Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1860.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by O. B. Shaw, Opdyke, 93 Fifth St.—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock A. M.	112	62
12 " M.	102	72
3 o'clock P. M.		68
Barometer	29 3-10	

Republican Headquarters for 1860.
CORNER WOOD AND FOURTH STS.
Entrance on Wood street.

FREE READING ROOM open every day, (Sundays excepted,) from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. English, German and Welsh Newspapers from all parts of the Union on file, and Republican Campaign Documents for distribution. The public generally and strangers visiting Pittsburgh are cordially invited to call.

☞ The Executive Committee of the Club meet EVERY WEDNESDAY at the Rooms at 1½ o'clock, P. M.

may16:dtwlo2

FOR RENT.—A large and commodious room in the third story of the *Gazette* Building; is well lighted; easy of access, and will be rented cheap to a good tenant. Apply at the counting room of this office.

U. S. COURT.—The Circuit Court of the United States met yesterday at 10 o'clock, A. M., according to adjournment, Hon. W. McCandless, presiding.

On motion of Wm. Bakewell, Esq., L. Parsons Stone, Esq., was admitted to practice in the United States Court.

The case of Hiram Hust against the Pittsburgh Fire and Marine Insurance Company was taken up, but not finished, when Court adjourned. Wm. Bakewell and L. P. Stone for plaintiff and Shoaf and Hampton for defendants.

Our friend, Mr. Stone, made the opening argument in the foregoing case and, we understand, acquitted himself quite creditably. He is a young man of considerable information and sound judgment on matters relating to his profession, and we hope he may have many opportunities, such as the present one, of introducing himself to the public.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.—Before Judges Mellon and Adams.

Wednesday, May 16th.—Charles T. Russell vs. Rush; action of debt for rent on a lease. The plaintiff rented a house to defendant for $350 per annum, from 1859 to 1860. Two months rent fell in arrear, and the water tax was paid by the landlord, which, according to the stipulations in the lease, should have been paid by the tenant. Suit is brought to recover this claim, amounting to seventy odd dollars.

The defendant denies that he owes the plaintiff anything, alleging that in consequence of the leakiness of the roof the house was uninhabitable, and that he was obliged to leave it the beginning of January. The claim for two months rent accrued before the house was abandoned. During the last of December a drenching rain came, and the water dripped through the ceilings, filling tubs, buckets, pans and all the vessels that could be obtained to receive the water. The water continued to drip for three or four days, and the house remained damp and uncomfortable until the defendant removed from it. He, however, admitted that the rain came from the spout, which was stopped up with ice or sleet, the rain having been of a sleety character. There was a general complaint at that time of roofs leaking from the same cause. The plaintiff also alleged he could prove that the roof was injured by the defendant, who used a hatchet in clearing the spout of ice, during which the spout was cut. The roof was a new one, having been put on last September, and the spout on the front building was made of 20 inch tin; that on the back building was 14 inch tin. The pitch of the roof of the front building was one fourth, and of the back building one-fifth.

These are the prominent facts of the case, the question being whether the tenant could set up the condition of the house as a set-off to the claim for rent. We shall endeavor to procure Judge Mellon's charge, containing some interesting points on the law of landlord and tenant, and publish it to-morrow.

The jury brought in a verdict for plaintiff for $53 50.

Heirs of Wm. McCully vs. Robert Forrester, Columbus Coleman, Jacob Seiffert, Henry Fruh, heirs of Wm. Lepish, Jas. Smith, James Kerr, Moses McGuire and Bridget Gallagher; action for ejection from some 150 acres of land on the Brighton Turnpike, about 3½ miles from Allegheny city. The land is well improved and very valuable, being worth about $50,000. Messrs. Knox, Woods and Selden for plaintiffs, and N. P. and G. L. B. Pettersan and Robeson for defendants.

Mr. Knox opened on part of plaintiffs, and offered the following: 1st, the writ, to prove the possessions of the land in dispute by the defendants; 2d, the application of Jane McCully, widow of Wm. McCully, sr., for 400 acres, made in 1804. The plaintiffs claim that Jane McCully was then living on a portion of the land. They claim the land under settlement made by Oakman and a conveyance of his interest to Wm. McCully, jr. Also a warrant, dated Oct. 12th, 1813, to Jane McCully for herself, and in trust for the heirs of William McCully, sr., dec'd, for 400 acres of land, including an improvement adjoining lands of Andrew Jack, John Huey, Jas. Robinson and William Davis, situated north and west of the Allegheny river, in Pine tp., Allegheny county. Returns and and survey made by David Coon, Deputy Surveyor, of 266 acres 150 perches, and 6 per cent. allowance. Tract called "Three Bullets." Followed by a patent for the same, dated February 14th, 1814. And then called Mrs. Rosanna Closey, to prove the heirship of the plaintiffs, and then offered the will of William McCully, jr., to prove his residuary legatees.

Mr. Acheson then opened for the defence. The defendants claim under a settlement made in 1796 by one John Huey, conveyed in 1800, 160 acres of land to Alex. McKain, who moved on the land and resided there one or two years, when he was killed by a tree falling on him. His widow, after his death, resided there for about a year, when she leased the land to one John Ramage for 7 or 8 years. Ramage sub-let to a man named Moore, who remained on it until about 1810; John McGee then lived on it for 18 or 19 years, until 1828, when he was dispossessed by a recovery made by the plaintiffs in an action of ejectment brought by McKain's heirs against him. McKain then held possession of the land by their tenants until 1834-35, when W. W. Fetterman, Esq., became the owner of the tract by purchasing the interests of McKain's heirs. He held possession until his death in December, 1838, and his widow after his death by their tenants held possession of the tract until the present defendants or the parties from whom they have purchased bought portions of the tract from Mrs. Fetterman. The defendants defend on the ground that the settlement by John Huey was older than any settlement by Oakman under whom McCully's heirs claim; also, that Huey put Oakman on the McCully portion of the tract to settle for him, and afterwards conveyed that portion, being about 100 acres, to McCully, which conveyance was after his conveyance of 160 acres to McKain, and lastly by the statute of limitations.

THE CARL FAMILY.—Xavier Carl, and his minions were up before Alderman Lewis, yesterday, who is officiating in Mayor Wilson's absence. No less than 13 were arrested, 9 men and 4 women. Several were fined, and 5 were committed, 3 of the latter being women. They are a very abandoned set, and are familiar with the Mayor's office. Being generally provided with money, they are the best clients His Honor has. Their fines yesterday amounted to $52, although Alderman Lewis refused to discharge several who tendered him a large fine, alleging that it would be to them no punishment. Xavier's neighbors are very much annoyed by his disorderly guests, and are determined to push him to extremities every time a disturbance occurs. The disorder complained of in the present instance occurred at 12 o'clock on Tuesday night.

DEATH FROM EATING EGGS.—We have just learned of a death from this cause, which furnishes one of the most extraordinary instances of reckless gluttony we ever heard of. A man named Brady, of Steubenville, Somerset county, ate *twenty one* boiled eggs at one meal. His digestive organs were unable to do the work assigned them, and the man died a victim to his gluttony. This rather exceeds the case of the German, reported a few weeks since, who attempted to swallow an ounce of meat without chewing it, and choked in the effort. Were the old law in force, such men ought to be convicted of suicide and buried in the highway, etc., according to the punishment provided for that offence.

DIED.—Mr. White, whose attempt to commit suicide by shooting himself in the mouth, Sunday evening, as was noted, died yesterday morning, at 2½ o'clock, from the result of the wound inflicted by his own hand. Mr. White was well known in this city, as he was second cashier of the Pennsylvania Railroad for several years, Secretary for the Monongahela Coal Company, and in partnership with his brother-in-law under the style of White & McKibben, did all the draying for the Central Road. He was always known as a quiet, kind and peaceable citizen, and was respected by all who were acquainted with him. Whatever his motives were, if he was sane at the time, will perhaps never be known. His funeral takes place from his late residence, on Pitt street, this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

LARGE WHISKY.—An individual well but not favorably known to the Allegheny police, got on a spree yesterday, and became so troublesome that it was found necessary to have him arrested. After a hearing before Mayor Morrison, he was committed to jail 48 hours.

HIGH WATER.—We heard, incidentally, that the Susquehanna river, of this State, is higher than it has been for 50 years.—Marietta, a town situated on its bank, is entirely submerged.

STRONGLY RECOMMENDED.—Steinway's pianos seem to be growing in favor with the editorial fraternity. Gen. Geo. P. Morris, proprietor of the *Home Journal*, purchased, a few weeks ago, one of Steinway's $500 Grand Pianos, and Horace Greeley, of the *Tribune*, has been using one of the same for some time.

The following letter, from the Rev. Dr. Van Deusen, written to Messrs. Kleber & Bro., in reference to one of these admirable instruments, is a candid testimonial of their merits, and is worthy of attention:

"The Steinway Piano which I purchased of you in March, 1959, has now been so long in use that I feel no hesitation in saying that it has proved to be all you represented, and gives us the most unalloyed satisfaction. For volume, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, I cannot say that I have ever heard its superior, and I believe that it will become the most popular instrument of the day. A great number of persons have heard, and have uniformly expressed the greatest admiration of its merits. As it has been introduced into the west, recently, if this testimonial will add to the number of your patrons, since you are agents for the sale of these instruments, you are at liberty to make use of it at your pleasure."

REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD.—The General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church met last night, in the First Church (Rev. J. Nicholson's) and was opened with a sermon by the Moderator of the last Synod, Rev. John Neven. His text was the 4th verse of the 10th chapter of 2d Corinthians:—"The weapons of our warfare are not carnal, but mighty through God, to the pulling down of strongholds." The venerable gentleman preached a very interesting and instructive sermon from the above text. The following are some of the points he enlarged more particularly on: 1. The strongholds to be pulled down; 2. The natural enmity of the human heart; 3. The nature of the human mind; 4. The stronghold of worldliness; 5. The stronghold of immorality.

To-day the Synod meets in the same church, at 9 o'clock, and officers will be elected to act during the present session of the body. The Synod will continue for seven days. The church was crowded last night, and will be to-day, we expect.

We call the attention of our merchants and citizens, generally, to the advertisement which appears in another column, of the St. Nicholas Hotel, Broadway, New York. This princely palace has accommodations for one thousand guests. A city within a city, having a cosmopolitan community, representatives from every civilized nation on the face of the globe. The gentlemen who planned and carried into successful operation an enterprise like this magnificent establishment, deserves the most most liberal patronage of the traveling public. We advise our friends visiting New York, to call on Messrs. Treadwell, Whitcomb & Co., with whom we are sure they will feel at home.

SECOND REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—We noticed some time since, the sale of the 3d Associate Reformed Church, on the corner of Penn and Harrison streets, in the 23d Ward, by the Sheriff, the 2d Reformed Presbyterian Church (Rev. A. M. Stewart's congregation) being the purchasers at $5,500. We understand that various members of the congregation have given their individual bonds, as the church has been unable to raise the whole amount, as security for the balance. And in view of this fact, the trustees will make an appeal to generous friends to assist them in freeing themselves at once from any pecuniary embarrassments. We hope they will meet with success, as they are worthy of it.

TABLES TURNED.—A German named John Sonsor made a complaint before Mayor Morrison, on Tuesday evening, against his wife and son, a young man about 23 years of age, who he alleges, treated him in the most cruel and outrageous manner. Mrs. Sonsor and son were arrested and had a hearing yesterday morning, when it turned out that the prosecutor is a confirmed inebriate. He will not work any, and what money he can pick up he goes home to spends for liquor. The Mayor very properly discharged the defendants and committed the prosecutor to jail for five days.

FAMILY QUARREL.—Mrs. Lydia Ann Craig made a complaint before Ald. Scott, of Allegheny, on Monday, against a Mrs. Bushman and her daughter, Louisa, and a Mrs. Hooke, charging them with committing an assault and battery upon her. The writ would not learn the particulars, but it is said to have been caused by a difficulty that has existed between the children of the parties for some time past, of a very trifling nature. The defendants, who reside in Reserve township, had a hearing yesterday morning, and were held to bail in the sum of $200 each, for their appearance at court.

SPALDING & ROGERS' New Orleans Circus, as will be seen by reference to their advertisement, will give three of their beautiful entertainments at Trimble's Hotel Lot, on Penn street, commencing on Monday, 21st inst. This, without doubt, one of the largest and best conducted circuses in the country, and among the performers are to be found some of the most talented and popular equestrians now living. To persons wishing to spend a pleasant evening in witnessing a beautiful and interesting amusement, here is an excellent opportunity presented.

POLICE ITEMS.—There were 18 commitments to the Jail yesterday. Of these five were for drunkenness; nine for disorderly conduct, and four for vagrancy.

Mary Meeks made information before Alderman Jones, in the Fifth ward, on Monday, charging Jacob Hartman with the larceny of a plaid shawl worth about $8. Hartman was held to bail in $400.

AGRICULTURAL BOOKS; Bibles, Prayer and Hymn books; Biographical works; Cook books; Dictionaries; Cyclopædias; Classical works; Humorous works; Mechanical, Scientific and Architectural works; Musical works; Odd Fellowship and Masonic works; Poetical; School and Classical books; Works of Fiction; Works of Travel and Adventure, and all other works. A large, fresh stock has just been received by Hunt & Miner. Call and see them No. 71 and 73 Fifth street, next door to the Post Office.

DIED.

On Wednesday morning, May 16th, at 2 o'clock, WILLIAM WHITE, in the 52d year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 59 Pitt street, at 3 o'clock, P. M. THIS DAY (Thursday) to proceed to Mt. Union Cemetery. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend

Notice to Builders and Contractors.

THE UNDERSIGNED [formerly Foreman for ROWLAND PARRY,] would respectfully inform those for whom he has done work, and the public generally, that he is now prepared to furnish SLATE of different colors, (green, blue and purple,) or put on SLATE ROOFS in the most approved manner. Orders for Roofing or Repairing of Slate Roofs (if left at the office of ALEX. McLAUGHLIN, near the Water Works,) will be promptly attended to. THOMAS PARRY

may28:dtf

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION.—
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for the Bladder;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for the Kidneys;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for the Gravel;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Dropsy;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Nervousness;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Loss of Memory;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Dimness of Vision;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Difficult Breathing;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Affections of the Heart;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for General Debility;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Universal Lassitude;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Horror of Disease;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Night Sweats;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Weaknesses;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Diseases of the Skin;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Eruptions;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Pain in the Back;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Humors of the Syphilis, with
Temporary Suffusion and Loss of Sight;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Mobility and Restlessness with
Want of Attention, Horror of Death;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Obstructions;
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Excesses arising from Indiscretion, and all diseases of the Sexual Organs, existing in either sex, from whatever cause originating.

Sold only by DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

Attorneys.

B. F. LUCAS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
☞ Office, No. 74 Grant Street,
my9 PITTSBURGH, PA.

SAMUEL A. JENTAUCH, Late of Dealer, Pa. — STEVEN J. COFFEY, Late of Indiana, Pa.

PURVIANCE & COFFEY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Pittsburgh, Pa. Office in Mellon's Building, corner of Fifth and Wylie Streets.
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GEORGE P. HAMILTON, — MARCUS W. ACHESON.
HAMILTON & ACHESON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office No. 149 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.
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F. M. COLLIER, — ARCHIBALD M'BRIDE.
COLLIER & M'BRIDE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
No. 103 FIFTH STREET,
de7:6md Pittsburgh, Penna

C. B. M. SMITH,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
HAS REMOVED TO
KUHN'S LAW BUILDINGS
No. 13 Diamond Street,
my14:2dly.s3) Next door to St. Peter's Church.

HILLERMAN & CO. invite the citizens of Pittsburgh to an examination of their stock of
HATS,
CAPS and STRAW GOODS,
Which, for variety of style, superiority of quality and moderate prices, cannot be surpassed in the city.
my12 HILLERMAN & CO., 65 Wood st.

BLUE LICK! BLUE LICK!!—I am this day in receipt of a fresh supply of Blue Lick Water, direct from the springs; also, a supply of Saratoga Water from the Congress and Empire springs.
JOS. FLEMING,
my15 Corner of Market street and the Diamond.

PURE LIQUOR!—PURE LIQUOR!!—A large stock of the purest LIQUORS, selected for medicinal purposes, consisting of Brandies, Wines, Gins, Whiskey, etc., etc., constantly on hand at
JOS. FLEMING'S,
my15 Corner of the Diamond and Market st.

AROW ROOT—A supply of fresh and genuine Bermuda Arrow Root rec'd this day at
JOS. FLEMING'S
my14 Corner Market st. and the Diamond.

DRY FRUIT—600 bus. choice Dry Apples for sale by
my14 GRAFF & VAN GORDER.

LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

The Republican National Convention.

CHICAGO, May 16.—The Convention assembled to-day at the Wigwam. The doors were opened at 11 o'clock. Long before the hour, a large concourse of people had assembled around the doors, numbering many thousands more than could gain admittance. As soon as the doors were opened the entire body of the Wigwam became solidly packed, and the seats in the galleries were equally closely packed with ladies. The interior of the hall is handsomely decorated, and not less than ten thousand persons were in the building at twelve o'clock.

The Convention was called to order by Governor Morgan, of New York, chairman of the National Committee, who, in an appropriate address, nominated Hon. David Wilmot, of Pennsylvania, temporary chairman, which was received with great applause.

Mr. Wilmot addressed the Convention. He read the call issued by the National Committee, for a National Convention to be held at Chicago, on Wednesday, the 16th day of May, for the nomination of candidates to be supported for President and Vice President, and said that usage had made it his duty to take the preliminary steps towards organizing the Convention, upon which most momentous results are depending. No body of men of equal number was ever distined with a greater responsibility, than those before him.

He invoked them to act in spirit and harmony; that by dignity, wisdom and patriotism displayed, they may prove to assist the hearts of the people and strengthen them in the faith that they, in the Constitutional party of the country, and the only Constitutional party, He urged them to stand by the principles of the Statesmen of the Revolution, avowing and maintaining the principles and doctrines. Then will the end sought be accomplished, the Constitution and the Union be preserved, and the government be administered.

Hon. Morgan then named Hon. David Wilmot as Temporary President, which was carried unanimously.

Judge Marshall, of Md., in conducting Mr. Wilmot to the chair, introduced him as a man who dared to do right, regardless of the consequences. With such men there was no such word as fail.

Mr. Wilmot briefly returned thanks for the high honor conferred upon him.

On motion of Mr. Spooner, of Mass., the following gentlemen as Temporary Secretaries: Messrs. Fred. Hassareck, of Ohio, T. Pomeroy, of N. Y., and Henry F. Blow, of Mo.

The Rev. Mr. Humphrey, of Ill., then delivered the opening prayer.

Mr. Judd, of Ill., moved that a committee of one delegate from each State and Territory be appointed to report officers for permanent organization, which was agreed to. At each State and Territory represented was called, loud cheers were given. Delegates from the absent States were then called, Alabama, Mississippi and South Carolina being received with hisses.

On motion, committees on Credentials and Order of Business were appointed.

The rules of the House of Representatives were adopted for the temporary government of the Convention.

Horace Greeley, delegate from Oregon, moved that when the roll of the States be called the Chairman of each delegation present their credentials, and if any such be the same it be referred to the committee on credentials.

Mr. Carter moved to amend that the credentials be presented to the committee.

Mr. Greeley accepted the amendment and the motion was adopted.

The Chicago Board of Trade invited the delegates to an excursion on Lake Michigan, this afternoon, at 5 o'clock. Judge Goodrich, of Minnesota, in moving the acceptance of the invitation, paid a compliment to the people of Chicago, in the liberality and enterprise displayed in the erection and decoration of the fine hall for the meeting of the Convention.

A motion for the appointment of a committee of one from each State and territory on platform, was after discussion, laid on the table until permanent organization.

A long discussion took place on a motion that when the Convention adjourns it be to 5 o'clock, p. m., which eventually prevailed.

Joshua R. Giddings, of Ohio, was received with loud cheers. He moved to reconsider the vote accepting the invitation of the Board of Trade, and called attention to the action of another Convention, which had wearied the public mind with the length of their discussions.

The vote was reconsidered, and a committee appointed to confer with the Board of Trade and fix a future time for the excursion.

Afternoon Session.—The Wigwam was crowded to its utmost capacity.

Mr. Lowry, of Pa., reported that the Board of Trade had prepared a large fleet for an excursion on the lake, and would wait till 6 o'clock for the Convention.

He moved that the Convention proceed to attend the excursion at 5 o'clock. Lost, amidst applause from the body of the hall.

Mr. Norton, of Ohio, from the committee on permanent organization, reported the name of George Lunt, of Mass., as permanent President. (Loud applause.)

Mr. Ashmun took the chair and was greeted with immense applause. He then made a brief speech.

Mr. Marsh, from the committee on permanent organization, reported Vice Presidents and Secretaries from each State represented.

Judge Lawson, on the part of C. G. Thomas, a worthy Republican of Chicago, presented the chair with a handsome gavel. He said it was not the wood, ivory and silver alone which made it valuable; it was from the consequence of its association, being a piece of oak from the flag-ship of the gallant Lawrence. (Cheers.) It was the emblem of the Republican Party, "strong and not noisy." The motto it bore was one which need not be urged upon Republicans, "Don't give up the ship." He hoped that at this crisis of the conflict, the Republicans will be able to say, with another great Commander, "We have met the enemy, and they are ours." (Immense applause.)

The President accepted the present, on the part of the convention, in a few graceful remarks, declaring that the Republicans should observe the motto, and never would give up the ship. (Applause.)

Mr. Tracey, of Cal., moved that a committee of one from each State and Territory be appointed on resolutions, and that all resolutions be referred to said committee, without debate. Adopted.

Mr. Rollins, of N. H., moved that each delegation report the name of one person to constitute a member of the Republican National Committee for the ensuing four years. Carried.

Convention then adjourned till 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Arrival of the Steamer Europa.

HALIFAX, May 15.—The steamer Europa, from Liverpool on the 5th via Queenstown, arrived at 11 o'clock last night, and sailed early this morning for Boston, which port she will be due by Thursday noon. The Persia, from New York, April 26th, arrived at Queenstown on Friday, the 4th.

The general news is unimportant. The Reform bill had been introduced reading in the Commons. Lord John Russell had stated that the English proposition for the settlement of the San Juan difficulty had been expected by the American government. Future action depends upon Secretary Cass' reply to the last English despatch.

There is no changes to note in the aspect of Continental politics. Rumors were current of renewed troubles in the interior of Sicily. Spain grants a general amnesty.

ITALY.—The King of Sardinia was at Bologna, and received an enthusiastic reception. The Syndicate had presented him with 5,000,000 of francs as a voluntary contribution from the people.

Arrests continued at Messina.

Naples was tranquil.

Garibaldi has not gone to Sicily, Cavour having disauded him therefrom.

The Governor General of Hungary, it is said, gave great offence to the Hungarians by the arrogance of his course.

It was reported that General Klapka was in full correspondence with all parties of Hungary.

England and France have sent an energetic note to the Porte demanding 3,000,000 francs in demnity for the Jeddah massacres.

LATEST.—PARIS.—Marsial has issued a proclamation to the Sardinians, urging them to unite with Victor Emanuel.

The Paris Patrie says that no decision has been taken as to the evacuation of Rome.

The Patagonian missionary schooner, Allen Gardner, has been captured by the natives, and all hands killed except one.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.—Messrs. Wakefield, Nash & Co., report flour dull, and quotations nominally unaltered. Wheat has declined 1@2d. Corn dull and easy; the quotations are unchanged; yellow, 35@36s; white, 36s 6d@37.

The Brokers Circular reports potashes quite at 28s 6d@29 9 for old, and 29s 6d for new. Pearls are quiet at 33s.

Liverpool Saturday Evening.—Cotton is steady; the sales of yesterday were 8000 bales, of which 2000 were taken for speculation and export. Breadstuffs dull. Provisions quiet.

London.—Consols closed at 95¼@95¾ for money and account.

CHICAGO, May 16.—Judge Staple, of California, has in his hands a letter from John C. Fremont, dated Mariposa, April 12th, in which he thanks the Judge for the warmth with which he is urged to become a candidate before the Convention, and says that since the campaign of 1856, he has been laboring so exclusively with his private business, as to be entirely shut off from the political life of the country. In the beginning of that contest, he had neither political prestige nor party organization, and no organized bodies opposed to his nomination. Now, the case is wholly different. He has no desire for the Presidency, but most earnestly desires to preserve, undiminished, the great honor which the vote of the North reflected upon him in that campaign. He thinks that it would be of no benefit to himself, or his party, to be brought before the Convention, where he would only be one of the elements of discord. He concluded by saying: The contingency which your very friendly feelings make appear as possible, I look upon as nearly impossible. In such an event, nomination would be accepted, of course, as the choice of the party, and not as the result of a struggle for the nomination.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Marshal Rynders, in company with his duties, paid a visit to Wall street for the purpose of arresting a brace of operators who were charged with forging names on the Pension Offices with intent to defraud the United States. The parties implicated in the forgery are Saldon Brainard, a broker in Wall street, and James C. Lawrence, an attorney at law and notary public. It is supposed that their operations in the way of forged land warrants for soldiers and sailors, bounty and pension claims, will reach the amount of $500,000. Mr. Commissioner Betts ordered them to be held to bail in $5,000.

NEW YORK, May 16.—The excitement about the New York Post Office defalcation continues unabated. An investigation is going on into the affairs of the office, which promises to develope additional frauds, and implicate several employees of the department. A deficiency has been discovered in the accounts of the stamp clerk, amounting to about $2,000. Mr. Fowler has not yet been arrested, and his whereabouts is not known.

Thirty-First Congress—Sixth Session.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 16.

SENATE.—Senator Green, from the Committee on Territories, reported the House bill for the admission of Kansas, without recommendation.

Mr. Hale offered a resolution calling on the Postmaster General for all the facts obtainable by him relative to the defalcation of Postmaster Fowler, of New York; which was adopted.

Mr. Davis' resolution was taken up.

Mr. Douglas resumed his speech.

Mr. Davis replied at some length to Mr. Douglas, and without concluding, the Senate went into executive session, and afterwards adjourned.

HOUSE.—On motion of Mr. Morris, of Ill., a resolution was adopted calling on the Postmaster General to communicate to the House, at as early a period as possible, all the facts and circumstances in relation to the defalcation of Postmaster Fowler, of New York.

The overland mail bill was taken up.

The House then adjourned.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The Tribune's Washington correspondent says: The nomination of Calhoun Benham as District Attorney of California, was confirmed by a vote of 29 to 15; all the Republicans present voting in the negative. Mr. Hamlin called a division by yeas and nays, and Mr. Wilson assigned the reason that Benham had been concerned as second in the duel against Mr. Broderick, with the peculiar circumstances attending that tradegy. Mr. Douglas was absent when the call commenced, but was sent for to the House. After asking the reason which induced the division on the nomination, he said, being concerned in a duel was not sufficient reason for rejection, and voted for his confirmation.

There is reason to believe that the late portraiture General Brown, was aware of some derangement in the accounts of Mr. Fowler. The charge that his defalcation occurred under the Buchanan Administration is unfounded, as there is a desire to conceal the proper information. Mr. Covode's Committee will institute a full inquiry. The subject was mooted before them this morning.

Mr. Brown, associate editor of the Constitution, was examined by the Covode Committee to-day. He admitted having had an office in the Custom House for about five months, with a salary of nearly $1200 yearly, but could not tell whether his whole service in that period amounted to one week of actual duty, or averaged a single day in each week.

The Herald's Washington correspondent says that Forney opened with sales at 52c for No. 1, but it speedily declined till it reached 50½c, the great bulk of the sales being at 51c—decline of 2@3½c. About 75,000 bushels sold at 50½@52c for No. 1 in store, and 42@49½c for No. 2 —closing quiet, with a very limited shipping and speculative inquiry. Wheat was also heavy, and declined about 3c, with sales of about 15,000 bushels, at $1,09 for No. 1 spring, and $1 07@1 07½ for No. 2 spring. Flour was quiet and easier, with very limited transactions at $5,75@5 80 for good to choice spring extras. Rye was dull and heavy, and 2c lower, with sales of 2,500 bushels at 85c. Barley dull. Hay quiet and steady. Pork opened dull and heavy, closed more active and firmer for mess; sales 225 bbls at $18 for new mess; $17 50 for old mess; $16 25 for prime; $17 75 for new prime; $16 50 for old do, including 3000 bbls new mess, payable and deliverable in five days, at $18. Beef quiet at $6@8 50 for country prime; $9@9 50 for do mess; $9@10 50 for repacked mess; $11 50@12 50 for extra mess. Prime Mess Beef quiet and unchanged. Beef Hams dull at 12@13c for state; 10@16c for western. Cut meats quiet; sales at 7½c for shoulders; 9@9½c for hams. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Lard firm and active; sales 1600 lbs at 11@11½c. Butter 12@18 for Ohio; 18@19 for state. Cheese steady at 7@11 for inferior to prime.

Cattle Market—Beeves depressed excepting extra cattle; receipts 8200; inferior 6@7; best 9½@10. Sheep steady; receipts 5000. Swine steady at 6@6½c; receipts nearly 6000.

CINCINNATI, May 16—Flour dull; sales 1100 bbls at $5 90 for super; $5 70@6 25 for fair to fancy extras. Whisky 18½c. Mess Pork dull; $17 50 in the outside rate offered. Bacon sales 600 hhds at 7½c for shoulders; 9½c for hams; demand chiefly for sales. Bulk Meats: good demand; sales 500 hhds at 6½@8½c for shoulders. Lard: prime held at 11, which is above views of buyers. Sugar: fair demand; sales 200 hhds at 8½@8¾. Coffee unchanged and firm. Eastern exchange ½ per cent pr'm and steady. Money easy.

CRUSHED SUGAR—10 bbls. St. James Crushed Sugar, just received and for sale by
my12 J. A. FETZER, cor. Market and First sts.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION FOR MAY & JUNE.

JAMES PARK, JR., V. P.
JOSEPH R. HUNTER. | SAMUEL ROBINSON.
SAMUEL SNEIDER. | REESE OWENS.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

[Reported especially for the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PITTSBURGH, Thursday, May 16, 1860.

FLOUR.—The transactions in flour yesterday were limited and principally confined to store. Prices, however, have undergone no change. The sales were as follows:

		Super.	Extra.	Ex. Fam.	Fancy.
100 bbls	from store	—	—	6 12	—
100	do do	—	5 90	—	—
50	do do	—	—	6 10	6 60@6 75
50	do do	—	—	—	6 80
75	do do	—	6 00	—	—
45	do do	—	—	6 15	—
175	do do	—	6 00	6 25	6 50
200	do do	—	—	6 25	6 50
100	do do	—	p. t.	p. t.	—
32	do do	—	—	6 50	—
100	do do	—	—	6 00	—
75	do do	—	5 85@5 80	6 12	6 50
150	do do	—	5 87	6 00	—
83	do do	5 50	5 90	6 00	6 50
75	do do	—	5 75	6 00	6 50
86	do do	—	5 80	6 10	6 70
125	do do	5 50	5 80	6 05	—
100	do do	—	5 80	6 00	6 70
100 at depot	do	—	5 70	—	—

RYE—Sales 16 bbls No 2 large mackerel at $12 50, 6 bbl bbls do at $6 50; 10 bf bbls white fish at $5,50; 81 do do lake herring at $4 50.

POTATOES—Sales 40 bus nesharnocks at 60c; 25 do do at 55c; 30 do prime red at 45c; 70 do at 50; for nesharnocks and 40 for red.

SUGAR—Sales 10 bbls at 8¾@8¾; 4 do do at 8¾@9; 10 do at 9.

MOLASSES—Sales 40 bbls at 45@49; 20 do do at 50; 40 do at 47@50.

COFFEE—Sales 35 lbs at 14¼@15; 10 bgs do at 15; 70 do at 14½@15.

CHEESE—Sales 55 lbs at 10; 15 do do at 9¾; 50 do do at 9¾@9¾; 200 do in lots, at 9@9¼.

BROOMS—Sales 2 doz at $1 85, $2,10@3,00.

DRIED FRUIT—Sales 15 bus medium apples at $1,25.

CANDLES—Sales 20 lbs star candles at 16 per lb.

EGGS—Sales 4 bbls at 9½.

DRIED BEEF—Sales 20 lbs at 11@11¼.

HAY—Sales 4 tons baled at $16.

OATS—Sales 100 bus from store at 46; 250 do at 44.

CORN—Sales 700 bus at 60; 200 do at 60@61.

BACON—Sales 7000 lbs shoulders and sides at 6¾; hams at 10¼@10¼.

BUTTER—Sales 6 bbls at 11@12¼.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

CHICAGO, May 16.—The news of the steamer Canadian, which arrived on Saturday evening, had quite an unfavorable effect on the general markets for breadstuffs, to-day. Prices opened with sales at 52c for No. 1, but it speedily declined till it reached 50½c, the great bulk of the sales being at 51c—decline of 2@3½c. About 75,000 bushels sold at 50½@52c for No. 1 in store, and 42@49½c for No. 2 —closing quiet, with a very limited shipping and speculative inquiry. Wheat was also heavy, and declined about 3c, with sales of about 15,000 bushels, at $1,09 for No 1 spring, and $1 07@1 07½ for No. 2 spring. Flour was quiet and easier, with very limited transactions at $5,75@5 80 for good to choice spring extras. Rye was dull and heavy, and 2c lower, with sales of 2,500 bushels at 85c. Barley dull. Hay quiet and steady. Pork opened dull and heavy, closed more active and firmer for mess; sales 225 bbls at $18 for new mess; $17 50 for old mess; $16 25 for prime; $17 75 for new prime; $16 50 for old do, including 3000 bbls new mess, payable and deliverable in five days, at $18. Beef quiet at $6@8 50 for country prime; $9@9 50 for do mess; $9@10 50 for repacked mess; $11 50@12 50 for extra mess. Prime Mess Beef quiet and unchanged. Beef Hams dull at 12@13c for state; 10@16c for western. Cut meats quiet; sales at 7½c for shoulders; 9@9½c for hams. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Lard firm and active; sales 1600 bbls at 11@11½c. Butter 12@18 for Ohio; 18@19 for state. Cheese steady at 7@11 for inferior to prime.

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Brotopoian,

A Substitute for Cream of Tartar,

A NEW, HEALTHY AND CHEAP ARticle for making BREAD, CAKES and all kinds of food requiring the use of YEAST.

This new and valuable article is not a *drug* but an *article of food*, containing nothing but what gives nourishment to the body. It is guaranteed equal in strength to pure Cream of Tartar and will make as light in cooking—is cheaper in price, and makes bread and cakes of superior quality, which tastes *fresh* and *palatable much longer* than when Cream of Tartar is used.

This article is approved and recommended by Messrs. Booth, Garnett & Blair, Professors of Chemistry, Philadelphia. Dr. SAMUEL JACKSON, Prof. in the University of Penna; Prof. HONSFORD, of Harvard College, Mass; Dr. A. HOSKINS, State Assayer of Mass; Dr. NICHOLS of Preston; Dr. CHILTON and