Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 6, 1860.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by G. R. Shaw, Optician, 48 Fifth St.—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock A. M.	62	48
12 " M.	68	52
6 " P. M.		52
Barometer	29 5-20	

Republican Headquarters for 1860, CORNER WOOD AND FOURTH STS.

☞ Entrance on Wood street.

FREE READING ROOMS open every day, (Sundays excepted,) from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. English, German and Welch Newspapers from all parts of the Union on file. Republican Campaign Documents for distribution. The public generally and strangers visiting Pittsburgh are cordially invited to call.

☞ The Executive Committee of the Club meet EVERY WEDNESDAY at the Rooms at 1½ o'clock, P. M.

mr31-dawtf

FOR RENT.—A large and commodious room in the third story of the *Gazette* Building; is well lighted; easy of access, and will be rented cheap to a good tenant. Apply at the counting room of this office.

FORT WAYNE ROAD.—The *Post* of yesterday contains an article in reference to the Fort Wayne Railroad, which gives a very encouraging picture of the prospective fortunes of this great thoroughfare. The public must regard these favorable indications with a high degree of pleasure, because it is one of the main arteries through which the flow of trade and travel to and from Pittsburgh is conducted and our city must sympathize with it in any embarrassments wherein it may be involved. It seems to us very likely that the road will pay, if it is once sufficiently to recover from the temporary paralysis into which adverse circumstances have thrown it. The fact that Mr. Depuy, as the *Post* states, liquidated a portion of its debt last year, affords a reasonable presumption of this, though, in consequence of the wide spread depression in business, its receipts must have been very considerably less than they would be in ordinary times. But we believe that the profits of the road can be increased to a higher figure than they have ever previously reached by a more spirited and energetic management on the part of those to whom this matter is confided. The abilities of Mr. Scott and Mr. Cass have been commented upon in the most flattering terms. May we not look for such a display of enterprise as will give a new impulse to the flagging energies of the road? Hitherto enterprise has been stifled. When opportunities for augmenting the business of the road have presented themselves, the means to embrace them have not been at hand. The future gives promise of an increase of resources, and we hope that they may be employed for the benefit of the local trade, which has hitherto been entirely overshadowed by the through travel. *Foster the local travel*, is a maxim observed by all railroad men. That greater efforts are made to secure the through travel does not affect this assertion. The reason of it is evident—the local travel *cannot* be diverted from the road; the other may.

The importance of this travel is evinced by the liberal encouragement which has been given it by all paying roads. The Central Railroad, which runs an accommodation train nearly every hour in the day, has been cited as an example. The short roads which run into Philadelphia declare, we believe, handsome dividends, and have nothing but local travel to support them. On other hand, the Illinois Central and other Western roads, connecting populous cities and having large amount of through travel, unembarrassed by debt and having almost unlimited resources, have not stood the test of time and are generally deemed bad investments. The cause is that the country they traverse is thinly settled.

The natural acceleration which railroads give to the settlement of the country adjacent to cities is measurably augmented in the case of the Fort Wayne road by the low figures at which desirable property may be bought along its line. Twelve miles from Pittsburgh, on the Central road, there are no locations fit for sites for country houses. Along the whole distance from Sewickley to Rochester, there is a level expanse of fertile land, bordering the Ohio, which is yet unoccupied. The adjacency of the river is not a small matter to those who want fruit. The dense fogs of Spring protect the trees from the frost, so that last season there was a bountiful crop of fruit and vegetables all along the tract we refer to. On the hills back, every tree and vine and plant was blighted. Some single disadvantage retards the settlement of a neighborhood, and that is *the want of railroad accommodations*. It is not too far from the city. The princely dwellings of the New York merchants sind the banks of the Hudson for fifty miles up the interesting river, until the Highlands force a halt for lack of any further settlement. We, before long, anxiously look for the additional accommodation. If it is not put on, some of those who now reside along the road will remove elsewhere. If the local travel is fostered, as the *interests of the road* demand it should be, they will remain, others will come in troops, and the little expense incurred for the present will, like bread cast upon the waters, be returned with ample remuneration.

FREE BANKING LAW.—This important measure will effect an important change in our banking system, and it is likely our city readers feel some interest in its contents. We published an abstract of the first bill that was introduced, but it was much altered by amendments, and we now give another abstract of it as it passed the House. Some of the provisions of the law are taken from the banking law of other States. It empowers any number of persons, not less than five, after publication for six months in a Harrisburg paper, and the local paper, of the number and names of the proposed Association, its location, (which cannot be changed without the consent of the Auditor General, after six months' notice,) amount of capital stock, number of shares held by each stockholder, &c., to form a partnership for establishing banks of deposite, issue or discount, with a maximum capital of $100,000, and a minimum of $50,000, with authority to transact a general banking business for twenty years, and power to increase the capital by giving six months' notice, and receiving the approval of the Auditor General, whose duty it shall be to report annually to the Legislature the condition of all the banking institutions of the State. The notes issued are not to be of less denomination than $5, and will be issued by the Auditor General, all uniform, numbered, registered and counterstamped by him, and stamped on them, "Secured by deposit of public stock." The notes are to be issued in such denominations as are required on deposit with an assignment to the Auditor General of United States or State bonds, at 5 per cent. below their market value, unless they are above par. These bonds are to bear interest, re-valued semi-annually, and if depreciated, additional security required; they may also be exchanged for others of like amount and value.

The banks shall be managed by not less than five nor more than eleven Directors, one of whom shall be elected President. The Directors are to be elected annually on the first Monday of November, and each one must be a citizen of the State, holding, in his own right, at least one per cent. of the stock up to $200,000, and one half per cent. thereafter, ceasing to hold which, or moving from the State, he loses his seat; all vacancies to be filled by the Board. That he holds such stock unhypothecated, and that he will diligently and honestly manage the affairs of the bank, each Director must make oath, to be filed and recorded in the Recorder's office of the county; and no person shall be President, Cashier or Director of more than one bank at a time. One share of stock, paid-up, entitles the holder to a vote or proxy, but no bank officer may use the latter. Shares are fixed at $50 each, and cannot be transferred or draw dividends while the holder, as surety or otherwise, is indebted to the bank; and the stock of persons failing to meet instalments when called, may be sold at auction.

Before commencing business, twenty per cent. of the capital stock must be bona fide in possession of the bank, in gold or silver coin or bullion; and if, after issuing notes, any bank refuses to redeem them in coin, the bills shall be protested by a notary, and if, after being notified by the Auditor General to pay the same, with interest and costs, the bank shall still refuse, it shall be declared insolvent, a committee of three appointed to inquire into its condition, and if they find that it had suspended specie payment, a receiver is to be appointed.

The cashier of each bank shall publish a monthly statement of the condition thereof, in one paper of his county, or in two, if there be a German one, setting forth the capital paid in, the indebtedness of the bank, amount of circulation, deposits, coin in vault, bills, bonds and property, etc. Dividends are to be declared semi-annually, in a sum not exceeding the net profits, officers being liable to the amount of the stock divided, when a dividend impairs the capital. On dividend day the cashier is to render under oath an exhibit of assets and liabilities, as to be published three times in the local paper. No bank can take for security of loan or disbursement, any part of its capital stock, and shareholders and non-shareholders must give the same security. Every bank shall keep on hand gold and silver, or its equivalent, to the amount of twenty per cent. on its circulation, and when that portion is exceeded no more notes shall be circulated, no new discounts be made or dividends declared, until the proportion be restored. Should any bank refuse to comply with any order of the Auditor General, under the act, it shall be subjected and its property vested in that officer.

No bank can withdraw any part of its capital stock, and in case of loss, exceeding the undivided profit, no dividend shall be made; nor at any time to an amount greater than the net profits, after deducting losses and bad and suspended debts. Neither shall a bank circulate drafts, notes, or evidences of debt other than the paper authorized by the act; these shall be received at par in payment of bills of exchange or notes of hand at any bank created under the same. The rate of interest to be charged on loans is fixed at six per cent., which may be taken in advance.

If officers of any bank violate the provisions of the act, or Directors permit it, its franchises are forfeited, and any transfer or assignment, made with a view to or after insolvency, is void.

The law provides for the punishment of dishonest officers by imprisonment in the Penitentiary from one to ten years; authorizes banks now in existence, by a vote of stockholders, to call in their circulation and carry on the banking business under the act, makes the notes a legal tender for taxes, and empowers the Legislature to alter or repeal the act without doing injustice to those embarking in banking under its provisions.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—Before Judges M'Clure and Adams.

April 5.—Com. vs. Edw. Eichenlaub, indicted for a violent assault and battery on Wm. Hobson, while the latter was making a levy on the goods of defendant. Verdict guilty of simple assault.

John Gallagher, of the 7th ward, plead guilty to illegal sale of liquor. Sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and costs. Joseph T. Israel also plead guilty to this offense, and a fine of $20 was imposed on him.

James Howell was found guilty of affiliation, on oath of Catharine Mansfield, and the customary sentence was imposed.

Com. vs. Jane Davis, indicted for the larceny of a pair of shoes from George Watkins' store. Verdict not guilty, owing to a flaw in the indictment, in not giving a particular name to the property.

Com. vs. Bernard Lafferty, indicted for assault and battery, on oath of William Healy, who was convicted of a similar charge, the other day, on oath of Lafferty. Verdict

Andrew Culp pleaded guilty to illegal liquor-selling, and was sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and costs.

Com. vs. Richard Lawrence; indicted for wilful and malicious mischief, in cutting the throats of two horses, the property of Mrs. Margaret Glenn, of Lawrenceville. The men has been very much addicted to drink, and at times was considered insane. The jury found the man not guilty, by reason that he was not in his right mind at the time of the alleged offence. He was sent to the Insane Asylum for treatment.

Com. vs. S. Clarke Allinder, Charles Fingerton and Rufus Connor; indicted for petty larceny. Allinder left the county and forfeited his bail. Connor, it was admitted by the Prosecuting Attorney, was not guilty of the offence, so that only Fingston was left to answer the charge. The facts are briefly thus: About the first of February, the defendant, in company with two other boys, broke into Wesleyan Chapel, in the Fifth Ward; and stole from the basement some pict guilty. Sentenced to 30 days' imprisonment in jail.

Com. vs. Ernest Steple; indicted for selling liquor on Sunday. The prosecutor, a Mrs Shook, stated that her husband was in the habit of going to Steple's tavern, in Lawrenceville, on Sunday and getting drunk, after she had warned Steple that she should prosecute him

FRIGHTFUL CASUALTY.—At the coal works of Wm. B. Hays & Co., 22 miles from the city, near Irwin's Station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, a terrible accident occurred early Thursday morning. It appears that six persons were descending a shaft, in the usual way, for the purpose of going to work in the mines below, when the windlass rope broke suddenly, precipitating the unfortunate men a distance of about 125 feet, killing three on the spot, three of them instantly. Only one of them, young Gilderoy, was alive when found, and he expired in a few minutes afterwards.

None of the party had any bones broken except Mr. Collins, whose back was fractured, and it is supposed death was caused by concussion of the brain. The following are the names and conditions of the unfortunate men:

Thomas Martin, a widower, aged 40, and his two sons, aged respectively 15 and 17; he leaves two children.

James Carline, aged 30, leaves a wife.

Michael Gilderoy and son, Mr G leaves a wife and three children

Mr. Hays, who received a dispatch informing him of the occurrence, early in the morning, started immediately for the works, to attend to the remains of his unfortunates.

No accident of the kind ever before occurred at the works, and of course no blame can rest on the proprietors. It would seem to be one of those occurrences that every now and then startle a community with their fearfulness.

The casualty is a frightful one, and profoundly regretted. The [illegible] was transpired.

SAD AFFRAY.—Two men, named Jackson and Filan, of Mt. Pleasant, Ohio, got into a quarrel about some trifling thing, during which Filan called the other some opprobrious name. Jackson started off after some friends, and with them met Filan near the market house, when he threw a heavy stone at him that struck him on the head and knocked him down. In falling he received another severe wound in the forehead. His skull was fractured and a large quantity of his bone taken out by the physicians who attended him. His brains also oozed out. Death ensued in a short time after the wounds were inflicted. Jackson, Thomas Irvine, and another man whose name is unknown, are now in jail. The affray occurred Saturday night. Both parties were grievously intoxicated.

FRED JONES, says the Zanesville *Courier*, who was to run a hundred yards in one hour, and to put up a stone at every yard with after each basket at the place of beginning—the stone requiring a separate trip—accomplished the feat in the presence of a large number of spectators, in 50 minutes. We alluded to this feat a few days ago, when it was announced about to come off. We have made a calculation of the distance run by Mr. Jones, and the result is three miles.

INJUNCTION GRANTED.—An injunction was granted, on Wednesday, by the District Court, restraining the City Treasurer from levying on the goods of W. G. McCartney, the auctioneer. A business tax had been assessed on his sales, for the payment of which he objected, on the ground that he had paid the usual license before the bill authorizing the city to levy a tax on auction sales became a law. The Court, taking the same view of the case, granted the injunction asked for.

INQUEST.—An old lady named Elizabeth Hackweider, was found dead in her bed this morning. Coroner Bostwick held an inquest over her body, and the verdict of the jury was that she came to her death from natural causes. Her age was 74 years.

SUNDRIES—600 bus. *Ear* Corn: 500 do Shelled do; 500 do Oats; 10 tons Shipstuff; 250 bbls. fresh Mills Flour; 100 do Franklin W. Wheat Flour; 100 do Conway's do; 100 do Willow Grove do. Read and for sale by SIMPSON & NELSON, apl6 Federal street and North corner Ohio street and East Common, Allegheny.

SUNDRIES—100 bbls. Goff & Marshall's Extra Family Flour; 50 do prime A. A. A. & I. X. L Cut and Dry Tobacco; 500 do. Extra Brooms; 500 bushels prime Dry Apples; 60 do do do Peaches; 100 do White Beans; 20 do Rye; 50 boxes Cincinnati White Bottled Starch. For sale cheap at 114 Second street. apl5 GRAFF & VAN GORDER

6 PIANOS TO RENT, at 2, 3 and 4 dollars a month. apl5 JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood st.

SUNDRIES—152 bales Rags; 58 Sheep Pelts; 1 bag Flaxseed; 6 sacks Feathers, (On steamer Hastings to arrive for sale by apl5 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

GROCERIES.—200 prime N. O. Molasses, 150 bbls Salt, and N. Y. syrups, 50 kinds prime N. O. Sugar, 80 bbls Refined White do, 200 bags Rio Coffee, 100 boxes Lump Tobacco, 100 half chests Tea. For sale by R. ROBISON & CO. apl5

FLOUR—1000 bbls Extra Family, Extra and Superfine, 100 do Fancy White Wheat Flour, for sale by apl5 R. ROBISON & CO.

PRODUCE.—100 bush White Beans, 250 bush Dried Apples, 50 do Hominy, 10 bbls Roll Butter. For sale by apl5 R. ROBISON & CO.

HIDES—800 prime Dry Flint Hides just rec'd and for sale by apl5 SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.

CALF SKINS AND KIPS—500 green salted Calf Skins and Kips just received for sale by apl5 SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.

DRY KIPS—300 in store and for sale by apl5 SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING, in all of its branches promptly executed in a workmanlike manner, by apl5 J. & H. PHILLIPS. Nos 20 and 22 St. Clair streets.

MIXED PAINTS of all colors and the best quality for sale by apl5 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

OIL, TURPENTINE, VARNISHES, Window Glass, Putty, Paint Brushes and Patent Dryer for sale by J. & H. PHILLIPS.

LOUISVILLE LIME—90 bbls. White Lime in store and for sale by J. B. CANFIELD & CO.

POTATOES—30 bbls. Nesbannock and June to arrive for sale by J. B. CANFIELD & CO.

PEARL STARCH—Retailers in want of this article would consult their interest by buying from the Agents of Manufacturers. J. B. CANFIELD & CO.

PEARLASH.—30 cases in store and for sale by apl5 J. B. CANFIELD & CO.

[Correspondence of the Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, April 4, 1860.

Eds. Gaz: Both Houses adjourned *sine die* yesterday at noon, and nearly all the members are gone. The Halls, so lately the scenes of life, activity and animated discussion, to-day are bare and deserted. The overtasked clerks alone remaining, to finish up the work which invariably got ahead of them.

The two measures which absorbed attention during the last week of the session were the Sunbury & Erie and the Appropriation Bill. In the intervals between the discussion of these subjects, the two Houses took up and passed nearly all the bills upon their calendars, the bills left over unacted upon being much fewer than usual. The House had 1200 bills on its file and the Senate 1100, and of these some 800 were passed, many were duplicates, a large number were negatived, and about 200 were not acted on.

The House Sunbury & Erie bill, which proposed to substitute a second mortgage for the first mortgage now held by the State, was abandoned. It was a measure of questionable propriety; but it was in all respects a better bill than that which has passed. The Senate bill, as it passed the Senate extended in its first section the time for foreclosing the mortgage to Feb. 1, 1861; and provided in the second section that the Road should have the power to contract with any other road to complete, stock and run it. The House adopted the second section, but amended the first section by adding a proviso that in case of any judicial sale *by the commonwealth* that the contractors should be preferred creditors to the extent of $600,000. When this amendment came over to the Senate, an amendment was offered by Mr. Benson to insert another amendment, identical with that of the House, except that the words *by the commonwealth* were omitted. Mr. PENNEY attacked the Senate amendment in a masterly and effective speech, in which he showed most conclusively that the object of leaving out the words *in italics*, was to allow parties *other* than the Commonwealth to force a judicial sale of the road before the meeting of the next legislature, let the contractors be preferred creditors, and put the road entirely beyond the reach of the State. So effective was this speech of Mr. PENNEY that, although efforts were made to break its force, the Senate voted down the amendment of Mr. Benson by the following vote:

YEAS—Benson, *Blood*, Connell, *Crawford*, Finney, Gregg, *Keller*, M'Clure, *Marsells*, *Miller*, Palmer, Parker, Smith—18

NAYS—Baldwin, *Bell*, *Craig*, Hall, Ketcham, Landon, Meredith, Penney, Rutherford, *Schell*, Thompson, *Turney*, Yardley, Irish, Shaeffer—15.

Democrats in italics.

The Senate then, by a unanimous vote, refused to concur in the House amendments, the House insisted, and Committees of Conference were appointed. The Committees reported in favor of an amendment substantially that of the House. The House adopted the report, by the vote of 68 to 31, and then adjourned, with the immense force of anxious contractors who have been on hand for a week past, and the lobbies of the Senate were soon crowded with eager listeners to the expected debate

It was a night session, and the brilliantly lighted Senate Chamber presented a very animated and lively aspect Mr. McClure sustained the report in a short but well framed speech, and was followed by Mr. PENNEY, who made decidedly the best speech made in either House this session. He was listened to with profound interest throughout; and the highest possible compliment was paid it by a friend of the bill, or one who refused to vote against it, who said, after the debate was over, that it was unanswered and unanswerable Mr. McClure replied in a masterly speech—the very best that could have been made on that side of the question: Mr Penney followed, and the debate was kept up until a late hour, the speakers being Mr. Penney on one side and Messrs McClure and Finney on the other, when the report was adopted by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs Benson, *Blood*, Connell, *Crawford*, Finney, Gregg, *Keller*, McClure, *Marsells*, *Miller*, Palmer, Parker, Smith—18

NAYS—Messrs. *Craig*, Hall, Irish, Ketchum, Landon, Meredith, Penney, Rutherford, Thompson, *Turney*, Yardley—11

By this vote, it will be seen that but two Democrats voted against the bill, Messrs Turney and Craig; Messrs Blood, Crawford, Keller, Marsellis and Miller voted for it, and Messrs Bell, Schell and Schindel were conveniently absent.

Mr Penney's speeches against this bill placed him in the front rank, as a clear headed, subsequent and effective debater He has, by his straight forwardness of purpose, directness of speech and amiability, won the the esteem of all who have been brought into contact with him at Harrisburg, and no man ever stood higher, here, or left behind him a clearer or fairer record I hear this voluntary and cheerful testimony to his worth with great sincerity.

The Appropriation bill was unanimously kept back until the period in the session and hour of the final adjournment. Indeed, so wide was the difference between the two Houses upon this bill, and so determined the majority in each, that it was much feared the bill would fail, rendering an extra session necessary. Fortunately, that calamity was avoided.

The House, as it passed the bill originally, fixed the salaries of the State officers at the old rates, and raised the salaries of the Supreme Judges and the Judges in Philadelphia and Allegheny from $2800 to $3000 a year. In the Senate, the salary of the Supreme Judges was raised to $3600, that of the other Judges was left as fixed by the House, the salaries of the State officers, except the Governor, were raised considerably, and a section was added fixing the salaries of County Superintendents of Schools on a sliding scale, according to the number of schools in each county—$5 each school under 100, $7 each for all over 100 and under 200, $2 each for all over 200 and less than 300, and $1 each for all over 300.

This last amendment was adopted by the House, against considerable opposition, but the House absolutely refused to concur in the other amendments. Committees of conference were appointed, and the House committee refused to concur in raising the salaries of the State officers and Supreme Judges, the committee separated without agreeing. This was on Monday morning. On Monday night the committees again met, and finally agreed to leave the salaries of the State officers unchanged, to raise the salaries of your Judges and those of Philadelphia to $3000, and the Supreme Judges to $3,400. This was agreed to in the Senate but voted down in the House, 49 to 36. On Tuesday morning, the vote on this was reconsidered, and the report was recommitted to the committee. Mr. Penney made a report to instruct the committee to abandon the project of raising the salaries of the Supreme Judges; but his motion was voted down, 8 to 21.

The committees again met, and finally agreed to let the salaries stand as agreed to in the first report, viz: 8 site officers unchanged; Supreme Judges $3,400; Philadelphia and Allegheny Judges $3,000; and to strike out the section about the compensation to County Superintendents of Schools, leaving that matter as at present. This report was agreed to, but in the House was resisted to the last, the vote standing 51 to 41. The bill accordingly went to the Governor and was immediately signed, and just in time to communicate the fact before the two houses adjourned *sine die*.

Your members in both houses, with praiseworthy pertinacity, resisted this increase of the pay of the Judges of the Supreme Court until the last moment; and I am satisfied that nothing but the danger of losing the bill altogether and of increasing the expense and odium of an extra session, induced the House to yield its opposition on this point.

I cannot close this correspondence without cordially testifying to the industry, courtesy, ability, fidelity and energy with which all your Empire, Messrs. Pressley, Varnum, Bayard, Espy and Goehring, of the House, and Messrs. Penney and Irish, of the Senate, attended to the interests of their constituents. Nearly all the bills entrusted to them were passed, and the only one of importance that failed, was the bill to create a new Judge of the District Court of your county. It passed the Senate, but failed in the House, the argument being that Allegheny got an additional Judge *last* year, and that it was piling it on a little too fast for another now.

The bill to prevent the Judges of the Supreme Court from issuing process out of their respective districts, passed the House on Monday. It is in the Governor's hands, and there is some danger that he will not sign it.

The bill to attach Crawford and Erie to the Eastern District of the Supreme Court, did not pass the House, as telegraphed; on the contrary, it was killed by a most decisive vote. R.

City Amusements.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—W. HENDERSON ..... LESSEE

PRICES OF ADMISSION:
Dress Circle and Parquette 50c
Family Circle 25
Colored Boxes 50

BENEFIT OF KITTIE HENDERSON, who will appear as "Capitola," in the "Hidden Hand," and "Captain Charlotte."

FRIDAY EVENING, April 6th, CAPTAIN CHARLOTTE. Captain, Kittie Henderson.

Song of Malta—new song—"It Is Recorded...M C Daly.

To conclude with the HIDDEN HAND—Capitola, with song, Kittie Henderson.

☞ In rehersal, THE INVISIBLE PRINCE.

City Auction Sales.

BUGGY AND BAROUCHE AT AUCTION.—ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, April 11th, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, at the commercial sales rooms, No. 54 Fifth street, one second hand Top Buggy, in good order, and one substantial Baroucha.

apl6 J. G. DAVIS, Auct.

SUPERIOR FURNITURE, ORNAMENTAL GRATES, &c., AT AUCTION.—ON FRIDAY AFTERNOON, April 6th, at 2 o'clock, at the Commercial Sales Room, 54 Fifth st., will be sold, one superior Walnut Book Case, two set superior Mahogany Chairs, two superior Wire Mats, Grates, Fireplace Registers, seven Grates with ornamental fronts. [apl6] J. G. DAVIS, Auct.

SATURDAY, April 7th, is positively the last day books will be sold at the reduced prices—38 and 25c. books at 10c.; 75 and 50c. books at 20c., by Hunt & Miner.

TO BASE BALL CLUBS.—The rules and regulations of the game of base ball can be had at Hunt & Miner's.

BALM of a Thousand Flowers, at 25 cts. a bottle, (half price,) warranted the genuine article, at Hunt & Miner's.

DIED.

On Wednesday evening, April 4th, at half after six o'clock, JAMES HAMPTON BARNES, son of William H. and Eva Barnes, aged six months.

The funeral will take place from the residence of Hon. M. Hampton, No. 257 Penn street, this Friday morning, at 10 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

New Advertisements.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG Man who is qualified to take charge of a set of Books, and a situation as BOOK-KEEPER. Best of city references given. Address D. H., GAZETTE OFFICE. apl6-1w*

KEELER'S PATENT SELF-LEVELING SCALES,

That don't requirenone to carry around a spirit-level, but which always show of themselves just how they ought to stand to weigh correctly.

☞ *They took the highest premium over the Fairbanks Scale at the late Fair held here, as they do over all others.*

They are now made of Pittsburgh iron, and will be made here when the Scales reach a point that will justify it. HAY, COAL, ORE, RAILROAD and all other Scales made to order.

☞ Repairs promptly made by calling on the Agent.

Refer to Messrs. DICK & CO., STEWART & CO., LYON, SHORB & CO., MORRIS & COCHRAN, R. C. NEGLEY, NIMICK & CO., and all others using our Scales.

ISAIAH DICKEY, Agent, mr29-3m Pittsburgh, Penna.

AN APERIENT AND STOMACHIC Preparation of IRON pill of Oxygen and Carbon by Medical Authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and others sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every case of debility, in which it has been found a most absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:

Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhoea, Nervous Irritability, Incipient Consumption, Menstrual Obstructions, Leucorrhœa, Hypochondriasis, Hysteria, Hemorrhoids, Hemorrhage, Palpitation, Chronic Headache, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fevers, Pimples on the Face, &c.

In cases of mental illness, whether the result of acute disease or of the continued prostration of nervous and mental energy from intense application, one trial of the Chalybeate Pills will satisfy the most skeptical of their extraordinary tonic and invigorating effect. It is this latter property, combined with their extraordinary efficacy in all cases of nervous debility, which makes it so valuable in Dyspepsia, Nervous Headache, &c. It also appears to exert a distinct and specific influence upon the blood, which, when it is impoverished, is invariably accompanied by a nervous derangement, which it requires some tonic to remove. This tonic, this medicinal iron, has had a trial of more than 10 years, and is now, without any of those evil consequences which have been so frequently made to follow the use of other preparations of iron, recommended by the most continually laudatory testimony to his worth with great observers and practitioners.

☞ The only Profit from Premiums which this Company has to divide by law are from Risks which have been destroyed.

Insurance made on every description of Property, in Town and Country, at rates as low as are consistent with security.

Since their incorporation, a period of thirty years, they have paid Losses by fire, to the amount exceeding *Four Millions of Dollars*, thereby affording substantial advantages of Insurance, as well as their ability and disposition to meet with promptness all liabilities.

LOSSES AT FIRE.

Losses paid during the year 1859 ..... $106,505 57

DIRECTORS.

Charles W. Sanders, Tobias Wagner, Samuel Grant, Jacob R. Smith, George W. Richards, Mordecai D. Lewis, Owen M. Brown, Isaac Lea, Edward C. Dale, George Fales

CHARLES S. SANDERS, President.
EDWARD C. DALE, Vice President.

Wm A Stout, Secretary pro tem.

J. GARDNER COFFIN, Agent, Office Insurance Company of North America, Market cor. Wood and Third sts. my6

FIRE INSURANCE, BY THE Reliance Mutual Insurance Company of PHILADELPHIA

Incorporated by Special Act of Assembly, Chartered Perpetual. Limited as Perpetual, Merchandise, Furniture and Stock in Town or Country.

Office No. 305 Walnut Street.

Capital $127,931. Assets $276,478 43. Charter Perpetual.

Have this Company insured City Property, worth $1,000,000, as follows:

Government improved City Property, worth	$181,600 00
Pittsburgh City 6 per cent. Mortgage loans	10,000 00
Allegheny county 6 per cent. Penna R. R. loans	37,900 00
Pennsylvania State Loan	10,000 00
Stock of the Pittsburgh Allegheny Bridge Co.	6,000 00
Stock of the Pittsburgh Allegheny Bridge Co.	4,000 00
Stock of the Pittsburgh Fire Insurance Co.	19,150 00
Stock of Delaware Mutual Safety Insurance Co.	1,000 00
Union Mutual Insurance Co's Scrip	160 00
Bank Stocks, Bonds and Insurance Co's Stocks, and Bank paper	3 00
Book Accounts, secured by Mortgages, Policies, Interest and other debts due the Co.	30,373 43
Cash on hand and in Bank	7,311 94
	15,500 00
	$276,478 43

OLIVER TINGLEY, President.
STEPHEN G. HAYS, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

Oliver Tingley, Wm R Thompson, Frederick Sweny, John Bennett, John R. Worrall, H L Carson, Robert Pollard, Fr. Gerlach Laugh, Jas. T. Mellon, James S Woodward, Samuel Stephens, Robert Steen, William Rosser, Benj. W. Tingley, Marshall Hill, T. Lemuel Bethuy, Chas. Leland, Jacob T. Sunting, Smith Ewing, John Ely all, Pittsburgh, Samuel B. Morrison, Allegheny, J. G. COFFIN, Agent, Northeast corner Third and Wood streets.

Fire, Marine and Inland Insurance.

INSURANCE CO. OF NORTH AMERICA, PHILADELPHIA.

Incorporated 1794—Capital $300,000
Assets January 1st, 1860 ..... $1,150,924 75

DIRECTORS—Arthur G. Coffin, Samuel W. Jones, John A Brown, Samuel P. Smith, Charles Taylor, Ambrose White, John Neff, B. Howard Rand, Thomas Hale, William S. Ashmead, James M Dickson, S. Morris Waln, John Sparks, Edward Lafourcade, Francis R. Cope, Edward H. Trotter.

MATTHIAS MARIS, Sec'y. ARTHUR G. COFFIN, Pres't.

INSURANCE CO. OF THE STATE OF PA., PHILADELPHIA.

Incorporated, 1794—Capital ..... $200,000.
Assets January 1st, 1860 ..... $113,303 43.

DIRECTORS—Henry D. Sherrerd, Simon Poly, Charles Macalester, William S. Smith, John B. Rudd, Henry G. White, George C. Carson, William E. Lewis, George C. Carson, William E. Lewis, Thomas Wattson, Thomas Wagner, William Harper, Sec'y. HENRY D SHERRERD, President.

☞ Insurance in the above Old and Reliable Companies, may be obtained by application to

W. P. JONES, Agent, 71 Water st. mr26-dawly

Philadelphia Fire and Life INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 149 Chesnut Street, OPPOSITE THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

Will make all kinds of insurance, either perpetual or at a reasonable rates of premium.

HERBERT P. KING, President.
M. W. BALDWIN, Vice President.

DIRECTORS.

Charles P Hayes, R B English, D. D. Lawrey, C. Sinnickson, S. J. Negargee, F. Ratchford, Secretary. M. B. Cope, George W. Howe, Joseph S. Paul, John Clayton, E. Wright.

J. G. COFFIN, Agent, corner Third and Wood streets. apl2-1yd

Western Insurance Company OF PITTSBURGH.

F. M. GORDON, Secretary. GEORGE DARSIE, President.

OFFICE, No. 22 Water street, (Spang & Co.'s Warehouse.)

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A Home Institution managed by Directors who are well known in the community, and who are determined, by strict business attention, to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the protection to those who insure.

ASSETS, APRIL 30, 1859.

Stock Accounts	$ 90,000 00
Office Furniture	2,160 00
Open Accounts	250 00
Cash	17,836 23
Premium Notes	16,387 25
Notes and Bills Discounted	30,616 12
	153,349 60
	$312,149 60

DIRECTORS.

George Darsie, R. Miller, Jr., Rees J. Thomas, G. W. Jackson, James McAuley, Alexander Speer, Andrew Ackley, my28

W. M. McKnight, Nathaniel Holmes, Alex. Nimick, David Lee Lawrence, William H. Smith, G W. Ricketson, F. M. GORDON, Sec'y.

Eureka Insurance Co. of Pennsylvania.

Office, No 90 Water Street, Pittsburgh.

J. H. SHOENBERGER, President.
ROBERT FINNEY, Secretary.

Continues to insure against all kinds of *Fire and Marine Risks.*

ASSETS, MAY 31, 1859.

Cash in Pittsburgh Trust Company	$50,850 88
Stock Due bills, payable on demand	41,940 00
Discounted Notes	43,625 60
Bonds and Mortgages	11,000 00
200 shares Iron City Bank Stock—cost	10,408 23
200 do Exchange Bank Stock—cost	10,000 00
200 do Allegheny Bank Stock—cost	11,000 00
100 do Mechanics' Bank Stock—cost	10,000 00
Book Accounts	3,849 65
Bills Receivable	12,552 76
	879 91
	$248,190 03

DIRECTORS.

J. H. Shoenberger, W. K. Nimick, John A Negley, C. W. Batchelor, H. D. Cochran, James L. Bennett, myt3ind

J. W. Cass, Isaac M. Pennock, W. W. Martin, R. T. Lemon, Jr., David M'Candless, William Dean, Wm. J. Anderson.

GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY.

OFFICE IN COMPANY'S BUILDING, No. 403 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Authorised capital $500,000 00
Available assets $300,000 00

FIRE, MARINE, CARGO and INLAND INSURANCE. THOMAS B UPDIKE, Agent, mr27dawly No. 97 Water street.

Monongahela Insurance Company, OF PITTSBURGH.

OFFICERS—JAMES A. HUTCHISON, President. HENRY M. ATWOOD, Secretary. Capt. JAS. WOODBURN, General Agent.

OFFICE, No. 98 WATER STREET. *Will Insure Against all Kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.*

ASSETS, NOVEMBER 18th, 1859.

Stock Due Bills, payable on demand, secured by the approved names	$105,500 00
Bills Receivable	23,628 00
Bills Discounted	1,450 00
Mortgages	12,000 00
116 shares Mechanics' Bank Stock—cost	8,125 00
100 do Citizens' do do do	6,176 00
50 do Bank of Pittsburgh do do	2,750 00
40 do Exchange Bank do do	3,050 00
Balance of Stock Accounts	88,00 00
Office Furniture	400 00
Cash	21,455 00
	$231,453 00

DIRECTORS:

Wm. D. Holmes, Robt. Dalzell, Wm. Rea, Joseph Kirkpatrick, Wm. Means, John Atwell, Isa'c B. Robison, Wm. A. Caldwell, Wilson Miller, John McDevitt, Geo. A. Berry, Sam'l McKee, Richard Hays, Jas. Woodburn, James A. Hutchison. jan'26

LIFE INSURANCE.—The GIRARD LIFE INSURANCE, ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY, make insurances on lives. In addition to a paid capital of $500,000, they have a large and increasing reserve fund, affording undoubted security to the insured. In case of profits exceeding fifty per cent. on all premiums paid, Sing. M. D., Medical Examiner, office No. 112 Fifth street, Pittsburgh. For further information apply to WM. HAREWELL, Agent for the Company, No. 75 Grant street.

LIVINGSTON, COPELAND & CO., Proprietors,