Pittsburgh Gazette.

CONDUCTED BY R. J. HEGGIE, R. D. FITZGERALD & J. M. STORER.

R. BERETT & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING, JULY 9, 1860.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

OF MAINE.

Electors at Large,
HON. JAMES POLLOCK,
HON. THOMAS M. HOWE.

1 Edward C. Knight,
2 Robert P. King,
3 Henry Bumm,
4 Robert M. Fleet,
5 Nathan Hilts,
6 John M. Broomall,
7 James W. Fuller,
8 Jared B. Smith,
9 Francis W. Christ,
10 David Mumma, Jr.,
11 David Taggart,
12 Thomas E. Hall,
13 Francis B. Penniman,
14 Ulysses Mercur,
15 George Belcher,
16 A. H. Sharp,
17 Daniel O. ——,
18 Samuel Calvin,
19 Elgar Cowan,
20 William McKennan,
21 John M. Kirkpatrick,
22 James Kerr,
23 Richard P. Roberts,
24 Henry Souther.
25 John Greer.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN,

OF CENTRE COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS—XXIst DISTRICT,

JAMES K. MOORHEAD.

FOR CONGRESS—XXIId DISTRICT.

ROBERT McKNIGHT.

Associate,
KENNEDY MARSHALL, Pittsburgh.
THOMAS WILLIAMS, Allegheny.
CHARLES L. GOEHRING, Reserve.
WILLIAM DOUGLAS, Elizabeth.
ALEXANDER H. BURNS, Findley.

Clerk of the Courts,
WILLIAM A. HERRON, Pitt.

Register,
WILLIAM J. RICHARDSON, Temperanceville.

Recorder,
JONATHAN F. ROSS, Allegheny.

Commissioner,
GEORGE HAMILTON, Pittsburgh.

Auditor,
BENNETT LAKE, Elizabeth.

Surveyor,
C. McGOWAN, Pittsburgh.

Director of the Poor,
HENRY CHALFANT, Wilkins.

ALL THAT IS LEFT OF "POPULAR SOVEREIGNTY."

There was no cry so potent in 1856 as that of "Popular Sovereignty." Buchanan, Breckinridge, Douglas and all the lesser lights of Democracy seemed never to tire of expatiating upon the doctrine that the people of the Territories should be left perfectly free to settle their domestic institutions in their own way. It was so perfectly fair—so democratic—and such an easy and conclusive way of settling the vexed question of Slavery. Just leave it to the people of the territories—let *them* settle it in their own way, and remove the question forever from national politics.

This was the burden of the democratic song of 1856; and by means of it, Mr. Buchanan slipped into the Presidency. Many honest men were gulled by it, foolishly presuming that the party was in earnest. But, no sooner was the party in power than it was abandoned. The people of Kansas were soon taught by the administration that they had neither power nor rights in such matters. A Constitution was framed for them at Washington, endorsed by a bogus Convention sitting at Lecompton, and approved by returns of the popular vote manufactured to order by the agents of the government. The people of the territory were never really consulted about it; and when Gov. Walker refused to be an instrument in forcing upon them a Constitution which they not only never approved, but loathed and abhorred, he was promptly removed, and every democrat who stood by him was proscribed and persecuted.

This was "Popular Sovereignty" as the Administration understood it; and Mr. Douglas' mistake, as a politician was, that he did not fall in with this interpretation of it. When he invented "Popular Sovereignty" for the Democracy, the South thought it all right, because it promised to work well for them. They found out, in the spirit evinced by the settlers in Kansas, that it did not work well for them, and they abandoned it, substituting for it the cheat of the Lecompton Constitution. Douglas' offence was, not that he invented "Popular Sovereignty," but that he stuck to it when he found how disastrous it was to Southern interests.

Ever since then, Douglas has made a feint of sticking to his bantling, and there are still some enthusiastic admirers of his who imagine that it is the same thing now it was in 1856; but he surrendered the whole question, practically, when he endorsed the Dred Scott decision, and in his late letter accepting the sectional nomination of a fragment of his party, he makes no allusion to "Popular Sovereignty," either by name or in substance. He ignores it as a thing gone by. It has had its day, and is therefore treated as a humbug that will not longer pay.

In this letter of acceptance Douglas goes as far in favor of Congressional Intervention for Slavery as Breckinridge dare do; but it is too late. If he had done so two or three years ago, it would have been all right with his masters; but having rebelled against them in the days of their power, he cannot secure his forgiveness by untimely concessions, now. His fate is the fate of all who have rebelled against the inexorable Slave Power: he is to be crushed.

Yet see how mean he is and how meanly he does it. He inveighs terribly against Congressional Intervention—makes it the theme of his letter; yet concedes it, and pledges himself to it. In proof, read the following resolution, adopted by the Convention which nominated him:

"*Resolved*, That it is in accordance with the Cincinnati Platform, that during the existence of Territorial Governments the *measure of restriction*, whatever it may be, imposed by the Federal Constitution *on the power of the Territorial Legislature* over the subject of the *domestic relations*, as the same *has been or shall hereafter be* finally DETERMINED BY THE SUPREME COURT of the United States, should be respected by all good citizens, and ENFORCED *with promptness and fidelity by* EVERY BRANCH *of the General Government.*"

To this Mr. Douglas responds as follows:

"Upon a careful examination of the platform of principles adopted at Charleston, and reaffirmed at Baltimore, with *an additional resolution*, which is in PERFECT HARMONY *with the others*, I find it to be a faithful embodiment of the time honored principles of the Democratic party, which were proclaimed and understood by all parties in the Presidential contests of 1848, 1852 and 1856."

Here, then, Mr. D. commits himself absolutely to the duty of enforcing the Dred Scott decision with promptness and fidelity by every branch of the General Government," and it is well known that the South claim that decision as affirming their absolute right to carry Slavery into the Territories, without regard to the will of the people. To the South, no stronger pledge than this could be given in favor of Congressional and Executive Intervention for Slavery. The difficulty in his case is, as we have said, that it comes too late.

Yet, while thus prostrating himself to the South, he could not suppress the spirit of demagogism within him, and in the same letter he puts the following impudent paragraph for Northern consumption:—

"The peace of the country and the perpetuity of the Union have been put in jeopardy by attempts to interfere with and control the *domestic affairs* of the people in the Territories, *through the agency of the Federal Government.*"

This, however, only betrays his pettiness.—The great point to be noted, is, that he utterly abandons "Popular Sovereignty;" and that while declaiming against Federal Intervention in Territorial affairs, he commits himself thoroughly to the strongest possible pledge in favor of such intervention.

WHAT DID MR. FOSTER DO?—We see it frequently claimed for Mr. FOSTER that he went to Washington City, during the session of Congress, and gave all his influence in favor of the Morrill Tariff bill.

How much did that influence amount to? What did he do? He was there several weeks, and was backed by the strong assistance of Bigler. They had a month to work in, after the bill passed the House with no aid but that given by the Republicans, and in all that time, how many Democratic votes did they actually obtain for the House bill? One solitary vote! Tell it not in Gath! These two mighty men—these giants of Pennsylvania Democracy succeeded, after a month's labor, in getting one Democratic vote, beside Bigler! Only that and nothing more, Latham, of California, was the convict vouchsafed to them as a reward for their united influence. Immense result! Deduct the one-half, which belongs to Bigler, and the net result of Foster's labors at Washington is to be found in the remaining half of Latham's vote.

This, then, is what Foster did. He spent a month, we are told, at the Capitol; button-holed the Democratic Senators; told them how essential it was to Democratic success in this State that the Tariff bill should pass; and how it was impossible for him to be elected if it did not pass: but after all, the influential, talented, eloquent and popular Foster was able to compass the conversion of just one-half of one Democratic Senator to his Tariff views. Does it not stand to reason that the people of Pennsylvania should, out of sheer gratitude, elect this man governor?

RUMORED REMOVAL.—It has been given out, at Washington, that every officer holder who is for Douglas, or who is suspected of being so, will be decapitated. Acting upon this hint, we hear that the Breckinridge men are after the head of Mr. Postmaster Dunn, who is suspected of Douglasism, and who may, therefore, wake up some morning to find himself in an orphanless condition. "These be parlous times, my masters."

A SOUTH CAROLINA ESTIMATE.—The Charleston (S. C.) *News* thus estimates the prospects of the Presidential canvas:

Our readers may desire to have our opinion upon the probable results of the Presidential struggle. Of course, no one can absolutely foretell what the American people, at this fearful crisis, may determine through the ballot box—If they were fully aware of its use and momentous character, and that the peace of the country and the Union itself hung upon it, we would unhesitatingly say that Breckinridge and Lane would be elected. But the spirit of section and party rule them still, and prejudice and passion irresistibly pervade the contest. Under their influence, our conviction is apprehensive that Lincoln, the Black Republican candidate, will be elected If the votes of the fifteen Southern States, and of California and Oregon, be claimed for Breckinridge and Lane, and they will most probably obtain them, they only amount to 127 in the Electorial College consisting of 303 votes. The other (176) votes, to be cast by the Northern States, must, under present calculations, be conceded to Lincoln. In those States there will be four electoral tickets, headed by Douglas, Bell, Breckinridge any Lincoln. The entire position to the Black Republicans, already in a large majority in most of them, will be divided among the parties of the first three candidates, and leave Lincoln with a plurality in every Northern State. It would be doubtful, whether in a single contest between him and any one of them, he would not carry the whole. It is a great mistake to suppose that in a single contest Douglas could carry Pennsylvania against him—that was conceded on all sides at Washington. Breckinridge might do it. But as it is, Lincoln must carry it.

Our present impression is, that Douglas will not obtain a single electoral vote. His only chance is for Missouri—and but a chance. Bell and Everett may carry Virginia, Maryland and Tennessee, under certain contingencies, and the division of Democracy into two parties. But the popularity of Breckinridge and Lane, and the disposition of the Democracy of each State to maintain its unity, will, so Jobbt, sweep those States.

A TRANSPARENT CHEAT.—There never was so transparent a cheat, as Judge Douglas' Popular Sovereignty. It is a bubble.

In his letter of acceptance, after denouncing Lincoln and Breckinridge, as the worst enemies of the Republic, because they are in favor of Congressional intervention on the question of slavery in the Territories, though for opposite purposes, and pointing to his doctrine of non-intervention or Popular Sovereignty, as the only panacea for all the ills this question brings with it, he coolly steps up to the bar of the Supreme Court of the United States, and with the utmost nonchalance surrenders the whole of his dogma to the keeping of that tribunal!

The favorite qualification of his Popular Sovereignty doctrine used to be, "subject to the Constitution:" Now it is, "subject to the Supreme Court." We should like to know, what sort of nonintervention this is. If the question of slavery in the Territories is to be settled by the intervention of the Supreme Court, and not by the intervention of Congress, what becomes of the supreme right of the people in the Territories to vote themselves just such institutions as they please?

The truth is, Mr. Douglas is just as much an interventionist as either Lincoln or Breckinridge, with this difference, that the latter are for the intervention of the Federal Legislature, while he is for that of the Federal Judiciary.

The people who should emigrate to a Territory under Mr. Douglas' administration of the Federal Government, with the idea that they had the supreme power to exclude slavery therefrom, would speedily find out that their supremacy was subject to the authority of the Supreme Court, and they would be quickly met with such a South-side version of the Dred Scott or some other decision, as would wake them up out of the dream of Popular Sovereignty.

The Democratic leaders used to have a very high respect for the authority of the Supreme Court, in all that relates to public and private rights, but when it entered upon the domain of political right, they fought resistance to its decrees in the matter of the mandamus against the State of Georgia, some years ago. But all that is now changed. If the Supreme Court held anti-extension-of-slavery opinions upon the question in the Territories, is it presumable that Judge Douglas would be so ready as he is to subject his Popular Sovereignty to the disposition of that Court?—*Bolt. Pat.*

WHERE ARE THE DISUNIONISTS?—Our readers will remember that, in 1856, Governor Wise, of Virginia, was very emphatic in declaring that the South would never submit to the election of Fremont, but that, if necessary to clear him out, the Virginia military forces, under their Governor, would march to Washington, seize upon the public Treasury and archives, and carry them off, and thus leave poor Fremont weeping, like Marius, over the ruins of Carthage. Where are the disunionists now, in view of the "manifest destiny" of "Old Abe Lincoln?" We hear nothing at all of disunion except from the Douglas party, who are crying down the Breckinridge party as disunionists. Gov. Wise is out for Breckinridge; but the Governor just fall, upon the John Brown matter, said he would fight, not to go out but to stay in the Union. If V. Johnson, of Georgia, was a rampant Disunionist in 1851, but he is now up for Vice President on the Douglas ticket; and so, we presume, he has come out all right. Where are the disunionists? They were so numerous last Winter in Congress, that even Seward and his "irrepressible conflict" turned over with this "irrepressible conflict" turned over into the Democratic camp, all hands are fighting to stay in the union.—*N. Y. Herald.*

THE UNION SAVED.—One object at least, which the Democrats have professed to have very much at heart, they have accomplished by their disruption at Baltimore. They have saved the Union. Paradoxical as it may seem, the party which has professed that in its union and supremacy lay the only hope of preserving our confederacy, have put an end to all clamor, about disunion by simply dissolving their organization. For since the split at Baltimore, the two factions vie with each other in extravagant expressions of devotion to the Union. The Republicans, the Union men, and the Douglas men had constantly expressed their determination to frown upon all schemes for disunion, and now the most ultra southern party, which includes in its ranks the whole band of fire eaters, takes especial pains to emphasize its professions of attachment to the Union.

We congratulate the Democrats upon having accomplished the great and patriotic work of saving us from that destruction, which, according to their accounts, had been so imminent for the last few months. To be sure, they have paid rather dearly for it.—*Prov. Journal.*

A NEW REGULATION AT THE MINT.—We are requested to state that the Spanish and Mexican fractions of the dollar will not after to day, be received at the Mint, at their *nominal* value, in exchange for the new cents. The main object of the law authorizing these coins to be received at their nominal value of twenty five, twelve and a half, and six and a quarter cents, was to retire them from circulation, and thus relieve the community from a worn-out and depreciated currency, which materially interfered with our excellent decimal system of coinage. This object having, in a great measure, been attained, and the amount of cents issued being quite large, Mr. Snowden, the Director of the Mint, recommended that a law should be passed to repeal so much of the former law as is subject as required these exchanges to be made. This has accordingly been done.

Hereafter the new cents will only be paid out in exchange for gold and silver coins of the United States, and for the copper cents of the former issues.—*Phil. Press*

ILLINOIS.—There seems to be no longer any doubt that the National Democracy of Illinois, as the friends of Breckinridge and Lane call themselves, will nominate an Electoral and probably a State Ticket. They were thrown into great confusion a few days since by the desertion of the *Herald*, which went over to Douglas; but they are in no way discouraged, and will go ahead with just as much assurance and with as great a show of confidence as if certain of success. Their nominations will be made at their State Convention, at Springfield, on the 11th.—*Chicago Press.*

NOT ONE OF THE 3,000.—The Ex Rev. Daily, who not very long ago was suspended from the sacred office for insobriety and unchastity, was nominated for Congress, in the Third District of Indiana, by the Douglas Democracy, last week. A pious consideration minister of the Gospel cannot protest in any form against the slavery extending schemes of Democracy without being covered with the curses of their leaders, but as soon as lewdness and drunkenness take the place of piety and conscience, then a minister becomes fit for Congress in the estimation of Douglas and his followers. The 3,000 New England clergymen, who protested against Douglas' Bill to repeal the Missouri Compromise were, in his estimation, unfit to occupy the sacred Disk, but a lewd Drunken Debauchee is just the man for the Douglas Democracy to support, and just the kind of tool to send to Washington to do the bidding of Sham Democracy.—*Wooster (O.) Reporter.*

THE REPUBLICAN CAUSE IN CALIFORNIA.—The dispatches received this evening, from California, states that the reception of the news of the nomination of Lincoln was greeted with firing of guns and jubilant demonstrations of approbation. Similar news with this is the statement that Judge Terry's trial had been removed to another county, which indicates his acquittal. Although the murderer may escape his just punishment, on the scaffold or in prison, a terrible retribution is being prepared by the people, as indicated in these demonstrations for Lincoln and Liberty, for the party and men who killed the noble Broderick, because he opposed slavery and a corrupt administration.

INFAMOUS.—When the body of Mrs. S. H. Williams, of Memphis, one of the victims of the steamer Ben Lewis disaster, was recovered, it was found that it had been robbed of considerable amount of jewelry, and one of the fingers had been much lacerated by the fruitless efforts of the murderous pirates to get off a plain gold ring, which fitted very closely. The body was found floating in the current, clinging to an oar, and when taken into the skiff in mistaken warmth had not disappeared, so that the wretches who robbed the unfortunate woman, probably did so before life was extinct.

SUICIDE ABOUT A LEGACY.—A man named Perry Johnson hung himself in Freedom District, Carroll county, Md., on last Tuesday two weeks. He became dissatisfied about a distribution of a legacy but even him and his brothers, supposing partiality had been shown his younger brother. He had a key suspended on a belt, tied around his waist, which unlocked a chest containing $3,000, which it seemed he was also troubled how to dispose of.

DOUGLAS AT LANCASTER.—*Lancaster, July 5, 1860*—The friends of Judge Douglas here, to a man, indignantly repudiate the affiliation with the disunionists. We demand a clean electoral ticket, a fair fight, and will reject any project by which the regular nominee of the National Democracy is intended to be swindled.—*Phila. Press*

The *Illinois State Democrat*, at Springfield, hoists the names of Breckinridge and Lane. This, with the Peoria *Union*, makes two of that stripe of papers in Illinois, "as far as heard from."

HON. T. C. THEAKER was re-nominated for Congress to day, by acclamation, for the Seventeenth District.

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DYSPEPSIA in our National Disease—weak stomach, feeble digestion, distress after eating, costive habit, bilious condition. How many suffer with it and its attendant symptoms of low spirits, bad taste, coated tongue, obstructed head and attacks of headache! Yet few few know how to cure it! Generally, because the bowels are constipated, resort is had to cathartics, or laxatives. But such a condition was never cured by cathartics, whose only office is to weaken the digestion and impair the integrity of the entire sensitive system.

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Mines of Stars, plain from 1 ball to 5 balls;
do colored from 1 ball to volcanoes;
Triangles, from 4 oz to 6 oz;
Fulchillions, from No. 1 to No. 5;
Horse Nats, from 6 inch to 8 inch;
Scrolls, from No. 1 to No. 5;
Pin Wheels, of all sizes and colors;
Serpents or Chasers, of all sizes;
Grasshoppers and Blue Lights, of all colors;
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AND

WATER COMBINED.

DR. KARSHNER'S POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE ELECTRO-THERAPEUTIC BATH is now fitted up and in successful operation, relieving all persons afflicted with any of the following ills and diseases, are respectfully solicited to call and examine for themselves. This new and wonderful discovery in Therapeutic Electricity is applied on purely scientific principles, and in a manner that is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the most delicate patient. The following are some of the diseases which readily yield to this the most popular remedy; Palsy, or Paralysis, Incipient Consumption, both Acute and Chronic, Neuralgia, Headache, Torpid Liver, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, Weakness and Curvature of the Spine, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Deafness by Paralysis, Diseases of the Eyes, Amaurosis, Cataracts, Weak Eyes, Strabismus, Spasmodic Retention of the Urine, St. Vitus' Dance, Self Abuse, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weakness and Irregularities.

General Debility, Derangements of the Nervous System, Stiff Joints, Fever and Ague, Calomel, and all other Mineral Poisons, entirely removed from the system.

Seminal Weakness—which engenders premature pains in the head, back and limbs; nervous cough, general loss of memory and dangerous effects of Abstinence.

Office hours From 8 to 12, A. M. and 2 to 9 P. M.

Patients desiring immediate relief will please call early.

Dr. K.'s Baths will be fitted up in Residences, Infirmaries, Asylums, &c., and the right to use them, on reasonable terms.

Ministers, Physicians and all others interested in the welfare of their suffering fellow men, are respectfully invited to call and see for themselves the wonderful cures that are performed daily with these Baths.

State, County or Individual Rights for sale. For further particulars, call at 54 Fifth street, or address Box 1125, Post Office, Pittsburgh, Pa. my18 1yd&eT

ICE CREAM

AND DINING ROOMS.

JACOB B. HUBLEY,

On Fourth Street, near Ferry.

All varieties of ICE CREAMS, FRUITS, CONFECTIONARIES and MEALS AT ALL HOURS until eleven o'clock p. m. jy3-d2w

CONTRACTOR'S OFFICE, July 20, 1860.

CITY WEIGH SCALES.—Sealed Proposals, addressed to the Finance Committee of Councils, will be received at this office, for One Week from date, for Weighmasters for the several City Weigh Scales. Bidders will state a much per cent. of the gross revenue arising from said scales they will pay the City for the use of same.

jy3-5d6t RUSSELL ERRETT, Controller.

FINE PERFUMERY—FINE PERFUMERY.—I am this day in receipt of a large lot of Fine Perfumery, consisting of Pomades, Fine Hair Oils, Lubin's Extract, etc. etc.

Also, a splendid assortment of the finest English Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Flesh Brushes, and a large assortment of the finest English Soaps.

Those wishing anything in this line should call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

JOS. FLEMING,
jy4 Corner of the Diamond and Market st.

C. HERSHEY. L. BROWN.

HERSHEY & BROWN,

(SUCCESSORS TO R. McKUNE,)

SADDLE, HARNESS, TRUNK, HOSE AND WHIP MANUFACTURERS,

Wholesale and Retail, 72 FEDERAL STREET,
East side, above the Diamond,
jy6-1m&6mw ALLEGHENY CITY.

PENNSYLVANIA SYRUP—10 bbls. and 50 kits in store and for sale by

GRAFF & VAN GORDER.
jy4

PENNSYLVANIA SUGARS—75 bbls. assorted refined Sugars, for sale by

GRAFF & VAN GORDER.
jy4

LANDSCAPE VIEWS—

For sale by W. F. MARSHALL,
[jy13]

New Advertisements.

FAYETTE SPRINGS.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having taken a permanent lease of this popular

SUMMER RESORT,

Has had the buildings thoroughly refitted, with important additions, and the whole newly furnished. Being just over the Laurel Hill Mountain, in Fayette county, Pa., and a circular Road, only eighty miles from Pittsburgh and eight from Uniontown—the present terminus of the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad, on which two daily through trains run—it is an easy and attractive transition from the turmoil and heat of summer to town and city, to the healthy surroundings of a

MOUNTAIN RETREAT.

The waters are strongly Chalybeate—a pure and powerful tonic. A Farm and Gold Baths are attached. Also, a Bowling Alley and other appliances for healthful exercise and amusement. No guns or mosquitos.

Horse and carriages well cared for, with which guests can be furnished for excursions to the interesting contiguous localities. A post-office is near the Springs, supplied by daily mails during the season.

The best attendance of the subscriber in catering to the comforts of his friends, embodies him to promise entire satisfaction in all respects, as well to abiding guests as transient visitors (barge moderate. All is now ready. Come. Address ALFRED McLELLAND,
jy9 Fayette Springs, Pa.

By B. G. Henry & Co.

AUCTION NOTICE.

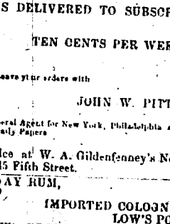
IN ORDER TO EFFECT AN EARLY CLOSING of the business of our late firm, we will sell, at auction, on WEDNESDAY, July 11th, the following well-selected stock of STAPLE GROCERIES. Sale to commence at 9½ a. m.:

300 to 350 bbls New Orleans Sugar,
60 to 100 bbls Crushed, Powdered & Soft-Grained Sugars,
100 bbls prime Pactation Molasses,
300 half bbls do do
100 bbls St. James Sugar House Molasses,
100 half bbls do do
150 bbls Baltimore Sugar House Syrup,
70 kegs do do
Whole and half bbls and kegs Baltimore Extra Syrup,
1000 kegs Nails,
8, 9 Hexham Window Glass, various sizes;
1,000 bbls No. 1 Salt,
75 do Water Bleached Whale Oil;

Baltimore, Bay Island and Newport Herring, Shad No. 1 and No. 2, in bbls and half bbls; German and Missouri Clear, prime qualities Candles, Soaps and Spices of all kinds, and everything which is usually kept by Wholesale Grocers.—In store and for sale by JOHN L. HOUSE & CO.,
jy7 Corner Smithfield and Water sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

New-York Advertisements.

WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS AND SUPPORTER



HERNIA AND UTERINE DISEASES

An illustrated pamphlet containing all particulars sent free by any one by addressing BARNES & PARK, General Agents, No. 2 Park Row, N. Y. my18-1y

RICHARDSON'S

IRISH LINENS

DAMASKS, DIAPERS, &C.

CONSUMERS OF RICHARDSON'S LINENS, and those desirous of obtaining the GENUINE GOODS, should see that the articles they purchase are sealed with the full name of the firm,

J. N. RICHARDSON, SONS & OWDEN,

as a guarantee of the soundness and durability of the Goods. The attention is rendered essentially necessary, as large quantities of inferior and defective Linens are prepared, each season after season and sealed with the name of RICHARDSON, by Irish Houses, who, regardless of the injury thus inflicted alike on the American consumer and the manufacturer's business so profitable, while purchasers can be imposed on with Goods of a worthless character.

J. & J. SLOCOVER & J. R. LOCKE,
oct-1yd1s Agents, 36 Church Street, New York.

Analytical and Manufacturing Chemistry.

GESNER'S CHEMICAL AND ENGINEERING ROOMS,

Nos. 28 and 30, 24 William Street, New York.

Analysis made of all Minerals and Commercial articles. Coal Oils tested; Coal Oil Works erected and contracts made. The best processes for purifying and deodorizing Coal and Petroleum Oils furnished, with skillful workmen and superintendents. Mines surveyed and Coals tested.

The Kerosene Patents, from which the Coal Oil business in the United States originated, were first granted to Dr. GESNER, Chemist and Geologist. my15m&d

MASSEY'S 5 MINUTE Ice Cream Freezers,

As Improved for 1860.

With Stamped Iron Covers and Bottoms—Tinned.

THE ONLY FREEZER known which is constructed on true scientific principles.

The Cheapest, least cost and most Economical, requiring less ice and less Labor than any other, being at the same time the most durable in structure, and most certain in its operation. Sole Agents for the United States.

E. KATCHAM & CO.,
Manufacturers of Japanned and Planished Tin Ware,
jy3-3m 269 Fourth St., New York.

GROCKERIES—50 hhds. Sugar, 200 bbls Prime N. O. Molasses;
50 do Penn's and other Syrups,
50 do Crushed, Powdered and Granulated Sugars;
50 Coffees and Refined Yellow do
100 box Mold Candles;
50 do Star and Sperm do
50 do German and Glenn Soaps;
50 do Rosin do
50 do Castile do
10 gross Transparent do
50 bxs assorted Tobacco;
50 chests Y. H. and Black Teas.

In store and for sale by LITTLE & TRIMBLE,
jy7 115 Second st.

WOODBURY'S

GUIDE FOR THE VOICE,

Containing Instructions for its proper development and cultivation, with exercises, solfeggios, &c. Selected, arranged and composed by J. E. Woodbury. Price $2 50. For sale by JOHN H. MELLOR, 61 Wood street.
jy7

Public Notices.

NOTICE.—The following Aldermen have filed affidavits in the Controller's Office, as required by Act of Assembly, regulating Returns of Fines inflicted by them for Violations of City Ordinances and Disorderly Conduct for the month of June:

A. R. Nicholson, 2d ward.
Thomas Preston, 2d do.
M. M'Bride, 4th do.
James Donaldson, 4th do.
J. H. Jones, 4th do.
Thomas Dalt, 5th do.

The following Aldermen have made a return for the said month:

Leonard S. Johns, 1st ward
Henry Enfield, 2d do.
C. W. Lewis, 2d do.
F. R. Kinsley, 6th do.
John Taylor, 6th do.
H. J. Rogers, 6th do.
J. C. Cummins, 6th do.
Wm. Arthurs, 7th do.
John Irwin, 7th do.
Robert Morrow, 8th do.
J. S. Normlos, 9th do.
James M'Cune, 9th do.

The above lists are published as directed by resolution of Councils, passed June 28, 1860

jy9 1td RUSSELL ERRETT, Controller.

**BRICK MAKERS.