The Civil War in Kansas.

We are now more fully acquainted with the details of the massacre of Osceolaites which we briefly noticed in our issue of Saturday the 21st inst. It will be remembered that on Friday the 1st inst. a party of Osceolaites, numbering some fifty, fifty-five, men, women and children, arrived in Humboldt, Allen county, Kansas, and asked to obtain shelter in Iola, but were at last compelled to encamp on the Neosho river, about three miles from Humboldt. Some of the ringleaders of the rabble-hood—crowded in all probability by the liquor they had taken—determined to fully take retribution on, on the poor, defenceless people. Accordingly, on Saturday the 21st inst., a party of about 200 men, armed with guns, pistols, clubs, knives, &c., proceeded to the encampment, and commenced firing upon the unfortunate people. The latter, taken by surprise, and unarmed, were unable to offer any resistance, and were soon overpowered by the numbers of their assailants. Many of the women and children were killed, the men managed to escape, but were pursued by the soldiers, their clothes looking and bullets whistling around them. Those who were not killed outright were left to die in the woods, and those who escaped to the river were pursued down to it, and in a few hours making one of the most beautiful and picturesque spots in the country a bleak, barren and desolate place. The number of persons killed is variously estimated at from 25 to 50, and the number wounded at upwards of 75. The property destroyed is also variously estimated at from £20,000 to £25,000; but the library consisting of a number of valuable books, and a large collection of Greek, Arabic, and Syriac manuscripts, which had been buried and plundered—also that of the Rev. Mr. Thobarb, of Mahaska, who fled failed lines books into security, and then returned with a number of armed men to carry off the property—is entirely destroyed. The Osceolaites had been encamped on the Neosho river for about a week, and during that time had been joined by a number of Missourians, who, finding with the rest of the inhabitants of the neighborhood, and headed by Hamilton and Montgomery, the latter of whom is mentioned in Lord Dunraven's book as having been a companion of his lordship's in Kansas, and