Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED 1786.—D. P. WILLIAMS, D. L. RAYSON, D. S. FERGUSON

R. BRETT & CO.,
EDITORS and PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING, NOV. 7, 1859.

THE BALTIMORE ELECTION.—It is a sad commentary upon our institutions, that in a generally law abiding community, such outrages could occur as we find recorded of the Baltimore election. It is no excuse for such pistolling, fighting, stabbing and general outbreak, that in the days when the locofoco party was in the ascendant in Baltimore, they were accustomed to destroy ballot-boxes, beat and kill men, dismantle newspaper offices, etc. It is a shame for parties, or men claiming a reputation for common decency, to shield themselves under such a subterfuge and to pretend to seek revenge for wrong by doing wrong. It is a great grievance that the vast majority of the people of Baltimore are to lie under the severe criticism, if not denunciation, of the whole country, because of the outrageous acts of a band of lawless fellows, "rip-raps," "tigers" and "blood-tubs," who take possession of the polls on election day with fell intent to prevent any from voting but such as they may allow. Cannot the good people of Baltimore arise and assert the rights of the majority in some legal and constitutional way? It is not a derision of parties, apparently, in Baltimore, at present, on any great principle. The contest appears to be for possession of the polls. We perceive that the papers of either party charge the fault upon the other. The *American*, speaking for the "Reformers," charges it upon their foes. The Baltimore *Patriot*, in a long article upon the matter, says:

"The Exchange has no comment to make on yesterday's war on the ballot-box, inaugurated by the Reformers and the senseless appeals of their three organs. There was no necessity for any. It has only to point to the victims of its policy as the best illustration of its madness and iniquity. It is quite up to the Harper's Ferry incursion upon the rights of peaceable citizens. It canonizes the violent conduct of those Reformers who appealed to arms, as the "ineffectual struggles of individual gallantry." For what? To get possession of the polls—nothing more—and to prevent Americans from voting. And then when they found that they could not convert all the wards into an Eighth Ward, they took to their heels, after two o'clock in the day, and confessed a defeat."

Upon whoever the fault belongs, it is a grievous one, and the great mass of law obeying citizens there ought in some way enforce their rights. Our sympathies can be fully with neither party then, on the great questions of the day; yet, we are, we hope, sufficiently interested in the well-being of every community in our whole land, to desire it be freed from such scenes as are represented to have occurred at Baltimore on the day of the recent election.

THE RESPONSIBILITY.—At the great mass meeting held in the Cooper Institute, in New York, on Thursday evening, the vast crowd was eloquently addressed by Wm. M. Evarts and Thomas Corwin. The speeches of both these gentlemen were spirited and effective. We make the following quotation from that of Mr. Evarts as fixing the responsibility for all the agitation, bickering and trouble which have occurred in the last four or five years, upon the right party. Read it:

"I want to know who is responsible for having carried this conflict in human nature, between Slavery and Freedom, into the rude shock of conflict, involving life, liberty and property, among the peaceful people of Kansas and Virginia? Who is responsible for it? Who began it? Who undertook to show that the earth didn't go round the sun but should be stopped, and who undertook to conquer the nature of freemen and extinguish the fires of Liberty, and who have burned themselves with the bursting flames that could not be repressed? [Applause.] Why, gentlemen, it was very little matter when it was off in Kansas; when a few people, poor, despised freemen of the ordinary condition of our Northern life, were oppressed by the powerful and neighboring State of Missouri, aided by Federal arms and by Federal arts, by the Federal Treasury, by Federal patronage, and everything in the shape of power and corruption that could be brought to bear upon them—then it was a little thing! But we knew and we told them, though they were few and feeble, though their bodies could be trampled under foot, and their lives extinguished, yet they would triumph over Missouri, over President Pierce, over the United States Dragoons, over everything! And why? Because the electric spark of human right in the bosom of every feeble Kansas man was stronger by the law of God, which is the law of all civil society, than all their oppressors, and that single electric spark was connected, by the thrilling voice of human sympathy, with the immense battery of 15,000,000 of free minds and bodies in this country [great applause,] and the culmination of the blow when it should be united so as to tell by its force and boldness, would, I know, sweep away from the oppressors all the engines of fraud and force! And the Republican party undertook the service of collecting the shock, and they will pour it out next year with a power and fullness that never was known before. [Cheers.] We have lived to see those who sneered at "Bleeding" shriek for terrified Virginia! [Long-continued applause, and laughter, and cries of "Go on! Go on!" We told them then that the men in Kansas were our countrymen, and that oppression there touched our hearts as much as if it was in Westchester county, in our own State. And the Republican party has this to say about Virginia—it is a part of our own country; its name, its fame, its honor, its prosperity, are as dear to us as the name, the fame, the honor and prosperity of our own State of New York, in which we live. [Great applause.] But we must deal with facts—we cannot falsify principle. Our objects and our purposes are to control this system of Slavery, so that where the Federal power goes, it shall not be carried with our permission. [Applause.] It shall not go to the regions governed by our Government, and it shall not be replenished by importations from abroad. [Loud cheers.] It is an evil we will bear the burden of—that we will assist in controlling; and we propose to put it where Madison, Jefferson and Washington supposed it stood, as an evil to be deplored and a burden to be diminished."

GIVES IT UP.—The New York *Herald* at once the most unscrupulous and enterprising of the locofoco papers of the Union, gives it up and in its issue of Friday declares that the "Black Republican" ticket will be elected on Tuesday. The *Herald* with a disregard for truth that was notable even in a "Democratic" print, has worked the "John Brown" placer with an energy and assiduity that was absolutely herculean. It magnified the event until one would have thought that it in reality believed there were some leading Republicans of the country implicated in the crazy affair of Old Brown. It, however, is in despair. Nothing can save the pro-slavery party of New York, from the overwhelming defeat that awaits it, unless it may be frauds that shall outdo anything that has ever heretofore been effected in that line. To-morrow, we shall hear, as we believe, the despairing prediction of the *Herald* fulfilled.

THANKSGIVING.—The 24th instant appears to have been generally set apart so far for Thanksgiving. The custom, which, until within a few years, was confined almost exclusively to New England, has spread now to nearly the whole Union. The following States have now set aside the same day for thanksgiving and praise, viz: North Carolina, Alabama, South Carolina, Connecticut, New Hampshire, Maine, Massachusetts, Maryland, Rhode Island, New York, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, Indiana, Michigan and Minnesota.

JUDGE GOULD RESCUED FROM DROWNING.—This morning, about 10½ o'clock, as Judge Gould, of Troy, was in the act of stepping from the Hudson River Railroad ferry-boat upon the bridge, he slipped and fell into the basin. The boat was moving from the slip when the accident occurred, and as he was in the act of taking leave of some friends at the time, he was probably looking in an another direction, and not aware that the boat was moving. After falling, he floated upon the surface of the water, and was finally rescued by John McCarty, a deck hand on board of the tow-boat *Cayuga*. Although not a swimmer, the Judge was conscious and knew that as long as he remained upon his back, held his breath, and kept his arms in motion, he would float. This he did until assistance was rendered him, which, although speedily rendered, appeared to him a long time. It was a narrow escape, for had he struck either the dock or the boat falling, he would probably have sunk to the bottom of the slip, which is of great depth of water. He was taken to the office of the Hudson River Railroad, when he obtained a dry overcoat, and soon after took the cars for Troy.—*Albany Evg. Jour. Nov. 1.*

STEAMER ALDEMARLE SUNK.—Intelligence was received yesterday, announcing the sinking of the steamer Albemarle, the Wheeling and Parkersburg packet, at West's Landing, about eight miles above Parkersburg. The accident occurred yesterday morning. The boat ran upon a snag and sunk in deep water. It is thought she can be raised.—*Wheeling Intel.*

HARDSOME SUM.—The auction sale of the library of the late Rufus Choate, recently completed, it is said, will realize to his family about fifteen thousand dollars.

THE IDEAL OF A TRUE LIFE.—There is, even on this side the grave, a haven where the storms of life break not, or are felt but in gentle undulations of the unrippled and mirroring waters—an oasis, not in the desert, but beyond it—a rest, profound and blissful as that of the soldier returned forever from the dangers, the hardships and turmoil of war, to the bosom of that dear domestic circle whose blessings he never prized at half their worth till he lost them.

This haven, this oasis, this rest, is a calm and serene old age. The tired traveler has abandoned the dusty, crowded and jostling highway of life, for one of its shadiest and least noted by-lanes.

The din of traffic and worldly strife has no longer magic for his ear; the myriad footfall of the city's story walks, is as noise or nothing to him now. He has run his race of toil, or trade, or ambition. His day's work is accomplished, and he has come home to enjoy, tranquil and unharrassed, the splendor of the sunset, the milder glories of late evening. Ask not whether he has, or has not, been successful. What matters it now whether the multitude has dragged his chariot, rending the air with idolizing acclamations, or howled like wolves on his track as he fled by night from the fury of those he had wasted his vigor to serve. What avails it that broad lands have rewarded his toil, or that all has, at the last moment, been stricken from his grasp. Ask not whether he brings into retirement the wealth of the Indies, or the poverty of a bankrupt; whether his couch be down or rushes; his dwelling a hut or a mansion. He has lived to little purpose indeed, if he has not long since realized that wealth and renown are not the true ends of exertion, nor their absence the conclusive proof of ill-fortune. Whoever seeks to know if his career has been prosperous and brightening from its outset to its close; if the evening of his days shall be genial and blissful, should not ask for broad acres, or towering edifice, or laden coffers. Perverted old age may grasp these with the unyielding clutch of insanity, but they add to his cares and anxieties, not to his enjoyments. Ask, rather, has he mastered and harmonized his erring passions? Has he lived a True Life?

A true life: of how many lives does each hour knell the conclusion! and how few of them are true ones! The poor child of sin and shame and crime, who terminates her earthly being in the clouded morning of her scarce budded yet blighted existence; the desperate felon, whose blood is shed by the community, as the dread penalty of its violated law; the miserable debauche, who totters down to his loathsome grave in the spring time of his years, by the fulness of his festering iniquities—these, the world valiantly affirms, have not lived true lives! Fearless and righteous world! how just, how profound are thy judgments! But the base idolator of self, who devotes all his moments, his energies, his thoughts, to schemes which begin and end in personal advantage; the grasper of gold and lands; the devotee of pleasure; the man of ignoble ambition; the woman of frivolity, extravagance and fashion; the idler, the gambler, the voluptuary—on all these and their myriad compeers, while born on the crest of the reproof, how charitable the judgment of the world! Nay, is not even our ideal Christianity, which picks its way so daintily, cautiously and inoffensively, which regards with gentle rebuke and is regarded with amiable toleration by some of the foremost vices of the day; is it not too often oblivious of its paramount duty to teach men how to live worthily and nobly! Are there not thousands to whom its inculcations, so far as duties to mankind are concerned, are substantially negative in their character; who are taught that to do good is a casualty, and not a frame of being; who are told by it to feed the hungry and clothe the naked when they thrust themselves on the charity of portly affluence; but as an irksome duty for which they should be rewarded, rather than a blessed principle for which they should be profoundly grateful. Of the millions now weekly listening to the ministrations of the Christian pulpit, how many are already vividly impressed with the great truth—that each in his own sphere should live for mankind, as Christ did for the instruction, redemption and exhaltation of the race, and has the power to do this in their proper sphere, abides equally with the humblest as the highest. How many centuries more will be required to teach even the religious world, the full meaning of the term Christian?

A true life must be simple in all its elements—animated by one grand and ennobling impulse. All lesser aspirations find their proper places in harmonious subservience.

Simplicity in taste, in appetite, in habits of life, with a corresponding indifference to wealth, honors and aggrandizement, is the natural result of the predominance of a divine and unselfish idea. Under such a guidance, virtue is not an effort, but a law of nature, like gravitation. It is vice alone that seems unaccountable—monstrous—well nigh ridiculous. Purity is felt to be as necessary to the mind, as health to the body, and its absence like the inevitable cause of pain.

A true life must be calm. A life perfectly directed is made wretched through distraction. We give up our youth to excitement and distraction; we wear out energies in strife for gold or fame, and wonder alike at the cost and worthlessness of the mode. "Is not the, body more than meat?" Aye, truly! But how few have practically, consistently so regarded it? And little as it is regarded by the disimperfectly virtuous, how much less by the vicious and worldling. How like to the wars of the infuriated anamalculæ in a magnified drop of water, is the strife constantly waged in each little mind! How sloth is jostled by gluttony, and pride wrestled with by avarice, and ostentation headed by meanness!

The soul which is not large enough for the indwelling of one virtue, affords lodgment and scope and arena for a hundred vices. But their warfare cannot be indulged in with impunity. Agitation and wretchedness are the inevitable consequences, in the midst of which the flame of life burns swiftly and flaringly to its close.

A true life must be genial and joyous. Tell me not, pale anchorite, of your ceaseless vigils—your scourgings. These are fit offerings to Moloch, not to our Father. The man who is not happy in the life he has chosen, may be very sure he has chosen amiss or is self-deceived. But not merely happier; but he should be kinder, gentler and more elastic in spirits, as well as firmer and truer. "I love God and little children," says a German poet. The good are ever attracted by the presence of the innocent and lovely. And he who finds religion adverse to, or a restraint upon the truly innocent pleasures and gayeties of life, so that the latter do not interfere with and jar upon the sublimer objects, may well doubt whether he has indeed "learned Jesus."—*Horace Greeley.*

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 7, 1859.—One of the severest shocks of earthquake that has taken place in this city during the last five years, occurred last Wednesday, the 5th instant, at fifteen minutes after twelve o'clock, noon. The oscillations were from east to west, and were accompanied with deep rumbling noise. Men, women and children rushed into the streets, and their countenance denoted more or less alarm. One of the morning papers describes the effects as follows:

"The City Hall was much shaken. The various county offices were vacated instantly, and a general stampede took place down the stairs. The want of any interior building in this structure renders it very liable to be acted upon by an earthquake. The Twelfth District Court was in session, and jury, officers and spectators—all but the Judge—took summary flight from their seats, and scampered pell-mell out of the court room. The United States Court rooms and the Custom House was also much jarred. From what we can gather in various directions, it seems that buildings situated upon made ground, or upon hills, oscillated the most. In the church of the Advent the shock was severely felt by those who had assembled there preparatory to the performance of some funeral solemnities. Nearly every person left the church under the fear that the shock should be repeated. This, indeed, was the impression all over town. Several brick buildings had their walls cracked, and the plastering was showered down into the rooms in many instances. The mastic has been shaken in spots from a building in Clay street, half way between Montgomery and Sansom. Water in pitchers were slopped over on each side in many instances. Numerous persons were made sick by the peculiar motion, and in some instances vomiting ensued. In a grocery store in the south part of the city the bottles was shaken down from the shelves. Dogs barked, as though they were frightened by the phenomenon, and the hanging lamps swung to and fro. Altogether, the shock inspired a vast amount of terror, and occurring at midday, when every one was engaged at his usual vocation, the number who felt its effect was greater than on former occasions. The last severe shock was in February, 1856, at five o'clock in the morning. The weather, which had been usually warm for three or four days, suddenly changed on the 4th instant; the thermometer in sixteen hours fell from over 80 degrees to 45 degrees. The earthquake followed soon after, and in the opinion of a few scientific gentlemen here the convulsion was the effect of the sudden change in the temperature."

COLLISION AND LOSS OF LIFE.—The steamer Champion, on her way from New York for New Haven, Conn., was run into last Wednesday, on Long Island Sound, by the propeller Albatross, and sank to her upper deck in twenty minutes. A Mr. Steele, of New Haven, and two other passengers are missing and supposed to be drowned. A fireman, name not known, is believed to have been scalded to death when the boiler was crushed by the collision. The Albatross and the steamer Acton took off all the surviving crew and passengers, and towed the wreck of the Champion until she grounded off Red Spring Point, where she now lies. There were four horses and eight mules on board, which were all drowned.

SEVERAL CAR-loads of iron for the track of the Fayette County Railroad have been carried up to Mt. Braddock during the past fortnight. It is now expected that the railroad will be in running order to Uniontown in about five weeks. The deep cut at Mt. Braddock is nearly completed.—*Fayette Patriot.*

UP-TOWN IMPROVEMENTS.—Among the noteworthy up town improvements now in progress, is the immense Piano-Forte manufactory of Messrs. Steinway & Sons, on Fourth avenue, between Fifty-second and Fifty-third streets. The building, which is now ready to receive the roof, has a front of 200 feet 10 inches on Fourth avenue, is 40 feet deep, with an extension on Fifty-third street of 165 by 40 feet, five stories high, with basement. The style of architecture is modern Italian, with brick lintel arches, brown-stone trimmings, and brick dental cornices. The building, of which Louis Burger is the architect, is a very substantial structure, the basement walls being grouted brick-work, two feet thick, the first story walls twenty inches, and the remainder sixteen inches thick. The main structure covers eleven lots, and the yard containing the drying buildings, the vaults for boiler, engine, and fuel, take in four additional lots. One of Corliss' celebrated 50 horse engines, similar to the one by which the *Tribune* presses are driven, has been contracted for, and the most improved machinery adapted to the business will be introduced. The establishment is so arranged as to divide the manufacture into two parts. The piano frames will be made in the part of the building fronting on Fifty-third street, and the finishing of the instruments will be done in the lofts fronting on the avenue, so that a piano will be commenced in the basement on Fifty-third street, and pass thence through the various departments up to the roof, where the varnishing rooms are located; thence it will be passed on a little railroad to the action and finishing-rooms, receiving additions as it passes from story to story till it again reaches the first floor, when it will be complete and ready for market. The heating of the rooms and the seasoning and drying of the lumber used in the manufactory will be effected by steam, and the gas used in the establishment will be manufactured on the premises. The cost of constructing the buildings will be about $68,000, and the total cost, including ground and equipment of the establishment, will reach aoout $130,000. It will give employment to from 400 to 500 workmen, who will turn out from 40 to 50 instruments per week. In order that the lumber of various kinds used in the factory may be properly seasoned and prepared for use, it will be necessary to keep about two million feet constantly on hand, involving an expenditure of from $60,000 to $70,000. The establishment will be ready for occupation about the 1st of January next.

Messrs. Steinway & Sons commenced business in this city seven years ago, in a small rear building in Varick street, making one piano per week, and from this small beginning they have by their industry and devotion to business, gradually reached a success of which they may well be proud.—*N. Y. Trib.*

SUMMER COMPLAINT.—The fact is now too well established for any one to attempt to controvert it, that most of the diseases with which often prove fatal in armer, are produced by excessive use of fruits and vegetables, by which the stomach is disordered, the liver deranged, the blood stagnated and digestive organs rendered inactive if not torpid. Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Bilious and Cramp Cholic, Dysentery, Diarrhœa and such like complaints generate and thrive upon improper food and often times become so deep seated and fixed upon the constitution, that the strongest and most active mineral medicines are unable to arrest their progress until the patient is prostrated and all hopes of relief are ended. Who is it that has not seen a fine, healthy infant or adult, seized with one of the appalling diseases above spoken of, and despite the skill and science of medical gentlemen literally waste away under their treatment? And how often the treatment to be accounted for? Simply by the fact, that instead of administering some remedy to stay the falling strength of the afflicted, and at the same time check the disease in its progress, the remedy prescribed aided in the exhaustion of the natural strength, and at the time the disease was mastered the sufferer was prostrate, and failing to excite a reaction the patient died from the effect of the poison administered to uproot the disease. Not so with BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS, which are composed entirely of vegetable matter, and which have not only proved themselves the best tonic in use, but have never failed to correct disorders of the stomach and bowels when taken according to directions. In the cure of Summer Complaints they have no equal. Try them anyone.

READ CAREFULLY.—The Genuine Highly Concentrated Boerhave's Holland Bitters is put up in half pint bottles only, and retailed at $1 per bottle. The great demand for this truly Celebrated Medicine has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. Beware of imposition! See that our name is on the label of every bottle you buy.

BENJAMIN PAGE, Jr., & CO., Sole Proprietors, 27 Wood street, between 1st and 2d sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.
aug3d&w8

METHUSALEM lived to be upwards of nine hundred years old, but seventy years is now the age of man, and in order to reach even this age, it is requisite to guard well the health. Slight ailments, oft neglected, lead to serious diseases. Immediate relief is afforded in cases of Sick Headache, which is frequently the forerunner of severe illness, by the use of WILSON'S PILLS.

Prepared and sold by B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Wholesale Druggists, and proprietors of B. L. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, No. 60, corner of Wood and 4th streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. no1:d&w1y

New Advertisements.

FLEMING'S PATENT LANTERNS are much superior to any other now in use—HAVING MANY ADVANTAGES FOUND IN NO OTHER—The arrangement for detaching the Lamp works on the outside is simple, durable and safe. A cup around the lamp receives all waste. Wherever these Lanterns are known they sreadopted. *Prices very low.* They are well adapted for RAILROADS, SHIPS, BOATS and every place where a neat, convenient Lantern is wanted.

Please examine these Lanterns before purchasing other kinds. Keep this for a reference.

Price list to the trade furnished on application

FLEMING & TORRENS,
Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers;
Also, Manufacturers of Japanned and Stamped Tinware, corner Market and Third streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
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Emporium of Fashion, Taste & Elegance.
W. & D. HUGUS,
BREWER'S BUILDING, No. 102 Market and 13 Fifth street, have removed at their old stand, where the choicest styles of DRY GOODS, such as Shawls, Cloaks, Raglans, Dosters, Silk and Wool Delaines, with all other descriptions of *Ladies'* fashionable Fashionable Goods will be found of the richest qualities and patterns, at the lowest prices.
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CUTLERY.—
THE ATTENTION
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Of every body is directed to our splendid stock of KNIVES and FORKS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &c.
CARTWRIGHT & YOUNG, No. 80 Wood st.
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PAULSON'S
HAT, CAP, and FUR STORE,
INTRODUCE THIS DAY, INTRODUCE THIS DAY.
Ladies' Furs,
LADIES' FURS, LADIES' FURS,
CHILDRENS' FURS, CHILDRENS' FURS
CHILDRENS' FURS, CHILDRENS' FURS
GENTS' FUR GAUNTLETS,
Gents' Fur Gauntlets, Gents' Fur Caps,
PAULSON'S! Paulson's!
NO. 73 WOOD STREET.
no3-dtf

BARGAINS!
Watches, Jewelry, &c.
AT PRIVATE SALE,
Until Tuesday, November, 8th,
AND AT
AUCTION SALE,
COMMENCING
Tuesday Morning, Nov. 8th, at 10 o'clock,
CONTINUING UNTIL THE WHOLE ARE SOLD.
SALE POSITIVE—WITHOUT RESERVE.
By order of Trustee,
W. W. WILSON, Agent.
no4-2wd

LATE IMPORTATIONS.
NO. 15 FIFTH STREET.
We have just received a choice selection of vestings adapted to the present season, embracing
SILK VELVET VESTINGS,
SILK CASHMERE VESTINGS,
SILK PLUSH VESTINGS,
PARIS PLAID CASHMERE VESTINGS.
Also, an elegant assortment of light and dark colored SILK VESTINGS, suitable for evening dress, which are of entirely new styles, and will be made up to order in the latest and most approved manner, at moderate prices.
SAMUEL GRAY & SON,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 19 Fifth Street.

FIRST PREMIUM
Stoves, Grates and Ranges!
SILVER CUP!
SILVER MEDAL
AND
DIPLOMAS!
AWARDED BY THE LATE ALLEGHENY COUNTY AND WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY TO
BISSELL & CO.,
NO. 235 LIBERTY STREET,
MANUFACTURERS OF
COOKING, PARLOR
AND
HEATING STOVES,
Fine and Common Enamelled
GRATE FRONTS AND FENDERS,
And the Celebrated Capitol and Eagle
COOKING RANGES.
If you want the BEST COOKING RANGE that is made, call at
BISSELL & CO.'S.
If you want a COOKING STOVE that cannot be surpassed, call on
BISSELL & CO.
If you are building a house, and want the best GRATE FRONTS AND FENDERS, call on
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No. 235 Liberty Street.
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WRITING PAPER AT WHOLESALE.—A large and varied assortment of Writing Paper on hand and daily receiving new lots, which will be sold at very low rates to wholesale purchasers for cash.
W. G. JOHNSTON & CO., Paper Dealers,
67 Wood street.
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GOLD PENS.—A new and choice lot of Gold Pens just received. Points warranted without any limit of time. Sold at low prices, by
WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., Stationers,
67 Wood street.
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FENDERS, FENDERS.—
NURSERY, WIRE, PIERCED IRON, RUSSIA, METAL and COMMON FENDERS, at the Iron City Stove and Tin Warehouse of
W. W. BRADSHAW,
No. 124 Wood street.
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SYRUP—20 bbls. Pennsylvania;
20 do New York;
10 do extra Golden;
For sale by ATWELL, LEE & CO.
no7

FISH—10 bbls. large No. 3 Mackerel;
6 cents Codfish, new;
Just rec'd and for sale by ATWELL, LEE & CO.

OIL—20 bbls. Bleached Winter Whale Oil;
10 do Tanners' Bank Oil,
For sale by ATWELL, LEE & CO.
no7

N. O. MOLASSES.—20 bbls. Molassas in store and for sale by GRAFF & VAN GORDER,
114 Second st.

APPLES.—92 bbls. choice Apples just received and for sale by GRAFF & VAN GORDER,
114 Second st.
no7

COFFEE—150 bgs good and prime Rio;
30 pockets do Java,
In store and for sale by ATWELL, LEE & CO.

ORANGES—Sweet Havana; receiving this day and for sale by REYMER & ANDERSON,
No. 59 Wood street.
no7

BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.—A large assortment on hand at
HUNT & MINER'S.

THE ANNUAL REGESTRE OF RURAL AFFAIRS for 1860. Price 25 cents. For sale at
HUNT & MINER'S.
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VELVET STORE SHOW CARDS.—A large assortment on hand at HUNT & MINER'S.

S. O. SODA—50 kegs Lee's brand for sale by ATWELL, LEE & CO.
no7

BAGS, BAGS.—4000 Seamless Bags for sale by HITCHCOCK, MCKEEHAN & CO.
no1

Miscellaneous.

THE ATTENTION
OF
STOVE DEALERS
Is respectfully invited to the largest stock and greatest variety of STOVES to the State, manufactured by
A. BRADLEY,
No. 4 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH.
IN our assortment will be found the following well known
COOK STOVES:
THE DOUBLE-TOP PATENT GAS & SMOKE CONSUMING TROPIC, for Coal.
THE NEW AND BEAUTIFUL DOUBLE-TOP PATENT GAS AND SMOKE CONSUMING ARBITER, for Coal.
THE NEW DOUBLE-TOP PATENT GAS AND SMOKE CONSUMING EUREKA, for Coal or Wood.
THE CELEBRATED VICTOR, for Wood, Live Oak and Pittsburgh.
PREMIUM STOVES OF THREE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.
PARLOR STOVES, for Wood and Coal; best in the market, and heating Stoves of every description.
GRATE FRONTS, &c., all of which will be sold on best terms.
FIRST PREMIUM AWARDED
BY THE STATE FAIR TO
GRAFF & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS,
FOR THE BEST
STOVES.
FOR THE BEST
COOKING RANGE FOR FAMILIES,
With large Feed Door for throwing in Coal,
AND BEST WOOD COOK STOVE.
DIPLOMA FOR BEST LAUNDRY STOVE.
Also, on hand a large assortment of Heating Stoves, Plain and Fancy Grate Fronts, Fenders, Sad and Dog Irons, Sugar Kettles, Wagon Boxes, Hollow Ware, &c.
GRAFF & CO.,
No. 245 Liberty Street,
AT THE HEAD OF WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.
sn2-1yd

CARD.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS THIS DAY associated with him in the WHOLESALE GROCERY BUSINESS, Mr. SAMUEL SWART and Mr. WILLIAM CURRY, and will continue the same at the OLD STAND, NO. 271 LIBERTY STREET, directly opposite the Eagle Hotel.
Pittsburgh, July 1, 1859 WILLIAM M. GORMLY.
SAMUEL EWART.....WM. M. GORMLY.....WM. CURRY.
W. M. GORMLY & CO.,
WHOLESALE
GROCERS,
DEALERS IN
PROVISIONS, PRODUCE
AND
PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURES,
No. 271 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
jn25:m&d2ap

DUPUY & MITCHELL,
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Office No. 1 Stett's Block, South-Water St., cor. La Salle St., Chicago.
Warehouse No. 13 South-Water St.
Solicit for the purchase of Flour and Grain in Chicago Market.
REFERENCES IN PITTSBURGH.
Hitchcock, M'Creary & Co. | Daniel Wallace, Esq.,
George W. Cass, Esq., | Messrs. Watt & Wilson.
J. J. Houston, Esq.,
no2:6m

J. W. FINLEY..... V. A. TURPIN.
FINLEY & TURPIN,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
Give particular attention to the purchase and sale of FLOUR, GRAIN AND PORK.
REFER TO—LIPPINCOTT & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.
JNO. B. CANFIELD, do do
DANIEL WALLACE, do do
se15:3md1s

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF THE
CELEBRATED GOLD MEDAL
PIANO FORTES.
The public are respectfully invited to examine the splendid assortment of Pianos, now on hand from the celebrated factories of
WILLIAM KNABE & CO., Baltimore,
HAINES BROS., New York,
HALLET, DAVIS & CO., Boston.
Comprising the
LATEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF PIANOS IN THE CITY.
Those instruments have taken the highest premiums wherever exhibited in competition with others, and are pronounced by such undoubted authority as
S. THALBERG, H. VIEUXTEMPS,
M. STRAKOSCH, G. SATTER and others,
Equal, if not superior to any in this country. Also,
MELODEONS,
From the celebrated factory of GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.,
The largest Factory in the world.
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
oc27 No. 116 Wood st., 2d door above Fifth.

Furs! Furs!!
THE PREMIUM FURS!!!
LOUIS MULLER, Manufacturer of all kinds of Ladies', Childrens' or Gentlemen's FURS, Sleigh and Carriage Robes, dealers in Buffalo Robes, &c., wholesale and retail, No. 133 Wood street, next door to Dr. Reyner.
Furs repaired, cleaned and altered in the best manner. All kinds shipping Furs bought. oc20:3md

LADIES' BOOTS AND SHOES.
The undersigned having bought the stock of Peter Lister, deceased, will continue the business at the Old Stand, GRANT STREET, between Second and Third streets, where every kind of
LADIES' SHOES
will be made to order, of the BEST MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP, and sold at the lowest cash prices.
no1:3md SILVANUS LEBAUDE.

PARLOR COAL VASES,
PARLOR COAL HODS,
COAL SCUTTLES,
COFFEE ROASTERS,
FIRE IRONS, and a large assortment of House Furnishing Hardware, at the Iron City Stove and Tin Warehouse of
W. W. BRADSHAW,
no6] 124 Wood st., first door below sign of Golden Gun.

DRAWING PAPERS—In sheets or rolls—Ailetine sold by
WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., Stationers,
no5 67 Wood street.

COOK STOVES,
COOK STOVES.—
The best assortment in the city is at the Iron City Stove and Tin Warehouse of
W. W. BRADSHAW,
no6] 124 Wood st., 1st door below sign of Golden Gun.

BAGS! BAGS!! BAGS!!!—Buckwheat and Flour Sacks of all qualities and prices, neatly designed and printed to order, can be furnished upon the shortest notice at
HERBERT & BARKER'S,
Corner of Liberty and Hand sts.
no5

BURCHFIELD & CO., are selling French Merino cheap; also, Coburgs and Parmettos, with a full assortment of Domestic Goods as cheap as any house in the city.
no5

IRISH MOSS—20 bbls. for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
Corner of First and Wood streets.
no5

FANCY SILKS, CHEAP DRESS GOODS of every description cheap at
BURCHFIELD & CO'S.
no4

Iron City College
CHEAPEST! BEST!! LARGEST!!!—
$35 pays the Tuition for Single and Double Book-keeping, Writing, Commercial Arithmetic and Lectures.
Eight weeks board, $20; Stationery, $7; Full Course, $35—entire expense, $62.
Usual time to complete a full course, from 6 to 10 weeks. Every Student, upon graduating, is guaranteed to be competent to manage the books of any business, and qualified to earn a salary of from $500 to $1000.
Students enter at any time. No Vacation—Review at pleasure.
FIRST PREMIUMS FOR BEST BUSINESS WRITING FOR 1852, received at Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and Ohio State Fair at Zanesville. Also, at the principal Fairs of the Union for the past four years.
Ministry sons received at half price.
For Circulars, Specimens and Embellished View of the College, inclose five letter stamps to
P. W. JENKINS, Pittsburgh, Pa.
no24-d&w

Public Notices.

TEMPERANCE MEETINGS.—The following are Mr. SINCLAIR'S appointments for the present week:
MONDAY, Nov. 7th, at 7 o'clock, P. M., in the 6th Presbyterian Church, corner Franklin and Townsend streets, Pittsburgh.
TUESDAY, Nov. 8th, in the same church. He will exhibit Andrieu's Panoramas at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the children, and at 7 in the evening will exhibit the same to the citizens.
WEDNESDAY, Nov. 9th, at 7 o'clock, P. M., in the Second Reformed Presbyterian Church, corner of Harrison and Penn streets.
THURSDAY, Nov. 10th, in the same church, at 2 o'clock, P. M., will exhibit Panoramas to children, and at 7 o'clock, P. M., show Panoramas to the citizens.
FRIDAY, Nov. 11th, exhibit Panoramas to inmates of the Insane Asylum.
SATURDAY, Nov. 12th, exhibit Panoramas to inmates of Orphans' Asylum, Allegheny City.
no7:1td

PITTSBURGH TRUST COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, November 3d, 1859.
AN Election for Three Directors of this Company, to serve for three years, will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, November the 14th inst., between the hours of 11 o'clock, A. M. and 1 o'clock, P. M.
JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.
no5:dtd2w

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 1st, 1859.
THE DIRECTORS OF THE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of Three Dollars upon each share of its capital stock, out of the earned profits of the last six months, payable to stockholders on or after the 11th inst.
F. M. GORDON, Secretary.
no2 dtd

CITIZENS' BANK,
PITTSBURGH, November 1, 1859.
THE Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders on or after the 11th inst.
F. D. JONES, Cashier.

ALLEGHENY BANK, November 1, 1859.
THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders on or after the 11th inst.
J. W. COOK, Cashier.
no2:2td

IRON CITY BANK, November 1st, 1859.
THE Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders, or their legal representatives, after the 11th inst.
JOHN MAGOFFIN, Cash'r.
no2-dtd

MECHANICS' BANK,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 1, 1859.
THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on or after the 11th inst.
GEO. D. MCGREW, Cashier.
no2-dtd

IRON CITY BANK,
PITTSBURGH, October 20th, 1859.
AN Election for Thirteen Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, November 21st, between the hours of 11 A. M., and 2 P. M.
JNO. MAGOFFIN, Cashier.
[no2:2td]

CITIZENS' BANK, Pittsburgh, Oct. 20th, 1859.
AN ELECTION for Thirteen Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, 21st of November, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
The Annual Meeting of Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, Nov. 1st, at 10 A. M.
E. D. JONES, Cashier.
oc21:td

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, Oct. 24th, 1859.
AN Election for Thirteen Directors of this Company will be held at the office, No. 62 Water street, on TUESDAY, the 8th day of November, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
F. M. GORDON, Secretary.
oc25 dtd

OFFICE KOREKA INSURANCE COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, October 24th, 1859.
AN Election for Thirteen Directors of this Company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office, No. 76 Water street, on TUESDAY, Nov. 8th, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.
ROBERT FINNEY, Sec'y.

MECHANIC'S BANK,
Pittsburgh, October 21st, 1859.
AN Election for Thirteen Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, November 21st, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 3 P. M.
The Annual