Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICE CORNER OF S. WILLIAM & D. STREETS, NEAR 4TH STREET.

R. ERRETT & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 25, 1860.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

OF MAINE.

Electoral Ticket.

AT LARGE.
HON. JAMES POLLOCK.
HON. THOMAS M. HOWE.

DISTRICTS.

1 Edward C. Knight.	13 Francis B. Penniman,
2 Robert P. King.	14 Ulysses Mercur.
3 Henry Buehm.	15 George Brawley,
4 Robert M. Peart,	16 A. R. Sharpe,
5 Nathan Hilles.	17 Daniel G. Gehr,
6 John M. Broomall,	18 Samuel Calvin,
7 James W. Fuller,	19 Edgar Cowan,
8 Levi K. Smith,	20 Wilmer McKennan,
9 Francis W. Christ,	21 John M. Kirkpatrick,
10 David Mumma, jr.,	22 James Kerr,
11 David Taggart,	23 Richard P. Roberts,
12 Thomas S. Holt,	24 Henry Souther,
	25 John Greer.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN,

OF CENTRE COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS—XXIst DISTRICT,

JAMES K. MOORHEAD.

FOR CONGRESS—XXIId DISTRICT.

ROBERT McKNIGHT.

Assembly,
KENNEDY MARSHALL, Pittsburgh.
THOMAS WILLIAMS, Allegheny.
CHARLES L. GOEHRING, Reserve.
WILLIAM DOUGLAS, Elizabeth.
ALEXANDER H. BURNS, Finley.
Clerk of the Courts,
WILLIAM A. HERRON, Pitt.
Register,
WILLIAM J. RICHARDSON, Tomperanceville.
Recorder,
JONATHAN P. ROSS, Allegheny.
Commissioner,
GEORGE HAMILTON, Pittsburgh.
Auditor,
BENNETT LAKE, Elizabeth.
Surveyor,
C. McGOWIN, Pittsburgh.
Director of the Poor,
HENRY CHALFANT, Wilkins.

KEEP THE BALL ROLLING!

GRAND REPUBLICAN RALLY!

Saturday Evening, Aug. [illegible] o'clock,

IN SECOND WARD, PITTSBURGH!

On the "Oregon Lot," Fourth street, between Grant and Ross streets.

HON. MARSHALL SWARTSWELDER,
HON. J. M. KIRKPATRICK,
and others, will address the meeting.

Turn out, all hands

We give our usual interesting "Religious Intelligence" this morning, which will be found on the fourth page.

MR. DOUGLAS GOING SOUTH.—Mr. Douglas having discharged his filial obligations to his maternal parent, whose home in the far north he reached by a remarkable circuitous route, is now on his "winding way" to the sunny South. The visit to his mother probably reminded him of certain duties which he owed to his own offspring, for we find him suddenly seized with a desire to look after some North Carolina property belonging to his children by his first marriage. It is unfortunate that Mr. Douglas' filial affection and paternal solicitude should compel him to subject himself to the necessity of confronting large, popular assemblages, at this particular juncture of affairs. Some people, who are of course not acquainted with the laudable motives by which he is governed, might suspect that he is out on an electioneering tour. What would seem to justify this suspicion is the circumstance that Jon Lane, influenced by a sort of sentimental longing to tread the soil and greet the sons of his native State, has lately returned from an extended visit to North Carolina, where he is reported to have been speechifying against "popular sovereignty" and its peculiar representatives. Mr. Douglas is thus, by a mere coincidence, made to appear as following up the Oregonian, when he is on an errand of quite a different character. By the way it must be a source of great satisfaction to his friends that he has recovered his health to an extent sufficient to enable him to undertake long and fatiguing journeys. It will be remembered that he suffered so seriously from a complication of disorders, last winter, that he was prevented from voting on many important questions which were then before the Senate. His restoration to vigorous health simultaneously with the adjournment of Congress is an indication that the public life he has adopted is as detrimental to his physical strength as his services have been fatal to the peace of the country.

While sojourning in the North, Mr. Douglas was guilty of a heresy which may alienate what few followers he now boasts of in the Slave States. He declared on a public occasion, that he preferred *clams* to *negroes*—a declaration which Gov. Stevens, of Georgia, says has horrified the whole South! It is to be hoped, however, that when he reaches the region of sand hills and pine trees, he will withdraw or materially modify the treasonable expression. Without purging himself from the odium which its utterance has attached to him, he cannot expect any other than a cool reception from his hosts. We can only realise the enormity of the offence when we reflect that clams are of Yankee production, while the disparaged negro, such as he is, is preeminently a Southern staple. To prefer the bivalve to the "chattel," in a discrimination in favor of Massachusetts, at the expense of South Carolina, and in that preference, there may be concealed an insult which can only be wiped out by wiping out the Union itself. We do hope, therefore, that the "Little Giant," during his sojourn in the South, will so elevate the African and disparage the clam, as to effectually turn away the wrath and quiet the nerves of the good people of that interesting section. That the South must have a positive retraction, and will not be content with a milk and water interpretation, he may rest assured, and should prepare himself in time. The issue is "clams" or "niggers"—the North or the South—the South *in the Union* or the South *out of it.*

NEW YORK POLITICS.—The parties to the late fusion scheme in New York do not seem to understand each other. The Douglas men say that no portion of the electoral ticket is pledged to the support of Bell, while the friends of the latter aspirant confidently claim ten of the thirty-five electors. The New York *News*—a Douglas paper, speaking of the "Union men," who consent to lend their names to this scheme, asserts, that they have abandoned their own organization. The New York *Sun*, referring to this subject, remarks as follows:

"The *Express*, one of whose editors took a prominent part in effecting the coalition, expressly declares that the 'Bell and Everett electors (on the Douglas ticket) will, if elected, vote for Bell and Everett in the electoral college; while Mr. Ottendorfer, one of the Douglas electors, and the editor of the *Staats Zeitung*, states with emphasis that each one of the electors 'is bid, only pledged by the resolution of the Convention to the support of Douglas and Johnson with all their heart and hand,' but is required, specially and individually, to give his consent and willingness to do so, and if he will not, the Democratic Committee is authorized to fill his place with another name.'

No one who knows Mr. Ottendorfer will doubt his word, or his entire conviction of the truth of what he asserts; and yet he may not know all that has transpired at Syracuse or previous to the meeting of the Convention. At any rate, the controversy has taken a form which will compel the managers of the fusion movement to give a positive and direct explanation. The people whose votes are solicited will wish to know to whom they are giving their suffrages when they go to the polls in November."

It seems that the American vote is to be transferred to the Douglas men, on terms which, if understood by any one, are certainly not by the body of the voters immediately interested. The Brookes and their associates are bold and unscrupulous tricksters, but we think they have adventured a step too far this time.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY REPUBLICAN TICKET.—The Republicans of Susquehanna county have nominated the following ticket: Congress, Galusha A. Grow, subject to decision of a District Conference; Assembly, Geo. T. Frazier; Sheriff, Elias V. Gregg; Commissioner, J. B. Cogswell; Coroner, S. W. Breed; Auditor, Stephen W.

THE PRESIDENT'S ARRIVAL AT BEDFORD.—"Occasional" gives an amusing account of a reception tendered to the President on his arrival at his favorite watering place. Bedford should, after this, have a warm place in the heart of "old public Functionary," as it is the only town in his native State that would deem him worthy of even such an ovation as was designed to greet him on this occasion:

"A gentleman just arrived from Bedford Springs gives a graphic account of the reception of the President and his friend Robert M. Magraw, on their arrival at that place, on Saturday. Mr. Buchan was fully expected on Friday evening, his friend, Mr. Taylor, of this city, having secured his rooms for him on that day, and great preparations were made to receive him. At 4 o'clock the band was stationed about two squares from the hotel, on the Cumberland road; an arch was thrown over the road, and a wreath of flower prepared for the illustrious Sage of Wheatland by the ladies of the Springs. A committee were appointed to meet him, which consisted of Juge Dougherty and Major Watson in one carriage, and the world-renowned Brigadier General George Washington Bowman, and the equally illustrious Alfred Gilmore, Esq., of Philadelphia, in another. The committee at the hotel consisted of Attorney-General Black, and several others. Four o'clock came—five, six, and no President. At half past six, while the company were at tea, a wag announced on the piazza that the President was coming, when there was a general stampede to the door, but who should drive up but the committee unattended by their distinguished guest. They announced that he would not be on hand until the next day, much to the disappointment of the whole party. Saturday came without any of the preparation for his reception of the previous day, and about four o'clock in the afternoon, our worthy and estimable President, the venerable "J. B," drove quietly up in company with his valuable friend, Mr. Magraw, of Baltimore. After shaking hands with a few ladies and children, he retired to his room, took a glass of mineral water, had a consultation with his Attorney-General, and went soundly to sleep. The next morning being Saturday, he made his appearance in the parlor and heard the sermon of Rev. Mr. Paxson, of Pittsburgh. It is said that he is quite moderate in his politics, being fully content that he has achieved the darling object of his life in discovering the Democratic party.

WHAT HAS THE FREE TRADE POLICY OF THE DEMOCRATS DONE FOR THE COUNTRY?—The answer to this question comes from an English Statesman, in such a shape as to make us blush for our country:

"In a debate in the House of Commons, one of the speakers boldly argued, amidst repeated cries of 'hear!' 'hear!' that it would be better for England that her North American Colonies should revolt and join the United States, which would render them, he said, more profitable colonies than they are at present.' This gentleman was Sir W. Molesworth, a distinguished member of Parliament. He went on to say that 'the United States of America are in a strict signification of the word, still colonies of Great Britain, as Carthage was a colony of Tyre,' etc. 'Now our colonies, as I will term them,' continued Sir William, 'our colonies of the United States are, in every point of view, more useful to us *than all our other colonies put together.*' He then went on to prove this by figures, winding up with the declaration that the vast, magnificent market of the United States only cost Great Britain £15,000 sterling a year. "All our other colonial dominions,' said the speaker, 'we govern at a cost of £4,000,000, while the United States cost us for consular and diplomatic services not more than £15,000 a year, [hear! hear!] and not one ship-of-war required to protect our trade.'"

Is it not time that the party which has reduced us to a state of colonial dependence should be deprived of the power which it has so shamefully abused?

THE WHEAT CROP OF THE NORTHWEST.—In papers of yesterday's receipt we notice revised calculations of the wheat crop of three extreme north western States, which result in giving to Minnesota, Wisconsin and Iowa, an aggregate of more than 55,000,000 of bushels. For Iowa the report is that of W. D. Wilson, of Des Moines, an officer of the State Agricultural Society, who has given much attention to the calculation of space sown as well as of yield per acre, and it claims a crop of 19,500,000 bushels, from 1,219,000 acres. Two-thirds of this quantity, or 13,000,000 bushels, he declares may be exported, leaving one-third for the home supply. The crop of Wisconsin is stated, on the authority of extensive observation and travel, to be 30,000,000 bushels, though the Milwaukee papers generally assume that 25,000,000 is the safer statement. As it is conceded that the actual yield exceeds the anticipations entertained when the last named figures were selected, the mean of the two statements may reasonably be taken. For Minnesota a correspondent of the New York *Times* claims, from personal examination in about half the counties of the State, 4 or 5,000,000 bushels beyond the demand for home consumption, which would make the entire crop 9,750,000 bushels. Taking the three together the figures stand as follows:

	Bushels.	Bushels
Wisconsin, entire crop	27,000,000	surplus, 24,250,000
Iowa, "	19,500,000	13,000,000
Minnesota, " "	6,750,000	4,500 000
Total	53,750,000	35,850,000

This statement is for wheat alone, the vast corn crop of these States being, however, reckoned equally abundant. This is put down in Iowa alone at 56,100,000 bushels, by Mr. Wilson. Such proofs of great instrinsic wealth are gratifying to us as well as to them, and if they have learned how to concentrate labor abundant, at least so far as their wants are concerned, which simply varied industry may supply, this thirty-five millions of bushels may be worth to them as many millions of dollars.

The Iowa authority referred to puts the surplus of that State at 60 cents per bushel; and, without precise information, we may estimate that of Wisconsin to be worth as much, and that of Michigan 70 cents, at which prices the whole surplus comes to about $23,000,000, instead of $35,000,000. This difference is worth careful thought by grain-growers. If developements of manufactures, growth of working towns—not paper towns—and all forms of home production, took two-thirds of this profuse crop, instead of one third, the price would be advanced so much as to make that third worth nearly twenty millions, which twenty millions would then be almost clear profit. Now, not one third of this sum will be realized after such debts shall be paid as accrue from buying everything of distant producers which is fabricated of woods and metals, or of wool, cotton or silk.—*Phil. N. Amer.*

HIS DOSE CARE.—Douglas asserts that he does not care whether slavery is voted up or voted down. His record proves that he does care.

In 1820 Congress, after much agitation and long discussion, "voted slavery down" in all the territory north of thirty-six and a half degrees. In 1854, when it became apparent that emigration could no longer be kept from the territory in which slavery had been thus interdicted, Douglas secured the removal of the prohibition. He was not willing that slavery should stay "voted down." He does care.

During the fierce struggle between the free State men of Kansas and the pro-slavery ruffians who undertook to plant slavery there at the point of the bayonet, Douglas' sympathies were always with the latter. His speeches, reports and votes all prove that he desired the success of the slavery propagandists and the defeat and expulsion of the free State men. He does care.

In a speech in the Senate on the 16th of March last, he boasted that he had been instrumental in establishing slavery in free territory five times the size of the State of New York. He does care.

By the Dred Scott decision slavery is made the common law of the land, has the right to enter any of the territories, and is entitled to the protection of the federal government, should the people thereof object to its presence and seek to expel it. The Wicklife resolution, which Douglas endorses in his letter accepting the nomination to the Presidency, approves of this decision, and pledges all the branches of the federal government to promptly furnish whatever protection slavery may desire under it. He does care.

At the last session of Congress a bill was introduced in the House repealing the law establishing Slavery in the Territory of New Mexico. Every Democratic Representative in Congress from Illinois either voted directly against the bill or paired off with an absent Republican, which was just the same thing. They so voted under advice from Douglas. He does care.

In no solitary instance yet in which solicitude or vote of his could decide the issue, has he failed to give it promptly, fully and freely in behalf of Slavery. He cannot, with any show of truth, plead even the negative virtue of indifference. He is actively and openly for "voting Slavery up" on all occasions, under all circumstances and everywhere; and toward no other class of men in his hostility so uniform and so inveterate as it is against those who vote is always given in favor of putting Slavery down. Verily he does care.—*Chicago Press & Tribune.*

THE Telegraph was extended a few months since westward from St. Louis to St. Joseph, thus bringing us California news considerably earlier than before. A further extension to Fort Kearney has now been commenced. Fort Kearney is nearly 500 miles west of St. Louis. The telegraph is gradually crossing the Continent, and in another year or so will probably bring to completion an entire line of communication from New York to San Francisco.

In a town in this neighborhood, every man who ever acted with the American party is now out for Lincoln. Lincoln's *majority* in that town will be *double* the Republican vote of '56.—*Albany*

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH BY A MOSQUITO BITE.—A gentleman who resides at the Belmont hotel was awakened on Sunday morning, at about one o'clock, by a peculiar sensation. At first he thought his nose was bleeding, but on arising and lighting his lamp, he found, to his surprise, that instead of his nose, which had put his face in such a "bloody plight," that just below his left eye, on the cheek bone, a stream of blood was spurting out, about the size of a large knitting-needle. In vain he endeavored to staunch the wound, but for two hours it continued to run as when first he discovered it. During the third hour the blood ceased to flow with its wonted force, and after three hours, steady endeavors and as the writer was about to summon a physician, the bleeding diminished gradually lessening in force and quantity until finally it ceased altogether. By this time the gentleman was so exhausted that it was with the greatest difficulty he was enabled to regain his bed. Yesterday upon consulting several eminent physicians, they attributed it to the bite of a mosquito, and say if the flow of blood had continued much longer, he must have died from the loss of blood. —*N. Y. World.*

THE TEXAS FRIGHT.—The New Orleans *Picayune*, admitting that there is a wide spread discontent among the slaves in Texas, and that much property has been destroyed by fire, rejects the idea that there has been any concerted plot among the negroes for permanent insurrection against the whites. It says, in summing up the mass of detailed evidence spread before the public by the Texas papers, that "there are no specifications given, even surmised, that those who were in the plot against life or property had any serious plan for settling themselves at liberty, or projects arranged for escaping from the punishment of these crimes. So far as we can understand it, as developed, the purposes of the conspiracy were mere wanton mischief—murder and arson—without any definite idea of what the actors were to gain for themselves."

SEWARD IN DETROIT.—The Detroit papers tell us that the Republicans of that city are making preparations to give Mr. Seward the largest meeting that ever assembled in the State. The use of the depot of the Michigan Central Road has been secured for the occasion. Special trains are to run on all the roads, and delegations are promised from all the surrounding country. The gathering will be the great event of the campaign in that State.

A SOUTHERN paper, wearied out with the accusations against John Bell, and the contentions about "platforms"—and "antecedents"—and "interventions," and all that, declares that "John Bell stands upon the most impregnable Southern platform that can be erected—and one upon which many of those who are loudest mouthed against him, on the 'slavery question do not stand—and that is—being the owner of a number of slaves himself."—*Norfolk Her.*

TALLEYRAND said of certain ladies' dresses that they "began too late and ended too soon." If he could look in upon the fashions at Newport and Saratoga, where the long trailing robes are so much worn, he would be apt to remark that the dresses begin so late that they don't get through in any kind of season.—*Boston Post.*

Piles! Piles! Piles! Piles!

What is it? How Cured?

Thousands of persons have Piles—suffer for years with the disease—yet few know what it is, or how it is cured. Every case of Piles, whether manifested in the form of external tumors, frequent bleedings, or in violent itching and irritation, depends essentially upon congestion of the abdominal venous circulation. This gathering, engorgement, inflation of the veins, formation of tumors, hemorrhages, pain and suffering, and the disease can only be fundamentally cured by medicines which, taken internally, relieve this venous congestion. Hence, ointments, washes, and even injections, are ineffectual.

DR. HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC PILE SPECIFIC, a simple, safe pill, taken from three to four times per day, cures the disease by curing the condition upon which the disease depends. Hundreds have been cured by it, even of the most obstinate cases. All will be promptly benefited by it Price, 50 cents a box.

N. B.—A full supply of Humphreys' Homeopathic Specifics with Book of Directions, and twenty different Remedies, in large vials, morocco case, $5; ditto, in plain case, $3; case of fifteen boxes, and book, $2. Single boxes, 75 cents and 10 cents.

These Remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address,

DR. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
No. 562 Broadway, New York.

Sold by J. M. FULTON, Fifth street, second door from the Post office, Agent for Pittsburgh. aug18-lyMwF

MRS. WINSLOW, an experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and relieve the child with the greatest certainty and safety. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases—See advertisement in another column. 6eMdAwlyT

A CARD TO YOUNG LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.—The subscriber will send (*free of charge*) to all who desire it, the Recipe and Directions for making a simple *Vegetable Balm*, that will, in from two to eight days remove Pimples, Blotches, Tan, *Freckles*, Sallowness, and all impurities and Roughness of the skin, leaving the same—as Nature intended it should be—*soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.* These desiring the Recipe, with full instructions, directions, and advice, will please call on or address (with return postage,)

JAS. T. MARSHALL,
Practical Chemist,
No. 23 City Buildings, New York.

New Advertisements.

HENRY ERBEN,

ORGAN MANUFACTURER,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

CHURCH AND PARLOR ORGANS,

OF EVERY SIZE AND DESCRIPTION.

No. 1—3 stops, 7 feet 6 inches high, 4 feet 9 inches wide; 3 feet 6 inches deep.
No 2—5 stops, 9 feet 6 inches high, 5 feet 6 inches wide; 3 feet 6 inches deep.
No. 3—8 stops, 11 feet 6 inches high, 7 feet 3 inches wide, 4 feet 3 inches deep.
No. 4—12 stops, 13 feet high, 9 feet 6 inches wide, 7 feet deep.

The above dimensions are for Grecian cases if Gothic cases, they will be somewhat higher.

For further information, apply to

HENRY ERBEN, New York, or
JOHN H. MELLOR, St Wood st.

aplo6dly

REMOVAL.—

CARTWRIGHT & YOUNG'S

Cutlery and Fire-Arm Establishment,

No. 97 Wood Street,

Nearly opposite their Old Stand, where they will be happy to see all their old friends and customers. aug25

ETNA STOVE WORKS.

PITTSBURGH.

A. BRADLEY, PROPRIETOR,

Manufacturer of every variety of

COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING

STOVES,

GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,

&c. &c. &c.

Sole Proprietors of the celebrated

PATENT GAS BURNING AND SMOKE CONSUMING ARRANGEMENTS,

(as applied to our COAL STOVES,) the advantages of which are:

1st. A great saving of Fuel.
2d. A much quicker and better oven, from the same fire.
3d. The preservation of the cutlery from rust.
4th. Cleanliness, as there is not one-half the soot and dirt that is found in other stoves.
5th. Three stoves, and all stoves we ever sold, have a current of cold air passing between oven and fire back, which preserves it and adds to the durability of our *Stoves*, over all others.

Persons wishing the BEST STOVE in the market will find our PATENT "Tropic" "Eureka," or "Arbiter," with DOUBLE TOP, to be our Stove, as hundreds in this city and vicinity can testify.

Would also call particular attention to our stock of Parlor Stoves and Grate Fronts, which, together with our other wares, we will

SELL CHEAP.

Office and Sales Room,

No. 6 Wood Street,

aug25-3md PITTSBURGH, PA.

NOTICE.—Take notice, that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of HOYLE IRWIN, late of Peebles Township, Scioto, Ohio, having been granted to the subscriber, by the Register of Allegheny County, all persons having claims against said Estate are requested to present the same to me for settlement, and all persons indebted to said Estate will call and make payment.

RICHARD HAYS, Adm'r,
No. 148 Penn street, Pittsburgh.

aug25-lawdlw

CHOICE APPLES—100 bbls., the best in the market, for sale by

HITCHCOCK, MCKEEHAN & CO.,
122 Second and 101 First street.

NEW GOODS—SILKS, MERINOS, DELAINES, HOOP SKIRTS, and new style RUFFLINGS, &c.

aug25 C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market st.

EMBROIDERED COLLARS.

Lace Collars, Valenciennes Edgings, just rec'd at aug21 BURCHFIELD & CO'S

BEEF BLADDERS WANTED at

R. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO'S,
corner First and Wood sts.

for which the highest price will be paid. aug25

LIME—100 bbls. Fresh Louisville.

for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

FISH! FISH!—150 pkgs. Herring, White Fish, Trout, &c., just rec'd for sale by

HENRY H. COLLINS.

CHIMNEY TOPS.—100 Gothic Chimney Tops, various patterns, for sale by

HENRY H. COLLINS.

PEARL STARCH—15 boxes Julius J. Woods; 5 boxes Brewster & Hemp's—for sale low to close by aug25 F. SELLERS & CO.

BACON HAMS—50 bbds. for sale by

F. SELLERS & CO.

New Advertisements.

LIGHTNING RODS

put up in any part of the surrounding country, by

CARTWRIGHT & YOUNG,
No. 97 Wood Street.

au25

PEACHES! PEACHES!—21 half barrels choice Peaches just received by Express and for sale by

au25 JAS. A. FETZER, corner Market and First sts.

LEAF LARD—150 bbls. for sale by

au25 F. SELLERS & CO

TWENTY-NINTH LIST of Applications for Selling Liquors, filed in the Clerk's Office up to August 23d, 1860.

Bedwell P & Co, other goods, 21 ward, Allegheny
Bern Henry, eating house, 1st ward, Pittsburgh
Carroll Thomas, do 9th do Pittsburgh
Carnahan T A, tavern, Elizabeth Township
Carson Robert, other goods, 4th ward, Allegheny
Fess John, tavern, M'Clure Township
Eagle Jacob, eating house, sharpsburgh
Fleming Philip, tavern, 4th ward, Allegheny
Henton John S, tavern, 21 ward, Pittsburgh
Ireland Hugh, other goods, Penn township
Johnson H A, tavern, Lawrenceville
Kunzler Anthony, tavern, Birmingham
Robinster Charles, do 1st ward, Pittsburgh
Lemly John, do 5th do do
Landwehr Henry, do Peebles township
Morgan James, do 1st ward, Pittsburgh
Metzger Wm, eating house, 2d do do
Marsh Henry, do East Birmingham
Meyers Peter, do Versailles Township
M'Keever Michael, tavern, Charlers Township
M'Avoy Michael, do Collins Township
Nicholls John, eating house, 6th ward, Allegheny
Ruter Nichols, tavern, 4th do do
Stilton D B, do 1st ward, Pittsburgh
Snyder Henry, do M'Keesport
Taigger Wm, eating house, 21 ward, Pittsburgh
Thomas & Gosby, other goods, 2d ward, Allegheny
Thornsburg Samuel, tavern, Charters Township
Webb H, other goods, 4th ward, Allegheny
Weeks & Snyder, other goods, M'Keesport
Weinhardt Wm, eating house, 6th ward, Pittsburgh
Ward James, other goods, Versailles Township

Attest: THOMAS A. HOWLEY, Clerk.
Clerk's Office, August 23d, 1860. au24:3td

LATEST STYLES OF GENTLEMEN'S, BOYS' and CHILDREN'S

HATS AND CAPS,

just received.

Also, LADIES' AND MISSES'

WALKING HATS,

a very large assortment, at

M'CORD & CO'S.,
131 Wood st.

au24

NEW PUBLICATIONS—

The Ebony Idol.
A Run Through Europe: by Benedict.
Life of William T. Foster: by Francis Brinley.
The Mountain: by Dr. Jackson.
Nemesis, by Marion Harland.
Memorials of Thomas Hood.
Self-Help: by Smiles.
Art recreations.
Elements of Drawing: by Ruskin.
Leslie's Autobiographical Recollections.
What may be learned from a Tree.
Curiosa of Ancient Geography: by Schlegel.

Just received by ROBERT A. DAVIS,
93 Wood street

GOOD PILLS!—All the Pills that are really of any value—such as

M'LANE'S,
WRIGHT'S,
BRANDRETH'S,
RADWAY'S,
AYER'S,
SCHENCK'S.
LEE'S,
MOTT'S,
MORSE'S,
BECKWITH'S, &c.,

For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON,

Dealer in Drugs and Choice Family Medicines,

aug25 corner Smithfield and Fourth streets

USE THE RAT PASTE—

Use the Rat Paste—
Use the Rat Paste—
Use the Rat Paste—

For it is the greatest exterminator of VERMIN of EVERMIN of EVERMIN

ever discovered, ever discovered.

Prepared only by JOS. FLEMING,
For parer only
Prepared only

Corner Market street and the Diamond,
Corner Market street and the Diamond,
Corner Market street and the Diamond,

aug25

NEW PRICES FOR MAGIC RUFFLES!

PRICES REDUCED! PRICES REDUCED!

ENORMOUS SALES!

500 pieces received this day,
of assorted widths,

City Dealers supplied at Eastern Prices.

EATON, CREE & MACRUM,

au23 17 Fifth street.

NEW FALL BONNET RIBBONS!

NEW FALL BONNETS!

10 cases of ZOUAVE HATS,

Black and Brown, with Turned-Up Rim,

Expected to arrive by Express this afternoon, at still lower prices!

EATON, CREE & MACRUM,

au23 17 Fifth Street.

THE
ONLY DISCOVERY
WORTHY OF ANY CONFIDENCE FOR
RESTORING
The Bald and Gray.

Many, since the Great Discovery of PROF. WOOD, have attempted not only to imitate the Restorative, but profess to have discovered something that would produce results identical; but they have all come and gone, being carried away by the wonderful results of Prof. Wood's preparation, and have been forced to leave the field to its restless sway. Read the following:

BATH, Maine, April 18th, 1859.

PROF. O. J. WOOD & CO.: Gents—The letter I wrote you in 1856, concerning your valuable Hair Restorative, and which you have published in the visibly and elsewhere, has given rise to numerous inquiries touching the facts in the case. The inquiries are: first, is it a fact of my habitation and name, as stated in the communication; second, is it true of all the six contained therein, that my hair and consequently my head was entirely bald, or nearly so, and is now restored with a new growth of hair? To all I can and do answer unhesitatingly, yes. My hair is even better than in my younger days; my life for forty years past, more soft, thrifty and better colored; the same as free of my whiskers, and my face. The only reason why it is not generally true, is that the substance is washed off by frequent ablution of the face, when the hair comes to the head by wiping the face in close connection with the whiskers, the same result will follow as the hair I have by me in the receipt of a great number of letters from all parts of the U. States, asking me if it has failed after a time. To be good, as there is so much fraud in the manufacture and sale of various compounds as well as this, it has, no doubt, been badly installed and failed, but not only without any good effect, but to absolute injury. I have but one way of your Restorative of any account for some months, and yet my hair is as good as ever, and hundreds have examined it with surprise, as I am now 61 years old and not a gray hair is to my head or on my face; and to prove the fact, I send you one of my hair taken off the past week. I received your favor of two quart bottles last summer, for which I am very grateful. I gave it to my friends and thereby induced them to try it, many were skeptical until after trial and then purchased and used it with universal success. I will say as a fact, that you send me a test by which I can discover fraud in the Restorative, sold by many, I can without any trouble from you. A pure article will insure success, and I believe where good effects do not follow, the failure is caused by the impure article, which causes the inventor of the good. I deem it my duty, as benefactor, to keep you appraised of the continued effect on my hair, as I assure all who inquire of me of my unshaken opinion of its valuable results. I remain, dear sir, yours,

A. C. RAYMOND.

ALSON'S REV. HY., Nov. 30, 1858.

PROF. O. J. WOOD: Dear Sir—I would certainly be doing you a great injustice not to make known to the world, the wonderful as well as the unexpected result I have experienced from using the bottle of your Hair Restorative. Attaining every kind of testimoniales extant, but without success, and finding my head entirely destitute of hair, was finally induced to try a bottle of your Hair Restorative. Now, dear sir, I will inform you that on occasion to recommend this invaluable remedy to it, who may feel the necessity of it. Respectfully yours, REV. S. ALLEN BROCK.

P. S. This testimonial of my unsolicited for your valuable medicine (as you are aware of) is unsolicited, but if you think it worthy a place among the trial, insert if you wish—if not, destroy and say nothing.

Yours, &c., REV. S. A. B.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes viz: large, medium and small; the small holds half a pint and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion, and retails for $3 a bottle.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo.; and sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. au25-lydlw

HENRY H. COLLINS, Wholesale Dealer in

WHITE FISH, SALMON, TROUT, HERRING, CHEESE, LIME, CEMENT,

LINSEED OIL, PIG LEAD, SPUTTER,

And General Produce, No. 25 Wood street. au24

MORE NEW FALL DRY GOODS,

opening every day—the best assortment in the city—
Please call and see them.

C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market Street

TRAVELING DRESS GOODS,

just received at

BURCHFIELD & CO'S,
Corner Fourth and Market sts.

au24

POST OFFICE, Manilla, Hardware, Straw, Rag and Bon Papers, for sale at the Stationery Store of W. S. HAVEN, corner Wood and Third sts.

au22

TRUNK, Bonnet, Feeding and Fur BOARDS, for sale by

W. S. HAVEN, Stationer and Book and Job Printer, au22 corner Wood and Third sts.

APPLES—20 bbls. choice Apples,

Just rec'd and for sale by

au22 HITCHCOCK, MCKEEHAN & CO.
Corner Market and First sts.

New Advertisements.

W. & D. HUGUS',

Corner Fifth and Market Sts.

Have a few

ORGANDY

and

FRENCH

CAMBRIC LAWNS,

which they are selling at

LESS THAN COST

Berage Robes at half price!

Organdy Robes at half price!

Opened this day a complete assortment of

Domestic Goods.

jy27

HO! FOR THE CAMPAIGN!

MEDALS! MEDALS! MEDALS!

TRUE AND PERFECT LIKENESSES OF EACH CANDIDATE!

RAPID SALES!

LINCOLN AND HAMLIN.

DOUGLAS AND JOHNSON.

BRECKINRIDGE AND LANE.

BELL AND EVERETT.

Sold Wholesale to Dealers, by

EATON, CREE & MACRUM,

jy30 No. 17 Fifth Street.

SUMMER CARD.—

PRICES MARKED DOWN FULLY

Twenty Per Cent,

as the seasons close, in order to make room for our Fall purchases.

Our stock has been

FULLY REPLENISHED,

all through the season, and embraces at the present time many

NEW AND DESIRABLE STYLES

not to be found elsewhere, which we will

MAKE UP TO ORDER,

to the entire satisfaction of those who may favor us with a call.

Samuel Gray & Son,

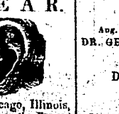
MERCHANT TAILORS,

NO. 19 FIFTH STREET.

Children's Department

NOT EXCELLED. jy12

EYE AND EAR.



DR. UNDERWOOD, of Chicago, Illinois, the eminent and skillful operator on the Eye and Ear, whose reputation is so extensively known throughout the United States, for his science, skill and success in treating difficult and dangerous diseases of the delicate organs, will arrive in Pittsburgh, Pa., on THURSDAY, August 30th, and may be consulted at the Monongahela House until FRIDAY, September 7th, only.

Dr. U., who is a regular Physician and Surgeon of the Old School, has been an operator for upwards of twenty-eight years, and will be found fully competent to perform any operation necessary to restore lost sight or hearing, or by other scientific means to remove any disease of those organs within the reach of science and human skill. No charge for examination and an opinion. au16-dAwTSept

STOVES, GRATES AND RANGES.

BISSELL & CO.,

NO. 65 LIBERTY STREET.

MANUFACTURERS of all kinds of Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves, Cooking Ranges, Fire and Low Grates, Enameled Grate Fronts, Fenders, &c. &c. The celebrated Coal Cooking Stoves,

"Victory" and "Triumph,"

"Black Oak" and "Forest Home."

The "Capitol" and "Eagle" Cooking Ranges, with either Hydraulic or Open Ends, GEORGE WOOD, which are more extensively in use in this city and vicinity than any other Ranges.

The very Finest Enameled Grates that can be made anywhere. Persons building *Fine Houses* will please bear this in mind.

Also, the new and beautiful Parlor Stove,

"Olympian,"

The very latest improvement in the way of Parlor Stoves now extant.

Together with *Bissell's Stoves, Tin Plate Stoves, Heating Stoves, Laundry Stoves, Franklin Stoves, Anthracite Wood Cooking Stoves.*

WIRE MILLS, Waffle Irons, HAM BOILERS, OVEN DOORS, Shovels and Tongs, Pokers, Pot Scrapers, PLUG RINGS, Stove Pipe, Vault Rings.

WASH-HOUSE CAULDRONS AND FURNACES, *the best arrangement for the Wash-House that is now in use.* Jamb Grates, Kitchen Grates, Tea Kettles, etc. etc.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine our extensive stock.

au20-d&wFtm BISSELL & CO.'

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED Agents for the sale of

H. P. HEALY'S CELEBRATED FIRE WORKS,

we are now prepared to offer them at prices as low as any Eastern manufacturers, and we invite the public to call and examine for themselves.

Our stock consists of the following:

Roman Candles, common from 1 ball to 28 balls;
do colored do do
Sky Rockets, plain from 1 oz to 16 oz;
do do colored Golden Rain and Serpents, from half lb to 2 lbs;
Bengal Lights, from 2 oz to 16 oz;
Mines of Stars, plain from 1 ball to 5 balls;
do colored from 1 ball to volcanoes;
Triangles, from 1 oz to 6 oz;
Fourbillions, from No. 1 to No. 8;
Flower Pots, from 6 inch to 8 inch;
Scrolls, from No. 1 to No. 3;
Fire Whirls, of all sizes and colors;
Serpents or Chasers, of all sizes;
Grasshoppers and Blue Lights, of all colors
Vertical Wheels, from 3 cased to 8 cased;
Fireman's Torches;
Exhibition Pieces, comprising Mulser Wheels, Ladies' Wheels, Tree Lovers' Knots, Colored Star Wheels, Revolving Globes, Roman Pyramids, Tree of Liberty, Spanish Peace, American Stars, Diamond Lattice, Shells, Scrolls Fourth of July, 4th, with Eagle.

REYMER & ANDERSON,
No 38 Wood st., opposite St. Charles Hotel.

jy13

OAKLAND RESIDENCES.—The undersigned has divided that portion of Oakland known as

LINDEN GROVE

into LOTS of conven