# Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 23, 1860.


## CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, 58 Fifth St.—corrected daily:

| | IN SUN. | IN SHADE. |
|---|---|---|
| 9 o'clock A. M. | 87 | 67 |
| 12 " M. | 00 | 72 |
| 6 " P. M. | | 68 |
| Barometer | 29 6 10 | |

**Republican Headquarters for 1860.**

CORNER WOOD AND FOURTH STS.

☞ *Entrance on Wood street.* ☜

FREE READING ROOMS open every day, (Sundays excepted,) from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. English, German and Welsh Newspapers from all parts of the Union on file, and Republican Campaign Documents for distribution. The public generally and strangers visiting Pittsburgh are cordially invited to call.

☞ The Executive Committee of the Club meet EVERY WEDNESDAY at the Rooms at 11½ o'clock, P. M.

jn21-d&w1w

OUR WEEKLY is issued for this week, containing all the most important news of the week—Congressional reports, Foreign news, Editorials on leading subjects, authentic Market Reports, &c., &c. Persons wishing to send a large sheet full of useful family reading to their friends, may obtain it, enveloped for mailing, at 5 cents per single copy.

COURT OF OYER & TERMINER.—Before Judges McClure, and Adams.

FRIDAY, June 22d.—Commonwealth vs. Philip Weickel:—Indicted for forgery. The charge against this prisoner is that he forged and published a check, of which the following is a correct copy:

No.— PITTSBURGH, Nov. 8, 1854.

Pittsburgh Trust Co.,

Pay to Philip Weickel or bearer, the sum of two hundred dollars.

$200 PHILIP ZIMMERMAN.

That by means of this check he obtained thereon from the Trust Company, the sum called for by its face, the property of the said Philip Zimmerman, and standing in his name to his credit. The allegation made is that Zimmerman's name was a forgery.

The prisoner alleges in his defence that the prosecution was begun out of malice. Proof was offered that the latter had been kicked out of prisoner's store and branded with reproachful epithets after the pretended forgery, but prosecutor then did not upraid him with the forgery in reply. A multitude of witnesses as to character were introduced on each side, some sustaining the prisoners character for honesty and integrity, others vice versa. About six months after the utterance of the check, the prisoner went to Ironton, where he has resided ever since. The jury brought in a verdict of guilty.

As soon as the verdict was announced, T. Howard, Esq., made a motion for a new trial and in arrest of judgment.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.—This truly National Anniversary is approaching, and all our country exchanges contain a notice of it of some character. A few make inquiries whether it is not the intention of the people to celebrate the day, and beg of them not to let it pass over without the usual display of National pride. Others record the august arrangements for the celebration, such as the appointment of chief marshals and assistants, of an orator for the occasion and of some venerable citizen to read the Declaration of Independence. Music, and frequently a public dinner, are also among the preparations, making the whole a very imposing pageant in a country borough. The usual muster of the neighboring military and the firemen's parade, both of which are quite interesting in small places, must not be forgotten.

The time was when these customs were religiously observed in every corner of the land. Many men now living remember when all of Pittsburgh that then was, thronged to Dr. Herron's Church (the old brick building recently torn down) to hear the address of the Hon. Wm. Wilkins. At this anniversary the orations were afterwards collected and published; and that of Mr. Wilkins was pronounced the third in merit, although Webster, Clay and most of their contemporaries had spoken somewhere or other. Since that time the subject of such addresses has become so hackneyed and threadbare that the taste of the people for these intellectual entertainments has been most effectually cloyed. Outside of cities, however, the young men, generally members of the bar, still enjoy an occasional opportunity to signalize themselves on this day, more especially in the South, where they are a stepping stone to municipal honors.

In Pennsylvania, the coming Fourth will be more generally celebrated in this way than for several years heretofore. We hope the day may be a pleasant one, especially on account of the young people, for whom such festivities have more novelty.

AN INCIDENT.—If the importance of total abstinence from intoxicating liquors were more strictly enforced in social circles, it is likely more considerable results would follow than from prohibitory laws, temperance organizations or any other of the customary modes of promoting sobriety. If ladies condemned the fashionable tippler, it is probable his habits would be arrested in this incipiency, before they had attained a slavish supremacy over him. The fair sex are usually indulgent in this particular towards an accepted admirer, unless a parent or guardian takes the matter in hand, as in the instance we are about to narrate. An exchange states that a young man named Brown came to Wheeling to fulfill a matrimonial engagement with the piece of a very respectable gentleman of that place. Feeling, probably, an exuberance of delightful anticipations on account of his expected nuptials, he indulged in a glass too much a day or two previous to the time set for the wedding, and in this condition visited the bride. Hurtude and indecent behavior offended the uncle so much that he was peremptorily ordered from the house. A number of presents given to the young lady were returned to him by her guardian and he was requested not to repeat his visit. The expected bride was rather disconsolate at first, but her uncle was inflexible and the match was broken off. Whether the gentleman became penitent and expostulated with the guardian, or rather bore his disappointment in silence, we were not informed. We presume he thought it rather hard to lose a wife for such a venial offence, but the uncle, with commendable discrimination, saw nothing but a life of long regret in store for the wife of such an indiscreet husband and resolved to interpose his authority even at the very moment when the alliance was to have been consummated.

LINCOLN MINUTE MEN.—A club was organized in Allegheny city, Tuesday evening, called the "Lincoln Minute Men." They met in Bellstine's Hall, at 8 o'clock, and elected J. A. Myler, temporary President, of the meeting, with John Holmes as Vice President, and George D. Ball, Secretary. A committee of seven was appointed to draft a constitution, who after a short absence reported one, which, on motion, was accepted. A committee of five was appointed to report on a uniform for the club to wear, at next meeting. The club then adjourned until Tuesday evening next, when they meet for nominating and electing officers.

LECTURE.—An advertisement in another column of two lectures to be delivered by Rev. Dr. Cahill, will be read with pleasure by lecture going people. The Reverend gentleman is from Ireland, and has an extensive reputation, both in Great Britain and this country, for his erudition and eloquence. While in the eastern cities, he lectured on the same subject which he has chosen to make his first appearance here with, and all the newspapers concur in saying that it was one of the best that had ever been delivered there. We predict large and crowded houses for him during his stay.

SENT TO THE HOUSE OF REFOR.—A boy named Thomas Martin McGowan, was sent to this institution on Thursday. He was picked up on the streets a short time ago by a gentleman of this city and kept for a while, after which he was put in the charge of Mayor Wilson. He is a vicious lad, but quite young, being only ten years of age. Who he is, is not known. His own statement is that he came from New York four or five weeks since, and that both his parents are dead.

MORE VAGRANTS CAUGHT.—Mayor Morrison's police seem to have been very successful in their vagrant catching operations for a few days past. In addition to those captured near the aqueduct several nights since, there were five more of the same gang caught yesterday morning about four o'clock, sleeping in Crawford's stable in the Fourth Ward. The party consisted of Nellie, *alias* "Beauty" Milligan, Jim Vance Jerry Costlow, Frank Foley and A. McLaughlin. They were each sent to jail for thirty days.

INCORRIGIBLE.—A woman named Catharine Hanlan made information before Alderman Owsion, yesterday, charging her husband, James Hanlan, with drunkenness and disorderly conduct. It appears that Hanlan was released from jail in the morning, where he had been sent for drunkenness, and at 10 o'clock, by a steady application to bad whisky, he went home drunk and began beating his wife. The magistrate committed him for 15 days.

THE Document Committee of the County Republican Club have procured a room in the rear of that occupied by Hon. H. A. Weaver, No. 144 Fourth street; and having some 17,000 speeches, documents, etc., on hand, are prepared to distribute them to all who wish to be posted on the principles of the party. One of the committee will be constantly in attendance.

THEATRE.—To-night Messrs. Fox, Maxwell, Butler and Ellis take a joint benefit, which their friends should attend *en masse*. They have been attentive to their duties, and all Theatre goers will unite in saying they have won many friends during the past season.

When is the fair Hillis to have a benefit; it should come off, by all means, before the close of the season.

## THE LATEST NEWS.

*BY TELEGRAPH.*

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

**Democratic National Convention.**

BALTIMORE, June 21.—After a very warm discussion the New York delegation have agreed to support the whole majority report except probably in the case of Georgia, on which they may vote to admit the whole original delegation. This settles the question, and to-morrow, if the seceding delegations refuse to take their seats, which is probable, the whole vote of the State will be cast by the contestants, and Douglas be nominated by a two-thirds vote. New York follows suit.

In the way of personal difficulties, a quarrel has arisen between John Clancy and William H. Ludlow, the former charging the latter with treachery to Douglas. Some warm personal remarks passed, for which Clancy holds Ludlow personally responsible, and sends him to-night a warlike message. Should this not be responded to, a personal collision is talked of by Clancy.

BALTIMORE, June 22.—The chair stated that the first business was on ordering the main question on the resolutions of the credential committee, first on Mr. Getting's minority report. The resolutions were read in order, first the majority report, then the minority report presently by Mr. Stevens, of Oregon, and then Mr. Getting's resolution. The chair decided that Mr. Crum, as chairman of the committee, had the right to make the closing address, although the main question had been ordered, and Mr. Crum addressed the Convention.

The minority report was rejected, 109½ to 150; the question was taken separately on the resolution in the majority report. That admitting Mississippi was adopted by 250 against 272; the second resolution, adopted by 153 against 97; the third resolution, admitting Arkansas, was adopted by 162 against 69.

Resolutions admitting the original delegation from Texas were adopted, there being only 2½ votes in the negative.

The 5th resolution, admitting Messrs. Bayard and Whitely was adopted.

The resolution giving P. S. Chaffer a seat in the convention was adopted by a vote of 130 to 111.

The resolution declaring Mr. O'Fallen entitled to a seat was adopted by 133½ against 112.

The resolution admitting the contesting delegates from Alabama was adopted.

A long discussion ensued on the question of admitting both delegations from Georgia.

A call for a division of the resolution was withdrawn and the resolution was lost by 100½ to 145.

Mr. Church, of New York, said that New York desires to move that the original delegation from Georgia be admitted to seats on the floor, and pleaded for the previous question.

Mr. Seward, of Ga., raised a point of order. The motion in order was on the adoption of the resolutions already adopted as a whole.

The President decided that the previous question was exercised, and no vote on the adoption of the resolution as a whole is necessary.

Mr. Hallett, of Massachusetts, rose to address the Convention, when Mr. Stuart, of Michigan, raised a point of order that Mr. Hallett was not a member of the Convention.

The President ruled that the resolution already adopted by the Convention were under the operation of the motion to reconsider and lay on the table; but did not therefore consider the gentleman from Massachusetts as excluded from the Convention.

Mr. Hallett appealed to Mr. Church to withdraw his call for the previous question, and after some discussion the previous question was ordered, and the resolution admitting the Charleston delegates from Georgia was adopted.

Mr. Stuart moved to lay the vote on the table.

Mr. Cochrane moved that when the Convention adjourn it be till 7 o'clock.

A call of a vote by States on Mr. Cochrane's motion to adjourn, was demanded, and declared lost by 52 against 165.

Mr. Vandiford, of Md., moved that when the Convention adjourn, it be *sine die*.

The motion was declared out of order.

The question was then put, first on the motion to lay on the table the motion to reconsider the vote by which the resolutions were adopted.

The Convention refused to lay the motion of reconsideration on the table, by 113½ against 138½.

Yeas—Messrs. Avery, Chamberlain, Cochrane, Cushing, Cushman, Davis, Dickinson, Dodge, Dunn, Durkee, Edgerton, Fessenden, Foster, Grow, Hale, Hamlin, Harlan, Harris, Hicks, Hoard, Howe, Howard, Howe, Howe, Howe