Pittsburgh Gazette.

SUPPOSED PAPER OF THE CITY.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 2, 1860.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by C. A. Sharp, Optician, 65 Fifth St.—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
7 o'clock A. M.	97	82
12 M.	113	79
3 P. M.	98	76
Barometer		29 5.10

☞ POSTERS! POSTERS!—

We have a large number of

DOUBLE MEDIUM

Blank Posters,

SUITABLE FOR

CALLING REPUBLICAN MEETINGS,

which can be had on application at

Our Counting Room,

—ON VERY MODERATE TERMS.

THE CROPS.—Accounts from this county, and Lawrence and Northern parts of Western Pennsylvania, of the most encouraging accounts of the crops. The wheat has all been harvested in the best condition, not having been exposed to the rain sufficiently to do it the least injury. This is an important matter, as the last heavy crop of this cereal (that of '59) was much injured by wet weather, and the country was flooded with inferior flour. The usual pests of the wheat crop—the Hessian fly, which attack the early sown wheat, and the Midge or Weevil, which infests that sown late—have not done any mischief the present season. Neither has the grain suffered from rust, but it is in every respect a beautiful crop. The quality of the wheat is the very best, and there will certainly be no difficulty during the present year in procuring family flour at moderate prices.

Rye is the county's next grain of less importance. It is generally employed for feeding horses by farmers, who use it with cut straw and thus economize hay. The crop has been remunerative and will give a handsome yield. In Fayette and some others of the lower counties, where whiskey is made in considerable quantities, it is very largely cultivated. From these quarters we hear the most encouraging reports, and we presume the Philadelphia market will be well stocked with Rye Whiskey during next winter.

In every direction the oat crop is represented as being enormous. In middle and Western New York it is stated that a similar yield never was known. In our own county the yield is large, but the crop is probably not an extraordinary one. To a great many portions the grain is not harvested yet. In the course of a week most of it will be cut, even by the old fashioned farmers who prefer to let their grain get dead ripe, and have no faith in the opinion that much is lost from the shelling out of the oats while they are being cut, bound and shifted to the barn. Hale mentions to say anything of hay, as the prices show that it is very plenty, as well as that the farmers are very ready. Many of them are hauling it seventeen and twenty miles, which, at the low figure for which it is sold must be ruinous. Horses may surely be kept reasonably this Fall and Winter. Corn is doing well, the recent showers having given it a fine start for earing. The crop will be large and the grain probably low, as the most of it is consumed in feeding stock and horses. There is a wide difference between this and the Eastern markets, where this grain can scarcely be purchased for less than a dollar per bushel. Potatoes, as every housekeeper knows, are very fine. The weather has been admirably adapted to this vegetable and they are dry, white and mealy; which renders them both healthy and palatable. It is to be hoped the rot will not attack them this season, as it did last. In such case, those not required for home consumption could be taken South, and thus persons engaged in potato culture would be much better remunerated.

If ever the people of this section could participate with fervid feeling in a day of thanksgiving, they will assuredly the present year. It is expected the influence of the large crops on business will be considerable. The depression in the West will probably be at an end, as soon as the people can realize on their agricultural products. In our own neighborhood there will probably be much to transport to a distant market. The two, but especially the former, will contribute much in creating an increase of trade to Pittsburgh. The coming Fall ought to be an unusually driving business season.

HEARING.—Frank Marion, the tavern keeper in the 5th ward who was arrested by the police on Monday morning for using a slung shot on an Irishman named John Riley, had a hearing before Mayor Wilson yesterday morning, which resulted in his being held to bail in $500 to answer a charge of assault and battery merely. The evidence at the hearing was but a repetition of the allegations made by Riley when the information was lodged. Riley's complaint was, it will be remembered, that late on Sunday afternoon he went into the house of defendant on Irwin street to enquire where a deceased friend lived, whose funeral he wished to attend, and that without any provocation on his part, Marion drew a slung shot and knocked him down, cutting him badly on the head and face. Marion got another face on the story; he says that Riley's conduct was disorderly; that he was drunk when he came into the house, and acted in a very boisterous manner, breaking the furniture, etc. When ordered to leave, he refused with an oath, saying he would go when he got ready, and not before. He (Marion) became so incensed at this speech, that without further ado he knocked him down with his fist and put him out.

EMANCIPATION DAY.—Yesterday was the colored people's 4th of July, being the 22d Anniversary of the Emancipation of the Slaves in the British West Indies. The day was celebrated by the colored people of this city and vicinity at two places—at Davis' Grove, below Manchester, where the central meeting was, and by the younger people with a picnic and dance at a place near Lloyd's Park, at Oakland. In the morning the "Hannibal Guards" turned out about 20 men, and after parading through the principal streets of the city, joined the party at Oakland, where they remained until evening, when they came home. The regular celebration was below Manchester, at Davis' Grove, and was crowded, with as many whites as colored people. Speeches were made by a number of persons, after which eating and drinking were the order of the day. Among the *dis* orders might be mentioned several disgraceful fights that took place between some drunken whites and negroes, during which beer glasses and pop bottles were thrown among the crowd, causing the greatest confusion. The day passed off, except this disagreeable incident, in a very pleasant manner.

FRIGHTENING FEMALES.—Lydia Ballard, a resident of Millersburger's alley, in the Third ward, yesterday, made information before Alderman Jones, of the 5th ward, against three of her neighbors named respectively Rose Lambing, Catharine Ross and D. Bowman, charging them with threatening to whip her until they killed her. The defendants were arrested and taken to the Alderman's office, where, after blustering a while, and finding they stood a good chance of making the acquaintance of Jailor Small, they became very amiable, and offered to pay the prosecutrix for the "scare" they had given her, if she would not push the matter. Taking the advice of the magistrate, Lydia accepted the offer, and the case was dismissed on the defendants paying the costs.

PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.—A notice will be found in our advertising columns this morning to those benefitted by the opening and extension of this avenue, directing them to call at the City Solicitor's office and pay the amount assessed on their property by the viewers. We understand it is the Solicitor's intention to push this matter to the first day of October in the limit, assigned for the payment of the assessments, after which they will be collected in the manner provided by law.

BY a private dispatch received from Cincinnati, yesterday morning, we are informed that Mr. James McGonnigle, a well known resident of Allegheny, was robbed in the former city, on Sunday night, of his watch and wallet. He was also knocked down and theirpindered, and was considerably though not seriously injured by the proceedings. We did not hear the amount of his loss.

POLICE ITEMS.—There were 20 commitments to the jail yesterday. Of these, 6 were for disorderly conduct, 5 for drunkenness, 4 for vagrancy, 3 for surety of the peace, and 1 for assault and battery. The committing magistrates were Mayor Wilson, Mayor Morrison, Alderman Jones, Mobride, 2; Donaldson 2, Taylor 2, Lewis 1 and Rogers 1.

ARRESTED.—One of the parties concerned in the late riot at Hamilton Loncash's Saloon, on Federal street, Allegheny, (in which officer Jamison, of the Allegheny police, shot the notorious "Big Ann" McKinney) named Thomas Whaley was arrested by one of the Sheriff's officers yesterday, and taken to the jail to await his trial.

THE HORSE RACE.—A very exciting race came off at Collins' Park yesterday, between James Vesey's b. m., "Lady Elgin," and John Watson's b. m., "Sunny Bellaire," for a purse of $100 a side, mile heats, two in three, straight heats. In "Lady Elgin" Time, 2:42, 2:45 and 2:50.

FOUR persons were killed yesterday, near the Western Division of the Manchester Street Passenger Railway. They were built by Murphy, & Allison of Philadelphia, and are of the same pattern as the larger cars on the line.

THE ZOUAVE RECEPTION.—The reception in this city of the Chicago Zouaves promises to be a grand affair and well worth seeing. Yesterday the Committee of Arrangements, which consists of Mayors Wilson and Morrison, Gen. Negley, and Capt. Campbell, commenced collecting the necessary funds among the merchants and citizens of both cities, and as we were informed, met with considerable success.

The Zouaves are now in Baltimore, and are to stay there three days, and then go to Washington, where they will probably stay an equal length, which will probably make their arrival here on Tuesday or Wednesday of next week. They have created the greatest furore wherever they have appeared, not only in military circles, but among lawyers, merchants, M.D.'s and even D.D.'s.

In view of the great admiration this corps has excited in the different cities they have visited, a meeting of some of the wealthiest and most respectable citizens of Chicago was held in one of the city buildings, Mayor Wentworth presiding, on the evening of the 20th, for the purpose of giving them a suitable reception on their return home. The following resolutions, which will be read with interest were passed, and explain what will be done:

Whereas, The U. S. Zouave Cadets of Chicago are about to return from a visit to the principal eastern cities, and whereas their strict adherence to the rules of temperance and morality, which form the basis of their organization, as well as their gentlemanly deportment and soldierly bearing have won the esteem and respect of our eastern friends, and whereas their whole conduct as civilians and military men has been such as to reflect honor upon our city as well as themselves: Therefore, we deem it due to them and eminently proper that the citizens of Chicago should honor them by some public token of respect; and to this end

Resolved, That the citizens of Chicago will receive the company of Zouave Cadets on their return home, with the proud feeling of their well-deserved title of the *Champion Military Company of the United States.*

Resolved, That we have enjoyed a feeling of unalloyed pride at the universal meed of praise bestowed upon our gallant young Cadets at every town, hamlet and city which they have visited in their extended tour. Such an ovation to a military organization has never been surpassed, if ever equalled, in America.

Resolved, That we, as citizens of Chicago, appreciate, to the fullest extent, the meritorious conduct of our young soldiers—and such we feel an honest pride in—enhanced, as it has been, by the worthy bestowal of all praise and commendation on the correct deportment and moral tone of each member of the corps.

Resolved, That we will cordially unite in giving our young Zouaves, on their return, a reception worthy of our city, and invite our military and citizens, and all organized associations of every character and kind, to unite in a *public procession* from the *cars* to the *Wigwam*, where a suitable congratulatory address be made.

[For the Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.]

Messrs. Editors: The application of the Monongahela Passenger Railway Company for the use of certain streets in this city, seems to meet a very determined resistance from the same Councils which, only a few months since, gave them the required right, but which the corporation failed to have recorded, not knowing the effect of such negligence.

Every other passenger road has received these grants from Councils without hesitation. There can be no reason urged why the former ordinance should not be re-enacted.

It has been suggested that Second street is too narrow for a railway track.

The Act of Assembly of 1796 gave power to the Commissioners to lay out a State road 60 feet wide from the South Hill Market House to Turtle Creek. The act of incorporation of the Braddocks Field Plankroad Company grants them the use of this road 50 feet wide from the same point to the turnpike at Turtle Creek.

Scotch Hill was for many years the suburb of Pittsburgh, on the Monongahela. When the property holders on Second street commenced building, they encroached 10 feet on either side of said street, as far as and including the gas works; here the street gains 10 feet. Several years since some of the property holders endeavored to obtain from the Councils of these 10 feet, but as the Councils could not annul an Act of Assembly they dismissed the petition.

Beyond Pipetown the road is 60 feet wide, until Evergreen Co's. Iron Works are reached. Here the road is narrowed by the buildings on either side of said road, and reduces it again to 40 feet. The row of houses beyond these works and Nicholson's foundry are also built on the road. The Connellsville Railroad has now commenced work in the Eighth ward, and Pitt township will endeavor to take another slice off the road.

The attention of Councils might again be called to these obstructions; old and new; but repeated petitions to have anything done, in years past by, do not promise any success against a Railroad corporation.

At some future period, when the city has extended beyond this narrow gorge, up the Monongahela, the street will be widened to its original 60 feet width, and the damages will be assessed on the property along the route as in the widening of Pennsylvania avenue.

The corporators of the Braddocks Field Plankroad Company will adopt some more summary proceeding.

X. Y. Z.

THE CENSUS.—Pine township has 1063 inhabitants, against 2109 in 1850; but Richland township has since been formed out of it. Franklin has 1329, against 1827 in 1850.

☞ Fourth Ward Lincoln Guards, and Republicans of the Ward generally, are requested to meet at the Allegheny Engine Hall, on Irwin street, this EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Officers are to be elected, and other business of importance to be transacted. By order of the Committee of Arrangements.

SHINGLES.—The shingle market is very dull just now, and prices have a declining tendency. This decline is attributed by a great many to the supply being more than equal to the demand, but the real cause may be found in the fact that the demand is not as great as in former years, shingle roofs not being thought of when "Greggon's celebrated Asphalt Roofing Felt" can be obtained. The agent for this excellent material can be found at his office, Wayne's building, Canal bank, near the City Water Works.

REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN DOCUMENTS.—Lives of Lincoln and Hamlin; in cloth and paper.
The new Republican Songster.
Burleigh's Campaign Songster.
Debate between Lincoln and Douglas.
The Republican Pocket Pistol, Nos. 1 and 2.
Caucuses of 1860, by Halstead.
Tribune Campaign Tracts.
All of the above can be had in large or small quantities, at Hunt & Miner's.

Notice to Builders and Contractors.

THE UNDERSIGNED (formerly Foreman for ROWLAND PARRY,) would respectfully inform those for whom he has done work, and the public generally, that he is now prepared to furnish SLATE of different colors, (green, blue and purple,) or put on SLATE ROOFS in the most approved manner. Orders for Roofing or Repairing of Slate Roofs (if left at the office of ALEX. LAUGHLIN, near the Water Works) will be promptly attended to. THOMAS PARRY.

my12-6md

WOODBURY'S

GUIDE FOR THE VOICE,

Comprising instructions for its proper development and cultivation, with exercises, solfeggios, &c. Selected, arranged and composed by J. B. Woodbury. Price $2 25. For sale by JOHN H. MELLOR, 61 Wood street.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 21st, 1859.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm and style of M. DRAVO & SONS, is this day dissolved by J. F. DRAVO purchasing the interest of M. DRAVO.

The business will be continued by the remaining partners, J. F. & F. S. DRAVO, who are authorized to settle all matters pertaining to the late firm.

M. DRAVO,
J. F. DRAVO,
F. S. DRAVO.

jy14:3tm

FLAVORING EXTRACTS;
COX'S SPARKLING GELATINE;
FARINA, TAPIOCA AND SAGO;
PURE CREAM TARTAR;
OLIVE OIL, for table use;
FRUIT JARS, CORKS and CEMENT,
CASTOR and SWEET OIL;
LIQUID RENNET,
BAKING SODA,
LEMON SYRUP,
COFFEE and LOGWOOD,

Having favorable facilities for purchasing

PURE AND GENUINE ARTICLES,

Direct from responsible Eastern houses, I can therefore offer the above and every thing else in use

Drug and Patent Medicine Line

at prices as low if not lower than can be found elsewhere.

The latest Family Medicines and Preparations on hand as soon as made public.

SIMON JOHNSTON,
Corner Smithfield and 4th sts.

jy13

REMOVAL.

CARTWRIGHT & YOUNG'S

Cutlery and Fire-Arm Establishment,

TO

No. 97 Wood Street,

Nearly opposite their Old Stand, where they will be happy to see all their old friends and customers.

jy21

SUNDRIES—10 bbls. bleached Whale Oil;
15 " Bank Oil,
15 bbls No. 1 Lard Oil,
10 do Pitch,
20 do Cement,
No. 2 Loops, Medium and Small Mackerel,
In store and arriving at
WM. A. WILSON'S,
No. 208 Liberty street.

N. O. MOLASSES—100 hf. bbls. choice Plantation on consignment and for sale by
GRAFF & VAN GORDER,
114 Second st.

LARD OIL.—10 bbls Lard Oil,
In store and for sale by
HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.,
141 First and 125 Second st.

JUST RECEIVED—Brightley's Purdon's Annual Digest, from May, 1855, to May, 1860, containing the New Criminal Code. Price one dollar.
KAY & CO., 16 Wood street.

CREAM CHEESE—50 boxes,
just rec'd this day and for sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.

SUGAR CURED DRIED BEEF—10 tcs.
Swan & Swift's Ornamental Extra, for sale by
F. SELLERS & CO.

LEAF LARD—150 bbls. for sale by
F. SELLERS & CO.

WOOL—15 sacks now landing for sale by
SAMUEL DICKEY & CO.

GREASE—For wagons, drays, buggies, &c., for sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.

EASTERN HERRING—25 bbls.
for sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

CAPE MAY, July 31.—The steamship Great Eastern arrived here at eight o'clock this morning. She has 2,057 passengers. One steamboat accompanied her to the bar last evening. She got over the bar safely at twelve minutes past seven p. m., high-tide, and had two feet to spare. She then started at full speed, the band playing. At Sandy Hook the eighty ton anchor was secured with great difficulty. The loop of the cat block having broken, it was replaced, when the capstan was found to be too small for the cable, the block of which was pulled out by the weight of the anchor. This jarred the bow of the vessel tremendously a dozen times. The sea was very smooth and light, and the vessel made a graceful roll of three degrees. Land was lost sight of at half-past eight p. m., at this time Highland Lights were last seen, and there was a slight haze on the water, but a splendid moonlight overhead. Among many of the passengers there was an immense amount of grumbling in consequence of the scarcity of water. This was caused by the cock of a compartment having been left open, flooding the low-house and store-rooms. A considerable quantity of produce and provisions was injured by this disaster, and food consequently became scarce. At night five hundred persons slept on the deck, which was rendered very unpleasant by a thick rain of cinders. The accommodations were very meagre; not more than one hundred women were on board. On the voyage water was sold at ten cents a glass. An indignation meeting was held on board, and resolutions were passed, censuring the Directors for the singular conduct of the officers toward the passengers. The Great Eastern sails for New York at six o'clock, and will reach there at six o'clock in the morning.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Gen. Houston writes to his friends here that his nomination being an independent movement, he will in no event decline.

The Times, Washington correspondent refers to rumors of a well organized movement in several Southern States for the dissolution of the Union on Keitt's plan, and that agents have gone to Europe to ascertain what would be the course of England and France on the establishment of a Southern Confederacy.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—The Great Eastern arrived this morning from Cape May.

The bill for the payment of the Japanese reception expenses, amounting to $105,000, was passed by the board of Aldermen last night—yeas 13, nays 4.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—The steamer Africa left this port to-day for Liverpool, taking out $128,012 in specie, and fifty passengers, among whom is Mr. Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, of Baltimore, who goes to France, it is said, to advocate his claims as heir of the late Prince Jerome.

The steamer Telegonia also sailed to-day for Southampton, Harve and Hamburg, taking out 118 passengers.

The steamship Illinois, from Havre and Southampton, has arrived. Her news is anticipated.

The foreign residents of New York are making arrangements with the Leland's of the Metropolitan Hotel for a grand reception and ball in honor of the Prince of Wales. It will surpass the great ball recently given to the Japanese Embassy.

The annual session of the Grand Lodge, I. O. O., of Southern New York, commenced to-day. The annual election takes place to-morrow.

HALIFAX, Aug. 1.—The ball last night was a success. The Prince was present and danced with several ladies. He visited the ruins of the Duke of Kent, his grandfather's farm, three miles from the city. The grand regatta came off to-day. The weather was foggy and squalls, dashing vessels, many of-war boats, whale boats and canoes participated. There were also horse races on the common. There is a display of fireworks this evening. The Prince leaves for Windsor at noon.

The Prince leaves Halifax at noon to-morrow, by railroad, for Windsor, and goes thence to New Brunswick. An escort of artillery and rifles precede him.

Everything has passed off without accident, and the celebration is universally admitted by visitors and natives to have been a credit to Nova Scotia.

SARATOGA, Aug. 1.—The Convention of the Young Democracy of the State re-assembled at nine o'clock this morning. Resolutions were adopted declaring the Democracy in favor of popular sovereignty, and endorsing Douglas and Johnson. J. Daggett Hunt offered an additional resolution denouncing the personal liberty bill, and extension of suffrage to negroes, which, after opposition, was withdrawn. The Convention resolved to hold a Mass Meeting of the Young Democracy at Albany, Sept. 26th. A plan for the thorough organization of the State was submitted by the State Committee. After the transaction of considerable business of less general importance, Convention adjourned *sine die*.

ALBANY, Aug. 1.—Col. David Hamilton, whose name appears on the call of Augustus Schell, for a State Convention at Syracuse, on the 7th of August, publishes a letter refusing the use of his name and encouraging the call for a convention as a disorganizing movement against the regular Democratic organization.

UTICA, Aug. 1.—A large Republican meeting was held at Herkimer this afternoon. It was addressed at length by Senator Wilson, of Mass. 3000 Lincoln and Hamlin banners were present in uniforms accompanied by three bands. The whole demonstration was very spirited.

BOSTON, Aug. 1.—The resignation of Chief Justice Shaw, of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, is announced to take place next September.

Judge Douglas was here with an enthusiastic reception to-day in Manchester, (N. H.) and in Nashua. He made a brief address in each city.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 1.—A private dispatch from Dahlt states that Hon. Isaac Rice, Republican candidate for Congress in the 8th district, died at one o'clock to-day, after an illness of less than two days.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 1.—The steamer La Crosse exploded below the city, killing four and wounding three. The boat and cargo are a total wreck. Loss $30,000.

TORONTO, Aug. 1.—The 25th anniversary of Emancipation in the British West Indies is being celebrated here to-day by the colored population.

THE MASSACRE IN SYRIA—*American Missionaries*.—The American board have nine missionary stations in Syria, nine out-stations, eleven missionaries, one printer, thirteen female assistant missionaries, three native preachers, thirty-six teachers and other native helpers. All, or nearly all, of these missionaries were gathered at Beirut, at last accounts, having left their stations for a place of greater safety; and as Beirut is now the rendezvous of a large European naval force, they are said to be sustained for their safety. The following is a list of the missionaries:

Beirut.—C. V. A. Van Dyck, M. D., J. Edwards Ford, missionaries; George C. Hurter, printer; Mrs. Julia A. Van Dyck, Mrs. Mary E. Ford, Mrs. Elizabeth Hurter. Three native teachers and one helper.

Abeih—Simeon H. Calhoun, missionary; Mrs. Emily P. Calhoun. Two teachers in the seminary, one of them a preacher.

Suk El Ghairp.—Daniel Bliss, missionary; Mrs. Abby Maria Bliss; Miss Amelia C. Temple, teacher of the female boarding school. Six teachers in connection with this station and Abeih.

Sidon.—William W. Eddy, missionary; Mrs. Hannah M. Eddy. Three native preachers and five teachers.

Hasbiya—One ordained native preacher and two helpers.

Dier El Komr.—Wm. Bird, missionary; Mrs. Sarah F. Bird. Six teachers and one other helper.

Ir Hamdun—Wm. A. Benton, missionary; Mrs. Louisa S. Benton. Nine teachers.

Tripoli—Henry Harris Jessup, D. Lorenzo Lyons, missionaries; Mrs. Caroline Jessup, Mrs. Catherine N. Lyons, Two teachers and one other native helper.

Home.—David M. Wilson, missionary; Mrs. Emeline Wilson. One helper.

Station not Known.—Rev. Wm. M. Thomson, D. D. missionary; Mrs. Maria Thomson.

Out Stations.—Aramun, Alma, Cana, Bashbelya el Fokfpar, Ibl, Am Zebaly, Kheiyam, Gharsoon, Port of Tripoli.

The Presbyterians also have missions in that country. The last news from Damascus of the massacre of five hundred Christians is given without date, but it doubtless occurred soon after the 23d of June.

Hasbelya, the place blotted out of existence by the bloody Druses, constituted with Sidon one half of the mission in extent and population, and also in the number of churches and church members in attendance upon instruction.

SEEDS AND CUTTINGS FROM SYRIA.—Ninety-four boxes and two barrels, containing a fine assortment of seeds and cuttings, have been received at the Patent Office from Syria. The assortment is composed of varieties of wheat, barley, grape cuttings, olives, scions of fruits, and vegetable products. The cuttings, scions, &c., will be sent to the new propagating houses for experiment and increase, and no distribution will be made of the remainder until fall. Among the interesting plants may be mentioned the Lucsban. It makes an excellent article for hedges, and as a tree it is very ornamental. There are also seeds of mallon, squashes, &c., named's food, dates, walnut, equal to the English, and probably well adapted to the Middle and Southern States. The mais tree is esteemed as medicinal, or rather prophylactic. The seeds sent were procured from the tree growing within the inclosure of the ancient temple of Solomon. It was not to be expected that all these articles would arrive in good condition. The length of the voyage at this season, with other circumstances, have caused the loss or death of a large proportion of them. But enough are left to yield a rich return for the moderate sum (one thousand dollars) invested in their purchase.—*Pub. Ledger.*

CORN IN ILLINOIS.—The Chicago *Press* speaking of the corn crop in that State, says:

"We dare not repeat the estimates, soberly made of competent men, of the surplus corn which Illinois can spare out of the crop now maturing; but this year's production would be difficult. We can only say that there will be no famine in this or any of the food which has corn for its base with man."

SUPERFINE FLOUR—300 bbls. round hoop (prime barrel) for sale low, to close consignment.
HUNTER & BOYLE,
125 Second and 124 First street.

jy30

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION FOR JULY & AUGUST:

JOSEPH DENNISTON, V. P.	
HON. W. JOHNSTON	R. PATTISON
FELIX BRUNOT	A. M. JONES

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

[*Reported especially for the Pittsburgh Gazette.*]

FRIDAY EVENING, August 2, 1860.

FLOUR—continues remarkably dull and inactive. In fact, beyond a few small sales supplied to city dealers there has been but little or nothing done to-day since time back. Prices still have a tendency to decline. The following are the sales:

	Super.	Extra	Ex. Fam.	Fancy
100 bbls from store	$ 00	$ 50	$ 70	$ 00
70 do do	00	4 60	5 70	—
65 do do	00	5 00	5 40	6 20
60 do do	00	5 00	5 75	6 10
50 do do	00	5 00	5 87	6 15
110 do do	00	—	5 40	6 20
62 do do	00	—	5 60	6 15
75 do do	00	—	5 75	6 00 & 25
70 do do	00	—	5 80	6 12½
25 do wheat	00	—	5 75	6 00
20 do do	00	—	5 60	—

GRAIN—Oats have declined considerably during the past few days. Sales 300 bush from store at 32c. 250 do do at 29 @ 30; 50 do do at 32; 75 do do prime at 36. In corn there is scarcely anything doing; sales from store of 400 bush ear at 50; 275 do do at 55. Barley—sales 32 bush medium at 48 @ 50; 100 do do at 55. Rye—sales 75 bush at 70 @ 75 for car load lots; 75 bush for canal boat lots at 80 @ 85 for car loads of corn meal. Oats dull, and near declined to 25c the quality of new oil rising to bad. Sales of 75 bush at 25c; 50 do do at 26; 100 do do at 27; 50 do do at 28; 50 do do at 29; 50 do do at 30; 75 do do prime at 32