Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 15, 1860.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, 55 Fifth St.—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock A. M.	90	60
12 " M.	90	66
5 " P. M.		72
Barometer		29 5-10

Republican Headquarters for 1860,
CORNER WOOD AND FOURTH STS.
☞ Entrance on Wood street. ☜

FREE READING ROOM open every day, (Sundays excepted,) from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. English, German and Welch Newspapers from all parts of the Union on file, and Republican Campaign Documents for distribution. The public generally and strangers visiting Pittsburgh are cordially invited to call.

☞ The Executive Committee of the Club meet EVERY WEDNESDAY at the Rooms at 1½ o'clock, P. M.
mr14-d&wtc1

FOR RENT.—A large and commodious room in the third story of the *Gazette* Building; is well lighted; easy of access, and will be rented cheap to a good tenant. Apply at the counting room of this office.

VEHICLE LICENSES.—The last day for paying the license due the city on Carts, Drays, Wagons, Buggies, Carriages, &c., will be Tuesday, May 15. After that date the Chief of Police will attend to all delinquents, and his fee in each case will be 50 cents. Those who wish to save the 50 cents, and a suit before the Mayor for the penalty, should call upon the Treasurer forthwith and save further trouble.

BANK STATEMENT for the week preceding May 12th:

BANKS.	Circulation.	Specie.	Loans.	Deposits.
5's Pittsb'gh	230,261	364,971	1,691,043	570,753
Exchange B'k	319,445	175,955	1,563,790	337,622
M. & M. "	255,707	152,218	1,055,882	353,537
Citizens' "	219,000	87,505	662,470	104,687
Mechanics' "	246,700	76,997	778,581	89,108
Iron City "	262,640	109,312	720,879	230,575
Allegheny "	277,505	122,091	790,544	204,476
	2,011,258	1,088,851	7,263,197	1,890,810
Last week	1,995,053	1,141,373	7,234,761	1,913,537
Increase	16,205		28,436	
Decrease		52,522		22,727

BANKS.	Treasury Notes and Notes of other Banks.	Due to Banks.	Due by Banks.
Pittsburgh	$ 65,409	$ 68,116	$29,103
Exchange	133,535	29,208	29,015
M. & M.	125,854	58,266	27,637
Citizens'	19,224	21,515	19,320
Mechanics'	19,670	9,826	14,394
Iron City	50,015	16	24,761
Allegheny	51,790	28,783	26,583
	$ 465,405	$215,765	$ 170,863
Last week	412,336	175,671	173,940
Increase	4,069	40,094	
Decrease			3,077

RECEPTION OF THE PHILADELPHIA DELEGATION.—About 150 of the Philadelphia and Pottsville delegations arrived in this city on Saturday night, and were taken to the Monongahela House and entertained by the Republicans of Allegheny county. The Cameron Club of Philadelphia, numbering about 50 gentlemen, were accompanied by the United States Cornet Band, of that city. Sunday being a very disagreeable day, and most of the delegates being tired, nothing of interest transpired. A large number of our prominent citizens, however, called on them in the course of the day and evening. About 12 o'clock on Sunday night, at the request of Mr. Nichols, clerk of the Hotel, the band played several airs in the rotunda of the house, and afterward the delegations formed with the band and marched to the Central Depot to receive the balance of the delegations, some 400 persons, who were partially to leave at an earlier period. In marching up Smithfield street the band played several familiar airs, and some of the best operatic music we ever listened to. Just as they arrived at the depot, attended by hundreds of our citizens, the train from Philadelphia came in, and was warmly welcomed by the crowd awaiting its arrival. In a few minutes the delegations formed and proceeded to the Monongahela House, by way of Grant and Fourth streets.

On Monday morning the procession formed at about 11 o'clock, and after marching through several of the principal thoroughfares, proceeded to Gov. Johnson's residence, on Penn street. After the band had played several pieces of music as a compliment to the Ex-Governor, among them "Auld Lang Syne" and "Rosin the Bow," Mr. White, State Senator from Philadelphia, made a very neat and appropriate speech, stating, among other things, that being in the city, as a demonstration of their respect, and of the partiality Philadelphia had ever entertained for him, they had called to serenade him, and to have his good wishes for the candidate about to be nominated in the forthcoming Chicago Convention.

Gov. Johnson responded in his usually happy and impressive manner, stating that he wavery much faltered by their attentions and he would most certainly support the Republican nominee. After a few more remarks, he invited the delegation into the house to take a glass of wine.—They accepted the invitation, and after a stay of perhaps 15 minutes, gave three cheers for Gov. Johnson, and marched down to the Republican Head Quarters, in Lafayette Hall. Here they stopped and opened their ranks to admit the Allegheny County delegation, which passed through and took the lead to escort their Eastern friends to the cars.—Our own delegation made a handsome appearance, having a flag and a "Western Pennsylvania" banner in their ranks. In this order they proceeded in a rather indirect route to the depot, where the procession halted and the Allegheny County Delegation opened its ranks to let the other pass through. After which both delegations marched to the platform, and all parties dispersed to attend to their baggage and tickets and make other preparations for the trip. The bands played for a considerable time inside the cars, after which the train moved off amid a perfect Babel of good byes, coupled with nearly all of which was the promise, "I will meet you in Chicago in a day or two." The procession attracted large crowds as it passed along the streets, particularly the cornet band of Philadelphia, which discursed such admirable music as probably our people have seldom listened to.

There were several distinguished gentlemen at the Monongahela House on Sunday evening, among whom we may note the following: Hon. Preston King, M. C. from New York; Hon. J. B. Haskins, M. C. from same State; Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, M. C. from Pennsylvania, and Hon. Alexander K. McClure, chairman of the State Central Committee.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.—Before Judges Mellon and Adams.

May 14th.—Jas. Galbraith vs. Reis & Berger; action of assumpsit to recover a sum alleged to have been paid by plaintiff to defendants upon a misrepresentation of facts made by the latter. Defendants owned a judgment against Arthur H. M'Clelland for $263. Plaintiff, who is a dealer in paper securities, bought this judgment for $252 99, and paid the money down, under the representation, as he alleges, that the judgment was the interest upon and secured by a mortgage on real estate held by him. This representation, the plaintiff charges, turned out wholly untrue, and the judgment became consequently entirely worthless. He therefore sues for his money, and $5 95 costs of suit, on the legal principle that a payment made by mistake or misrepresentation may be recovered back.

The defendant alleges that the only representation made by him was that the judgment was given for interest on the mortgage, and he understood it, and that he then believed and still believes that representation to be true. He also asserts that the assignment was made "without recourse." It may be added that the mortgage had been assigned by Mr. Reis to plaintiff, the former having previously held it.

PATENT ASPHALTE FELT.—This is a new English material for roofing buildings, sheds, &c., and bids fair to prove more valuable for those purposes than shingles, slates, or any other description of roofing. It is impervious to rain, snow or frost, and is a non-conductor of heat. It has no smell, and combines the four great requisites of a good roof—elasticity, lightness, economy, and durability. It is used for roofing churches, cottages, verandahs, farm buildings, cattle sheds, for lining graneries and stores, (as rats and mice will not touch it,) for protecting ceilings under flooring from wet and damp, for covering conservatories and garden sheds and frames, (being a protective material to plants on account of its imperviousness to frost,) for covering boilers, ships, etc. We recommend it to the attention of the public.

COLLECTION FOR THE POPE.—It would seem from the manner in which the call for contributions was responded to at St. Paul's, on Sunday, that His Holiness is warmly sympathized with by the Catholics of this vicinity. After Rev. James O'Connor had made a powerful appeal in behalf of the Holy See, two tables were placed in front of the great altar, on which contributors were to deposit their money. In a few minutes the whole congregation was in commotion, and the tables were speedily covered with silver and bank notes. In the other churches, it is stated large contributions were also made. The address to the Pope, placed on a table at the church entrance, was signed by a large number of the membership.

NEW WAY TO PAY OLD DEBTS.—This grand old play will be given this evening at the Theatre, with J. B. Roberts as Sir Giles and Ettie Henderson as his daughter, together with a most excellent cast of characters. This is an attraction of a really legitimate order, and will no doubt be well attended by the Theatre going public.

MACHINERY.—A machinist, named Jas. Frew, engaged in putting up machinery in a rolling mill, near the dam on the Monongahela river, was severely injured on Friday evening by the breaking of a derrick chain, which struck him on the shoulder.

FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION.—This body held their regular quarterly meeting last evening. The committee appointed to superintend the furnishing of the hall of the Association reported the expense of said furnishing to be $67,33. They also presented several bills, amounting to $78,81, which were recommended to be paid, which was accepted, and the committee were discharged. The report of the Committee of Conference, in relation to a lost section of hose, was read and accepted, and the following resolution adopted:

Resolved, That the Chief Engineer be exhonerated from all blame in regard to the lost section of hose, belonging to the Relief fire company.

Mr. Gazzam, the President, submitted the report of the committee appointed to solicit aid from the insurance companies; it was accepted. Mr. Edward Gregg presented his report as Treasurer of the Association. The balance in his hands is $17,26. The report was accepted. The Chief Engineer presented a report, from which it appeared that the total number of fires during the year had been 153; total loss from those, $114,601, of which about $58,297 had been covered by insurance.

Mr. Moreland moved that the report of the Chief Engineer be accepted, and the thanks of the body be returned to him for his regular and complete reports furnished during his official career.

The old Association then adjourned, and the new one was organized by the election of John H. Stewart as President, and the following officers: Secretary, R. W. Mackey; Treasurer, Edward Gregg; Chief Engineer, James Petrie; Assistant-Engineers, Fred. Ruch, Thomas Reese; Messenger, Capt. Pratt.

The following gentlemen were appointed a committee for the inspection of hose: W. J. White, W. J. Montgomery, S. Lowe, A. J. Kunt, J. H. Barber, C. McCarty, D. Warden, W. Tibby, B. C. Sawyer.

J. H. Stewart, Edward Gregg and G. W. Leonard were appointed to solicit subscriptions from Insurance Companies.

After some more unimportant business, the Association adjourned.

In the Allegheny Councils, last evening, the Street Committee, to whom the difficulty between the City and the Suspension Bridge Company, in relation to the change of the grade of Federal street, had been referred, reported as follows: "Your committee have met with the committee of the Bridge Company, and have agreed to recommend that the existing dispute be settled as follows: Councils shall authorize the raising of the grade on the south side of Bank Lane, to the grade fixed by the Bridge Company, at that point, and by a gradual descent meet the present grade of Federal street on the north side of Isabella street. In consideration whereof, the Bridge Company agree to pay to the City Treasurer the sum of $2,000, on the completion of the grading and paving of Bank Lane crossing and Federal street; and further agree to permit vehicles with dirt for filling Bank Lane from Race alley to the angle in said Bank Lane at the Disciples' Church, and also the Allegheny wharf between the same points, to pass and repass on their bridge free of toll, until the said lane and wharf are completed to the satisfied grade." "

A resolution was adopted authorizing the Street Committee to enter into a contract with the Bridge Company, upon the terms stated.

GRAND OPENING.—The great "Wigwam" that has been built in Chicago for the reception of the Republican Convention, was opened on last Saturday evening. Tom Corwin, of Ohio, Col. Curtin, the Republican nominee for Governor in this State, Hon. Frank P. Blair, of Mo, Col. J. W. Neye, Judge Bassett, and numerous other distinguished speakers, addressed the meeting. "The Hut," according to the Chicago *Democrat*, was decorated in a beautiful and appropriate style, and looked magnificent. In the rear of the stage, on which the delegates are to sit, are four lofty pilastriage, representing the Goddesses of Liberty, Agriculture, Justice and Mechanics. Before the front of the gallery are thirty-three shields, containing the arms of the various States. Directly in the rear of the President's chair are the arms of the American Republic. Numerous statues and busts of our great men, and those of other lands, are dispersed in various portions of the building; and there is an almost endless profusion of red, white and blue bunting, flowers, wreathes, evergreens, etc. The gallery is selected for ladies

POLICE ITEMS.—There were 23 commitments to the jail on Sunday and yesterday. Of these, 14 were for drunkenness, 5 for vagrancy, 3 for disorderly conduct, and 1 for assault and battery.

Mary A. Shordan made information before Alderman Owston against John L. Leech, charging him with cutting her dress and stays, with intent to kill her, and that the only thing that saved her was the hoops. Mr. Owston held him in $500 bail.

ANGIOSCOPING.—We take great pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the card of Mr. James M. Ralph, which may be found in another column of to day's paper. Having fitted up an office on Anderson street, Allegheny, he is now prepared to do anything in his line of business, with dispatch and on the most reasonable terms. Being personally acquainted with Mr. B., we have no hesitation in commending him to the public, feeling assured that all work entrusted to him will meet with prompt attention.

PROCEEDINGS AGAINST CONSCRIPTS.—On Saturday, our Sheriff received copies of a rule on the minority of the District Court, consisting of Messrs. Morrow, Quinn, Ward, Nixon and Thompson, to show cause why attachments should not issue for them for not obeying the peremptory mandamus requiring them to make provision for the payment of the interest on the Chartiers Valley Railroad bonds. The rule is returnable on the fifth Tuesday of May.

STILL ALIVE.—Mr. Wm White, the second cashier of the Penn Railroad, who attempted to commit suicide on Sunday night, by cutting himself in the mouth, was still alive at 11 o'clock, last night, but it is almost impossible for him to recover. His left arm has been paralyzed ever since the commitment of the act. He was able to speak a little yesterday, but does not remember how he came in that situation, or anything connected with it.

COAL BOATS SUNK.—Two pair of coal boats went over dam No. 1 on Friday and were broken into fragments, part of the wreck lodging on the old Monongahela bridge. One pair belonged to Mr. Jones, the other to Mr. Corey. One boat of a pair was also sunk above the dam.

One boat belonging to Wm. Sloan was stoved and completely broken up on Saturday, the wreck drifting on dam No. 2.

TO RECEIVE THE DELEGATIONS.—By the Chicago *Democrat*, we learn that a telegram has been received there from the delegation of our State requesting all Pennsylvanias living in Chicago, to turn out and meet them at the railroad on their arrival. Chicago has very many citizens claiming the old Keystone as mother, and they will no doubt be glad to give their visitors a hearty welcome.

SANFORD'S Opera Troupe gave their first entertainment at Masonic Hall, last evening, and, as a matter of course, were greeted by a very large and fashionable audience. This is, without doubt, one of the best companies of the kind now in existence, and if any of our readers wish to spend a pleasant evening they should go and see them by all means. They perform every night this week.

LECTURE TO MECHANICS.—We understand that Hon. James J. Neall, of Philadelphia, is to deliver a lecture this evening, in Lafayette Hall, to mechanics. Subject, "Combination among the working men." This is a subject that, when properly handled, is very interesting, and we believe that Mr. Neall is capable of doing it in that manner.

INSTALLED.—Rev. N. West, formerly of this city, but latterly of Cincinnati, was installed as pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, New York, on Wednesday evening. Rev. J. D. Wests, Rev. D. A. T. McGill, Rev. Dr. J. E. Bockwell, and Rev. Dr. Spring, took part in the exercies.

PARDONED.—Governor Packer has pardoned Daniel Eckert, recently convicted of manslaughter in Carbon county and sentenced to the Penitentiary for two years.

THE dog fight, advertised the other day, is now announced to have been a hoax. We are glad, for the credit of the city, that the affair has taken this turn.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE.—We have received several samples of prepared liquid glue, put up in small bottles, by Mr. H. C. Spalding, 30 Platt st., New York, and have tried it in mending old furniture. It is a very convenient article for domestic use, and deserves to be kept constantly on hand in every household. It is also a convenient article for pattern makers and inventors, in constructing and repairing their models.—*Scientific American, Sept. 3d, 1858.*

AGRICULTURAL BOOKS; Bibles, Prayer and Hymn books; Biographical works; Cook books; Dictionaries; Cyclopedias; Historical works; Humorous works; Mechanical, Scientific and Architectural works; Musical works; Odd Fallowship and Masonic works; Poetical, School and Classical books. Works of Fiction: Works of Travel and Adventure; and all other works. A large, fresh stock has just been received by Hunt & Miner. Call and see them —No. 71 and 73 Fifth street, next door to the Post Office.

ITEMS.—A telegraph operator named George L. Slocomb, in the employ of the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad Co, at Big Run, Athens county, Ohio, came to his death in a most singular manner recently. He was sitting at his instrument in the office, during the prevalence of a violent thunder storm. The lightning ran in upon the wires and completely stunned him. In a few days it became apparent that his limbs were completely paralyzed, and his muscles almost deprived of action. The paralysis gradually extended over his body, until death at last came to his relief.....The dwelling house of Mr. J. A. Wilber, near McKeesport, was entered a few nights since and about $12 or $[illegible] of groceries stolen.

General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 9, 1860.

EIGHTH DAY.—*Continued.*

The following resolution was referred to the Committee on Revisals:

Resolved, That the Discipline be so altered or amended as to state more definitely the disabilities of ordained Local Preachers, against whom no charges can be sustained, but who have nevertheless rendered themselves so unacceptable with the people that the Quarterly Conference cannot, or will not, pass their character.

The Committee on Temporal Economy were requested to consider the expediency of changing the Discipline, part 3d and section 3d, as to make the allowance of single preachers *two hundred dollars*, and travelling expenses.

The Committee on Episcopacy were instructed to inquire into the expediency of making it the duty of the Bishops annually to furnish the Book Agents at New York, for publication with the General Minutes, a revised list of all the law questions made by them during the year.

The Committee on Revisals were instructed to inquire into the expediency of inserting a provision in the Discipline that when a member of an Annual Conference has been expelled for immorality, a Quarterly Conference shall not re-license him without first having the consent of the Conference by which he was expelled.

A motion was introduced requesting the Committee on the Itinerancy to inquire into the expediency of changing the time of holding the next General Conference of the M. E. Church on the first day of May, 1863 or 1865, and subsequently every fourth year.

A resolution was offered allowing each Annual Conference full power, by a vote of two-thirds present, to disallow the claims of any candidate upon its funds, and when the claim is allowed to graduate the amount as may be deemed proper. Referred to committee on Temporal Economy.

The following resolution was offered and referred to the Committee on Law Questions: "Is a preacher in a charge, *obliged* to receive a properly authenticated certificate of a member, when he is aware such reception would disturb the peace and quiet of the church?"

The Committee on Revisals were requested to consider the propriety of changing the chapter "on Printing Books," &c., as to admit of the election of Agents as Book Agents.

Closed with singing the doxology and benediction by Rev. J. Bain, of Erie Conference.

NINTH DAY.

Conference met at the usual hour, Bishop Baker in the chair. Rev. Dr. Demarest, President of Garrett Biblical Institute, near Chicago, Ill., conducted the religious exercises. Journal read and approved.

The committee ordered on yesterday on the petition and memorials from the Genesee Conference, consisting of one from each delegation was constituted by nomination by the respective delegations.

The certificate of the election of Rev. Joseph Gibson, D. D., President of the Conference; Rev. Enoch Wood, Superintendent of Missions; and Rev. A. Hurlburton to represent the Canada Wesleyan Conference was read and the latter, who was present, was introduced to the Conference.

The regular order of business was taken up—the reception of memorials, petitions and appeals, and the following Conferences responded: Baltimore, Black River, Cincinnati, Delaware, Detroit, East Baltimore, East Genesee, East Maine, Erie, Genesee, Illinois, Iowa, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, Newark, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, New York East, North Ohio, Oneida, Oregon, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Rock River, South East Indiana, Troy, Upper Iowa, West Wisconsin, Wisconsin. All referred to the appropriate committees, except all papers of the Genesee Conference was sent to the Special Committee ordered yesterday.

Call for Standing Committees being in order, Rev. Dr. Clark, in behalf of the Committee on Missions, reported in part on the several petitions from the Foreign German Mission, approving of the establishment of a Biblical Institute in Bremen, for the better preparing of young men for the work in Germany; recommending the selection and sending to that country a suitable minister, to become Director of the Biblical Institute and editor of their books and periodicals; and, also, respectfully requesting the Bishops to arrange their Episcopal visits so as to visit the Foreign and Scandanavian Missions once, at least, in the next four years. Report adopted.

The Committee on Sunday Schools reported in part, recommending the publication, by the Book Agents at New York, of a monthly for the use of Sabbath School teachers, generally, to be called the *Sunday School Teacher's Journal*; also, to publish a series of graduated text books, adapted to the regular course of study in the (M. E.) Sabbath schools. Report adopted.

The special committee appointed to try the Appeal of Alpha Wright, of the North Ohio Conference, reported the following:

Resolved, That the decision in the North Ohio Conference, in the case of Alpha Wright, be and it is hereby reversed. The report was entered on the Journal and papers filed.

The action of the Bishops respecting the revision of the Ritual was presented by Bishop Baker. Since its reception, in July, 1856, from the committee appointed on that subject last General Conference, all Bishops and other clergymen have given a full assent to the Bench of Bishops at their last two annual meetings, consequently no definite action was taken, partly because they doubted the right to make any change during the interval of its session. Report accepted and filed.

Session closed with doxology and benediction by Rev. Wm. Hunter, D. D., of Allegheny College.

DR SCHENCK, OF PHILADELPHIA.—This gentleman will be in Pittsburgh, at the drug store of Dr. Geo. W. Keyser, No. 140 Wood street, on MONDAY and TUESDAY, May 21st and 22d, to examine patients affected with lung and bronchial diseases. Those who desire to consult him should do so early, as his stay will positively be limited to the time mentioned. Dr. S. is the proprietor of Schenck's celebrated "Pulmonic Syrup," and "Seaweed Tonic," so celebrated in the cure of the various diseases of the pulmonary organs.

LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEW YORK, May 14.—The Tribune's Chicago correspondent says: The crowd gathers thick and fast, and the thousand strangers are now here. Gov. Morgan, Messrs. Reed and Ashmun, of Mass., and Lane of Indiana, are among the arrivals to-night. Mr. Blair, jr., is here, and leads the Bates interest, which is hopeful and earnest. They count up over the votes on the first ballot, from this or ten States. The highest calculation for Seward on the first ballot was 55 votes. Mr. Cameron's friends from Pennsylvania are here in force, and very clamorous. Ohio will probably lead for nobody but Chase, but would accept Judge McLean or Wade if proffered. Outside of the State there is not much talk about Judge McLean, and he will apparently have but few votes, perhaps none on the first ballot. Mr. Seward still leads; Mr. Bates will come next, and Chase will come third. Having some New England votes, General Cameron will come next; then Abe Lincoln. The latter is much pressed by the Illinois delegates as a compromise candidate, and would be accepted by all the northwest cheerfully for President of the Convention. Messrs. Ashman and Seldon, of Rochester, N. Y., and Corovine, are most named.

The Tribune's Washington correspondent says:—It is now ascertained that Mr. Walker, correspondent of the New York Express here, received twenty-five hundred dollars of the money appropriated by Mr. Wendell to carry the English bill through the House. He will be examined before the next Congress. Attorney General Black has notified the Covode Committee that he desires to be present at the next examination of Mr. Schnabel, and a lively time may be expected.

HAVANA, May 14.—Walker has now obtained all his papers relating to Kansas, and is prepared to close his testimony before the Covode Committee. Among the papers is said to be the original of his inaugural address, with interlining made by the President's own hand, in regard to submitting the Constitution to the people.

The Southern address, urging the seceding delegation to return, was written by Mr. Toombs, and was characterized by his strong will throughout. Modifications were suggested, but none were adopted, for it had not been signed as prepared. Mr. Toombs would doubtless have issued it on his own responsibility.

NEW YORK, May 14.—The correspondent of the Tribune, writing from Buchanan, Texas, gives particulars of the burning of a young white man, a colporteur, and supposed Yankee, who had with him a wagon load of books, consisting of Bibles and religious works, and a few copies of Helper's Impending Crisis. The victim was stripped, covered with tar, tied to a tree over his own wagon, which was filled with faggots and tar, and then set on fire.

NEW YORK, May 14.—*Tribune's Correspondence.*—The weather is beautiful and the excitement and crowd are increasing. Seward's friends are still hopeful; they hope to get parts of the New Jersey, Illinois and Pennsylvania delegations, but they give up Indiana. Mr. Rollins, of Mo., writes that if Mr. Bates is nominated he (Rollins) will take the nomination of Governor, and carry the State in August, on a Republican platform. Mr. Lane, the Republican candidate for Governor of Indiana, says that with Seward, he and his party will inevitably be defeated; but with Bates, McLean or Lincoln, and perhaps others, he can sweep the State. The opponents of Seward insist that he cannot be nominated, since the doubtful States continue solid against him, and to all appearances they must remain so. The California delegation holds a letter from Fremont, positively withdrawing his name.

NEW YORK, May 14.—Robert C. M'Donald, the murderer of Virginia Stewart, attempted suicide today. He is still alive, but the physicians pronounce his recovery almost hopeless.

ST. JOSEPH, May 14.—The pony express with California dates to May 5th, arrived at one o'clock this morning.

The Legislature adjourned on the 30th. Among the acts passed was one granting the right of way to the San Francisco and Los Angelos Telegraph; and another appropriating $160,000 to aid the Transcontinental Telegraph. The appropriations for State purposes exceed one million of dollars.

A rumor prevails that the Rothschilds have sent an agent to examine the Washoe Silver mines.

The pony express, with letters of April 20th, arrived in Carson Valley on the 28th, being eight days and four hours between the telegraph stations.

ST. LOUIS, May 14.—A destructive fire occurred at Nebraska City, on Saturday last, consuming nearly all the business portion of the place, consisting of 42 prominent business houses, including the post office, with considerable small matter, and the government land office, with nearly all its papers; also the hotel. Loss about $120,000; insured [illegible] to $75,000, mostly in Hartford [illegible] companies.

MOBILE, May [illegible] tlemen [illegible]

Thirty-First Congress—Sixth Session.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 14.

SENATE.—There is a slim attendance, owing to a general interest felt in the arrival of the Japanese. The galleries were almost deserted, which led to some witty remarks that the Japanese Embassy drew better than Douglas.

Mr. Crittenden moved that the Senate adjourn.

Mr. Fessenden was opposed to an adjournment for every show that came along.

Mr. Crittenden explained that this rose far above an ordinary show.

After some debate the Senate adjourned by a vote of yeas 19, nays 11.

HOUSE.—The proceedings were unimportant.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The steamer Philadelphia left Portsmouth this morning, for the Roanoke, with the Naval Commission and the invited guests. At 9½ o'clk, she arrived at the Roanoke, whose sails were furled and tops manned. Our band played a national air. Captain Dupont, of the Navy, Captain Taylor, of the Marines, and Mr. Ledyard, our interpreter, went aboard the Roanoke in the first quarter boat; in the second, Commander Lee, Lieut. Porter, Secretary of the Commissioners, Mr. M'Donald, and the invited guests; in the third, the reporters. In the cabin, the formal introductions were made, and Mr. Ledyard welcomed the Embassy to the country, by which their interpreter briefly but intelligently responded. The ceremonies being concluded, and the treaty being announced and exposed to view, friendly intercourse and preparations were made aboard the Philadelphia.

The interview between the Commissioners and Ambassadors, although evidently much more than the latter expected, was conducted with great dignity on both sides, and marked by apparent reciprocal confidence in each other. A feeling of deep interest pervaded the spectators. The interpreters of the Embassy mixed freely among the visitors, and responded to their congratulations in tolerably good English.

The Philadelphia will be in Washington about noon on Monday. There will be to-morrow no formal reception of the Japanese on their landing, by the Government, further than the extension of the appropriate courtesies of welcome under the direction of the officers of the Navy Yard. The grounds have been placed in the best possible condition, and no means will be neglected to make a favorable impression on the minds of the visitors, who will be conveyed to their quarters in carriages under the escort of the marines and district military.

The precise programme for Wednesday has not been perfected, as there are points of diplomatic etiquette first to be determined. The officers of the army and navy have been notified by circulars that it is the desire of the President that they be present at the reception. The former will accompany the General-in-Chief to the executive mansion on that occasion.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 14.—After the transfer of the baggage, boxes of money and treaty case, to the Philadelphia, the Japanese, with the exception of the ambassadors, came ashore in barges, with the commissioned officers from Fortress Monroe, and lastly the yards of the Roanoke were manned. Then a boat with the ambassadors left the Roanoke amid the roar of seventeen guns. They were received on board the Philadelphia by Capt. Dupont and Mr. Ledyard, and showed their respective staterooms.—The reception and dinner on board the Philadelphia was a superb affair. The game, fish, vegetables, jellies, creams, wines, etc., were pronounced by the Japanese to be well suited to their appetites, of which they gave ample evidence. The Philadelphia left the moorings of the Roanoke at 4:15 p. m., and landed her freight at Old Point at 4:30 p. m. The Japanese were received with formal honors, including a salute from the Battery and music by the band.—The ambassadors were escorted around the parapet, where artists sketching outlines views of almost everything inside, as well as the roads and shipping outside, with astonishing rapidity. The officers at the port prepared a hearty table of refreshments at the hotel. They arrived at 6 o'clock with the same honors as at the landing.

At 10 o'clock, a gun from the Navy Yard at Washington announced that the Philadelphia was in sight. Mayor Berry went on board and was introduced to the ambassadors, extending them a welcome in the name of the citizens of Washington, for which they acknowledged their thanks. Capt. Buchanan, in the presence of his brother naval officers, welcomed them in the name of the President of the United States and the country, reciprocating the kind feelings expressed by the Japanese government when the treaty was made by the gallant Perry.—The dignitaries bowed their acknowledgments. The cortege then formed and proceeded to the quarters of the Japanese amid great excitement.

CHICAGO, May 14.—The committee acting for Edward Bates have issued an address to-day, giving various reasons why that gentleman should be nominated for President. They say that Judge Bates, though both a theoretical and practical emancipationist, is a native and life-long resident of a slave-holding section of our common country. His nomination would therefore be a signal and final refutation of the charge of sectionalism, so unfairly, yet so effectively urged against the Republican party. It would render the fire-eating threats of disunion in case of a Republican triumph palpably futile. He is the favorite and candidate of the entire opposition in Missouri and will be supported by them not merely with enthusiasm, but with confidence of success. They firmly believe that Judge Bates' nomination would nearly dissolve the organization which has presented to the nation the highly respectable names of John Bell and Edward Everett, and induce nine-tenths of those hitherto known as Americans, Old Line Whigs, Union men, &c., to cooperate with us in rescuing the country from the hands into which she has been permitted to fall. They believe that the new united opposition in Pennsylvania and New Jersey will be kept united by the nomination of Edward Bates; that Indiana, Illinois and Oregon can be carried with him, and a triumph thus placed beyond contingency. In conclusion, they say: "We entreat you to present the name of Edward Bates as an olive branch to various parties which earnestly desire the overthrow of the filibustering, slavery extending, sham Democracy. As a proffer of fraternal union and kindly regard, do this in a generous, magnanimous spirit, and you will have vindicated our cause from the unjust but damaging imputation of sectionalism."

The address is signed by Frank P. Blair, Horace Greeley, John Defrees, John C. Vogel, Jas. B. Eads and A. D. Wammer, Committee.

CHICAGO, May 14.—The excursion trains from Suspension Bridge, via Michigan Central, and from Buffalo, via Michigan Southern, arrived here at 9:30. The excursionists were received at the depot, amid the firing of cannon, by the immense concourse, and escorted thence in procession through the principal streets, to the Wigwam, where speeches were made by Col. Curtin, of Pennsylvania, F. Hassaruck of Ohio, Caleb Smith, of Indiana, and other distinguished gentlemen. There was much disappointment at not having the Hon. Tom Corwin, who was announced to speak this evening.

Every train arriving brings accessions to the already great number of visitors.

NORFOLK, May 14.—A mass meeting of the citizens of Norfolk county was held, to tender the hospitality of the city to the Embassy. Marshal Parks was made Chairman, and W. E. Foster Secretary. A delegation was appointed, and they proceeded to the steamer on a boat chartered for the occasion, and performed their mission.

LOUISVILLE, May 14.—The river is rising slowly, with 5 feet water in the canal. A thunder storm is now prevailing. Mercury 81°.

TORONTO, May 14.—The steamer Bay State was finally got off yesterday, and came into port but little injured, and will resume her trips immediately.

WHEELING, May 14.—A Whig salute of 33 guns was fired this evening, in honor of the nomination of Bell and Everett.

Notice to Builders and Contractors.

THE UNDERSIGNED [formerly Foreman for ROWLAND PARRY,] would respectfully inform those for whom he has done work, and the public generally, that he is now prepared to furnish SLATE of different colors, blue and purple, or put on in SLATE ROOFS in the most approved manner. Orders for Roofing or Repairing of Slate Roofs (if left at the office of ALEX. LAUGHLIN, near the Water Works,) will be promptly attended to. THOMAS PARRY.
my15:2tnd

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of an execution issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, and to the Sheriff of said county directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, in the city of Pittsburgh, on

MONDAY, the 4th day of June, A. D., 1860, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described property, to wit:

All the right, title, interest and claim of John Obey, of, in and to all that tract or piece of land situate in Chartiers township, Allegheny county, State of Pennsylvania, and described as follows, viz: Adjoining land of Marlatt, and bounded, to wit: Beginning at a hickory on Lorenz's line; thence north 42 deg. east 25 perches; thence south 40 deg. west 26 perches to a white oak; thence south 70 deg. east 2-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing one acre and nine perches strict measure; on which is erected four dwelling houses, out house, stable and being the same land conveyed by Beaty and wife by deed of 1st day of April, 1836, and recorded in vol. 50, page 346 to John Obey.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Obey at the suit of Thomas Howard, executor, and Mary A. Decker, executrix of I. W. Decker, deceased.

JAMES L. GRAHAM, Sheriff.

Brotopoian,

A Substitute for Cream of Tartar.

A NEW, HEALTHY AND CHEAP ARTICLE for making BREAD, CAKES and all articles of food requiring the use of YEAST.

This new and valuable article is not a *drug* but an *article of food*, containing nothing but what gives nourishment to the body. It is *guaranteed* equal in strength to pure Cream of Tartar—is used in the same way in cooking—is *cheaper* in price, and makes bread and cakes of superior quality which remain *fresh* and *palatable* much *longer* than [illegible] Cream of Tartar is used.

This article is approved and recommended by BOOTH, GARRETT & REESE, [illegible] Philadelphia; Dr. SAMUEL JACKSON, [illegible] versity of Penna; Prof. HORSFORD, [illegible] Mass; Dr. JACKSON, [illegible] of Boston; Dr. CHURCHILL, [illegible] [illegible] have [illegible]

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION FOR MAY & JUNE.

JAMES PARK, JR., V. P.
JOSEPH R. HUNTER. | SAMUEL ROBINSON.
SAMUEL SHRIVER. | REESE OWENS.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

[Reported especially for the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, May 15, 1860.

FLOUR—There is no new feature to note in this article. The sales yesterday were as follows:

		Super.	Extra	Ex. Fam.	Fancy.
140	bbls from store	5 50	5 90	6 15	6 75
100	do do	—	5 90	6 20	6 50
60	do do	—	6 00	—	—
25	do do	—	—	—	6 50
50	do do	—	—	—	—
50	do do	—	5 90	6 15	—
75	do do	—	—	6 25	6 75
100	do do	—	—	6 25	—
230	do do	—	5 90	6 15	—
110	do do	5 50	—	6 20	6 75
84	do do	5 50	5 90	6 50	—
30	do do	5 50	5 90	6 15	—
150	do do	5 50	5 90	6 12	—
100	do do	—	—	—	7 00
250	do do	—	5 80	6 10	6 60
74	do do	—	p. t.	p. t.	—
400	do do	—	5 90	6 20	7 00

400 on private terms.

BACON—Sales of 5000 lbs shoulders at 8, 5000 do hams at 10½@10¾; 2000 do sides at 9¾@10; 4000 do shoulders at 7¾@8; 6000 do hams at 10½; 55 do sides at 9¾; 5 bbls do shoulders and hams at 8¾, 10@11; 6 tcs sugar cured hams at 12@12¼.

GRAIN—Rs ex from depot of 200 bush oats at 43; 510 do from store at 44, 46@48; ears 500 bush ear corn at 60, 50 do yellow at 65; 500 do ear at 60.

FISH—Sales 25 bbl bbls white fish at $5.50; 10 do trout