Pittsburgh Gazette.

CORNELL BRANCH. R. P. WILLIAMS, JR. D. FERGUSON. C. H. STOWELL.

E. BRETT & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.
PITTSBURGH.

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 31, 1860.

FOR PRESIDENT,
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
HANNIBAL HAMLIN,
OF MAINE.

Electors at Large,
HON. JAMES POLLOCK,
HON. THOMAS M. HOWE.

1 Edward G. Knight,
2 Robert P. King,
3 Henry Bumm,
4 Robert M. Fleet,
5 Mathew Hale,
6 John M. Broomall,
7 Jesse W. Fuller,
8 Levi S. Smith,
9 Francis W. Christ,
10 David Mumma, Jr.,
11 David Taggart,
12 Thomas H. Gall,
13 Francis B. Penniman,
14 Ulysses Mercur,
15 George Scheetz,
16 Al. R. Sherp,
17 Daniel O. Carr,
18 Samuel Calvin,
19 Edgar Cowan,
20 William McKennan,
21 John M. Kirkpatrick,
22 James Kerr,
23 Richard F. Roberts,
24 Henry Souther,
25 John Greer.

FOR GOVERNOR,
HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN,
OF CENTRE COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS—XXIst DISTRICT.
JAMES K. MOORHEAD.

FOR CONGRESS—XXIId DISTRICT.
ROBERT McKNIGHT.

For Assembly,
KENNEDY MARSHALL, Pittsburgh.
THOMAS WILLIAMS, Allegheny.
CHARLES L. GOEHRING, Reserve.
WILLIAM DUNLAP, Elizabeth.
ALEXANDER H. BURNS, Findley.
Clerk of the County.
WILLIAM A. HERRON, Fifth.
Recorder.
WILLIAM J. RICHARDSON, Tempperanceville.
Surveyor.
JONATHAN F. ROSS, Allegheny.
Commissioner.
GEORGE HAMILTON, Pittsburgh.
Auditor.
BENNETT LAKE, Elizabeth.
Surveyor.
C. McGOWIN, Pittsburgh.
Director of the Poor.
HENRY CHALFANT, Wilkins.

THE UNION.—The letter of the Congressional harlequin, Keitt, in favor of disunion, has not scared any one. The New York *Herald* tried its hand at helping Keitt, and rung all the changes upon the disunion theme, picturing the terrible disasters to finance, trade and commerce that must flow from the threatened and much-to-be-dreaded movements of the Southern disunionists; but the monied men of New York obstinately refused to be scared. The stock market, the great test of confidence in monied circles, went up instead of going down; and the merchant princes of the metropolis, instead of taking alarm at the threats, treated them as mere gasconade. The children are getting too old to be scared by bugaboos.

Threatened people live long. Barking dogs never bite. And we might here end the discussion of the subject by quoting another proverb—a short horse is soon curried; but Keitt and his fellow alarmists are Congressmen who might think it undignified to choke them off with old proverbs.

The great argument of the Washington Hunts and others of that kidney against the election of Lincoln is that, if elected, he cannot find any one in the South to accept office under him, and that this refusal to accept office will virtually dissolve the Union. It is evident that this idea does not haunt Keitt and his friends. *Their* fear is just the reverse. They foresee that any quantity of men in the South will not merely be willing, but eager, to accept office under Lincoln; and they dread the effect which this acceptance will have upon the oligarchy which has so long ruled the South. The office holders appointed by a Republican administration will form the nucleus of a Republican organization in all the Southern States; and as that would let daylight in where darkness has reigned supreme, it must be prevented, at all hazards.

The plan for preventing it is to talk big about dissolving the Union. Not that they mean to dissolve it, or to attempt its dissolution; but that they hope, by using the threat freely, to scare the North into the defeat of Lincoln. They have succeeded with this trick heretofore; why not now?

They will find out why not, after a while. In the first place, the people know they are in earnest; and in the second place they are determined to elect Lincoln, any how, and put these fellows to the test. There is plenty of hemp to hang them with, if they are fools enough to try and do what they threaten; and it would afford a great many people a great deal of pleasure to see every one who has pluck enough to put his Disunionism into practice, swinging as high as Haman. Has Keitt got the nerve to make the venture?

DEMOCRATIC ECONOMY.—The present administration, when it retires from office, will leave to the people a legacy of $80,000,000 of National Debt, independent of the $20,000,000 which it found in the treasury and which it has since squandered.

It came into power preaching "economy" and "retrenchment;" yet it has been the most extravagant and corrupt administration that ever existed. During its whole term it has been spending at the rate of twenty millions a year more than its receipts from revenues. It would not take many years of such financial policy to saddle the United States, like England, with an enormous, immovable and burdensome National debt.

Buchanan attacked Fillmore's administration as expensive and extravagant, because it spent $50,000,000 per annum; while he has himself spent $70,000,000 per annum, and would have spent more if Congress had allowed it to him.

There have been occasions, heretofore for large expenditures, as in Polk's administration during the Mexican war; but there has been no such excuse during Buchanan's term. We have been and are at peace with all the world, with no cause for heavy expenditure; and the extravagance of this administration is therefore all the more unjustifiable.

All this while, too, the industry of the country is suffering for want of protection. The Treasury is suffering for want of money, and the people for want of protection, and all because of low duties, which the party in power steadily refuses to increase. We import foreign goods at a ruinous rate, and export all the gold that California produces to pay for them; but the collapse in the treasury is not relieved and the manufacturers of the country toil on almost hopelessly against the encouragement thus given to their foreign competitors.

What the country needs is higher duties on imports and an administration that can get along with less money. These ends can be attained only by turning out the corrupt party in power, and the true friends of the country are impatiently waiting for the day when they can contribute by their votes to the accomplishment of so desirable a result.

MERCER SENATORIAL DISTRICT.—The Republican Conferees of the Lawrence, Mercer and Venango Senatorial district met at Mercer on Tuesday last. Hon. Wm. M. Francis, the late member and speaker of the last session of the Senate, was nominated on the 1st ballot for re-election, the Lawrence and Venango conferees voting for him. A motion was made to reconsider this vote, but the chairman overruled it, and the conference adjourned; whereupon the Lawrence and Mercer conferees held a second meeting and nominated J. Harvey Robinson, of Mercer. Matters were thus in an ugly position, but we understand that steps have since been taken to put them in a train of adjustment.

THE Louisville *Journal* declines to give the name of "the prominent Republican member of Congress from Pennsylvania who admitted that Pennsylvania would not vote for Lincoln and Hamlin." Of course. It must be much easier to withhold his name than to give it.

A VOTE IN THE CARS.—A vote for President was taken on the mail train coming to this city, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, yesterday, and resulted as follows: Lincoln, 27; Douglas, 17; Bell, 9; Breckinridge, 5.

HON. E. B. WASHBURNE, of the 1st Congressional district, Illinois, has been nominated for re-election.

THE ITALIAN REVOLUTION.

Advices from Messina to the 8th inst. transmitted by the rays of Marseilles, state that Col. Medici was at the village of Barcellona, awaiting volunteers. He had reconnoitered the heights of Messina. The attack of Milazzo was fixed for the 10th inst. Assassinations took place at Messina on the night of the 7th. The Neapolitan army was demoralized. The soldiers were deserting.

A letter from Genoa, dated Tuesday, states that on the previous day 1,500 volunteers embarked for Sicily. Another embarkation was to take place on Tuesday evening, and volunteers continued to flock into Genoa from all parts of Northern Italy.

A letter in the *Constitutionnel* states that two projects were under discussion in the Sicilian Council of Ministers. One was to drive the Neapolitans out of Messina and Sicily. The other plan is to leave Messina and to invade the continent and overthrow the King, and then to take a vote on annexation. Gen. Garibaldi is reported to have declared that when the Neapolitans had given him such proofs of confidence as the Sicilians, by remaining in insurrection six weeks, he would occupy himself about them; but until they did so, he must abandon them to their own resources.

[From the Liverpool Times.]

War Material for Garibaldi.—We violate no confidence in stating, as we are enabled to do that the patriotic Dictator of Sicily has, through his agents here, been successful in negotiating the purchase of some noble vessels for the flotilla which he is forming. According to the letter of our Paris correspondent, two of these has already sailed. There can be no hesitation in now stating that one of these is the City of Aberdeen paddle wheel steamer; and others, if not yet gone, may be shortly upon the way. The last purchase of the kind, which was effected yesterday, is that of a magnificent screw steamer of about 1,500 tons, built upon lines designed to combine speed and carrying capacity, which is considered by competent surveyors to be well adapted to carry the heavy armament of a steam sloop of-war.

Garibaldi's agents here are in possession of ample means; and we are not surprised, therefore, that their attention should have been directed to an inspection of the stock of arms and other warlike munitions with which some of the warehouses of some of our large wholesale exporters abound. They are said to have especially admired a stock of 23,000 rifles, of the value of about 30s each.

[Paris, July 10, Correspondence of the London Times.]

Arrival of the American vessels at Genoa.—Yesterday the two vessels captured by the Neapolitan—one the small steamer Utile, and the other the American clipper—arrived at Genoa after a stoppage of three days at Portofarralo. The volunteers would have gladly gone to Sicily, if they could; but our Minister at Naples, Marquis di Villamarina, had pledged his word of honor that they should come to Genoa, and as he is not a Bourbon, nor a Bourbon's Minister, his word could not be broken. They were kept on board for eighteen days, badly used at first, but rather better towards the last. Their surprise was great, having known nothing of what had been going on at Naples in the *interim*, to see the Neapolitan men-of-war hoisting the tri colored flag; but as they did not see in the middle of it the arms of Savoy, they were puzzled immensely. But they greeted the flag, nevertheless, with cries of "Long live Italy! Long live Garibaldi!"

Being now at Genoa, they have heard how matters stand, and rejoice at the freedom gained, though grieving at the same time at their having been unable to strike one good blow for it on a battle field.

[Paris Correspondence of the London Times.]

Negotiations between Naples and Piedmont.—It has been stated that certain overtures, or propositions have been made to Piedmont by the Neapolitan government, with a view to an understanding for the pacification of Italy, and answer returned. No such propositions have yet been tendered to Piedmont, and, consequently, no answer has been returned. I do not mean to say that, in its extremity, the Neapolitan Government has not contemplated this or anything else that would afford a chance of escape from utter ruin. It was contemplated, and the Marquis of Villamarina, Victor Emanuel's representative at Naples, being consulted on the subject, wrote to the Government for instructions how to act, and how to answer, should it be brought officially before him. Those instructions he has received. Victor Emanuel will have no objection to co-operate with the King of Naples (I can hardly say King of the Two Sicilies) for the independence and security of the Italian Peninsula. The conditions which he imposes as indispensable to this co-operation render it very problematical, and perhaps they explain the delay of the Court of Naples. They require that the Neapolitan people shall signify beforehand, and in a manner not to be mistaken, their readiness to accept the liberal conceptions made by the King, their perfect confidence in his sincerity in offering, and his resolution to maintain them, and their willingness to try once more how far a Neapolitan Bourbon can respect his solemn oath; that the King of Naples shall in reality, and not in form, detach himself from Austria as completely as if Austria had disappeared politically from Europe; and, above all, that no attempt shall be made to recover the possession of Sicily by force of arms, for, doubtless, M. Cavour regards Sicily as already gone. A letter from Naples received here this morning, mentions that the concessions made by the King are really looked upon in a more serious light than was supposed. The Neapolitans know, or ought to know, what amount of confidence to attach to promises made in *extremis*. They know the King, and he knows them. The motives of Piedmont are doubtless disinterested in this question and she desires less her own aggrandizement than the happiness of the Italian Peninsula; but I apprehend she would not be much grieved to find that the Neapolitans refused anything short of the overthrow of the Bourbon dynasty and the annexation of Piedmont. The moment is certainly propitious, and if it be accompanied with material advantage, all the better. Whatever the opinion of the people at Naples, it is certain that from every one I hear is the notion that the King means to keep his word. If his conscience recoils at repeating the perjuries of his father, there will always be found some cunning casuist to reason away his scruples.

More Massacres in Syria.

Destruction of Deir-El-Kemer.—Affairs in this Province are looking blacker and blacker. Yesterday we had the fearful news of the village of Deir-el Kamar being sacked, burnt, and every Christian male, to the number of two thousand and more, being put to the sword by the Druses, who, a fortnight before had disarmed them in cold blood. The women and children were allowed to escape, and reached the mouth of the Damoor River, half way between this and Sidon, yesterday, whence they were brought up last night and this morning, to the number of 1,100, by Her British Majesty's ships Gannet and Mohawk. Of the men of Deir el-Kemar, not more than thirty have escaped. The slaughter is all burnt. The refugees say that the Turkish officers sided with the Druses, helping them to butcher the people, and that they (the Sultan's troops,) were the only people who insulted the women, of whom not a few met with the worst treatment by them.

Beyrout itself is in a panic to-day.

This morning early a Moslem was killed in a quarrel with a Christian, and the Moslem population flew to arms directly, declaring that unless the murderer was found and given up to them not a Christian should be left alive in the place. The culprit has not yet been found, and we are in anything but an enviable state, although we certainly have men-of-war enough in the roads to blow the place to pieces. A Turkish line of battle ship, with 2,000 troops on board, arrived this morning from Constantinople. There are far more than enough to prevent any disturbances whatever. But the question is, whether the will to prevent the shedding of Christian blood exists amongst the Turkish authorities. After what has happened at Deir-el-Kamar, Zeble, Tarane, Hasbelya, Rasheiya, Sidon, and other places, how is it possible to put any faith in the promises, pressure, or oaths of the Turks! Yesterday, the consuls-general afforded to land 200 men from the Russian, French and English men-of-war, in order to restore confidence to the place; but the Turkish authorities would not listen to it for a moment, protesting that such would be an infringement of the Sultan's rights. To-day matters are worse. My own opinion is that the Turks wish to disgust both the consuls and other Europeans, that all may take refuge on board the ship of war, and then not a native Christian will be left to tell the tale throughout Syria. We have in harbor—of English ships the Exmouth, 90; the Gannet, 11; and the Mohawk, gunboat. Of French, the Ziseble, 50; and Sentinelle, 10; besides a large Russian frigate of 60 guns and a Turkish line of battle ship. There is to be a meeting at 4 o'clock P. M. to-day, at the English consulate, of the commanders of ships of war, the Turkish General and the Consular General to concert measures for the safety of the town. One good thing is, that the General who has arrived in command of the troops is a Christian, Kemel, the Hungarian, who behaved so well at Kars. This has inspired the Christian population with more confidence, but truth compels me to say that we are still sitting on a volcano, which may at any moment break out. If the Moslems were to rise, and the Turkish troops to behave well, all would go right, but unfortunately Moslems will never act against Moslems—never, at any rate, on behalf of Christians.

The business of Beyrout is at a stand still; all the specie of the Ottoman Bank has been sent on board the Exmouth, and to the streets barely a soul is to be seen.

4 p.m.—As I write, news has been brought in that the murderer of the Moslem has been caught. He is a Christian, and has been garrotted on Christian evidence, and will be executed at sunset. This will greatly allay the excited state of the Moslems, and it is to be hoped that we shall now get over the night without a disturbance.

From the Levant Herald, July 4.

Panic at Smyrna.—We have received a telegram from Smyrna, dated 2d July, announcing the arrival of the Syrian steamer here. The steamer left Beyrout on 23d June, and reports that at that time the panic among the Christian population had become general. Nearly the whole of the Frank inhabitants, and the majority of the native Christians as could, had taken refuge on board the English, French, and Russian men of war in the roads. Her Majesty's steamer Exmouth had embarked the cash, books and *personnel* of the Ottoman Bank, and as many of the other English residents as possible. In addition to this, parties of marines from the British, French and Russian ships had landed to assist in maintaining order in that town. At Damascus the Christians were also in a state of panic, and Abd el Kader had come forward to use his influence for their protection.

From the Paris Patrie.

We receive intelligence of importance from Beyrout, dated June 24. Ismail Pacha has just arrived from Constantinople, with 2,500 men, to put a stop to the massacre of the Christians. Ismail Pacha is the general who, during the Crimean war, made himself illustrious in the defense of Kars. His arrival, in a great measure, restored confidence.

Paris Correspondence of the Times.

French Policy in Syria.—M. Outrey, the French Consul at Damascus, who left Paris on Saturday to return to his post, received precise instructions previous to his departure to concert measures with the naval officer commanding the ships of war on the coast of Syria to repress by force, if necessary, the attacks made by the Turks on the Christians. The Emperor is determined to put an end to the half measures which have hitherto been adopted, and to act with vigor.

Lincoln, Hamlin and Curtin in Chester County.

We have just returned from West Chester, and shall attempt to give some sketch of the overwhelming demonstration there yesterday; during both day and night. We never remember a meeting which more gloriously established the fact that a whole country, under the leadership of one of the "truest of the brave," could be induced to go as a unit to the polls. Chester county will lead the column of Lincoln counties in the Commonwealth, and John Hickman will be its next Congressman from the Sixth District (if he desires the office) just as certainly as that election day will come. No reporting can give any idea of the tremendous turnout from all portions of Chester and the adjoining counties, nor of the intense enthusiasm of every man, woman and child who crowded the pleasant streets of the town. The feeling, not only for Lincoln and for Curtin was glorious, but John Hickman—was the hero of the hour. And his address, was a masterly exposition of his views, and was ratified by the multitudinous acclamations of nearly his entire constituency. The torch light parade and illumination in the evening was a wonderfully beautiful and enthusiastic demonstration for an interior town, and the People's Campaign Club, of this city, and the Republican Invincibles, also of this city, crowned the display so well begun by the people and the Wide Awakes of West Chester.—*Phila. Bulletin.*

Catarrh! Catarrh!! Catarrh!!! Catarrh!!!!

What is it? How Cured?

Thousands of persons suffer all sorts of annoyance from Catarrh. Most people know what the inconvenience and results are, yet but few know how it can be cured. It is simply a chronic irritation and often enlargement of follicles and consequent thickening of the mucous membranes, lining the nasal cavities, frontal sinuses, and sometimes extending into the throat and lungs. From this small tightness and often weakness of the head, obstructed nose, or a profuse flow of mucus, loss of smell, nasal voice, and often impaired hearing and taste.

The old school remedies have never been able to do any thing for it. Nasal injections and inhalations are as painful and expensive as they are generally worthless. Yet Hunt's CATARRH SNUFF, a simple *Sugar Pill*, taken two or three times per day, promptly cures the milder cases, and cures at once all colds in the head, and radically cures, by preserving use, the most obstinate cases, as is proved by the experience of hundreds.

Price, with full directions,

Fifty Cents Per Box.

N. B.—A full set of HUNTER'S HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES, with Book of Directions, and twenty-different Remedies, in large vials, morocco case, $5; do, in plain case, $4. Family case of fifteen boxes and book, $2.

These remedies, by the single box or case, an sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any part of the country. Address DR. F. HUMPHREY AND CO.,
jy28:d&w1m No. 562 Broadway, New-York.

Sold in Pittsburgh by J. LANGE, JOHN PETTY, Allegheny City, C. P. FLEMING and J. J. EAST.

MRS. WINSLOW, an experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of cutting it, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will relieve the child at once. It will give rest to your infant, and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases—See advertisement in another column. jy12-d&w1y

A CARD TO YOUNG LADIES AND OTHERS.—The subscriber will send (*free of charge*) to all who desire it, the Recipe and Directions for making a simple *Vegetable Balm*, that will, in from two to six days remove Pimples, Blotches, Tan, *Freckles*, Sallowness, an all Impurities and Roughness of the Skin, leaving the same soft and clear as it should be—*soft, clear, smooth and beautiful*. Those desiring the Recipe, with full instructions, directions, and advice, will please call on or address (with return postage,)

JAS. T. MARSHALL,
Practical Chemist,
No. 32 City Buildings, New York.

New Advertisements.

GET THE BEST
THOMSON'S CELEBRATED
SKIRTS
Prices for Autumn 1860.
THE EUGENIE PARIS GORE.
CONSTITUTION.
SOUTHERN QUEEN
FAIRY.
PARISIAN TRAIN.
ZEPHYR.
Corrected Sprung
Waist Skirts.
The best is the cheapest.
W. S. & E. THOMSON,
Nos. 345 Broadway, New York.

THE CAMBRIA IRON WORKS.

THE ENTIRE PROPERTY of the CAMBRIA IRON COMPANY, comprising Rolling Mill, Furnaces, Machine Shops, Mines of Ore and Coal, Forge, &c. &c., will be LEASED for a term of years, or sold upon application to M. NEWKIRK, President, at Johnstown, or 407 Walnut street, Philadelphia, and proposals for leases may be received to the same until October 1st, 1860.

By order of the Board.
JOHN T. KILE, Secretary.
July 27 & 31 d2w

MRS. SWISSHELM'S
SECOND LECTURE,
ON "PAST EVENTS,"
will be delivered in LAFAYETTE HALL, on TUESDAY EVENING, July 31st.

Admittance, 25 cents. Tickets for sale at J. M. Roberts', Hunt & Miner's, and W. A. Gold-n-Penny's, Fifth st. and J. H. Mellor's, Wood st. jy31

STEINWAY'S PIANOS, with OVERSTRINGS.
A very choice though small lot of these Superior Pianos for sale by
STEINWAY'S N. Y. PIANOS.
Just received and for sale by
H. KLEBER & BRO., No. 83 Fifth street.

N. B.—The lot comprises 6¾ octaves 7 octaves, 7¼ octaves with Overstrings, new improved desk, three strings to each note, &c. jy31

STRAY MARE.—Found astray, on Saturday morning, July 28th, on Webster Hall, Pittsburgh, a Bay Mare—white forehead and some The owner will apply at the Mayor's office. jy31:3td GEO. WILSON, Mayor.

SUGAR CURED HAMS—50 tcs. C. Lavis & Co.'s Cincinnati Extra S. C. Hams for sale by F. SELLERS & CO. jy31

SUGAR CURED DRIED BEEF—10 tcs. Swan & Bell's Cincinnati Extra, for sale by F. SELLERS & CO. jy31

LEAF LARD—150 bbls. for sale by F. SELLERS & CO. jy31

BACON SHOULDERS—100 hhds. heavy Shoulders in prime order for sale by F. SELLERS & CO. jy31

FAMILY LARD—250 kegs put up expressly for families, for sale by F. SELLERS & CO. jy31

BACON HAMS—50 hhds. for sale by F. SELLERS & CO. jy31

PEARL STARCH—15 boxes Julius J. Woods'; 5 boxes Burnsler & Henry's—for sale low in store by F. SELLERS & CO. jy31

LARD OIL—50 bbls. No. 1, 20 bbls No. 2—for sale by F. SELLERS & CO. jy31 Manufacturers, No. 309 Liberty st.

EGGS—2 bbls. just received and for sale by R. DALZELL & CO. jy31

CHEESE—100 boxes Cheese, prime, for sale by R. DALZELL & CO. jy31

ALL KINDS OF
SUMMER DRESS GOODS
Closing out extremely low for Fall Stock.
GOOD BARGAINS IN SHAWLS, LACE MANTLES, etc.
jy30 O. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market st.

ROBE DE CHAMS, at very low prices, to be had at
Closing out sale. SUTHERFIELD & CO. jy30

EAR CORN—100 bus. prime yellow Ear Corn in store and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, jy30 Corner Market and First sts.

GREEN APPLES—Choice Green Apples, to arrive this day, for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, jy30 Corner Market and First streets.

WOOL—15 sacks now landing for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO. jy31d

New Advertisements.

GREEN, SALTED,
AND
DRY FLINT HIDES,
LEATHER BELTING, GUM BELTING,
AND
GUM PACKING,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, FOR SALE BY
M. DeLANGE,
233 Liberty St., opposite head of Wood
jy24:d&w1w

HOT FOR THE CAMPAIGN!

MEDALS! MEDALS! MEDALS!

TRUE AND PERFECT LIKENESSES OF EACH CANDIDATE!

RAPID SALES!

LINCOLN AND HAMLIN.

DOUGLAS AND JOHNSON.

BRECKINRIDGE AND LANE.

BELL AND EVERETT.

Sold Wholesale to Dealers, by
EATON, CREE & MACRUM,
No. 17 Fifth Street.
jy30

NINTH ANNUAL FAIR
OF THE
ALLEGHENY COUNTY
Agricultural Society,
FOR WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA AND OHIO,
Commencing
4th, 5th, 6th and 7th of
SEPTEMBER, 1860.
Premiums amount to nearly $4000.
FAIR GROUNDS, NINTH WARD, PITTSB'GH.

THE BOARD OF MANAGERS would announce, that LIBERAL PREMIUMS have been offered to all the Departments.

Abundance of STEAM POWER will be provided for the working of Machinery, etc.

In addition to the large PREMIUMS FOR MACHINERY in the Printed List, the following Premiums are offered:

For best Boiler for general use, (in operation,)..... silver Medal and $20 00
do Power Cutting Machine, do 10 00
do Drill Press, do 10 00
do Iron Planer, (in motion,) Silver Medal and 10 00
do Centering Lathe, for shafting, (in motion,) 5 00
do New variety of Engine, (in motion, other than those enumerated in Class 15)..... Silver Medal and 10 00
do Iron Front, one story high, set up on the ground..... Silver Medal and 5 00
do Steam Fire Engine..... Silver Medal and 20 00

ARTICLES SENT FOR EXHIBITION should be addressed to CAPT. JOHN YOUNG, Jr., carefully labeled, with the owner's name and residence.

Entries received at Reed's Jewelry Store, No. 68 Fifth street, for AUGUST 20.

Tickets for sale and Premium Lists for distribution, at Reed's Jewelry Store, No. 68 Fifth st., and H. F. Schwartz' Pianoforte Store, Federal street, Allegheny.

HAY AND GRAIN, for all animals entered for exhibition, and Grain at lowest cash prices.

All entries must be made on the Judge's book on or before Tuesday evening, the 4th of September, and all articles and all animals must be brought within the enclosure by Tuesday noon.

Attractive Programme for each day.

Vigilant Night and Day Police.

ADMISSION—Exhibition Tickets, $1 00; Five Tickets for $3 00; Single Tickets, 25c. Two-Horse Vehicles, 25c.; Single Horse Vehicles, 15c.; Single Horse, 10c. Occupants and riders will pay the regular rates in addition.

RAILWAY ACCOMMODATIONS to and from the Grounds.

For information, address: S. SCHOYER, Jr., Rec. Sec., Pittsburgh,
jy28:d&w1w or, J. KNOX, Corresponding Secretary.

OAKLAND RESIDENCES.—The undersigned has divided that portion of Oakland known as CUNARD CARMAN Structure, a simple *Sugar Pill*, taken two or three times per day, promptly cures the milder cases at once all colds in the head, and radically cures, by preserving use, the most obstinate cases, as is proved by the experience of hundreds.

Price, with full directions,

Fifty Cents Per Box.

N. B.—A full set of HUNTER'S HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES, with Book of Directions, and twenty-different Remedies, in large vials, morocco case, $5; do, in plain case, $4. Family case of fifteen boxes and book, $2.

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jy28:d&w1m No. 562 Broadway, New-York.

Sold in Pittsburgh by J. LANGE, JOHN PETTY, Allegheny City, C. P. FLEMING and J. J. EAST.

MRS. WINSLOW, an experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of cutting it, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will relieve the child at once. It will give rest to your infant, and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases—See advertisement in another column. jy12-d&w1y

A CARD TO YOUNG LADIES AND OTHERS.—The subscriber will send (*free of charge*) to all who desire it, the Recipe and Directions for making a simple *Vegetable Balm*, that will, in from two to six days remove Pimples, Blotches, Tan, *Freckles*, Sallowness, an all Impurities and Roughness of the Skin, leaving the same soft and clear as it should be—*soft, clear, smooth and beautiful*. Those desiring the Recipe, with full instructions, directions, and advice, will please call on or address (with return postage,)

JAS. T. MARSHALL,
Practical Chemist,
No. 32 City Buildings, New York.

Bank Statements.

Statement of the Bank of Pittsburgh,
PITTSBURGH, July 30, 1860.

RESOURCES.

Loans, Bills and Discounts	$1,643,866 66
Real Estate and Ground Rent	44,819 90
Stocks and Miscellaneous	11,403 26
Due by other Banks	48,051 97
Bank Notes & Checks	66,347 08
Specie (gold and silver)	355,284 06
	$2,190,355 08

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$1,142,500 00
Profits and Earnings	156,906 61
Unpaid Dividends and Suspense Acc't.	19,020 00
Due to other Banks	43,128 49
Deposits	818,454 10
Circulation	685,185 89
	$2,190,355 08

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN HARPER, Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed this July 30th, 1860, before me, S. REID, Notary Public.

Statement of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank of Pittsburgh.
PITTSBURGH, Monday, July 30th, 1860.

Capital Stock	$ 600,000 00
Circulation, (about)	303,913 00
Due Depositors	316,149 23
Due other Banks	43,687 61
Due Commonwealth	3,563 01
Loans and Discounts	1,035,463 06
Notes and Checks of other Banks	123 4 5 3
Due by other Banks	43,939 90
Specie	58,229 01

The above statement is correct for the best of my knowledge and belief.
SAM'L HARPER, Notary Public.

Statement of the Mechanics' Bank of Pittsburgh,
Monday, July 30th, 1860.

LIABILITIES.

Circulation	$ 228 493 00
Due to other Banks	27,962 14
Due to Depositors	86,940 67
	$ 137,333 81

ASSETS.

Bills and Notes Discounted	$124,529 10
Due by other Banks	17,060 57
Notes and Checks of other Banks	47,005 33
Specie in Vault	55,691 16
	$ 135,186 98

The above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
GEO. D. MORROW, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 30th day of July, 1860.
A. W. FUSTED, Notary Public.

Statement of the Allegheny Bank,
PITTSBURGH, July 25th, 1860.

ASSETS.

Capital Stock	150,000 00
Notes and Bills Discounted	718,612 91
Notes and Checks of other Banks	21,592 11
Specie ($5,000 U. S. Treasury Notes)	60,838 15
	59,230 53

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	251,055 00
Individual Deposits	13,622 00
The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.	560,571 69
	1,000,000 00

J. W. COOK, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed before me, this 25th day of July, 1860.
WM. H. WHITNEY, Notary Public.

Statement of the Iron City Bank,
PITTSBURGH, July 25, 1860.

Capital Stock	200,000 00
Loans and Discounts	400,000 00
Due by other Banks	73,354 80
Notes and Checks of other Banks	18,172 70
Specie	19,541 47
Circulation	180,253 67
Due to other Banks	349,066 00
Due to Depositors	979 13

The above statement is correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN MAGUPIN, Cash'r.
Affirmed before me, this 30th day of July, A. D. 1860.
W. H. WHITNEY, Notary Public.

LADIES' AND MISSES'
BLACK, BROWN AND SLATE
PROMENADE HATS,
in great variety and at low prices, at
HILLEBMAN & CO.'S,
jy28:2w 75 Wood st.

OATS—600 bus. just rec'd and for sale by
jy30 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

New Advertisements.

W. & D. HUGUS',
Corner Fifth and Market Sts.

Have a few

ORGANDY
and
FRENCH
CAMBRIC LAWNS,

which they are selling at

LESS THAN COST

Berage Robes at half price!

Organdy Robes at half price!

Opened this day a complete assortment of

Domestic Goods.

jy27

CARLISLE WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, CUMBERLAND CO., PA.

The favorite resort for those who appreciate Grand Scenery, Pure Mountain Air, Invigorating Baths, Large and Well Ventilated Rooms, Good Society and a Good Table.

For particulars send for Circular.

TERMS LOW.

jy2:2md OWEN, GLENDENIN & VISCHER,
CARLISLE SPRINGS, PA.

FAYETTE SPRINGS.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having taken a permanent lease of the popular
SUMMER RESORT,
Has had the buildings thoroughly refitted, with important additions, and the whole newly furnished. Being just over Laurel Hill Mountain, in Fayette county, Pa., and a circle of scenes of natural and historic interest, near the National Road, only eighty miles from Pittsburgh and eight from Uniontown—the present terminus of the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad, on which two daily through trains are run—it is an easy and attractive transition from the toils and heat of summer to town and city, to the healthy surroundings of the

MOUNTAIN RETREAT.

The waters are strongly Chalybeate—pure and powerful tonic. Warm and cold shower baths are attached. Bowling Alley and other appliances for healthful exercise and amusement. No guests or mosquitos.

Horses and carriages well cared for, with which guests can be furnished for excursions to the interesting contiguous localities. A post-office is near the Springs, supplied by daily mails during the season.

The long experience of the subscriber in catering to the comforts of his friends, emboldens him to promise entire satisfaction in all respects, as well to old friends as to transient visitors. Charges moderate. All is now ready. Come. Address ALFRED MOREHEAD.
June 26, 1860—jy2:d&w1m Fayette Springs, Pa.

THE TORCH-LIGHT PROCESSION!

BANNERS,
FLAGS,
TRANSPARENCIES, &c.

All kinds of

LETTERING and PAINTING

done to order, put up in the Best Style and at the Lowest Prices.

DODGE & SMITHSON,
No. 71 Fourth st., opposite Iron City Bank.
jy2

J. W. GRAFTON,
PAPER DEALER,
NO. 147 WOOD STREET,
Corner of Virgin alley, PITTSBURGH.
jy14:1yd CASH PAID FOR RAGS.

DEHLER, SCHULTZE & WALTER,
MANUFACTURERS OF
COPPER, TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE
AND DEALERS IN
Cutlery and Housefurnishing Goods,
BRITTANIA AND BLOCK TIN WARE, STOVES, ICE CHESTS, ENAMELED AND TINNED HOLLOW WARE, WATER COOLERS, WAITERS, &c., &c., &c.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
No. 126 Smithfield Street, Cor. Virgin Alley,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

HERSHEY & BROWN,
(SUCCESSORS TO R. McKUNE,)
SADDLE, HARNESS, TRUNK, HOSE
AND
WHIP MANUFACTURERS,
Wholesale and Retail. FEDERAL ST., East side, above the Diamond, Allegheny City.
jy6:d&w6m

WELLS, RIDDLE & CO.,
20 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
MANUFACTURERS OF
WHIPS, LASHES AND SWITCHES,
and every description of
LEATHER SHAKED WORK.
Orders solicited from the trade, and promptly shipped per first conveyance.
I. W. CHADWICK..... CHARLES CHADWICK.
CHADWICK & SON,
DEALERS IN
Paper and Rags,
Nos. 149 and 150 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, Pa.
Wrapping Paper at manufacturers' prices. The highest market price paid in cash for Rags, Old Rope, etc.
jy15

SUNDRIES—
1,500 bbls. prime N. O. Molasses;
600 hhds. do Sugar;
100 boxes Tobacco, various qualities;
50 tierces prime Rice;
100 tubs, No. 3 Lorge Mackerel;
150 half bbls. do do
60 bbls. Mullets, do
20 do White Fish;
700 kegs Nails, various sizes;
1,000 boxes Window Glass, various sizes;
1 000 bbls. No. 1 Rail;
75 do Winter Bleached Whale Oil;
Baltimore, Bay Island and Seaport Packing, Head No. 1 and prime Qualities Candles, Soaps and Spices of all kinds, and everything which is usually kept by Wholesale Grocers.—In store and for sale by JOHN I. HOUSE & CO.
jy7 Corner Smithfield and Water sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOTICE!!

READ the following testimony to the success of Dr. KEYSER'S INFANTILE CORDIAL:

Tygart's Valley, July 20th, 1859.

DR. KEYSER—DEAR SIR: I have much pleasure in certifying to the perfect harmlessness and efficacy of your Infantile Cordial, and cheerfully recommend it to those who have not already used it. It is my own family, and have sold over two hundred bottles the past year. All those who have ever used it unite in its praise for all diseases for which you recommend it. Yours, &c.,
E. F. LATHROP.

BLOOD FOOD! BLOOD FOOD!!

DR. DARSON—Sir: It may not be valuable to you, to know that I have used the different Preparations of Blood Food in my own family, and sufficiently successful to convince me that they are a near approximation to the fat which they are prepared