratt, Rusk, Shields, Sebastian, Slidell, Stewart, Toucy, Walker, Weller and Williams—36.

Mr. Hamlin, it will be seen, votes *for* it: Mr. Douglas and Mr. Bell *against* it. The author of "my great principle" is therefore upon record *against* permitting the people of the territories to prohibit Slavery therein.

MR. WM F. CLARK, of Mercer, states in his paper that our article upon the Congressional and Senatorial questions in Mercer and Lawrence counties, was prepared in Mercer and sent here for publication. Mr. Clark is entirely mistaken. We use that mild word in preference to a harsher one, which we might very properly use. Not a word, line or thought in that article was prepared or written in Mercer, nor was any part of it ever suggested by any one in Mercer.

This same Mr. Clark is holding meetings throughout Mercer and Lawrence counties, which he calls "Republican" meetings—the object of which is to defeat Republican candidates in those counties—at which he repeats the same absurd and unwarranted story; but as his right to call his disorganizing meetings "Republican" has as little foundation as the statement to which we allude, we ought not to be surprised that the two should go together.

THE DIFFERENCE.—While the Republicans go openly before the people, with their principles inscribed on their banners, the other parties or factions are spending their time in making bargains, by means of which they hope to throw the election into Congress, or in other words, to take the election out of the hands of the people. Let Pennsylvania give a large majority for CURTIN on the Second Tuesday of October, and we will hear no more of these tricksters and their plots.

HANG OUT YOUR BANNERS.—As this is the week of the great Republican Demonstration in Pittsburgh, our friends should display their flags at once. Hang out your banners from the windows, and let the ample folds of our national ensign wave everywhere, the "sign of hope and triumph nigh." The city should put on its best attire for this great political gala day, and we call upon our enthusiastic Republicans of the smoky city to throw to the breeze their colors inscribed "LINCOLN, HAMLIN, CURTIN and VICTORY."

THE LATCH STRING OUT.—It was the boast of the Whigs of 1840 that, on all public occasions, such as the convention of the 27th, "the latch string was out." How is it with the Republicans of to day? There will be many, very many here on the 26th and 27th, who will find it difficult to get accommodation at public houses, and it would be a substantial kindness to them to provide for them in private houses. What say our Republican friends? "A word to the wise is sufficient."

MR. HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON could not let the opportunity slip of insulting the workingmen of the North, in his speech in this city on Saturday night. He denounced them as "slaves" —as men "owned" by their employers; varying his favorite theory that "Capital *should* own Labor," by asserting that Capital *does* own it. See report in our local column.

CLOSING THE STORES.—It has been suggested to us that, in order to afford the clerks and employees in the stores of the city a chance to take part in the procession of the 27th, the proprietors should consent to close the stores on that day. The suggestion is a good one, and the proprietors will doubtless see the force and propriety of it.

INFORMATION FOR JOLLY FELLOWS.—There is a tradition that brandy was at one time manufactured from the vine; but the grapes of France having of late years followed the example of the potato, and taken to moulding and rotting, many of the French brandy-makers have adopted bituminous coal as a substitute. They distill a potent spirit from this substance, which is thus made available for the production of two kinds of fire—one for the comfort of man, and the other for the destruction of his health, his senses, and his soul. Large quantities of alcohol distilled from coal, and "doctored" with certain chemicals to give it the "Cognac flavour," are now exported from France to England. Coal brandy is the latest adaptation of the good gifts of Providence to the purposes of poison-mongers that has come to our knowledge. Coal tar has long been used for the flavoring of whiskies, but a liquor with a coal basis is a specimen of chemistry which might well make the "dead fellow" shudder.—*Cassell's Family Newspaper.*

STATISTICS OF THE REGULAR BAPTISTS IN AMERICA.—The American Baptist Almanac for 1861, gives the following summary of the statistics of the several associations of the Calvinistic Baptist church for the current year:

	Churches.	Baptisms.	Members.
United States,.....	12,371	72,080	1,020,442
Nova Scotia,.....	135	1,539	23,057
New Brunswick,....	113	460	7,703
Canada,.....	227	1,232	13,715
West India Islands,..	200	1,800	36,250
Total in N. America,	13,046	77,111	1,001,167

A comparison with the statistics of the preceding year gives the following results:—United States, increase 25,823; Nova Scotia, increase about 1,216; New Brunswick, increase 1,133; Canada, increase 515. From the West India Islands the same number is reported as last year. The German, Dutch and Swedish churches of the United States report together an increase of about 100.

SEED CORN.—Now is the time to save it. Go through the field before you harvest the crop, and select the largest, best, and most forward ears, and as far as practicable take the best of two from stalks bearing duplicates. Braid the husks together of some 12 or 20 ears, and hang the bunch upon nails of rafters in a dry loft—the garret of a farm house is a good place. No matter how dry, and warm or smoky. Seed corn kept in the loft of a smoky log cabin never fails to vegetate when planted in the Spring. If seed corn is left exposed to damp weather and freezing, the germ is often destroyed. So carefully save your seed corn, and do it now, to-day.

THE London correspondent of the Scottish Guardian says: "To show how London example and influence act, I may mention that there is now a ragged school about to be established at Cairo, in Egypt, for Moslem children."

A MAN named McClure, was arrested in Newark, a day or two since, on a charge of beating his wife. He paid his fine promptly, and then fetched home and eloped with his wife's sister.

Foreign News by the Europa.

France—The Paris correspondent of the Liverpool *Times* writes:

"The displeasure with which the Emperor views the resolution taken by the Pope, of confiding the organization of his army and of his defense to General Lamoriciere, one of his political adversaries, has a great effect on the policy which he is pursuing at this moment. French influence has been proved powerless against the acts of General Lamriciere. But in the event of any mishap befalling him, such a circumstance would be far from displeasing at Paris; and the French government, in fact, has already arranged how to act in the event of the disorganization of the Roman army, and its consequent defeat, which appears inevitable."

Austria—Austria is evidently anticipating a conflict with the Italians for the retention of Venetia, and she is also threatened with another insurrection in Hungary. If the first outbreak should occur; the second will assuredly follow. The recent intelligence from Pesth leaves little doubt that the train is already laid for the conflagration. General Benedek has determined to resign the Governorship of Hungary, on the ground that he cannot reconcile himself to the idea of doing what the authorities at Vienna require—namely, to shoot and hang those who are likely to raise an insurrection to regain their national liberties. Another, and perhaps a still stronger motive, is said to influence him—the belief that, in the event of a conflict the army cannot be relied on.

Sardinia—The Paris letters in the London *Daily News* says that unless the Pope, yielding to the demand of Piedmont, at once dismissed Lamoriciere and his bands, they will probably be attacked immediately by a Sardinian army, with Victor Emanuel in person at its head.

Three of the ministerial journals at Turin contain leaders on Lamoriciere's orders of the day, in which he threatens with pillage the towns that may revolt. They say that the Piedmont government cannot leave without protection to Italian populations exposed to the assaults of a foreign force.

On the subject of the contingencies which may arise in Italy, from the present state of affairs, the *Opinione*, Count Cavour's organ, expresses itself as follows: "The Italian revolution has enjoyed the inestimable advantage of having been directed by the wisdom of the leaders, instead of the enthusiasm of the masses. The French are at Rome, and no one can harbor the thought of attacking them. As to Austria, it is evident that not even at Vienna are there any hopes of preserving Venice for any length of time.

Let twenty-five millions of Italians be united, agreed, and disciplined, and then the domination of Austria in Italy will be no longer possible. But our government must not attack, or let itself be driven to try once more the fortune of arms against Austria, by those who think that the time has come. Our government cannot abandon a policy which has produced, in 1860, between the hours of two and five o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing three persons to serve as Trustees for the term of three years, sel7:cw ISAIAH M. CUNNETT, Treasurer.

☞ THE KEYSTONE OIL COMPANY.—Books for the subscription to the Capital Stock of this Company will be opened at the Office of JOHN WOODS, No. 84 Fourth street, on WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, and will remain open till further notice. Prospectives, with a map of the location, will be furnished to those who may wish to subscribe. se24:3t

☞ NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made by the MECHANICS' BANK of Pittsburgh, to the legislature, at its next session, for an INCREASE OF $500,000 to the capital stock. jel2:60tawd GEO. D. McKEW, Cashier.

New Advertisements.

LUNCH
SERVED UP EVERY MORNING, from 10 till 12, and EVERY EVENING, from 9 till 11, by
G. W. SCHACKLETTER, jr.,
at his Restaurant, *corner Ohio and Fifth Sts.* jel3:1y2w

THE CAMBRIA IRON WORKS.

THE ENTIRE PROPERTY of the CAMBRIA IRON COMPANY, comprising Rolling Mill, Furnaces, Machine Shops, Mines of Ore and Coal, Farms, &c., will be LEASED for a term of years, commencing on July 1st, 1861. Information will be furnished upon application to M. NEWKIRK, President, at the office of No. 407 Walnut street, Philadelphia, and proposals will be required to be addressed to the same until October 1st, 1860. By order of the Board. JOHN T. HILLE, Secretary.
July 31, 1860. jel:1aw

NOTICE.—Take notice, that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of BOYLE IRWIN, late of Peebles Township, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, by the Register of Allegheny County, all persons having claims against said Estate are requested to present the same to me for settlement, and all persons indebted to said Estate will call and make payment.
RICHARD HAYS, Adm'r,
se22:1aw3w No. 148 Penn street, Pittsburgh.

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SIXTEEN PAGES—FIFTY COLUMNS.
THE HOUSEHOLD JOURNAL,
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Order the first number from your News Agent, or send a three cent stamp to the publishers for it.
Subscription price, $1 50 a year, paid in advance.
se24:lw2t&2w2t

OIL LANDS AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE TRACT "SAMUEL HOCKLEY," on Slippery Rock Creek, in Lawrence county, Pa., belonging to the Estate of BENJAMIN CRAW, dec'd, will be offered for sale at Public Auction, in **New Brighton**, on FRIDAY, the 5th DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT. The tract is estimated to contain about 250 acres. The Slippery Rock Creek passes through it, dividing it nearly into equal parts. This tract has been noted in the neighborhood from the earliest settlement, for the OIL SPRINGS at different places on it, which, with others of more recent discovery at different places on the creek, indicate it as probably offering greater promise of oil than any other lands in that quarter. Veins of Oil have been opened and are now flowing at the rate of over 15 barrels per day, without any well in progress. The oil is obtained at distances from 15 to 30 feet from the surface.

From the number of applications to the Executors, both to purchase and rent, they have been induced to divide the tract and to offer it at public sale.

It will be laid off by survey into four parts, or sections, in such manner as to give to each section an extended and favorable water frontage, and equal creek-boundary—and will contain each probably from 40 to 65 acres, the lines, as far as practicable, will be marked upon the ground and designated on the plot of the D. E. N. W. & S. E. and S. W. sections. The tract is heavily timbered.

A plat of the survey will be ready in a few days, and can be seen at the office of E. & H. HOOPES, in New Brighton, and any information concerning the lands will be given by either of EDWARD HOOPES, at New Brighton, or

E. & H. HOOPES,
Executors of Benjamin Craw, dec'd.
New Brighton, Beaver co., Pa., Sept. 1860. se22:dtocd

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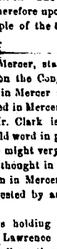

Iron and Wood Baths, every size,
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Iron Portable Wash Stands,
Fancy Tubular and Plain Showers,
Urn or Chemic.
Marble Top Wash Stands,
Lead and Block Tin Pipe
Iron Hydrants and Pumps,
Hydraulic Rams
Garden Engines,
Chandeliers,
Pedants,
Brackets,
Glass and Paper Shades,
Fancy Footstools,
&c. &c.
For sale by BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
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The place to purchase a good quality of
GUM BELTING, LEATHER BELTING, AND
GUM PACKING,
is at the Leather Store of
M. DeLANGE,
233 Liberty st., opposite head of Wood. se22:3t

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FOR SALE—In Rochester, Beaver county, Pa., within one hundred yards of the Railroad Station and large, substantial Brick Building, sixty by eighty six feet, two stories high, containing—
12 square Vats,
3 Cisterns, of 1000 gallons each,
1 Cistern, of 1500 gal ons,
with Steam Engine, a never-failing well of pure soft water, a fourteen inch stone pipe drain, extending to the river, and a Coal Bank within two hundred yards.
The above is the most eligible property for an OIL REFINERY in the State, and will be sold on favorable terms.
Inquire of HENRY H. COLLINS,
se22:6td:3tw7 25 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully call the attention of his friends and customers to his new stock of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
comprising the newest designs in Foreign and Domestic Goods, for *Gentlemen's Apparel*. Also a full assortment of Boys' and Youths' Clothing. Clothing kept constantly on hand, and made to order in the very best manner, by JAMES G. WATT,
se14 corner of Penn and St. Clair sts.

BLANK BOOKS—
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MONONGAHELA HOUSE,

where he may be consulted daily. His astonishing success by the

AERIAN SYSTEM OF CURE

leads him to assure the citizens of this city and vicinity that this mode, which is

SOMETHING QUITE NEW,

and ENTIRELY DIFFERENT from that employed by all other practitioners, will effect speedy and radical cures, even after all other remedies have been tried in vain, of CATARRH, all forms of Throat Diseases, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, Bleeding at the Lungs, Night Sweats, General Debility, Scrofula, Impurity of the Blood, and all those Causes which lead to Consumption; Heart Disease, Liver Complaints, and other Chronic Affections.

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IN CLEVELAND.

TESTIMONY OF CLEVELAND CITIZENS

The citizens of Cleveland, to the number of nearly two hundred, who have tried these great and new remedies, all certify to its favor. We select but a few of their cards:

A Clergyman's Testimony

Rev. J. B. Allen, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, Ohio, cured of Chronic Bronchitis, in a letter dated September 5th 1860, says: "My complaint was bronchial, and I had my fears with many of my friends that I should have to cease being a public speaker. It was making rapid strides when I called on Dr. Ayer in July last. I am now able to use my voice as much as at any time during my ministry, and with more effect and comfort than for many years. I am rejoiced that I applied to Dr. Ayer, as I was frequently in his office, and judge him in every respect a gentleman and a man of cultivating and science."

A Veritable's Statement.

L. B. Enger, constable of Cleveland, cured of a distressing Throat Disease, says under date of July 25th, 1860: I applied to Dr. J. Winslow Ayer, and under his treatment have experienced the most decided benefit, and have no doubt the treatment will result in a *radical and permanent cure.*"

Cleveland Superintendent of Bridges.

This gentleman, S. J. Burlison, Esq., cured of a bad Throat Disease, writes under date of July 20, 1860: "Doctor Ayer's treatment proved most effective. The symptoms disappeared at once, and in the course of a *single week* I felt that I was well. I cheerfully advise all suffering from throat diseases and catarrh, to avail themselves of Dr. Ayer's services. I will add that there has been no recurring matter to irritate, bleeding, or anything of the kind. I was not over credulous at first, and thought the Doctor's claims too good to be true, but did not begin treatment until I had fully satisfied myself in the matter, and therefore give my testimony with great pleasure."

Wood Cleveland Merchant's Say.

H. Ranney, Esq., for twenty years a Boot and Shoe Merchant in Cleveland, says, under date June 28, 1860: "A short time ago I placed myself under the treatment of Dr. J. Winslow Ayer, for the Nasal Catarrh Throat Disease and General Debility. To my great gratification and astonishment Dr. Ayer's success with me has been truly remarkable. The remedies employed, which by the way, are wholly unlike any that I had ever before seen, acted like magic. The seat of the disease so readily detected by the Doctor, was reached directly, and my improvement has been marked and rapid. So complete has been his success that I cordially commend him to my friends as a physician of eminent skill in the speciality to which he is devoted."

N. Sanford, Esq., of the firm of D. Sanford & Son, lumber dealers, Merwin st., Cleveland, writes under date of July 20, 1860: "Dr. Ayer's prescriptions have proved highly salutary. I am certain my health is greatly improved, and I have no doubt, by a continuance a little longer of the medicines employed, it will be fully reestablished. I am glad to know the Doctor has met with wonderful success in our city."

The Doctor will also rest to Solomon Adams, Esq., of firm of Hughes, Adams & Co., wholesale merchants, Walnut street, Cincinnati; John H. Deters, Esq., wholesale boot and shoe merchant, near Pike's Opera House, Fourth st., Cincinnati; O. W. Rice, Esq., residence corner Ninth and Sloane Sts., and where, Bascom, Park Street methodist Church; Rev. Dr. J. F. Chaffant, Presiding Elder Methodist Conference, Dayton, Ohio; Rev. E. G. Tucker, and many others, of Cincinnati. se24:6tewlf

REMOVAL.—
CARTWRIGHT & YOUNG'S
Cutlery and Fire-Arm Establishment,
No. 97 Wood Street,
Nearly opposite their Old Stand, where they will be happy to see all their old friends and customers. se24

SWEET POTATOES—13 bbls choice Sweet Potatoes, just received for sale by
se24 JAS. A. FETZER, corner Market and First sts.

BUTTER—6 jars Packed Butter, just rec'd for sale by JAS. A. FETZER,
se24 corner Market and First sts.

ONIONS—25 bus prime Onions, just rec'd for sale by JAS. A. FETZER,
se24 corner Market and First sts.

NEW, Handsome, Cheap and Desirable Fall and Winter DRY GOODS—a full stock, at low prices.
C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market Street
se24

VERMILION CHINESE—2 cases for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
se21 corner First and Wood sts.

SUMAC SICILY—100 bags for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
se24 corner First and Wood sts.

BLACK LEAD, in lump and ground—
800 lb for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
se24 corner First and Wood sts.

GREEN PEACHES—10 bbls. just rec'd by Express, for sale by GRAFF & VAN GORDER.
se24

Eaton, Cree & Macrum,

No. 17 Fifth Street.

PITTSBURGH.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Straw Bonnets and Hats;
SILKS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS;
Embroidered Collars, Sets, etc.;
EMBROIDERED and MAGIC RUFFLES;
Best Steel Spring Skirts;
WHITE and COLORED FRENCH CORSETS;
Ribbons, Flowers and Ruches;
Under-Shirts and Drawers;
Boston Ribbed Wool Hose;
Gloves, Gauntlets and Mitts;
Gents' Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Suspenders, &c.;
Head, Braid and Chenille Hair Nets;
Zephyr and Shetland Wool,
Fancy Baskets, Brushes, Combs, etc.;
Knit Hoods, Fancy Yarns, &c.

CITY AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS, MILLINERS,
and all who buy to sell again, are invited to examine our Goods and note our Prices.

EATON, CREE & MACRUM,
se24 17 Fifth Street.

☞ WHOLESALE DEPARTMENTS, SECOND FLOORS, 17 and 19. se17

OIL! OIL! OIL!

VALUABLE PROPERTY OFFERED FOR SALE.—Wishing to change my location, I offer to sell the one half of the five sixths of the well-known property of SMITH'S FERRY, on the Ohio river. It is one of the best locations for a general business, in this section of country. The ferry is one of the best on the river. The buildings are good and well calculated for public business, and have been occupied as a hotel and store for a long time. There is also a good station house, belonging to the same property, on the C. & P. R. R., and doing a good business. There are about 20 acres of land on the south side of the river, which secures a good ferry landing, with a good dwelling house. On the west side of the river, there are about 100 acres of rough land, well supplied with coal, and a deep bed of fire clay. And last, but not least, is without any doubt the best site for Rock Oil that is on the river. This oil has been seen by the oldest settlers of this country, and has continued to be seen from day to day up to the present time. se13:1md SAMUEL SMITH.

STEAM PRESS FOR SALE—A Second-hand Adams Alligator Press—Platen 9½x12 inches—in good order, for sale low by WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO.,
se17 Steam Job Printers, 57 Wood street.

PRODUCE—APPLES—50 bbls choice. PEACHES—10 bbls choice.
TIMOTHY SEED—50 bus New Seed.
FLAX SEED—50 bus clean—received and for sale by
se20 BEER & LAZEAR, 124 Liberty st.

CATSUP—10 doz. Mushroom, French; 25 doz Walnut; 50 doz Tomato, assorted sizes; 4 doz Oyster—just rec'd, for sale by REYMER & ANDERSON,
se17 39 Wood st., opposite St. Charles Hotel.

Public Notices.

The Mass Convention!

☞ THE REPUBLICANS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY are requested to meet in their RESPECTIVE ELECTION DISTRICTS, and make arrangements to participate in the

GRAND PROCESSION,

to come off on the 27th instant.
se21:3t EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

☞ THE BUTCHERS, at a meeting held on Saturday, at the Festin House, resolved to attend the Convention on the 27th, on horseback, with black pants and hat, white shirts, blue scarfs and red sash—and to form the ranks without permission of the Chief Marshal—and chose John Earl Chief Marshal; Hugh Richardson and H. Bauer aids; and Geo. W. Kruse, Curtis Van Horne, Philip Pfeil and David Tesh, Assistants. The DROVERS were invited to attend, as guests of the Butchers.

☞ The Butchers and Drovers will meet at Allegheny Market House, on THURSDAY Morning, Sept. 27th, at 8 o'clock. H. DANNER, President.
JOHN EARL, Vice President
J. E. STRICKLER, Secretary. se24:1t

☞ THE ASSOCIATED MARSHALS of Allegheny County Wide Awakes, etc., will meet on MONDAY Evening, Sept. 24, 1860, at the Head Quarters of Pittsburgh Central Club, Fourth street.
By order
JOHN H. STEWART, Secretary pro tem. se24:1t

☞ NOTICE.—A meeting of the Republicans of the THIRD WARD, ALLEGHENY, will convene at the Republican stand, corner of Anderson and Shanopin streets, on MONDAY EVENING, Sept. 24th, to make arrangements for joining the MASS CONVENTION of the 27th. By order of
se24:1t HENRY CLEMES, }

☞ ATTENTION, CLERKS AND SALESMEN!—The Clerks, Cashiers and Salesmen in this different Dry Goods, Trimming, Hardware, Grocery, Shoe, Variety and Drug Stores of Allegheny County, are requested to meet on THIS (Monday) EVENING, at Lafayette Hall, for the purpose of making arrangements to attend, en masse, the Republican Convention on the 27th instant, and also to request the proprietors of stores to close them on that day. se24:1t MANY CLERKS.

☞ THE PLASTERERS, STUCCO WORKERS and PAPER HANGERS will hold a meeting on TUESDAY EVENING, at ½ o'clock, at the Republican Club Rooms, to make arrangements to turn out on the 27th. Come one, come all. se24:2t

☞ INVINCIBLES.—The Third Ward Invincibles will hold a Special Meeting THIS (Monday) EVENING, in Neptune Hall, at ½ o'clock. All are invited to attend, as business of importance to the Club will be transacted. By order
D. B. FERGUSON, Secretary.

☞ THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING of the Pittsburgh YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION will be held in the Second United Presbyterian Church, Penn street, on THIS (Monday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. It is expected that Rev. JAMES PRESLEY, D. D., and Rev. REUBEN HILL, will address the meeting. Ladies and gentlemen are invited to be present.
se24:3t ANDREW LONG, Recording Secretary.

☞ ELECTION.—The Annual Election for President and Board of Directors of the BOARD OF TRADE AND MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE will be held at the Rooms of the Association, on TUESDAY, 2d th of September, at 2 p. m. By order
se15:td2w2 ISAIAH DICKEY, President.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY, }
15th September, 1860. }

☞ The Stockholders of the Pittsburgh Gas Company are hereby notified that an ELECTION will be held, at the office of the Company, on the FIRST MONDAY (first day) of October, A. D. 1860, between the hours of two and five o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing three persons to serve as Trustees for the term of three years. se17:cw JAMES M. CUNNETT, Treasurer.

☞ THE KEYSTONE OIL COMPANY.—Books for the subscription to the Capital Stock of this Company will be opened at the Office of JOHN WOODS, No. 84 Fourth street, on WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, and will remain open till further notice. Prospectives, with a map of the location, will be furnished to those who may wish to subscribe. se24:3t

☞ NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made by the MECHANICS' BANK of Pittsburgh, to the legislature, at its next session, for an INCREASE OF $500,000 to the capital stock. jel2:60tawd GEO. D. McKEW, Cashier.

New Advertisements.

LUNCH
SERVED UP EVERY MORNING, from 10 till 12, and EVERY EVENING, from 9 till 11, by
G. W. SCHACKLETTER, jr.,
at his Restaurant, *corner Ohio and Fifth Sts.* jel3:1y2w

THE CAMBRIA IRON WORKS.

THE ENTIRE PROPERTY of the CAMBRIA IRON COMPANY, comprising Rolling Mill, Furnaces, Machine Shops, Mines of Ore and Coal, Farms, &c., will be LEASED for a term of years, commencing on July 1st, 1861. Information will be furnished upon application to M. NEWKIRK, President, at the office of No. 407 Walnut street, Philadelphia, and proposals will be required to be addressed to the same until October 1st, 1860. By order of the Board. JOHN T. HILLE, Secretary.
July 31, 1860. jel:1aw

NOTICE.—Take notice, that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of BOYLE IRWIN, late of Peebles Township, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, by the Register of Allegheny County, all persons having claims against said Estate are requested to present the same to me for settlement, and all persons indebted to said Estate will call and make payment.
RICHARD HAYS, Adm'r,
se22:1aw3w No. 148 Penn street, Pittsburgh.

HOUSEHOLD JOURNAL.
THREE CENTS WEEKLY
SIXTEEN PAGES—FIFTY COLUMNS.
THE HOU