# Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICE, CORNER OF S. WILLIAM AND DIAMOND STREETS.

R. BARRETT & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 20, 1860.


FOR PRESIDENT,
## ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
## HANNIBAL HAMLIN,
OF MAINE.

### Electors at Large.
HON. JAMES POLLOCK.
HON. THOMAS M. HOWE.

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 Edward C. Knight, | 13 Francis B. Penniman, |
| 2 Robert P. King, | 14 Ulysses Mercur, |
| 3 Henry Souder, | 15 George Dressler, |
| 4 Robert M. Foust, | 16 A. R. Sharpe, |
| 5 Nathan Hilles, | 17 Daniel O. Geist, |
| 6 John M. Broomall, | 18 Samuel Calvin, |
| 7 James W. Fuller, | 19 Edgar Cowan, |
| 8 Levi S. Smith, | 20 William McKennan, |
| 9 Francis W. Christ, | 21 John M. Kirkpatrick, |
| 10 David Mumma jr., | 22 James Kerr, |
| 11 David Taggart, | 23 Richard P. Roberts, |
| 12 Thomas R. Hall, | 24 Henry Souther, |
| | 25 John Grow. |

FOR GOVERNOR,
HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN,
OF CENTRE COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS—XXIst DISTRICT,
JAMES K. MOORHEAD.

FOR CONGRESS—XXIId DISTRICT.
ROBERT McKNIGHT.

### Assembly.
KENNEDY MARSHALL, Pittsburgh.
THOMAS WILLIAMS, Allegheny.
CHARLES L. GORRING, Reserve.
WILLIAM DOUGLAS, Elizabeth.
ALEXANDER H. BURNS, Findlay.
*Clerk of the Courts.*
WILLIAM A. HERRON, Pitt.
*Register.*
WILLIAM J. RICHARDSON, Temperanceville.
*Recorder.*
JONATHAN P. ROSS, Allegheny.
*Commissioner.*
GEORGE HAMILTON, Pittsburgh.
*Auditor.*
BENNETT LAKE, Elizabeth.
*Surveyor.*
C. McGOWIN, Pittsburgh.
*Director of the Poor.*
HENRY CHALFANT, Wilkins.

### Now for Pennsylvania!

The game of fusion in New York has failed. Every effort has been made to give it success, and now that the ingenuity of the wireworkers is exhausted, they give it up, acknowledge themselves beat, and turn all their forces upon Pennsylvania. Thus the N. Y. *Journal of Commerce* says:

—"It is possible that some new plan of co-operation may yet be devised, by which the Empire State may be saved from the tender mercies of the Republicanism. But if not, *we must look to Pennsylvania as our chief reliance for the twenty-five electoral votes, in addition to the one hundred and twenty-seven considered certain*, which are necessary to prevent the election of Lincoln by the people. There, too, without doubt, the same sinister influences will be at work (for they have already been at work) to prevent co-operation; or, in other words, to give that State also to Lincoln. But there is some reason to hope they will not be successful to such an extent as to accomplish that result."

This was published on Friday last, and the failure of the efforts at fusion was not complete until Saturday. Since then the *Journal of Commerce* and the other cotton organs are more than ever mindful of Pennsylvania; and following the announcement of the failure comes the intelligence that BIGLER has arrived in Philadelphia with $100,000, raised in New York to carry Pennsylvania for Foster.

This accounts for the unusual stir to be seen, within a day or two, among the democratic leaders here. They are passing around rapidly from one election district to another, stirring up the faithful and making all possible arrangements for a quiet but thorough organization. The share of Allegheny county in that one hundred thousand dollars, has evidently been received.

The calculation of these men is that they can buy the vote of Pennsylvania with a hundred thousand dollars. That is the price put upon it in the New York market.

The way to counteract this corrupt scheme is for the Republicans to work harder than the enemy can, and complete their organization in the most thorough manner.

Republicans! See to it that your districts respectively are canvassed. If your committees are lazy, do not wait for them, but go to work yourselves and canvass your districts.

Remember, that those who are not now on the Assessors' lists, must be assessed on or before the 29th inst.

Remember, that if there is a Republican voter of foreign birth in your district, who needs to be naturalized, that *now* is the time to hunt him up and see it done.

Remember, that almost every thing depends on our success at the October election. A vote for Curtin is a vote for Lincoln, and a vote against Curtin is a vote against Lincoln. Every friend of Lincoln owes it to the cause of that candidate to vote and work for Curtin.

Remember, that no victory was ever achieved without work, and that *now* is the time to work.

Remember the one hundred thousand dollars your enemies have thrown into the State to defeat you, that we have votes enough to beat them if they spend a million, and that all we have to do is *to get out the vote.*

THE FEARS OF THE TIMID.—There are timid men in all sections and in all parties, whose fears have been played upon by wily demagogues until they have worked themselves into serious apprehensions of danger from Republican success—just as if danger *could* result from correct principles. To all such we commend the following extract from the columns of the Baltimore *Patriot*, a paper which, although published in a Slave State, has not only the clear headedness to think rightly but to speak what it thinks. It says:

"We have frequently stated our inability to comprehend on what *principle* National Conservative men, opposed to the Democratic party—to either faction—whether representing Squatter Sovereignty, or Intervention for Slavery, under pain of Disunion—could coalesce, fuse, join, or in any way mix politically with either. If the Democratic party is responsible for the rising, continuing and extreme doctrines of the Anti-Slavery party—if extreme Democratic measures are the cause and declared justification of extreme Republican measures, it seems to us a very odd sort of a way of *securing peace* and quiet to the country, to join in and fuse with the Democrats, the origin of their woes. It is our humble opinion that there is one great first step indispensable to secure that peace and quiet, which step is, to break down and scatter finally that revolutionary disunion spirit, which is, in fact, the Democratic party."

THE RESULT IN MAINE.—The Democratic papers in Maine are attempting to account for the Waterloo defeat which both factions in that State received at the late election. The explanations given are not by any means harmonious. The Bangor *Union* lays the whole blame on Douglas. It says:

"Douglas and his indefensible doctrine of Squatter Sovereignty candidates for Congress, Wilmot proviso and abolition platforms, have done their work for the Democratic party of Maine.

"With this disastrous result before our eyes, still the Democracy of Maine longer follow the lead of Douglas? Will they longer listen to his deceitful leaders, who have cheated and defrauded them into the support of a man and of doctrines that have only served to render them an easy prey to Black Republicanism?

No, no! Let the Democrats of Maine no longer follow the downward track. Let them rally around the national banner of Breckinridge and Lane. Let them plant themselves upon a platform as broad as the Union itself—the platform of the equality of the States."

"Where is the proof of the all-commanding popularity of Douglas in the North? It is in Maine? It is with deep sorrow that we chronicle the overthrow of the Democracy. If this result does not indicate fatal leadership, we know not what can indicate it. Will mid-this southern and patriotic Democrat in the Douglas ranks that the only chance to beat Lincoln is by a firm and efficient union?"

INDEED!—The astounding announcement is made in the papers that fifty Southern gentlemen, who were rusticating at the White Sulphur Springs, of Virginia, when Douglas made his speech at Norfolk, have published a protest against the doctrine that Sovereign States, which may choose to secede from the confederacy, are to be coerced. They declare that the declaration at this time has a bloody significance, and merits a severe rebuke from the people of the South.

### HON. THOMAS CORWIN.

The certainty of Mr. Corwin coming here on the 27th is fixed by the following letter, received from the Secretary of the Republican State Committee, Ohio:

*Republican State Central Committee Rooms,*
*Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 14, 1860.*

DEAR SIR: I take pleasure in announcing to you that the Hon. Thos. Corwin will address the people of Pittsburgh on the political questions of the day, on Thursday, the 27th inst., at 2 p. m. He will speak at Cambridge, on Monday; at St. Clairville, on Tuesday; at Coshocton, on Wednesday; at Pittsburgh, on Thursday; and at Bucyrus on Friday. I think there will be no difficulty in making the necessary connections. This arrangement is just made. He goes to your city, as he had promised to speak there. You will be so kind as to see your Committee and have the proper steps taken to get him a hearing worthy the man.

Very truly yours, W. T. BASCOM, *Sec'y.*

THE GAME OF BRAG.—The democrats in Pennsylvania, anxious to get out a large vote for party purposes, are endeavoring to encourage their followers by assuring them that there is a prospect of Foster beating Curtin. The politicians and leaders of the party know in their hearts that such a termination of the contest is impossible, but they have not the honesty or the candor to admit the fact. No man who has any knowledge of the political sentiment of this State can entertain for a moment a notion so absurd and preposterous.

But this game of brag has been played before, and with about the same effect on the public mind as it will have this year. Two years ago, when Porter was nominated for Supreme Judge against Judge Read, his emissaries who penetrated into every nook and corner of the State, predicted his election by thirty thousand, and laughed at the idea of his defeat. The result of the election, however, showed that they were some sixty thousand votes off the mark in their calculation. Judge Read was elected by nearly thirty thousand votes, and his locofoco competitor was permitted to remain in private life. Last year the democrats predicted the election of Mr. Wright, their candidate for Auditor General, over Thomas E. Cochran, the Republican candidate. The former gentleman made an electioneering tour through the State, and after he returned home, assured his friends that his election was placed beyond a doubt. His friends told us that the democrats were never defeated in Pennsylvania two years in succession, but that the reverse of the year before would be the means of achieving a triumph in the contest in which they were engaged. How were their predictions fulfilled? Although there was a remarkable light vote, and an election in which there was little or no excitement among the people, Cochran was elected over Wright by a majority bordering on twenty thousand, which, with the poll of the previous year, would have been double that number. If the democrats cannot make their followers believe that there is a chance for some of their candidates this fall, they cannot muster their forces at the polls, and hence this senseless cry about Foster's extraordinary strength with the people. They admit that there is no chance for either Douglas or Breckinridge, and thankful for "small favors" are content to concentrate their hopes on Foster, who is endeavoring to bolster up his popularity by dodging the responsibilities of his position. Let the Republican vote be given to Curtin next October, and we may rest assured that thirty thousand will be too small a majority to place to his account. A full Republican vote in Pennsylvania will keep Mr. Foster in the woods for three years to come! Let it be given.

WOULDN'T ACCEPT IT.—Gen. Cameron and Gov. Reeder came home from Erie through Meadville, Mercer and Newcastle. At Meadville an impromptu meeting was raised to hear them, which filled the Court House to overflowing. Both of the gentlemen made excellent speeches, much to the gratification of the assembled masses. During Gov. Reeder's speech, in referring to the charge of the advocates of Slavery, that the doctrines of the Republican party are *new* and *sectional*, he offered any Democrat present, if he would come forward and dispute it that if he could not produce every article in the Republican creed from the doctrines of Thomas Jefferson and Andrew Jackson, he would agree to vote for either Douglas or Breckinridge, whichever he (the Democrat) would settle on. His proposition, however, was not taken, although there were a good many of both stripes of "Democracy" on the ground. Their silence was a virtual admission of the truth of every principle in the Republican platform.

AS WE EXPECTED.—This as we thought it would be. Foster, after challenging Curtin to meet him on the stump, and after having his challenge accepted, backed out, and refuses; though the chairman of his committee, to meet Curtin at the appointments already made for that gentleman. So *that* gun is spiked.

GEN. WM. WALKER.—The papers bring us the news of the defeat and capture of Walker, the Sillibuster, and that he is *to be* shot. Let us hope that the Hondurans will make sure work of it, this time, and rid the world of a pest.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 17.—The Star of the West has arrived from Havana with dates to the 13th.

Trunillo dates to the 7th report that the British steamer Icarus, with transports and the troops under Gen. Alvarez, proceeded to the Rio Negro, where Gen. Walker's army was encamped. The boats of the Icarus were dispatched up the river, and captured Gen. Walker with 70 men. The prisoners were all brought to Trunillo and delivered to the Honduras authorities. Walker's men were in a destitute condition and many sick. They were permitted to return to the United States on condition that they should never engage in another expedition against Central America.

General Walker and Col. Kudler were to be shot.

### Capture of Walker—Confirmatory Accounts.

*Important Particulars—in Addition.*—By the steamer Empire City, arrived at New York yesterday, we have confirmatory accounts from Honduras, of the capture of General Walker—together with some seventy of his followers on the river Rio Negro.

The telegraphic dispatches mention the name of a Col. Kudler, who was to be shot, along with Walker. The *Herald* prints the name Butler.

Our accounts, in other particulars, bear out the telegraphic version. Immediately upon the capture of the Sillibusters by the forces of the British steamer Icarus; they were turned over to the commander of the Honduras forces, Gen. Alvarez, with the understanding that Walker and his Colonel would deal with according to what is right, and that his followers, who, for the most part, were sick and wounded, and incapable of bearing arms, should be permitted to return to the United States, the U. S. Consul being responsible for the necessary expenses.

The whole party were then, under the command of the Honduras General, marched back to Truzillo, where they were confined as prisoners, their arms and baggage having been previously taken from them.

Previous to the capture of the Sillibusters the utmost alarm prevailed throughout the country. The neighboring State of Guatamala, apprehensive lest their operations might be extended in that direction, resolved to make common cause with Honduras, and with that view a force of sixty-five men was dispatched, under command of Col. Godoy, to act in co-operation with Gen. Alvarez. The union of those two armies was effected on the 30th of August.

ALTON, Illinois, has elected a Democratic Mayor and 7 out of 12 Councilmen, and the Douglas papers are in ecstacies. Alton was never Republican, nor claimed to be. The County (Madison) whereof it is the capital, voted in '56 as follows:—Fremont, 1,111; Fillmore, 1,451; Buchanan, 1,568. In 1858, it gave Baker (Rep.) 2,064, Foulke, (Dem.) 2,185, and elected the entire Democratic ticket. It faces Missouri, and is famous for Democratic victories, beginning with the slaughter in 1835 of Elijah P. Lovejoy in his own house for daring to issue an anti-Slavery newspaper. But the Republicans will try hard to redeem it this Fall. —*N. Y. Trib.*

AID. WILLIAM J. BARNEY, who has just declared for Lincoln, has for years been known as one of the most energetic and effective Democratic politicians of our city. He probably did more to elect Fernando Wood Mayor last Fall than any other man except Fernando himself. We seldom speak of single accessions to the Republican cause; but Ald. Brinley is a host, and his influence will be felt in the canvass and the result. His course tallies with that of hundreds, except that they work silently.—*N. Y. Trib.*

THE Cincinnati Price Current says:—"A remarkable feature of the trade with the South is the shipment of cabbages, cucumbers and tomatoes to Tennessee and Georgia—unmistakable evidence of the nature and consequences of the drought."

### Sardinia.

[Correspondence of The London Daily News.]

TURIN, August 30.—Alea jacta est—the die is cast. Our Government has deemed it to be necessary for itself and advantageous to the whole of Europe to come forth out of the diplomatic shilly-shallying, and to prevent Naples from becoming, upon the fall of the Bourbon throne, a prey to anarchy, which might for a brief moment gratify the self-love and visionary schemes of some Mazzinians, but would result in the triumph of a reaction. The Neapolitan army is either conquered or broken up; the people are proclaiming Victor Emanuel, which means that they are still faithfully attracted to the monarchical principle, and they do not desire to fall in any foreigner to occupy their homes. Were we to delay responding to their call, the monarchical principle might suffer shipwreck in the midst of the tempest, or a French prince might turn the interregnum to his own profit. For these reasons the Piedmontese Bersaglieri are to land forthwith from the Sardinian ships in the capital of the kingdom the purpose of preserving order and afterward General Lamarmora is to arrive with 30,000 men and to reorganize the decomposed army. If the rapid conveyance of so large a force should be impossible, the Pope will be asked to allow a passage through his dominions. The Pope conceded this passage to the Austrians in 1821, and again to the Neapolitans in 1848, and now he cannot refuse it to us. Austria will not be touched but she must cease making Ancona her military port. All the liberals have applauded this project, which was communicated to the public two days ago. It is only Mazzini's organs that oppose it, because they see that the monarchial principle will acquire fresh splendor in Italy by this act. That party does not comprehend the spirit of the age; it remains a mere sect and loves itself rather than the nation. The question now is, what will be Lamoriciere's line of conduct in consequence of this unexpected determination of our Government? It is difficult to divine what it will be, but I believe that yesterday, in the council of Ministers presided over by the King, after Farini had stated the result of his journey to Chambery and of his short interview with the Emperor, this very question was started, and suit able provision was made for every case. This morning the cabinet met again. Ministers are quite in concord, and the King is displaying greater solicitude than ever for the affairs of the State. The camps of instruction, which were to have been opened in the early part of September, are to be foregone this year, seeing that a part of the army must now set out on its march, and part must hold itself in readiness for whatever events may happen.

Thus Garibaldi's enterprise, which has already kindled so much sympathy in old England, will have achieved a prompt success as regards the Two Sicilies, and perhaps also for a part of the population who are still subjected to the harsh and anarchial government of the Pope.

We have here at Turin some more English officers of gentlemen, who are full of enthusiasm for Garibaldi. They are about to leave for the Calabrias, being desirous of making his acquaintance, and of assisting him if necessary.

The letter of the Count of Syracuse which I sent you three days ago, was made known here to the public this morning, and it has produced a great sensation. I have now to inform you that a second letter has been addressed by him to our King, in which he recognizes him henceforth as the Sovereign of Italy, and he pray the King to occupy Naples without delay, in order that civil war and anarchy may be prevented.

In the meantime the King of Naples will proceed to Gaeta, and there shut himself up, yet indulging some hope. He thinks that by continuing to hold Gaeta and the citadel of Messina he can say that he still possesses the Two Sicilies, and that no one can take possession of his throne without being considered an usurper. But even supposing that after Naples, with the entire kingdom shall have declared for Victor Emanuel—as Sicily has already and when the soldiers of Messina and Gaeta should remain faithful to him can he then be called the King? Had some foreign enemy expelled him, he might be considered as still the King; but when driven out by his own people, and by the whole people of Italy, he has, according to the public law of nations, ceased to reign. The legal fiction, the diplomatic title, has no longer any validity in his case, it would be merely brute force applied to this case that could impose him on the people but the civilization of our age has made such progress that even this resource will be denied him.

I say that he is going to Gaeta because such was his project a few days ago. But the last declaration of its generals has very probably induced him to change his mind and go direct to Vienna or Monaco or Madrid.

While the King of Naples will take ship for purpose of leaving his lovely bay our Government is hiring every transport it can find, our own vessels of war not being sufficiently numerous, for part of them are already occupied elsewhere. Two large steamers of the late Transatlantic Company have been already taken up. One of them, the best of the two, is called the Count Cavour, a name of good omen, as the real Count has navigated the diplomatic waters hitherto with pretty good success, though he was once forced to throw overboard a part of his cargo in order to save the ship. I mean Savoy and Nice, which yet might have been preserved and not left a prey to the corsairs if others had borne down to his assistance.

Notwithstanding the declarations she has made to our Government and to that of France, will Austria remain a passive looker on? Here every one is asking what she means to do, and perhaps the question may be capable of being answered in ten days or a fortnight hence. Few here believe in her declarations; but there are very many who believe that Hungary will compel her to be, at least for the present, more prudent than is her wont.

GARIBALDI AT NAPLES.—The intelligence which reaches us to day from Europe, by steamer at Quebec, makes it morally certain that Garibaldi, at the head of his liberating army, must have entered the capital city of the Neapolitan mainland a fortnight since. On the 6th of September the victorious deliverer had reached Salerno, and from that picturesque and historical city, distant but a few hours by railway for the royal palaces of Naples, was organizing his force for a triumphant entry upon the abandoned inheritance of the weakest and worst of the Bourbon dynasty. The telegram which carried this decisive news within a single day to the furthest corners of Europe carried with it the natural corollary that "Francis II was preparing to take refuge at Gaeta." For months before the death of Ferdinand great some were expended by the Government upon the fortifications of this splendid and defensible harbor. Capua, the northern terminus of the railway leading from Naples in the direction of Gaeta, is also a strong and formidable post, and if the young Bourbon King had of could hope to have any party within his Kingdom, or any valuable support from abroad, his retreat upon the finest maritime fortress of his dominions might be regarded as postponing the hour of the final fall of his execrated House. But it is hardly possible that Francis II should not have taken this step in the present posture of affairs, with any other purpose than to secure his leisurely escape from a country which he can no longer hope to rule in peace or honor. The presence at Naples of a powerful foreign force, including eight Sardinian men-of-war and two regiments of Sardinian *bersaglieri*, will doubtless have secured the quiet of the capital after the flight of the Government, and it is not probable that the entrance of the liberal army was attended by any scenes of bloodshed, or even of disorder. It must not be forgotten, however, that Francis II. of Gaeta is dangerously near the Papal frontiers. A brief day's march would put the Ex-King within the reach of Gen. De Lamoriciere's army, and if the son of Ferdinand should ask of Pius IX. a return of the hospitality which that pontiff received, eleven years ago, from his Royal father, in similar circumstances, the Italian drama would receive a new and rather perplexing turn. Such an event is by no means impossible; and the next steamer from Europe will be expected with no ordinary impatience by those whose wishes and whose hopes go with the Italian people in their arduous and glorious movement towards independence, unity, and peace.—*N. Y. Times.*

THE REACTION IN TEXAS.—The Paris (Texas) Press of August 18, says:—Notwithstanding that we have a most vigilant patrol every night and Sunday, no discovery has been made thus far to justify the suspicion that any plot has been made known to the negroes of Paris, either insurrectionary or incendiary."

Doubtless this is so through all those portions of Texas where the incendiary fires have occurred. The proof to find a conspiracy on the part of the North against the South has signally failed.

A NEW PLANET DISCOVERED.—*Washington, Sept. 17.*—On last Saturday night a new planet was discovered at the National Observatory. Its right ascension is 23 deg. 4 min., and its declination 3 deg. 23 min., South.

### MARRIED:

On Tuesday evening, Sept. 18th, by Rev. W. D. Howard, D. D., WILLIAM W. YOUNG and ELIZA L. HOODY.

### DIED:

At Elizabeth, Allegheny county, Pa., on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, JANE, wife of Rev. Samuel Jamison, pastor of the United Presbyterian congregation of Bethesda and Elizabeth.

☞ A CARD TO YOUNG LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.—The subscriber will send *(free of charge)* to all who desire it, the Recipe and Directions for making a simple *Vegetable Balm*, that will, in from two to eight days, remove Pimples, Blotches, *Tan, Freckles*, Sallow tints, and all impurities and Roughness of the Skin, leaving the same as Nature intended it should be—*soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.* Those desiring the Recipe, with full instructions, directions and advice, will please call on or address (with return postage,) JAS. T. MARSHALL,
Chemist, Practical Chemist,
No 83 Ohio Buildings, New York.
jy6 2m&3m&w

HOOPSKIRTS, white and colored, all sizes, and with from four to forty hoops each.
G. MANNOR LOVE, 74 Market st.


**Female Health! Female Health!**

Thousands of females suffer from derangements peculiar to the sex. First and most common among these is, FEMALE WEAKNESS, or WHITES, or LEUCORRHŒA, with its constant attendants, LASSITUDE, PROSTRATION, LIMB or WHALE BACK, and GENERAL DEBILITY. No one can be entirely well who thus suffers, and in hundreds of cases health is utterly undermined. Old-School medicines and drugs do but little good—often much injury; but HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMŒOPATHIC FEMALE PILLS are just the thing, restoring promptly and curing permanently. A dollar's worth will do more good than quarts of nostrums, or six months' attendance on a doctor.

*Six boxes for $1*; single boxes 25 cts.

N. B—A full set of HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFICS with Book of Directions, and twenty different Remedies, in large vials, morocco case, $5; ditto, in plain case, $4; case of fifteen boxes, and Book, $2. Single boxes, 25 cents and 50 cents.

These Remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address, Dr. F. HUMPHREYS & CO., No. 562 Broadway, New York.

Sold by J. M. FULTON, Fifth street, second door from the Post Office, Agent for Pittsburgh. se15d&w1mT

☞ MRS. WINSLOW, an experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will relay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases—See advertisement in another column. se13d1mTyT


## Public Notices.

☞ FIRST WARD, ALLEGHENY.—The Republicans of this Ward will meet at Head Quarters, WASHINGTON HALL, Robecca st., THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, to complete the list of voters of the ward, and to make final arrangements for the MASS CONVENTION on the 27th.

Prof Cornelius desires to meet the members of the Ward GLEE CLUB at the same time and place.

☞ All active Republicans of the Ward are urgently requested to be present, as business of importance must be done. SAMUEL RIDDLE,
se20:1t1 Pres't First Ward Republican Club.

☞ AT A MEETING of the Republican Executive Committee of ALLEGHENY CITY, on Monday night, it was resolved, That the Republicans of the different wards be requested to meet on THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 20th, at 7 o'clock, in the following places, to make arrangements for perfecting the organization of the party, and preparing for the approaching CONVENTION: First Ward, at Washington Hall; Second, at the Town Hall; Third, at Col. Gerst's; Fourth, at Ballard's Hall.

The Executive Committee will meet at the Town Hall, on MONDAY Evening next, at 7½ o'clock.
se20:1t W M. NEILLIE, Pres't.

☞ THIRD WARD REPUBLICAN MEETING, on FRIDAY, Sept. 21st, at 7½ p. m., at the STAND, on Sixth street, near Smithfield st. The meeting will be addressed by

Hon. J. K. BRADY,
THOMAS M. MARSHALL, Esq.,
D. L. EATON, Esq.,
and other eloquent speakers. se20:2t

TURN OUT, "ALL HANDS!"

☞ MECHANICS, ARTIFICERS AND WORKINGMEN GENERALLY, engaged in the different branches of industry, to and around Pittsburgh and vicinity, who have not as yet made arrangements for a place in the REPUBLICAN MASS PROCESSION of Sept. 27th, will meet at Republican Head Quarters, West Diamond st., on THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 20th, at 7½ o'clock, for that purpose. Let there be a FULL TURN OUT of the Republicans, Tradesmen and Skilled Workmen.

☞ NOTICE.—THE DRAYMEN of Pittsburgh and Allegheny City will meet on THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 20th, at 7½ o'clock, at Republican Head Quarters, Wood street, to make arrangements for participating in the REPUBLICAN MASS CONVENTION of Sept. 27th.
se19:2t ELECTION.—The Annual Election for President and Board of Directors of the CITY BANK of TRADE AND MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, will be held at the Rooms of the Association, on TUESDAY, 24th of September, at 2 p. m. By order

ISAIAH DICKEY, President.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY, 15th September, 1860.

☞ The Stockholders of the Pittsburgh Gas Company are hereby notified that an ELECTION will be held, at the Office of the Company, on the FIRST MONDAY (first day) of October, A. D. 1860, between the hours of two and five o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing three persons to serve as Trustees for the term of three years. se17:2w JAMES M. CHRISTY, Treasurer.

☞ THE KEYSTONE OIL COMPANY.—Books for the subscription to the Capital Stock of this Company will be opened at the office of JOHN WOODS, Fourth street, on WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, and will remain open till further notice. Prospectuses, with a map of the location, will be furnished to those who may wish to subscribe se8:tf


## New Advertisements.

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of an execution issued out of the District Court of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, and to the Sheriff of said county directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court Court, in the City of Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, the 13th day of October A. D. 1860, at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described property, to wit:

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant, Thomas Farley, of, in and to all that certain lot or parcel of ground, situate in the Third ward in the City of Allegheny, County of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point on the east side of Boyle street, (formerly Ann street,) two hundred and sixty-seven feet north of the North Common, at the northeast corner of a lot of the heirs of M'Henry, and running thence along said Boyle street northwardly thirty-seven feet to the southwest corner of a lot of ground of Mrs. Lonsdale, now in tenure of Thomas Anderson; thence by said lot of Mrs. Lonsdale eastwardly on a line parallel with the line of the North Common fifty-four feet and eight inches; thence by said lot of Mrs. Lonsdale northwardly by a line at right angles with Boyle street four feet; thence by lot of —— Seitz eastwardly by a line parallel with the line of said North Common twenty-six feet four inches to White Oak alley; thence by said White Oak alley southwardly forty-one feet to the northeast corner of the said lot of M'Henry's heirs; and thence by said M'Henry's lot westwardly eighty-one feet or more to said Boyle street; and having thereon erected a two-story brick dwelling house and other improvements, etc. etc.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Thomas Farley, at the suit of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for use, etc.

JAMES L. GRAHAM, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Pittsburgh, Sept. 18, 1860.

STERLING MEDICAL COLLEGE,
Columbus, Ohio.

THE NEXT ANNUAL SESSION of this Institute begins on the 15th of October, and will continue until the 1st of March, 1861.

*FACULTY:*

S. M. SMITH, M. D.,
Professor Theory and Practice.

FRANCIS CARTER, M. D.,
Professor Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

J. DAWSON, M. D.,
Professor Anatomy and Physiology.

J. W. HAMILTON, M. D.,
Professor Surgery.

S. LOVING, M. D.,
Professor Mat. Med., Therap. and Med. Juris.

T. W. WORMLEY, M. D.,
Professor Chemistry.

R. N. BARR, M. D.,
Demonstrator of Anatomy.

Term Tickets, $50; Matriculation, $5; Graduation, $20. Hospital Privileges—Preliminary, Hospital and County Infirmary. Address, (se12:2tw) S. M. SMITH, Dean.

THIRTY-THIRD LIST of Applications for Sailors' Letters, filed in the Clerk's Office up to September 19th, 1860.

Ecorn John, tavern, 3d ward, Pittsburgh
Hilbers Charles, saloon, Ross, 4th ward, Pittsburgh
Honnegger & Keiser, with other goods, 4th wd, Pittsburgh
Halton Jonathan, tavern, Sharp township
Lufler John, eating house, Mifflin township
Lisbon Frederick, with other goods, Birmingham
Lloyd David, Mifflin township
Marstaller Michael, eating house, 5th ward, Pittsburgh
M'Cherly Robert, other goods, Lawrenceville
Summell John, tavern, Plum township

The Board of Licensers will meet on Monday, Sept. 24th, 1860.

Attest: THOMAS A. ROWLEY, Clerk.
Clerk's Office, September 19th, 1860. se20:3t&

BANNERS AND TRANSPARENCIES,
For the 27th instant.
Call soon, if you wish to be in time.
DODGE & SMITHSON, Painters,
se20:1t 77 Fourth Street.

GROCERIES—75 hhds. N. O. Sugars; 150 bbls N O Molasses; 40 bbls Eastern syrup; 40 do Refined Sugar; 20 bf-chests Y H and Black Teas; 125 bxs Window Glass—also, all Pittsburgh manufactured articles, for sale by
se20 BECK & LAZEAR, 185 Liberty street.

PRODUCE.—APPLES—50 bbls choice. PEACHES—10 bbls choice. TIMOTHY SEED—40 bus New Seed. FLAX SEED—60 bus clean—received and for sale by
se20 BECK & LAZEAR, 185 Liberty st.

THERE IS NO EXCUSE for any person being annoyed by RATS, when you can effectually rid yourself of them by using a single box of the RAT PASTE, prepared by JOS. FLEMING,
se20 Corner Market st. and the Diamond.

SWEET POTATOES—13 bbls prime Sweet Potatoes, large barrels, just received for sale by
se20 JAS. A. FETZER, corner Market and First sts.

RYE FLOUR—15 bbls. Rye Flour, choice, for sale by JAMES A. FETZER,
se20 corner Market and First sts.

CORN BROOMS—25 dozen Corn Brooms, for sale cheap to close by JAS. A. FETZER,
se20 corner Market and First sts.

ROACHES, MICE and VERMIN of every description, are effectually exterminated by the RAT PASTE, prepared by JOS. FLEMING,
se20 Corner of the Diamond and Market st.

GREASE—1 bbl. in store for sale by
se20 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

ONE BOX OF THE RAT PASTE has been known to destroy FIFTY RATS IN ONE NIGHT.
Prepared by JOS. FLEMING,
se19 Corner of the Diamond and Market st.

NOVELTIES in all kinds of FANCY DRY GOODS. We call particular attention to our present stock, as we feel that it is the most attractive we have ever been able to offer, and at LOW PRICES.
se19 C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market st.

LARD—1 bbl. No. 1 Lard, just rec'd and for sale by WM. M'CUTCHEON & CO.,
se19 116 Liberty st.

EGGS—2 bbls. just received and for sale by
se19 B. DALZELL & CO.

## New Advertisements.

### Eaton, Cree & Macrum,

No. 17 Fifth Street.

PITTSBURGH.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

*Straw Bonnets and Hats;*
DRESS and CLOAK TRIMMINGS;
*Embroidered Collars, Sets, etc;*
EMBROIDERED and MAGIC RUFFLES;
*Best Steel Spring Skirts;*
WHITE and COLORED FRENCH CORSETS;
*Ribbons, Flowers and Ruches;*
*Under-Skirts and Drawers;*
*Boston Ribbed Wool Hose;*
*Gloves, Gauntlets and Mitts.*
Gents' Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Suspenders, &c;
Bead, Braid and Cheadile Hair Nets;
Zephyr and Shetland Wool,
Fancy Baskets, Brushes, Combs, etc;
Knit Hoods, Fancy Yarns, &c.

CITY AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS, MILLINERS, and all who buy to sell again, are invited to examine our Goods and note our Prices.

EATON, CREE & MACRUM,
17 Fifth Street.

☞ WHOLESALE DEPARTMENTS, SECOND FLOORS, 17 and 19. se17

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OIL! OIL! OIL!

VALUABLE PROPERTY OFFERED FOR SALE.—Wishing to change my location, I offer to sell the one half of the five sixths of the well known property of SMITH'S FERRY, on the Ohio river. It is one of the best locations for a general business, in this section of country. The ferry is one of the best on the river. The buildings are good and well calculated for public business, and have been occupied as a hotel and store for a long time. There is also a good station house, belonging to the same property, on the C. & P. R. R., and doing a good business. There are about 20 acres of land on the south side of the river, which secures a good ferry-landing, with a good dwelling house. On the west side of the river, there are about 100 acres of rough land, well supplied with coal, and a deep bed of fire clay. Any one desiring to purchase, will find this the best site for Rock Oil that is on the river. The oil has been seen by the oldest settlers of this country, and has continued to be seen from day to day up to the present time. se12 1md SAMUEL SMITH.

DR. SCHENCK, of Philadelphia, will be in Pittsburgh to examine patients afflicted with

DISEASES OF THE
LUNGS,
Liver and Stomach,
ON
MONDAY AND TUESDAY,
Oct. 1st and 2d, at the Drug Store of his agent,
DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street.

DR. SCHENCK'S MEDICINES.

*PITTSBURGH CERTIFICATES.*

I have been sick now for nearly two years with a cough and liver complaint, and the whole of my breast inside, was completely raw. I first took it with a bad inflammation of the lungs, and I was attended by one of the best Doctors in Pittsburgh, who told me I had inflammation of the lungs. Some time in the early part of March last I called on Dr. Schenck, who was examining patients at Dr. Keyser's Drug Store, 140 Wood street. After he examined me carefully he told me that I had liver complaint, which had settled upon my lungs. My doctor, before I called on Dr. Schenck, told me that my lungs were badly affected. I was wasted very much in flesh, and my strength left me. My appetite was entirely gone, and I had very little hopes of recovery when he attended me. The Doct