Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED JANUARY 29, 1786.—DAILY, SEMI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.—PUBLISHED BY R. DARRETT & CO., EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 22, 1860.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

OF MAINE.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN,

OF CENTRE COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS—XXIst DISTRICT,

JAMES K. MOORHEAD.

FOR CONGRESS—XXIId DISTRICT.

ROBERT McKNIGHT.

Assembly.
KENNEDY MARSHALL, Pittsburgh.
THOMAS WILLIAMS, Allegheny.
CHARLES L. GOEHRING, Reserve.
WILLIAM DOUGLAS, Elizabeth.
ALEXANDER H. BURNS, Findley.
Clerk of the Courts,
WILLIAM A. HERRON, Pitt.
Register,
WILLIAM J. RICHARDSON, Temperanceville.
Recorder,
JONATHAN F. ROSS, Allegheny.
Commissioner,
GEORGE HAMILTON, Pittsburgh.
Auditor,
BENNETT LAKE, Elizabeth.
Surveyor,
C. McGOWIN, Pittsburgh.
Director of the Poor,
HENRY CHALFANT, Wilkins.

The Bell and Everett Movement.

The Lincoln men of this State have shown a great deal of forbearance towards the Bell men, because of their insignificance in numbers and because there has been, heretofore, no *real* cause of quarrel between them.

We say no *real* cause. Most of the Bell men of this State were sincere opponents of locofocoism and the National Administration and strongly desirous for its overthrow; and if they differed from us as to candidates, they did not differ as to the necessity of united, concerted action for procuring a change.

But of late they have altered their ground altogether. From being opponents of locofocoism they have changed into its friends. From being the enemies of the Administration they have become its allies. Their assaults are now all directed against Lincoln and his supporters. They now utter no word of disparagement against locofocoism. The fire of their hostility to it has been quenched. They are full of denunciations of Republicans, many of them, their lifetime allies, whilst they seek to coalesce with the friends of Douglas or Breckinridge in every northern State, who have been their foes for a generation.

What is the cause of this altered attitude? Has some new Megarges been getting more money from Democratic sources, to keep up the party? That our readers may see how this party has been kept up we submit the following portion of the testimony taken before the Senate Printing Investigating Committee, last winter—S. J. Megargee, a paper dealer and leading Democratic wire-puller in Philadelphia, being the unwilling witness:

"Question. Did you receive any money for political purposes in Pennsylvania or New Jersey, from Mr. Wendell? A. Yes, Sir. As I really compelled to answer such questions?

Mr. Kennedy. I think it is within the scope of the inquiries.

The Committee thought the question was a proper one, and that it should be answered.

Answer. I did, Sir, receive money at various times for political purposes.

Q. Were those moneys expended for the promotion of the interests of the Democratic party?

A. Not all of them. *Some of it was used for a third party,* which was organized *at the same time, taken from what was known as the "People's Party" with us.* The People's Party was in opposition to the Democratic party. We did not know there the party existed as Republicans. The People's Party was the party that was called *"the People's Party" and to divert votes from that party, the third party was organized. The object was to divide the People's Party.*

Q. Was it not a third party organized?

A. Yes, Sir.

Q. Did you believe that was necessary to the success of the Democratic party?

A. We certainly did, or we should not have given them the money.

Q. What was that third party called?

A. The 'Straight American' party; the 'straight-outs.'

Q. You speak both of Pennsylvania and New Jersey?

A. Yes, Sir.

Q. And of those States only?

A. Yes, Sir; of those only."

It is evident that this Bell party is now well supplied with money from some extraneous source. It has not the means within itself. Nobody pretends to believe that the meagre handful of Bell men in this county are furnishing from their own pockets the money they are now so lavishingly spending. Where it comes from we do not undertake to say; but it is certain that it is furnished from some interested quarter, and the studied silence these men observe towards the locofocos, may help to guide those who have any doubts to the proper solution.

We had hoped to be spared the necessity of any reference to this party during the campaign; but since they have chosen to make war upon the friends of Lincoln and upon no others, we should be guilty of neglect of duty if we failed to defend ourselves against them.

And the first thing to be noted, is, that these men are only *nominally* fighting for Bell and Everett. *There is no Bell and Everett Electoral ticket in this State, and there will be none.* In New York the Bell men have been sold in mass to Douglas, the coalition there having been openly and shamelessly effected. In New Jersey they have been as openly sold to Breckinridge; and in this State they are to be transferred, body and breeches, to Douglas.—

It is a remarkable fact that the Douglas State Committee, which met at Harrisburg on the 15th, sat with closed doors and in secret session. The *Press*, announces that "the committee are now engaged in forming an electoral ticket, which will not, for the present, be divulged." Is this arrangement, which cannot be divulged, kept secret for the purpose of carrying on a dicker with the Bell men? We venture to guess that it is, and that an attempt to make an arrangement between the two is now in progress.

The programme, as we understand it, is that the Bell men shall unite with the Douglas men in supporting Foster for Governor. If they elect him, they are then to unite on a joint electoral ticket; if they fail to do so, they may, *perhaps*, run *separate* electoral tickets. At any rate, there will be no Bell and Everett electoral ticket put in the field in this State until *after* the October election, and it is not probable that any will be named, then, no matter what the result of the October election may be.

If any one doubts this, let him ask the leading Bell men, here or anywhere else, who they intend to support for Governor. Here they openly profess to be for Foster; and we venture to say that they will do so throughout the State, if questioned. They are in close alliance with locofocoism, fighting its battles for it, under the hypocritical pretence of being for Bell and Everett, and intend, at the proper time, to cast the entire vote of the party for Douglas.

This whole Bell movement in Pennsylvania is a mere Locofoco dodge. It is a Douglas machine and nothing else. There are honest men in it: who want to vote for Bell, and think they will have the opportunity to do so; but the leaders do not intend to give them the opportunity, and have sold them out, in a mass, to Douglas.

Look at New York and New Jersey. What has taken place there will take place here. The same class of men have the lead there as here; and will pursue the same course.

We appeal to the honest, well-meaning men in the Bell ranks to look these facts in the face. If they do not want to be victimized—if they do not want to be sold—transferred as sheep in the shambles, let them make as much haste to get out of the party as Lot showed in getting out of Sodom.

LANCASTER COUNTY.—The Republican County Convention of Lancaster, which met on Wednesday and Thursday last, nominated the following ticket: Congress, Hon. Thaddeus Stevens; State Senators, Wm. Hamilton, John A. Hiestand; Sheriff, S. W. P. Boyd; Prothonotary, Peter Martin; Register, George C. Hawley; Recorder, George Wallace; Clerk of Quarter Sessions, Henry Musser; Clerk of Orphans' Court, S. M. Myers; County Commissioner, John Dunn. Mr. Stevens was nominated by unanimous vote.

The U. S. Convention of Universalists will meet in Boston on the 24 Tuesday in September.

STILL DIVIDED.—The two Conventions of the Virginia Democracy, after a session of three days each, adjourned without healing the breach in the ranks of the party. The Douglas Convention refused to surrender upon the terms proposed by the friends of Breckinridge and Lane, that of voting for the same electoral ticket, designating thereon their preference for President and Vice President, the electors to cast the vote of the State in conformity with the majority thus ascertained. No other terms being proposed, a full Douglas electoral ticket was immediately nominated. The Breckinridge Convention adopted a resolution instructing their electors to cast the vote of the State in any manner that may tend to defeat the Republican nominees.

THE ROUTE OF THE PRINCE OF WALES.—The exact course to be pursued by the Prince of Wales after leaving Niagara has not yet been decided upon, though he will probably go from Buffalo to Cincinnati, via Pittsburgh, and by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to Washington.

THE JAPANESE HEARD FROM.—We have news of our old friends, the Japanese Ambassadors. On the 16th of July they had got as far as the Cape de Verde Islands, on their way home. The skies had been propitious. They had had but little wind, and consequently but little sea-sickness. According to the reports of our correspondents, they had good appetites, good spirits and pleasant recollections of their visit to the United States. We don't see why they should not have. They had their fill of the best the country afforded—and none of the bills to pay.—

They have evidently gone home a good deal wiser than they came. They have acquired a lasting fondness for champaign,—and may be expected to infuse a taste for that pleasant beverage into the minds of the higher and wealthier classes of their countrymen. Unfortunately, however, this is not as yet an American product, so that French commerce is likely to profit much more than ours, from that circumstance. But then they have the kindest and most grateful recollections of our people. This is gratifying, and may profit profitable. They took with them a positive affection for our Aldermen. They doie on their food and lavish ways of dispensing the good things which belong to other people. They think Boole, is a much greater man than Buchanan,—which, indeed, he might very easily be,—and we are not without hope that they may induce the Tycoon to send for Boole and invite him to make Japan his home hereafter. Boole would be a splendid acquisition to Japanese society. He would scarcely do for a professor of English, but there must be other departments in which he could be made useful. Here, we grieve to say, he is entirely a nuisance. His emigration would be cheaply purchased by payment of the Japanese bill.

The Ambassadors, our correspondents tell us, are preparing a full report of their visit to America, for the instruction and edification of the Emperor. They labor constantly upon it. They have shrewd fellows, those Princes,—and kept their eyes open during their stay among us. Few things worthy of observation escaped their notice. Our manufactures, our military devices, our modes of living, our ships, and railroads, and everything capable of useful application to the business and the purposes of life, where all carefully studied by them with an eye to practical results. On board the *Niagara* they said they would soon have all these things themselves. Their mission was for a practical purpose, and it will bear fruit. We have taught them a thousand things which they will turn to profit. We shall have contributed largely to the advance of civilization,—to the development of industry,—to the strengthening of Japan as a national power, by the instruction we have given during this visit. This is all very well. We rejoice at it. But it is well enough not to talk of the mistakes as to what is likely to come of it. We supposed we were promoting our own interest,—that we were inspiring these people with an ardent desire to trade with us,—and that we were about to secure the job of supplying them with cotton fabrics, iron ware, and a thousand things which they lack and found here in great abundance and perfection. Instead of that we have probably taught them to make all these things for themselves. That is, unquestionably, a good work, but not precisely the task we undertook.

Meantime we are glad to have heard from them. We are glad they were well and happy. We trust they will finish their journey in safety —find their families and friends in good health, and not come again until we have an honest Common Council.—*N. Y. Times.*

FROM CHINA.—Some additional intelligence from China (to the 15th June) has been received by way of San Francisco.

The Allies appeared to be making very slow progress in their passage towards the north, owing to casualties from bad weather. The French forces were not expected to be ready before August, and it was doubted whether they would take any part in the first operations. Admiral Hope claimed to be able to demolish the forts at the mouth of the Peiho without assistance; but the serpentine course of that river, the works, lately constructed, and the Chinese victory obtained there last year, caused apprehensions about the result on the part of some. Hopes were indulged that the Chinese Government would yet come to terms with the Allies, and prevent the necessity of further bloodshed.

Unless a blow is struck soon in the northern provinces it may be accompanied by a recoil with fatal effect upon the invaders. The summer months are exceedingly hot in the neighborhood of Tientsin and Pekin, and malaria may accomplish what neither forts nor Chinese armies can. Independent of this, the Imperial Government is furnished with time for laying in an abundant supply of provisions, most of which come from the south by sea since the grand canal was rendered unserviceable by the rebels. The expedition of 1857 was planned not merely with the design of overawing the capital, but of shutting out the supply of rice and grain from the southern provinces, and then starving the Government into submission. In the present case such a contingency is not likely to happen. The Allies, if they move at all, must depend upon their guns and bayonets, not on the slow operations of famine, for success.

A battle had taken place near Chow-Chow between the Imperialists, and the Rebels, in which the former were badly defeated, the remains of the army being obliged to shut themselves up in that city, which was threatened with a seige. This event will postpone the surrender of Eenkin, which appears to have been invested more or less closely since 1858, when Lord Elgin sailed up to the Hang-tze Kiang and engaged in a brush with the Rebel batteries. Should Chow-Chow fall, it was feared that Low Chow, a leading manufacturing and commercial city eighty miles above Shanghai, would also be lost to the Imperialists.—*Boston Atlas.*

FREEDOM OF SICILY.—The success that has thus far attended the efforts of Garibaldi for the liberation of Sicily is one of the most remarkable of events. Scarcely three months ago the prospect of liberty in Sicily was remote, as is usually the hope of continuing revolutions before one has been successful. That which had not been completed for the north of Italy, was a rare exception in its measure of success. To make reaction sure, the Neapolitan government began a systematic and successful course of atrocious cruelty in Sicily. France could not interfere, nor could England. Who should life Italy from the ruin and humiliation of this vile of the most infamous of the Bourbons, no man could say. But this discouraging darkness was broken by the appearance on the scene of a slender expedition under Garibaldi, which escaped capture marvelously, and landed a few men in an out of the way port, not far from Palermo. There followed an almost equally miraculous capture of Palermo, which has now been followed by like success at Messina and Melazzo. It is evident that Naples must soon follow, and that all Italy must unite. No power can prevent the consolidation of Naples as well as Sicily with the new kingdom in the north, as there is no power to treat with either in Naples or Sicily, so remarkable is the anxiety of the people to join that kingdom, by villages and towns at a time. For half a century the despotic policy of the Bourbon has had full sway in Sicily, and death or banishment surely attended the exhibition of any high qualities by any Sicilian. Tasake to Garibaldi and the love of freedom which has been aroused among the Sicilians, the days of the Bourbon rule in Italy are evidently numbered.

SINGULAR DISCOVERY IN FLORACULTURE.—It is said that ex-Mayor Tiemann, of New York, has accidentally made a discovery which threatens to revolutionize horticulture. One of his hands of his paint factory having thrown some liquid green paint of a particular kind on a flower-bed occupied by white anemones, the flowers have since made their appearance with petals as green as grass. The paint had in it a peculiar and very penetrating chemical mixture, which Mr. Tiemann has since applied, with other colors, to other plants, annual, biennial, and of the shrub kind—the result being invariably that the flowers so watered took the hue of the liquid deposited at their roots. It is to be hoped that these experiments will be carefully followed up, and the particulars given to the public at an early day.

OVER ELEVEN HUNDRED FREE NEGROES TO BE SOLD.—The Petersburg (Va.) *Express* announces that on Thursday next (to-morrow) eleven hundred and ninety-three free negroes will be offered for sale for a sufficient time to enable them, by their allowance per diem, to pay their taxes. Some of these negroes are hoisted as much as $2,000 in the city, and as they generally sell for $1,000 a piece, their value will no doubt be made out of them.

Lincoln and Hamlin Electoral Ticket.

PEOPLE'S STATE COMMITTEE ROOMS, Philadelphia, Aug. 20th 1860.

To the Editor of the Morning Bulletin:—The Lincoln and Hamlin Electoral Ticket is incorrectly published in many papers of the State. The ticket given below has been revised by each of the gentlemen named thereon, and is correct in every particular.

As the Electoral Ticket was formed before the Chicago nominations were made, it is proper to say that all the candidates have given a formal pledge that they will, if chosen, cast their vote in the Electoral College for Abraham Lincoln for President, and for Hannibal Hamlin for Vice President. I expect through out the State, fidelity to the cause, will please copy and correct the Electoral Ticket.

Yours, &c., A. K. McCLURE,
Chairman People's State Committee.

Electoral Ticket.

AT LARGE.
HON. JAMES POLLOCK,
HON. THOMAS M. HOWE.

DISTRICTS.

1 Edward C. Knight,
2 Robert P. King,
3 Henry Bumm,
4 Robert M. Perot,
5 Nathan Hilles,
6 John M. Broomall,
7 James W. Forney,
8 Levi R. Smith,
9 Francis W. Hutzel,
10 David Mumma, jr.,
11 David Taggart,
12 Thomas B. Hall,
13 Francis B. Penniman,
14 Ulysses Mercur,
15 George Brossler,
16 A. B. Sharpe,
17 Daniel G. Gehr,
18 Samuel Calvin,
19 Wilson McCandless,
20 William McKennan,
21 John M. Kirkpatrick,
22 James Kerr,
23 Richard P. Roberts,
24 Henry Souther,
25 John Greer.

GOOD IN.—Mr. Fillmore declared that he should vote for Bell and Everett if he was the only man in the State that did. His hitherto political associates are determined to bring about precisely that contingency. They have deserted Bell and Everett in a body, and gone over to Douglas. The Bell and Everett Party in New York is reduced to Fillmore alone, "faithful among the faithless."

The bargain was consummated at Syracuse yesterday, but not till after twenty-four hours of higgling. As usual, the Old Line Whigs, alias Americans, alias Constitutional Union men, were voracious in their demands. The less they have to sell the higher is the price they want for it. Their whole stock in trade on this occasion consisted of themselves, and that in a damaged condition.

We have rarely read political news with greater satisfaction than that with which we perused the list of Electors nominated at Syracuse yesterday; and saw cheek by jowl with their old Democratic opponents, the names of those who have for years stood between the two great organizations, threatening and bargaining alternately with each. Their power for mischief, except to their new allies, has now ceased. The latter will find them anything but a joyful acquisition. They want much pay for exceedingly small service, they will fail to bring into the Democratic ranks the more honest men who have followed them under the American banner, and they will disgust and drive away two old Democratic votes for every new one they add to the count.—*Alb. Eve. Jour.*

GOVERNMENT ADVERTISING.—It has transpired that the Constitution makes charge against the Departments for the old standing matter on its fourth page, showing the organization of the Government by departments and bureau, and the respective powers and duties of each. In some instances the charges have been paid, in others refused. I regret to hear that it is not altogether a new thing. But whether it is so or not, any payments on that head are without foundation in law. The thing should be ventilated at the next session of Congress. If that description of matter were all to be paid for at usual rates, it would pull heavily from the Treasury.—*N. Y. Trib.*

Piles! Piles! Piles! Piles!

What is it? How Cured?

Thousands of persons have Piles—suffer for years with the disease—yet few know what it is, or how it is cured. Every case of Piles, whether manifested in the form of external tumors, frequent bleedings, or in violent itching and irritation, depends essentially upon congestion of the abdominal venous circulation. This produces the engorgement, dilation of the veins, formation of tumors, hemorrhages, pain and suffering; and the disease can only be fundamentally cured by medicines which, taken internally, relieve the venous congestion. Hence, ointments, washes, and even injections, are so ineffectual.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC PILE SPECIFIC, a simple sugar pill, taken two or three times per day, cures the disease by curing the condition upon which the disease depends. Hundreds have been cured by it, even of the most obstinate cases. All will be promptly benefited by it Price, 50 cents a box.

N. B.—A full set of HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS with Book of Directions, and twenty different Remedies, in large vials, morocco case, $5; ditto, in plain case, $4; case of fifteen boxes, and Book, $2. Single boxes, 75 cents and 50 cents.

These Remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address, DR. F. HUMPHREYS & CO., No. 562 Broadway, New York.

Sold by J. M. FULTON, Fifth st., second door from the Post Office, Agent for Pittsburgh. jy28:d&w1y

J. KNOX, Corresponding Secretary.

MRS. WINSLOW, an experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will pay rest to yourselves and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe to all cases—See advertisement to another column. feb28:d&wly

A CARD TO YOUNG LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.—The subscriber will send (*free of charge*) to all who desire it, the Recipe and Directions for making a simple *Vegetable Balm*, that will, in from two to eight days remove Tetters, Blotches, Pimples, Freckles, Sunburn, and all Impurities and Roughness of the Skin, leaving the surface of the future intended it should be—*soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.* Those desiring the Recipe, will enclose stamp, directions, and advice, will please call on or address (with stamp for return postage,)

JAS. T. MARSHALL,
No. 33 City Buildings, New York.

New Advertisements.

NEW PIANOS.—

A splendid lot of New Pianos just received from

CHICKERING & SONS, Boston,

In Rosewood and Walnut cases, carved and plain, of

6¼, 7 and 7¼ octaves,

invariably at Boston Prices.

For sale by JOHN H. MELLOR,
81 Wood Street,
Sole Agent for Chickering & Sons' Grand, Upright and Square Pianofortes, for Pittsburgh and Western Pennsylvania. au22:d&w

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.—The Steinway Piano which I purchased of you in March last, has now been so long in use that I feel no hesitation in saying that it has proved to be all you represented, and gives me the most unalloyed satisfaction. For volume, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, I cannot say that I have ever heard its superior, and I believe that it will become the most popular instrument of the day. A great number of pianos have been sold, and have fully expressed the greatest admiration of its merits. As it has been introduced into the West, recently, if this testimonial will add to the number of your patronage, since you are agents for the sale of these instruments, you are at liberty to make use of it for your pleasure.

H. M. VAN DEUSEN, D. D.,
Rector of St. Peter's Church."

A CHOICE LOT OF
STEINWAY'S PIANOS,
Just received and for sale by H. KLESER & BRO.,
au22 No. 65 Fifth st.

FOR SALE—Two Hundred Acres of prime COAL, situate on the line of the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad, about twenty miles from the city, on the head waters of the Youghiogheny Slackwater, with a front of half a mile on the railroad and river, affording every facility for the mining and transportation of the coal. About forty acres of timber land, twenty of which are covered with fine timber, will also be sold with the coal. A dwelling house on the premises. Coal and land, will be sold on the most favorable terms.

The title is indisputable.

For plans, terms and further information, apply to
au22:2wd M. SWARTZWELDER,
No. 143 Fourth st.

BLACK ALL-WOOL DE LAINES,
Black Barbadines,
Black Crape vails and Collars,
Black and White English Chintzs—just received at
au22 BURCHFIELD & CO.'S.

CORN—2000 bus. Corn.
In store and for sale by
au22 HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

WHEAT! WHEAT!—2500 bus. prime Wheat for sale by
au22 HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

FLOUR! FLOUR!—300 bbls. Flour in store and for sale by
au22 HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

APPLES—25 bbls. choice Apples,
Just rec'd and for sale by
au22 Corner Market and First sts.

300 BBLS. CHOICE OLD FAMILY FLOUR, made from Fall Wheat, in store and for sale by
au22 GULP & SHEPARD, 248 Liberty st.

500 BUS. EAR CORN, for sale by
au22 GULP & SHEPARD.

Hide, Oil and Leather Store.
D. KIRKPATRICK & SONS, No. 31 South Third Street, between Market and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia, have for sale

DRY AND SALTED SPANISH HIDES,

Dry and Green Salted Patna Kips, Tanner's Oil, Tanner's and Currier's Tools, at the lowest prices and upon the best terms. au18:3m

All kinds of Leather in the rough wanted, for which the highest market price will be given in cash or taken in exchange for hides. Leather stored free of charge and sold on commission.

REDUCTION of 20 to 30 per cent. on GLASS.
VENETIAN BLIND MAKERS supplied with SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS,
at 1860 Hamilton st., west of Broad, Philadelphia.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The Partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of HUNTER & ROBINSON, is this day dissolved, by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by either partner.
A. E. HUNTER,
au21:3t* S. ROBINSON.

FLOUR—150 bbls. choice Old Extra Flour, suitable for Bakers, for sale by
au21 J. R. LIGGETT & CO.,
75 Water and 72 First st.

MORE NEW FALL DRY GOODS,
opening every day,
the best assortment in the city.
Please call and see them.
au21 C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market street.

LEAF LARD, in barrels and firkins, for sale by
au21 JAMESON & KUNKEL,
No. 12 Fourth street, near Liberty.

New Advertisements.

NEW STYLE OF
STRAW GOODS,
AT
Eaton, Cree & Macrum's,
No. 17 Fifth Street.

ZOUAVE HATS,
FLORENTINE HATS,
Black and Brown, with Turned-Up Rim,
BLACK RIDING HATS,
Black and White
FLORENCE BONNETS,
New style, just opened.
Milliners and Merchants supplied at a slight advance on factory prices.
EATON, CREE & MACRUM,
ab16 17 Fifth Street.

G. A. & E. A. LANDELL,
No. 110 North Wharves, PHILADELPHIA,
MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE
CANDLES } Spermaceti, Patent Sperm, Hydraulic, Adamantine, Hotel, Car and Tallow CANDLES.
OILS } Pure Sperm, Lard, Bleached Whale, Sea Elephant, Strained Whale, Tanners', Curriers', Palm, Olefine and Red OILS.
SOAPS } White, Yellow, Brown, Chemical, Olive, Fancy, and other SOAPS.
August 8, 1860. au7:2m:1

NINTH ANNUAL FAIR
OF THE
ALLEGHENY COUNTY
Agricultural Society,
FOR WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA AND OHIO,
4th, 5th, 6th and 7th of
SEPTEMBER, 1860.
Premiums amounting to nearly $4000.
FAIR GROUNDS, NINTH WARD, PITTSBURGH.

THE BOARD OF MANAGERS would announce that LIBERAL PREMIUMS have been offered in all the Departments.

Attendance of STEAM POWER will be provided for the running of Machinery, etc.

In addition to the large PREMIUMS FOR MACHINERY in the Printed List, the following Premiums are offered:

For best Boiler for general use, (in operation).....	
Second premium.....	Silver Medal and $20 00
For best Iron Turning Lathe, (in motion,).....	30 00
do Screw Cutting Machine, do	10 00
do Drill Press, do	10 00
do Iron Planer, (for motion,)	5 00
do Centering Lathe, for shafting, (in motion,)	Silver Medal and 10 00
do New variety of Engine, (in motion,) other than those enumerated in Class 13.....	5 00
do Iron Front, one story high, set up on the ground.....	Silver Medal and 10 00
do Steam Fire Engine.....	Silver Medal and 5 00
	20 00

ARTICLES SENT FOR EXHIBITION should be addressed to CAPT. JOHN YOUNG, Jr., carefully labeled, with the owner's name and residence.

Entries received at Reed's Jewelry Store, No. 58 Fifth street, after AUGUST 20.

Tickets for sale and Premium Lists for distribution, at Reed's Jewelry Store, No. 58 Fifth st., and S. F. Schwartz' Drug Store, Federal street, Allegheny.

HAY AND STRAW GRATIS, for all animals entered for exhibition, and Grain at lowest cash prices.

All entries must be made on the Judge's book on or before Tuesday evening, the 4th of September, and all articles and all animals must be brought within the enclosure by Tuesday noon.

An attractive Programme for each day.

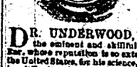
Brilliant Night and Day Fairs.

ADMISSION—Exhibition Tickets, $1 00; Five Tickets for $4 00; Single Tickets, 25c. Two-Horse Vehicles, 25c.; Single Horse Vehicles, 10c. Single Horse, 10c. Occupants and riders will pay the regular rates in addition.

RAILWAY ACCOMMODATIONS to and from the Grounds.

For information, address: S. SCHOYER, Jr., Esq., Pittsburgh.
J. KNOX, Corresponding Secretary.

EYE AND EAR.



DR. UNDERWOOD, of Chicago, Illinois, the eminent and skilful operator on the Eye and Ear, whose reputation is so extensive throughout the United States, for his science, skill and success in removing difficult and dangerous diseases of these delicate organs, will arrive in Pittsburgh, Pa., on THURSDAY, August 23rd, and may be consulted at the Monongahela House, until FRIDAY, September 7th, only.

Dr. U., who is a regular Physician and Surgeon of the Old School, has been at it upwards of twenty-eight years, and will be found fully competent to perform any operation necessary to restore lost sight or hearing, or by other scientific means to remove any disease of the eye or ear within the reach of science and human skill. No charge for examination and an opinion. au18:3tawtf

STOVES, GRATES AND RANGES.

BISSELL & CO.,
NO. 235 LIBERTY STREET,
MANUFACTURERS of all kinds of Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves, Cooking Ranges, Fire and Common Enameled Grate Fronts, Fenders, &c. &c. The celebrated Coal Cooking Stoves,
"Victory" and "Triumph,"
and Wood Cooking Stoves,
"Black Oak" and "Forest Home."

The "Capitol" and "Eagle" Cooking Ranges, with either Hydraulic or Open Boilers, which are more economical in use in this city and vicinity than any other Ranges.

The very Finest Enameled Grates that can be made anywhere. Persons building *Fine Houses* will please bear this in mind.

Also, the new and beautiful Parlor Stove,
"Olympian,"
the very latest improvement in the way of Parlor Stoves now in use.

Together with *Fire Stoves, Fire Place Stoves, Heating Stoves, Laundry Stoves, Franklin Stoves, Richmond Stoves* and *Wood Cooking Stoves.*

RARE MILES, Wells Fargo, HAM. BOILERS, OVEN DOORS, Shovels and Pokers, Fire Scrapers, FLUE RINGS, Stove Pipe, Vault Rings.

WASH-HOUSE CAULDRONS AND FURNACES, *the best arrangement for the Wash-House that is now in use.* Also, Grate, Kitchen Stoves, Tea Kettles, etc. etc.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine our extensive stock.

au6:d&w1y BISSELL & CO.

GREAT AUCTION SALE OF LOTS IN MOUNT WOODLAWN.—

Tours will be sold at auction, in M'Clure Township, on SEPTEMBER FIRST, at 10 o'clock a. m., ELEVEN LOTS OF GROUND. These lots being part of the Farm of the late Fleriff Lecky, are very finely situated for permanent dolong residences in the city, being within five minutes' walk of the Penn-ave Omnibus Line. Where there is also a station of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, bringing these lots within eight minutes' time from Allegheny city. The Size of these lots are from 1¼ to 2 acres, comprising delightful sites and commanding magnificent views of the Ohio River and surrounding country.

Terms—One-fourth basic, balance in three equal annual payments, with interest.

For plans and further information, inquire at the Lumber Yard Office of R. H. Davis, Water street, Allegheny.

A. R. D. COCHRAN,
R. M. MOONINGHOF,
LAUGHLIN & BROWN, Auctioneers. } Guardians.
au11:d&w1

PUBLIC SALE OF ORIZABA IRON WORKS, SOPHIA FURNACE, &c.—By virtue of an authority vested in me as Trustee for certain creditors of Pollard M'Cormick, and in pursuance of a decree of the District Court of Allegheny county, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in No. 3 of November term, 1858, we will expose to public sale at the MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, on Fourth street, in the city of Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, SEPT 11th, 1860, commencing at 11 o'clock a. m., the Rolling Mill and Nail Factories, situated near New Castle, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, being a portion of the Orizaba Iron Works, consisting of 16 Puddling Furnaces, five Heating Furnaces, Six Rolls, Small Rolls, Nail Plate and Slitt Rolls Square Iron, 60 Nail Machines, one Wrought Spike Machine, and Machinery for manufacturing Nail Rods and Fire Brick.

Also, the Sophia Furnace, known as Sophia, adjoining above Works, which is capable of turning out 150 tons of Pig Iron per week.

Also, several lots of ground, adjoining, and several pieces of land, adjacent to the Iron Works, containing Coal, Iron Ore, Limestone and Fire Clay.

Terms—One-fourth of the purchase money to be paid in cash, on the acknowledgment of the deed; the balance in one, two and three years from the time of sale, with interest from that time; the deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

CHARLES KELLY,
au18:2tsel11 ISAAC M. PENROCE. WM. K. NIMICK.

THE CAMBRIA IRON WORKS.

THE ENTIRE PROPERTY of the CAMBRIA IRON COMPANY, comprising Rolling Mill, Furnace, Machine Shops, Mines of Ore and Coal, Farms, &c. &c., will be LEASED for a term of years, commencing on July 1st, 1861. Information will be furnished upon application to M. MEWHIRK, President, at the office of No. 407 Walnut street, Philadelphia, and proposals to lease may be addressed to the same until October 1st, 1860.

By order of the Board. JOHN T. ELLIS, Secretary.
July 1st, 1860. jy21:3awtoct

GROCERIES—85 bags Rio Coffee,
175 bbls prime ash scrapings N. O. Molasses,
50 hf bbls do do do
25 bbls D. W. & Co. Golden Syrup,
20 do Standard Crushed Sugar,
15 do Pulverized do
10 casks prime Rice,
6 hhds fair to prime N. O. Sugar
For sale by WATT & WILSON,
jy28 No. 258 Liberty street.

RYE FLOUR—16 bbls. Rye Flour, fresh ground; just rec'd and for sale by
au16 P. & M. PETERS, corner Market and First sts.

CHEESE—Fresh arrival of Western Reserve Cheese, at 185 Liberty st.
jy18 SECK & LAZEAR.

NEMESIS! NEMESIS!!—Marion Harland's New Book,
Just received by
au17 ROBERT S. DAVIS,
93 Wood street.

QUEENS CHEESE!!—78 boxes received and for sale by
au9 SAMUEL M. COLLIER.

New Advertisements.

W. & D. HUGUS',
Corner Fifth and Market Sts.

Have a few
ORGANDY
and
FRENCH
CAMBRIC LAWNS,
which they are selling at
LESS THAN COST

Berage Robes at half price!
Organdy Robes at half price!
Opened this day a complete assortment of
Domestic Goods.
jy27

HO! FOR THE CAMPAIGN!
MEDALS! MEDALS! MEDALS!
TRUE AND PERFECT LIKENESSES OF EACH CANDIDATE!
RAPID SALES!
LINCOLN AND HAMLIN.
DOUGLAS AND JOHNSON.
BRECKINRIDGE AND LANE.
BELL AND EVERETT.
Sold Wholesale to Dealers, by
EATON, CREE & MACRUM,
jy30 No. 17 Fifth Street.

SUMMER CARD—
PRICES MARKED DOWN FULLY
Twenty Per Cent,
as the seasons close, in order to make room for our Fall purchases.
Our stock has been
FULLY REPLENISHED,
all through the season, and embraces at the present time many
NEW AND DESIRABLE STYLES
not to be found elsewhere, which we will
MAKE UP TO ORDER,
to the entire satisfaction of those who may favor us with a call.
Samuel Gray & Son,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
NO. 19 FIFTH STREET.

Children's Department.
NOT EXCELLED.
jy12

PUBLIC SALE OF EXTENSIVE COAL WORKS.

WE will offer at Public Auction, upon the premises, on the
3d day of September, 1860, at 3 o'clock p. m.,
the extensive Coal Property known as the Ohio & Monongahela River, situated on the third pool of the Monongahela river, about thirty miles above the city of Pittsburgh, containing about 160 Acres of land, 150 acres of it coal land. The coal is of a quality equal to any mined on the Monongahela river. The land is partially timbered, and extends a half mile on the river, affording good anchors for boats and facilities for loading and shipping coal. There are extensive improvements and a full furnace for mining, &c. consisting of a Store House, thirty-four Tenements for miners, Railway, Wagons, &c.

Persons desiring to purchase will do well to examine the property, and for information address the undersigned, at Steubenville, O.

Terms of Sale—One-third cash; one-third in six months, and one-third in nine months, with interest.

WM. M. DUNN,
J. N. W. DUNN,
J. M. FREEMAN,
Assignees of D. White, Esq.
au20:d&w2w

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED Agents for the sale of
H. P. DIEGUL'S CELEBRATED FIRE WORKS,
we are now prepared to offer them at prices as low as any Eastern manufacturers, and we invite the public to call and examine for themselves.

Our stock consists of the following:
Roman Candles, common from 1 ball to 20 balls;
do colored do do
Sky Rockets, plain from 1 oz to 16 oz;
do colored Golden Rain and Serpents, from half to 2 lb.
Bengal Lights, from 2 oz to 16 oz;
Mines of stars, plain from 1 ball to 8 balls;
do colored from 1 ball to volcanoes;
Triangles, from 1 oz to 6 oz;
Fourbillions, from No. 1 to No. 5;
Bees or Bee Nests, from 6 inch to 1 inch;
Scrolls, from No. 1 to No. 3;
Fire Wheels, from 6 inch to 1 inch;
Serpents or Chasers, of all sizes;
Grasshoppers and Blue Lights, of all colors
Vertical Wheels from 8 inch to 3 inch;
Firemen's Torches;
Exhibition Pieces, comprising Meteor Wheels, Ladies' Whims, True Lovers' Knots, Colored Star Wheels, Revolving Globes, Roman Pyramids, Trees of Liberty, Spanish Flags, American Stars, Illuminated Lances, Shells, Scrolls Fourth of July, '76, with Eagle.
REYMER & ANDERSON.
jy16 No. 34 Wood st., opposite St. Charles Hotel.

1859. Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Co., 1859.

THE BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY are now prepared to receive and forward Merchandize under through bills of lading to and from

Pitts