Pittsburgh Gazette.

RUSSELL ERRETT...D. P. WILLIAMS...D. L. BAYON...D. E. FERGUSON

R. ERRETT & CO.,
EDITORS and PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:
MONDAY MORNING, DEC. 12, 1859.

DISUNION.—Nothing is more ridiculous than the attempts of the locofoco press and the leading locofoco politicians to terrify the people with the bugaboo of disunion. They seem to have risked their all upon it, and are as desperate as a gambler with his last card in a doubtful game. If they cannot scare the people with it, now, their last chance is gone. Hence the numerous shapes in which the death's head and bloody bones is served up. The fire-eaters in Congress display the ghastly spectacle in different phases every day; locofoco orators at Union-saving meetings exhaust the vocabulary in depicting the terrible horrors of the dreadful catastrophe; and locofoco editors surcharge their columns with all the expletives at their command in describing an event existing only in their disturbed imaginations.

But so far they have scared no one. They have not even fooled any one into taking part with them in their union-saving meetings. In Philadelphia the locofoco hand was so plain in all the arrangements for the Union meeting that the most prominent opposition men were either excluded from it or held themselves aloof from it. It and a similar Boston meeting, were mere locofoco gatherings, for the purpose of hiding locofocoism under a simulated love for the Union.

From whence do the threats or dangers of dissolution come? From the north? No. From the Republicans? No. The Republican party is a Union party. The first article in its creed is that the Union must and shall be preserved. Its members and its representatives utter no threats and have no purpose or desire to dissolve the Union. From whence, then, does the danger come? From the South alone. The only threateners are Southern men, and they are not to be found outside of the democratic ranks. If there is any danger, therefore, of a dissolution of the Union, it is to be found in the democratic party.

It is a sound principle of law that no man should be permitted to take advantage of his own wrong. The principle is as sound in politics as in law. Neither men nor parties can be permitted to do a wrong and take advantage of it. The Democratic party, therefore, under this principle, cannot be permitted to do this wrong of threatening to dissolve the Union if the South cannot have its own way, and then plead for a continuance in power upon the ground that it, alone, can save the country from a danger which it alone has created. All that is necessary to save the Union from any possible danger is to cease threatening. The only enemies the Union has are to be found in the Democratic party. Let that party choke off the offenders in its own ranks, and the country can have peace.

The Union is in no danger from the principles of the Republican party. If it succeeds in getting possession of the government, it can and will administer its affairs in perfect consonance with the Constitution and with full protection to the rights of every portion of the confederacy. If any attempt is made to dissolve the Union, (which is not at all probable,) it will be made by democrats, in democratic States, and under democratic auspices. We have no apprehension of danger from that source; but should any exist, it will be a poor way to remedy it by continuing in power the party from which the danger comes. Our safety and that of the Union consists in turning that party out.

We repeat, no one has yet been scared by the silly vaporings of these amateur terrorists. The trick they would play is too transparent. Let them play it out, however. It is their last and only chance, and it would be a pity to deprive them of their one remaining hope of retaining the government in their hands.

AN UNINTENTIONAL PARRICIDE.—The Nashville *Gazette* says that, on Wednesday night of last week, a man named Langster, living on Sam's Creek, Tenn., accompanied his wife on a visit to a neighbor's, leaving at home their son, a boy eleven years of age, to take care of the house. At a late hour in the night, the mother and father returned, and approaching their home, Mr. Langster suggested to his wife, that, for sport, and to test the courage of the boy, he would stealthily approach the house, and knock admittance. He did so, and the boy inquired who was there, but received no answer. The knocking and inquiry were repeated, but still no answer to the boy's question. The lad then got down his father's double-barrel shot-gun, and coming outside the house, again asked who it was that knocked. Receiving no answer, he raised the gun and fired, lodging a large number of buck-shot in the body of his father, and producing wounds which, it is supposed, will result in death. On Friday night, it was thought that the wounded man could survive but a few hours longer. The son, no doubt, thought that robbers or worse than robbers, were besieging the house.

A FRIGHT AT ALEXANDRIA.—The chivalry are still haunted by phantoms. The Washington *Republic* of the 6th relates that the ferry boat between Washington and Alexandria, which went down to the latter place, Thursday evening, and was met at the wharf by a party of sixty soldiers with fixed bayonets. The passengers, twelve in number, were critically examined before they were permitted to land. The *Republic* says;

Incredible as it may seem, the military of Alexandria were called out and kept under arms for twenty-four hours, to repel an attack of a force of six hundred men from the North, reported to be on the way with that intent. That the authorities of Alexandria could have given credence to such a piece of stupidity, it is impossible to believe. It must be set down as a part of the policy of excitement which has controlled the Virginia managers of this business from the start.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.—Yesterday, at the Belmont Rolling Mill, a little daughter of David Boughman, an employee of the Company, sat down upon a piece of hot metal, from which her clothing caught fire. Her screams soon attracted the attention of the father who ran to her assistance, but being, of course, much excited could not extinguish the flames as speedily as might have been. The little girl was terribly injured, the surface of her entire person being burned into a crisp. It is thought she will not recover. Mr. Boughman in his efforts to save his child, had his hands badly burned.—*Wheel. Intel.*

PTOLEMY PHILOPATER, who lived some two hundred years before Christ, had a ship with forty banks of rowers, being 600 English feet in length—110 feet longer than the Persia, and only 180 feet shorter than the Great Eastern—76 ft from one side to the other; in height, to gunwales, it was 90 feet, and from the highest part of the stern to the water-line, it was about a hundred feet; it had four rudders, each 60 feet long. When put to sea, it held more than 4,000 rowers, and 4,000 supernumeraries, and on the deck were 3,000 mariners. And besides all these, there was a large body of men under the decks, and a vast quantity of provisions and supplies.

THE financial position of Holland is so favorable that the Government has undertaken to advance, without interest, a sum of twenty-two and a half millions of guilders, to be refunded by terms, the last term at the expiration of six years, to several railroad companies, for the building of projected roads. The Government has also resolved to undertake, without delay, the execution of a canal from Amsterdam to the sea, wide and deep enough to admit the largest vessels. It is expected that this last undertaking will be productive of very great commercial advantages.

COLD COMFORT.—The New York *Herald* says: —The voters of this metropolis succeeded, on Tuesday, in electing the vilest and most rascally Corporation we have ever had, prominent among its members being three indicted criminals—one under indictment for murder, another for plundering the Treasury, and the third actually under sentence of imprisonment in the Penitentiary for felonious assault. We may be prepared, then, to see every kind of corrupt job flourishing in the new Common Counsel."

BANK FAILURE.—The Allen county *Democrat* says:—

We learn that the Allen county Bank has failed, and Wednesday last made an assignment to Jas. Roberts, Esq., of Lima. It is said that the assets of the Bank will be equal with time to fully meet all its liabilities. Still its failure cannot but have an unfavorable effect upon business, in this vicinity at least. Its failure is said to have been wholly unexpected, and particulars have not transpired.

WASHINGTON Irving leaves a large fortune to be divided amongst his nephews and nieces. For the last eight or ten years he has probably received from his books alone will average an annual income of $20,000.

GOV. CHASE, OF OHIO, TO GOV. WISE, OF VA.—The following letter has been communicated by Gov. Wise to the Virginia Legislature. It is in reply to one from Gov. Wise to Gov. Chase, calling his attention to alleged combinations within the State of Ohio, for the rescue of the Harper's Ferry insurgents:—

STATE OF OHIO, EXE'TIVE DEPART.,
COLUMBUS, Dec. 1, 1859.

SIR:—Your letter of the 23d ultimo—postmarked 26th—together with a copy of one of the same date, addressed by you to the President, were received yesterday. No intelligence, other than that contained in those letters, has reached me of any such preparations as are described in them, and the letters themselves convey no such information in respect to place or persons as is necessary to enable the authorities of the State, in the absence of other intelligence, to interpose with any certainty or effect. Whenever it shall be made to appear, either by evidence transmitted by you or otherwise, that unlawful combinations are being formed by any persons, or at any place in Ohio, for the invasion of Virginia, or for the commission of crimes against her people, it will undoubtedly become the duty of the Executive to use whatever power he may possess to break up such combinations and defeat their unlawful purposes, and that duty, it need not be doubted, will be promptly performed.

I observe, with deep regret, an intimation in your letter that necessity may compel the authorities of Virginia to pursue invaders of her jurisdiction into the territories of adjoining States. It is to be hoped that no circumstances will arise creating, in their opinion, such a necessity. Laws of the United States, as well as the laws of Ohio, indicate the mode in which persons, charged with crime in another State and escaping into Ohio, may be demanded, and must be surrendered; and the people of this State will require from her authorities the punctual fulfilment of every obligation to the other members of the Union. They cannot consent, however, to the invasion of her territory by armed bodies from other States, even for the purpose of pursuing and arresting fugitives from justice.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, yours,
S. P. CHASE.
His Excellency, Henry A. Wise, &c., &c.

IF any further answer were needed to the charge so often brought against the Republican party, that its organization is confined to the Northern States. Mr. Chesnut, the South Carolina Senator, might be called upon to give it. In his speech on Mason's Haper's Ferry resolution, he expressly stated that the preservation of the Union depends wholly upon the North. "If," said he, addressing the Northern Senators, "you value the Union as you say you do, it is for you to preserve it. The South cannot preserve the Union. It becomes your interest and your concern in the future." If the South cannot preserve the Union, then certainly, the South has no claim to be intrusted with the machinery and control of the Federal Government. If, for the future, the preservation of the Union is the special interest and concern of the North, what more reasonable than that the North should take the administration of national affairs into its own hands?

The South, having fallen under the exclusive control of the slaveholding interest, has no longer any thought or concern for the Union, or for anything else except the extension and preservation of slaveholding. It is this state of things—this downtrodden and feeble condition of the South, to use Mr. Chesnut's own words—which has led to the formation of the Republican party. The Republican party desires and intends to maintain the Union on the basis upon which it was placed when the Union was formed. It is for this purpose that the Republicans aim to obtain the control of the Federal Government, not for the sake of accomplishing any local or sectional objects. The condition into which the South has sunk, as described by Mr. Chesnut, sufficiently sustains the position of that section of the country in relation to the Republican party.—*N. Y. Trib.*

THERE was some very plain talking among the epaulettes at the Charlestown execution—of a very interesting political tone. By a characteristic blunder, Col. Baylor, the very man who commanded the Harper's Ferry militia in the attack against Brown, was put under arrest. He was highly incensed at the dignity and when the officer of the guard learned who he was and directed that he should be set at liberty, he declined to take his liberty, and insisted upon being brought to head quarters, and on receiving from the General a written order of discharge. There his indignation found vent in a very free and open expression of his private sentiments in regard to the whole military array. He denounced it as a disunion movement, got up by Henry A. Wise, who wanted to be President of a Southern Confederacy. "It is a vile political scheme," said he, "to distroy this Union. The command is given to a near relative of Brown's; many of the officers are related to him, and nine out of every ten men here are his political supporters. The object is to increase the excitement. After I was succeeded in command, he told me to hold myself in readiness for orders. I answered that I would hold myself in readiness to obey Gov. Letcher's orders, but no; his. He could not deprive me of my commission, except by court-martialing me, and that he dare not do."

Baylor said in addition that though there were more slaves owned by his family than by any other in Virginia, he would rather that slaves, and John Brown and all, should escape, than that this Union should be destroyed. His grandfather had fought and bled in the Revolution, and he was not willing to see the Government overthrown for the political advancement of any man. He saw nothing but treason in all that movement. He had heard that white haired old man, Edmund Ruffin, make a treasonable harangue in the street to-day, and had gone up and told him that he was protected by his white hairs and by the military; but that if he came here a month hence and made a similar speech, he would be taken to "the run" and well ducked, and then driven out of town.

A REBUKE FROM THE RIGHT QUARTER.—*Virginia Terrorism.*—It is hard to tell whether the Virginians should be pitied or abused, whether their extraordinary conduct should be attributed to timidity or malignity. A citizen from the North cannot express an opinion at variance with Virginia sentiment on the slavery question, but he is immediately imprisoned or exiled. In fact, it is not necessary that he should express an opinion; it is only necessary that he should be suspected of entertaining it to render him a fit subject for incarceration. We make many allowances for the necessity of the people of Virginia observing the greatest vigilance and exercising every possible defence against attempts to tamper with slaves; but we think they are really carrying their precaution to an extreme. It surely cannot be requisite for the safety of the institution that harmless, unoffending Northern men, peaceably pursuing their usual avocations in Virginia, should be either imprisoned, or expelled from the State. Such extreme measures can only be intended to vex the North, and will have the effect of embittering Northern men against the slave States. If these vexatious proceedings continue in Virginia, it will not be long before the Northern States will begin to retaliate, by expelling Virginians from their borders, as Northern men are now daily expelled from the borders of Virginia. This would indeed be terrible state of things. We may certainly expect it, however, unless the system of persecution now practiced in Virginia is stopped.—*Hannibal (Mo.) Gazette.*

JUDGE BRONSON, our newly-elected Corporation Counsel, stated, in his remarks at the preliminary meeting of the Union-Savers, that he held the opinion that this Union could not be preserved if its different sections insisted upon constantly assailing one another. This is just our opinion. But we do not see the pertinency of its expression at that particular moment. The proper time to have made this remark was when the Southern freebooters were trying to wrest Kansas from the Free-State people, and before the Missouri Border Ruffians were subdued by Old John Brown. That was the principal occasion on which one section of the Union assailed the other. Since then, the two sections have lived in tolerably harmonious intercourse. And we conceive it is likely to continue; since that repulse, and its more recent consequences, are likely to be some time remembered by the assailants.—*N. Y. Trib.*

THE Southern gentlemen were entitled to know whether if the gentleman from Ohio was elected Speaker, he would let negroes fire dwellings, or put the knife to the throat of his wife and four helpless childern.—*Speech of Mr. Leake in the House.*

That is an important point for Leake, and the question ought to be answered. If Sherman would let negroes do such horrible things as are depicted by the frightened Lake, he ought not to be Speaker. We feel badly for Leake's wife and those four helpless childern, and if he has no objections he had better bring them North. They will be safe here even if Sherman is Speaker.—*Newark Mercury.*

SOUTH CAROLINA, is at her old tricks, threatening disunion in the alternative of the election of a Republican President, and making a fuss about a Southern confederacy. The Legislature passed a resolution recently, to inquire into the condition of the State arms; whereupon, a contemporary refers them to a place called Camden, where some muskets can probably yet be found sticking through the rail-fences, left there by South Carolina militia, at the time of the Revolution. South Carolina stood higher with the British than with the patriots in 1776, and we fear she has not got over her toryism yet.—*Wellsburg (Va.) Her.*

EGGS.—Most of the eggs that are shipped from New York city to Charleston, S. C., are brought from Canada. With the exception of about forty miles of railroad, from lake Champlain to the Hudson river, they come by water and are not much shaken

For Indigestion,
Try Boerhave's Holland Bitters.
For Heartburn,
Try Boerhave's Holland Bitters.
For Acidity,
Try Boerhave's Holland Bitters.
For Waterbrash,
Try Boerhave's Holland Bitters.
For Headache,
Try Boerhave's Holland Bitters.
For Loss of Appetite,
Try Boerhave's Holland Bitters.
For Costiveness,
Try Boerhave's Holland Bitters.
For Piles,
Try Boerhave's Holland Bitters.

In all Nervous, Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections, it has in numerous instances proved highly beneficial, and in others effected a decided cure.

READ CAREFULLY!—The Genuine highly Concentrated Boerhave's Holland Bitters is put up in half pint bottles only, and retailed at $1 per bottle. The great demand for this truly Celebrated Medicine has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. Beware of imposition! See that our name is on the label of every bottle you buy.

BENJAMIN PAGE, JR., & CO., Sole Proprietors, 77 Wood street, between 1st and 2d sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.
nolthdawlt

New Advertisements.

COMPENDIUM
OF THE
IMPENDING CRISIS
OF
THE SOUTH;
BY
HINTON ROWAN HELPER,
OF NORTH CAROLINA.
Only Fifty Cents.
Now ready at
J. W. PITTOCK'S,
del2:1t Odd Fellows' Building, Fifth st.

NEW BOOKS, FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
CHOICE BOOKS, FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
ILLUSTRATED BOOKS, FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
AT DAVIS & CO'S GIFT BOOK STORE,
AT DAVIS & CO'S GIFT BOOK STORE,
AT DAVIS & CO'S GIFT BOOK STORE.
NO. 60 FIFTH STREET.
NO. 60 FIFTH STREET.
NO. 60 FIFTH STREET. del2:1wd

SUNDRIES—100 bbls. Extra Family Flour; 100 boxes Star Candles; 25 do Stearine do; 21 bbls. N. O. Molasses; 50 dozen prime Brooms.
Just rec'd and for sale at 114 second street.
del2 GRAFF & VAN GORDER.

SUNDRY PRODUCE.—
175 bbls choice Apples, 5 Dressed Hogs,
50 do Onions, 30 sks Buckwheat Flour
3 do Hominy, 200 bush Spring Barley.
Received and for sale by JAS. A. FRYER,
del2 corner First and Market streets.

DICKENS' COMPLETE WORKS—Tickner & Co.'s new and beautiful library editions carefully revised by the author, in twenty-two volumes, 12mo, with portraits and vignettes, for sale by
del2 KAY & CO., 56 Wood street.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.—Fancy Dress Goods, Shawls, Cloaks, Needle Work, Collars, Setts and Sleeves, all marked very low to close them out. We solicit an early call. C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market st.

BOQUET STYLES
OF
MUSLIN DE LAINES,
Just received by BURCHFIELD & CO.,
Who are also selling great Bargains in fine Dress Goods.

STRYCHNIA—50 ounces for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
del2 Corner of First and Wood streets.

TERRE JAPONICA—10 bales for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
del2 Corner of First and Wood streets.

BATH BRICK—2000 English for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
del2 Corner of First and Wood streets.

PRIME ROLL BUTTER—200 lbs. prime Roll Butter rec'd this day and for sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.
del2:1t

40 BBLS. MESS PORK for sale by
del2 GRAFF & VANGORDER, 114 Second st.

AT COST! AT COST!!
For the Holidays!
PRICES REDUCED
To Clear out the Stock!
THE ENTIRE STOCK OF
French Embroideries
AT COST!
Real Worked French Collars at Cost.
Scotch Worked Collars and Setts at Cost.
Real Lace Trimmed Collars and Setts at Cost.
Fine Embroidered Handkerchiefs at Cost.
Elegant Lace Berthas at Less than Cost.
Infants' Robes & Waists, Ruffling, &c. at Cost.
Many of the above Articles are Marked at less than Eastern Cost.
A GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF
REAL STEEL SPRING
SKELETON SKIRTS.
Now is the time for BARGAINS, before they all go.
EATON, CREE & MACRUM,
del0 No. 17 FIFTH STREET.

COD LIVER OIL.
BAKER & CO'S UNEXCELLED BRAND is to be had of the Proprietors, JOHN C. BAKER & CO., 154 N. Third street, Philadelphia; also in Pittsburgh of R. E. SELLERS & CO., JOS. FLEMING, W. J. RAICHLIFF, DANDERVOIT, FUNDERICH, FULTON, SUPER, BRAUN & HEITZEN and other respectable Druggists.
It is prescribed by 3500 Physicians throughout the country; unexcelled for purity, sweetness, uniformity of preparation, freedom from taste and odor, producing immediate and certain benefit in Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Gout, Incipient Consumption, Rheumatism, and all Scrofulous Diseases. The peculiar and distinctive merits of this Brand of Oil over all others, is attested by the certificates of the Members of the Faculty of the University of Pennsylvania, and other Medical Schools, and by numerous physicians of distinction everywhere. de9:3mdls

TWENTY-EIGHTH List of Applications for Selling Liquors filed in the Clerk's Office up to Dec. 5th, 1859.
Bilhare ——, eating house, 5th ward, Pittsburgh,
Campbell James, tavern, 3d do do
Beatty Gilmore & Co., dry goods, 3d ward, Allegheny;
Kaufman Louis, eating house, Duquesne Borough;
McNulty George B., do 3d ward, Allegheny;
Montgomery Alex., tavern, 4th do Pittsburgh;
Ostermayer, John, do 5th do do
Reif John, do 5th do do
Slocum S., do 5th do do
THOS. A. ROWLEY, Clerk.
Clerk's Office, Dec. 8th, 1859. dec9:3d

BROAD CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CASSINETS and JEANS, FOR PANTS, at
de9 C. HANSON LOVE'S, 74 Market street.

CALL AND SEE US.—Having made extensive improvements at the Old Stand,
THE BEE HIVE CLOTHING STORE,
No. 225 Liberty Street,
And having recently received a large and well selected stock of all the latest styles of
OVERCOATINGS, CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
Would respectfully invite our customers and the public generally to call and examine our stock, and if you
WANT GOOD FITTING
AND
WELL MADE GARMENTS;
IF YOU WISH TO BUY GOOD AND CHEAP GOODS, by all means call at the BEE HIVE, where you will find everything usually kept by a Clothing Store, made or trimmed.
Custom work made to order in the latest style. Remember the Golden Bee Hive, 225 Liberty street.
de8:6td J. BOOBYER, JR.

FARMS! FARMS!—A Farm of 111 acres near Blairsville, 75 acres in cultivation, all under fence, and suitable for grain or grass; a comfortable dwelling house, orchard, barn, &c. A Farm on the Zelienople plank road; 45 acres in cultivation; good improvements. A Farm of 50 acres in Mercer county. A Farm of 51 acres near Freeport. A Farm of 182 acres, 12 miles from the city; well improved and in good order. 10 acres of land, with good dwelling house, 3 miles from Allegheny city; price $3,000. 20 acres of well improved land, fruit trees, dwelling house, &c., 4½ miles from the city. 34 acres of land near the city for sale in lots of 2, 4 and 5 acres, suitable for market gardens. For sale by
S. CUTHBERT & SON,
de8 Real Estate and General Agts, 51 Market street.

INVEST $1 AND KEEP WARM.—
50 cents will buy a good Merino Shirt,
50 cents will buy a good pair Merino Drawers.
CALL AND SEE.—GREAT CHEAP!!
A Fine Shirt for 75 cents;
A better one for 87½ cents, $1 and upwards.
GLOVES, GAUNTLETS AND HALF HOSE proportionately low.
Shirt Collars, Cravats, Ties, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Shirt Fronts, &c., at great bargains to reduce the stock.
All sizes UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS, for Ladies, Misses and Children.
de10 EATON, CREE & MACRUM, 17 Fifth st.

NURSERY FENDERS,
COOK STOVES, PARLOR FENDERS,
HEATING STOVES, PARLOR STOVES,
PARLOR COAL STOVE, PARLOR COAL VASES,
BATHING APPARATUS, BIRD CAGES,
COAL TONGS,
FIRE IRONS, FIRE IRON STANDS,
Planished, Plain and Pressed TINWARE, PATENT GRIDIRONS,
GAS STOVES, &c., &c.
de10 W. W. BRADSHAW, No. 154 Wood street, First door below the sign of the Golden Gun.

A Stock of Clothing Wanted.
ANY PARTY HAVING A CLOTHING or FLORISHING BUSINESS to dispose of will find a purchaser by addressing CLOTHING, BOX 1409, stating location, amount of stock on hand and amount of business now doing. None but a first class business wanted.
de10:3t*

WHITE BEANS—20 bus. small white Beans in store for sale by HERBST & BARKER.

New Advertisements.

PURE WHITE LEAD

REPORTS having been circulated recently that our brand of White Lead was not pure, several respectable houses in this city, in order to satisfy themselves in regard to the quality of the article, placed samples in the hands of competent Chemists for analysis. Below we give the result, and leave it to an unprejudiced public to judge of the truth of the reports.

16 *Boylston St., Boston, Oct 6th, 1859.*

MESSRS LYON, SHORB & CO.—*Gentlemen:*—I received your samples of Paint and suspected Lead, and have made analysis of them

In the mixture* of Lead and finely divided matter, the Lead is pure, while the finely divided part is oxide of Lead, with some charcoal from the oil. There is no Baryta or other earth in the mixture with the metallic Lead, and oxide of Lead, as the whole reduces under soda flux, and does not, when analyzed, show the presence of impurity. The oxide did not reduce into Lead, as the mere accidental circumstance of there not being carbon sufficient, from the manner in which the oil burnt or boiled off in the crucible.

Sample of Lead in Oil—this was also analyzed for any impurity, but found to consist of Oil and White Lead only.

I must therefore consider both samples pure in composition. Respectfully, &c. A. A. HAYES.

*This mixture was the result of an attempted analysis by a painter of this city, in the employ of Messrs. Lyon, Shorb & Co., painting the Monongahela House, and pronounced impure, and was sent by them to A. A. Hayes, Chemist, of Boston, for analysis.

ANALYSIS OF MESSRS. POWERS & WEIGHTMAN OF PHILADELPHIA, OF A SAMPLE FURNISHED BY MESSRS. WM. M'CULLY & CO., OF PITTSBURGH.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 11th, 1859.

MESSRS. POWERS & WEIGHTMAN, Philadelphia—*Gent.*:—We forward to-day by express, a keg of B. A. Fahnestock & Co's Pure White Lead, which we wish you to analyze at your earliest convenience, and send us the analysis.
Very respectfully, WM. McCULLY & CO.

Philadelphia, Oct. 17th, 1859.

We have examined the keg of White Lead ground in oil, sent to us, branded "Pure White Lead," and find it to be as represented.

One hundred parts of the mixture furnished
Oil..... 9 parts,
White Lead..... 91 "
100
Very respectfully, yours, POWERS & WEIGHTMAN

ANALYSIS OF G. W. WEYMAN, ESQ., CHEMIST, OF PITTSBURGH, OF A SAMPLE FURNISHED BY MESSRS. JOHN THOMPSON & CO., PAINTERS, OF PITTSBURGH.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 10th, 1859.

SIR—I have examined the sample of White Lead left at my laboratory.

It is a pure basic Carbonate of Lead, entirely free from any adulteration or admixture whatever.
Respectfully, GEORGE W. WEYMAN.

ANALYSIS MADE AT THE REQUEST OF A MANUFACTURER OF WHITE LEAD IN LOUISVILLE, KY.

Louisville, September 30th, 1859.

MESSRS. B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Pittsburgh—*Gents*:—In reply to yours of the 26th inst. Whilst interested in the manufacture of White Lead in this city, I examined a great number of White Leads coming into the market branded pure. Amongst the number examined was your article, and enclosed I give you the copy of the result, handed me by Mr. Thos. E. Jenkins, who made the analysis.

The keg examined, I obtained from one of our city houses, who at that time, I believe, were the only parties selling your Lead in the city. My purpose at the time, was to ascertain exactly, the composition of these Leads, and, therefore, I placed them for analysis in the hands of a competent chemist. The analysis in its results will show that it was carefully conducted.

Yours, very respectfully, THOMAS E. WILSON.

Louisville, September 20th, 1859.

DR. T. E. WILSON, Louisville, Ky.—*Dear Sir*:—In reply to your note of this date, I have to say, that on the 21st of September, 1859, I analyzed a sample of White Lead in Oil, marked "*," which was understood to be Fahnestock's Pittsburgh Lead.

My notes of the analysis are as follows:

	Per cent.
Oil	9.75
Carbonate Lead	90.00
*Insoluble Matter	.25
	100.00

Respectfully, THOS. E. JENKINS.

*This small proportion of insoluble matter, the one fourth of one per cent, is probably dirt in the Oil.

In addition to the above, we beg leave to state that we have been engaged in the manufacture of White Lead for nearly sixteen years, and that during the entire period, we have never placed our name on a keg of White Lead that contained anything but Lead and Linseed Oil.

We not only claim for our brand of Lead, strict purity, but a degree of fineness and whiteness not equaled by any other brand.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
Corner of First and Wood Streets.
de6:1wdAltwT

RARE CHANCES
FOR
INVESTMENT

THE MOST COMPLETE
SHINGLE MACHINE
EXTANT.
Durable, Perfect and Cheap
STATE, TERRITORY AND
COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE.

THE IRON CITY SHINGLE MACHINE, patented by Mr. S. C. TIFFIN, Inventor, of Pittsburgh, Pa., June 7th, 1859, is now introduced to the public, and commends itself for the following advantages—simplicity, durability, utility, cheapness and excellence of work. Its superiority to other machines, consists first—that it is provided with an apparatus by which the edging of the Shingle is performed by the saw which cuts it and which is a saving of from

FORTY TO FIFTY PER CENT. IN COST.

Second, by the means of two treadles, the block when placed on the machine is adjusted in any position the operator may desire, by which there is a saving of

TWENTY PER CENT. OF TIMBER.

Third—It will saw and edge

SIXTY SHINGLES
PER
MINUTE!

The machine will also cut Veneering, Looking-Glass Backs, Barrel Heads, Cigar Boxes, etc.

THE IRON CITY MACHINE

Can be furnished complete for $150, by the manufacturer in this city, Mr. S. S. FOWLER, and can be seen in operation at the Planing Mill of Mr. W. DILWORTH, corner Seventh and Grant streets.

RIGHTS FOR SALE.

The Inventor and Patentee will dispose of County, State and Territory Rights for the sale and use of the Machine, on very moderate terms. Persons desirous of investing, cannot find a better opportunity than the present. Call and examine the Machine. del:dtf

HIGHEST PREMIUM
STOVES, GRATES
AND
RANGES.
FIVE SILVER MEDALS AWARDED TO
BISSELL & CO.,
BY THE STATE FAIR.
ALSO, A
Silver Cup, Silver Medal,
And various Diplomas awarded to BISSEL & CO., by the Late County Fair held in this city.
Manufacturers of Every Variety of
Cooking, Parlor
AND
HEATING STOVES,
Fine and Common Enamelled
GRATE FRONTS AND FENDERS,
And the Celebrated FIRST PREMIUM Capitol
COOKING RANGES.

If you want the FINEST GRATES and FENDERS made in this city, call on
Bissell & Co.
If you want the BEST COOKING RANGE made in Pittsburgh, call on
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Manufacturers of the GREAT COAL COOK STOVE
VICTORY,
The best Coal Cooking Stove that is made.
If you want a WOOD COOKING STOVE, get the BLACK OAK, the nicest stove that is out.
We have always exhibited our stoves, Grates and Ranges at State and County Fairs, and we never fear competition.
If you are building a house, and want a first rate article in the way of a STOVE, GRATE or RANGE, don't fail to call on
BISSELL & CO.,
No. 235 Liberty Street.

Miscellaneous.

SAMUEL GRAY & SON,

HAVE OPENED, in addition to a large assortment of CLOTHS, in the most desirable colors for fine Dress or Frock Coats, several new varieties in

Nap,
Harrington
and Elysian
BEAVER OVERCOATINSG!
CHOICE STYLES IN CHEVIOTS, &c., &c.
FOR WALKING SUITS
And the Latest Designs for
TROWSERS AND WAISTCOATS.
NO. 19 FIFTH STREET,
no29

ETNA STOVE WORKS.

A. BRADLEY,
No. 4 Wood Street,
WOULD INVITE PUBLIC ATTENTION to the largest stock and greatest variety of Stoves in the State, among which will be found the celebrated
COAL COOK STOVES,
TROPIC,
Eureka and Arbiter,
FOR WOOD, THE
VICTOR, LIVE OAK & PITTSBURGH,
ARE UNSURPASSED,
Together with Premium Stoves of three varieties,
PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Great inducements offered to Builders and others in want of GRATES, GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.
We would call particular attention to our justly celebrated
DOUBLE-TOP GAS AND SMOKE CONSUMING
STOVES;
TROPIC, EUREKA AND ARBITER,
The only Gas and Smoke-Consumers in the market. Others that are called so have not the DOUBLE TOP—the main feature in saving Plates and Fuel, which is secured to us by two patents.
To those in want of a Stove for Family use, that has never failed to give satisfaction, we would recommend these, which, although they have never been exhibited at State or County Fairs, have a competitor for Durability and Economy in fuel unequalled by any other stove in the State.
CAUTION!—Buy no Stove called Gas Consumers without the Double Top. no18:6md

FIRST PREMIUM AWARDED
BY THE STATE FAIR TO
GRAFF & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS,
FOR THE BEST
STOVES.
FOR THE BEST
COOKING RANGE FOR FAMILIES,
With large Feed Door for throwing in Coal,
AND BEST WOOD COOK STOVE.
DIPLOMA FOR BEST LAUNDRY STOVE.
Also, on hand a large assortment of Heating Stoves, Plain and Fancy Grate Fronts, Fenders, Sad and Dog Irons, Sugar Kettles, Wagon Boxes, Hollow Ware, &c.
GRAFF & CO.,
No. 245 Liberty Street,
AT THE HEAD OF WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PENN.
se2:1yd

DUPUY & MITCHELL,
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Office No. 1 Steel's Block, South-Water St., cor. La Salle St., Chicago.
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Solicit for the purchase of Flour and Grain in Chicago Market.
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N. STEBBINS, M. D.,
DENTIST,
191 PENN STREET, opposite St. Clair Hotel, Inserts Teeth on Plates of Coralite and Porcelain; also, on Gold and other Metallic Bases when desired. All other Dental operations carefully attended to. Electrical Anæsthesia applied in extracting teeth. no15:y

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DR. CALVIN KING,
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Tenders his services to the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity in the line of his profession. He operates in the most improved modes of Dental Surgery, employing such materials as have stood the ordeal of a long experience. His familiarity with the most difficult operations incident to the profession, warrants him in assuring the public that perfect satisfaction will be given in all cases entrusted to his hands. *Terms Moderate.* no24:6md

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COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, and INFLUENZA, IRRITATION, SORENESS, or any affection of the Throat CURED, by these Troches or Cough Lozenges. BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING COUGH, ASTHMA, CATARRH, RELIEVED by BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, or COUGH LOZENGES.
"*A simple and elegant combination for* COUGHS, &c.
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"*Great benefit when taken before and after preaching, as they prevent Hoarseness. From their past effect, I think they will be of permanent advantage to me.*"
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Sold by all Druggists, at 25 cents per box.
Also, BROWN'S LAXATIVE TROCHES, or, CATHARTIC LOZENGES, for *Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Headache, Bilious affections, etc.* no20:4wdmT

Oil Springs and Land.
I WILL SELL THE UNDIVIDED HALF of 600 ACRES OF LAND situated on Gordon Run and the Allegheny River, at Tedionte, Warren county, Pa. The prospects for finding Oil in abundance on this property, either by sinking shafts or boring wells, are of the most flattering character. The Oil rises on the water along the shore of the river; flows day and night from springs on this land; is found in the wells and everywhere on the run and river bottoms; by digging a few feet below the surface of the ground. An experienced party have engaged to bore a well for Oil on this land, and expect to commence operations in a few days. This property is only 10 or 12 miles from a Station on the Sunbury & Erie Railroad, between which and Erie cars are running daily.
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