Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1860.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, 58 Fifth St.—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock A. M.	00	64
12 " M.	120	80
6 " P. M.		68
Barometer		28 9 10

Republican Headquarters for 1860, CORNER WOOD AND FOURTH STS. Entrance on Wood street.

FREE READING ROOMS open every day, (Sundays excepted,) from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. English, German and Welch Newspapers from all parts of the Union on file, and Republican Campaign Documents for distribution. The public generally and strangers visiting Pittsburgh are cordially invited to call.

The Executive Committee of the Club meet EVERY WEDNESDAY at the Rooms at 4½ o'clock, P. M. mr31-daw1cT

X L all Refrigerators. Stone Water Cooler, and Butter Crock inside, at GEORGE W. HUBLEY'S, Federal street, Allegheny, opposite the Post Office. Call and examine them.

FOR RENT—A large and commodious room in the third story of the *Gazette* Building; is well lighted; easy of access, and will be rented cheap to a good tenant. Apply at the counting room of this office.

BANK STATEMENT for the week preceding June 4th:

BANKS.	Circulation.	Specie.	Loans.	Deposits.
B'k Pittsb'gh	221,696	433,921	1,655,078	492,193
Exchange B'k	479,525	174,669	1,544,134	332,926
M. & M. "	247,467	104,993	1,074,520	349,770
Citizens' "	220,905	89,163	712,865	102,120
Mechanics' "	237,165	77,473	757,801	98,671
Iron City "	261,505	108,707	739,805	241,665
Allegheny "	238,935	100,820	793,760	202,518
	1,907,248	1,089,751	7,282,963	1,919,903
Last week	1,952,683	1,122,057	7,190,192	1,918,321
Increase	....	....	92,771	1,582
Decrease	45,435	32,306	....	....

BANKS.	Treasury Notes and Notes of other Banks.	Due to Banks.	Due by Banks.
Pittsburgh	$ 66,715	$ 93,960	$24,479
Exchange	127,207	31,004	17,788
M. & M.	80,609	52,810	19,558
Citizens'	17,859	16,646	12,437
Mechanics'	44,301	34,040	23,069
Iron City	34,988	17	26,469
Allegheny	45,843	48,901	12,753
	$417,522	$277,978	$136,553
Last week	385,702	206,316	160,547
Increase	31,820	71,662	....
Decrease	....	....	23,994

BANK STATEMENTS.—Our banks began to publish weekly statements on the 1st of January, 1858. We subjoin an abstract of their condition in the first week of every month since that date:

1858.	Circulation.	Specie.	Discounts.	Deposits.
Jan. 4	1,355,906	1,186,914	5,153,218	1,161,995
Feb. 1	1,344,931	1,308,008	4,955,977	1,164,217
Mar. 1	1,195,526	1,300,103	5,274,842	1,303,965
Apl. 5	1,280,686	1,190,100	5,478,821	1,324,151
May 3	1,360,551	1,192,216	5,784,492	1,504,549
June 7	1,426,586	1,207,637	5,895,461	1,549,926
July 5	1,436,651	1,246,588	6,014,676	1,699,196
Aug. 2	1,423,669	1,198,767	6,009,453	1,730,650
Sept. 6	1,470,741	1,261,195	5,955,760	1,858,072
Oct. 4	1,540,098	1,445,375	6,096,979	1,908,019
Nov. 1	1,525,733	1,479,219	6,039,272	1,924,699
Dec. 6	2,066,953	1,325,601	6,572,381	1,843,817
1859.				
Jan. 3	2,038,113	1,292,047	6,837,261	1,811,780
Feb. 7	1,904,978	1,260,532	6,983,923	1,748,144
Mar. 7	1,867,648	1,153,754	6,945,722	1,637,796
Apl. 5	2,080,363	1,113,769	7,213,664	1,701,191
May 3	2,000,344	1,182,273	7,327,114	1,856,843
June 6	1,939,463	1,063,567	7,090,569	1,666,775
July 4	1,874,093	1,018,685	7,006,116	1,694,895
Aug. 1	1,835,833	1,091,462	6,929,136	1,741,588
Sept. 5	1,752,748	1,055,124	6,745,807	1,580,176
Oct. 3	1,838,393	1,073,083	6,749,855	1,604,173
Nov. 7	1,731,738	1,115,226	6,795,301	1,704,208
Dec. 5	2,058,328	1,105,126	6,975,611	1,566,818
1860.				
Jan. 2	2,238,308	1,092,569	7,319,815	1,609,544
Feb. 6	1,907,323	997,589	9,984,209	1,769,879
Mar. 5	1,871,873	1,018,245	7,101,459	1,768,879
Apl. 2	2,095,583	1,005,415	7,166,377	1,601,167
May 7	1,995,053	1,141,373	7,234,761	1,913,837
June 4	1,907,248	1,089,751	7,282,963	1,919,903

UNFORTUNATE.—Mr. R. W. Davis, of Sewickley, erected a very handsome dwelling at his country seat, last season, built in rare style and with all the modern improvements in taste and architecture suitable to the character of the house. It was constructed of wood, but was ornamented in imitation of brown stone and was quite large, having a double front and making quite an imposing appearance from the road.—On Saturday evening a portion of the hill back of the house slipped and lodged against the kitchen addition, crushing in its sides and threatening the balance of the building. On Sunday it was found the whole house was giving way, one of the walls having been driven in by the pressure of the slide against it. The people of Sewickley borough rallied manfully to assist their neighbor, and fifty men were at work during Sunday, taking out the furniture, sash, doors, shutters, mantles and whatever else could be saved from the general wreck. On Sunday evening it was found that the house had moved five inches off its foundation and it was thought it would go farther. Whether it will or not is not known, but it makes little difference, as the plastering and ornamental work is all destroyed, and very little remains of the house worth preserving but the material in it. It was expensively finished in the interior as well as on the outside, and will be a great loss to its owner.

LARCENY.—Michael Pannu and two others who have not been arrested were charged, yesterday, on oath of Joshua M'Knight, with larceny. It appears that the parties entered the variety store of Casey & Mitchell, in the basement on the corner of Wood and Third streets, and abstracted a large lot of half hose; a large lot of silk pocket handkerchiefs; a lot of coat loops; an overcoat valued at $12; a lot of jewelry and a number of cents. Part of the goods has been recovered. It is supposed the rest has been peddled off and will not be retaken. The articles were taken by night, and if any one had been living in the house it would have been burglary. It is thought that some if not all the young men have been in the House of Refuge.

DROWNED.—A lad named Martin Forrister was drowned in the Allegheny river on Saturday afternoon. He was fishing in the vicinity of Armstrong's coke ovens, and falling into the water, perished before assistance could be rendered. Search was made for the body, but without success.

A coal-boat man named John Dickson was drowned off the steamer Telegraph, below Lawrenceburg, on Friday night. The boat was stopped, but all efforts to get him proved unsuccessful. He was unmarried.

About the same time, the Telegraph ran into a skiff and cut it in two, sinking a man and wife who were crossing from the Indiana shore.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS—Before Judges McClure, Mellon, Adams and Parke.

Monday, May 4th.—The June term of this Court commenced yesterday (Monday) at 10 o'clock. The Grand Jury was empanneled and Mr. Thomas Penney appointed foreman. The jury was then sworn and charged. When the list of Traverse Jurors was called, only twenty-seven answered to their names. Judge M'Clure remarked that unless the absentees came very soon attachments would be issued for their persons.

MISDEMEANOR.—Bernard Aikins yesterday lodged an information against John Jones, one of the newly elected Aldermen of the Fifth ward, for neglecting to return a fine levied upon the informant. Bernard had violated some of the city ordinances, for which he was arrested and fined $5 by Alderman Jones. This money had not been accounted for to the city by the magistrate, and the City Solicitor having got wind of it, the prosecution was begun at his instance. He deems it a grave charge against Mr. Jones, and intends, if he is found to have been wilfully corrupt, to give him the full length of the law.

ACADEMY OF SCIENCE AND ART.—We would call the attention of our readers to the meeting (noticed in our advertising columns) of the section on manufactures for this Tuesday evening, at which the subject of the contraction of iron in cooling will be discussed. In illustration, some facts will be stated in regard to the casting of the "Floyd gun," with drawings in section of the same. The public are invited to attend.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—The Coroner held an inquest yesterday on the remains of Thomas Burdy, the colored man who was drowned near Six Mile Ferry on Sunday, while bathing in the Monongahela river. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death by drowning.

MAYOR WILSON yesterday fined a man named John Baldwin, $25 for carrying concealed weapons. He was arrested for drunkenness, and when searched he tried to conceal a handy billy which was found on him.

GOOD MOVE.—We understand that the shoe stores of this city will close each evening at 7 o'clock, (Saturday excepted,) commencing this evening and continuing until the 1st of Sept.

THE Political Debates between Abraham Lincoln and Stephen A. Douglas, in the celebrated campaign of 1858, in Illinois, is sold by Hunt & Miner; stitched at 37 cents, cloth 50 cents.

The Lives and Speeches of Lincoln and Hamlin will shortly be published; the best edition, price in cloth, $1; paper, without the speeches, 25 cents. Send your orders to Hunt & Miner, 71 and 73 Fifth street. This will be the best edition published.

The Republican Campaign Songster will soon be ready. For sale by Hunt & Miner.

WHO will not wear neat new gaiters or shoes, when they can be had at such extremely low prices, at the People's Cheap Shoe Store, Fifth street, second door from Market street? Gents' fine calf boots, $3,50; gents' gaiters, $2,00; Oxford ties, $1,50; Monroes, $1,37½. A full assortment of ladies', misses' and children's wear.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

At eleven o'clock the Convention assembled, in the Supreme Court Room, and was called to order by John M. Kirkpatrick, Esq., chairman of the Republican Executive Committee.—Colonel Ekin was chosen permanent chairman, and on taking his seat made the following remarks: "Permit me to express my acknowledgments for the position assigned me to-day. I feel honored by your choice and shall endeavor to discharge the duties of the chair faithfully, in which I shall expect your co-operation to preserve order and harmony." Col. E. then read the call by virtue of which the Convention was assembled, and in conclusion expressed the wish that the same sagacity in the selection of candidates which prevailed in Chicago might govern this Convention, and such men might be chosen as would meet with a similarly enthusiastic endorsement from the people.

The other officers of the Convention were the following:—Vice Presidents: Wm. B. Negley, Capt. McMasters, Henry Lewis, Dr. Donaldson, Samuel Hazlett and Capt. Andrew Miller.

Secretaries: Sol. Schoyer, Jr., R. W. Mackey, Frank Patterson, Jared M. Brush.

On motion of Thomas Marshall, Esq., those who were not delegates were requested to retire outside the bar. Though the chairman repeatedly urged this request, it was not heeded, on account of the large amount of outside pressure.

Delegates were now requested to present their credentials and the list of precincts was called out by the secretaries. After the credentials were all handed in and a few substitutions made, the Secretary read the following list:

PITTSBURGH—*First Ward*—Capt A Miller, John Gracey. *Second*—R W Mackey, T M Marshall. *Third*—First Prec't—David Simms, W Simpson. Second do —Jos W Lewis, John Wallaker. *Fourth*—John Hare, J McClong. *Fifth*—First Prec't—Alex McClintock, Geo Caughey. Second do —R A Colville, Thos Harris. *Sixth*—Jared M Brush, John Phillips. *Seventh*—Robt Thompson, Lewis Roll. *Eighth*—F Frederick, D Hutchison. *Ninth*—J B Hill, Wm Williams.

ALLEGHENY—*First Ward*—D T Johnson, Sol Schoyer, Jr. *Second*—Jos Kirkpatrick, John Blair. *Third*—D L Smith, G Golzman. *Fourth*—First Prec't—A N Burchfield, John Marshall. Second do —W Coleman, L Monts.

BOROUGHS—*South Pittsburgh*—T Cassady, A Chambers. *West Pittsburgh*—E Spring, John V Anth. *Elizabeth*—J A Ekin, Thos Wylie. *Monongahela*—H T G'Kain, Isaac Weitzel. *Manchester*—H Burchfield, D E Adams. *Sewickley*—J W F White, Andrew Brown. *Birmingham*—First Prec't—Geo A Powel, P Pfeil. Second do —J Banckard, F Miller. *East Birmingham*—S Slocum, W Mittenswi. *Duquesne*—Jas Cameron, Isaac Moule. *Lawrenceville*—O B Bostwick, W Bishop. *Sharpsburg*—Henry H Lewis, J G Comettck. *M'Keesport*—J K Scott, J W Blackburn. *West Elizabeth*—J Lynch, J B McGrew. *Tarentum*—J M Porter, J Dickey. *Temperanceville*—D Robinson, Geo E Gamble.

TOWNSHIPS—*Pitt*—R L Coltart, John Gray. *Ohio*—S Crawford, R W Thomas. *Plum*—Chas Turner, Jas Junkin. *Penn*—Ira Stoner, Matthew B Mitchell. *Elizabeth*—Frank Patterson, Saml Carr. *Mifflin*—John C Rasher, J M'K Snodgrass. *Robinson*—R McElherron, W Glass. *Moon*—John Curry, Hugh M Scott. *Franklin*—David Neely, Robt Wright. *Baldwin*—S P Moore, John Redman. *Ross*—Thos M Bayne, Wm Ray. *M'Candless*—Wm Ramage, Robt Samp'n. *East Deer*—Capt J R Coulter, Geo Piller. *West Deer*—Saml Hazlett, Allen Alter. *Upper St Clair*—Dr D Donaldson, Dr W J Gilmore. *Lower St Clair*—Jonathan Neely, Wm Langdon. *North Fayette*—G Y M'Kee, Vincent Miller. *South Fayette*—Thos Collins, D Gilmore. *Neville*—Jos Waters, Jas Cole. *Shaler*—W Semple, R Stewart. *Fawn*—Nathl Miller, G J Stevenson. *M'Clure*—Jas Shipton, Nicholas Miller. *Peebles*—First Prec't—W Wormcastle, W B Negley. Second do —Peter Brown, Adam M'Cullo. *Wilkins*—John McKelvy, John L Hines. *Patton*—Thos M'Master, Wm A Haymaker. *Versailles*—W A Shaw, J S Stewart. *Jefferson*—Saml J Heath, Jos S Chamberlin. *Chartiers*—I B Lawson, Jas Colvin. *Findley*—Wm Harper, Saml J Byers. *Ohio*—Campbell Duff, J W Robinson. *Reserve*—C Lappe, H Richardson. *Snowden*—Hugh M'Elhenny, Harvey Woodworth. *Penn*—A J M'Cord, W W Rodgers. *Indiana*—Adam Walters, Jas Wilson. *Sewickley*—Elias Reno Dr W F Fondenburg. *Crescent*—John Hamilton, Saml M'Millan. *Richland*—Lewis H Carlisle, John S Mahan.

On motion, a Committee of five, consisting of Dr. W. J. Gilmore, Wm. Williams, Thos. Wylie, Hugh Richardson and Wm Coleman, were appointed to examine the credentials of candidates whose seats were contested. The Chair announced that the Committee would meet in the rotunda.

Capt. Carr, of Elizabeth, then moved that the Convention proceed to nominate an assembly ticket. The vote was twice taken viva voce, but the Chair being unable to decide, a division was called for and the roll called: Ayes, 52; nays, 83; the motion was negatived.

On motion, the Committee delegated to nominate all the [illegible] vote by marking [illegible] were then nominated [illegible].

[illegible]

John Small, city,	F Rudisill Sewickley bor,
J. P. Ross, Allegheny,	Wm J. Kerr, Upper St Clair,
A. Mc Clure, M Elton,	David S. McKee, Versailles,

COMMISSIONER.

George Hamilton, city,	W. C. Miller, Duquesne
Isaac Mills, Wilkins,	J. Creighton,
Wm. McKee, Peebles,	

REGISTER.

Wm H. Barker, city,	A. P. Thompson, city,
Harry W. Horbach, Wilkins	C. Robb, Upper St. Clair,
W. J. Richardson, Temper'e'v.	D. Agnew, Allegheny,

When nominations for the Legislature were announced in order, Mr. Marshall asked how Convention would nominate until it got the districts. A motion was made to abolish the districts, when considerable debate ensued, in which Mr. Marshall and Mr. White took part. The motion was lost. On motion, Convention then proceeded to nominate for the first district.

ASSEMBLY—FIRST DISTRICT

Thomas F. Wilson, city,	Zenas Fish, city,
Alex Hilands, do	James M'Ilwaine, do
Gilbert M M'Master, do	Samuel M'Kelvy, do
Sigismund Loew, do	Kennedy Marshall, do

SECOND DISTRICT

David R Pressley, Allegheny	Nicholas Voghtly, Allegh'y
R P M'Dowell, do	Thomas Williams, do

THIRD DISTRICT

Chas L Goehring, Reserve tp. Hiram R Sample, Shaler tp.

FOURTH DISTRICT

A W Gazzam, Pitt tp. W O Leslie,
W Douglas, Elizabeth tp.

FIFTH DISTRICT

A H Burns Findley tp.	Thomas Kiddoo, Snowden tp.
Wm Espy, Lower St. Clair.	Thomas Bace, Jefferson tp.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.

H Chalfant, Wilkins tp.	James Kelly, Wilkins tp.
Thomas Verner, Baldwin tp.	

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

C McGowan, city	James Davis, Crescent tp.
A P Duncan, city.	N M'Dowell.

The President, on Mr. George Finley's being nominated, read a letter from him saying that in order to preserve harmony in the Convention he would decline the nomination.

Mr. C. B. Bostwick moved that a committee of five be appointed by the chairman to draft resolutions. Carried. The chairman appointed Messrs. White, Kerr, Ramage, Bostwick and Scott as the committee.

On motion, the Convention adjourned until 2 o'clock.

Afternoon Session.—Mr. Marshall moved that an Executive Committee of fifteen be appointed. The motion was carried, and the chairman stated that he would announce the committee through the papers.

On motion of Mr. Patterson, of Elizabeth, the next County Committee was requested to call the County Convention together on some day between Tuesday and Friday.

The Committee on Resolutions were announced ready to report, and Mr. White, on part of the committee, reported the following:

Resolved, That in the harmony, union and enthusiasm of the Republicans of this county and state, we recognize a new pledge of the correctness of their principles on all the great political questions of the day, and of the certainty of the success of the party in the approaching elections for County, State and National officers.

2. That in Andrew G. Curtin, our candidate for Governor, we recognize a man worthy of our merited and hearty support, and we hereby pledge it to him.

3. That in the broad and patriotic platform of the Republican party, adopted at the recent National Republican Convention at Chicago, the principles of the Revolutionary epoch and of the founders of the Constitution of the United States are affirmed; and that we pledge ourselves to use all honorable means to secure the triumphant endorsement of those principles in the November election.

4. That we recognize in Abraham Lincoln and Hannibal Hamlin the true and tried friends and able advocates of Republicanism; and that we will assuredly give them a cordial and enthusiastic support.

5. That the Republican Party of Allegheny county reaffirm the declaration of principles and opinions upon the question of railroad taxation which has been heretofore enunciated by them.

6. That we sustain our County Commissioners in their manly and honorable opposition to the arbitrary decrees of the Supreme Court, and we tender them our heartfelt sympathy in this their day of trial.

A motion was passed that the candidates pay the expenses of the room. On motion, a committee, consisting of Messrs. Mackey, Brown and Carlisle, was appointed to collect funds to pay the janitor.

They then proceeded to ballot, with the following result:

CLERK OF COURTS.

	1st ballot.	2d ballot.
Wm. A. Herron*	31	49
Samuel F. Barr	3	
John H. Stewart	28	20
David Macferron	7	4
J. D. Baldwin	27	28
James Lowry, Jr.	25	24
John McGregor	8	
James McKnight	9	

REGISTER.

W. H. Barker	4
W. J. Richardson*	73
A. P. Thompson	18
Harry W. Horbach	6
C. Robb	30
D. Agnew	9
Capt. John Young, Jr.	1

COMMISSIONER.

Isaac Mills	43
E. W. Cook	1
Wm. McKee	15
W. C. Miller	4
J. Creighton	2
Geo. Hamilton*	77

AUDITOR.

Bennett Lake	68	97
D. Mercer	34	30
T. R. Mcbride	18	7
John M. Kirkpatrick	17	
B. A. Mevay	1	
J. Bishop	1	

ASSEMBLY—FIRST DISTRICT.

	1st ballot.	2d ballot.	3d ballot.
Thomas F. Wilson	8	13	
Alex. Hilands	28	13	
Gilbert M. McMasters	54	67	61
James McIlwaine	3	15	4
Sigismund Loew	8		
Kennedy Marshall*	37	32	67
Samuel McKelvy	19	18	
Zenas Fish	4		

SECOND DISTRICT.

	1st ballot.	2d ballot.	3d ballot.
David A. Pressley	37	60	68
Col. R. P. McDowell	27	22	11
Thomas Williams*	63	48	75
H. Voeghtley†	7		

THIRD DISTRICT.

C. L. Goehring* 83; Hiram R. Sample 67.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

A. Gazzam 9; Col. W. Douglas* 113, W. C. Leslie 12.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

A. Burns* 93; Col. W. Espey 27; Thomas Kiddoo 8; Thos. Bace 10.

DIRECTORS OF THE POOR.

H Chalfant* 87; Thomas Verner 18.

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

C. McGowan 92* 92; A. P. Duncan 17; James Davis 16, H. McDowell 7.

Names marked thus * are nominated; thus † withdrawn after the first ballot, and thus ‡ withdrawn after second ballot.

After the result of the first ballot had been made known, a motion to adjourn for one hour to enable delegates to get their supper, was lost. Dr. Fondenburg then said he understood that there was a gentleman in the Convention who had a letter from Mr. Thomas Williams, authorizing him to withdraw his name; and asked the President to call on Thomas M. Marshall, Esq., as he believed he was the individual in question. This Mr. Marshall denied, saying, the two or three gentlemen had informed him that Mr. Thomas Williams, who was not present, would decline; but as they were then in the room, they could answer for themselves. As no one answered, they then commenced balloting for the third time. After the balloting had commenced the names of John H. Stewart, David Macferron and J. D. Baldwin for Clerk of Courts, were withdrawn, and on motion W. H. Herron was declared unanimously nominated, amidst great cheering both within and without the Court.

Mr. J. W. F. White then made a motion, that to facilitate business Thomas Williams be declared by the voice of the Convention nominated, which was lost apparently, a division was called for, but afterwards withdrawn, and the balloting gone on with.

There were 10 ballots for Recorder, as follow:

RECORDER.

	I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.	VI.	VII.	VIII.	IX.	X.
Ross	30	32	58	55	63	65	65	67	67	75
M'Clure*	34	45	49	58	52	51	55	64	64	62
Rudisill‡	33	29	00	10	00	00	00	12	00	00
Small	20	34	30	23	23	20	14	00	8	00
M'Kee†	5									
Kerr†	4									

Mr. Rudisill was re nominated by Mr. Smith after the 7th ballot; before the 9th ballot, Mr. White again withdrew Mr. R.'s name. Before the 10th ballot, a motion was passed to vote for the two highest candidates. After the 10th, the nomination of Mr. Ross was made unanimous.

After three cheers for the ticket, and a congratulatory speech by the President, Col. Ekin, the convention adjourned about midnight.

SLATE ROOFING.—The advantage of slate over shingle or flat roofing is well known. It is more safe, more durable and more handsome, while on the whole far more economical and water tight. It cost less and, we think, is more desirable than tin or copper roofing, and has, therefore, with the exception of shingles, which are still adhered to on account of their cheapness, become more popular than any other style. To those about to put on a new roof, we would suggest slate as the material and recommend Mr. Parry as the most skillful and experienced man they could get to put it on. He is a practical mechanic, and having spent much time at this business, has a thorough acquaintance with it, and will give ample satisfaction to any who may become his patrons. He employs none but the best workmen, has no apprentices who, with a mistaken economy, are selected to do men's work, but his slates are put on by those who understand the manner and the importance of putting them on well. Mr. Parry is also agent for the Patent Asphalte Roofing Felt, which has before been noticed in this paper, and will attend promptly to any orders received in that line.

Great Battle with the Indians.

THE AMERICANS DEFEATED.

The last Pony Express took the intelligence that several Americans had been murdered by the Indians while asleep at Miller's Station, on Carson river, some 30 miles from the settlement, and also that various Companies had organized at Virginia City, Gold Hill, and other settlements in the Washoe mines, and gone in pursuit of the Indians supposed to have committed the murder.

It subsequently appeared that these volunteers were united under the command of Major Ormsby, numbering 105 mounted men.

On the 12th they came upon the Indians at a bend of the Quickie river, 65 miles northward towards Pyramid Lake, from Virginia City. The Indians were in ambush at Narrow Pass, through which Major Ormsby's party were proceeding, and numbered about 500, having plenty of firearms, ammunition, and 500 horses within convenient distance.

They opened fire upon the troops from their safe hiding place.

Major Ormsby ordered a charge, but the Indians continued to skulk, firing from behind the rocks and bushes, doing much damage, but suffering much in return.

This condition of things continued for two days, when the ammunition of Major Ormsby's party gave out.

The Indians seeing this closed upon them, pouring in volley after volley, killing many on the spot. The balance retreated, scattering in all directions. The Indians pursued them for twenty five or thirty miles, cutting off many detached parties.

The stragglers came into Virginia city during the two subsequent days. The exact number of killed has not been ascertained, but it probably exceeds fifty.

Among the slain are Major Ormsby, Harry Meredith, a distinguished California lawyer, Wm L. Speer, Richard Snowden, Wm Arrington, Chas. McLeod, John F. Cosing, S Anderson, Andrew Scealled, M. Koezerwitch, J. Gormbo, A. K. Elliott, W. Hawkins, Geo. Jones, Wm McIntosh, C. McNaughton.

The total known to be killed is 21; wounded 3, fate unknown 43; returned alive 38.

Wagons have been sent out to pick up any of the wounded that may be found, and an armed force to protect the parties burying the dead.

No correct account has yet been received from the battle field.

Exaggerated accounts of it were telegraphed to all parts of California, causing a great excitement. The first report stated that all of Major Ormsby men were killed except six; that the victorious Indians, numbering 2000, were marching on Virginia City, determined to kill all the Americans in the Washoe mines; that all the Indians from Walker river to Humboldt river, on the North, were in full war paint, and had sent their women and children into protection, and that while thus threatened with destruction the Americans in the Washoe mines had no arms or ammunition for defence.

These exaggerated reports caused powerful exertions throughout California to send relief.

At Placerville and Sacramento the people assembled and raised $3,900, and fitted out a company of well armed volunteers, who started from Placerville on their way over the mountains on the 14th.

On the 15th one hundred and fifty volunteers started out from Downieville, and another company from Nevada.

All the principal military companies in the State expressed their readiness to embark on the same duty.

The State authorities promptly dispatched 200 stand of arms, with a good supply of ammunition.

General Clark, commanding the Pacific division of the U. S. Army, despatched from San Francisco on the 14th, 150 United States troops, being all the available men in Central California, with 500 stand of arms and 100,000 rounds of ammunition. He also sent orders that the hundred United States soldiers, stationed at Honey Lake, 100 miles north of Carson Valley, should proceed to the Pyramid Lake region, and aid in suppressing the hostilities.

The movements warrant the belief that there are not less than 300 well armed volunteers from California, and 200 U. S. troops ready for duty in the eastern slope of the mountains.

At the last accounts all the hostile Indians were to the north of the Pony Express, Salt Lake mail and Emigrant route, and troops will be posted to keep that route open.

The Indians on the Eastern slope of the mountains are extending north into Oregon, and westward into the interior of Utah, to the number of about 2000, and from their contiguity to the Mormons, and other unavoidable causes, are all liable to become hostile to the Americans, unless permanent means are taken by the Government to restrain them.

There is but little other news.

DIED.

On Monday morning, June 4th, CHRISTENA MARIA, wife of Dr. W. G. McCreary, and daughter of the late Henry F. Schweppe, in the 27th year of her age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral THIS DAY (Tuesday) at 4 o'clock, P. M., from the residence of her husband, No. 101 Fourth street, to proceed to Allegheny Cemetery.

Notice to Builders and Contractors.

THE UNDERSIGNED [formerly Foreman for ROWLAND PARRY,] would respectfully inform those for whom he has done work, and the public generally, that he is now prepared to furnish SLATE of different colors, (green, blue and purple,) or put on SLATE ROOFS in the most approved manner. Orders for Roofing or Repairing of Slate Roofs (if left at the office of ALEX. LAUGHLIN, near the Water Works,) will be promptly attended to. my12-6md THOMAS PARRY.

FOUR THOUSAND SKIRTS PER DAY! Requiring Four separate Factories, And the Labor of One Thousand Hands Are required by the demand for THOMSON'S SKIRTS. ja30-3mdeow

REGULAR TUESDAY PACKET FOR ZANESVILLE.—The fine new steamer EMMA GRAHAM, Capt. MUNROE AYERS, will leave for the above and intermediate ports EVERY TUESDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply on board, mr13 FLACK, BARNES & CO., Ag'ts.

COUNTRY BACON—5000 lbs. Country Bacon Shoulders, Sides and Hams just rec'd for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, je2 Corner Market and First streets.

HEAVY ONE HORSE WAGON FOR SALE, suitable for iron or heavy hauling, by my30 WELLS, RIDDLE & CO.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

Thirty-First Congress—Sixth Session.

WASHINGTON CITY, June 4, 1860.

SENATE.—Mr. Wilson presented a resolution that the Secretary of State be directed to communicate to the State, copies of any correspondence or other papers, on file in his department, in relation to the arrest, on board of an American vessel at Palermo, of Father Lenza, an Italian patriot, by the intervention or agency of Henry H. Bristow, the Consul of the United States at that place. Adopted.

Mr. Kennedy moved to take up the bill to give the right of way to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad through the District to connect with the Virginia roads.

Mr. Cameron hoped not. He proceeded to show that the Baltimore and Ohio Road, in its rates on coal, discriminated against Pennsylvania.

Mr. Kennedy said he would take occasion to reply to the remarks of the Senator from Pennsylvania, and would show that his opposition to the bill was based on personal interest.

The motion to take up was lost.

Mr. Toombs moved to take up the bill relative to the Houmas grant. Agreed to.

Mr. Polk moved to strike out the second and third sections of the bill compelling claimants to sue in two years, or forfeit their lands. The question was divided, and the second section was stricken out and the third section retained.

The subject was postponed till 11½ o'clock to-morrow.

The Kansas bill was taken up, when Mr. Sumner spoke at length.

Mr. Sumner's speech on the barbarism of slavery was very lengthy. The following are the opening sentences:

Undertaking now, after a silence of more than 4 years, on this important subject, I should suppress the emotions natural to such an occasion if I did not declare on the threshold, my gratitude to that Supreme Being through whose benign care I am enabled, after much suffering and many changes, again to resume my duties here, and to speak for the cause which is so near my heart.

When I last entered into this debate, it was because my duty to expose the crime against Kansas, and to insist upon the immediate admission of that territory as a State of this Union, with a constitution forbidding slavery. Time has passed, but the question remains. Resuming the discussion precisely where I left it, I am happy to avow that rule of moderation, which it is said, may venture even to fix the boundaries of wisdom itself. I have no personal griefs to utter; only a barbarous egotism could introduce these into this chamber. I have no personal wrongs to avenge; only a barbarous nature could attempt to wield that vengeance which belongs to the Lord. The years that have intervened and the tombs that have opened since I spoke, have their voices, too, which I cannot fail to hear. Besides, what is any man among the living or among the dead, compared with the question before us. It is this alone, which I shall discuss, and open the argument with that easy victory which is found in Charity.

Mr. Sumner closed as follows: "Thus, sir, speaking for freedom in Kansas, I have spoken for freedom everywhere, and for civilization, and as the less is contained in the greater, so are all the arts, all the sciences, all the refinements, all the charities, and all the delights of life embodied in this cause. You may regret it, but it will be only for to-day. The sacred animosity between freedom and slavery can end only in the triumph of freedom. The same question will soon be carried before that high tribunal, supreme over the Senate and Court, and where the judges will be counted by millions, and the judgment rendered will be the solemn charge of an aroused people instructing a new President, in the name of freedom, to see that civilization receives no detriment."

Mr. Chesnut made a brief response to Mr. Sumner's speech, speaking of it as an extraordinary one. After ranging over Europe, sneaking through the back doors of the English aristocracy and fawning at their feet, this slanderer of States and men had reappeared in the Senate. We had hoped, after the punishment he had received for his former insolence, that he would have learned propriety, but he has repeated his former vulgarity and mendacity.—He was not inclined to put further punishment on the receiver of former punishment who had gone howling through the world, yelping volumes of slander, and he would therefore endeavor to keep quiet.

Mr. Sumner said he had pointed out the barbarism of Slavery, and the Senator's rejoinder should go as an appendix and fitting illustration of his argument.

The Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The House acted on the Senate's amendment to the Post Office Deficiency bill and non-concurred in that, striking out the proviso for the restoration of the suspended inland mail service, and requiring proposals from the lowest bidder for carrying the mail between Charleston and Panama.

Among other bills reported from the committee were the following: By Mr. Adams, of Ky., authorizing a daily inland mail between San Francisco and Washington territory, at a sum not exceeding $180,000, instead of the semi monthly service by steamer at $125,000. Also a bill establishing a weekly mail service between the United States and twelve ports on the Mexican Gulf, according to the Butter field plan.

Mr. Colfax, from the same committee, reported a bill appropriating $150,000 for a postoffice in Brooklyn, N. Y. He stated that the committee were equally divided on the bill, and therefore reported it without recommendation, and that but for the rule adopted by the committee early in the session against making any new appropriations for public buildings, the majority would have favored this bill which had special claims over any other application before them. Referred to Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Lee, from the same committee, reported a bill for the erection of a postoffice in Philadelphia.—Similarly referred.

On motion of Mr. Carter, Saturday was set apart for the consideration of the District of Columbia business.

Mr. Haskin, from the Committee on Printing, reported back the joint resolution reducing the prices of public printing, and said he would call it up on Wednesday.

On motion of Mr. Morris, of Pa., the bill making the Consulates of Swatow, Asuncion, Barcelona, Malta, Florence, Gibraltar and Hanover salaried officers, was taken up and passed.

The House adjourned.

CHICAGO, June 4.—A terrible tornado passed over eastern Iowa and northwestern Illinois last night. The telegraph lines west of the Mississippi river being down, we are unable to ascertain how far west the tornado reached, and what amount of loss of life and property.

At Clinton, Iowa, the storm commenced at 7.30 last evening, and though lasting but two and a half minutes, it caused more destruction of life and property than any similar storm that has ever visited this portion of the country. The towns of Camanche, Iowa, and Albany, Ill., on the opposite side of the river, and five miles south of Clinton, were completely demolished; in the former place thirty-two dead bodies have already been taken from the ruins; still there is a number that cannot be got at. In Albany, five or six dead bodies were found, with about fifty wounded, some seriously damaged; we have not yet been able to obtain a list of the victims.

The citizens of Fulton, Illinois, and Clinton, Iowa, are doing everything for the relief of the sufferers. From other towns on the route of the tornado that can be reached by telegraph, we learn that the destruction of life and property is equally great. At Morrison, Illinois, the following are killed as far as we are able to learn: Mrs. Richmond, Mr. & Mrs. Dow, George Rowerth, and one child named Barnum. The seriously wounded are Thomas Digby, Benjamin Lotts and wife, Mr. Richmond and Hiram Mann. At Lyndon, 3 miles south of Sterling, 15 persons were badly injured by having legs and arms broken. The storm passed 2 miles northwest of Amboy. Report says that over 10 lives were lost there, and a number were badly injured. The names of the killed as far as known are Mrs. Morris and child and a man named Bigsby. The injured are Mr. Moss and daughter, Mr. Sacket, a boy named Northway and Mr. Wright.

The tornado appears to have taken a course almost due east from the Mississippi to Rock River. Scarcely a house or barn on its track, which was about half a mile in width, was left standing.

From all accounts probably not less than 60 lives were lost.

The extent of damages to the stock and property, which is very large, cannot be fully ascertained for some time.

The following are the names of those killed by the tornado at Albany, Ill., last night:

Dr. Buck, E. Tanner, two children of Mr. Riley, Miss Riley—missing and fatally wounded, Mr. Riley, Miss Stagg, Miss Slocum—badly hurt, Mr. Perkins, Mrs. Sweet, Mrs. Cooper and child, Mrs. McMann, Mrs. Cole, Moses Bishop, wife and child, Mrs. Whitcomb, Mrs. Effner, F. Miller, Mr. Ostrender, and several others more or less injured.

A public meeting of the citizens of Fulton was held to-day, at which it was resolved to furnish all the sufferers with homes.

FARTHER POINT, June 4.—The steamer Nova Scotia, from Liverpool on the 23d, via Queenstown on the 24th ult., passed Farther Point at 4 o'clock this morning, en route to Quebec. The news is only one day later.

The Times' Vienna correspondent says that it is prevalent there that Sicily is lost to the Bourbons.

Napoleon said he was dissatisfied with Sardinia, who, he says, has taken advantage of the period previous to the ratification of the treaty, and sold crown lands which should revert to France.

It was reported that Lamoriciere found that his hands were completely tied by French authority at Rome. The French commander will not allow him to attack the Piedmontese or assist Naples.

The Papal government has received important documents containing instructions for raising an insurrection in the States of Church at Ambruzzi and Calabria.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—It will be recollected that the Pacific Railroad bill was recommitted by the House to the select committee on the subject, in order to remove the difficulties growing out of the powers proposed to be bestowed on the grantees, and to render the franchise more secure. This morning, in the committee, Mr. Fenton offered an amendment which was unanimously agreed to, providing that the grantees or their associates shall not be become vested with any grant, right or interest secured by the bill, otherwise than in a corporate character and capacity, to be first acquired by them, or such of them as shall accept the terms and conditions of this act, and state jurisdiction in and through which the contemplated railroad should be constructed.

MILLEDGEVILLE, GA., June 4.—A caucus of National Delegates, determined to co-operate with the general Convention assembled here, so long as there is a hope that the National Organization will be preserved, is in session. In the event that delegates are sent to Richmond, or a platform is adopted by the General Convention different from that adopted at Charleston, the National men will quietly organize a separate convention.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., June 4.—There was a large attendance at the regular Democratic Convention which met at the capitol to-day. Wm. Acklin was chosen temporary Chairman, and the delegates proceeded to enroll their names. The Douglas Convention meets at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

ST. LOUIS, June 4.—The correspondence of the Republican, from Mesilla, Arizonia, reports Indian outrages in various parts of the territory. A train of 24 mules from Sonora was attacked by the Apaches, near Hanover copper mines, and captured five persons; they killed all the mules at Ewell and Dragoon Springs. The station of the overland mail route being without protection, is liable to be interrupted. Fort Fillmore, the only reliance, is said to be garrisoned by ten sick men. The commanding officer, Lieut. Whistler, was applied to for rations for volunteers gone out, and refused.

The late frost has destroyed the fruit.

NEW YORK, June 4.—*Bank Statement.*—Decrease in loans $318,429; increase in specie $1,103,684; decrease in circulation $52,410; increase in deposits $1,257,038.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—Judge Douglas telegraphs to the Press that in consequence of the sickness of his child he will be unable to meet his friends in Philadelphia and New York to day.

LOUISVILLE, June 4.—The steamer Sciota, laid up at the lower Louisville wharf, was burned. Loss, $5,000.

DETROIT, June 4.—Richardson's match factory, with machinery and fixtures, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss, $12,000, insurance, $2,700.

General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 31, 1860.

Twenty-Sixth Day.—Bishop Baker in the chair. Religious services conducted by Rev. E. G. Wood, of the S. E. Indiana Conference.

After the reading of the Journal, some discussion arose as to the order of business. A motion prevailed to take up the Slavery Report. Rev. H. Slicer, of the East Baltimore Conference, long in the border work, spoke in favor of the Discipline *as it is*, and deprecated any change for the sake of the interests of the border work.

Rev. Dr. Holdich, one of the Secretaries of the American Bible Society, delivered a logical speech against the change of the chapter on slavery. The eloquent Rev. Thos. Sewall, of the Baltimore Conference, spoke against a change of the chapter.—During the delivery of this address, much feeling was exhibited while he depicted the trouble on the Border.

Rev. P. Coombe, of the Philadelphia Conference, followed in the same strain, presenting strong arguments in favor of no change in the chapter; and also, corrected some statistics in favor of his side of the question.

Rev. Moses Hill, of the Erie Conference, took issue with the speaker who had just preceded him, and urged that there was necessity for the Church to take an advance step.

After some discussion about taking the vote, Conference adjourned with doxology and benediction by Rev. John Russell.

Afternoon Session.—Bishop Ames in the chair.—Services conducted by Rev. D. Reed. After journal was read and approved, on motion the order of the day was suspended to take up the Slavery Report.

The Committee on Appeals, on the appeal of Benj. T. Roberts, who was expelled by the Genesee Conference from the Ministry and Membership of the Church, by affirming their action. The second appeal of the same person, and also of Wm. Cooly, both of the Genesee Conference, were, on motion, not admitted.

Dr. Hunter, of the Western Virginia Conference, made the closing speech in opposition to the proposed change in the Chapter, and Dr. Kingsley followed in favor of the change.

Various amendments were offered, but not adopted, when the vote stood in favor of the proposed change in the chapter, ayes 154, nays 57; absent 9.

Conference adjourned with benediction by Dr. S. Luckey.

BLOOD FOOD! BLOOD FOOD!!

WE have varied feelings in reading the advertisement of Dr. Bronson's Blood Food, in another column, but we think gratification predominates; for, though we regret to see so celebrated a prescription coming forward, even in appearance, under the same flag as quacks,—that is by resorting to advertising,—yet we take satisfaction also in knowing that there is now a reliable preparation before the people for that most insidious and fatal disease—Consumption, and other organic complaints.

Dr. Bronson is a lecturer in one of our Medical Colleges, and his success in his specialty has been so wonderful that he has consented, at variance with the prejudices of every regular practitioner, to make it known, as he is doing, for the benefit of suffering humanity.

He has secured for Agents, however, a firm whose respectability separates entirely his preparations from all tinge of quackery. Messrs. CHURCH & DUPONT are his sole managers, as they are also for that most invaluable of preparations, Dr. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL. If mothers could know the great care taken in putting up this article,—some idea of which they can form by comparison of it with any other article of the kind,—they would prefer it to anything that has ever been offered them. For our own part, if we had a child, suffering, we would not hesitate to administer this preparation, knowing that such careful druggists would not engage in anything that was not perfectly safe and effectual.—*Quebec Gazette.*

See advertisement. For sale by GEO. H. KEYSER, Agent, 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa. je1-d&wlmF

PROCLAMATION.—City of Pittsburgh, ss. HOGS AND DOGS.

I, GEORGE WILSON, Mayor of said city, do issue this my proclamation, that from and after the first day of June, A. D. 1860, every dog going at large within the city shall have around its neck a collar of metal, or a collar of leather with a metal plate, on which metal collar or plate shall be inscribed the name and residence of the owner; also, shall from the 15th day of July to the 15th day of September be securely put on a good, strong, substantial and safe muzzle, so as effectually to prevent said dog from biting or snapping. All dogs found running at large without said collar or muzzle shall be dealt with according to law.

HOGS.

Any person who shall wilfully suffer his or her hogs to run at large in this city, shall, for each offence, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay for each beast, animal so running at large, the sum of One Dollar, and it shall be the duty of the policemen, or either of them, to seize and take into custody and impound every one of the said animals so found running at large, and if, after four days public notice, no person shall come forward to claim the same and pay the said fine and all costs and charges attending the seizing and keeping the same, then they shall be sold for the use of the city. my30-1wd GEO. WILSON, Mayor.

1859. Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Co., 1859.

THE BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY are now prepared to receive and forward Merchandise under through bills of lading to and from

Pittsburgh and the Eastern Cities.

Rates guaranteed to be equally favorable with those of the Pennsylvania Rail Road Co., or any other line.

For information as to rates, facilities, etc., application may be made by letter or in person to either of the undersigned agents:

At BOSTON, Moses Potter, cor. State and Washington sts.
NEW YORK, C W Ferrell, 229 Broadway, above the Astor House.
PHILADELPHIA, Colhoun & Cowton, corner Broad and Cherry streets.
Col. Kelly, cor. Sixth and Chestnut sts.
BALTIMORE, J. T. England, Camden Station.
PITTSBURGH, W. J. Johnston, Liberty street, opposite Penn'a Railroad Passenger Depot.

Particular attention of merchants, manufacturers and shippers generally, of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and vicinity, is called to the facilities of this New Route as compared with others, and their patronage and favors are respectfully solicited. HENRY D. MEARS, General Freight Agent B. & O. R. R. Co.

ADVERTISEMENT.

ASTHMA. For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint use FENDT'S BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES, Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, N. Y. Price, $1 per box; sent free by post. FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS. no15-6md&wT

STEAM BOOK BINDERY AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY.—All kinds of Binding in large and small quantities, either ornamental or plain, done in reasonable time. Having facilities so, prior to any establishment in this city, publishers may depend upon having their work done in the best style and in much less time than can be done elsewhere. A. H. ROWAND, Inventor of Improvement in Book Binding Singerly's Building, Nos. 72 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh. mr27-lydls

ARCHITECTURAL.—JAS. M. RALPH, late assistant to Charles Bartberger, Esq., informs his friends and the public generally, that he has opened an OFFICE ON ANDERSON STREET, between Lacock and Robinson streets, ALLEGHENY, and is prepared to make EXPLICIT DRAWINGS and SPECIFICATIONS *promptly*, for every description of buildings.—A share of patronage is respectfully solicited. my15-dly1s

BAKER'S COCOA, BROMA, CHOCOLATES, &c. BAKER'S No. 1 Premium Chocolate; Baker's Norada do. Baker's Broma and Cocoa. A full supply constantly on hand and for sale by WILLIAM BAGALEY, Agent for Walter Baker & Co., Boston, Mass., my29 Nos. 18 and 20 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED AT BURCHFIELD & CO'S. my21

2000 POUNDS FLAX; 1000 do Country Bacon; 150 bush Dry Apples; 75 do White Beans. In store and for sale by SHRIVER & DILWORTH

250 BBLS. OCEAN MILLS FLOUR; 250 do Southern City do; 150 do St. Louis Extra do; 10 do Arnold's Mills do. Fancy White Wheat, in store and for sale at market rates, by my28 J. B. CANFIELD & CO.

CONSIGNMENTS—50 bbls. Herring, now landing; 10 bbls Zante Currants; 565 bags Ship Stuff, 2000 bbls Flour; 1000 Winter Wheat Flour to arrive; 5000 bus. Ear Corn; 1000 do Shelled Corn; 2000 bus Oats; 5000 Seamless Bags; 3000 Gunnies. In store and for sale by je1 HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

1,200 BUS. OATS at wharf, per R. B. Fairy Queen, and for sale by SIMPSON & NELSON, Federal street and North corner Ohio street je1 and East Commons, Allegheny.

SEAMLESS BAGS at lower prices than any place East or West at the Pittsburgh Bag Factory. HERBST & BARKER, je2 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

CORN MEAL—50 bus. fresh ground Corn Meal just received and for sale by JAMES A. FETZER, my30 Corner Market and First sts.

150 BBLS. UPPER LAKE WHITE FISH, regularly inspected and warranted full weight and of superior quality, in store and for sale low to the trade, by my31 GRAFF & VAN GORDER.

FAMILY FLOUR—500 bbls. choice Southern Extra Family Flour in store and for sale by my31 HERBST & BARKER.

FLOUR—500 bbls. choice Extra and Extra Family Flour in store and for sale by my26 SAM'L B. FLOYD & CO., 234 Liberty st.

N. O. SUGAR—162 hhds. prime Sugar landing from steamer South America for sale by JOHN FLOYD & CO., 173 Wood st.

CHECK BOOKS on all the Banks and Brokers, printed and sold by WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., je2 Printers and Stationers, 57 Wood st.

BILL PAPER—Broad and Long, White and Blue, close and wide ruled, made and sold by WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., je2 Stationers, 57 Wood street.

ENVELOPES—A large and choice variety of all sizes, shades and colors for sale by W. G. JOHNSTON & CO., je2 Stationers, No. 57 Wood street.

PREPARED GLUE—Glue in a liquid state, always ready for use, for mending dishes, furniture and household articles generally, which are liable to be broken. For sale by WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION FOR MAY & JUNE. JAMES PARK, JR., V. P.

JOSEPH B. HUNTER.	SAMUEL ROBINSON.
SAMUEL SHRIVER.	REESE OWENS.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

[*Reported especially for the Pittsburgh Gazette.*]

PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, June 5, 1860.

Business yesterday was very dull, owing no doubt to the disagreeable condition of the weather. In flour no new feature transpired, the transactions being small and without any change in price. In groceries and provisions there was but little done. The following are the sales reported:

FLOUR—

	Super	Extra	Ex Fam.	Fancy.
70 bbls from store	5 40	5 80	6 10	6 50
40 do do	—	5 80	6 10	6 40
100 do do	5 45	5 80	6 10	6 50
46 do do	—	5 80	6 10	6 45
60 do do	—	5 80	—	—
65 do do	—	—	6 10	6 50
60 do do	—	5 80	6 10	—
25 do do	—	5 80	—	—
60 do do	—	5,80@5,85	—	—
100 do do	—	p. t.	p. t.	—
90 do do	—	—	6 10	—
60 winter wheat	—	—	6 25	—
120 do do	—	5 90	6 25	6 40

GRAIN—there was but little doing. The only sales we could hear of, were 200 bush shelled corn at 56c, and 250 do oats at 37c.

BACON—firm, but unchanged. Sales 2000 lbs shoulders at 8¼; 1000 do sides at 10; 15,0 do hams at 10½; and 8 tcs sugar cured do at 12¼.

FISH—Sales 10 bbls Baltimore herring at $7,25; 10 do do at $7,50; 55 hf bbls white fish at $5,0; 10 do do at $5; 6 do Lake herring at $1.60.

DRIED FRUIT—Sales 200 bush apples on private terms; 5 sks pared peaches at 13½c ♯ lb.

POTATOES—Sales 75 bush neshannocks at 60

SUGAR—Sales 12 hhds at 8½, 8¾@9.

COFFEE—Sales 20 sks at 14¾@15.

SYRUP—Sales 15 bbls Mobile on private terms.

LARD OIL—Sales 10 bbls No 1 at 85@88.

LIME—Sales 15 bbls Louisville at $1 25.

CHEESE—Sales in lots of 125 bxs W R at 9, 30 do do at 8½@9; 20 do do at 9@9¼.

MOLASSES—Sales 15 bbls N O at 48@50.

HAY—Sales at scales of 7 loads at $11@$14 ♯ ton.

BROOMS—Sales 10 doz at $2,00@3, as to quality.

EGGS—scarce and in demand. Sales 6 bbls at 11; 8 do at 12c ♯ doz.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

ENORMOUS STOCK OF PRODUCE AT LIVERPOOL.—At a late meeting of the Liverpool Mersey Docks and Harbor Board, the fact of the enormous stock of produce in Liverpool was alluded to. Mr. Forwood drew attention to the insufficient warehouse accommodation for the cotton which was at present in the port, and which was expected to arrive, and asked if some measures could not be taken to render the transit use for storage in such an emergency. The chairman replied that the stock of all descriptions of produce was, in fact, beyond all precedent. The cotton alone amounted to a million of bales. Mr. Forwood stated that the price for warehousing cotton was as high as 1d, 1¼, and 1½d ♯ bale ♯ week.

We annex a comparative statement of the imports of foreign dry goods and general merchandise at New York for the week and since January 1:

FOR THE WEEK.

	1858.	1859	1860
Dry Goods	$497,753	$1,292,637	$830,193
General Merchandise	577,861	1,174,332	736,090

SINCE JANUARY FIRST.

Entered at the Port	$19,799,641	$47,799,856	$45,120,432
Thrown on market	24,986,006	48,376,460	45,376,010

WOOL.—The Akron, O., Beacon of the 31st says:

Small parcels are coming in of the early clip. Prices, we understand thus far, are nearly as high as last year, and in some cases higher. Still the market is not yet settled, and will not be before next week at earliest. The impression we get from dealers, is that prices will probably be below the rates of last year.

THE WOOL MARKET.—In New Jersey, a considerable quantity of wool has already been clipped and sent to market, bringing from 20 to 25 cents per pound for the washed—Our advices from the West state that the sheep have wintered well, and the indications are that the productions will average from quarter to half pound per head increase, which will add somewhere between five million and ten millions pounds to clip of the year. In view of this extraordinary production, each individual engaged in wool growing in this country will be nervously anxious concerning the probable value of his crop in this market.

It is the general impression here that prices will open from two to five cents per pound below the rates that prevailed last season. Whether that figure can be maintained will depend upon various circumstances, but principally upon the limit reached by the agents of certain manufacturers who are recklessly endeavoring to fix prices which will be ruinous to themselves and others. At present the stock of low grades is small; but the stock of finer grades is larger than ever before, owing to the extensive importations of foreign wool. Most of this foreign wool has been imported under fraudulent invoices—as was recently exposed—and at very low rates. At present prices here and in England are more equal than we have ever known them to be.—[Phila. Com. List.

Imports by Railroad.

P. FT. W. & C. R. R.—75 bbls flour, W Bingham; 25 do J McCully; 1 bbl tobacco, Leech & Hutchinson; 14 sks rags, R Dalzell & co; 2 cks potash, 3 bls twine, 1 bbl cult, B A Fahnestock & co; 175 bxs starch, Graff & Vangorder; 1 bx bacon Whitmore & Dilworth 1 bx do, Bock & Lazier; 15 bbls fish, W McCutcheon; 5 do, McClurken, Herron & co; 1 bx sundries, Edgerton & Stewart; 1 piece, Hall & Speer, 1 bbl clay, S McKee & co; 15 bxs cheese, R Townsend, 27 bdls paper, J M Perkins, 1 bbl cotton, Jones & Lamb; 1 bx sundries, A Holsten; 13 bbls potash, McKee & bro; 8 bxs cheese, Burgess & McKelvy; 9 tons pig iron, J Moorhead.

Imports by River.

ST LOUIS, per Shenango—2 bxs mdse, 2 cks do, 135 bls cotton, 7 cases paper, Clarke & co; 6 bbls lard, S Dilworth & co; 4 cks bottles, K Wormser; 1 bx patterns, Graff & co; 3 bbl beef, W M Gormly; 1 cs tobacco, 1 small bx do, M Hoyt; 72 bbls whisky, A Moore; 10 do do, Little & Trimble; 15 cases tobacco, 1 do samples, J W Taylor; 50 bbls whisky B & A C Duncan; 111 bls cotton, F Edmundson; 60 tons pig metal, Sugar Nimick & co; 71 do do, Livingston, Copeland & co; 1 cse steel tyron Shorb & co; 100 d hides W Bryant & co; 5 bars round steel, Hailman Rahm & co; 28 cks bacon, W Sellers & co; 1 bx, J Park & co; 64 bxs mdse, 155 do window glass, 5 bbls mdse, 6 hf bbls do, 23 grindstones, 1 dz mattis, 10 doz buckets, 1 bll whips, 3 do shovels, 1 do hoes, 6 copper pumps, 2 bellows, 10 bbls rakes, 12 cts ropes, 2 do spades, 30 kgs nails, etc, 44 bbls w hes, 24 sives, 2 horse head pots, 15 axles, 19 springs, 7 anvils, 2 bxs steel, 4 bbls tar steel, 2 pes cast steel, 27 sks hair, 742 bars iron, 215 bdls do, 12 doz tar buckets, Zug & Painter.

ZANESVILLE, per Emma Graham—145 hhds tobacco, 73 pkgs h h goods, 14 tubs butter, 14 bbls eggs, 25 doz w boards, 20 do cedar pails, 1 cask hams, 7 bls wool, 1 bx dry goods, 8 bxs h h goods, 1 bdl bedding, Clarke & co, 1 ct rags, 1 box; 1 bbl eggs, 5 bbls iron, 30 sks ear corn, 38 do shelled, 20 do meal, 5 do bran, 6 jars butter, 2 sks d apples, 1 bbl flaxseed, J A Fetzer; 1 safe door, Burke & Barnes, 9 bbls, 12 bf do, Rhodes & Verner, 5 do 3 casks cast chairs, Hammer & Dattler; 1 cnt bbl, J C Kirkpatrick; 1 bbl beans, 1 do dried apples, J Brittecdort; 15 pw pumps Mills & Old; 10 do Wilson, Reincke & Davis; 6 do do, W Tate & son; 35 doz w boards, 1475 cnt boxes, S Riddle; 4 sks d fruit, 1 ct rags, 3 bbls butter, 2 do eggs, Mease & Coffin; 1 bbl blacking, 2 bxs mdse, Hare's Hotel; 1 ct, 4 sks rags, McCullough Smith & co; 1 bx eggs, 3 crocks butter, E Hazleton; 6784 feet yellow pine lumber, J Millinger; 1 shaft 7 pes castings, A Harlupes; 475 sks shelled corn, T Bell & co; 1 bbl ale, J Wainright; 7 sks rags, 1 do, Childs & co; 1 hhd tobacco, 1 kg butter, Ellesson.

ST LOUIS, per Cambridge—1050 pigs lead, Bakewell Pears & co; 400 do do, Blackburn & Ulam; 4 bxs shoes, H Childs & co; 10 hhds tobacco, 3 bbls hog tongues, 14 kegs butter, 11 bxs paper, Clarke & co; 1 cks sunds, 1 bx, 2 lines, S Dilworth & co, 24 bbls flaxsley, Forsyth & co; 250 pigs lead, A Gordon; 1ct cnat boat fixtures, Jones & Cooley; 5 bbls 1 oil, 5 bxs soap, 50 do candles, Miller & Ricketson, 15 cmt bbls, Spencer & Garrard; 1 skiff, 2 lines, 1 chest, A Young, 100 tons pig metal, S Hartman.

CINCINNATI, per Economy—1hhd tobacco, McGraw & co; 9 hhds do, 1 bx samples, J W Taylor; 6 hhds do 1 bx do, J Grier; 15 hhds tobacco, E Herd; 6 do sugar, McDonald & Arbuckle, 100 bbls flour, J S Liggett & co; 54 kgs bran, 1 bdl bags, 25 tcs molasses, Haworth & bro; 50 kegs 17,400 tubs, W Dyer & co, 100 bbls flour, Leech & Uncomson; 10 hhds sugar, Graham & Thomas; 22 sks feathers, 150 bbls flour, Brown & Kirkpatrick; 94 do whisky, A Beltzer; 15 do & Wallace, 27 hhds meat, F Sellers & co; 200 bls cotton, 6 hhds tobacco, 30 bbls whisky, 325 do flour, Clarke & co.

ST LOUIS, per W I Maclay—10 bxs wine, 14 hhds tobacco, 5 bbls alcohol; 15 hhds sides, Clarke & co; 50 bbls whisky, A Wilson & co; 3 bls cotton, str Neptune; 28 bbls whisky, J Larcher; 50 bbls flour, W McCutcheon & co; 100 do do, H Myers & co.

WHEELING, per Cheviot—3 bbls eggs, F Goodwin; 40 tons metal, R C Loomis; 162 sks corn, J A Fetzer; 6 bbls whisky, J Bryar; 6 do eggs, J S Liggett & co; 5000 ft lumber, Brewer, Rey & co; 25 pkgs sunds, owner; 12 castings, Fitzsimmons & Morrow; 15 pkgs, owner; 431 bls scraps wool a bale, 1 sk do, F E Thurston & co; 40 pkgs sunds, owner.

ST LOUIS, per Marengo—250 bbls flour, 20 do pigs feet, 43 hhds tobacco, Clarke & co; 15 kgs shot; 76 pigs lead, R Dalzell & co; 305 tons iron ore, Hussey, Wells & co; 128 bbls sand, McKee & bro; 26 cnt ale bbls, Spencer & Garard.

NASHVILLE, per Neptune—55 hhds sugar, 30 hals bbls molasses, Brown & Kirkpatrick; 129 hhds tobacco, 130 bls cotton, Clarke & co; 2 skiffs, 3 bbls, 1 chest, 4 pair oars, Jas O'Connor; 1 cl rope, 1 skiff, 1 pump, Dilworth & co; 13 bbls rags, 2 kgs feathers, 20 bbls oil, 5 do lard oil, 1 D chey & co; 4 bbls alcohol, J P Fleming; 15 hhds sugar, Haworth & co; 103 bls cotton, Kennedy, Childs & co; 1 anchor, Long & bro, 1 check line, 1 skiff, 1 tarpaulin, W McElroy; 4 top buggies, G Moore & son; 1 tarpaulin; 1 bbl biscuit, 1 bx sundries, 1 capstan, 1 coil line; Nimick & co; 15 hhds tobacco, Weyman & son; 8 tcs hams, 2 hhds do, J S Wilson.

WHEELING, per S C Baker; 6 cnt ale bbls, 1 full do, Rhodes & Verner; 16 bdls sks, Hitchcock, McCreery & co; 2 cnt ale bbls, Reymer & Anderson; 1 pkg wall paper, W P Marshall; 20 bgs potatoes, 6 do rye, J A Fetzer; 140 tons fire clay, Hailman, Rahm & co.

RIVER NEWS.

The arrivals during the past three days have been numerous. The W. I. Maclay and Cambridge from St. Louis, Economy from Cincinnati, Emma Graham from Zanesville, and Cheviot and S. C. Baker from Wheeling came in yesterday. Outside of the regular packets there were no departures.

Business on the levee was moderately active yesterday, there being an immense amount of freight discharging. Offerings, however, for shipment were limited, with a superabundant tonnage in port for all points below.

The river at this point is stationary, with six feet three inches in the channel, while the prospects for another rise are very encouraging. It has been raining almost incessantly for the past 48 hours, and indications at present are favorable to a continuance of it.

The Cincinnati Commercial of Monday says:

The Sabine from Pittsburgh, Glenwood from Nashville, Diadem from St Louis constitute the arrivals. Diadem for Pittsburgh, with a full cargo; St Louis, from Louisville for Pittsburgh, departed......The Melnotte from Pittsburgh for St Louis, left with 500 tons. She received the bulk of her trip above......The Hastings from Pittsburgh for Memphis, passed down with a full cargo......The J. K. Bell, Frontier City, and Wallace from Pittsburgh, Clipper from Nashville are due to-day and to morrow.

ST. LOUIS—The Emma left for Pittsburgh on Friday.

NASHVILLE—The Cumberland was falling, on the 1st, with 3 feet on the shoals. The Alf Rob and Clara Poe arrived on the 31st and the Clipper departed for Cincinnati.

Steamboat Register.

ARRIVED.	DEPARTED.
Telegraph, Brownsville;	Telegraph, Brownsville;
Jefferson, Brownsville;	Jefferson, Brownsville;
Col. Bayard, Elizabeth;	Col. Bayard, Elizabeth;
Cheviot, Wheeling;	Cheviot, Wheeling;
S C Baker, Wheeling;	S C Baker, Wheeling.
W I Maclay, St Louis;	
Cambridge, "	
Economy, Cincinnati;	
Emma Graham, Zanesville.	

River—6 feet, 3 inches.

Telegraphic Markets.

CINCINNATI, June 4.—Flour very dull; sales unimportant; prices little better than nominal. Whisky ¼c lower; sales 1401 bbls at 17½@17¾; demand good at decline. Provisions quiet. Groceries unchanged and steady at full prices. Wheat: demand fair at $1 28 for prime red; $1 35 for prime white. Oats very dull and prices drooping; offered freely at 40c. Corn steady at 47. Rye 90@91. Barley 55@65. Butter very dull; prime to firkins selling at 10@11; receipts large. Fair demand for money at 10@12; rates of exchange unaltered.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—Flour firm and quiet. Wheat active, closing with an advancing tendency; red $1 35@1 43; white $1 40@1 50. Corn active; yellow 68. Provisions closed with an advancing tendency. Mess Pork $18 75. Lard advanced ⅛c, sales at 12¼. Whisky 22c.

NEW YORK, June 4.—Cotton easier and heavy; sales 3000 bales at 11¼@11½ for middling uplands, including 1200 in transitu. Flour opened a trifle better, closing quiet; sales 17,400 bbls at $5 25@5 30 for sup state; $5 35@5 45 extra do; $5 25@5 30 super western; $5 25@5 65 common to medium extra western; $5 90@6 shipping brands extra rd hp O, closing dull. Canadian: prices unchanged—$5 30@7 40. Rye Flour steady at $3 65@4 20 for common to choice super. Corn Meal quiet and steady and prices unchanged. Whisky firmer; sales 450 bbls at 21½@22. Wheat: sales 2500 bus Milw Club at $1 29@1 31½; 19,400 bus white Ind at $1 43@1 50; 10,000 bus choice white Mich at $1 50@1 60. Rye quiet at 82. Barley dull and heavy at 60@70. Corn firmer; sales 30,000 bus at 64@65½ for sound shipping mixed western; 62@63 for for eastern do; 58 for distilling; 69½ for yellow Southern; 70 for very choice yellow Illinois river. Oats 40@42½. Pork opened firmer and closed dull. Beef quiet and steady.

OSWEGO, June 4.—Flour unchanged, at $5 25 for extra state; $6 25@7 for favorite double extra. Wheat firm but quiet; sales 3500 bus no 1 Milw Club at $1 20. Other grains dull and nominal. Canal freights steady at 16 for flour, 7 for wheat, 6¼ for corn, to New York. Lake imports: 10,000 bus wheat, 19,600 bus corn, 10,000 bus oats. Canal exports: 2500 bbls flour, 24,000 bus wheat, 17,000 bus corn, 6000 bus oats.

EAR AND SHELLED CORN—1,000 bus. each, in store and for sale by my29 J. B. CANFIELD & CO., First st., near Wood.

Special Notices.

METER'S MIRACULOUS VERMIN DESTROYER, *The Only Remedy in the Whole World Sure to Exterminate* Rats, Mice, Cockroaches, Bugs, Ants, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Moths, Moles, Grain Worms and Garden Insects, &c. 50,000 BOXES SOLD IN ONE MONTH.

These Celebrated Remedies have been extensively used for twenty-two years in all parts of Europe, and their miraculous power has been attested by the Courts of Russia, France, England, Austria, Prussia, Bavaria, Saxony, Belgium, Holland, Naples, &c., and their Chemical properties examined, and approved by the most distinguished Medical Faculties all over the world.

Their destructiveness to all kinds of vermin and insects has been certified in this country by the Directors of the various Public Institutions, Planters, Farmers, Proprietors of Hotels, Warehouses, Manufactories, and by various distinguished private citizens.

Numerous Testimonials and Certificates of the efficacy of those Remedies can be seen at the Depot.

For sale, Wholesale and Retail, by the Inventor and Proprietor, JOSEPH MEYER, Practical Chemist, 612 Broadway (cor. Houston st.) New York. General Agent for the U. States and Canadas, FREDERICK V. RUSHTON, Druggist, No. 10 Astor House, and 417 Broadway, New York.

For sale in this city, wholesale and retail by R. E. SELLERS & CO., corner Wood and Second sts.; JOS. FLEMING, Corner Diamond and Market st. BEEKHAM & M'KENNAN, Allegheny. de28:6mdfo

DR. SCHENCK WILL BE IN PITTSBURGH, May 21st and 22d,

To examine patients, at the Drug Store of DR. GEORGE H. KEYSER, 140 WOOD STREET, Where he has fitted up an office, for the cure of CONSUMPTION and ALL DISEASES OF THE LUNGS.

After Dr. Schenck's departure, Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER has been provided with a Respirometer, and will examine patients if they desire it.

Dr. Schenck is the inventor of what is called Schenck's Respirometer, for examining the lungs, which is highly recommended by the faculty.

One part of it is placed to the naked breast, and the other to the ear of the auscultator, then, when the patient draws a long full breath, it transmits the sound or rattling of the lungs, so loud and distinct, that by practice it is easy to determine how far and what portion is diseased, and can unerringly determine whether it is Tuberculous, Pleuritic or Bronchial Consumption, or whether it is an affection of the mucous membrane of the bronchial tubes, sympathizing from the liver or stomach, and forming a prognosis accordingly.

Many years ago I was given up as being in the last stages of consumption, and was taken from my home in Philadelphia to my friends in Moorestown, New Jersey, to die. I wasted away to a mere skeleton, was confined to my bed and my physician, who had attended my father's family before me, said I could not live a week. Then, like a drowning cat catching at a straw, I heard of and obtained this preparation of roots and herbs, which made a perfect cure of me.

It seems to me that I could feel it penetrating my whole system. It soon ripened the matter in my lungs, and I would spit off more than a pint of offensive yellow matter every morning for more than a week. As soon as that began to subside, my cough, fever, pain, night sweats, all began to leave me, and my appetite became so great that it was with difficulty I could keep from eating too much. I soon gained my strength, and have been growing in flesh ever since. It astonished all who knew me, as every one thought I was too far gone ever to be raised again.

Many of those people who knew me then are now living in New Jersey and Philadelphia, who could easily satisfy the most incredulous as to the truth of this statement.—Mine was a family complaint; my father, mother, brothers and sisters all died with consumption, and I alone am left.

Now I enjoy the best of health, and have for years weighed over 210 pounds. Immediately on my recovery I turned my attention to the science of medicine, and the study of this peculiar disease. In fact, I was driven to it by the great number of people coming to me or sending for me from all parts to cure them; and I flatter myself that at this day I have had as much experience and success in the treatment of this disease as any other person in the country, having visited many portions of it, and studied the various types and forms of the disease peculiar to the different phases of our climate. I therefore feel a confidence in my mode of treatment which those who confine their practice to one locality can hardly hope to obtain.

I am the proprietor of three medicines: the Pulmonic Syrup for Consumption, Sea Weed Tonic for Dyspepsia, and Mandrake Pills for Liver Complaint. One bottle of Sea Weed Tonic often removes the worst cases of Dyspepsia.

The Mandrake Pills have become in common use for all bilious complaints where purgatives are required. They act on the liver and stomach similar to calomel, without leaving any bad effects, and are warranted not to contain a particle of calomel or mercury.

The Tonic and Pills were originally intended to assist the Pulmonic Syrup in curing Consumption, when the stomach and liver are much disordered; but they are often now used when the lungs are not diseased, with the happiest results. The Pulmonic Syrup is calculated to correct the lungs, stomach and liver and will ripen and remove all morbid matter from the system; but sometimes the bowels are so costive, and the liver so sluggish, that it requires something more active with the Pulmonic Syrup; then the Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are required. The directions which accompany the Syrup explain when they are to be used.

Those wishing a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged three dollars, but all advice will be given gratis, and I will do all in my power to explain the nature of their case. Those desiring an examination, and feeling unable to pay, need not hesitate to call on me, for the same attention will be shown and the same interest manifested to them which I bestow on those more favored. I am anxious to meet and to explain to every one my manner of treating this insidious disease—Consumption.

DR. SCHENCK can also refer to some of the most respectable citizens of Pittsburgh, whose names can be given, and have been, by calling at the Drugstore of my16-d&w DR GEO H KEYSER, 140 Wood st.

IRON AS MEDICINE—PERUVIAN SYRUP—A CURE NEAR HOME.—I publish below an extract of a letter from David Boyd, of Kiskiminitas Station of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, who was cured of a bad form of dyspepsia by the use of the Peruvian Syrup. Mr. Boyd is a hotel keeper, and is well known, and he has suffered for the last eight years. He informs me that he gained eight pounds in flesh by the use of one bottle of the syrup, and has authorized me to publish his letter, which is appended. I refer to the long advertisement of the Peruvian Syrup in another column, for particulars of its curative powers. DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, Sole Agent.

JANUARY 23d, 1860.

DR. GEO. H. KEYSER—Sir—Enclosed I send you three dollars for two bottles of the Peruvian Syrup. I got one bottle from you about three weeks ago. If you recollect me, I told you that I had something like dyspepsia. The symptoms were wind and pains in the bowels, and pains in the back of the neck, and at times diarrhoea. You recommended the Peruvian Syrup, and it has done me more good than any medicine that I have tried yet, and I have been taking medicine for the last eight years. You told me if I would take three bottles at one time, you would give it for five dollars, but not knowing whether it would do any good, I thought I would first try one bottle. Now that I am sending the balance of the money in so short a time, you will send me the other three bottles. —DAVID BOYD.

Sold by DR GEORGE H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood st. fe23-d&wT

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!!! Don't fail to procure Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. It has no equal on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never-failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhoea in Children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause.

If life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well-tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper. Sold by Druggists throughout the world. DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, Agent for Pittsburgh. lu2dawlyT

Jewelry! Jewelry!!

REINEMAN & MEYRAN, Jewellers, 42 Fifth Street, Have just opened, and have for sale, a large and varied assortment of EAR RINGS, FINGER RINGS, LOCKETS, SILVER SPOONS, MUSIC BOXES, WATCHES, BREASTPINS, SEALS, KEYS, PENCILS, POCKET CUTLERY, CREAM SPOONS, SHIRT STUDS, CHAINS, SPECTACLES, TOBACCO BOXES, PORTMONNAIES, CLOCKS, Fancy Goods, etc., etc., all of which will be sold low for cash. de17:d&wT

Attorneys.

B. F. LUCAS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office, No. 73 Grant Street, my5 PITTSBURGH, PA.

SAMUEL A. PURVIANCE, Late of Butler, Pa. TITIAN J. COFFEY, Late of Indiana, Pa. PURVIANCE & COFFEY, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office in Mellon's Building, corner of Fifth and Wylie Streets. ap21 nol0:dly

GEORGE P. HAMILTON. MARCUS W. ACHESON. HAMILTON & ACHESON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Office No. 149 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. ja6:lyd

F. R. COLLIER. ARCHIBALD M'BRIDE. COLLIER & M'BRIDE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, No. 101 FIFTH STREET, de7:6md Pittsburgh, Penna

C. B. M. SMITH, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, HAS REMOVED TO KUHN'S LAW BUILDINGS No. 13 Diamond Street, my16:ly.m) Next door to St. Peter's Church.

BANK REMOVAL. THE CUSTOMERS OF THE CITIZENS' BANK OF PITTSBURGH, and all having any business with it are hereby informed that after this date the affairs of said Bank will be transacted in their New Building, corner of Wood street and Diamond alley. FRANCIS SELLERS, President. Pittsburgh, May 29th, 1860.—my29.1wd-eho

STRAWBERRIES—5,000 Quart Berry Boxes, A neat article, just received and for sale by my18:d&wT SAMUEL RIDDLE, 21 Diamond.

NEW CONSIGNMENTS—50 bbls Eastern Syrups, 100 boxes W. R. Cheese, Just rec'd and for sale at No. 114 Second st. my31 GRAFF & VAN GORDER.

TALLOW OIL—10 tierces to arrive on steamer Commodore Perry for sale by je1 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

MIDDLINGS in store and for sale by my31 HUNTER & ROBINSON