Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED 1786. D. P. WILLIAMS, D. L. BAYNE, D. D. FERGUSON

B. BRETT & CO.

EDITORS and PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING, JAN. 21, 1860.

PITTSBURGH TO BE RULED.—In a late number of the N. O. *Bulletin* we find the following distressing wail over the late election in Pittsburgh. Having quoted the telegraphic item announcing the success of the Republican ticket in this city, it says:

"Upon reading the above item yesterday, it occurred to us that we had seen a good many articles lying on the banquettes in front of numerous stores in New Orleans labelled Pittsburgh, and we concluded for the curiosity of the thing to take a stroll about town, keeping an eye out for Pittsburgh. Well, we found that Pittsburgh spreads herself in New Orleans very extensively. Pittsburgh coal is in almost every grate, and we observe Pittsburgh plows, Pittsburgh harrows, Pittsburgh stoves, Pittsburgh engines, Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, *Pittsburgh*, stared us in the face wherever we went. Back we came and read: "The Republicans have elected their candidates in Pittsburgh by large majorities." It struck us that there was something incongrous between the Pittsburgh manufactured articles and the products of the hills about Pittsburgh and this news item. Pittsburgh, we thought, has a very direct connection with New Orleans and slavery. Will some Republicans up in the black city—black by soot and iron we mean—prove to us that Pittsburgh *is not* supported by slave labor, through the products to which we allude, in just as direct and positive a manner, though perhaps not to the same extent as New Orleans * * Let us cut loose from Pittsburgh—let us send no more orders there for plows, hoes, harrows, engines, pumps, bells, chains or coal. They care not for us they say. Very well—we can do without *them*. Perhaps they do not believe it. Let us convince them. We can buy any article that Pittsburgh sends us elsewhere, or make it at home. Even coal, that universal article for which we pay Pittsburgh heavy sums, we can obtain nearer home and get a better article at that. Arkansas has millions of bushels of good coal. Go for Arkansas, say we. Let us go to Arkansas for coal, and let us go to work at once to increase the number and variety of articles which we make and can make at home. This is a kind of retort which will be felt in the right quarter, and this is the kind we propose in answer to the Pittsburgh election."

Pittsburgh, we understand, buys more of New Orleans, every year, than New Orleans buys of her. She buys there because it is her interest to do so, and New Orleans does the same with her. They both buy where they can deal the best, without reference to the politics of those from whom they buy. Nothing could be more distasteful to the people of this city than the politics of New Orleans and Louisiana; and we venture to say that our people have as hearty a dislike to the turn which elections take down there as the people of that region can have at elections up here. Yet these things never have effected trade and never will. New Orleans has a large trade with St. Louis and Cincinnati—both of which are Republican cities; and if it is going to punish every place whose people do not vote to suit her caprices she will have a job on her hands a good deal bigger than any she has yet undertaken.

For Pittsburgh, we can say in the name of her manufacturers and merchants, that they keep their wares, not their principles, for sale; and that no threats, such as those we have copied from the *Bulletin*, will ever deter them from voting as they please. If any thing *could* render them more firm in their political creed, it would be just such language as the *Bulletin* uses.

SENATOR BIGLER'S BILL.—The bill recently introduced to the notice of the Senate by Mr. Bigler, in which a new definition is given to treason from that found in the constitution, will be likely to call forth considerable discussion. It would seem that a Senator of the United States from a State like Pennsylvania, *ought*, at least, to know that the Constitution cannot be changed or modified by an Act of Congress. Section second of Bigler's bill provides that any person actually engaged or participating in carrying on a hostile expedition from one State or Territory against another, shall be guilty of treason, and suffer death.

Section third of Article third of the Constitution of the United States declares that—

"Treason against the United States shall consist *only* in levying war against *them*, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid or comfort."

In the case of United States vs. Hanway, tried before Judges Grier and Kane, in September, 1850, the former Judge said:

"Congress has no power to enlarge, restrain, construe or define the offense, [of treason.] Its construction is entrusted to the Court alone."

"When the object of an insurrection is of a local or private nature, not having a direct tendency to destroy all property and all government by numbers and armed force, it will not amount to treason."

In the case of Bollman & Swartout, in the Supreme Court of the United States, it is decided that—

"It is more safe as well as consonant to the principles of our Constitution, that the crime of treason should not be extended by construction to doubtful cases."

"To constitute the specific offense, war must be actually levied against the *United States*."

And such is the tenor of all the opinions upon, and definitions of, the crime of treason, by men, too, who, like Judge Grier, have never been accused of opposing a measure dictated by the powers that be. If Congress is to give a general and loose definition of this crime, why may it not make it treason to speak against the Federal Union, or to threaten insurrection and armed opposition to any President who may be elected constitutionally to the place now occupied by Mr. Buchanan? Once open the door, and all the definitions which tyrants have invented will rush in and demand their victims.

But Senator Bigler goes further and would even invent a new crime! Perhaps the statute most hated and dreaded by the English people, and one which was the cause of most outrage was that relative to the crime called "misprision of treason." It is something hitherto unknown in the United States, but with the aid of this new Clearfield Solon it shows its ugly head in the American Senate:

"Section third provides that any person having knowledge of such treason, (i. e. of the treason defined in the bill,) and who shall neglect to disclose the same at the earliest moment, shall be adjudged guilty of misprision of treason, and shall be fined not exceeding 1,000 dollars, and imprisoned not over seven years."

The people of the United States, or at least the great mass of them, are not traitors. They need no new or stringent acts of Congress interpolated into the constitution. They will see to it that crimes against the Union are punished as its organic law provides. But we are much mistaken if they would tolerate such a law as this of Mr. Bigler's, which, giving a new and unconstitutional definition to, and moreover inventing a new crime, lodges in the hands of the President a power which the Commons of England wrested from the King nearly two hundred years ago. We shall see.

MARRIAGE EXTRAORDINARY.—In the Toronto *Colonist*, under the matrimonial head, appears the following similar notice:

MARRIED.—By the Rev. John Brown, Presbyterian Minister, at the village of Newmarket, township of Whitechurch, C. W., at the residence of the bride's father, Benjamin Hewson, Toronto, Orange Brigade Drum-Major, in full scarlet regimentals, with Orange sash, sword, &c., to Flora, eldest daughter of Mr. Archibald McMillen, East Gwillimbury, C. W. When the minister got through with the necessary ceremony by law established, with a very appropriate lecture on the occasion, the bridegroom immediately afterwards requested to add a few words on the subject, and after he had got the caution of all invited as witnesses, drew his sword from the scabbard, and giving it into the bride's hand, said, in the presence of all there assembled, "I now authorize you my dear wife, to plunge this naked sword in my breast in case you find me unfaithful to the marriage tie now taken place between me and you, (as unworthy a moment's longer existence); henceforth you will have this sword placed at the head of your bed, at your service."

MR. DAVIS of Indiana used "fighting words" the other day in the House of Representatives. He gave an exhibition of what he intended should pass as chivalry, keeping his eye all the time upon his friends, the fire-eaters, as much as to say—"won't I do gentleman?" "Don't you think I am one of you?"

Poor Davis's chivalry was a sorry imitation of the genuine article of Southern manufacture. —*Louisville Journal.*

(Correspondence of the Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HARRISBURG, Jan. 19, 1860.

Editor Gazette: In the Senate, to day, Mr. Penney read in place a bill supplementary to the act incorporating the Pittsburgh Gas Co.

House bill to restore the act for developing the mineral resources of the State, so far as relates to Venango county, passed to second reading and was laid over, at the request of Mr. Finney, who intends to oppose it.

A few bills were reported from Committees and a few others read in place, but all local, and of no intest west, and after an hour's session the Senate adjourned till Monday.

This adjournment may seem like idleness, but the Senate has really nothing to do. Its calendar of bills numbers only 53, and of these all but about a dozen have been disposed of. The House file numbers 87, and most of them have been acted on.

Mr. Irish is preparing, and will offer on Monday, his bill to prevent discrimination on railroads. It is a strong bill, and one which will command general approval in Pittsburgh and, I trust, throughout the State.

In the House, the Committee on the contested election case of Wiley vs. Dufield, reported in favor of Dr. Wiley, and that gentleman was duly sworn in.

The Pittsburgh & East Liberty Passenger Railway bill, supplement to Pittsburgh Bridge Co., supplement to Chartiers Turnpike Co., supplement to act regulating Bridge Co.'s; relative to road viewers in Venango county, and to secure the wages of laborers in Fayette, were all reported favorably from Committees, and will be acted on at an early day.

Mr. Goehring read in place a bill to create a new township, to be called Richland, out of parts of West Deer and adjoining townships.

Mr. Custer and Mr. Collins each a bill to reduce the pay of members.

Mr. Gordon a bill to incorporate the Redbank Navigation Co.

Mr. Bryson, a bill to prevent the destruction of fish.

Mr. Williston, a general Banking Law.

Gen. Negley, of your county, has been here for several days, laboring in connection with the military committees of both bodies, in framing an amendment to the Militia Law, and has succeeded very generally in his mission.

The House in this afternoon holding a special session on the Tariff resolutions of Mr. Strong. They will probably pass before adjournment to-day. R.

THE MEN BEHIND THE SCENES AT WASHINGTON.—WASHINGTON, Jan. 13, 1860.—In one of Mr. Bulwer's last and best novels he lifts the veil from the innermost secrets of English statesmanship, and shows how often the adroit of the political leaders of that country are indebted to the unknown and unheralded skill, labor and learning of others. What is true of that country is singularly true of this. We see the prominent figures playing their parts on the stage, but we never see or hear of those behind the scenes—without whom they would be sorry actors indeed. We see the hands on the face of the clock, but not the machinery that moves them. I have often thought that it might repay the investigation of a list of the hard-working and obscure intellects engaged in Washington and elsewhere, in supplying brains and materials to our great men could be prepared and printed.

Take the single case of the Committe of Ways and Means in the House of Representatives. This is the most important of all the standing committees. In it the whole financial policy of the Government is annually and constantly developed and ventilated. All the estimates of all the departments are sent into this financial mill, where they are picked, winnowed, and prepared for the action of the Representatives of the people. The details are vast and complicated, calling for an immense amount of reflection, arrangement, and toil. The chairman of this committee is to the House of Representatives what the Chancellor of the Exchequer is to the English Parliament, and next to the Speaker, the most important man in Congress. The House is compelled to take his reports upon faith, and, therefore, the election of the chairman is one of the most delicate and important duties of the Speaker. Every dollar appropriated must first receive the sanction of the Committee of Ways and means. The army, the navy, the Indian department, the general postoffice, the land office, the judiciary, in all its various ramifications; the officers of the customs, the foreign agents of the Government, in every part of the world; indeed, the entire Administration of this Confederacy comes to this committee, seeking the means for its continuance and its operations.

Imagine such a personage as John C. Jones at the head of the Committee of Ways and Means. Utterly unskilled in the science of government, unblest in intellect, an inferior lawyer, a very awkward parliamentarian, he could no more master the labor or comprehend the details of that position than a blacksmith could understand the machinery of a watch. Even the accomplished statesman is compelled, when placed in the chairmanship of this committee to rely upon the efforts of others. The brains of the committee of Ways and Means are supplied by Mr. Cochrane, a clerk, (a modest, quiet, unassuming man, who has served in that capacity a number of years,) who devotes himself all all times to the preparation of the bills and to the collection of data and information from the various departments of the Government. Those who know him speak of him as an extraordinary intellectual machine. His knowledge of figures is so accurate, his integrity unquestionable, that his calculations are accepted and adopted at once. He may be said, indeed, to be counsellor, adviser and director in reference to the most important appropriations. No scheme, however craftily concealed, can pass unchallenged by this statement at the door of the national treasury. I understand that he has already prepared all the bills for the action of Congress, and when the Speaker is elected, and the Committee of ways and means appointed, they will be immediately presented to the House. And yet who ever hears of Mr. Cochrane, except those who care to inquire into the secrets of the business in this great political centre?

Another of these unknown, yet indispensable public servants, is Mr. John M. Barclay, of Indiana, journal Clerk of the House of Representatives. Mr. Barclay is as thoroughly versed in the parliamentary rules and details as Cochrane is in the expenditures and revenues of the Government. As you enter the House, when it is fully organized, you will see standing on the right of the Speaker a young gentleman, named Thaddeus Maurice, who may be called the prompter of the presiding officer. He began his service as a page, and I think it was Mr. Cobb who first took advantage of his skill and talent, and from that day he has been consulted by all the Speakers. When a new Congress assembles it is curious to observe how rapidly he becomes acquainted with the names and appearance of the members, and those who applaud the Speaker for his readiness and proficiency do not know that the quiet, unpretending young man by his side frequently puts the words into the Speaker's mouth. —*Cor. Phil. Press.*

SEWARD, LOUIS NAPOLEON AND THE POPE.—About three months ago Senator Seward, who was making the tour of Europe, called on the Emperor, who happened to be at Compiegne. The Senator was shown into an ante-chamber, and Napoleon soon made his appearance. After the usual salutation, and taking his position, standing with his back to the fire, he offered the Senator a segar and commenced smoking another himself. He asked him all about New York and Col. Webb, and then asked him about his visit to Europe, and whom and what he saw. Mr. Seward, among other objects of interest, said he had seen the Pope. "Do you the Pope," responded Napoleon; "tell me all about him. What do you think of the Pope?" The New York Senator hesitated a moment; but notwithstanding his characteristic caution, the Emperor wormed out his opinion, and Seward said, "I confess I think him much more of a priest than a statesman." "Precisely so," rejoined the Emperor; "you have just hit the nail on the head. That, too, is my opinion." This anecdote, which we have on excellent authority, shows that the manifesto which is now given to the public, was then working in his brain. The Pope he regards as only fit to be a priest, and he will confine him to his high vocation. He will still call him a temporal sovereign, to conciliate the Pontiff's pride and make the matter smooth to those who might be hostile, and he will even consent to his being the Sovereign of Rome, but not with Swiss for his body guard, nor even his own Romans, but with troops of the Italian Confederation. One party in Europe demanded the abolition of the temporal sovereignty of the Pope—another insisted on his temporal sovereignty being upheld. Napoleon has happily reconciled both ideas in his admirable plan, which suits the transition state of the popedom, and will please all parties. He thus proves himself a profound philosopher, a great statesman who comprehends the spirit of the age, and is himself its foremost representative in Europe.—[Boston Journal.

A SINGULAR LAW SUIT.—The New York correspondent of the Boston *Transcript* says: A singular law suit is pending just now. When Mr. Olmstead was engaged as superintendent of the Central Park, a caricature, representing him in the act of bribing the editors of a popular journal to advocate his claims, was sent to the Commissioners; soon after Lieut. Viele was nominated Chief Engineer of the Park, and opposed by one of the board on the ground that he was the author of the offensive caricature; by which charge he lost his appointment and salary of two thousand per annum. He now brings an action for libel against the member charging him with the fact, laying his damages at ten thousand dollars.

THE Cincinnati *Enquirer* says that if Douglas is to be killed off for entertaining such views as he does, the entire Northern Democracy must, for entertaining the same views, be killed off too. Oh, well, we are not going to distress ourselves to death about that.—*Louisville Journal.*

LIST OF THE REVENUE COMMISSIONERS FOR 1860.—The Board meets on the 2d day of February next, at Harrisburg, in the Supreme Court Room. The 1st, 12th, 18th, and 21st Judicial Districts have not yet appointed delegates.

Judicial Districts.		*Judicial Districts.*	
2.	Joseph Konigmacher,	14.	Daniel Kalos,
3.	Philip Johnson,	15.	R. Lapotte,
4.	Wm. A. Williams,	16.	Hon. S. Robeson,
5.	George Dazey,	17.	Geo. W. Getty,
6.	David Morton,	19.	B. F. Keller,
7.	A. S. Ely,	20.	James K. Davis,
8.	A. J. Dolitch,	22.	A. J. Brodhead,
9.	J. A. Clotsly,	23.	Hister Clymer,
10.	J. W. Watt,	24.	Theodore H. Cremer,
11.	H. B. Wright,	25.	D. J. Jackman,
13.	Samuel D. Thomas,	26.	Thomas Osterhout.

AUTOGRAPHS.—Haverford College, in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, seems to have become the great focus of the autographic persecution. Many of the students, within a few years past, have been seized with the ambition of rivalling each other, in the largeness of their collections of the autographs of men of note in the professions, and in politics, literature and science, and are writing notes to such persons all over the country, asking for something in their hand-writing, somewhat to the emolument of the Post Office.—*New York Post.*

For Indigestion,
Try Boerhave's Holland Bitters.
For Heartburn,
Try Boerhave's Holland Bitters.
For Acidity,
Try Boerhave's Holland Bitters.
For Waterbrash,
Try Boerhave's Holland Bitters.
For Headache,
Try Boerhave's Holland Bitters.
For Loss of Appetite,
Try Boerhave's Holland Bitters.
For Costiveness,
Try Boerhave's Holland Bitters.
For Piles,
Try Boerhave's Holland Bitters.

In all Nervous, Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections, it has in numerous instances proved highly beneficial, and in others effected a decided cure.

BEAU DARTELLE.—The Genuine highly Concentrated Boerhave's Holland Bitters is put up in half pint bottles only, and retailed at $1 per bottle. The great demand for this truly Celebrated Medicine has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. Beware of impostors! See that our name is on the label of every bottle you buy.

BENJAMIN PAGE, Jr., & CO., Sole Proprietors, 27 Wood street, between 1st and 2d sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

o10:dw&7

New Advertisements.

WINTER

BOOTS AND SHOES

REDUCED 12½ PER CENT.

AT THE

PEOPLE'S SHOE STORE,

BREWER'S BLOCK.

ja21 D. S. DIFFENBACHER.

LESLIE & CRISWELL,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS,

No. 61 FIFTH STREET,

Opposite Odd-Fellows Hall,

Are prepared to do all kinds of Painting, Glazing and Graining with neatness and despatch.

ja21:1yd

1860. VALENTINE HEADQUARTERS. 1860.

VALENTINE HEADQUARTERS.

VALENTINE HEADQUARTERS.

The largest and best assortment of

NEW AND FRESH VALENTINES,

Ever offered for sale in this city.

Comprising every variety of style and finish,

CAN BE SEEN AT HUNT & MINER'S.

CAN BE SEEN AT HUNT & MINER'S.

CAN BE SEEN AT HUNT & MINER'S.

SOLD AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AT EASTERN PRICES.

Put up in lots to suit purchasers.

Send your orders to HUNT & MINER.

Price lists sent free when desired. ja21:d3t&w2wT

DUQUESNE FOUNDRY.

R. McCOY & CO.,

LIBERTY STREET, opposite Penna. R. R. Depot,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

MANUFACTURE to order, on short notice,

CASTINGS, SHAFTING & PULLEYS, of all sizes and descriptions, of the best materials and latest styles; also WAGON BOXES, SAD IRONS, GRATES, &c., always on hand or cast to order.

Orders left at the FOUNDRY, or at Cartwright & Tome's, 55 Wood st., will receive prompt attention. ja21:d1y

NEW GOODS.—

EMBROIDERED COLLARS,

COLLARS AND SLEEVES,

The New Woven Trail Skirt,

10 doz. Wool Hoods,

Just received by Express for sale at low prices by

ja21 —EATON, CREE & MACRUM, 17 Fifth st.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.—A full assortment of

COLLARS, TIES, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS,

Will be found cheap by

EATON, CREE & MACRUM,

ja21 No 17 Fifth street.

SUNDRIES—300 bbls. Ionic Mills Flour;

250 do Lancaster do do

50 do Sundry brands;

30 tons Spikes;

20 do Mouldings;

20 do Brass;

75 bus. Cloverseed;

Just received and for sale by GIBSON & NELSON,

Federal and N. W. cor third st., East Ch'n., Allegheny.

SUNDRIES—

PEA NUTS—50 sacks prime Pea Nuts;

DRIED APPLES—11 sacks Dried Apples;

DRIED PEACHES—14 sacks Dried Peaches.

Arrived and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

SUNDRIES—4 sacks Feathers;

5 " Ground Nuts;

2 " Dried Apples.

now landing from steamer S. P. Hibbard, for sale by

ja21 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

TO LET—The WAREHOUSES opposite the Passenger Depot on Liberty street.

Terms easy, and no charge till after the first of April next. Enquire of

jel8:tf&w2tp D. H. WILKINS or J. PATTERSON.

LEMONS—40 boxes Sicily just arrived on consignment for sale by ROBT. DICKEY,

ja21 No. 348 Liberty street.

DRIED FRUIT—100 bush. Dried Apples;

75 " " Peaches;

Just received and for sale by J. A. FETZER,

ja21 corner Market and First streets.

CLOSING OUT VERY LOW—Plain and Fancy French Merinos, Plain and Fancy Coburgs, all Wool De Laines and Plaids.

ja21 G. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market st.

WANTED—500 bush. clean Rye, by

ja21 J. A. FETZER, cor Market & 1st sts.

COCOA NUTS—882 just receiving for sale by ROBT. DICKEY, 348 Liberty street.

PEA NUTS—50 sacks prime now arriving for sale by ROBT. DICKEY, 348 Liberty st.

S. JOHNSTON,

DEALER IN

PURE DRUGS, GENUINE FAMILY MEDICINES,

BURNING FLUID, CARBON OIL,

CIGARS, &c., &c.

ALMOST EVERY MAN NOW-A-DAYS sells us goods for the "chest," the "purest," or the "strongest" in the city, or "in the world." Even the common charlatan who sells Alum and Flour (mixed to his own order,) for Cream Tartar, calls it *strictly pure*; and Oils, &c., containing (to his own knowledge) twenty-five per cent adulteration in like manner, in the country where he thinks himself or his business might be magnified into something, he styles himself an "IMPORTER!" If you were to ask him where goods were cleared, he would most likely tell you "at the U. S. Mint!" This is specimen of the most extreme parts of the effusions that we are daily. Other parts are too ludicrous to deserve attention.

My goods are purchased from the oldest and most reliable houses in this country, exclusively for cash, and all I ask for them is a trial, from which I would expect to sell to parties more than once.

ja20:2t&f

Hats! Hats! Hats!

CAPS! CAPS! CAPS!!

LADIES' FURS!!

LADIES' FURS!!!

WE WOULD CALL especial attention to our new stock of FURS, which we are closing out VERY LOW.

Centre Hat Store,

75 WOOD STREET,

ja20:1w&d HILLERMAN & COLLORD.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of January, A. D., 1860, the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, filed in the District Court of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, its petition praying that the order heretofore made by said Court, at the instance of Park, McCurdy & Co., awarding a writ of sequestration against the property and effects of said Railroad Company may be rescinded, and that the writ issued in pursuance thereof may be quashed, or that said writ may be superseded and all further proceedings thereunder be stayed and put an end to, and for such further orders and relief as may be proper in the premises.

All persons who may be concerned in the premises are hereby notified that by order of said Court the hearing of the matters of said petition is set for the FIRST DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D., 1860. JOHN H. HAMPTON,

ja20:10td Solicitor of the Company.

TO DISTILLERS.—For sale the Apparatus and Machinery used by James McLaughlin, dec'd, in distilling Alcohol. This Machinery is very complete and capable of turning out 50 bbls. per day. As a portion of the apparatus has been damaged by the falling of a wall, the whole will be sold at a very low price. Also, the buildings and property connected with the above, situate on Second street and running through to First. The above property is worthy the attention of persons in the business. The machinery will be sold separate if desired.

S. CUTHBERT & SON,

ja20 Real Estate and General Agts, 51 Market street.

SUNDRIES—1 Dry Hide;

2 sacks Feathers; 50 sacks Dry Apples;

2 bales Sheep Pelts; 4 tierces No. 1 Lard;

12 bales Mattress Cotton; 28 do 2 do

On steamer Lebanon to arrive for sale by

ja20 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

PEA NUTS—50 sacks prime Pea Nuts to arrive and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

New Advertisements.

HAVE YOU CONSULTED

DOCTOR BORT

UPON DISEASES OF THE

EYE AND EAR?

IF NOT,

CALL AT ONCE.

HE SUCCESSFULLY TREATS ALL

DISEASES OF THE EYE AND EAR.

EXTRACT FROM THE MONTREAL DEMOCRAT.

DR BORT will shortly return to London, this being his fourth visit among us—this visit being a short one, but long enough to insure him a cordial welcome whenever he revisits us. He has proved to all who had any professional intercourse with him, that he is not only a scientific Oculist and Aurist, with the true judgment of a man skilled in his profession, but comes in his dealings that of a gentleman in its full measure. His advertisements are not such as are usually put forth by those who profess to public praise to cure every possible ailment which flesh is heir to, but they bear the stamp of a man who is master of his art. Dr. B. despises the empiric and quack as much as any one; nor will he stoop to deceive anybody by false hope, or by warranting cures by any other means generally employed by those who use all artifices to get patients, and then give them their nostrums, which have really no other worth than the means of getting some fees only of the applicants. Dr. B.'s prescriptions have been examined by the best physicians and chemists that we have in our Province. He has no secret in his office, nor will he ever do for his profession; nor are his testimonials from that class of persons who commonly give medical certificates, but they are of the very best authorities, and he fully deserves the confidence of any community that he may visit. We advise all to call on him before he leaves us."

ROOMS AT C. W. CONNELLY'S,

No. 152 Third Street, near Smithfield.

SEE CARD ON OFFICE DOOR.

Early application is required of patients who wish the full benefit of my treatment, and do justice to me and themselves.

Remember, time limited; only until the 6th of February, when I will visit Wheeling every three months for one or two years. CALL WITHOUT DELAY. jel4:1md

SAMUEL GRAY & SON,

Merchant Tailors,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

IN ORDER TO CLOSE OUT THE BALANCE OF THEIR

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

PREPARATORY TO RECEIVING THEIR

SPRING GOODS,

Are now offering them at 15 PER CENT. LESS THAN THE USUAL PRICES. Their Stock embraces all the New and Leading Styles of the Season, comprising a Fine Assortment of

Black & Colored Cloths,

PLAIN AND FANCY

FRENCH AND ENGLISH CASSIMERES,

BUSINESS AND OVERCOATS,

SILK, PLUSH AND CASHMERE

VESTINGS, &c.,

Which will be MADE TO ORDER in the Latest and most approved manner.

ja14

At Cost! At Cost!!

In order to prepare for the coming Spring Trade, we now offer to the public

OUR COMPLETE AND WELL ASSORTED

STOCK OF

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

RAGLANS AND SHAWLS,

Flannels and Blankets,

and our stock in general,

AT COST! AT COST!! AT COST!!!

W. & D. HUGUS,

No. 102 Market Street and 13 Fifth Street.

ja16

1000 SHARES OF STOCK FOR SALE.—THE CLEVELAND IRON MINING COMPANY own Three Thousand acres of Mineral Lands in the county of Marquette, Lake Superior, Michigan, upon which it opened upwards of the LARGEST and PUREST Iron Ore Banks in the world. Over 50,000 tons have been mined and sold, 10,000 tons of which I have sold to the proprietors of this city.

This Company owns about one-half the real estate of the town of Marquette, the importance of which is well known. They have now a railroad to the mines, and other facilities of such a complete nature that the rapidly increasing demand for their Iron Ore can be promptly supplied.

I propose to sell One Thousand Shares of the Capital Stock of this Company, and will be pleased to show the advantages and certainties of profit to any person wishing to buy.

The Company is out of debt, and is not only in a paying condition, but is increasing its working capital every year. The Charter, Map of Location, &c., can be seen by calling upon me at the Corner Office, Monongahela House, Pittsburgh. ja19 JACOB REESE.

SPRING OF 1860.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, LACE BUCHES, ORTHOLAN AND FANCY FEATHERS, FRENCH FANCY GOODS, &c., &c.

The subscriber has in store nearly half a million dollars in value of this description of Goods, and continues to receive weekly from his Factories in Paris, the newest designs, which he offers for sale in large quantities to merchants on liberal terms. JOHN C. HENDERSON,

No. 243 Broadway, New York.

Au 102 Rue de Richelieu, Paris. jal7:3md

SECOND LIST of Applications for Selling Liquors, filed in the Clerk's office up to January 10th, 1860.

Brawly Janne, tavern, Birmingham;

Hinck Henry, " Dupuesne Borough;

Leonard Michael, " Robinson township;

McCullough & Anderson, with other goods, 4th ward, Pittsburgh;

Thomas Richard, with other goods, Pitt township;

Wright John H., tavern, 22 ward, Pittsburgh;

Welling T. W. I., with other goods, 6th ward, Pittsburgh;

THOMAS A. ROWLEY, Clerk,

Clerk's Office, Jan. 10th, 1860. ja20:3td

COURT OF DEATH,

BY REMBRANT PEALE.

Subscriptions received at $1,50 by

ja20 J. L. READ, 78 Fourth st.

HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES or other evidences of indebtedness of WM. LARIMER, Jr., can use a portion of the same in payment of Real Estate which I have for sale on advantageous terms.

A. M. BROWN, of Marshall & Brown,

No. 104 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

ja18:d&1

THE UNDERSIGNED have associated with them in the business of Manufacturing IRON, NAILS and STEEL, ANDREW McD. BAILEY.

The style of the firm will continue as heretofore,

BAILEY, BROWN & CO.,

Pittsburgh, Dec. 21, 1859.

WAYNE IRON AND STEEL WORKS.

BAILEY, BROWN & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

IRON, NAILS AND STEEL,

WAREHOUSE 120 Water Street,

Between Wood and Smithfield streets,

ja2:d1y ja12

ROOFING! ROOFING!! ROOFING!!!

The Best Roofing in use.

Felt, Composition and Pebble Roofing;

Felt, Gum, Cement and Canvas Roofing;

Patent Asphaltic Felt Roofing;

Old Leaky Roofs Renewed or Repaired.

Roofing Material for sale.

Call at 76 SMITHFIELD STREET, near Post-Office.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

WM. JOHNSON,

ja12:6m Proprietor and Manager.

KEYS LOST,

ON HAND STREET, A BUNCH OF SMALL KEYS.

The finder will please return them and receive a liberal reward from HERBERT & BAKER,

ja17 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

BUSINESS HOUSES TO LET.—A large Warehouse on Wood street, below second, now in occupancy of the American Coal Co.

A Warehouse—a good stand for business—corner of First and Smithfield sts.

A Warehouse or two Store Rooms, on Water st., next to National Hotel.

A Store Room on Market st., near Fourth.

A Store Room and Dwelling House, No. 53 Market st.

A Store Room, No. 18 Fourth st., near Wood.

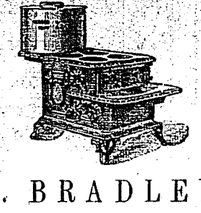
A Store Room and Dwelling, corner First and Market sts.

A Store Room and Dwelling, corner Third and Grant sts.

Apply to B. CUTHBERT & SON, 51 Market st.

New Advertisements.

ETNA STOVE WORKS.



A. BRADLEY,

No. 4 Wood Street,

WOULD INVITE PUBLIC ATTENTION to the largest stock and greatest variety of Stoves in the State, among which will be found the celebrated

COAL COOK STOVES,

TROPIC,

Eureka and Arbiter.

FOR WOOD, THE

VICTOR, LIVE OAK & PITTSBURGH,

ARE UNSURPASSED,

Together with Premium Stoves of three varieties,

PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Great inducements offered to Builders and others in want of GRATES, GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

We would call particular attention to our justly celebrated

DOUBLE-TOP GAS AND SMOKE CONSUMING

STOVES;

TROPIC, EUREKA AND ARBITER,

The only Gas and Smoke-Consumers in the market. Others that are called so have not the DOUBLE TOP—the great economy in saving Plates and Fuel, which is secured to us by two patents.

To those in want of a Stove for Family use, that has never failed to give satisfaction, we would recommend these, which, although they have never been exhibited at State Fairs, yet they have a reputation for Durability and Economy in fuel unequalled by any other Stoves in the State.

CAUTION!—Buy no Stove called Gas Consumers without the Double Top. no18:6md

FIRST PREMIUM AWARDED

BY THE STATE FAIR TO

GRAFF & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS,

FOR THE BEST

STOVES.

FOR THE BEST

COOKING RANGE FOR FAMILIES,

With large Feed Door for throwing in Coal,

AND BEST WOOD COOK STOVE.

DIPLOMA FOR BEST LAUNDRY STOVE.

Also, on hand a large assortment of Heating Stoves, Plain and Fancy Grate Fronts, Fenders, Sad and Dog Irons, Sugar Kettles, Wagon Boxes, Hollow Ware, &c.

GRAFF & CO.,

No. 245 Liberty Street,

AT THE HEAD OF WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

A. KREBS & BRO.

PRACTICAL

Lithographers

Cornor Wood and Fourth Sts.,

PITTSBURGH.

WILLIAM SCHUCHMAN,

Practical Lithographer,

Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth st., Pittsburgh.

MAPS, DIPLOMAS, SHOW CARDS, PORTRAITS, LABELS, BONDS, CERTIFICATES OF STOCKS, BILL HEADS, DRAFTS, &c. no14:d1y

Downer's Prolific Seedling Strawberry.

"EQUAL TO M'AVOY'S, SUPERIOR to Hovey's Seedling to size, equal to Burr's New Pine in flavor, and from six to ten times as productive as any other of the one hundred varieties in cultivation." So says Mr. Downer of his new Seedling. A gentleman with whom I have been acquainted and done business with for years, and in all our transactions have never had reason to doubt his word or honorable dealing, which induces me to accept the agency for his wonderfully prolific berry.—Send for circulars of report of investigating Committee.

JOHN MURDOCH, JR.,

ap8 Pittsburgh and Oakland Nurseries.

Broadway Mills,

Cor. Tenth & Broadway sts., Louisville, Ky.,

FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale the above Mills, capable of making from 150 to 175 bbls. of flour every 24 hours, having a run of stones, 5 for grinding wheat and 1 for corn, making extra and fine flour at same operation and out of same wheat. This Mill has been in operation but a little over three years, and its product has a good reputation east and west, and is known by all who have examined to be one of the most complete and best arranged in the country for making money with, taking as little steam to make a barrel of flour with as any east or west, complete in all its parts, in good running order; and, being situated near Louisville and Nashville Railroad Depot, has facilities for getting wheat unsurpassed by any in the city. The undersigned, not having sufficient capital to carry on the business successfully, and wishing to wind up his business and embark in other pursuits, will sell upon accommodating terms.—The Mill is open every day, where he will be found.

de23:lmd BEN. F. CAWTHON.

KNIVES, GUNS,

PISTOLS, RIFLES,

Or anything in the CUTLERY line, cheap for cash,

AT

CARTRIGHT & YOUNG'S,

ja7 No. 86 Wood street.

CARDS! CARDS!! CARDS!!

PRINTER'S SHEET AND CUT CARDS

Best and Cheapest in the Market.

Cards for Mounting Photograph Pictures,

Of Superior Quality and at Low Prices,

Blue and Well-tonned fine White Paste-Boards, Strawboards, &c., on hand and for sale by

A. M. COLLINS,

PAPER and CARD Warehouse, 505 MINOR STREET,

ja9:1yd PHILADELPHIA.

SUNDRY PRODUCE.—

8 bbls Cranberries,

20 do Pearl Hominy,

5 bbls and 5 kegs Lard,

3 bbls Fresh Roll Butter,

50 bbls Dried Apples,

100 sacks Buckwheat Flour,

20 bbls Small White Beans,

100 bush prime Oats, just received on consignment and for sale by J. A. FETZER, cor. Market and First sts.

LIGHT! LIGHT!! LIGHT!!!

I am at present supplying Churches, Railroads, Private Dwellings, &c., with

BURNING FLUID, LARD AND CARBON OILS,

Which I am prepared to furnish by the month or year at lowest prices, and warrant the quality equal to any in the city.

S. JOHNSTON, Druggist,

Dealer in Family Medicines, &c., &c.,

corner Fourth and Smithfield streets

SPIRITS TURPENTINE, ALCOHOL, &c., always on hand. ja4

A CARD.—DENTISTRY.—

DR. CALVIN KING,

No. 47 SMITHFIELD, ST., between 3d and 4th,

Pittsburgh, Pa.,

Tenders his services to the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity in the line of his profession. He operates in the most improved modes of Dental Surgery, employing such materials as have stood the ordeal of a long experience. His familiarity with the most difficult operations incident to the profession, warrants him in assuring the public that perfect satisfaction will be given in all cases entrusted to his hands. *Terms Moderate.* no24:1md

C. SILL, SURGEON DENTIST; Office and Residence No. 87 GRANT STREET, opposite the Court House, believes he can suit the wants of any that may favor him with their patronage. Any of the various styles of Teeth inserted if wished. my9:d1y

COD LIVER OIL.

BAKER & CO'S UNEXCELLED BRAND is to be had of the Proprietors, JOHN C. BAKER & CO., 154 N. Third street, Philadelphia; also in Pittsburgh of R. M. SELLERS & CO., JOS. FLEMING, W. J. RADCLIFF, DANDEVOIRT, FUNDERICH, FULTON, SUPER, BRAUN & REITER and other respectable