Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 29, 1860.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, 58 Fifth St.—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock A. M.	60	68
12 " " M.	130	78
3 " P. M.		68
Barometer	29 4-10	

Republican Headquarters for 1860,
CORNER WOOD AND FOURTH STS.
☞ *Entrance on Wood street.* ☜

FREE READING ROOM open every day, (Sundays excepted,) from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. English, German and Welch Newspapers from all parts of the Union on file, and Republican Campaign Documents for distribution. The public generally and strangers visiting Pittsburgh are cordially invited to call.

☞ The Executive Committee of the Club meet EVERY WEDNESDAY at the Rooms at 1½ o'clock, P. M.
m r31-d&wtc

FOR RENT—A large and commodious room in the third story of the *Gazette* Building; is well lighted; easy of access, and will be rented cheap to a good tenant. Apply at the counting room of this office.

X L all Refrigerators.

Stone Water Cooler, and Butter Crock inside, for sal at GEORGE W. HUNLEY'S, Hardware Store, Allegheny, opposite the Post Office. Call and examine them.

Gen'l Assembly of the New School Presbyterian Church.

May 26th.—The report of the Committee on Church Extension was adopted, with amendments.

On motion of Dr. Stearns, Dr. Smith, of N. Y., was added to the committee to whom the report on Education was referred; and on motion of Rev. Asbury, said committee was instructed to revise the Assembly's plan, at the earliest practicable period, and submit it to the various Presbyteries for their rejection or adoption.

The following Trustees for the Church Extension Fund were then elected:

W. A. Booth, A. D. Smith, J. W. Maclain, of the third class, and A. T. Haisley, second class, in place of O. K. Lee, resigned.

The following Trustees for the Publishing House were next elected:

John A. Brown, M. Baldwin, Thos. Brainard, E. E. Adams, Sam'l H. Perkins, Chas. W. Wurtz.

The report of the committee to whom was referred the report of the Special Committee, appointed to examine into the affairs of the Home Missionary Society, came up as the order of the day.

The report breathes a conciliatory spirit, and reviews the grounds of the disagreement, which has taken place between the leading denominations interested in the concerns of the Society, and suggests modes by which a settlement of the differences may be brought about. With a view of arriving at some definite action, the committee recommended the appointment of a committee of ten, to meet in a fraternal conference, a committee of congregational brethren (should such a committee be appointed) consisting of two members from each of the Congregational bodies with which the General Assembly is in correspondence, viz: The General Association of Connecticut, the General Association of Massachusetts, the General Convention of Vermont, the General Association of New Hampshire and the General Conference of Maine.

It will be the duty of this Committee to make a full report to the next General Assembly, and to recommend to that body such plans and measures pertaining to the Home Missionary work as they may deem wise and necessary.

Rev. Wm. Williams moved that no member of the Assembly be permitted to speak more than fifteen minutes upon the report. An amendment restricting the time of speaking to ten minutes, was offered, and the motion was adopted as amended.

Remarks were made by Rev. J. C. Dowder, Dr. Winner, Dr. Brainard, Dr. Salter, Rev. H. Curtis, Prof. Allen, Rev. A. Eldridge, Rev. C. H. Taylor, Rev. Henry Darling and others, and the discussion was cut short by the hour of adjournment arriving.

The report of the Committee will probably be adopted at the session of to-day, as all the gentlemen who spoke upon it, with one exception, agreed in its favor. The opinion appears to prevail generally through the body that no compromise will be agreed upon, but that the efforts of the Committee will have the effect of satisfying the membership of the New Scool and Congregational denominations that a decision is absolutely necessary.

On Saturday afternoon the members of the Assembly visited Oakland, by request, and partook of a repast gotten up by the members of the Third Presbyterian Church.

May 28th.—The Assembly met at 9 o'clock, and proceeded to business, after spending thirty minutes in devotional exercises.

The minutes of the previous session were read and adopted.

Several committees submitted reports, which were placed upon the docket and ordered to be taken up in their regular order.

Rev. H. M. Field moved that the report of the Committee on Education be reconsidered; which being adopted, the gentleman offered a substitute similar in its tenor and provisions to the committee's report, but containing several clauses explanatory of the Assembly. The substitute was adopted after a short discussion.

Dr. Wing, from the committee on Bills and Overtures, made a supplementary report, which recommended that the Assembly take no action on the subject of slavery, at its present session, the action of 1859 being considered just and satisfactory. Accepted, and adopted by a unanimous vote.

The report of the committee, to whom had been referred the report of the Special Commission on Home Missions, came up under the order of the day, and the discussion which commenced on Saturday was resumed.

Speeches were made by Revs. Samuel Bell, of California; J. A. Wight, of Chicago; Jacob Patch, of Indiana; Wm. Wisner, D. D., of Ithaca, N. Y.; Azariah Eldridge, of Patriot, Michigan; Thomas Brainard, D. D., of Philadelphia; Sam'l T. Seelye, of Albany, N. Y.; B. C. Magie, of Dover, N. J., and others. Nearly all of the speakers were in favor of the adoption of the report, being of the opinion that the committee provided by the report would, by the next session of the General Assembly, be able to make arrangements whereby a separation from the congregational denomination in the Home Missionary Society could be brought about in a manner satisfactory to all concerned.

Afternoon Session.—Rev. C. E. Bebb moved that 4 o'clock be fixed as the hour for taking a final act on the report which was under consideration at the close of the forenoon session, unless debate thereon was concluded prior to that time. Adopted, with the understanding that before the question be put, an opportunity be given to offer amendments.

Rev. Samuel T. Seagle, from Committee, reported the names of delegates to corresponding bodies, which report was accepted and adopted, after striking out the name of those appointed to the United Presbyterian Church, the General Assembly of that denomination having intimated at its last session that it was not prepared to open a correspondence.

Reports from Committees on Synodical Records were called for. Several Committees responded, when the report of the Committee by whom the report of the Home Mission Commission had been reported back, came up in order.

Remarks were made by Revs. S. P. Bacon, of Newark Valley, N. Y., Wm. Fuller, of Sturgis, Michigan, D. A. Grosvenor, of Medina, Ohio, J. G. Atterbury, of New Albany, Indiana, E. Curtin, of Ft. Wayne, Indiana, E. H. Andrews, of Athens, Ohio, O. Bartholomew, of Augusta, N. Y., H. Curtis, D. D., Galesburg, Illinois, Alonzo Scofield, Charlotte, Michigan, N. Bosworth, of Fairport, N. Y., J. F. Stearns, Newark, N. J.

The hour of 4 having arrived, a motion was made that the time for taking the final vote, on the adoption of the report, be extended one hour, which was lost by a decided vote.

Prior to voting, prayer was offered by Dr. Wisner, after which the question was put and carried by a unanimous vote.

Subsequently, by request, the vote of Rev. B. H. Bell, of California, was recorded in the negative.

Dr. Patterson, of Chicago, read the report of the Church Extension Committee, which presents the affairs of the Society in a very favorable light. The contributions to the fund show an increase during the year of 50 per cent. The report was accompanied by resolutions, recommending an exercise of energy on the part of the church, and that collections be taken up at as early a day as practicable in all the churches of the denomination, in aid of the friends of the Society.

The report was accepted, and adopted without amendment.

B. F. Wallace, D. D., Secretary of the Church Extension Committee, was permitted to make some remarks, explanatory of the position and the doings of the Board since its formation, in 1855.

Remarks upon the work of church extension were made by Revs. Nelson, Brainard and others, after which the Committee on Foreign Missions submitted a report, which was read by the Clerk. The report represented the affairs of the Board to be in a satisfactory condition, and it was adopted with a few unimportant amendments.

ACCIDENT TO A COAL PIT.—John Henry, an employee in Diabold & Co.'s coal works, Limestown, was yesterday taken to Dr. Walter's, suffering from some severe injuries he received by a portion of the roof of the pit he was in falling down on him. His right thigh bone, right arm and both legs were horribly fractured. His back was also seriously hurt, so it is exceedingly doubtful if he recovers.

THE Sheffield Barge Club have had a new four oared boat built by Cassidy, called the "U. M. Singer."

PITTSBURGH & STEUBENVILLE AND CHARTIERS VALLEY RAILROADS.—A meeting of the citizens of Mansfield, and others residing on the lines of the Pittsburgh & Steubenville and Chartiers Valley Railroads, was held at the village of Mansfield on Saturday evening, May 26th.

J. V. Rowland, Esq., was chosen Chairman, and J. L. Marshall, Secretary. The Chairman announced that the meeting had been called by public notice given several days previous, in order to devise such measures as may be necessary to remove the yet remaining obstacles in the way of an early commencing and completing of these roads.

R. P. Smyth, Esq., being present, was asked to address the meeting. He stated that the necessary legislation had been obtained from the State of Virginia, and the remaining great obstacles in the way of the speedy completion of these roads, were the unsettled condition of the land, damages and rights of way, which in the aggregate, amounted to a large sum. Mr. Smyth read to the meeting a letter from Mr. Potts, President of the Western Transportation Company, dated Pittsburgh, May 25, 1860, directed to him in answer to some inquiries made, in which he states, that a leading hindrance now existing in the way of speedily commencing and pushing to completion the roads, is the unsettled condition and heavy cost of the companie's right of way account. That the consummation of the necessary arrangements to finish the roads, already far advanced, are largely contingent on the satisfactory assessment of the right of way accounts; with these accounts in proper shape the work will be speedily begun and pressed to completion by next spring; it cannot be commenced until this is accomplished. The large sum required to complete the Chartiers Valley Railroad cannot be raised, if there is a possibility of a heavy additional sum to be paid for right of way, placed capabilities in the face. The residents along the line of this road, if they desire its completion, must give efficient aid to that end.

Mr. Smyth further stated that committees had been appointed in Washington county to procure releases of right of way, and that they were meeting with favorable success; that active efforts were on foot to secure the Wheeling Extension via Wellsburg, instead of by the Chartiers Valley and Hempfield Railroads, and that unless those interested in the completion of these latter roads would release all damages, the company would be compelled to abandon this route and accept that via Wellsburg, and thus lose most probably for all time the through trade and travel over the Chartiers Valley and Hempfield lines, which in that case, if built at all, would have to be completed by the local interests along these lines, and rely for local trade alone.

Further remarks were made by Col. M. B. Brown, J. Stevenson, H. Lee and D. J. Rogers.

Those persons present who had damages assessed to them, thought there would be no difficulty in procuring releases, provided the Company would commence speedily the work on both roads and push the same to completion.

The following resolutions were then passed by the meeting:

Resolved, That H. Lee, Wm. M. Duncan and D. J. Rogers be a committee to wait on all persons interested on the line of the Chartiers Valley Railroad, to procure releases of damage and of rights of way.

Resolved, That J. V. Rowland, Isaac Walker, Jr., and D. J. Rogers, be a committee to wait on all persons residing on the line of the Pittsburgh & Steubenville Railroad, for a like purpose.

Resolved, That these committees report the results of their several missions to the Western Transportation Company.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Pittsburgh papers friendly to an early completion of the roads.

J. V. ROWLAND, Chairman.
J. L. MARSHALL, Secretary.

ADELINA PATTI'S GRAND CONCERT.—This beautiful and accomplished young lady gives her first concert in this place on Friday evening, and from the interest manifested in fashionable circles, it will no doubt be attended by one of the best audiences that has ever been gathered inside of City Hall. There has been so much said in the Eastern papers of her beauty and the wonderful flexibility and compass of her voice, that it would be unnecessary to speak of it here. We clip the following from the New York *Musical World:*

"Miss Adelina Patti was born in Madrid, Spain, April 9, 1843. Her mother, Madame Barili Patti, was the prima donna of the Grand Theatre at Madrid, calling on the evening preceding the birth of Adelina, the youngest of a large family. Madame had sung Norma, in which *role* she had a high reputation. Curiously enough, after the birth of Adelina, Madame Patti lost her voice almost entirely, and has always between her and it was given to the child.

Madame Patti left Madrid as soon as possible after Adelina's birth, and returned to Milan, the permanent home of her family. Here the impressive Strakosch made the acquaintance of the new prima donna, then only four months old. The Patti family emigrated to this country in 1844, when Patti *pere* joined Sanquirico, the buffo, in the management of the Italian Opera, Chamber street. There were four daughters of Madame Patti, namely, Theodore, Clotilda, Barili, married the son of Colonel Thorne. Amalia, the next, is the wife of Mr. Strakosch. Carlotta resides in this city, and is an accomplished teacher of music; and the latest edition of this musical libretto, is Adelina, the subject of this sketch.

Her first public appearance was made when she was nine years old, at which time, in company with Strakosch and Ole Bull, the infant prima donna made a tour in the provinces, where she sang all the great pieces made familiar by Jenny Lind, Sontag, Bosio and others. About this time she received the highest compliment from Sontag, who told her that she would be one of the greatest singers in the world; and from Alboni, who said if she went to Paris, she would make such a *furore* as is seldom seen there.

After a concert tour with Strakosch, Miss Adelina went to the West Indies with the great pianist, Gottschalk, where she divided fame with the latter. At Porto Rico she had an offer of marriage (she was then fourteen) from the richest proprietor in the place. But that diamond wedding did not come off. Adelina is still in 'maiden meditation, fancy-free,' and is *devoure* only to art.

Miss Patti made her first appearance at the Academy of Music this winter. She has since sung the following parts: Lucia, in Lucia de Lammermoor; Amina, in Sonnambula; Elvira, in Puritani, Herietta, in Martha; Zerlina, in Don Giovanni; Rosina, in Barbiere; Nornia, in Pasquale, and Ninade, in Mose."

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.—Before Judges Mellon and Adams.

Monday, May 28th.—The case of Wm. Watson vs. the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad Co., is on trial a second time, the application of defendants' counsel for a new trial, on the ground that the jury's verdict for damages was exorbitant, also, having been successful. It will be remembered that this cause was first tried before a board of arbitrators, who awarded $800 damages. The plaintiff appealed to the Court of Common Pleas, and getting the case before a jury there a verdict of $6000 was obtained. A new trial was granted on the grounds suggested above, which is now in progress. The damages claimed are for making a deep cut through the plaintiff's farm in Peeble's township, and so both direct and consequential. Evidence to show the latter was, after a sabbora argument on both sides, ruled out by the court, on the ground that consequential damages were never allowed in Pennsylvania unless by special provision. In consequence of this, it is probable the verdict of the jury will much less than the former verdict.

We direct attention to the advertisement of Mr. Samuel Riddle, in to-day's paper. His assortment of baskets of various descriptions, churns, &c., is very extensive, and must possess much attraction for farmers and gardeners. Brooms, clothes pins, Harmar tubs, buckets, etc., are also in his line of business, and those in want of such articles may rely on finding them cheap and substantial. Mr. R. also advertises five thousand *strawberry boxes*, a neat article, and just received. As this delicious fruit is just ripening, and our large gardeners will be thinking of replenishing their stock of boxes, we think this the proper time to direct attention to Mr. Riddle's establishment, who has made preparation to accommodate them in this way on terms that cannot be rivalled.

RESERVED STOCK OF THE CITIZENS' BANK.—Twelve hundred shares of this valuable stock will be offered at public sale at the Merchants' Exchange, this evening, by Messrs. Austin Loomis & Co. The stock will be sold in lots *not exceeding* 40 shares, in accordance with a clause in the supplement to the charter approved May 14th, 1857. This is a valuable opportunity to make a safe investment and one that will not soon occur again. We need not refer to the commercial standing of the Citizens' Bank. It is an institution well and favorably known among our prominent merchants and commands their confidence and patronage.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—Catharine Syferl, of the 3d ward, Allegheny, made information yesterday, before Mayor Morrison, against Michael Baymaster, charging him with committing an assault and battery upon her person. It appears the defendant, with his wife, called on her Sunday afternoon and wanted an old account settled.—She declined doing this, saying if they would call on some week day she would settle, and in endeavoring to turn them out, he struck her with his umbrella. He, in explanation, said he lived in McClure township, and was unable to come into town any other day than Sunday.—The matter was finally compromised by his paying $2 costs and forgiving her the debt.

HELD TO BAIL.—Mary Allis made information before Alderman Jones, of the Fifth ward, yesterday, against Philip Conniple, charging him with threatening to break in her house and whip her. He was held to bail in $100, to answer.

CITY COUNCILS.

Pittsburgh Councils held their regular monthly meeting, Monday evening.

SELECT COUNCIL.—Present all the members except Messrs. Duncan, Quinn, Reed and Thompson.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Mr. Kincaid presented a memorial, signed by 28 residents and tax-payers on Earle's alley, relative to water pipe in said alley. Referred to Water Committee.

Petition for paving and grading Washington st., between Penna. avenue and Franklin st. Referred to Street Committee.

Petition for 300 feet of water pipe on Clark st. Referred to Water Committee. C. C. concur.

Petition for paving De Villiers st. Referred to Street Committee. C. C. concur.

Remonstrance against paving Crawford st., signed by 23 names. Referred to Street Committee.

A petition was presented from residents of the 4th, 5th and 9th wards, for the use of the fire plugs in those wards to fill sprinkling cars on the Citizens' Passenger Railway, and a resolution was passed granting the same.

Report of Water Committee read and approved.

Resolution for the payment of $7 50, election expenses in Ninth ward, was passed.

An ordinance relative to the vacation of Elm, Walnut and Adams streets, in favor of the Penna Central R. R., was presented, and referred to the Select Committee, with instructions to report at next meeting.

A communication from P. P. Sawyer, Esq., President of the P. & E. L. Passenger Railway, asking leave to sprinkle the streets their track is on; also, a resolution accompanying the same for the free use of water from city fire plugs for that purpose, was read and referred to Water Committee.

The President presented two communications from the Controller relative to the claim of Peter Walker to have $14 75 of business tax paid by him, refunded, and covering bill of W. Eichbaum for $2 88, discount on depreciated Spanish silver; bill for Sophie Stuart for $3 37 for cleaning Treasurer's and Controller's rooms; bill of Harper & Dravitt for $4 75 for stove for Controller's office, and bill Cartwright and Young for $1 00 for check file for Treasurer's office. The claim of Peter Walker was referred to Finance Committee, with power to act, and a resolution adopted to pay the other bills and charge the Contingent Fund.

From C. C., an ordinance to levy a tax to pay the interest on the bonds issued by the city of Pittsburgh to the Chartiers Valley Railroad.

The following resolution was offered by Mr. Blair, and adopted:

Resolved, That we do not believe a levy of 3½ mills sufficient to meet the requirements of the mandate of the Supreme Court to provide for the payment of the interest on the bonds, now due, issued by the city of Pittsburgh to the Chartiers Valley Railroad Company, and the costs of suits, and therefore non-concur in the action of Common Council and adhere to our former action.

Adjourned.

Common Council.—Present, all except Messrs. Bergmann, Fulton, Hayden, Lang, Robb, Robbins.

Prayer by Mr. Tibby.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Mr. Hill presented a petition asking Councils to compel the Allegheny Valley Railroad Co. to comply with city ordinance.

Referred to the Street Committee, with instructions to act and report at next regular meeting of Councils.

The chair presented a petition for the paving of Cherry alley, from Fifth street to Diamond alley, by the city. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Barnhill—A petition for water mains on St. Patrick's alley. Referred to Water Committee.

The same—A petition for paving Union alley, between Henry and Elm streets. Read and referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Lutton offered the following:

Resolved, That the City Regulator be instructed to fix a grade and draw an ordinance for Mulberry alley, between Mechanics and Harrison streets, Fifth Ward and report to Councils. Read three times and passed.

Mr. Barnes offered the following:

Resolved, That the City Solicitor in conjunction with the Recording Regulator, be hereby instructed to examine the ordinance in regard to the laying of rails for the East Liberty Passenger Railroad on Wylie street, from Fifth to Tunnell street, and report to said Councils at their next regular meeting, if above mentioned Railroad Company have complied with the ordinance as passed by Councils. Read three times and passed.

Mr. Bailey offered the following:

Resolved, That Messrs. James C. Stewart and Edward C. Stewart are hereby authorized to use the scales now erected near the intersection of Liberty and Morton streets, for weighing stock, hay, grain, etc., and to charge and recover therefor the like rates as those allowed in the ordinance relative to street and public scales. *Provided*, that the like proportion of fees as are paid by other scales of the city, are by proper bond secured to be paid into the City Treasury during the time for which the scales shall be in use.

Referred to Finance Committee.

Mr. Bailey, a petition for the passage of the foregoing resolution. Same reference.

Mr. H. Hay, from the Ordinance Committee, on the subject of granting the use of Fifth street to the Pittsburgh & Birmingham Passenger Railway Company, report that said committee present an ordinance supplementary to an ordinance granting certain privileges to the Pittsburgh & Birmingham Passenger Railway Company, passed the 29th day of August, 1859, without any recommendation as to its passage.

The report was accepted and the ordinance read, and on motion of Mr. Seibert the ordinance was laid on the table.

Ordinance supplementary to an ordinance relative to Passenger and other Railway Companies in the city of Pittsburgh, which was read three times and passed.

Mr. Floyd, a report from the Finance Committee, with the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Controller be and is hereby directed to transfer the sum of $10,000, from appropriation No. 8, to the sinking fund.

Report accepted and resolution read three times and passed.

A petition from citizens residing on Penn street, asking Councils to grant the Citizens Passenger Railway Company the privilege of running cars from the fire plugs, was read. Referred to Select Council, read and prayer of petitioners granted. Common Council concur and refer to Water Committee. Adjourned.

General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 24, 1860

TWENTIETH DAY.—Bishop Simpson in the chair. Rev. F. A. Blades, of the Detroit Conference, conducted religious services.

The committee on Church Extension were instructed to inquire into the expediency of authorizing the Book Agents to publish in a cheap form that part of the Discipline relating to the Articles of Religion, General Rules and Rituals for general circulation.

A resolution was introduced to amend the Discipline, section, 31 sec., chap. 6, page 83, to read, "What shall be done with those members of the (M. E.) Church, who wilfully and repeatedly neglect to attend class and *other means of grace*.

The following resolution was introduced and referred to the Committee on Sunday Schools:

Resolved, That the Discipline, page 42, chap. 111, sec. 4, answer 8 to question, be amended, so as to read as follows: "Each Quarterly Conference shall have supervision of all the Sunday Schools within its bounds; shall appoint Superintendents for the several Schools annually, and fill all vacancies which may occur in the same during the year; it shall also have supervision of Sunday School Societies in its bounds, &c."

After committees were announced on "Colonization" and "Memorial of Peter Cartwright," the Committee of Appeals reported in the case of C. D. Burlingham, expelled from the ministry and membership of the M. E. Church by the Genesee Conference, by remanding the case back to that Conference for a new trial.

Motion prevailed to take up the first resolution of the majority report of the Committee on Slavery.

Dr. E. O. Haven, editor of *Zion's Herald*, delivered a strong speech in favor of the resolution. At the close of his speech, Dr. Durbin, Missionary Secretary, presented a substitute for the majority report on Slavery. The substitute embraces portions of the majority and minority reports, and designed as a peace measure. He addressed the Conference in a speech of much power in favor of the substitute, but on motion, the substitute was laid on the table for the present. When Dr. Durbin concluded, the Rev. Dr. Stinson, of Canada, took leave of the Conference with appropriate remarks.

Conference adjourned with benediction by Dr. Crary, of Minnesota.

Y. M. C. A.—The Young Men's Christian Association held their regular meeting at their rooms last evening. W. H. Kincaid President in the chair. The exercises of the evening were opened with prayer by Rev. M. Howe, of Iowa.

In the absence of the Recording Secretary, Mr. McMaster, A. A. Lovely was elected pro tem. On motion of Mr. Howe, the reading of the minutes and other regular business was dispensed with, after which the President introduced to the audience the Rev. Mr. Leod, of Philadelphia, who addressed the meeting in a very able and eloquent manner. After he had concluded the hymn commencing with

"Salvation, O thy joyful sound"

was sung, when Dr. Brainard was also introduced, and spoke at some length in his usual happy, and impressive style. We regret that we have neither time nor space to give a more extended notice of the interesting addresses delivered by the above named gentlemen.

The President announced that the Rev. Mr. Seelye, who was to have been present on this occasion, was unavoidably detained. After prayer by Mr. Howard, the meeting adjourned.

THE CITIZENS' BANK.—The Directors of this bank will remove their quarters this morning, from the old stand on the corner of Virgin alley and Wood street, to their capacious and beautiful new building on the corner of Wood street and Diamond alley. This is one of the finest buildings in the city—spacious, airy and well lighted, and right in the heart of the business portion of the city. The change is quite an improvement.

IMPROVING.—Frank Cook, alias Robinson, who was convicted in Cleveland some days since of passing counterfeit money, and subsequently attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a bit of glass, is improving, and all fears of his life are over. He still persists in saying he will not go to the penitentiary.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE for May has been received and is for sale by Hunt & Miner, Fifth street, next door to the Post Office. It is an excellent number, full of good articles. New York: Published by L. Scott & Co.

LOTS PURCHASED.—The Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company have bought or leased one hundred and sixty-five acres of land for feeding the cattle the road carries.

BODIES RECOVERED.—Some of the friends of the coal boat men recently drowned in the Ohio may feel interested in learning that eight bodies were found floating in the river near Madison, on Friday last. What disposition was made of them, the telegraph, throught which we get the information, does not inform us.

THE Life of Abram Lincoln will soon be ready; price in cloth $1; in paper cover 25c. Hunt & Miner, 71 and 73 Fifth street, will have them for sale.

ALL the late magazines and newspapers can be had at Hunt & Miner's.

THE Throne of David; Mill on the Floss; Say and Seal; Biblical Reason Why; and other new books, can be had at Hunt & Miner's.

ASPHALTE ROOFING.—We are pleased to note the fact that the demand for the celebrated Asphalte Roofing Felt is steadily on the increase, and we doubt not that the time is fast approaching when it will supercede all the old roofing materials in use.—Thomas Parry, Laughlin's building, canal bank, near the city water works, is the agent, and will fill all orders with promptness and on the most reasonable terms. Those interested are invited to call and examine specimens.

†

Who will not wear neat new gaiters or shoes, when they can be had at such extremely low prices, at the People's Cheap Shoe Store, Fifth street, second door from Market street? Gents' fine calf boots, $3,50; gents' gaiters, $2,00; Oxford ties, $1,50; Monroes, $1,37½. A full assortment of ladies', misses' and children's wear.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

Thirty-First Congress—Sixth Session.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 28.

HOUSE.—Mr. Corwin moved to postpone the consideration of the Pacific Railroad bill.

Mr. Houston hoped not, for to-day would be wasted in turmoil and wrangling, as last Monday was, and which every man here was afterwards ashamed of.

Mr. Corwin would be sorry to introduce any subject which would produce such a result. His object in the Chair was to transact some business—not to create turmoil.

Mr. Crawford said every man's mind was made up for the Pacific Railroad. It had been a pending subject for five years, and it was time it was disposed of by acted upon. Were members afraid to meet the responsibilities?

Mr. Elliott spoke earnestly of the importance of taking up the Light-house bill.

Mr. Farnsworth said that both wings of the Democracy, at Charleston, agreed that the Pacific Railroad should be constructed.

Mr. John Cochrane inquired whether Mr. Farnsworth supposed that the Democracy fixed the day when the subject should be called up.

Mr. Farnsworth replied that the Democracy of this House had fixed the day when it would be considered. He hoped the friends of the measure would not vote for the postponement, which would be the means of defeating the bill, as it would have to go to the Senate.

The House refused to postpone till Thursday, by a vote of 57 to 118.

Mr. Carter asked that a day be set apart for the consideration of the District of Columbia business, but various objections were raised by Republicans.

Mr. Hughes said it was very hard that they were not willing to do anything for the District.

The House concurred in the report of the Committee of Conference on disagreeing to the amendments to the West Point Cadet bill, which, in addition to the usual items, appropriates $35,000 for the construction of officers' quarters.

The provision for the mounted regiment of Texas volunteers, was omitted.

The House resumed the consideration of the Pacific Railroad bill

Mr. Phelps' amendment to strike out the route through Salt Lake, was rejected by 43 against 73.

Mr. Hogan's amendment to make the proposed grantees merely trustees of a company to build the road, was rejected.

An amendment by Mr. Regan, that the grantees shall within three months of the passage of the act determine the amount of capital necessary to complete the road, and open subscription books in New York, New Orleans, and other places, was agreed to by 99 against 50.

Pending an amendment to substitute the Texas route, the House adjourned.

SENATE.—A large amount of routine business of no general interest was transacted.

In making appropriations for the completion of the geological survey of Oregon and Washington was taken up and passed.

Mr. Davis made a report from the Committee of Conference on disagreeing to the votes of the two Houses on the Military Academy bill, which was concurred in.

Mr. Bailey, a petition for the passage of the foregoing resolution. Same reference.

Mr. H. Hay, from the Ordinance Committee, on the subject of granting the use of Fifth street to the Pittsburgh & Birmingham Passenger Railway Company, report that said committee present an ordinance supplementary to an ordinance granting certain privileges to the Pittsburgh & Birmingham Passenger Railway Company, passed the 29th day of August, 1859, without any recommendation as to its passage.

The report was accepted and the ordinance read, and on motion of Mr. Seibert the ordinance was laid on the table.

Ordinance supplementary to an ordinance relative to Passenger and other Railway Companies in the city of Pittsburgh, which was read three times and passed.

Mr. Floyd, a report from the Finance Committee, with the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Controller be and is hereby directed to transfer the sum of $10,000, from appropriation No. 8, to the sinking fund.

Report accepted and resolution read three times and passed.

A petition from citizens residing on Penn street, asking Councils to grant the Citizens Passenger Railway Company the privilege of running cars from the fire plugs, was read. Referred to Select Council, read and prayer of petitioners granted. Common Council concur and refer to Water Committee. Adjourned.

General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 24, 1860

TWENTIETH DAY.—Bishop Simpson in the chair. Rev. F. A. Blades, of the Detroit Conference, conducted religious services.

The committee on Church Extension were instructed to inquire into the expediency of authorizing the Book Agents to publish in a cheap form that part of the Discipline relating to the Articles of Religion, General Rules and Rituals for general circulation.

A resolution was introduced to amend the Discipline, section, 31 sec., chap. 6, page 83, to read, "What shall be done with those members of the (M. E.) Church, who wilfully and repeatedly neglect to attend class and *other means of grace*.

The following resolution was introduced and referred to the Committee on Sunday Schools:

Resolved, That the Discipline, page 42, chap. 111, sec. 4, answer 8 to question, be amended, so as to read as follows: "Each Quarterly Conference shall have supervision of all the Sunday Schools within its bounds; shall appoint Superintendents for the several Schools annually, and fill all vacancies which may occur in the same during the year; it shall also have supervision of Sunday School Societies in its bounds, &c."

After committees were announced on "Colonization" and "Memorial of Peter Cartwright," the Committee of Appeals reported in the case of C. D. Burlingham, expelled from the ministry and membership of the M. E. Church by the Genesee Conference, by remanding the case back to that Conference for a new trial.

Motion prevailed to take up the first resolution of the majority report of the Committee on Slavery.

Dr. E. O. Haven, editor of *Zion's Herald*, delivered a strong speech in favor of the resolution. At the close of his speech, Dr. Durbin, Missionary Secretary, presented a substitute for the majority report on Slavery. The substitute embraces portions of the majority and minority reports, and designed as a peace measure. He addressed the Conference in a speech of much power in favor of the substitute, but on motion, the substitute was laid on the table for the present. When Dr. Durbin concluded, the Rev. Dr. Stinson, of Canada, took leave of the Conference with appropriate remarks.

Conference adjourned with benediction by Dr. Crary, of Minnesota.

Y. M. C. A.—The Young Men's Christian Association held their regular meeting at their rooms last evening. W. H. Kincaid President in the chair. The exercises of the evening were opened with prayer by Rev. M. Howe, of Iowa.

In the absence of the Recording Secretary, Mr. McMaster, A. A. Lovely was elected pro tem. On motion of Mr. Howe, the reading of the minutes and other regular business was dispensed with, after which the President introduced to the audience the Rev. Mr. Leod, of Philadelphia, who addressed the meeting in a very able and eloquent manner. After he had concluded the hymn commencing with

"Salvation, O thy joyful sound"

was sung, when Dr. Brainard was also introduced, and spoke at some length in his usual happy, and impressive style. We regret that we have neither time nor space to give a more extended notice of the interesting addresses delivered by the above named gentlemen.

The President announced that the Rev. Mr. Seelye, who was to have been present on this occasion, was unavoidably detained. After prayer by Mr. Howard, the meeting adjourned.

THE CITIZENS' BANK.—The Directors of this bank will remove their quarters this morning, from the old stand on the corner of Virgin alley and Wood street, to their capacious and beautiful new building on the corner of Wood street and Diamond alley. This is one of the finest buildings in the city—spacious, airy and well lighted, and right in the heart of the business portion of the city. The change is quite an improvement.

IMPROVING.—Frank Cook, alias Robinson, who was convicted in Cleveland some days since of passing counterfeit money, and subsequently attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a bit of glass, is improving, and all fears of his life are over. He still persists in saying he will not go to the penitentiary.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE for May has been received and is for sale by Hunt & Miner, Fifth street, next door to the Post Office. It is an excellent number, full of good articles. New York: Published by L. Scott & Co.

LOTS PURCHASED.—The Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company have bought or leased one hundred and sixty-five acres of land for feeding the cattle the road carries.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Steamer Palestine.

FASTNET POINT, C. E., May 28.—The steamer Palestine, from Liverpool at 2½ p. m., of the 16th, via Queenstown on the 17th, passed this point at two o'clock this morning. The news is interesting.

Garibaldi, with over 1,000 followers, had landed at Marsala, in Sicily, under the fire of two Neapolitan frigates. One of Garibaldi's steamers was captured, and the other sunk. The volunteers who landed were at the moment of the mail's departure, fighting with the royal troops. Col. Melloi was forwarding the preparations for a second expedition, and six thousand volunteers had already been enrolled. It was asserted that the enormous diplomatic representation made to Piedmont would decide the government to prevent the departure of the second expedition. Great agitation prevailed at Naples.

Pullinger, the defaulting Cashier of the Union Bank of London, had been sentenced to twenty years of penal servitude.

Russia again menaces Turkey in the interest of the Christians.

Arrival of the Arabia.

HALIFAX, May 28.—The R. M. steamship Arabia, Capt. Stone, from Liverpool on the 19th, via Queenstown on the 20th inst., has arrived at this place, with three days later advices.

The steamship *Africa*, from New York, arrived at Liverpool on the morning of the 20th.

The intelligence relative to Garibaldi's expedition is still meagre and conflicting, but the reports generally concur in stating that he was making good progress. Some say that he had captured the most important points in Sicily, except Messina and Palermo.

After his landing at Marsala, the Neapolitan war vessels bombarded that town without a warning, and the British vessels interposed for the protection of the English residents.

The important announcement was made via Madrid that the King of Naples had applied for foreign intervention.

Among other questionable rumors was one that a treaty, offensive and defensive, had been concluded between Naples, Rome, Austria, and all the deposed Italian sovereigns.

The latest accounts from Naples represent the utmost consternation. The troops were dispirited; tumultuous manifestations were taking place; the royal family was packing up their jewelry and valuables, and there were strong indications that a great insurrection is looked for.

The British government has issued a proclamation against enlistments for the Pope in Ireland, but it does not interfere in the subscriptions for the Sicilian insurgents, the law officers of the crown not regarding it as illegal.

The English funds were very heavy under continental politics, but there was more steadiness at the close.

LONDON, Saturday.—Bell's Life of this morning announces that a meeting took place between Heenan and Sayers at that office, yesterday, to discuss measures for terminating the dispute between them as to the Champion's belt. It was ultimately agreed that the same belt, exactly resembling the one so much coveted, should be made for the purpose, to be raised by public subscription; each of the candidates was to head the list for that to be held by his opponent. The old belt will remain in possession of the proprietor of Bell's Life, to be fought for by whomever may aspire to the honor of wearing it. Sayers has engaged to retire from the prize ring.

FRANCE.—The Paris Bourse had been greatly depressed, but closed firmer; rentes 65f 80c.

The French Minister at Naples had asked for four ships of war, and the vessels had been sent.

There were vague and unauthentic rumors of a new French loan for military purposes.

ITALY.—Theodore Parker died at Florence on the 10th.

It was reported that Lamoriciere had made a forward movement with the Papal troops, and 5,000 Piedmontese troops had embarked from Genoa to check him.

It was positively asserted that the French army of Rome had received orders to evacuate that city.

It is said that the Sardinian Government had ordered the garrisons of Central Italy to march rapidly towards the Pontifical frontiers.

SPAIN.—Gen. Concha had been elected President of the Spanish Senate, and decorated with the order of the Golden Fleece.

The army of Africa entered Madrid amid much enthusiasm.

TURKEY.—The Austrian government had stated that the British Ambassador to Russia, on the receipt of Gortschakoff's communication to Turkey, lodged a formal protest against it, but this was not so; he only received the communication, under reserve, by stating that he intended to refer it to his government for instructions in the matter. A late dispatch says that England would interfere.

Liverpool Cotton Market.—The Brokers' circular reports the sales of the week at 43,000 bales, of which 10,500 were for export. The sales of Friday were 6000 bales, of which 1600 were to speculators and exporters, closing quiet at the following auth