Pittsburgh Gazette:

ESTABLISHED 1786. DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

JOHN R. BRETT & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:
SATURDAY, MORNING MARCH 3, 1860.

FOR GOVERNOR,
HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN,
OF CENTRE COUNTY.

THE READING CONVENTION.—The administration having secured a delegation to Charleston, after its own heart, lest all interest in its favorite candidate for Governor, Mr. WITRE, who was dropped on the third ballot in order to give way to a successful motion of a Mr. Deirich, declaring HENRY D. FOSTER, of Greensburg, the candidate of the party. We need have no better evidence that the wire-pullers of the convention regard the coming contest in this State as hopeless than the complacency with which they abandoned all their favorites and rallied to the support of that gentleman. The political Trays and Blanches, in the midst of their scuffling for the bone, seemed all at once to find out its worthlessness—and having made this discovery, with characteristic magnanimity they overwhelmed their new found candidate with their questionable kindness. How the luminous Bigler, who had already secured a seat for himself and friends in the Charleston Convention, must have smiled at the simplicity of his political associates who thus permitted themselves to be "pleased with a rattle and tickled with a straw,"—and who were rejoicing over a mere shell while he had the kernel in his pocket! To be fooled and hood-winked by any person, however astute and knowing, rather detracts from the dignity of the victim—but to be thus treated by Bigler, the butt of the Senate, and the very personification of political dullness, is humiliating in the extreme.

We can imagine the complacency with which our Senator at Washington must have looked upon the closing scene of the Convention—the little low cunning of his character struggling for a feeble expression in his stolid and unreadable countenance—when the party which was in reality whipped were engaged in shouting over an imaginary triumph. Our Bigler is after all something of a diplomatist, and if his rare genius meets with proper appreciation at the White House, a more responsible station than the one he now holds in the Democratic household will be bestowed upon him. In the meantime, Mr. Foster will have thrust on him the hard work of an arduous and a hopeless campaign, in the course of which he will be compelled to encounter coolness and treachery from political friends as well as the stern opposition of his political opponents. He will be compelled to "bear the brunt" of the popular condemnation which Buchanan and Bigler, in their sacrifice of principle, have brought down on the once powerful and respected democratic party. In a word, he will cease to be Henry D. Foster from this time until the second Tuesday of October, and become instead the representative in this State of the infamous Slave Code policy and all the abominations which the administration of James Buchanan has entailed on the country. This mode of getting a lukewarm friend into a scrape may be exquisite fun for Mr. Bigler—it may cause a great deal of chuckling at Washington as a very fine specimen of adroit management—but it speaks little for the morals of the leaders of the pseudo Democracy.

THE MILEAGE QUESTION.—It is to be hoped that Mr. Sherman's bill to reduce the enormous mileage allowance of members of Congress will soon be enacted into a law. This will reduce the expenditures of the government in that single item, about two hundred thousand dollars in hard money, and at the same time will do no injury to a single individual. There was an attempt made to defeat this proposition last Monday by a system of "dodging," on the part of Mr. Florence and others, but its merits were so manifest that it passed to a third reading by a flattering vote. When it again comes up it will certainly pass the House by a decided majority. What its fate will be in the Senate it is difficult to predict with any certainty, but it is likely that the democratic majority in that body will choke it to death in a parliamentary manner.

It is well known that the present rate of mileage of members of Congress was established at a time when the Representatives of the people had to make tedious journeys on horseback, or in miserable stages, to Congress, when the roads were in so primitive a condition that twenty miles was considered a moderate day's ride; and accordingly a member was allowed a day's pay for every twenty miles of the distance he had to travel; but since the introduction of steamboats and locomotives, which enable a person to travel five or six hundred miles a day at a cost of *three cents* a mile, charging the government *forty cents* for every mile traveled, has, in the eyes of the people, appeared to be bleeding the treasury to fill the pockets of Representatives.

COL. CURTIN.—We find the following handsome notice of the nomination of Col. CURTIN in the Chambersburg *Repository* and *Transcript*. It is a fair sample of the manner in which the action of the Harrisburg Convention is endorsed by the opposition press of the Commonwealth, and must be regarded as a forerunner of the great victory which awaits the Party of the People on the Second Tuesday of October next:

"With Andrew G. Curtin as our standard bearer, in the Gubernatorial contest, we can make such a display of our strength as will put to flight the Federalist *squads* of 'old Buck'—he cannot raise battalions any more. The election for Governor precedes, by a few days, the greatest battle for the Presidency, consequently it was every way important that the People should select a strong man for the first, or advance fight for on its successful termination may depend in a great degree the choice of President—Pennsylvania being the admitted battle ground.

Col. Curtin possesses every requisite for an acceptable Governor. His talents are of the highest order. His experience is of great advantage; for as secretary of the Commonwealth under Governor Pollock—the incomparable, the incorruptible—he became familiar with all the important responsibilities of the honorable position for which he has been nominated.

No administration ever excelled the one of which he was prime minister. None can surpass that one; but if he is elected we can rely upon its camperer. He was watchful of the interests of his native State when in high official position and as Executive his argus eye would penetrate every department of the Government, under his control.

Pennsylvania is just beginning to see that it is possible for her to remove the vast mountain of public debt beneath which she has been groaning for many years. If she desires to continue the happy prospect of liquidating the heavy load of State debt, which was inaugurated while Col. Curtin was Secretary of the Commonwealth, she will place him at the head of the State Government, and enable him to continue the blessings he assisted in introducing.

THE NEW YORK PRO RATA BILL.—The *Tribune*, in announcing the final passage of this bill, in its modified form, in the House of Representatives of that State, by a vote of 65 yeas to 61 nays, remarks:

"The yeas constituted just a constitutional majority; but the four absentees are as likely to go for as against the bill. We hope and believe it will pass the Senate.

And then, if our railroads will promptly and frankly conform to the policy of the State, paying more attention and showing more favor to the business afforded them by our own citizens, spending less efforts and money in attempts to win the custom which properly belongs to other roads, we are confident that they will reap signal advantage from this act. We believe the people of Pennsylvania and Maryland will readily unite with our own in establishing by law the equitable and beneficent principles embodied in this bill, and that our railroads, if their managers will, may secure nearly as much transportation and quite as much pay by carrying through freight at living prices as at the ruinously low rates they have been taking, whenever exposed to equal competition. We trust the managers will resolve so to act, and not endeavor to realize their own rueful predictions."

SHOCKING CASUALTY.—On Tuesday last, says the Crawford *Journal*, a son of Mr. Stockton, of Pend-up, aged 14 years, went with a man who was engaged in drawing logs on his premises. He got two logs on the sled, about two feet shorter, and while the man was loosing the chain to bind the logs, the horses started, causing one of the logs to roll off and pass over the head of the boy, crushing it completely flat and causing instant death.

Mr. Seward's Speech.

The galleries of the Senate chamber were on Wednesday thronged with eager-eyed expectants of the speech which Mr. Seward was to pronounce upon the great issues of the day. When the special order, the Kansas Admission Bill came up, Mr. Seward arose and having presented a memorial of the Kansas Legislature demanding admission, proceeded to speak on the general subject of Slavery and its place in politics. Having reviewed the history of the question, as a conflict between Southern capital and Northern labor, he referred to the coming Presidential campaign, and to the Republicans holding to the principle of preventing the Territories, by constitutional means, from becoming homes for Slavery and Polygamy. He said the policy of the Republican Party was to stand by the freedom of speech and of the Press, the speedy improvement of the public domain by homestead laws; and to encourage mining, manufactures and internal commerce, with needful connections between the Atlantic and Pacific States. He alluded to the fact that many Southern men are not willing to see the inauguration of a Republican President because it is a sectional party, and passed on to prove that the Republican is *not* a sectional organization. He asked, Is it easier for us to bear your sway than for you to bear us? Is it unreasonable that for once we should alternate? He said the real principles of the Republican Party were national. He was no assailant of States. It was well and wisely arranged that the States were sovereign on the subject of Slavery within their own borders. He said John Brown and his associates acted in earnest, though fatally erroneous convictions. He pronounced the act an act of sedition and treason, and criminal to just the extent that it affected the public peace and was destructive of human life. He did not think anything serious would grow out of the oft-repeated threats to dissolve the Union.

Mr. Seward, it will be seen, has addressed himself directly to the point of most general interest,—namely, the controversy carried on between the Democratic and Republican Parties. His speech is a philosophical exposition of the real nature of that controversy, and aims mainly at dissipating the false impressions which misunderstanding on the one hand, and misrepresentation on the other, have created in regard to it. Its tone is eminently dispassionate and statesmanlike, and indicates a desire to allay agitation and remove unfounded prejudice from the public mind, rather than to stimulate the zeal or arouse the enthusiasm of partisan followers.

We are confident that the most pertinacious of Mr. Seward's opponents will find nothing in this speech to strengthen their conviction that there is any unconstitutional nihilism in his views, or intended action, upon the subject of Slavery. Indeed, without a syllable in the way of direct explanation, the whole tenor of the speech is in direct contradiction to the sentiments which have been imputed to him on the strength of declarations which he has hitherto made. He declares that he "knows of only one policy which the Republican Party has adopted or avowed—namely, the saying of the *Territories of the United States, peaceably, and constitutional and lawful means, from being homes for Slavery and Polygamy.*" Unquestionably it will give due heed to all the practical interests and necessities of the country;—but its action, beyond the sphere already defined, must be determined by national emergencies—not by the influence or opinions of individuals.

Mr. Seward deals clearly and plainly with the threats of Southern men, that they will dissolve the Union if a Republican President is elected. Hitherto, he says, the Republican Party has been content to ask itself how many votes it can cast:—these threats enforce another inquiry,—has it the determination to cast them? They touch the pride and self-respect of the majority of the people of the Northern States. The reasons assigned for these menaces rest upon an utter misconception of facts, or a complete and flagrant misrepresentation of the purposes and designs of the Republican Party. The absolute sovereignty of each State, within its own limits, and over its own institutions, is fully conceded,—and the duty of each portion to aid in maintaining and defending the sovereignty of the other is proclaimed. Mr. Seward says:

"The whole sovereignty upon domestic concerns within the Union is divided between us by unmistakable boundaries. You have your fifteen distinct parts; we eighteen parts, equally distinct. Each must be maintained, in order that the whole may be preserved. Hours shall be assailed, *within or without*, by an enemy, or for any cause, and we shall have need, we shall expect you to defend it. *If yours shall be so assailed, in the emergency, no matter what the cause or the pretext, or who the foe, we shall defend your sovereignty as the equivalent of our own.*"

Mr. S. denies the existence among the people of the Northern States of any such feeling of hostility to the South as the Vice President has imputed to them, and declares his hope that, if a different sentiment does prevail in the South towards the North, it must yield sooner or later to the proofs that it is not resented or even feared. Of the Harper's Ferry invasion Mr. Seward speaks in terms of strong denunciation. Brown and his companions are described as "a band of exceptional man, contemptuous equally of that great question and of the parties to the controversy, and impatient of the constitutional system which confines the citizens of every State to political action by suffrage in organized parties within their own borders,"—and he adds:

"While generous and charitable nature will probably concede that John Brown and his associates acted on earnest though fatally erroneous conviction, yet all good citizens will nevertheless agree that this attempt to execute an unlawful purpose in Virginia by invasion, involving servile war, was *an act of sedition and treason, and criminal to just the extent that it affected the public peace, and was destructive of human happiness and human life.* It is a painful reflection that, after so long an experience of the beneficent working of our system as we have enjoyed, we have had these new illustrations in Kansas and Virginia of the existence among us of a class of men so misguided and so desperate as to seek to enforce their peculiar principles by the sword, drawing after it a *need for the further illustration, by their punishment of that great moral truth*, especially applicable in a republic, that they who take up the sword as a weapon of controversy shall perish by the sword. In the latter case the lamented deaths of so many citizens slain from an ambush and by surprise—all the more lamentable because they were innocent victims of a frenzy kindled without their agency, in far distant fires—the deaths even of the offenders themselves, pitiable, *although necessary and just*, because they acted under delirium, which blinded their judgments to the real nature of their criminal enterprise; the alarm and consternation naturally awakened throughout the country, exciting for the moment the fear that our whole system, with all its securities for life and liberty, was coming to an end—a fear none the more endurable because continually aggravated by mere chimeras to which the great leading event lent an air of probability; surely all these constituted a sum of public misery which ought to have satisfied the most morbid appetite for social horrors. But, as in the case of the Gunpowder Plot, and the Salem Witchcraft, and the New-York Colonial Negro Plot, so now; the original actors were swiftly followed by another and kindred class, who sought to prolong and widen the public distress by attempting to direct the indignation which it had excited against *parties guiltless equally of complicity and of sympathy with the offenders.*"

Mr. Seward declares the constant and unalterable devotion of the Republican Party, and of the great mass of the people of all parties in the Northern States, to the Union, and his own conviction that the threats of secession uttered by Southern leaders of the Democracy, and apparently acquiesced in by all its representatives, will prove idle and futile. Their only object is to prolong the ascendancy of the Democratic Party by intimidation—the bare supposition that any party can only secure its reign by terror, affords the strongest possible argument for its overthrow. An Administration, even if it were disposed to do so, could not practice tyranny under a Constitution which interposes so many checks as ours,—nor is any now or special cause for revolution likely to occur.

Mr. Seward, in his public speeches, always relies more upon general principles than upon specific measures. He discusses political topics as if he were a distant, disinterested, dispassionate student of the natural tendency of events, rather than an active participator in the struggles connected with them. But he never becomes merely speculative, and his broadest generalizations have a practical application which no intelligent and reflecting person can fail to perceive and appreciate. This speech we are confident, will have a happy effect in calming groundless fears, and in soothing the intemperate excitement of the public mind.—*N. Y. Times.*

A MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE.—The New Haven Journal of Monday has the following account of the disappearance of Hon. S. D. Northway, of Norfolk, Conn., who went to New York a week ago, and has not since been heard of. That paper says:

"We understand that Hon. S. D. Northway, of Norfolk, was in New York, at the Metropolitan Hotel, on Sunday last, since which he has not been seen nor can be found. We learn from one of the firm of Messrs. Peck, White & Peck, of this city, who has seen a partner of Mr. Northway, that he has been absent from home for a number of days on a collection tour. He visited Boston, and from thence went to New York and put up at the Metropolitan Hotel. He wrote to his wife Sunday evening, telling her among other things that he had just returned from the Rev. E. H. Chapin's church, and finished the letter by informing her that he was then going to Brooklyn to see a friend. The proprietors of the Metropolitan say that it is their impression that he left the house with a gentleman, a stranger to them. He had made an appointment with a member of his firm to see him at the Metropolitan Hotel on Monday morning, but he did not

New Advertisements.

FOR 1860.
The Annual of Scientific Discovery;
Darwin on the Origin of the Species;
Gosse's Evenings at the Microscope;
Owen's Footfalls on the Boundary of Another World;
M'Clintock's Narrative of the fate of Sir John Franklin,
Elliott Women Artists of all Ages;
Life Without and Life Within, by Margaret F Orsoll;
Bacain's Art of Extempore Speaking;
At Home and Abroad, by Sarah Tytler.
The Shelly Memorials, edited by Mrs. Shelly;
Steffen's Life of George Stephenson;
The Life of Sir Philip Sydney;
A New Dictionary of Classical Quotations;
Copeland's Country Life—a valuable handbook;
The American Almanac for 1860;
Huntingdon's Christian Believing and Living. For sale by
mr3 RAY & CO., 65 Wood st.

1860. SPRING 1860.
HATS AND CAPS.
M'CORD & CO.,
HAVE RECEIVED THE NEWEST STYLES OF
SILK, CASSIMERE AND SOFT HATS.
Also, CAPS in great variety.
NO. 131 WOOD STREET.
mr3

IMPROVED PREPARED GLUE, manufactured by the New England Glue Co., Windsor, Ct.—The cheapest and best prepared Glue in the market! Every family should keep it, it is need broken chairs, glass, furniture, &c. Its cementing qualities will prove it to be indispensable.
Retail price 25 cents, with brush. Dealers supplied on liberal terms by W. G. JOHNSTON & CO.,
mr3 Stationers, 57 Wood street.

DWELLING HOUSE AND 4 ACRES OF GROUND TO LET—Situate on the Washington road, 1½ miles from the Monongahela Bridge, near the residence of J. Dilworth, Esq. The house is newly painted and papered, contains hall and six rooms. Well of soft water, fruit trees, stable—privilege of two acres for pasture.—Rent $120 per year; can be had for 3 years.
mr3 B. CUTHBERT & SON, 61 Market st.

STEAM BOAT BOOKS.
Passage Lists, Journals, Ledgers, Freight Books, Cash Books, Crew Registers, Hands' Ledger, Wood Receipt, Fuel Books, Bills Lading, Deck Passage Books, Memorandum Books, Receiving and Delivery Books, for sale by
W. S. HAVEN, corner Wood and Third sts.
mr3 and corner Market and Second streets.

McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.—The intrinsic merits of these Pills, together with the lowest scale of prices, ensure their ready sale. They are prepared and put up, entitles them to the patronage they so largely receive.
mr3 S. JOHNSTON, cor. Smithfield and Fourth sts.

FRESH FRUITS—
200 boxes Messina Orange;
100 do Palermo Lemons,
40 do Turkish Prunes,
Just rec'd and for sale by REYHER & ANDERSON,
mr3 No. 89 Wood st., opposite St. Charles Hotel.

NEW MAPLE SUGAR—1000 pounds just received and for sale by
REYHER & ANDERSON,
mr3 No. 89 Wood st., opposite St. Charles Hotel.

LAKE FISH—300 pkgs White Fish;
200 do Herring,
75 do Trout,
25 do Salmon,
Received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

OUR SPRING STOCK is now completed, comprising the richest SILK and BAREGE ROBES, varying in the number of FLOUNCES from three to fifteen; the celebrated TRAIL SKIRT, and a superior assortment of Domestics. C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market street.

FOR RENT.—The LOWER STORY and CELLAR, or the EWING BUILDING, No. 151 Wood street—Inquire of CHADWICK & SON.
[mr3]

THIRD SUPPLY OF THOSE CHEAP JACONETT SETTS just rec'd, selling at $1,50, worth $2,00, at BURGUNFIELD & CO'S.
mr3

COD LIVER OIL.—Baker's justly celebrated Oil sold by S. JOHNSTON, Druggist,
mr3 corner Smithfield and Fourth sts.

FURNITURE OIL CLOTHS—On baize, figured and imitation of wood and marble, 4.5 and 6.4 wide, for sale by J. & H. PHILLIPS,
mr3 Nos. 25 and 23 St. Clair st.

TRAIL SKIRTS, SILK AND BAREGE ROBES, Plain and Fancy Silks, Chintzes, Brilliants, and a most extensive assortment of Domestics.
mr3 C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market st.

FLOUR—400 barrels Family and Extra Flour, in store and for sale by
mr3 HUNTER & ROBINSON, No. 6 Smithfield st.

CORN—2000 bush. Shelled and Ear Corn, in store and for sale by
mr3 HUNTER & ROBINSON, No. 6 Smithfield st.

MIDDLINGS—10 tons Middlings, in store and for sale by HUNTER & ROBINSON,
mr3 No. 6 Smithfield street.

OIL MEAL—4000 lbs. Oil Meal in store and for sale by HUNTER & ROBINSON,
mr3 No. 6 Smithfield street.

GREEN APPLES—73 bbls. Green Apples in store and for sale by
mr3 HUNTER & ROBINSON, No. 6 Smithfield st.

APPLES—40 bbls choice green apples just rec'd and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

SUGAR—10 hhds N. O. Sugar for sale by
mr3 McLANE & ANDERS, 124 Second st.

New Advertisements.

250 CARRIAGES AT AUCTION.
49th Semi-Annual Trade Sale,
AT PHILADELPHIA.
THIS SALE WILL TAKE PLACE ON
Wednesday Afternoon, March 26 1860,
At 10 o'clock, at the
Phila. Horse & Carriage Bazaar, Ninth & Sansom Sts.
(In the rear of the Continental Hotel.)
PHILADELPHIA.

The collection will comprise about Two Hundred and Fifty Carriages including Fifty of Dunlap's best Buggy Wagons, with and without tops.

☞ Most of the work will be warranted.

☞ There will be no postponement on account of the weather, and the carriages may be viewed several days previous to the day of sale.

☞ Sale peremptory. Terms, cash.

ALFRED H. HERMANS, Auctioneer.

Regular Auction Sales of horses, carriages and harness are held at the above establishment, every Saturday morning throughout the year, commencing at 10 o'clock.

A large collection of carriages and harness, new and second-hand, always on hand for private sale. feb29 1wd

Universal Washing Machine.
CLOTHING, TIME AND LABOR SAVED.
Indispensable to Housekeepers.

THE MOST SIMPLE, ECONOMICAL and durable article ever offered to the public to alleviate the drudgery of wash day.

Description.

It consists of a metal cylinder, with the ribs on the inside, and an interior cylinder of wood with ribs. There is a space of from 6 to 8 inches between the two cylinders. One crank turns both cylinders at the same time in opposite directions, rapidly creating a suds, forcing the water through the clothes, and effectively removing the dirt. The action of the water does the work, quickly, dispenses entirely with rubbing, and thus saves the wear of clothes.

JAMES B. RODGERS,
104 Jones' Alley, Phila., is agent for Pennsylvania.
SULLIVAN & AYATT, Proprietors,
54 Beekman Street, New York.

N. B—State and County Rights for sale, and purchasers supplied with Machines at wholesale on liberal terms.

☞ A Machine is in operation by a laundress daily, at our salesroom, 430, Broadway. feb29 3mdawtw

FOR SALE.
The proprietor, owing to his ill-health, offers for sale that popular and well established Hotel Property, on Liberty street, Pittsburgh, known as the

"MANSION HOUSE,"

SITUATE IN THE IMMEDIATE VICINITY OF THE
Eastern and Western Passenger Rail Road Depots.

The "MANSION HOUSE" is now doing a large transient business and has all the convenences of a Modern Public House. To any one desirous of embarking in the Hotel business, a rare opportunity is now offered. Apply on the premises, or address by letter, the undersigned.
mr1 2wd GEORGE SURENTZ.

NOTICE.—An Act authorizing the German Evangelical Church, of Pittsburgh, to lease and improve a certain lot, and to remove the dead buried therein.

Whereas, the lot of ground on Smithfield street, in the city of Pittsburgh, heretofore occupied by the German Evangelical Church as a burying ground, is now located in a populous part of the said city and is no longer suitable for such purposes; and whereas, the said church has purchased suitable lot for burial place on Troy Hill, near the city of Allegheny.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that the Trustees of the German Evangelical Protestant Church in Pittsburgh, be and they are hereby authorized to disinter and remove the dead bodies buried in the lot of ground occupied by the said church, on Smithfield street, in said city, and cause the same to be properly and carefully buried in the new burial ground belonging to said church, upon Troy Hill, near the city of Allegheny, or in such other burial ground in the county of Allegheny, as the surviving friends or relatives may direct. *Provided*, that the gravestones and monuments that now designate or mark any particular grave shall also be removed and erected upon the corresponding graves in such new burial ground, unless otherwise directed by such surviving friends or relatives.

SEC. 2. That before any bodies shall be removed as provided in the preceding section, the said Trustees shall publish notice of such intended removal for at least thirty days in two German and two English newspapers in said city, and the costs of such removals and reinterments shall be paid by said church.

SEC. 3. That the said German Evangelical Protestant church or the Trustees thereof, shall have authority to improve or lease upon ground rent or for years, all that lot of ground situated on the eastside of Smithfield street, in said city, extending westwardly along said street from Strawberry alley one hundred and forty feet, and running back along said alley one hundred and twenty feet; and to apply the rents and profits received therefrom to the payment of the debts of the said church, the maintenance of public worship, and such other congregational purposes as the said church may direct.

Now, in pursuance of the provisions of section 2 in the foregoing Act, the undersigned, Trustees of the above named church, give this public notice to all those concerned in the removal and reinterment of the dead bodies of any of their friends or relatives from the above mentioned graveyard, on Smithfield street, to call within thirty days from this date at the office of the undersigned, trustees, and to communicate their wishes in regard to it.

GEORGE GERST,
JOHN TENDAM,
AUGUST MIESCH,
Trustees of the German Evangelical Church,
Pittsburgh, February 24, 1860. 30td

FIRST OPENING
OF
SPRING GOODS,
SAMUEL GRAY & SON,
Merchant Tailors,
No. 19 Fifth Street,
HAVE just returned from the Eastern cities, and are now receiving a choice and superior selection of
SPRING GOODS
for gentlemen's wear, of the latest and most fashionable style, to which they would respectfully invite the attention of their customers and the public in general
No. 19 Fifth Street,
fe29 Near Market.

NEW CONSIGNMENTS—
10 bbls fresh Eggs;
6 bbls Roll Butter;
60 dozen Corn Brooms;
240 dozen prime Dried Apples;
50 do White Beans;
75 do Clover Seed;
6 barrels Cucumber Pickles;
16 boxes Lemons;
200 sacks Flour Barrels;
18 bushels Hickory Nuts;
Just received and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER,
fe27 corner of Market and First streets.

THE NEW PATENT CORRUGATED SPRINGS
REDUCING THE WEIGHT OF SKIRTS
AND INCREASING THEIR STRENGTH
NEARLY ONE-HALF,
ARE FOUND ONLY IN
THOMSON'S CORRUGATED SKIRTS.
IMMENSE
HOME AND EUROPEAN
DEMAND!

PROFESSOR WOOD'S
HAIR RESTORATIVE
Was Introduced to the Public early in 1859.
IT IS NOW
Universally used throughout the civilized World.
IF YOUR HAIR IS GRAY,
IF YOUR HAIR IS THIN
IF YOU ARE BALD,
IT WILL RESTORE IT.
IF YOU HAVE DANDRUFF,
IF YOU HAVE SCALD HEAD,
IF YOU HAVE NERVOUS HEADACHE
IT WILL CURE THEM.
TO PRESERVE THE COLOR,
TO PREVENT ITS FALLING,
TO MAKE THE HAIR GLOSSY,
USE WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE,
SOLD BY O. J. WOOD & CO.,
114 MARKET STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.,
PATENT MEDICINE DEALERS, AND
DRUGGISTS IN CITY AND COUNTRY.
Sold in Pittsburgh by Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, D. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO., and all Druggists.

OUR SIXTH LOT OF
GORE TRAIL SKIRTS,
In 16, 20, 25 and 30 Springs,
Just received per Express, by
mr2 EATON, CREE & MACRUM.

HAIR NETS AND HEAD DRESSES—
A lot of new and EXTRA nice patterns received this morning, at
Eaton, Cree & Macrum's,
mr2 17 FIFTH STREET.

ROGERS' LIVERWORT AND TAR;
Scovill's Blood and Liver Syrup;
Hall's Balsam for the Lungs;
Baker's Pain Panacea. JOSEPH FLEMING, corner Market street and Diamond, is agent for sale of the above valuable medicines. mr1

SPRING GOODS—English and French Prints; Muslins, of all width; Challis Delaines; Black and Fancy Silks; Colored and Plain Marseilles Quilts, and all kinds of goods, opening daily.
mr1 C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market street.

RED AND WHITE WHEAT—2 cars each, Ken P., Pt. W. & C. R. R. track, for sale by
mr1 JOHN B. GANFIELD & CO., First street, near Wood.

GENUINE FARINA COLOGNE—Lubin's, Glenn's and Delins Handkerchief Extracts. A fresh supply received at FLEMING'S Drug Store. mr1

MOLASSES.—10 bbls prime N. O. Molasses, rec'd on consignment, and for sale low by
mr1 McLANE & ANDER, 124 Second st.

CLOVER SEED—50 bus Ohio Clover Seed for sale by J. A. FETZER,
mr1 corner Market and First sts.

CORN MEAL.—15 bbls. and 8 sacks fresh Corn Meal just rec'd and for sale by
mr1 J. A. FETZER, cor Market & 1st sts.

POTATOES—200 bush. very choice sound WHITE POTATOES, for sale by
mr1 HUNTER & ROBINSON,

ROLL BUTTER—12 bbls. Roll Butter just received and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER,
mr1 corner Market and First streets.

EVERY LADY IN AMERICA
WHO VALUES COMFORT, HEALTH AND ELEGANCE
Should have one of
THOMSON'S CORRUGATED SKIRTS.
1860, now open and for sale by
W. P. MARSHALL, No. 99 Wood street.

New Advertisements.

THE LUXURY OF THE SEASON!
THOMSON'S CORRUGATED SKIRTS.
For sale by the principal Retailers.

A. KREBS & BRO.
PRACTICAL
Lithographers
Corner Wood and Fourth Sts.,
PITTSBURGH.
mh16 1yd

WILLIAM SCHUCHMAN,
Practical Lithographer,
Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth st., Pittsburgh.
MAPS, DIPLOMAS, SHOW CARDS, PORTRAITS,
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Downer's Prolific Seedling Strawberry.
"EQUAL TO M'AVOY'S, SUPERIOR
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JOHN MURDOCH, JR.,
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An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers her
SOOTHING SYRUP,
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,
which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is
SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.
Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and
Relief and Health to your Infants.
We have put up and sold this article for over 10 years, and can say, IN CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH, of it what we never have been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED IN A SINGLE INSTANCE to effect a cure when it is timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after TEN YEARS' experience, AND PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILLMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most EXPERIENCED and SKILLFUL NURSES in New England, and has been used with NEVER FAILING SUCCESS in

THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve

Griping in the Bowels and Wind Colic,

and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily relieved, end in death. We believe it to be the BEST AND SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—DO NOT LET YOUR PREJUDICE, NOR THE PREJUDICES OF OTHERS, stand between you and your suffering child, and the relief that will be SURE—you, ABSOLUTELY SURE—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

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THE HIGH AND ENVIED celebrity, which this preeminent medicine has acquired for its invaluable effects in all the diseases which it professes to cure, has rendered the usual practice of counterfeiting not only necessary but unworthy of them. They are known by their fruits; their good works testify for them, and they thrive not by the faith of the credulous. In all cases of constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness and liver affections, plies, rheumatism, fever and ague, fever and chills, nervous affections, general debility, or ill health, these Pills have invariably proved a certain and speedy remedy. A single trial will place the Life Pills beyond the reach of competition in the estimation of every patient.

Dr. Moffatt's Phœnix Bitters will be found equally efficacious in all cases of nervous debility, dyspepsia, headache, the sickness incident to females in delicate health, and every kind of weakness of the digestive organs. For sale by Dr. W. B. MOFFATT, 335 Broadway, New York, and by Medicine Dealers and Druggists generally throughout the country. feb8 3mdawlyT

75 CTS., 87½ CTS., $1,00 & UPWARDS,
For a good Shirt for Gentlemen,
With or without Collar.
Shirt Collars, Cravats, Ties,
Stocks, Pocket Handkerchiefs,
Suspenders, Gloves, Half Hose, &c.
Merino, Wool and Silk
Under-Vests and Drawers at reduced prices.
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AT COST!
TO CLOSE OUT WINTER GOODS,
All kinds of Embroideries, Dress Trimmings, Hosiery, Gloves, Bonnet Ribbons, Flowers, &c.
Great Bargains are offered in order to make room for Spring Goods. EATON, CREE & MACRUM, 17 Fifth st.

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THE NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT,
THE EUREKA WOVEN SKIRT,
QUEEN OF DIAMONDS SKIRT,
BEST QUALITY OF PLAIN WOVEN SKIRTS
AT 50 CENTS AND UPWARDS.
☞ Merchants and Dealers supplied at a small advance on the manufacturer's price.
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Requiring Four separate Factories,
And the Labor of One Thousand Hands
Are required by the
THOMSON'S SKIRTS.
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Dyspepsia! Dyspepsia!! Dyspepsia!!!
What is it? How Cured?
DYSPEPSIA is our National Disease—weak stomach, feeble digestion, distress after eating, costive habit, bilious condition. How many suffer with it and its attendant symptoms of low spirits, bad taste, coated tongue, dizziness, confused head and attacks of headache! Yet how few know how to cure it! Generally, because the bowels are constipated, resort is had to cathartics, or laxatives. But such a condition was never cured by cathartics, whose only office is to weaken the digestion and impair the integrity of the entire assimilative system.

But HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC PILLS—a simple medicated sugar pill—have cured hundreds of the worst and most obstinate cases. This is done simply by improving the tone and restoring the integrity of the digestive organs, from which result good appetite, regular habits, a clear head and buoyant spirits. Such a medicine is a gem, and only requires to be known to be appreciated.

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These remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address Dr. F. HUMPHREY & CO.,
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EIGHTH LIST of Applications for Selling Liquors, filed in the Clerk's office up to March 1st, 1860.
Candwell & F., Tavern, 1st Ward, Pittsburgh;
Yeatvegle Francis, " 21 " "
Lyth John, Eating House, 4th Ward, Allegheny;
Meenan David, Tavern, 4th Ward, Pittsburgh;
Olin & Rutterfield, " 4th " "
Phillips Samuel, " Charlters Township;
Reiner William, " 8d Ward, Allegheny.
THOMAS A. ROWLEY, Clerk.
Clerk's Office, March 1, 1860. mr2 3td

GROCERIES—
100 bbls N. O. Sugar, fair to choice;
400 barrels N. O. Molasses;
100 do Sugar House Molasses;
75 do Penna Syrup;
200 do Refined Sugars;
200 bags prime Rio Coffee,
50 packets Java Coffee;