Pittsburgh Gazette.

STEPHEN SHARPE, D. F. WILLIAMS, JR. & E. FERGUSON. J. M. STOKES.

E. BRRETT & CO.,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 24, 1860.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN,

OF CENTRE COUNTY.

ELECTORS.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
HON. JAMES POLLOCK.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
HON. THOMAS M. HOWE.

1 Edward G. Knight,	13 Francis B. Penniman,
2 Robert P. King,	14 Ulysses Mercur,
3 Henry Baum,	15 George Brisbin,
4 Robert M. Fenat,	16 A. R. Sharp,
5 Nathan Hills,	17 Daniel O. Gaw,
6 John M. Broomall,	18 Samuel Galvin,
7 James W. Fuller,	19 Edgar Cowan,
8 Carl R. Smith,	20 William M'Kennan,
9 Francis W. Chalfant,	21 John M. Kirkpatrick,
10 David Wunmin, jr.,	22 James Kerr,
11 David Taggart,	23 Richard F. Roberts,
12 Thomas B. Hall,	24 Henry Souther,
	25 John Greer.

THE CONSTITUTION AND THE WALKER LETTER.—As the *Constitution* is the organ of the administration, not only by open acknowledgment but by a *bona fide* purchase, it is fair to presume that when it speaks in behalf of the President it utters his sentiments. We have, therefore, ever since the publication of the Walker letter, experienced no small amount of curiosity to know what kind of a defence would be set up in its columns for that extraordinary specimen of Presidential duplicity. Our anxiety has at length been relieved by the appearance of an article in the "organ," in which "gratification"—that is its word!—is expressed "that the Covode Investigation Committee has succeeded in making public the letter of President Buchanan to Gov. Walker." This is certainly putting a bold face on the matter, and is about as cool a mode of treating a serious subject as any that we have heard of for a long time. The *Constitution* is really delighted at the publication of a document which Attorney General BLACK could not believe was written by the President, its alleged contents being in his opinion so contrary to the policy adopted by the latter functionary during the past three years! It must be a source of gratification to the members of the Covode Committee that they have been at last enabled to do something to please their "ancient enemy" of the White House, and it is to be hoped that this effort at conciliation on their part will soften the asperity occasioned by the little affair which brought out the Protest a few weeks ago. If their motives, however, were of a different character, we can imagine how very small they will feel when they find out that instead of annoying their correspondent they have been placing him under grateful obligations. Our worthy Chief Magistrate, if his "organ" may be taken as the exponent of his feelings, must enjoy being skinned as much as the cats, in the fable, and like those animals he manifests his delight at the operation by very extensive wriggling. In the course of its article, the *Constitution* further says:

"The object of the Covode inquisition, doubtless, is to involve the President in an inconsistency in first having strongly recommended to the convention to submit the Lecompton Constitution, after its formation, to the people of Kansas, and in afterwards recommending the adoption of this constitution to Congress, although it had not then been submitted.

"The convention did act in pursuance of the advice of the President, so far as to submit the all-important and absorbing question of *slavery* to the people. About the remaining provisions of the constitution there was never any contest. These the convention declined to submit to the people. The President at no period ever withheld the expression of his earnest desire that the constitution should be submitted to the people. After the convention had refused to do this, an entirely new question then arose, namely, should the President disregard and nullify the constitution framed by the convention, and determine not to submit it to Congress because they had acted contrary to his advice? This he could not do with his deep convictions of duty. It is one thing for the President to advise the members of a convention or a legislative body to act in a particular manner, but it is another and quite different thing for him to annul their lawful action because they did not think proper to follow his advice."

And how was the "absorbing question of slavery" submitted to the people of Kansas? By a species of jugglery, no vote could be cast on the question at all without expressing an approval of the Lecompton Constitution, *which was obnoxious in many other respects to the friends of freedom*—notwithstanding the declaration of the *Constitution* to the contrary. It is a well known fact that the President not only *advised* the adoption of the Lecompton iniquity, but he exerted in its favor all the corrupt influences of the government, which he could possibly summon to his aid. He quarreled with Walker because he would not sanction the proceedings of the "Border Ruffian" framers of that constitution, and finally forced him to resign his office. The wrongs of Kansas are too fresh in the recollection of the people to permit the government organ to whitewash the President after this fashion.

THE SLAVE TRADE LEGALIZED.—We expressed the opinion, the other day, that the Supreme Court of the United States would be called upon, in the event of Democratic success in 1860, to decide in the Lemmon Slave Case that the Constitution carries Slavery everywhere throughout the Union. That Court is naturally looked to, by the democracy, to shape the politics of the country, by its decisions; but while it no doubt holds itself in readiness to make any decision which the exigencies of Slavery may require, it has discretion enough not to make it at an unfortunate season. The Dred Scott decision was not made until after Buchanan was elected, and the decision we anticipate will not be made until the Charleston nominee is elected, should that catastrophe ever happen.

But while it is thus holding itself back for another fit opportunity, a South Carolina judge, holding office under the United States, has been last week and has virtually decided *that the Slave Trade is not Piracy!* The Judge we refer to is Judge MAGRATH, of the U. S. District Court of South Carolina, who, on Wednesday the 18th inst. in the case of the United States against Capt. Corrie, of the celebrated slave yacht Wanderer, ruled that it is not the slave trade, i. e. the transportation of negroes from Africa to this country, but the stealing of negroes on foreign shores and landing them as slaves in the United States, which is decided piracy by the Act of May 15, 1820.

Thus, by one wipe of the pen, this U. S Judge obliterates the legal barrier to the re opening of the Slave Trade. The law of 1820, in democratic hands, has never had much vitality; no one has ever been executed as a pirate under it; but it was the sole obstacle to the revival of an infamous traffic; and now it is legally decided that the traffic may be carried on with impunity, even under that law. According to that decision no slave-trader can ever have kidnapping proved against him. Others kidnap, and he is but a receiver.

The mistake of Judge Magrath consists, not in the substance of his decision, but in the time chosen to make it. There can be no doubt that his superiors at Washington have had and now have in view the registry of just such a decision—after the Presidential election. They do not wish, however, to stir up the fears of the North by having it made *now*. The Slave Trade is undoubtedly to be legalized: but Judge Magrath has got six months ahead of time.

The utmost exactions of the fire-eaters will ultimately be yielded and sanctioned by the judiciary of the United States, as it now stands. Only one thing is wanting—the election of the democratic candidate for President in 1860. That once accomplished, we shall have the Slave Trade judicially legalized and Slavery established as a National institution in every State of the Union. What this pleasant prospect in view, who would not help in securing the continued reign of the democracy!

DEATH OF SPEAKER LAWRENCE.—Senator IRWIN, of this city, received a letter yesterday, from Harrisburg, announcing the death of the Hon. WM. LAWRENCE, which occurred at his residence, on Saturday night last, at half-past 11 o'clock. He was perfectly conscious to the last—calm, resigned, and prepared to die, passing off without a struggle. His funeral will take place at Harrisburg, on to-morrow (Wednesday) at 10 o'clock. Had Mr. Lawrence lived, no public man in the State could have expected a more brilliant future. He possessed all the elements of popularity and success, and was energetic, warm-hearted and faithful to every trust confided to him. His early departure from the busy scenes of life will be mourned by hosts of friends throughout the Commonwealth.

CHARLESTON, April 20.—Fernando Wood and his followers arrived here last night, and have established open house at St. Andrew's Hall. He is indignant that tickets should be issued to Soft delegates, as has been determined upon, and will endeavor to make trouble in the Convention. But his efforts will prove ineffectual. He has no party or power.

The friends of Mr. Douglas, though still confident, are not exultant, and fear defection at some weak point. They claim 117 votes at the start, exclusive of New York, but including the East and a portion of the South, and are also sure of his nomination on the fourth ballot, by the aid of Kentucky and Tennessee. If the Southern line be broken and he can penetrate the Cotton States, his nomination will follow immediately, because, with that fact demonstrated satisfactorily, New York would unite and become solid for him. He receives more countenance South than was expected at Washington, but mainly from individual delegates who cannot seperate from their States.

Mr. Bradley of Ala., offers to bet $10,000 he will carry every southern State if nominated, and yet he will not vote for him in the Convention. Others are in the same fix. Strenuous efforts are making to consolidate the South, but unsuccessfully as yet. If such a combination be formed before the Convention organizes, Mr. Douglas will be beaten. That is the turning point of the whole contest. Southern divisions have the effect of increasing his strength.

Mr. Hunter does not concentrate any strength as was expected, and he is opposed by the delegates from New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

The Mississippi, Florida, Alabama, Arkansas, and Louisiana delegates threaten to bolt unless the platform is acceptable, or the candidate obviates the objection. Those from South Carolina are less exacting, but must co-operate in a certain contingency.

It is said the Administration has become alarmed at the prospect of Mr. Douglas and Messrs. Slidell and Bright have been sent here to defeat him at any sacrifice.

If Mr. Douglas be defeated, a formidable movement will be made for Mr. Guthrie by the delegates from New England and New York, if any encouragement from the South be given outside of Kentucky. There is a strong inclination in that direction already, seconded by quite influence from Pennsylvania.—*Tribune.*

We copy two graceful and pleasant specimens of the political literature of the region where the Democratic party is strongest. It is strange that Northern people will be deaf to such gentle expostulations. The first is from the *Southern Confederacy* of the Atalanta, (Ga.):

"Let our citizens make an example of about forty of the ringleaders that invest this community by a general gibbeting from the railroad bridge. It is unnecessary to erect a gallows, but to swing them like dogs from the most convenient place. When the time for action comes we can point them out, and if necessary will adjust the grapevine. We are opposed to hanging an abolitionist with a rope, we prefer something that is indigenous to the soil of the country. Hence we suggest a tough grapevine.

The abolition and incendiary scoundrels must be driven from this city very soon, or else assassination and murder will be the consequence. He that hath ears to hear let him hear, and he that hath eyes to see let him see."

The other is from a Texas correspondent of the New Orleans *True Delta*, and is copied approvingly into the *Washington States and Union*. The writer is giving an account of the Democratic Convention at Galveston:

"Kaness county sent Leland (one of the New York brothers that purchased a sheep ranche in our State over a year ago) to represent her. He was questioned as to his Democracy, and stated that he had voted for Fremont. Considerable excitement prevailed; he was ejected, and Kaness county not represented. Some were for mobbing and some for hanging him! He was allowed to retire."

The man "was allowed to retire." After having confessed that he had voted for Fremont, he was neither hanged nor mobbed as the just indignation of the outraged convention suggested, but was suffered to go home. And yet there are people so unreasonable as to complain that the rights of free men are not protected in some portions of the Union.—*Prov. Journal.*

ANOTHER EXODUS FROM IRELAND.—The London Times, of the 2d, has an article devoted to the emigration, from which it appears that nearly 34 per cent of the last four years have suspended emigration have no longer that effect, but that there is a regular flight of emigrants from the western part of Ireland. Three hundred passengers were embarked at Queenstown, on the Edinburg, for New York. A large number on the Anglo-Saxon, for Portland. Two hundred passed through Sligo for Liverpool, and many more were going by Galway. The great majority of them was from Belmullet, in the County of Mayo. A considerable number also belonged to the county of Sligo. The tide of emigration (says a local paper) has set in right earnest from the western province.

REV. DR. POMEROY FORGIVEN.—Our readers will remember the case of Dr. Pomeroy, the defaulter, upon whom was practised the confidence or "extortion" time, in Boston, some time since. We now learn that the First Church in Bangor, Maine, of which Dr. Pomeroy has long been a member, after a careful and anxious investigation of his case, through a period of nearly four months, have recently communicated to him the assurance of their cordial and entire forgiveness, declaring him entitled to all the rights and privileges of a member in good and regular standing, and affectionately recommending him to the sympathy and confidence of the churches of Christ throughout the world. The final action was entire unanimity.

THE ADAMS EXPRESS ROBBERY.—*The safe recovered!*—The Adams Express Company's safe, which was stolen from their messenger on the Boston train on Monday night, has been found half a mile below Westport. The bottom was broken open apparently with a hatchet. The pouches which contained the money were cut open, and the contents gone. The thief will find it difficult to dispose of the money—at least the greater portion of it—as the bills are large.

THE EXPECTED VETO.—Mr. Buchanan having caused it to be semi-officially announced that he will veto all bills appropriating money to pay the expense of the House investigating committee, I have no doubt that the House will cut off all the appropriations to pay the expenses of the President's household, and refuse to vote every contingent heretofore freely accorded. This is really offering King James a very handsome Roland for a very mean Oliver.—*Phil. Press.*

FEMALE EXTRAVAGANCE.—In New Orleans a few days since Mr. B., who has a salary of $2,000 per annum, was sued for $6 45, the amount of a bill of dress goods sold to his wife within ten days, in November last. The articles were not necessaries under the most liberal use of that term, and it appeared in evidence that the husband had forbidden the plaintiff to trust his wife. The Court decided that the plaintiff could not recover.

THE DEATH PENALTY IN NEW YORK.—A bill has passed both branches of the State legislature of New York, essentially modifying the death penalty. Executions hereafter are only to be for treason, arson and murder in the first degree. In cases of death sentence, the execution shall not take place until one year after sentence shall have been passed, nor until the issue of the Governor's warrant.

A DELPHIC ORACLE IN MISSISSIPPI.—Bunsby himself could not beat the following opinion, expressed in a Mississippi paper:

"Public opinion is fast settling into the firm conviction that either the nominee of the Charleston Convention or the nominee of the Chicago Convention will, for the next four years hold the reins of government."

INSANITY RESULTING FROM VANITY.—The Lafayette (Ind.) Journal says the sheriff of that county recently took a young fellow to the lunatic asylum from that place, who is remarkably handsome, and whose insanity is believed to have been produced by a morbid development of his self-conceit.

GOV. WISE AND THE PRESIDENCY.—EX-GOV. Wise, of Va., has written a letter stating that inasmuch as his State has not declared its preference for him for the Presidency, he declines to have his name presented primarily to the Charleston convention. He desires Virginia to vote as a unit in that body.

A FRIEND has sent us a fine engraving representing an eminent poet borne upward into the air by an eagle. We never before saw a poet upon the back of an eagle, though we are grieved to confess that we have seen many a one *"upon a lark"*

SIX cargoes of foreign wool, offered for free entry at Boston and New York under the provision admitting without duty such wool as is invoiced at less than 20 cents, have been stopped and made to pay duties amounting to nearly $100,000.

VERDICT AGAINST A RAILROAD.—Boston, April 20. The jury in the case of Mary E. Cleyes, who instituted a suit against the Boston and Worcester Railroad, in consequence of personal injuries received, has rendered a verdict of $10,000 damages against the Company.

SLAVE SALE.—As a specimen of the results of polygamy, it is related that a young English woman was recently sold to a man in Salt Lake City for a load of pumkins.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

[For the Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MESSRS. EDITORS: An anonymous scribbler who styles himself "Rustieus," sneaks into your last weekly paper, which only circulates out of the city, with a lame defence of Gen. Moorhead against the charges contained in the "Rail Road Record." "Rusticus" took good care not to insert his challenge to produce the proof of these charges in your daily paper, but slips them into the weekly just in time to influence the primary meetings in the country districts before a reply could possibly be made. It was only by accident, while in the country, I heard of this sharp electioneering exploit of Monsieur Rusticus. Now, whether it is proper to assail General Moorhead or any body else through the medium of anonymous handbills, or to defend him by a resort to the same means in a newspaper, is a question about which casuists will differ, and I do not therefore propose to discuss it. But the true inquiry and by far the most important, is, are these charges true against Gen. Moorhead as contained in the "Rail Road Record?" I assert that they are correct in each and every particular, and that they can be fully substantiated by *official evidence*. I have myself carefully examined the minute book of the Pittsburgh City Councils, and the papers on file in the County Commissioners Office, and I am constrained to say that they fully sustain the charges in the "Rail Road Record." Here, then, is the evidence against Moorhead, accessible to every voter, and which cannot be successfully met or impeached by "Rusticus." I challenge him or any one else to attempt it. If any of the people doubt the matter, let them come to the city or appoint a committee to examine the document, and thus satisfy themselves.

Rusticus states that "Gen. Moorhead's connection with the railroads was just as well known two years ago as it is now." This is simply false. The whole matter was entirely suppressed then, by him and his friends. But truth will out; and the General finds himself, under this startling *expose*, in a predicament as awkward as the President, since the publication of his letter on Popular Sovereignty to Gov. Walker. Rusticus is also mistaken in asserting that General Moorhead is in Washington attending to his duties. The *fact is*, the General is at home, shaking hands with his constituents, and affectionately inquiring as to their crops and families, and laying the ropes for a re-nomination. AMERICUS.

A DEAD SCOTTIER.—Mr. Senator Latham recently fixed his status in the political temple, declaiming that, in his opinion, slaves were no more than horses, and mules or land.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

The Mustang Liniment Cures Rheumatism;
The Mustang Liniment Cures Stiff Joints;
The Mustang Liniment Cures Burns and Wounds;
The Mustang Liniment Cures Sores, Ulcers, Caked Breasts and Sore Nipples; Neuralgia, Corns and Warts, and is worth

$1,000 DOLLARS PER ANNUM

To the United States, as the preserver and restorer of valuable Horses and Cattle. It certainly cures Spavin, Galls, Wounds, Stiff Joints, &c. Did you ever hear of any ordinary Sore, Swelling, Sprain or Stiffness, either on man or beast, which the Mustang Liniment would not cure? Did you ever visit any respectable Druggists in any part of the world—in Europe, Asia or America—who did not say "it was the greatest discovery of the age?" Sold everywhere. Every family should have it; three sizes.

ap19:2md BARNES & PARE, Proprietors, New York.

AS THE SEASONS CHANGE, most persons require to use a mild yet effective cathartic medicine, to carry off the foul accumulations from the stomach, which, if permitted to remain, induce illness. WILSON'S HEADACHE PILLS are the best general family medicine now in use.

These Pills are prepared and sold by R. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Wholesale Druggists, and Proprietors of R. L. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE, No. 80, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap19:d&wf

MRS. WINSLOW, an experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases—See advertisement in another column. fa18dawly

DRS. C. H. FITCH & J. W. SYKES, Physicians for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, and other Chronic Ailments complicated with or causing Pulmonary Consumption. Office 191 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. CONSULTATION FREE. A list of questions sent to those wishing to consult us by letter. feb2:2awdlywly

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WHO VALUES COMFORT, HEALTH AND ELEGANCE
Should have one of
THOMSON'S CORRUGATED SKIRTS.

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CHOICE SEED POTATOES, from the best farms of the Genesee Valley, New York, warranted pure:

"NEW JERSEY PEACH BLOW."
"MOUNTAIN DEW."
"PRINCE ALBERT."
"ROUND CARTER."
"CARTER FLUKE."
"ST. HELENA."
"DAVIS SEEDLING."
"BUCKEYE."
"NOVA SCOTIA BLUE."
"WHITE PINKEYE."
"MERCER."
"SCOTCH GEMY."
"PURPLE CHILI."
"NEW YORK CARTER."
"VICTORIA SEEDLING."

Put up in good bags for sale's carriage, for sale at reasonable rates by the barrel, by HERBST & BAKER,
ap24 Corner of Liberty and Hand sts.

Six Patents Combined in One!

THE WILCOX & GIBBS FAMILY
Sewing Machines

COMBINE ALL THE GOOD QUALITIES of Wheeler & Wilson's, Grover & Baker's, I. M. Singer's and Elias Howe's Patents, together with REGENT and VALUABLE improvements by JAMES WILCOX, Manufacturer.

The points of superiority in this Machine are its remarkable *Simplicity, Durability, Accuracy and Ease* with which it is operated. It is noiseless, cannot drop stitches and is adapted to all kinds of sewing.

A Guard has been applied to the machine which prevents its being run in the wrong direction, or the wheel wearing a lady's dress. PRICE $30.

Call and examine at

FAIRBANES & EWING'S SCALE WAREHOUSE,
ap24 No. 51 Fifth Street.

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES.—

FAIRBANK'S HAY, COAL, PLATFORM and

COUNTER SCALES,

The most durable, accurate and convenient Scales made, for sale at

FAIRBANE'S SCALE WAREHOUSE,
oc20:1yd No. 51 Fifth street.

HARPER & BROS.' NEW BOOKS—
Parke Godwin's History of France. Vol. 1st Ancient Gaul.

Old Leaves, Gathered from Household Words, 1 vol. 12mo

Barbara and Rosamond in Science and Arts, a book for old and young, with illustrations.

The Three Pines. Vol. 2d Rainbow and Lucky Farlee, The Cariboo, 1 vol. 12mo.

For sale by J. L. READ, 78 Fourth street.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Will be sold at the Merchants' Exchange, on Thursday morning, April 26th, at 11¾ o'clock,

13 shares Pittsburgh Gas Stock, (new.)

ap24 AUSTIN LOOMIS & CO., Stock Brokers.

TWO AND A HALF YARD WIDE WHITE NET, suitable for Window Curtains, at twelve and a half cents a yard,

Also good bargains from New York Auctions.

ap24 C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market street.

LIGHT! LIGHT!! LIGHT!!—If you wish a very superior article of Burning Fluid, Coal Oil, Lard Oil, Carbon Oil, etc., etc., very cheap, go to

ap24 Corner of the Diamond and Market st.

BRUSHES! BRUSHES!—I am this day in receipt of another supply of fine English Hair Brushes which I will sell very low at the sign of the large English Tooth Brushes. Those wanting anything in this line should call and examine my stock. JOS. FLEMING.

PURE ENGLISH GLYCERINE of the finest quality; also, a very nice article of Glycerine Cream can always be obtained at JOS. FLEMING'S,
ap24 corner of the Diamond and Market st.

A FAMILY CARRIAGE HORSE FOR SALE.—Seven years old, trots well in harness; is quiet; can be driven safely by a lady. Price $160. Inquire of IRAIAH DICKEY & CO.
ap24

FLOUR—3,500 bbls. Flour for sale by HITCHCOCK, McSHERRY & CO.,
ap24 122 Second and 121 First street.

MILL FEED—400 bags to arrive this day at G & P Depot, by HITCHCOCK, McSHERRY & CO.

400 BUS. OATS, 300 bus. Potatoes, 300 bus. Rye, 500 bus. Wheat, 5,000 bus Bar Corn, 5,000 Gunny Sacks, in store and for sale by
ap24 HITCHCOCK, McSHERRY & CO.

FRESH BUTTER—18 tubs. choice; In store and for sale by GRAFF & VAN GORDER,
ap24 No. 114 Second street.

NO. SUGAR—20 hhds. choice quality for sale by GRAFF & VAN GORDER,
ap24 No. 114 Second street.

DRY PEACHES—25 bus. prime halves Dry Peaches just rec'd and for sale by BROWN & KIRKPATRICKS.
ap24

DRY APPLES—200 bus. prime Dry Apples just rec'd in store and for sale by BROWN & KIRKPATRICKS.
ap24

GOOBER PEAS—100 sacks now landing from steamer Commodore Perry for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
ap24

LINSEED OIL.—25 bbls. Pittsburgh make for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.
ap24

PEARL ASH—20 casks for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.
ap24

DOUBLE ENTRY

BOOK-KEEPING,

PENMANSHIP AND PHONOGRAPHY,

Taught by H. WILLIAMS, No. 28 St. Clair street.
ap22

BUTTER AND CHEESE—
21 boxes Roll Butter, (fresh.)
40 do New Cheese—to arrive this morning at
ap23 J. B. CANFIELD & CO'S, First st., near Wood.

200 BUS. PRIME DRIED APPLES in store for sale by [ap23] M'FARE & ANJER.

24 CKS. BACON HAMS AND SHOULDERS in store and for sale by
ap23 M'FARE & ANJER.

25 BBLS. SUGAR HOUSE MOLASSES for sale by [ap23] M'FARE & ANJER.

80 BAGS HUNGARIAN GRASS SEED for sale by [ap23] M'FARE & ANJER.

9 HHDS. LEAF TOBACCO for sale by
ap23 M'FARE & ANJER.

BILL HEADS, printed and ruled in superior manner, at W. G. JOHNSTON & CO'S.
ap14 Steam Job Printing House, 67 Wood street.

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LARGE ARRIVAL!

New Goods from Auction!

JUST OPENED!

Bonnet Ribbons—new and splendid styles.
Fancy Dress Trimmings—all colors.
Garniture Braids and Cords, for Trimmings.
Rich Embroidered Collars and Setts.
Guipure and French Lace Veils.
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Long and Short Black Lace Mitts.
Cotton Hosiery—large assortment.
Gloves and Gauntlets—every variety.
Shirts and Collars—best make.
Cravats and Ties—elegant styles.
Bend, Braid and Mohair Hair Netts.
Zephyr and Shetland Wool.
Morocco Bags and Fancy Baskets.
Fans, Sun Umbrellas and Parasols.
New Styles of Skeleton Skirts.

MERCHANTS AND MILLINERS who buy to sell again will find a very complete stock, at the lowest possible prices.

EATON, CREE & MACRUM,
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THIRD ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS at BURCHFIELD & CO'S, consisting in part as follows:

FANCY SILKS,
SILK ROBES, from $12.50 upwards,
PRINTED BEIGES and GRENADINES,
GRENADINE ROBES,
BEIGE ROBES,
ORGANDIE ROBES,
½ BEIGE ANGLAIS,
FRENCH ORGANDIES,
TRAVELING DRESS GOODS;
Newest styles of CLOTH DUSTERS,
BLACK SILK BUNOUS,
BLACK LACE POINTS and SHAWLS.
BLACK LACE BURNOUS

A large stock of DOMESTIC GOODS very cheap.
ap21

ICE CHESTS, MEAT SAFES, REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, BIRD CAGES, wire and wooden; TOILET WARE, CHARCOAL FURNACES, MASSEY'S 6 MINUTE ICE CREAM FREEZERS, CHAMBER BUCKETS, STOVES, KITCHEN HARDWARE, HOUSE-FURNISHING HARDWARE.

The largest stock at lowest prices.
W. W. BRADSHAW, No. 134 Wood street,
ap21 First door below the sign of the Golden Gun.

NEW AND DESIRABLE STYLES

OF

Spring & Summer Goods

FOR

Gentlemen's Garments,

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Embracing in part, a large and well selected stock of

FANCY FRENCH AND ENGLISH

Cassimeres and Coatings,

Together with fine assortment of

BLACK AND COLORED

Cloths and Vestings,

ADAPTED TO THE PRESENT SEASON.

SAMUEL GRAY & SON,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 19 Fifth Street.

Public Sale of Stock.

Thorough Bred Durham Cattle, HORSES,

And Cotswold and Southdown Sheep.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 25th DAY OF APRIL next, I will sell by Auction, without reserve, at my farm, 4½ miles from Wheeling, Va., on the Bethany Pike, Thirty Durham Cattle, (thirty head took) consisting of Bulls, Cows, Heifers and Calves. Also, a number of Fine Grade Cows, Heifers and Calves. Horses, Mares and Colts, including a Stallion 7 years old, color sorrel, by Imported "Glencoe." Dam by "Trumpeter." Her Dam by Hamlin Moses, jr., &c. Also, seventeen Colts sired by the above mentioned four thorough bred and other superior Mares, two brood Mares and also an excellent two and saddle Horses. One hundred Southdown and Cotswold Sheep, with their lambs, and several Southdown and Cotswold Rams and Ewes of various ages.

Also a number of Agricultural implements.

The stock can be examined any time before the sale. Catalogues containing classifications of the stock can be had by applying to me at my Brewery office, in Wheeling, or at JOS. FLEMING'S, corner Market street and the Diamond, Pittsburgh.

mr23:2tawdtd GEO. W. SMITH, Wheeling, Va.

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STEAM ENGINES, all sizes, on hand or made to order; warranted to give satisfaction. STEAM BOILERS, MILL GEARING, PULLIES, SHAFTING BRICK MACHINERY AND CASTINGS FOR SAME AND IRON WORKS, VAULT AND CELLAR GRATES AND GRATE BARS, always on hand.

JOB WORK AND REPAIRING done on short notice.
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Anchor Bolting Cloths, French Burr Mill Stone, Portable Floor and Chopping Mills—the best in the country—Rose's Patent Water Wheels, Smut Machines and Mill Furnishing of all kinds, at the lowest prices. W. W. WALLACE,
mr10:d6m Office 319 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

Bank Statements.

Statement of the Bank of Pittsburgh.
PITTSBURGH, April 23d, 1860.

MEANS.

Loans, Bills and Discounts	$1,748,182 41
Real Estate and Ground Rent	44,785 82
Stocks and Miscellaneous	11,665 17
Due by other Banks	40,722 47
Bank Notes & Checks	58,057 77
Specie (Gold and silver)	339,478 01
	$2,243,717 45

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$1,142,700 00
Profits and Earnings	212,210 71
Unpaid Dividends and Suspense Acc't.	3,894 10
Due to other Banks	83,129 77
Circulation	239,081 00
Deposits	566,701 18
	$2,243,717 45

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN GRAHAM, Pres't.
Sworn to and subscribed this April 23d, 1860, before me S. SMITH, Notary Public.

Statement of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank of Pittsburgh.
PITTSBURGH, Monday, April 23d, 1860.

Capital Stock	$ 600,000 00
Circulation	200,467 00
Due Depositors	328,007 91
Due other Banks	48,552 16
Loans and Discounts	995,016 46
Specie	141,215 31
Notes and Checks of other Banks	184,429 77
Due by other Banks	65,647 90

The above statement is correct and true to the best of my knowledge and belief. W. B. DENNY, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed before me, this 23d day of April, A. D. 1860. W. H. WHITNEY, Notary Public.

Statement of the Mechanics' Bank of Pittsburgh.
PITTSBURGH, Monday, April 23d, 1860.

LIABILITIES.

Circulation	231,460 00
Due to other Banks	22,127 97
Due to Depositors	122,656 92
	$407,122 81

ASSETS.

Bills and Notes Discounted	$312,003 84
Due by other Banks	34,704 07
Notes and Checks of other Banks	29,887 27
Specie in Vault	79,189 17
	453,816 35

The above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. GEO. D. MYERS, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 23d day of April, 1860.
A. W. FOSTER, Notary Public.

Statement of the Citizens' Bank.
Pittsburgh, April 23d, 1860.

ASSETS.

Loans and Discounts	698,157 41
Coin in Vault, ($5,000 Treasury Notes).	91,237 07
Notes and Checks of other Banks	14,145 51
Due from Banks and Bankers	18,749 10
	$822,289 09

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$440,000 00
Circulation	211,648 00
Individual Depositors	119,791 76
Due to other Banks	29,944 24
	$801,384 00

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. PHILA'S PELLERS, Pres't.
Affirmed before me this 23d day of April, 1860.
SAML HARPER, Notary Public.

Statement of the Iron City Bank,
Pittsburgh, April 23d, 1860.

Capital	$ 450,000 00
Loans and Discounts	716,359 57
Due by other Banks	44,889 25
Notes and Checks of other Banks	23,967 04
Specie	109,892 94
Circulation	205,350 00
Due to other Banks	69 13
Due to Depositors	222,456 61

The above statement is correct, according to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN MAGOFFIN, Cash'r.
Affirmed before me, this 23d day of April, A. D., 1860.
W. H. WHITNEY, Notary Public.

Statement of the Allegheny Bank,
Pittsburgh, April 21st, 1860.

ASSETS.

Capital Stock	100 000 00
Notes and Bills Discounted	757,416 74
Due by other Banks	13,201 21
Notes and Checks of other Banks	16 142 67
Coin	124,720 61
	$911,481 23

LIABILITIES.

Circulation	210,845 00
Due to other Banks	22,045 72
Individual Deposits	145,523 47
	$378,414 19

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. W. COE, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed before me, this 23d day of April, 1860. WM. H. WHITNEY, Notary Public.

GENTS' FINE CALF BOOTS.....$3.50
do Oxfords, 1.50
do Misses, 1.25

The People's Shoe House No. 15 Fifth street, is the place to get a neat pair of CONGRESS GAITERS, OXFORDS or BALS SHOES. ap20 D. S. DIEFFENBAUGHER.

FIREBOARD PRINTS for sale by
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VANDERBILT,	Lefevre, Sat. May	5	Wed. May 23
ILLINOIS,	Grifen, Sat. May	19	Wed. June 6
	Sat. June	2	Wed. June 20
VANDERBILT,	LeFevre, Sat. June	16	Wed. July 4
ILLINOIS,	Griffen, Sat. June	30	Wed. July 18
	Sat. July	14	Wed. Aug. 1

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PAPER, CORDAGE AND TWINE.
mr22:3md

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THIS fine brand of CHAMPAGNE, which until the past year was confined exclusively to the best tables of the Continent of Europe, has now obtained the most unbounded success and popularity in this country. It is recommended by some of the first Physicians of the city of New York, over all other wines, on account of its extreme purity and delicacy, and those who once try it rarely use any other brand. Although one year has elapsed since its introduction into this country, the demand is enormous and constantly increasing. Our arrangements are such as to ensure the quality of the Wine being maintained at its present high standard. The Prince Imperial is imported solely by us, we being the sole agents of Messrs. De Venoge & Co. in this country.

Sold in this city by MILLER & RICKETSON.
E. V. HA