Pittsburgh Gazette.

RUSSELL ERRETT, D. S. WILLIAMS, R. B. FERGUSON, J. N. STORER.

R. ERRETT & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:
THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 5, 1860.

FOR GOVERNOR,
HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN,
OF CENTRE COUNTY.

☞ To Advertisers.—The Pittsburgh DAILY GAZETTE has a large circulation among the business men in this and the surrounding cities—among those who BUY and who SELL—and among manufacturers and producers. It may be found in nearly all the counting rooms, store houses, banking houses, hotels, factories and commission houses in the two cities, where it is read and carried home to the families for perusal. As a medium for advertising, therefore, it offers inducements which no other paper in Western Pennsylvania can offer, to all who desire to reach this large class of our citizens. The WEEKLY GAZETTE at this time has a much larger circulation in Western Pennsylvania, Ohio and Virginia among substantial farmers and merchants than any other secular paper in this section of the State.

POLYGAMY IN CONGRESS.—The discussion of the bill for the suppression of polygamy in Utah, which was before the House of Representatives on Monday last, gave rise to an interesting debate. While it placed the more circumspect and ultra of the Southern members in a very peculiar position, others boldly took sides on the question without regard to the doctrines promulgated by them, that Congress has no power to legislate in reference to the domestic institutions of a territory. Mr. Millson, of Virginia, argued in favor of the passage of the bill on the ground that Congress had power to punish murder, arson, forgery and every other crime. Mr. Taylor, of Louisiana, dissented from these views, because he was jealous of any interference by Congress for this or any other purpose. Mr. McClernand, of Illinois, could not, of course, allow an opportunity of this kind to pass without putting in a good word for "squatter sovereignty." He said there has been no instance in which Congress attempted to legislate directly for the punishment of crime in an organized territory; but his position was refuted by his political friend Millson. This difference of opinion as to the manner of meeting a plain question, simply because it affected that of Slavery, amused not only the Republicans, but the more liberal minded of the Southern opposition. Etheridge, of Tennessee—an old Whig, with no love for the fire eaters, and possessing a great fund of humor—could not remain silent with such a provocation for the display of his fun-making propensities before him. He saw how gingerly his old opponents were handling the question, and he resolved to torment them. We extract a portion of the debate, in which he took part:

Mr. Etheridge said two colored persons were conversing about the millenium, when the lion and lamb shall lie down together; one contented himself by replarking that the time had not yet come; while the other said, when it did come the lamb would be found inside the lion. [Laughter.] We have here, however, the lion and lamb lying down together, and it remains for the historian to find out which is the lamb and which is the lion? The Democrats and Republicans harmonize on the vexed question of the power of Congress over the Territories. That his morality might not be questioned, he said he would vote for this bill, or any other, and this disposition should be attributed to his early teaching of piety. He repeated that this question brings up the whole power of Congress to govern the Territories, by which Democrats will be required to stand when the question of Slavery is involved. The Democratic Catechism has been often revised, and so rapidly that the people were not able to keep up with the changes, and now he was required to say that Congress has plenary power, all on one side provided it is in favor of the negro. This was not as yet published as the last authoritative exposition of the Democratic creed, but it would have endorsers more respectable than the Helper Book. Incest, adultery, and polygamy are kindred offences. If punishment may be extended to married persons, it may to single ones. If the law may be applied to white, it may be applied to blacks. The Constitution recognizes slavery no more than it does man and wife.

Mr. Lamar, (Dem., Miss.,) inquired whether the gentleman maintained and asserted the power of Congress to punish slavery and crime in the Territories?

Mr. Etheridge replied, he was showing the difficulties gentlemen may have, for fear they will not see them. Whoever votes for the bill, does so with a distinct understanding that Congress has power to punish adultery, and may extend the power to the interdiction of slavery by unfriendly legislation. But he would vote for the bill, because he believed Congress would always have too much good sense to do it. [Laughter.]

M. Singleton, (Dem., Miss.,) asked whether the gentleman, by voting for this bill, voted for the principle that Congress had the right to abolish slavery in the Territories?

Mr. Etheridge repeated that he would vote for the bill in order to secure of this execrable offense, and because he thought Congress could prohibit it in Utah. It extends its provisions to blacks as well as whites. As to the operation on Slavery, the only guarantee he had was the good sense, liberality, and fair dealing of Congress.

THE Philadelphia *Pennsylvanian* is still endeavoring to delude its credulous readers with the idea that the Republicans are not true and reliable on the tariff question, but on the contrary are very much divided on the subject. To sustain its position it of course draws exclusively and heavily on the columns of the New York *Evening Post*, a Republican paper that fights on its own book for the Southern idea of free trade. The unanimity with which the Republicans in Congress supported the present tariff bill is not referred to by the *Pennsylvanian*. It is content with its solitary "witness," and from the evidence thus elicited, it makes out a case against its opponents with due gravity. This game, however, cannot succeed at this late day. The people of Pennsylvania were cheated by this dodge when Polk was proclaimed by Mr. Buchanan and other leading Democrats, a better tariff man than Clay, but it cannot be repeated with any show of success. The "home organ" should direct its attention to some other political gull trap, and avoid insulting the people with foolish appeals to their supposed ignorance of the history of the times.

HEAVY EMBEZZLEMENT BY A CLERK.—*He invests $20,000 in building—Careful Use of the Proceeds.*—A young man who has been employed for over two years in the gift-book establishment of G. G. Evans, on Chestnut street, has recently been discovered in the act of embezzling large amounts of money from his employer. It appears that the young man had charge of the order department, receiving letters containing money from the postoffices, and then filling said orders by sending the books required. The whole matter being under his charge, he would abstract the money from the letters, make no note of it, and send the books to the persons ordering them. This system has been continued until the embezzlement amounted to over $20,000, and not until lately was there any suspicion of foul play. As soon as a doubt was raised as to the honesty of the clerk, a watch was set at the postoffice, and, by counting the number of packages sent away, and the number of orders entered upon the cash book, the discrepancy was discovered. The young man was then charged by Mr. Evans with the embezzlement and he eventually made a clean breast of it, by relating the manner of obtaining the money, and how it was invested. The young man, it appears, has been married but a few years, and has lived frugally, attending closely to his business. The money abstracted has been used in the building of houses, a number of them having been put up in the lower part of the city last year, paid for out of the money taken from the letters. Contracts were about being entered into for the erection of other buildings this season. Persons who were familiar with the occupation of this individual were led to suppose that the buildings were erected for his employer, Mr. Evans, and not for himself, and thus suspicion was disarmed, and the fraud successfully continued until the watch was set at the postoffice. The houses erected have all been given up to Mr. Evans, and their construction having been managed with due economy, he will not lose much. This, with the fact that the young man is in a bad state of health, has prevented any public exposure of the fraud.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

THE Chicago *Tribune* publishes a list of 42 hotels in that city that will make no deviation from their ordinary charges at the time of the National Republican Convention. Prices at these hotels range from $1 to $2,50 per diem. The *Tribune* adds that every hotel keeper who has been consulted, and it was made an early and strict subject of investigation, has promptly avowed an intention not to advance upon present rates during convention week.

ONE in Ohio they have a lady drummer, who has received a diploma for her skill. Her name is Minerva Patterson, a daughter of Major Patterson, a wealthy farmer of Jersy, Licking county. The Major has organized a band, consisting wholly of his children. Two of his girls play the drums, and the band is said to be one of the best in the State.

EXECUTION AT MORRISTOWN N. J.—Geo. Acker was hung in Morristown jail yard yesterday morning, for the murder of Isaac H. Gordon. He died in eight minutes after the drop fell. In his confession, Acker says that, on the 18th of October last, while he and Isaac H. Gordon were sitting on the stoop of the Montville Tavern, Gordon told him about his money, and he then determined to waylay him and have it. He started toward Boonton, when Gordon soon overtook him, and they walked on together. Acker had been drinking, but still had a faint struggle in his heart against the crime he was about to commit. They came to a pile of stones and Satan said to him, "go ahead, you will never be found out.' He picked up one stone, but threw it down again, and afterward picked up another, which he threw at Gordon with all his might, hitting him just behind the ear. The victim never spoke, but fell on his face. Acker then picked him up under one arm and carried him forty yards to some bushes, where he cut his throat, to make sure work of it, and then rifled his pockets. What become of the money he does not know, as he has never seen it since, and must somehow have unaccountably lost it. Acker then saw blood on his overalls, and stooped down and rubbed his hands in the dirt, after which he made for the canal, where he sunk his overalls with a stone.

Several persons passed him on their way, and one man, whose hat he picked up, asked him to ride, which he declined. He went home, and could eat no supper, but drank a bottle of whiskey. At 11 o'clock at night, despite the remonstrances of his wife, he went out of the house, and back to where he had left the body, hoping to find the money for which he committed the murder. He lighted a candle to look for the things, but was so frightened and trembled so much that he found nothing but the old man's dinner pail and hat. Then he took the corpse on his shoulders, and threw it with the hat and pail into a sand-pit not far off, where he covered them the best he could with his hands.

Then he returned to his house and drank more grog. He did not see a sober hour from that time until he was arrested.

ROBBERY NEAR SAFE HARBOR—*Chloroform Employed as an agent*—The extensive use to which chloroform has heretofore been employed for purposes of robbery in the larger cities, has put the more shrewd citizens upon their guard, and now its application is almost of rare occurrence. The rural thieves, however have at last got hold of the secret, and make use of it with considerable effect. Sometime on Tuesday night last, the farm house of Mr. John Perkins, about half a mile back of safe Harbor, Lancaster County, was entered and robbed of three hundred dollars in gold. The thieves finding one of the doors unlocked, went in and made their way to a room in which Mr. Perkins, his wife and child were sleeping, and having saturated the carpet and other fabrics with chloroform, awaited the result on the outside. After waiting until they supposed the drug had taken effect, they went in and rummaged the room. Finding a small chest or box, which they supposed contained money or treasure, they carried it to a field near by and broke it open, and carried off the money, three hundred dollars in bank notes and silver. An employee of Mr. Perkins, on going to his work the following morning, found the chest, and thinking that all was not right, went to the house, and proceeding to the room of Mr. P., found him, his wife and child in a prostrated condition, bleeding very freely at the nose. A physician was called in as soon as possible, and their condition relieved. They continued to bleed at the nose, however, at intervals during the day, and have otherwise suffered from the effects of the drug. The perpetrators of this outrage are not known or suspected.—*Harrisburg Union.*

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH SOUTH.—*Lastest Statistics*—The following are the figures of Dr. Summers in regard to the membership of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, for 1850:

Conferences	Traveling preachers	Local preachers	Total ministers and members
1. Kentucky	84	231	24,101
2. Louisville	89	242	27,139
3. Missouri	89	153	20,839
4. St. Louis	100	284	24,770
5. Kansas Mission	25	13	1,091
6. Tennessee	183	388	45,917
7. Holston	118	419	51,165
8. Memphis	143	396	41,457
9. Mississippi	127	179	33,424
10. Louisiana	88	108	15,725
11. Virginia	181	216	48,649
12. Western Virginia	60	79	11,847
13. N. Carolina	113	188	44,961
14. S. Carolina	161	230	87,276
15. Georgia	200	57	75,256
16. Alabama	204	583	72,162
17. Florida	82	138	17,649
18. Rio Grande Mission	28	23	1,181
19. Texas	113	175	16,962
20. East Texas	84	218	18,581
21. Arkansas	59	173	15,127
22. Wachita	69	163	13,710
23. Indian Mission	33	67	4,392
24. Pacific	64	44	2,949
Bishops	6	—	6
Total in 1859	2,494	5,177	721,923
Total in 1858	2,420	4,981	699,171
Net increase	74	196	21,852

The total white members is 483,485, of white probationers, 73,166—total of white members, and probationers, 511,601; colored members, 168,206; colored probationers, 81,142—total, 197,348; Indian members and probationers, 4, 236. The total of supernumerary preachers is 167; total traveling, local, and supernumerary preachers, 7,838.

A MAGNIFICENT PRESENT.—By the Columbus *Journal* we get the following, which explains itself:

COLUMBUS, OHIO, March 21, 1860.

J. W. Andrews, Esq.—Sir: Lyne Starling, of the city of Columbus, dying in November, 1848, left an estate of nearly a million of dollars, to be distributed in numerous legacies after his death. This great and responsible trust was committed to you as his executor, without bond or other security for its faithful management, than your integrity.

We congratulate you that this trust has now been brought to a successful termination, in accordance with the wishes, and fulfilling completely the intentions, of the testator, and in a manner alike honorable to yourself and satisfactory to us, the kindred and legatees of the late Lyne Starling.

Wishing not only to manifest our high personal regard for yourself, but to make a substantial acknowledgment of your faithful and valuable services in our behalf, we offer the accompanying testimonial

Respectfully,

LEGATEES OF LYNE STARLING.

[Signed by the Legatees.]

Accompanying this letter to Mr. Andrews was a massive silver salver and pitcher, of several hundred dollars value and in the pitcher were one hundred double eagles of American gold—$2,000.

SEEKING RELIEF FROM CRUELTY.—Much curiosity, says the New Orleans *Picayune*, was awakened yesterday by the appearance, in commercial alley, of a large gang of plantation negroes, who were hanging around the door of some lawyer's office. The police questioned them and after hearing their story, took them to the First District lock up.

There negroes, thirty-four in number, say they are from Oak Grove plantation, fifty miles from the city, belonging to the estate of the late James H. Sheppard. The overseer of the plantation, they say, treated them very cruelly, and, as they could not find out who was their master, so as to complain to him, they resolved to come to New Orleans and consult a lawyer as to who they could seek redress from. They left the plantation Sunday morning, between nine and ten o'clock, and walked fifty miles; most of the time through the woods, in order to avoid detection. They arrived here about noon, and one of the crowd, who was acquainted in the city, took them to Colonel Field's office, but the Colonel was absent, and whilst waiting his return, they fell in with the police.

A more worn out and famished crowd was never placed before in the cell of the lockup. They say there is an other gang on the way, coming for the same purpose, but who took a different road.

FAILURES IN MASSACHUSETTS—*Effect on business*—The Boston Traveller learns that there have been many failures in the country during the last few months, of business men who, while they survived the crash of 1857, were so crippled that they have been compelled to go into liquidation. This has caused quite a large amount of losses to Boston houses during the past winter, which was not calculated upon, and has operated to make business duller than it would otherwise have been. It is probable we have now reached nearly the end of the rope, although it is quite likely that the great amount of suspended labor in the shoe districts will lessen consumption during the present spring to a greater extent on the boots trade than is now calculated upon, and perhaps depress the price of some staple articles which enter largely into general consumption. A firm in the woollen trade, which failed a week or two ago in Boston, commenced business in 1848 with a capital of $18,000. They gave $13,500 a year for the rent of their store, and have now failed with liabilities running up to about $80,000. Among their assets is $18,000 if the suspended paper of parties who have recently failed in consequence of losses incurred in the troubles of 1857.

THE ladies in Livermore Valley, Alameda Co. Cal., are valorous and use pistols as familiarly as they use needles. Mrs. Carthwaite was left in charge of a grocery store there during the absence of her husband. One night about ten o'clock, after the store was closed, a native Californian came to the door, and desired admittance to obtain a bottle of liquor. Mrs. C. informed him that she could not open the store again that night—he was well known as a great desperado character—but he insisted upon entering, and commenced breaking the window. Mrs. Carthwaite bade him go away. He finally broke the door open and rushed upon her with a drawn knife. She fired two shots with a revolver to frighten him, and finding that there was no other alternative, fired again and shot him through the head. An examination was held, and she was acquitted of all blame in the matter.

SUICIDE OF AN ECCENTRIC MAN.—The Baton Rouge *Advocate*, of Friday last, announces the death by suicide of Captain Searles, door-keeper of the last Legislature. From the *Advocate's* account we take the following:

His preparations were completed years ago; a modest marble slab in the old American Cemetery has for a long time told the passer-by where all that was earthly of Daniel Searles should finally repose. His coffin and his winding sheet were familiar objects to his eye, they having long been finished and ready to receive their tenant. We mourn that they received him in their embrace ere the time alloted by Providence for his sands of life to run naturally and peacefully out. About four o'clock on the evening of his death Capt. Searles requested to be left alone, and when by himself he washed, shaved and dressed, lay down on his bed, crossed his left hand over his breast, took a bistol in his right hand, and placing it below the ear, pulled the trigger, and launched his soul into eternity. It was a deliberate act, and characteristic of the Jackonnian will which resolved to do the deed. He died as he had lived, an honest, fearless, though eccentric man; kind of heart, inflexible in purpose, and unconquerable in his attachment to moral and political principles. He died at the ripe age of seventy-nine years, and during his residence of about fifty years in this place, it is to his lasting credit that no man has ever cast a shade of doubt upon his stern integrity.

[COMMUNICATED]

NOTICE.—Having sold my interest in the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine business to Messrs. WILLIAM SUMNER & CO., of Cincinnati, for a fair consideration, I most respectfully and with full confidence recommend them to the public as every way worthy of their patronage and patronage. Mr. WILLIAM SUMNER will continue the business at my office, No 56 Fifth street, until the 10th of April; afterward at their own office, No. 77 Fifth street.

As to the decided merits of Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines over all others, it is a merely necessary for me, at this time, to refer, as the community has long since decided them to be "the best for all family purposes," but would merely state that after three years' experience in the Sewing Machine business, I have not found the slightest cause to alter my opinion of this truly the greatest of labor saving machines. In bidding my patrons and friends farewell in the business, I would ask it of them to extend to Messrs SUMNER & CO. the same generous patronage they have so liberally bestowed on me, and I feel confident that they have at all times been ready to grant to me, and to those in this community who have not purchased a Sewing Machine, I would ask it as a favor to themselves that they would examine Wheeler & Wilson's before being induced to buy one of the many that have but a newspaper notoriety to recommend them to the public.

Yours, with respect,

ALEX. R REED,

mr30:9td No. 61 Fifth street.

HEADACHE arises in most cases from disarrangement of the digestive organs, which arises from a great variety of causes. WILSON'S PILLS have been proved, by an experience of twenty years, to be a simple, safe and perfect remedy for periodically returning headache. They are used by the Faculty as a regular prescription, and are not to be classed with patent medicines, made simply to sell.

These Pills are prepared and sold by B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Wholesale Druggists, and Proprietors of B. L. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE, No. 60, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. apd:4dwF

☞ MRS. WINSLOW, an experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases—see a testimonial in another column. feb13:6dwly F B

DRS. C. W. PITCH & J. W. SYKES, Physicians for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, and other Chronic Ailments complicated with or causing Pulmonary Consumption. Office 191 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. CONSULTATION FREE. A list of questions sent to those wishing to consult us by letter. feb25:wdw1y F B

New Advertisements.

☞ REPUBLICANS ATTENTION!—The Republican Club of the First Ward, Allegheny, will meet THIS EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, at WASHINGTON HALL, Diamond street. A full attendance is desirable, as business of importance will be brought before the meeting.

JOS. K. ROBINSON, Sec'y.

☞ GRAND CONCERT IN BEHALF OF THE GENERAL CONFERENCE OF THE A. M. E. CHURCH.—The Philharmonic Musical Association, under the leadership of Prof. George De Wolf, will give a GRAND CONCERT in LAFAYETTE HALL, on THIS (Thursday) EVENING, April 5th, in behalf of the General Conference of the A. M. E. Church, which is to assemble in this city, May 1st.

A special appeal is made to the Christians of Pittsburgh to attend this concert. apd5:2t

SITUATION WANTED—A Young Man who is qualified to take charge of a set of Books, and who can speak the English and languages fluently, wishes a situation as BOOKKEEPER. Best of city references given. Address D. H., GAZETTE OFFICE. apd5:1t

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE SUBSCRIBER has this day associated with him in the Salt, Carbon Oil and Produce Business, RICHARD C. DALE and W. FOSTER HOPE. The business will be carried on at the old stand, corner of Federal street and the Canal, Allegheny City, under the name and style of LEWIS PETERSON & CO.

April 2d, 1860. LEWIS PETERSON.

LEWIS PETERSON.....RICHARD C. DALE.....W. FOSTER HOPE.

LEWIS PETERSON & CO.,
General Produce and Commission Merchants,
SALT, SALEINE CARBON OIL, warranted pure,
SUPERIOR WHITE LIME, FLOUR AND PRODUCE,
Constantly on hand and for sale at the Warehouse,
Corner of Federal Street and the Canal,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

☞ Consignments of FLOUR and PRODUCE solicited and promptly attended to. ap5:1m wF

SUNDRIES—600 bus. Ear Corn;
100 do Shelled do
300 do Oats;
10 tons Bridgeoil;
200 bbls. Imbe Mills Flour;
100 do Franklin W. Wheat Flour;
100 do Conkey's do do
120 do Willow Grove do do
SIMPSON & NELSON,
Rec'd and for sale by Federal street and North corner Ohio street and East Common, Allegheny.

SUNDRIES—
100 bbls Gulf & Marshall's Extra Family Flour;
50 do prime A. A. & B. I. X. Liquor and Dry Tobacco;
100 doz Extra Brooms;
500 bushels prime Dry Apples;
40 do do do Peaches;
100 do White Beans;
10 do Eggs;
50 boxes Cincinnati White Ribbed Starch;
10 do Work & Co's Star Candles,
For sale cheap at 114 second street.
ap5 GRAFF & VAN GORDER.

6 PIANOS TO RENT, at 2, 3 and 4 dollars a month.
ap5 JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood st.

SUNDRIES—152 bales Rags;
48 Sheepy Pelts;
1 bag Flaxseed;
5 sacks Feathers,
On steamer Hastings to arrive for sale by
ap5 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

LORD ELGIN'S MISSION TO CHINA AND JAPAN in the year 1857, '58 and '59. By Oliphant; 1 vol., 8vo; illustrations.
SAY AND SEAL—a new Novel, by the author of Wide Wide World.
CATILINA CUTIE.
HARPER'S GREEK AND LATIN TEXTS—Upelio Flex, at 40c. Euripides and Horatius; now ready.
For sale by J. K. HEAD, 78 Fourth st.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Commissioners' office, in the City of Pittsburgh, until MONDAY, the 16th day of April, 1860, for putting the wooden structure of a bridge across Monongahela, near Guy's Mill, (said river being the line between Allegheny and Birmingham,) of the same kind of bridge that is there now, with the addition of a good and substantial handrail on each side, as can be seen by examining the old bridge upon the ground. [ap4:2td&1w]

GROCERIES.—200 prime N. O. Molasses,
100 bbls Salt, and N. Y. syrups,
50 kegs prime N. O. Sugar,
30 bbls Refined White do.
200 bags Rio Coffee,
100 boxes Lump Tobacco,
100 half chests Tea.
ap5 B. ROBISON & CO.

BACON.—
20,000 pieces Hams, Shoulders and Sides,
100 bbls Mess Pork,
40 tierces Sugar Cured Hams,
10 do S. C. Dried Beef,
100 packages Leaf Lard. For sale by
ap5 B. ROBISON & CO.

FLOUR—
1000 bbls Extra Family, Extra and Superfine,
500 do Fancy White Wheat Flour, for sale by
ap5 B. ROBISON & CO.

PRODUCE.—100 bush White Beans,
200 bush Dried Apples,
50 do Cloverseed,
10 bbls Roll Butter. For sale by
ap5 B. ROBISON & CO.

HIDES—800 prime Dry Flint Hides just rec'd and for sale by
ap5 SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.
No. 209 Liberty street.

CALF SKINS AND KIPS—500 green salted Calf Skins and Kips just received for sale by
ap5 SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.

DRY KIPS—300 in store and for sale by
ap5 SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING in all of its branches promptly executed in a workmanlike manner, by J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Nos 26 and 28 St. Clair streets.

MIXED PAINTS of all colors and the best quality for sale by J. & H. PHILLIPS.
ap5

OIL, TURPENTINE, VARNISHES, Window Glass, Putty, Paint Brushes and Patent Dryer for sale by J. & H. PHILLIPS.
ap5

LOUISVILLE LIME—90 bbls. White Lime in store and for sale by J. B. CANFIELD & CO.

POTATOES—30 bbls. Neshannock and Chenangoes for sale by J. B. CANFIELD & CO.

PEARL STARCH—Retailers in want of this article would consult their interest to buy from the Agents of Manufacturers. J. B. CANFIELD & CO.

PEARLASH—30 cases in store and for sale by J. B. CANFIELD & CO.

COTTON—24 bales in store and for sale by
mr28 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

New Advertisements.

THE RELIANCE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, PA.
OFFICE, NO. 308 WALNUT STREET,
INSURES AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE,
On Houses, Stores and other Buildings, limited or perpetual, and on Furniture, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, in Town or Country.

CASH CAPITAL $200,510 00
ASSETS 503,508 98

Invested as follows:—
In First Mortgages on City Property, worth double the amount $155,600 00
Ground Rent, free from 2,462 00
City of Philadelphia six per cent. Loan 30,000 00
Penna. Railroad Co's six per cent. second Mortgage Loan, ($30,000) 27,900 00
Allegheny County six per cent. Penna. Railroad Loan 10,000 00
Collateral Loans, well secured 2,600 00
Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Railroad Co., Mortgage Loan 4,000 00
The Reliance Mutual Insurance Co. Stock 24,200 00
The County Fire do do 1,050 00
The Delaware M. S. do do 700 00
Pennsylvania Railroad Company do 4,000 00
Commercial Bank do 6,135 01
Mechanics Bank do 2,812 50
Union M. Insurance Co. Scrip, ($350) 100 00
Bills Receivable 10,267 18
Book Accounts, accrued interest, &c 5,216-62
Cash on hand and in hands of Agents 11,385 14
$303,508 98

The Directors, in January, declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company, and on the Certificates of Profits outstanding, for the year ending December 31st; 1859, without deduction for State Tax, payable in cash.

Also a Dividend of FIFTEEN PER CENT., pable *prorata* on the Capital Stock and Premiums earned, out of the profits of the Company for the year ending December 31st, 1859, for which Certificates of Profits, bearing interest, will be delivered to the Stockholders, and to the insured entitled to receive the same, under the provisions of the charter.

No certificate will be issued for any less sum than ten dollars, or for any fractional part of one dollar. Sums less than ten dollars, and portions thereof, are credited to the insured on the books of the company, and if, within any period of ten years, the said credits amount to ten dollars, certificates therefor will be issued.

Certificates of Profit are liable equally, with the Capital Stock, for the losses and engagements of the Company, and may be converted into Capital Stock at any time, at the option of the holder.

☞ THE MUTUAL PRINCIPLE, combined with the security of a stock Capital, entitles the insured to participate in the profits of the Company, without liability for losses.

Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

DIRECTORS.

Glem Tingley, Wm R Thompson, Frederick Brown, Cornelius Stevenson, John B Worrell, H L Carson, Rob't Toland, Frederick Lemig, Charles S Wood, Jas S Woodward, Samuel Bispham, Robert Steen, William Musser, Benj W Tingley, Marshall Hill, H Lothrop, Charles Leland, Jacob T Bunting, Smith Bowen, John Bissell, Pittsburgh.

B. M. HINCHMAN, Secretary. CLEM TINGLEY, President.

J. G. COFFIN, Agent,
Corner Wood and Third streets.

SATURDAY, APRIL 7TH.
SATURDAY, APRIL 7TH.
SATURDAY, APRIL 7TH.
Positively the Last Day
Positively the Last Day
Positively the Last Day
Positively the Last Day

Books will be sold at the Reduced Prices,
Books will be sold at the Reduced Prices,
Books will be sold at the Bid and Prices,
By HUNT & MINER, Masonic Hall.
By HUNT & MINER, Masonic Hall.
By HUNT & MINER, Masonic Hall.

38 and 25 cent Books for 10 cents each;
35 and 25 cent Books for 10 cents each;
75 and 50 cent Novels for 20 cents each.
75 and 50 cent Novels for 20 cents each.

They are selling off their immense stock preparatory to their removal to their new Store, next door to the Post Office on Fifth street.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!!

JAMES R. LINDSAY,
No. 72 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Importer and Manufacturer's Agent for the sale of
English and American Hardware.

I am now receiving the largest stock of English Goods west of the Mountains.

700 gross Knives and Forks, 2200 doz Pocket Knives,
500 doz Scissors, Files, Trowels, &c.,
From celebrated Manufacturers. Will duplicate any New York invoice. apd5tf

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between George B. Jones and James L. Cooley, under the firm and style of Jones & Cooley, was this day dissolved by limitation. The business of the concern will be settled by either party at the old stand, No. 141 Water street.

GEORGE B. JONES,
JAMES L. COOLEY.

Pittsburgh, April 2d, 1860.

George B. Jones will continue the business as usual at the old stand.

GEORGE B. JONES, Wholesale Grocer and Tea Dealer, No. 141 Water street, above Smithfield. apd2:1wd

DISSOLUTION.—The firm of J. Y. McLAUGHLIN & CO., in the city of Pittsburgh, by mutual consent, W. W. MAIR withdrawing from the concern. The business will be met by R. T. LESCH, Jr., and J. Y. McLAUGHLIN, who will have the custody of the books and papers, and settle up the affairs of the firm, at their office, No. 76 Water street, one door below the house of Hailman, Rahm & Co.

J. Y. McLAUGHLIN,
R. T. LESCH, Jr.
W. W. MAIR.

Pittsburgh, April 21, 1860.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the name and style of MAIR & DAVISON. They will succeed the concern of LESCH & MAIR, and continue the Paddlery Hardware Business, and the sale of Carriage Trimmings, &c., at the old stand, No. 127 Wood street, where they solicit a share of the patronage of the former house and the trade of the public generally.

W. W. MAIR,
J. S. DAVISON.

Pittsburgh, April 21, 1860.

To enable me to give my exclusive attention to another business, I have disposed of my interest in the firm of LESCH & MAIR to Messrs. MAIR & DAVISON, and take pleasure in recommending them to my old friends and customers. R. T. LESCH, Jr.

CROUP.

Children are often seized very suddenly with this disease, which, if not quickly relieved, proves fatal. It generally attacks children in the night, after having been much exposed to damp, cold wind or through the day. Damp houses, wet feet, thin shoes, wet clothes, or anything that obstructs perspiration, may occasion Croup. Mothers! your children are liable to be taken with this dread complaint at a time when you least expect it; but it is not always a disease can be called in a remedy found, and for this reason we would advise you now, and without a moment's delay, to buy a bottle of DR. KEMP'S INVARIABLE COMPOUND. It will cure every case of Croup, if taken in time, and also all complaints attending Teething, Convulsions, Coughs, Colds, etc. It is sold by all respectable druggists. Messrs. CRUCE & DUPONT, New York, are the proprietors, and also sole agents for "DR. BACKSON'S BLOOD FOOD," which for Consumptive and Chronic diseases is a sure remedy. Do not be put off with any other articles. Write to CRUCE & DUPONT, New York, if you cannot get them in your own town.

☞ See advertisement. For sale by GEO. H. KEYSER, Agent, 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa. apd:4dwF

Wampum Coal and Iron Company.

NOTICE.—Pursuant to an order of the Commissioners, named in the first section of the Act to incorporate the Wampum Coal and Iron Company," approved the 20th of May, 1852, books will be opened at the Counting House of William Bagaley, Esq., No. 18 and 20 Wood street, on Thursday, the 5th day of April, 1860, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and will continue open for three days from 10 until 12 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of receiving subscriptions to the capital stock of the said Company.

ap2:dtw.

PAINTERS.

LONG & LANE,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,
No. 105 THIRD STREET,
(Second door below Hanna, Hart & Co's.)
PITTSBURGH.

FLAGS, BANNERS, BADGES AND TRANSPARENCIES made to order at every style. WINDOW SHADES for business houses got up in the latest styles; DRUGGISTS' JARS and BOTTLES LABELLED in the neatest manner and in any styles required. GILDED SIGNS and GLASS done at the lowest rates.

☞ All orders attended to promptly. Prepared Paints and Putty for sale. mr29:3md

PROCLAMATION.—City of Pittsburgh, ss

—Pursuant to a resolution of the Common Council of the City of Pittsburgh, and by virtue of the authority in me vested, I, GEORGE WILSON, Mayor of said city, do hereby give this, my Proclamation, that on THURSDAY, the 5th day of April, A. D. 1860, the Freemen of the Fifth Ward of the said city qualified to vote for members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, will meet at their usual places for holding elections in the said Ward, and then and there elect by ballot ONE PERSON TO SERVE AS A MEMBER OF COMMON COUNCIL for the unexpired term of JOHN ROBB, Esq., resigned.

Given under my hand and the seal of the said city of Pittsburgh the 27th day of March, A. D. 1860, and Independence of the United States the eighty fourth.

GEORGE WILSON, Mayor.

mr29

SUNDRIES—
150 bbds. N. O. Sugar;
40 bbls. Refined Sugar;
500 " prime Plantation Molasses;
100 " assorted brands Syrups;
800 bags Rio Coffee;
29 pocket Java Coffee;
100 boxes assorted brands Tobaccos;
25 catdys do do
160 half chests Young Hyson and Black Teas;
50 catty boxes do do do do
60 boxes Rosin Soap;
24 " German Soap;
24 " Gleam do
50 " Mould Candles;
25 " Starr do
200 bbls. Extra and Extra Family Flour,
In store and for sale by BROWN & KIRKPATRICK.

RESCUED.

WM. D. SMITH, Teacher of Violin, Flute, Melodeon and Singing, has removed to No. 165 Fifth street, above Smithfield, South side, where he will be happy to meet his pupils and friends.

SEASONABLE DRY GOODS
OF EVERY VARIETY.
A good assortment always on hand.
ap3 C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market street.

FOR THE FINEST PERFUMERY
IN THE CITY, GO TO
JOSEPH FLEMING'S,
ap3 Corner Diamond and Market st.

LOCUST POSTS! LOCUST POSTS!!—WATT & WILSON are constantly receiving Sawed Locust Posts 7½ to 8 feet long, and will take orders for any number of any length desired, at lowest rates. ap3

CORN.—1 car Shelled Corn, at depot,
500 sacks prime Ear, in store and for sale by
J. A. FETZER, cor. Market and First sts.

BUTTER AND EGGS.—
6 bbls fresh Roll Butter,
12 bbls Eggs, just received and for sale by
J. A. FETZER, cor. Market and First sts.

LARD.—15 kegs County Lard for sale by
ap3 BECK & LAZEAR.

BUTTER.—4 bbls Fresh Roll Butter for sale by ap3 BECK & LAZEAR.

New-York Advertisements.

Save Your Carpets!

THE great enquiry has been made for a number of years by housekeepers, What shall we put under our carpets to protect them from wear and moth?—This grand and valuable discovery was effected and patented April 1st, 1856, by J. R. HARRINGTON, and is called

Harrington's Patent Carpet Lining.

This article having proved the utility has now come into general use, so much so that scarcely a carpet will be put down with it, and its cheapness puts it within the reach of every family. It is warranted to add fifty per cent. to the durability of Carpets, Oil Cloths and Matting. The details of its merits are too numerous to mention. It can be obtained at any of the principal Carpet Stores throughout the United States, and is manufactured only by the NEW YORK CARPET LINING COMPANY.

Also, extensive manufacturers of MAMMOTH COTTON BATTING AND COMFORTABLES, the best and cheapest that have ever been introduced in the market.

Office 11 Dey St., Salesroom 440 Pearl Street.
NEW YORK.

☞ All orders or information requested will be attended to with promptness and dispatch.
Under the supervision of the patentee.
J. R. HARRINGTON, AGENT.
Manufactory, 448 & 450 Water St., N. Y.
☞ Send for a Circular. mr29:3md

STILL AHEAD!
DOUGLAS & SHERWOOD'S
NEW SKIRT,
THE
"BELLE OF THE SOUTH."
The most perfect and beautiful Skirt ever produced;
MADE WITHOUT CLASPS,