Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

SATURDAY, MORNING, SEPT. 8, 1860.

CITY AFFAIRS.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Executed at THIS OFFICE, on the most favorable terms and at the shortest notice.

THE FAIR.

LAST DAY.—The attendance yesterday was quite creditable. During the afternoon there were several exhibitions made of speed on the track by the owners of trotting stock. The crowd, however, seemed more interested in the specimens of art, industry and husbandry, with which the Fair abounded, and most of those having any of these articles on the grounds were busy in showing attentions to strangers. The two steam fire engines, Eagle and Niagara, played in the afternoon. We make the following additional notices.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Messrs. Hall & Speer, as was stated in yesterday's paper, made sweepstakes of the premiums, nine in number, for which they contended. They had a large number of implements on the ground, several of which, we infer, were not entered. Mechanical skill and consummate workmanship were apparent in all of them, and persons having charge of them were constantly occupied in answering the inquiries of persons inspecting them. The articles which were awarded premiums are as follows: Four plows, one Hillside and Nos. 2, 5 and 7 Iron Centre. The former has two mold boards, which work on hinges, so that at the end of a furrow it is only necessary to reverse the beam and handles which are made to revolve, by turning the team round. This saves the shifting of the plow—a very laborious work on hillsides. It also must economize time and ameliorate, in a slight degree, the labors of the team. The others are the Iron Centres of Hall & Speer's patent, and require no description.

Subsoil Plow.—This is intended, as is well known, to follow in the furrow of a mould board plow and pulverize the soil underneath, without bringing it to the surface. It is a valuable implement to the farmer.

Double Shovel Plow.—This is employed in working hoed crops. It is invaluable for tearing out weeds, frequently being very efficacious where the cultivator is of no service. It is also used as a hilling machine.

Drill.—This implement is also calculated for hoed crops. It throws the mould either in or out, as may be desired, and can be set to run deep or shallow, as may be desired. It is also employed as a potato digger, and for this purpose is more convenient than a plow.

Iron Cultivator.—This, with the premium for best display, makes nine premiums, which include all that Messrs. Hall & Speer competed for. The complete and durable character of their implements, with the excellence of the patents, are matters worthy of the attention of farmers.

SEWING MACHINES.

The Ludd, Webster & Co. Sewing Machine which was on exhibition in the north-west corner of Domestic Hall, attracted a great deal of attention yesterday. This machine, though not quite so old as some others, is already beginning to possess a large share of the public patronage. It has most of the improvements in the others as well as some peculiar to itself. We saw a piece of lead, probably an eighth of an inch thick, and a piece of sole leather, sewed together in the best manner, without the least trouble, by one of the family machines. This is something we never before saw done by a sewing machine. The agents for this county are the well known dry goods firm of A. M. Marshall & Co., on Federal street, Allegheny, above the Western Depot.

The Bartholf Machine, which we have already given a description of, was in full blast yesterday. The operatives were busily engaged in sewing samples of cloth for the crowds of people who were in attendance watching the operations of the machine. We observed some of the stitching, and it was really elegant, looking alike on both sides. This is one great beauty of this machine, as it is immaterial on which side the sewing is done, as it looks equally as well on the one side as on the other. The agent for the company in this county is Mr. Henry Rhoads, of Federal street, Allegheny, just above the P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. Depot.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

In the north-west corner of Mechanics' Hall, was the stand of our enterprising fellow citizen, Mr. James Robb, who had the largest assortment of Boots and Shoes on exhibition at the Fair. The articles comprised specimens of Ladies, Misses and Children's Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Buskins, etc; Men's French Calf Water Proof Boots; Men, Boys' and Youths' Coarse, Kip and Calf Boots, Shoes, Oxford Ties, Scotch Bootees, Operas, etc., etc. We understand that he got three different premium on the lot, which speaks well for the superiority of his manufactures. We noticed one pair of huge shoes measuring about 36 inches in length by about 10 in breadth, and having screws instead of nails to fasten the heels to the sole. These shoes were made for a sign, and cost $25. A tiny pair of Infants' Shoes was along side of them, affording a great contrast. In addition to these, we saw a large collection of Eastern made Shoes and Boots, from the best manufactories of Lynn and Boston. The specimens were from the delicate patent leather shoe and quilted sole boot to the common raw-hide and stogy, and from the smallest infant's shoe through all the gradations. The great hob-nail and sparable shoes, for use in rolling mills and where the wearer is liable to slip on the ice, were not wanting, and we also found water proof boots and shoes. The specimens were arranged with a great deal of taste, and made a good display. They were so numerous that we could not give a description of them in a column; but we can say that they were excellent, and gives us much pleasure to state that Mr. Robb was awarded the first premium for home manufactured shoes, and also the first premium for the best exhibition of Eastern make.

Mr. Robb is an old and well known tradesman of this city. He began business a practical shoemaker 25 years ago, so that if experience gives a man any advantages, he has had abundant opportunity to avail himself of them. With large means, a considerable share of enterprise and great business capacity, his facilities for meeting the public wants must be very ample. His work is all made by his order, either in quantities at Eastern manufactories or at home, under his own supervision. This gives it the guaranty of being well done, to which his numerous customers would probably testify. As the winter is approaching, when strong and tight boots and gaiters will be in demand, we refer our readers to this establishment. Every description of Great's and Ladies' wear is to be had in his establishment, and at figures to suit the wishes of any reasonable man.

His establishment, No. 98 Market street, between Fifth st. and Diamond alley, is one of the most extensive west of the Allegheny Mountains, and purchasers, either by wholesale or retail, will find it to their advantage to give him a call. Buying for cash in the best markets, he is unrivaled to put his goods at the lowest figures, while his experience in the business and high character for fair dealing, afford a guarantee that those who patronize him will receive a good article, and be liberally and honorably dealt with.

PRINTING, BINDING, &C.

Each day we have given a brief notice of the display made by Mr. W. S. Haven, in the Printing and Binding department, in Mechanics' Hall. To day we have the pleasure of announcing the receiving, by him, of two *first premiums*—one each on Printing and Binding. This fact alone establishes the superiority of his work and adds another to the many laurels already obtained in the same manner. The premiums on printing were obtained on a general assortment of Business and Ball cards, Circulars, Bill Heads and large Posters. The premiums on binding were obtained on about half a dozen books bound and stereotyped by Mr. Haven, comprising Denny's "Military Journal," Hasbison's "Bees and the Rearing of them," "History of the West," by Brecknridge, etc; and three large counting house books, magnificently bound with leather and velvet and having brass rims and rollers. He also had some flock business cards on exhibition. The first flock or velvet printing ever executed west of the Allegheny mountains, was done in Mr. Haven's establishment, though this is not generally known. Mr. Haven had no intention of being an exhibitor at the Fair up to Monday morning, and had consequently made no preparation; this triumph therefore is so much the more gratifying to him.

IRON CITY COLLEGE.

The fine specimens of writing exhibited by the Iron City College at the late Fair attracted the attention of nearly every person who passed through Arcade Hall, by all of whom they were pronounced as near perfection as skill could make them. The recent additions to Mr. Cowley's large collections of writing and pen drawing surpasses, in style and finish, anything that he has heretofore produced, and went far towards sustaining the high reputation he has so deservedly attained as a teacher of the art. We think the College is peculiarly fortunate in having such a popular teacher of penmanship as Prof. C., as he is universally acknowledged to be one of the most beautiful and practical penmen in the vicinity.

GUNS AND PISTOLS.

Mr. D. J. McDonald, of the Iron City Gun Works, had some beautiful specimens of Globe Sight and Telescope Rifles, for long ranges, on exhibition, together with several patterns of Revolvers, all of which attracted considerable attention.

OPT. FOLEY'S DISPLAY.

The tasteful exhibited by Gen. Negley in his manner decorating Floral Hall has been highly and justly applauded. All that a skillful arrangement of mosses, stones, water and evergreens could be made to do towards imitating a romantic scene in nature was accomplished. The effect produced was certainly very fine, and we never entered Floral Hall without observing a dense crowd around Gen. N.'s mosses and flowers. They were the principal point of attraction, though of course the displays of fruit, etc., on the tables received much attention. Gen. Negley, as is well known, is an extensive grower of roses and ornamental plants, and as long as Fairs last, he is not likely to lose his reputation as a Floriculturist. He exhibited no less than one hundred and fifty varieties of roses, and one hundred and twenty-five varieties of that very popular flower, the Verbena. His stand was covered with roses, and the reuse with premiums, which we presume were meritoriously awarded. In this connection we will refer to the Negley pear. This is a pear which Gen. Negley found growing on his father's place. The tree is quite old and is supposed to be a native seedling.—The fruit is large, probably between the Bartlett and Dutchess d'Angouleme; the skin a rich lemon, shaded with crimson, and quite free from specks, and its flavor is all that could be desired. It ripens early and continues in season from the last of August until the end of September. These qualities with its firmness and sightliness, must render it a very valuable market pear.

This closes our notices of the Fair. We cannot conclude without expressing our gratification at the manner in which our friend Capt. Young and his companeons managed the whole enterprise. Everything that could administer to the wants of visitors was provided, and especially there was plenty of good wholesome water in several places to be had for the turning of a spigot. Everyone was treated with the greatest courtesy and the best order prevailed. Some dissatisfaction existed, as usual, with the manner in which some premiums were awarded.—This, however, was not the fault of the managers of the Fair. Competent Judges were selected and informed of their appointment. The neglect of a great many to come rendered the selection of substitutes necessary, who were in many instances ill qualified to act. This may account for a discrimination having been made in some cases not exactly on the side of merit. We understand it is the wish of the managers that men hereafter do not consent to serve as Judges unless they fully intend to do so. It will relieve them of much embarrassment.

ETNA STOVE WORKS.—All admit the importance of having a good cooking stove. The operation of preparing meals goes on so much more satisfactorily, cooks are so much more readily kept, and the viands submitted to the palate are eaten with so much more gusto that it is the leading desire of every house keeper to procure a good Cooking Stove. Mr. Bradley has given a very large amount of attention to the construction of Stoves, and now offers for sale three—the Tropic, Eureka and Arbiter—which are supposed to combine all the requisites of a good cooking apparatus. We shall not describe them, as those who want such articles will be better informed by calling at the sales room of the Etna Works, No. 4 Wood street, where they will find plenty for inspection. Mr. Bradley is also sole proprietor of the celebrated patent gas burning and smoke consuming arrangements, which are applied to his Cooking Stoves. The advantages of this patent are economy of fuel, increase of heat, preservation of the centre piece, cleanliness and durability. By interposing a current of hot air between the oven and fire back, the latter is preserved, making the stove much longer. All the Etna Stoves are furnished with this improvement. Mr. Bradley has also a large stock of parlor and heating stoves of beautiful designs, intended to burn either wood or coal. His collection of grates and fenders embraces the fullest variety of patterns, many of which, with their high polish and silver mounting, are about as fancy decorations for a parlor as can be desired. We need not set forth the facilities which the proprietor of the Etna Works has for accommodating all the wants of the public in his department of business. These are well known, and enable him to furnish considerable inducements to buyers. His advertisement may be seen in this morning's paper.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.—On Thursday afternoon an accident occurred on the Central Railroad which deprived a man of both of his feet. As we are informed, Mr. Charles Higberger, a steady, industrious man, well known in this city, a printer by occupation, was proceeding to the outer depot on the express train going east, for the purpose of taking his position as brakesman on a freight train on the road, (which situation he had but recently secured, and was then about to fill for the second time,) when, on attempting to jump off the car, between Negley's and Millegan's crossing, Liberty street, he fell and was thrown under the wheels of the car, which completely severed one of his feet and badly mangled the other. He was taken charge of by the officers of the train and properly cared for.

ACCIDENT.—On Thursday morning an accident occurred on Penn street, below Hand, by which a boy named John Gettis, a peddler of fruit, had his leg badly crushed, but fortunately no bones were broken. It appears that he attempted to get on one of the cars of the Pittsburgh & Lawrenceville Passenger Railway, and was pushed off by one of the men standing on the platform. The boy was the sole support of his mother. He was carried to Dr. Dickson's office where his injuries were properly cared for.

SEWICKLEY WIDE AWAKES.—A Wide Awake club was formed in Sewickley Borough on Thursday evening. Thirty persons joined and a committee was appointed to procure others. The usual uniform of a cape and cap was adopted, and each member instructed to provide himself. It is expected that the club will be a very considerable membership. The committee appointed to procure members is composed of men of activity and standing.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE—GREAT BILL.—A great bill is announced at the Old Drury to night—"Yankee Jack," and "Robert Emmett"—powder and patriotism—sea fights and sea scenery.—Yankee Jack was played to a delighted house last night, and the patriotic drama of Robert Emmet—a name sacred to the cause of man freedom every where—forms an unusual attraction.

NEW FALL GOODS.—The magnificent stock of New Fall Dry Goods, at W. & D. Hugus', corner of Market and Fifth streets, should receive the especial attention of all those wishing to purchase such articles. Their terms are most reasonable, and purchasers may be accommodated with almost anything in the line. See their advertisement in another column.

POLICE NEWS.—There was a great scarcity of police items yesterday, less in fact than we have been called upon to record for a long time. There were only 10 commitments to the jail up to 8 o'clock last evening. Of these, 4 were for drunkenness, 2 for disorderly conduct, 1 for assault and battery, 1 for surety of the peace and 1 for larceny.

THE BLUEBERRIES had their great torch light procession last night, after drumming up industriously for it for three weeks past. Three clubs turned out, and the procession, including musicians, transparencies and torches, numbered 139, all told. It was a miserable abortion, noisy, but nothing in it.

RELIGIOUS.—Eld. W. S. Gray will preach for the First Congregation of Disciples Meeting, on Hand street, to-morrow at 10½ o'clock a. m., and 7½ p. m. The public are invited to attend.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by G. R. Shaw, Optician, 58 Fifth St.—corrected daily.

	Sinew.	Sinew.	in shade.
9 o'clock, A. M.	98		74
12 " "	114		79
6 " P. M.			80
Barometer		29.5	30

SHINGLES.—The shingle market is very dull just now, and prices have a declining tendency. This decline is attributed by a great many to the supply being more than equal to the demand, but the real cause may be found in the fact that the demand is not so great as in former years, shingle roofs not being thought of when "Groggan's celebrated Asphalt Roofing Felt" can be obtained. The agent for this excellent material can be found at his office, Laughlin's building, Canal bank, near the city Water Works.

REPUBLICAN SONG BOOKS, Nos. 1 and 2; price 10c; Burleigh's Republican Song Books; price 10c; Young Men's Republican Vocalist; price 5c; Wide Awake Vocalist; price 10c; Life of Lincoln and Hamlin, 12 mo. cloth, $1; paper, 25c; Greeley & Cleaveland's Political Text Book, $1; Debates of Lincoln and Douglas; cloth 50 cents; stitched 37 cents.

All kinds of portraits of Lincoln and Hamlin; Medals, various kinds, with portraits of Lincoln and Hamlin.

All campaign documents can be had at Hunt & Miner's, 71 and 73 Fifth street.

☞We call the attention of our readers to an article advertised in another column, called BLOOD FOOD. It is an entirely new discovery, and must not be confounded with any of the numerous patent medicines of the day. It is *Food for the Blood* already prepared for absorption; pleasant, to the taste and natural in action, and what one gains, he retains. Let all those, then, who are suffering from poverty, impurity or deficiency of blood, and consequently with some chronic disease or ailment, take of the Blood Food and be restored to health. We notice that our Druggists have received a supply of this article, and one of the world renowned DR. MATONS INFANTILE CORDIAL, which every mother should have. It contains no paregoric or opiate of any kind whatever, and of course must be invaluable for all infantile complaints. It will allay all pain, and act on the gums in process of teething, and at the same time regulate the bowels. I. 6 all mothers and nurses, who have endured sorrowful days and sleepless nights, procure a supply, and be at once relieved.

☞See advertisement. For sale by GEO. H. REYNER, Agent, 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa. sn1Tdlw3wF

☞ALL should not fail to read the advertisement of Prof. Wood, in today's paper.

Notice to Builders and Contractors.

THE UNDERSIGNED (formerly Foreman for ROWLAND PARRY,) would respectfully inform those for whom he has done work, and the public generally, that he is now prepared to furnish SLATE of different roofing, (green, blue and purple,) or put on SLATE ROOFS in the most approved manner. Orders for Roofing or repairs on Slate Roofs (if left at the office of ALEX. LAUGHLIN, near the Water Works,) will be promptly attended to.

sep15:dwd THOMAS PARRY.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 7.—Mr. Douglas arrived from Frederick at 4 o'clock this afternoon. He was received at the depot by an immense concourse of his friends, and was cheered with great enthusiasm. A crowd followed his carriage to the Gilmer House. On reaching the hotel a copy of Mr. Breckinridge's speech, as telegraphed from Lexington, Ky., was placed in his hand, and he immediately applied himself to the task of reading it. At 8 o'clock he was serenaded by the Baltimore Blues Band. In response to the compliment he at once appeared on the lower balcony of the hotel, and was greeted with loud cheers. He proceeded in a stentorian voice to address an immense concourse of people, being frequently interrupted by applause. Mr. Douglas referred to Mr. Breckinridge's speech, which he said had only been placed in his hands on arrival here to-night, to which he proposed briefly to respond. He said that Mr. Breckinridge, in defending the Secessionists, charged the Front street Theatre convention with attempting to foist on the Democracy new dogma, and the leader of that dogma, the dogma of non-intervention. All that my friends asked at Charleston was a reaffirmation of the Cincinnati platform, on which Messrs. Buchanan and Breckinridge were nominated and elected. That platform asserted the doctrine of non-intervention; they could not have been elected on any other. Now John C. Breckinridge tells you that no man, as a good democrat, or a friend of the South, who stands where he stood four years ago, that a man holding this doctrine is no better than an abolitionist, and that rather than have this dogma recognized, he would prefer to see the Democratic party broken up. Mr. Breckinridge says that he supported Cass and Butler in opposition to Gen. Taylor, because they represented his principles. Mr. Cass had just then written the famous Nicholson letter, supporting this dogma of non-intervention by Congress on the question of slavery in the territories. Mr. Cass, Mr. Breckinridge and himself (Mr. Douglas), were then all in favor of the dogma; all worked in the same harness; the "Godlike" Webster, the immortal Clay and the whole Whig party were then in favor of the same dogma.

He proceeded at great length to show by the record of Mr. Breckinridge, that this dogma was his up to the time of his nomination for Vice President, and that was on this dogma that he was elected in '56. He, Mr. Douglas, went to Kentucky and addressed the people for three mortal hours on this question of popular sovereignty; he explained it to them just as he had explained it to this assemblage to-night, and Mr. Breckinridge stood by his side, applauding him as he progressed and clapping him on the back for his efforts in behalf of this dogma. [Cheers and laughter.] In September, 1856, Mr. Breckinridge visited Illinois and spoke first in behalf of this dogma, and he explained it so well that he, Mr. Douglas, could not restrain himself from expressing his delight by patting him also on the back. He declared that the South was sound on the dogma. Now, we in Illinois are threatened to be hunted down by the very man whom we then raised to the Vice Presidency on this dogma. In alluding to Mr. Breckinridge's speech, Mr. Douglas always spoke of it as a stump speech.

Mr. Breckinridge, he continued, asserts that I am not the regular nominee of the party, but I assure you that I have never descended so low as to accept a nomination from less than one-third of any majority of my party. He would not have alluded to Major Breckinridge had he not assaulted him in his speech made at Lexington yesterday. He had charged him with a breach of faith in relation to the decision of the Supreme Court. Now he held that no honest man would oppose a decision of the Supreme Court. If Mr. Breckinridge had not been mistaken, he, Mr. Douglas, would have beaten Mr. Lincoln in every State but Vermont or Massachusetts. Mr. Douglas then proceeded to repeat his views as expressed at Norfolk, declaring that the election of no man would be cause for the dissolution of the Union, and that he would hang any man who would raise his hand to break up and dissolve this Union, as high as Virginia hung John Brown. He did not believe that Mr. Breckinridge was a disunionist, but he did believe that every disunionist in this Union is a Breckinridge man. (Great laughter and applause.) Mr. Douglas concluded with a powerful appeal for the Union. He was neither Secession, abolitionism and Southern secession in the same grave. He returned thanks for the attention that had been given him, and retired after speaking two hours.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the City of Washington.

ST. JOHNS, Sept. 7.—The steamship City of Washington, with Liverpool dates to Friday afternoon, the 31st ult., passed off Cape Race to-day, and was intercepted by the news yacht of the Associated Press.

The steamer Canadian arrived at Liverpool on the 28th inst.

Garibaldi had met with additional success in Calabria, and been proclaimed Dictator. It was rumored that the King had quitted Naples in frigate.

The English Parliament was prorogued on the 28th. The Queen's speech expressed satisfaction at England with the foreign powers was friendly and satisfactory. She trusts there is no danger of an interruption of the general peace of Europe. She believes that if the Italian people are left to themselves, they will settle their own difficulties. She expresses the hope that the independence of Switzerland will be maintained. She laments the atrocities committed in Syria, and signifies her willingness to confer with the great powers to re establish order there, and she experiences heartfelt pleasure and satisfaction at the warm reception the Prince of Wales is receiving in his travels in America.

Liverpool.—Cotton unchanged; quotations are barely maintained.

Breadstuffs quiet but steady. Flour dull, prices easier but quotations are unchanged.

Wheat quiet at Friday's advance. Corn quiet. Provisions dull.

Consols 93¼@93 for money and account.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The New Orleans papers of Tuesday contain later Texan advices.

A new electoral ticket was being advocated, and promises to become a plan of action to be voted for by all parties opposed to both Breckinridge and Lincoln.

Vigilance Committees were still being formed to rid the State of incendiary abolitionists.

The Pleasunts correspondence says that at the last accounts the Liberals of Mexico, since the defeat of Miramon, were advancing from every side on the capital.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—It appears from our treaty of amity and commerce with the Chinese, just been officially promulgated, that the United States will exert their good offices in case any other nation should act unjustly or oppressively against that Empire, or be hostile, about a military arrangement of the question, thus showing their friendly feelings. A similar provision is contained in the treaty with Japan.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 7.—Prof. Lowe again disappointed an expectant community. The reporters and the citizens generally are indignant, and the press advise Mr. Lowe either to stay with us permanently as a respectable private citizen, or leave us in his balloon at the shortest notice.

CORINE, C. W., Sept. 7.—The reception of the Prince yesterday passed off pleasantly and quietly. His carriage was drawn from the wharf to the ball room by a deputation of 50 citizens. The ball was a highly successful affair.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—After the tea sales to-day, the prices were unchanged. The catalogue was largely withdrawn.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY VIRTUE of sundry executions issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, Penn'a, and to the Sheriff of said county directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, in the city of Pittsburgh, on

MONDAY, the 1st day of October, A. D., 1860, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described property, to wit:

All the right, title, interest and claim of Bartholomew Twyford, of, in, to and out of a certain tract of land situate in Moon township, Allegheny county, Penna., containing fifty-five acres, more or less, bounded and described as follows: On the north by land of John Nesbit's heirs; on the south by lands of Benjamin Means; on the east by lands of John Watt and John Martin Woods, and on the west by lands of Robert Stoddart's heirs; having the same tract of land now occupied by the said Bartholomew Twyford; upon which are erected a frame dwelling house two stories high, a frame barn with a log barn attached, and other necessary out-houses.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Bartholomew Twyford, at the suit of J. W. M'Cabe.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Samuel Wood and Charles Wood, of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Second Ward, City of Allegheny, being lot No. 14, on Sampson street, and having a front on Sampson street of twenty feet and extending back, preserving the same width, the distance of eighty feet, on which is erected one two-story brick dwelling house.

ALSO, All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Third Ward, City of Allegheny, aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on Poplar alley, in said city, at the distance of three hundred and eighty feet from the east corner of said alley and the North Common ground; thence northwardly along said alley twenty feet; thence at right angles to said alley eastardly seventy-three feet and three-fourths of an inch; thence southwardly twenty feet, and thence westwardly seventy-two feet and eight and one fourth inches to the place of beginning; on which is erected one two-story brick dwelling house, with necessary back buildings.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Charles Woods and Samuel Woods, partners as S. Woods & Co., at the suit of William Elliott.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of the defendant, Hiram Powell, of, in and to all the piece and parcel of land situate in the City of Allegheny, in the County of Allegheny and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, being lot No. 5 and one-half of lot No. 6, in John Irwin's plan of the subdivision of cut lot No. 275 in the Reserve tract opposite Pittsburgh, said lot and part of lot together bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning on Water Lane ninety feet west from the corner of Tremont street and the said Water Lane; thence westwardly along Water Lane thirty-three feet and nine inches to the middle of lot No. 6; thence southwardly along the lot of No. 6 one hundred and twenty-five feet to a twenty feet alley; thence eastwardly along said alley thirty-three feet nine inches to lot No. 4 in said plan; thence northwardly along the line of lot No. 4 one hundred and twenty-five feet to Water Lane, the place of beginning.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Hiram Powell at the suit of M. Swartzwelder.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of David Allen, William Holsing and Ludwig Mierhoff partner, as David Allen & Co., of, in and to all that certain store house of one story, having a front of sixteen feet and a depth of thirty-two feet, situate upon a certain lot or piece of land within the county of Allegheny, at Green Oak, in Elizabeth township, and the ground covered thereby, and so much other ground immediately adjacent thereto, and belonging in like manner to the owners of said building, as may be necessary for the ordinary and useful purposes thereof from the commencement of the said building.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of David Allen & Co., at the suit of John Herron.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest, claim and estate of the defendant J. C. Stewart, of, in and to all that certain farm of land situate in Plum township, Allegheny county, containing about one hundred acres, bounded by lands of John Ewwer, Thomas Armstrong, and others, and on the north by the Leechburg road, and on the east by ——— run; on which are erected a two story brick dwelling, a log dwelling and a frame barn, subject to the life estate of Jane E. Stewart, therein, and the payment of legacies to the amount of four hundred dollars. The said defendant's interest in said property is the one-fourth part after the ending of the said life estate and payment of said legacies.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of J. C. Stewart, at the suit of J. R. Negley.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of M. D. Curry, contractor, and John Chamberlin, owner, to wit: All that certain two story building, with kitchen, one and one-half stories high; the front building being twenty-eight feet in front, and sixteen feet in depth, and the kitchen attached and connected being twenty-four feet by sixteen feet, and being situated in Jefferson township, in said county, on the Elizabeth town road, and the lot or piece of ground and curtilage appurtenant to said building; the said piece of ground on which said building stands being adjoined by property of Michael Snee, John Sheplar and Morrison's, &c.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of M. D. Curry, contractor, and John Chamberlin, owner or owners.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of defendant, of, in and to the following real estate, to wit: All that certain lot of ground situate in the First ward of the city of Allegheny, and bounded and described as follows, to wit:—Beginning on the west side of Belmont street at the distance of 182 feet and 9½ inches from the west side of Jackson street; thence southwardly along Belmont street 182 feet 8 inches; thence westwardly 280 feet to the east side of Chartiers street 101 feet 2½ inches; thence eastwardly 280 feet to the place of beginning.

ALSO, The entire certain lots of ground situate in the First ward of said city, being lots Nos. 93, 94, 95, 96, 97 and 98, in John and William A. Charlton's plan of lots in said city together, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning on the eastside of Mulberry street at the distance of 113 feet 7 inches southwardly 144 feet; and in length or depth southwardly, preserving same width, 86 feet.

ALSO, All those five other lots of ground, being lots Nos. 1, 5, 6, 7 and 8, in the plan aforesaid together, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning on the southwardly side of Water Lane at the distance of 64 feet eastwardly from Chartiers street; thence extending in front or width on Water Lane 120 feet and in length or depth southwardly same width 110 feet, the said several pieces of ground being the same lots which Mary Wilkins were all other to the said William A. Charlton in certain proceedings in partition in the District Court of Allegheny county, No. 53, ——term 1858.]

Seized and taken in execution as the property of William A. Charlton, at the suit of Eliza Carpenter, widow of James Carpenter, deceased, et. al., by their guardian Robert B. Carna han, Esq.

JAMES L. GRAHAM, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Pittsburgh, Sept. 7th, 1860.

AN ORDINANCE granting the use of certain Streets in the City of Pittsburgh to the Monongahela Passenger Railway Company, as recommended by the Ordinance Committee and approved of by the City Solicitor.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by the authority of the same, That the consent of said Councils is hereby given to the Monongahela Passenger Railway Company to enter upon, lay out and construct a single or double track railway, in the streets in the City of Pittsburgh, Second street, from the City line, near Dam No. 1, to the corner of Smithfield street; along Smithfield to Fifth street, on Hiro ingham Passenger Railway, by the Company now laying her share of construction and repairs to the said Birmingham Passenger Railway, as may be agreed upon by three disinterested persons, one to be chosen by each company, and these two choosing the third; with a track on Second street, between Grant and Rose streets, on each side of the Public Square; the same to be constructed with a single track, with turn-outs, sidings and switches, such as may be designated by the Committee on Streets of said Company shall have the privilege of traversing said streets with their cars and horses; subject to all the conditions, restrictions and limitations contained in said Act of Incorporation, and subject, also, to such Ordinances as said Councils may from time to time enact, pertinent to the power granted to the 12th section of said Act, and that the said streets shall be taken up only under the direction of the Street Committee.

SEC. 2. The powers above conferred are granted upon the following express conditions:

1st, The said company shall use, in the construction of said Railway, rails of a pattern to be approved by the Recording Registrar of the City of Pittsburgh and the committee on Sir eets, and shall lay down the same under the supervision of and according to the plans designated by said Recording Registrar, whose services shall be paid for by said company.

2d, It shall put down at all the gutters crossed by its railway, iron culverts, of a pattern to be approved by said Recording Registrar and Committee on Streets; and the said rails shall not be laid till said culverts are put down.

3d, The payment of the sum assessed upon each car, by the ninth section of said Act of Assembly, shall be made for each car within one month after the same shall commence running on said road, and at the same date annually thereafter; but no payment of such annual assessment shall be required for cars reserved for use in case of accident or damage to others. The cars shall be numbered, as drays and carriages are now numbered, under the ordinance of said city, regulating licenses on such vehicles.

4th, That in lieu and instead of the tax upon dividends or net profits of said company, prescribed in the ninth section of said Act, the said company shall pay annually into the Treasury of said city, the sum of two hundred dollars, for and during the first five years; and four hundred dollars annually thereafter, the first payment to be made on the first Monday of January, 1862, and on the same date annually thereafter.

5th, The President of said company shall annually, on the 1st day of July, make a written return, under oath, to the City Controller of said city, of the number of cars with its map at any time during the year have been run upon the road, and including things excepted in the third provision of this section.

6th, The said company shall keep clean that portion of the street through which the said railway may lay, and in perpetual good repair, from curb to curb, subject to the direction of the Street Commissioner, with privilege of appeal to the Committee on Streets, whose decision shall be final; and said company shall not at any time be permitted to throw up any piles of dirt, snow or ice from off the track toward the gutters or centering, and let it remain there; and it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to see the foregoing carried into effect.

7th, That the rate of fare for each passenger carried in the cars of said railway company shall not exceed five cents within the city limits.

8th, That the city reserves the right, at any time after the end of twenty years from its date, by giving the said company one year's notice of such intention, to purchase said road and stock by paying for the same at a rate to be fixed by five disinterested appraisers, to be appointed at the request of said city, by the President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county.

9th, The said company shall surrender all claim or right under any act of Assembly to use any other streets of said city not herein specifically granted.

10th, That before this ordinance shall go into effect, said company shall file with the City Controller a properly authenticated acceptance of the same, incurring all its conditions and restrictions, together with good and sufficient security in the sum of Two Thousand Dollars (the same to be approved of by the Controller,) for the performance of their part of the contract, and covenanting that any failure to comply with any of its terms may, at the option of the City Councils, be held to be a revocation of the privileges hereby granted.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 27th day of August, A. D., 1860.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: R. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.

A. G. McCANDLESS,
President of Common Council.

Attest, THOS. MCMARTIN,
Clerk of Common Council.

se7:2td

INDIA RUBBER BELTING, HOSE, STEAM PACKING and GASKETS, of all the various sizes, for sale at the India Rubber Depot, 28 and 30 St. Clair street. J. & H. PHILLIPS.

LEATHER BELTING, oak tanned, of the best quality, of all sizes, for sale at 28 and 28 St. Clair st. J. & H. PHILLIPS.

OIL CLOTH TABLE COVERS—Another supply of different sizes and best quality just received from Factory. J. & H. PHILLIPS.

BRASS AND BRONZED ROLLER ENDS, BRACKETS AND RACK PULLEYS—Wholesale and retail, at low prices, at the Oil Cloth Warerooms, 28 and 28 St. Clair street. J. & H. PHILLIPS.

HOTEL SOUNDERS OR SETTEES.—We have on hand four Hotel Sounders, with Spring Seats, which we will sell low. T. R. YOUNG & CO.

SECRETARIES AND BOOK-CASES.—Some large and handsome patterns finished and in warerooms. T. R. YOUNG & CO.

FEATHERS—4 sacks in arrive for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

SHEEP SKINS—1 bale, to arrive, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION, FOR JULY & AUGUST.
HON. W. JOHNSTON, JOHN H. DILWORTH, E. E.
FELIX BRUNOT, H. PARSON, O. H. JONES.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

[*Reported especially for the Pittsburgh Gazette.*]

PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, Sept. 8, 1860.

FLOUR—Continues to be excited, and is so line at quite a variety of price s. Buyers and sellers are still wide apart in their views—the latter asking for a slight decline, to which the former are unwilling to submit. The following are the sales:

	Super.	Extra.	Ex. Fam.	Family
200 bbls from store	———	5 40	5 75	6 00
100 do do	———	5.40	5 50	6 25
65 do do	———	———	5 50	6 25
45 do do	———	———	5 50	6 25
82 do do	———	5 50	5 75	5 50
150 do do	———	5 40@50	5 50	6 25
90 do do	———	5 40	5 50	———
100 do do	———	5 40	5 75	6 00
75 do do	———	———	5 75@80	———
75 do do	———	———	6 00	———

GRAIN—Oats steady and in fair request, but unchanged. Sales of 500 bush from at 24@25c; 250 bush do at 27c, and 450 do at 28c. Corn inactive but unchanged, sales of 500 bush at 59@60c. Barley—a sale of 1600 bush was made, but the terms were not made public. Wheat—sales of 1 car load from depot at $1.36 for red.

HAY—Firm but unchanged. Sales of 2600 pounds shoulders at 9½@10c; 1600 do plain hams at 12@12½c; 1600 do shoulders at 9½@10c; and 3 tierces sugar cured do at 12½@13c; 5000 do country at 8c for shoulders, and 10½ for sides.

SUGAR—There is a moderate business doing; but rates are unchanged. Sales 20 hhds prime at 9@9¼c; 15 do do at 9@9¼c.

MOLASSES—In good demand, without, however, any change in quotations. Sales of 25 bbls at 45c; 30 do do at 45@48c; 15 do do at 49c; 10 hf bbls at 50; and 50 do do at 48c—cash.

COFFEE—But little doing; sales of 70 bags at 16@16½c, as per quality.

WHISKY—Sales of 10 bbls common at 22@24c; and 25 do at 23.

POTATOES—Sales of 50 bbls Pickes and Neshannocks at 35c a bush.

PEACHES—Sales of 30 bbls at $2 a bbl.

CHEESE—Sales 22 box W. R. at 9c.

LIME—Sales of 15 bbls Louisville at $1.25 a bbl.

OIL—Sales 15 bbls No 1 Lard at 92@95c a gallon.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

FLOUR AND PRODUCE TRADE.—The receipts and shipments of Grain during the past week were as follows:

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour	15,167 bbls.	———
Corn	893,445 bush	520,712 do
Oats	20,712 do