Pittsburgh Gazette.

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EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 4, 1860.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

OF MAINE.

Electors at Large,

HON. JAMES POLLOCK.
HON. THOMAS M. HOWE.

1 Edward C. Knight,	13 Francis B. Penniman,
2 Robert P. King,	14 Ulysses Mercur,
3 Henry Bumm,	15 George Brisbin,
4 Robert M. Fant,	16 A. B. Shaip,
5 Nathan Hills,	17 Daniel O. Ware,
6 John M. Bucknell,	18 Samuel Calvin,
7 James W. Fuller,	19 Elias Gowen,
8 Levi B. Smith,	20 William McKennan,
9 Frederic W. Chatfield,	21 John M. Kirkpatrick,
10 David Mumma, jr.,	22 James Kerr,
11 David Taggart,	23 Richard P. Roberts,
12 Thomas S. Bell,	24 Henry Souther,
	25 John Greer.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN,

OF CENTRE COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS—XXIst DISTRICT.

JAMES K. MOORHEAD.

FOR CONGRESS—XXIId DISTRICT.

ROBERT McKNIGHT.

THE ADMINISTRATION CORRUPTIONS.—One by one the facts often alleged as to the frauds practised by the democracy in Pennsylvania, and the corrupt use of the public money to carry elections here, are leaking out in the investigations before the Covode Committee. Mr. Patrick Lafferty is one of the witnesses last examined. He testified that he was a member of the City Democratic Committee in Philadelphia, and it became his duty to hunt up men with whose names naturalization papers were to be filled up, which were manufactured for elections. Those papers had the seals and signatures of three different Courts. The correspondent of the N. Y. *Tribune* says:

"When asked if the persons were entitled to naturalization, he said not, because if so they could easily procure regular papers in Court.

"He admitted having distributed some of them himself. To the question whether Edward M. Power did not tell him he had helped to carry a trunk filled with these fraudulent papers to the railroad depot, for Collector Baker, he refused to answer, though he had stated the fact voluntarily before appearing in the Committee-room.

"The question was repeated with the same result, and the Committee ordered proceedings to bring the witness before the bar of the House, which will be done to-morrow. It is believed that he has been used towards him by a gang of desperadoes, who may be criminated by his evidence."

Here is another item which concerns the immaculate Forney, the Democratic candidate for Governor. It seems that *he* did not scruple to use, or at least apply for, a part of the corruption fund in Mr. Witte's hands, and which was known to have been furnished from Washington:

"Mr. Witte, ex-member of Congress, testified that Mr. Foster, the present Democratic candidate for Governor, applied to him in Philadelphia, and subsequently by letter, for money to aid in his canvass against Mr. Covode. He also admitted having sent a dispatch to this District, authorising a draft on him for $600, to aid in the same object, which would have been paid but that the information leaked out, and thus saved him that much money.

"He had no business relations of any kind with Mr. Foster regarding money transactions between them, and never heard of any solicitor-fee for railroad or any other professional claim on Mr. Foster's part which he had to recognize, directly or indirectly, for himself or on behalf of others. Money appropriated was called 'loan,' which was the common termin such political transactions."

It is in evidence before the Committee that Wendell let Foster have $2,500 for the same campaign.

MR. ADAMS' SPEECH.—The speech of Hon. CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS in the House on Thursday last, is spoken of by all the eastern papers as a masterly one. The correspondent of the *Tribune* says:

"The attendance was thin when he opened, no announcement of his purpose having been made, but the benches on both sides were filled in a few minutes, and the galleries exhibited a corresponding interest. His speech was a philosophical, luminous and most attractive review of the Slavery question, or rather the problem of the representation which the 'peculiar institution' had secured in the popular branch of Congress, the influence it commanded in the Cabinet, in the Supreme Court, and every other Department of the Government. He said the negro would not go out, nor could he be put out, till this great problem was solved.

"He then traced the existence and necessity of the Republican party, proving it to be merely defensive, and intended to sustain the principles of the fathers, and to vindicate those contained in the Declaration of Independence, which he showed were not limited to any color, but addressed to the rights of mankind.

"In his opinion there could be no compromise till these principles were brought back and the Government restored to its honored practices. Change and reform were imperatively required, and freedom must be restored to the place from which it had been rudely deposed.

"The corruptions and abuses which had become so common should be arrested, or greater calamities would follow. He examined the so-called remedy of secession suggested by ultras, and demonstrated its folly, feebleness and impracticability.

"Mr. Adams held the undivided attention of the House throughout, without an interruption, and extorted general praise for the elevated tone and candid spirit in which the subject was discussed. Those, who, like myself, were familiar with his father's style of speaking, were struck by the similarity of manner, voice, and gesticulation, and particularly with the nervous energy which seemed to be common to both. He is evidently a chip of the old block, and certainly has made his mark on the House."

MR. PRYOR AS A REFORMER.—The gentleman from Virginia, who was so careful of his carcass that he would not risk it in a duel with bowie knives with Mr. Potter, has quit quarrelling with Northern representatives, and betaken himself to better business. He made a speech on Thursday, furiously attacking the administration for its corruptions in the use of the Printing Fund, and he charged distinctly not only that the President was fully aware of the gross abuses which existed, particularly in reference to Post-Office blanks, to which he had never called the attention of Congress, but that offers of a share of the money were made to him (Pryor) by the administration, if he would become its apologist. Mr. Barnett, of Ky., and Mr. Smith, of Va., tried to check him, telling him it would be far better if he would turn his batteries upon the Republicans, instead of getting up a family quarrel; but he went on, in spite of them, and challenged the appointment of a Committee, consisting of himself and them. The Committee will never be appointed, on *their* motion, depend on it.

INDIANA.—Hon. Richard W. Thompson, of Indiana, who represented that State in the Baltimore Bell & Everett Convention, has caved in and gone over to the support of "Old Abe." He has wisely concluded, as the craft is leaky and sinking rapidly, to take his hat and go ashore on an Illinois rail.

The New York *Journal of Commerce*, in view of such facts as these, says: "It is the duty of Bell and Everett to quit the field, because they can do nothing against Lincoln in the North, and are likely to divide the South." As long as they served the purposes of the democracy in the North, the *Journal of Commerce* was willing to keep them in the field; but it has discovered that "they can do nothing against Lincoln in the North," and therefore they must withdraw.

MISSOURI.—Hon. JAS. S. ROLLINS, who came within a few votes of being elected Governor of Missouri three years ago, has been nominated for Congress by the Opposition in the Second District of Missouri, and as there are two democratic candidates running against him, he will undoubtedly be elected. He was supported by the Emancipationists for Governor, and his selection as a colleague of Frank Blair, from the St. Louis District, will be hailed with rejoicing throughout the entire North.

CUBA NOT TO BE ANNEXED.—Mr. Slidell announced in the Senate on Thursday his purpose of postponing the bill for the purchase of Cuba until the next session. If "Old Abe" is elected, as he surely will be, Mr. Slidell will be content, next winter, to postpone it indefinitely.

THE TARIFF.—Hon. HENRY D. FOSTER, the democratic candidate for Governor, was in Washington City a part of last week, waiting upon the Southern democratic Senators, and making strong appeals in favor of the Morrill tariff bill. He seems, however, to have met with but little encouragement. Although representing to them, as he doubtless did, that he has no possible chance of success if the bill be defeated, they are hard-hearted enough to subject him to the certainty of defeat, rather than yield. "Occasional" writes thus despondingly to the Philadelphia *Press*:

"Is it not strange that, at the very moment when everything conspires in favor of a sensible and permanent change in the tariff, the Southern politicians place themselves stubbornly in the way, and refuse to aid in the good work? They are constantly attacking every appeal made by our people, no matter whether it assumes the shape of a tariff, a river and harbor bill, or a homestead bill; and, at the same time, they insist upon making the most odious doctrines tests in the Democratic party. To persist in such double injustice is assuredly to make Democracy only another name for Despotism."

"Occasional" has stated the whole case in that last sentence. Democracy and Despotism are now convertible terms, and the people of Pennsylvania will not submit much longer to the despotic sway of Southern aristocrats in the national councils.

PENNSYLVANIA SAFE.—From all parts of the State we daily receive the most cheering accounts of enthusiasm for Lincoln, Hamlin and Curtin, and we have no doubt the Old Keystone State will roll up a majority for these candidates as large as for the State ticket elected last fall. The Mauch Chunk *Gazette*, published in the heart of the "tenth legion," says:

"We believe that we cannot be beaten, at most, over 2000 in the counties composing the 'Old Tenth Legion,' where Buchanan in 1856 had between six and seven thousand over both Fremont and Fillmore. And we would not be at all surprised if even 'Honest Old Abe' would actually carry this Malakoff of Democracy."

Great Tornado.

[From the Jefferson Star—Extra.]

Mr. Daniel Fogle, a citizen of this vicinity, was on his way home from the Mouth of Shabonlug, at the Allegheny river, and when he had reached Kellersburgh, he was the witness of the passing hurricane or tornado. It was in shape like an inverted cone, in color like smoke, and well defined in its outlines.

Wm. Shoemaker, who resides not far from Texas, had his barn, house, and all his out buildings entirely demolished. All of his family was injured some of them seriously. Three persons are reported killed North of Bethlehem, North of Millville, four miles this side of Bethlehem, houses and barns were destroyed, and a roof carried from one farm to another. Shoemaker's barn was destroyed.

One and a half this side of Millville, Mr. Shick's house and barn was torn down, and the barn was consumed, as they fire. Passing thence to Hess's dam, on Redbank creek, the tornado did its most fearful ravages on the village called Millville. Eight families have been left entirely homeless—their dwellings being entirely destroyed. We have it from Mr. J. S. Barr, of Troy, who was there giving assistance after the storm, and Mr. Fogle, that from all the dwelling houses finished by the storm, the store room, the large grist mill, saw mill, &c., there appears to be not enough of stuff left on the ground out of which to erect one house. The large bridge over Red Bank was torn to pieces, and the abutments badly injured.

A Mr. Young, residing there, who was run over by a raft some time ago, was not able to move much at the time, saw a barn or stable coming towards his house, and threw himself on his bed. The windows of his house were blown in, and, in a twinkle, his house, and the bed on which he was, were carried away, and he was left on a part of the floor that remained. Search was being made for his bureau, cupboard, trunk, &c., and not even a particle of any of these was found when our informant left the field of disaster. None of his family was injured.

The following is a list of the killed: Mrs McFarland, David Bauchman, one of Mr. Haun's children, and a child, name not known. McFarland was carried some distance by the storm.

The following is the list of those seriously injured, some of whom are not expected to live. Several not named in this list were injured more or less, but we give the names of those requiring medical aid: Two of Mr. Irwin McFarland's children, John Hess, Mrs. Hess and three children, one of Mrs. Hain's children, John Sarvey, John Shick, Mrs. Schindeldekker, D D Buying ton and four or five of his family, Matthias Leicht, two strangers, David Hess' arm broken in two places, Mrs Ferry's arm broken in two places and three of her children injured, Mrs Hain's ribs were broken, and one leg so badly crushed that the physicians had to amputate it. Dr. Sirasenly, of Ringgold, was there getting shoes on his horses. Both of his horses were taken up and torn to pieces, and the harness was stripped off his horses. His own boots were torn from his feet, and his clothes from his body.

Different persons in Maysville seeing this moving destroyer from different positions, give different descriptions of its appearance. Some say that it was "a column of midnight darkness streaked with lightning;" others, "as a mass of smoke surrounding fire," and others say it was "like a whirlwind of fire."

Passing from Maysville across Red Bank creek, it demolished Paul Gearheart's house and barn; the latter was consumed by fire. Before the storm reached the house, Mrs G left it, and taking hold of some bushes not far distant, was not injured. Passing on towards the northeast, it destroyed the house, barn and all of the other buildings belonging to Isaac Motter, near Zion Church, in Beaver tp., this county. He and all of his family were badly injured.

There were twenty five buildings in the town of Maysville, all of which were destroyed. We have intelligence from along nearly fifty miles of the track, and all buildings, &c., were demolished by the storm.

About 6 miles up Sandy Lick from Brookville, a fearful storm passed on Wednesday about noon, prostrating trees, &c. The track of the storm was about one half mile wide there. Samuel Montgomery was working in a clearing, near where Joseph E Hall's dam on Sandy Lick is, and was overtaken by the storm. He had his knee and hip Joints either broken or put out of joint by the falling trees. The horse he was riding was killed, while another one escaped. This one is so hemmed in by the fallen timber that he will have to be fed there several days before he can be got out.

It passed on, and crossed the pike at Henry Agner's, near Reynolds'—took the roof off his house; went to Dietrick's, where it tore his buildings to fragments. At the county line, it did similar damage. Mr Dietrich's boy got a leg broken, and a man his head badly cut. And thus went the storm in its career of destruction, sweeping all before it, away towards the northeast.

THE Argus calls Mr. Lincoln "the two shilling candidate." His friends do not object to these things at his poverty. Gen. Harrison was similarly assailed, because he lived in a "log cabin." The people thought none the less of him for that. When Mr. Lincoln was first thrown upon his own resources, he was willing to work for "two shillings" a day. His wages were scarcely more than this when, later in life, he served as a flat-boatman; and he was a great way past his majority before his daily earnings were indicated by the dollar mark. But whether he labored for "two shillings" or two dollars a day, he always earned his money. None of his employers ever complained of him as being either lazy or incompetent.

And what he was as a working-man he will be as a public servant; and if, as the Argus alleges, he is merely a "twenty-five cent" *candidate*, he will be a $25,000 *President*.—*Ath. Enq. Jour.*

THE SENATE IN 1861.—The terms of five Democratic, seven Republican, and one American Senators, will expire in 1861. Three of the Republicans have already been re-elected, and all the others, or Republicans in their places, will be, unless Illinois fails to redeem the pledges made in her behalf, of which we have no fear They have a reasonable hope of gaining four in other States, which, with the one already gained in Ohio, will give the Republicans, in the new Senate commencing March 4th, 1861, thirty-two Senators, Democrats, thirty five and Americans one—*Detroit Advertiser*

THE Democratic platform has a nigger plank, and the Republican platform has a nigger plank. The Conservative Union platform is the only one with no wool about it.—*Louisville Journal.*

The "Conservative Union" party adopted the Constitution as their platform. It is refreshing to hear, from such high Southern authority, that there is no "nigger" and no "wool" in the Constitution. This happily removes all difficulties, and leaves every "nigger" free to manage his own domestic concerns—wool included—in his own way.—*Lou. Cour.*

It will be remembered that during the contest for Speaker of the House, the democratic papers found some fault with Mr. Morris, and others from this State, for changing their votes from Mr. Smith for Speaker on the ground that Mr. S. refused to say how he would constitute the tariff committee. On the vote on the new tariff bill this Mr. Smith voted against it, thus showing that our members were right in refusing to vote for him for Speaker.—*Har. Tel.*

THE Detroit *Tribune* says it wouldn't be a bad idea for Senator Douglas to ask pardon of those 3,000 New England clergymen he abused so in 1854, and solicit their prayers in his extremity.

MR. WM. H. THOMSON, connected with the Boatmen's Saving Institution at St. Louis, proceeded a few days ago to Liberty, Mo., as the agent of his employers, with $65,000 of the bills of the branch of the Farmer's Bank of Lexington, and demanded their redemption. The cashier proceeded to comply with the demand, but while doing so, one or two persons supposed to be directors, entered, and inquired the object of Mr. Thomson's visit, his residence, &c., left the room, as the sequel proved, to inform the populace, very soon quite a number of the "roughs" of Liberty were in front of the bank calling Mr. T. to come forth. On going out he was informed that his presence was not wanted in that town, and that he would not be permitted to bring away his coin. His reply was that, if the bank paid him the coin, as it seemed inclined to do, he would assuredly assert the rights of the institution of which he was agent, and attempt at all hazards to carry with him its property. Returning to the room he finished counting and boxing the coin, re-deposited it and took a check for the same. The cashier anxious to save the credit of the bank, agreed to hand it out the back window in the evening, and thus elude the mob, who supposed it would not be called for until morning, when the stage was to start. And in this way the mob was misled. Mr. Thomson, securing a fast team, drove forty miles over a prairies after night, and succeeded in safely depositing the coin in the Boatmen's Saving Institution." Several of the banks in Missouri, it appears, have a habit of getting up mobs against parties who demand large amounts of their promises to pay.

CORN CROP.—The Carroll (Tenn.) *Patriot* of the 24th inst. says: "From present indications there will be a larger crop of corn raised in Carroll county this year than has been for the last dozen years.

Crops.—Under the influence of genial showers and a warm sun the crops are advancing rapidly, and give promise of an abundant yield. We refer, of course, only to corn, cotton and oat crops, as the wheat crop was cut off by the severe frosts in the winter, and will not produce more than seed for another year.—[*Lincoln Journal, May* 24.

Rain and the Crops.—We have been blessed with copious showers of rain during the week, and the weather has been very warm. The crops of corn and cotton are now growing rapidly and are very promising, and should the season continue as favorable as it has commenced, we shall be blessed with abundant crops.—[*Rutherford Telegraph, 25th.*

Wheat Crop.—Within the last few weeks we have been in some six counties of this region, and are forced to admit that the wheat crop is almost an entire failure. In many fields there will not be enough to pay for gathering; while others will hardly yield the seed. Occasionally there is a field that promises a fair turn out, but average lower in East Tennessee and the crop is a clear failure.—[*Athens (Tenn.) Post, 25th.*

GRAND CATHOLIC COUNCIL IN ROME.—*The Metropolitan Record*, organ of Archbishop Hughes, says:

"Our advices from the Eternal City, brought out by the Persia, inform us of the conception in the Capital of the Christian World of the most the grandest and most elevated political ideas of the nineteenth century. Some members of the Sacred College have proposed to the Pope the project of the assemblage in Rome of distinguished delegates, administrative or deputized, from every Catholic Power in the world. The body, when organized, is to constitute a commission of inquiry into the actual condition of temporal affairs in the States of the Church, and, having collected a calm and unprejudiced statement on every topic, draw up a report suggesting to his Holiness what amount of popular reform is really required and should be granted, as well as what portion or portions of the demands of his subjects should be refused. It is said that the suggestion has afforded much pleasure to the mind of the Holy Father."

Humphrey's specific Homœopathic Remedies have now been before the public for five years, and have everywhere won golden opinions from the many thousands who have used them.

Simple, free from mineralty, lechal ability, or danger, they have become the family resource and aid of the parent, traveller, nurse, or invalid, and have become the family physician and medical adviser of thousands of families for whom have they thus found a source of health and their greatest appreciation is among those who have known it to longest an I most intimately.

Dr. Humphreys' Book of HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFICS with Plain Directions for every different Disorder, in large cloth, morocco case, $5, ditto, in gilt case, $6; case of fifteen boxes, and book, $2. Single boxes, 25 cents and 50 cents.

These Remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge to any address, on receipt of the price. Address,

DR. W. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
No. 562 Broadway, New York.

For sale by J. M. FULTON, fifth street, second door from the Post Office, Agent for Pittsburgh. my15:d&wlmT

DIARRHŒA.—The most common causes of this complaint are, irritating matters in the stomach, such as worms, indigestible food, &c. The use of WILSON'S PILLS in small doses, affords a safe and sure remedy. It caused by worms, the cause will at once be removed, by the use of SAM. BRANDRETH'S well known VERMIFUGE

These Pills are prepared and sold by the S. BRANDRETH & CO., Wholesale Druggists, and Proprietors of DR. BRANDRETH'S VERMIFUGE, No. 60, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. my21-lm*

☞ MRS. WINSLOW, an experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has been long engaged in the treatment of Children, which greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and insure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases—See advertisement in another column. feb2:lmwly*

DRS. C. H. PITCH & J. W. STOKE, Physicians for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, and other Chronic Ailments complicated with or causing Pulmonary Consumption. Office 124 Penn street, Pittsburgh. Its CONSULTATION FREE. A line of instruction to those wishing to consult us by letter feb25:wly

LIGHT, FLEXIBLE AND STRONG,
NOVEL AND BEAUTIFUL IN SHAPE,
Approved by all
Inquire at THOMSON'S CORDUATED SKIRTS.

New Advertisements.

HONEST OLD ABE."

First in the Field!

AN ARMY OF AGENTS WANTED TO SELL
The Life and Public Services
OF
HON. ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
WITH A PORTRAIT OF HIMSELF,
BY W. BARTLETT.

Washington Correspon't of the N. Y. *Herald* and *Independent*.

Our Handsome 12mo *Gilt Book* for $1.00.

GET THE BEST.

As there are many "Life of Lincoln's" advertised, without a whisper of authority, the public will bear in mind that the reliable and authentic edition is

Bartlett's Life of Lincoln.

Liberal inducements to Agents. For terms address
DERBY & JACKSON, Publishers.
498 Broadway, New York.

☞ Copies sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of the price by the Publishers. je4:10d

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, SS.—In the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, to Nov Term, 1859.

And now, to wit: May 12, 1860, on motion of John M Kirkpatrick, Esq., attorney for the petitioners, and upon exhibition and presentation of the Charter and a petition for amendment by the Court of the said Charter and its objects, articles and conditions as therein set forth and contained, appearing lawful and not injurious to the common weal, the Court direct the said charter to be filed in the office of the Prothonotary of said Court, and further direct notice to be inserted in the Weekly Gazette, a newspaper published in the county of Allegheny, for at least three weeks, setting forth that an application has been made to the said Court of Common Pleas of said county for the allowance of said petition and Charter of Incorporation.

From the Record.
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,
Attest: D. ARMSTRONG, Prothy's.

DEITZER, SCHULTZE & WALTER,
MANUFACTURERS OF
COPPER, TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE
AND DEALERS IN
Cutlery and Housefurnishing Goods,
BRITANNIA AND BLOCK TIN WARM, STOVES, ICE COOLS, ENAMELLED AND TINNED HOLLOW WARE, WATER COOLERS, WAITERS, &c., &c., &c.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
No. 126 Smithfield Street, Cor. Virgin Alley,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

GUM BELTING
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, FOR SALE BY
M. DeLANGE,
232 Liberty St., opposite head of Wood.
je4:2m

SUNDRIES ON SALE—
MAPLE SUGAR—3 bbls. for families,
FLOUR—100 bbls. at depot;
MIDDLINGS—1 car load;
BARRELS—40 good cooperage;
GUNNIES—400 good second hand,
For sale very low by RODGERS & DILWORTH.
je4 No. 95 Front street.

FLAXSEED AND FEATHERS—
3 bags Flax Seed;
17 sacks Feathers,
Now landing from steamer Hazel Dell for sale by
je4 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

ULMER'S PATENT SPRING BED BOTTOM—Different sizes in store and for sale by
T. B. YOUNG & CO.,
je4 No. 88 and 40 Smithfield street.

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS of every description on hand or made to order at the lowest prices.
je4 T. B. YOUNG & CO.

DRIED APPLES—100 bus. prime Dried Apples in store and for sale by
je4 J. A. FETZER, cor Market and First sts.

MILL FEED—2 tons Ship Stuff in store and for sale by
J. A. FETZER,
je4 corner Market and 1st sts.

LAKE FISH—500 pkgs. White Fish; Herring; Trout, &c, for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

CHEESE—300 lbs. just rec'd and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.
je4

New Advertisements.

STRAWBERRY WAGON FOR SALE.—A splendid new one horse Spring Wagon. Inquire at WELLS, MIDDLE & CO'S,
je4 No. 50 fourth street.

SUGAR—225 hhds. N. O. Sugar in store and for sale by JOHN H. LEE & CO.,
je4 No. 124 Wood street.

DRY FLINT HIDES—60 now landing from steamer Hazel Dell for sale by
je4 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

SHEEP PELTS—45 now landing from steamer Hazel Dell for sale by
je4 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

WOOL—2 sacks now landing from steamer Hazel Dell for sale by
je4 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

RAGS—113 bales now landing from steamer Hazel Dell for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
je4

GREASE—24 bbls. now landing from steamer Hazel Dell for sale by
je4 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

PEA NUTS—40 bags for sale by
je4 HENRY H. COLLINS.

PEARLS—40 casks for sale by
je4 HENRY H. COLLINS.

CORN! CORN!—1 car strictly prime yellow for milling. HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

FISH—50 bbls. No. 1 Herring, Boston inspection, for sale by JOHN FLOYD & CO.

SUNDRIES—
500 bbls N O Sugar;
50 sacks Rafael Sugar;
500 " prime Plantation Molasses;
100 " assorted brands Syrups;
200 bags Rio Coffee;
25 pocket Java Coffee;
100 boxes assorted brands Tobacco;
25 casks do do
150 half chests Young Hyson and Black Teas;
50 caddy boxes do do do
50 boxes Rosin Soap;
25 " German Soap;
25 " Opium do
25 " Starch do
200 bbls. Extra and Extra Family Flour,
To arrive and for sale by je4:tf ATWELL, LEE & CO.

AT BRADDOCK'S FIELD—A beautiful location for a country residence, for sale; contains 2 acres of ground, near the R. R. Station. The land is well and commands a fine view of the river, village, &c.; a never failing spring of excellent water, so situated that water might be conducted into all the rooms of the dwelling if desired. Persons wanting to buy a delightful place for residence and easy of access, both by river and rail, will find the above just the thing. Price $1,600. Terms easy. For sale by je2 S. CUTHBERT & SON, 51 Market st.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP.
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES FOR ASTHMA.
MANDRAKE PILLS.
HUMPHREYS' LIFE EXHILERANT.
TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT,
Sold by
S. JOHNSTON, Druggist,
je2 Corner Smithfield and Fourth sts.

TYPE METAL FOR SALE.—
ENQUIRE IN THE GAZETTE BUILDING,
FOURTH STORY.
je2:tf

CORN! CORN!!—
500 bus prime Yellow Shelled Corn;
500 " do do
Just received and for sale by
JAS. A. FETZER,
je4 corner Market and 1st streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having purchased the late rest of T. Kennedy, Jr., & Co., in the wholesale and retail Fancy and Variety Dry Goods Business, here the day associated themselves under the style and firm of SCOTT, STURGEON & CO.

A. V. SCOTT,
W. H. STURGEON,
N. D. WALKER.

Pittsburgh, April 17, 1860. apl7:3m

SCOTT, STURGEON & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
FANCY GOODS,
And Manufacturers of all kinds of
Looking Glasses and Children's Coaches,
No. 61 Wood Street, corner Fourth,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
my18:2w1

W. CRISWELL,
HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER
AND GRAINER,
No. 61 FIFTH STREET,
Opposite Odd-Fellows Hall,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Sign work done for the trade.
jan2:ly

SEASONABLE GOODS.
FRENCH & CHANTILLA LACE MANTLES,
Berage Anglais Mantles, Organdie Lawns,
ORGANDIE LAWN ROBES,
Berage and Berage Anglais Robes;
BERAGE AND BERAGE ANGLAIS BY THE YARD;
Best 12½ cent Calicoes in the city.
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my26

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