# Pittsburgh Gazette.

RUSSELL MARTIN, F. WILLIAMS, D. L. SATON, D. B. FERGUSON

R. ERRETT & CO.,

*EDITORS and PROPRIETORS.*

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 6, 1859.


## Republican State Ticket.

AUDITOR GENERAL,
THOMAS E. COCHRAN, of York county.

SURVEYOR GENERAL,
WILLIAM H. KEIM, of Berks county.

## Republican County Ticket.

SENATE,
ELIAS H. ROSS, Pittsburgh.

ASSEMBLY,
WILLIAM VARNUM, Pittsburgh,
DAVID A. PRESSLEY, Allegheny,
CHARLES L. GORMING, Reserve,
DAVID R. BAYARD, Peebles,
WILLIAM EBY, Lower St. Clair.

ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE,
THOMAS MELLON, Collins

DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
JACOB H. MILLER, Pittsburgh.

TREASURER,
GOODMAN Y. COULTER, South Fayette.

COMMISSIONER,
JONATHAN BRAUFF, South Pittsburgh.

AUDITOR,
DAVID CORNELIUS, Sewickley.

SURVEYOR,
M. T. ANDERSON, East Deer.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JOSEPH MILLER, Snowden.

☞ JOHN BAUSMAN, Esq., is employed by us as an agent for canvassing and collecting for the Pittsburgh *Daily* and *Weekly Gazette*. He will visit in that capacity the various portions of Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio. He is our *only* agent for the purposes named. R. ERRETT & Co.

*August* 29, 1859.

THE SLAVE TRADE EXCITEMENT.—The near approach of the Northern elections has caused a general change in the views of the democrats, North and South, with regard to the re-opening of the African Slave Trade. These honest and fair dealing politicians, in imitation of the President, have all arrayed themselves on the side of philanthropy, and in public meetings and through the medium of their newspapers, boldly denounce a measure which during the pendency of the Southern State elections they either defended or said nothing about. This is, in its best aspect, but a paltry trick, and must be regarded as such by every person capable of forming an opinion. It is really amusing to observe the manner in which some of these recently converted journals account for their sudden change of front. The New Orleans *Crescent*, which during the entire summer was engaged in flattering the poor white voters of the South with the promise of cheap slaves, now attempts to laugh off the affair by saying that its object was to "hoax the North and to enjoy the howling of the abolitionists."

It should be remembered, however, that the good people of the South were not let into the secret of this joke until their votes were no longer in demand—a fair specimen of Southern chivalry and honor. The St. Louis *Republican*, which has been very quiet in reference to the proposed traffic, when silence was serviceable to the party, has discovered rather suddenly that "it is about time that this humbug should be exploded." Of course, since it has served the purpose of its inventors in deluding their partizans in the South, it would not do to let it enter into the politics of the North, where it would be only a cause of trouble. The *Republican* is very sharp, and is a worthy organ of that combination of political knavery and deception, which is palmed on the country under the specious name of "Democracy." Another Southern democratic journal assures us that "two-thirds of the Southern people are opposed to the African Slave trade"—a piece of information which, like the rest, was withheld until a time when it was deemed prudent to divulge it. And yet these are the politicians who have controlled our government for the last twenty years!

But the democrats, in agreeing upon a system of falsification, should, under no circumstances, neglect to compare notes. The following statement, on the authority of one of their leading men, would not have appeared had they observed this precaution. The Washington *Era* reports Senator Douglas as having said "that not less than fifteen thousand slaves have been imported into the Union, within the last year, and that *he had personally seen more than three hundred newly imported negroes at Vicksburg*, during his recent Southern tour, *and many more at Memphis*." The St. Louis *Republican*—and if we mistake not—the New Orleans *Crescent*, are both friendly to the Presidential aspirations of the "little giant." How will they dispose of this statement? Will they place it under the head of 'humbug," or will they record it among the "practical jokes" of the season. We are inclined to suspect that these veracious editors have not completely covered up their tracks, notwithstanding their extraordinary cleverness. Their game is too transparent.

OUR CANDIDATES AT HOME.—We find the following statement in one of our exchange papers:

"The homes of our candidates for Surveyor General and Auditor General—each bid fair to be carried by them respectively. Gen Keim, we apprehend, will have little difficulty in obtaining a majority in Berks, and Mr. Cochran, we are informed, will receive a majority in York. The People's State ticket will go in with not less than 30,000 majority, and we should not be surprised to see it run up to 50,000."

Berks and York are both locofoco strongholds. The former is famous thoughout the Commonwealth for its immense majorities on the dark side of the question; and York is fully as much devoted to the misnamed Democracy, but by smaller majorities. That the personal worth of our candidates will storm these political Gibralters speaks volumes in their favor. We can speak knowingly of Mr. Cochran's position in York from old recollections. Although that old county, with all its excellencies, is blindly wedded to locofocoism, such is his personal worth that we feel an abiding confidence in his carrying it by an overwhelming majority, on the second Tuesday of October. Her citizens will vote for him, without respect to party, *because they know him*—and it is not often they vote against their political convictions.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.—The Republican county Convention met on the 29th ult. and nominated the following ticket:

Assembly, Wm. H. Soball, John S. Boyer, C. L. Pinkerton. District Attorney, H. Fisher. Treasurer, J. K. Cleaver. Commissioner, E. J. Thomas.

Among the resolutions adopted was the following:

*Resolved*, That we heartily approve of the course of Hon. Simon Cameron in the Senate of the United States in his noble and able efforts in behalf of Freedom and Protection, and that we note with pride the recent expressions of public opinion in this and other States, appreciative of his labors, and demonstrating his high position before the country.

It is rumored that the Prince of Wales who is about to visit Canada will not travel in the United States, except under a strict *incognito*. It has been decided that he would be subject to too much attention; so that his rather delicate health would suffer from the incessant serenades and visits to which he would be subjected. The terrible enthusiasm of the American people is much dreaded in Europe. There princes of the blood and great persons generally go abroad without any mob following at their heels or circumscribing their movements, but here we make much ado over every new comer, from a patriot exile to a concert singer, from a Turkish surveyor of navies to a ballet dancer. No prince is powerful enough to face an American multitude.

A SOLID young Irishwoman jumped heavily from the cars, at Cleveland, a few days ago, at the Lake Shore Depot, on to the planking between the rails, when the rotton plank gave way, and let her down into the lake. She fell nine feet into ten feet water, but was rescued from drowning by Freeman Nut, the depot baggage master. Passengers should jump gently on the planking at the Cleveland depot, for it is built on piles over the lake, and there may be other unsubstantial planks, which no substantial Irish girl has yet tested.

THE London correspondent of the Manchester Guardian says that Miss Evans, now known to be the author of Adam Bede, was only nineteen when she translated, and translated well, Strauss's *Leben Jesu*. She has long been known in literary society in London as the contributor of several very thoughtful papers to the Westminster Review, particularly some on the position, duties, and difficulties of women. Miss Evans is either a native of, or was long a resident in Nuneaton, where some of her family still reside.

TERRIBLE BOILER EXPLOSION IN NEW YORK.—A boiler explosion occurred yesterday afternoon in a machine shop in Goerck street, by which one man was instantly killed, and several wounded, and one of whom will in all probability die of his injuries. At about 4½ o'clock yesterday afternoon the people of Goerck street, near Rivington, were startled by a sound resembling the discharge of cannon, and some of them on rushing to the street to learn the cause, saw the three story brick building, Nos. 104 and 106 Goerck street, tumbling in ruins. A scene of great excitement ensued. It was soon ascertained that the boiler of the premises, situated in the cellar, had exploded, and that some of the men employed in the place were buried in the ruins of the building. Those who were near at hand set to work, and in an hour every person who was in the building at the time the accident occurred had been rescued, except one man named James Shaw, a German, who was found near the edge of the ruins, dead—his head and side having been crushed in a shocking manner. Several others were badly wounded. They were taken to the Station-house of the Eleventh Ward.

The building, which is a total wreck, was about forty feet front, forty feet deep, and was used for a shop for the manufacture of iron shutters, by Messrs. Stewart & Brown, on the two lower floors, and on the third floor by John Roach, as a pattern shop. At the time of the accident there were about ten persons at work on the first and second floors, six of whom were injured, and one killed, and one boy on the third floor was hurt. The premises consist of three buildings, the one blown to pieces, an iron foundry of brick, about seventy feet front by eighty feet deep, and a little brick office one story high. The iron foundry is situated in the rear of the building blown down, and the office on the right. The boiler was in the front of the three-story building, near the office, and when it blew up it raised in the air perhaps fifty feet, turned over and broke through the rear wall. The boiler was built about three years since, at the Dry Dock Iron Works of J. S. Underhill, and was of what is called the locomotive pattern. The son of Mr. Roach states that it was warranted to stand 100 pounds pressure to the square inch.

Carlton Walton, foreman for Mr. Roach, stated that about four o'clock he went to the Engineer, who was a young man about 18 years old named Abraham, and asked him to start the blower used for creating a draft for the iron melting furnace; that the boy replied he "Could not get up steam enough, and the pressure was only sixty pounds," and going down; that he (witness) looked at the steam gauge, and in five minutes the steam fell five pounds. He shortly afterwards heard a noise like the discharge of musketry, and saw the front building falling in ruins.

THE AURORA BOREALIS AND THE TELEGRAPH.—During the auroral display of Thursday night in Boston some curious phenomena were witnessed in connection with the telegraph wires. The following conversation (says the Boston Traveller) between the Boston and Portland operators on the American Telegraph line will give an idea of the effect of the Aurora Borealis on the working of telegraph wires:

Boston operator (to Portland operator.—"Please cut off your battery entirely from the line for fifteen minutes."

Portland operator.—"Will do so. It is now disconnected."

Boston.—"Mine is disconnected, and we are working with the Auroral current. How do you receive my writing?"

Portland.—"Better than with our batteries on. Current comes and goes gradually."

Boston.—"My current is very strong at times, and we can work better without batteries, as the Aurora seems to neutralize and augment our batteries alternately, making current too strong at times for our relay magnet. Suppose we work without batteries while we are affected by this trouble."

Portland.—"Very well. Shall I go ahead with business?"

Boston.—"Yes. Go ahead."

The wire was then worked for about two hours without the usual batteries, on the auroral current, working better than with the batteries connected. The current varied, increasing and decreasing alternately, but, by gradusting the adjustment to the current, a sufficiently steady effect was obtained to work the line very well.

This is the first instance on record of more than a word or two having been transmitted with the auroral current. The usual effects of the electric storm were also manifested, such as reversing the poles of the batteries, &c.

We are informed also, that on the short line between the Cambridge Observatory and the store of Messrs. Wm. Bond & Son, in Congress street, which runs east and West, the waves of electricity displayed considerable regularity, being from a half minute to a minute in duration.—*N. Y. Com.*

THE CONNECTICUT TOBACCO CROP.—The tobacco in Connecticut is now fairly drying. Nearly double the quantity of land, of any former year—as we estimate it after viewing a good portion of the State—has been sown to this crop the present summer. We may have over-estimated the amount, but the increased breadth in tobacco this year cannot possibly be less than 50 per cent. greater than in any preceding season. Whether the amount of good tobacco secured for the market will prove to be larger than last year, remains to be seen; that depends upon several contingencies. In the first place, a good portion of the crop is backward, not yet ready for cutting, and consequently not yet out of danger from frost; whether any of it was injured by frost on Monday morning we have not heard. Again, many persons wholly inexperienced in tobacco-raising and curing have gone into it this season, and the result may be a considerable quantity of a poor article. On the whole we judge the Connecticut crop will be fully equal, if not superior (quantity included,) to any of its predecessors. We have heard its value estimated at $1,000,000. Last year the crop was 10,000 cases, and prices averaged about 17 cents per lb; what the price of the crop of 1856 will average, remains to be determined by circumstances.—*Hartford Times.*

AMONG the Austrian Prisoners at Paris at this moment is one belonging to a regiment which claims a singular privilege—that of encamping for three days, whenever they pass through Vienna, in the Court of the Emperor, and of receiving the most regal entertainment. The Col. upon his arrival, is allowed by law to pass to the Emperor's chamber without question, no one being permitted to stop him. He knocks thrice, and demands orders of his majesty, when the Emperor invites him and his to remain three days, regaling at his expense at the palace, assigns the Colonel a room next his own, the standards of the regiments are piled at his door, and a guard and lords in waiting attend him the same as the sovereign. The origin of the custom is this: "In 1683, Leopold the First was suddenly waited upon by sixteen Barons, with a charter, which they were upon the point of forcing him to sign, having as they thought, secured the absence of all the troops from Vienna, when, suddenly a colonel, who received information from a secret source—it was never discovered where—knocked at the door thrice, and, to the great joy of the Emperor, demanded his Majesty's orders for his regiment, which were that the sixteen Barons should be at once beheaded."

THE most ultra class of politicians in Alabama are lauding rice President Breckinridge in unmeasured terms. The Mobile Tribune, which advocates a slave code for the Territories, and the revival of the slave trade, thinks that "it is difficult to name a person who is better fitted to make a true constitutional, no-partisan President." The Montgomery Advertiser, which is ready to dissolve the Union if Congress refuses to protect Slavery in the Territories, copies the remark of the Tribune with approbation, and explains away the declaration made by Mr. Breckinridge in 1856, that he "belonged to no party which has for its object the extension of Slavery."

MORMONS RETURNING.—The Omaha Nebraskian gives the following item relative to the returning Mormons:

"Recent advices from Monroe, Columbus, and Fort Kearney informs us that heavy emigration from Utah and California daily passes those points eastward. Numerous arrivals in this city confirm the statement Upwards of five hundred persons from Utah have arrived in this city since our last issue, and probably as many more have reached Florence, six miles north of here. We are ignorant of the causes which led to this stampede of the saints. They bring rumors of apprehended difficulties with the troops of Salt Lake during the coming autumn."

FIRST WHEAT FROM MINNESOTA.—The first car load of wheat received in this market from Minnesota, reached here on Wednesday last, over the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad. It was shipped from St. Paul, and consigned to Messrs. O. A. & H. B. Bogue of this city. The quality of the wheat is quite equal to the best spring that has come to this market since harvest, which is high praise. It was bought by one of the city mills, and brought the top of the market. We look upon this as the beginning of what will in time constitute a large part of the produce trade of Chicago.—*Chicago Press.*

THE eccentric Englishman, who joined Garibaldi's corps from pure love of shooting at such high game as Austrians, always took out his memorandum book and made a note on't, every time he brought down one of the enemy. The results of his season of shooting counted up 26 head killed certainly, and 10 more under the head of "uncertain." Among other recruits Garibaldi had two Frenchmen, members of the Paris Jockey Club; five Americans, a few Germans, and one Chinaman.

THE West African *Herald* states that on account of the high price of black monkey skins in England, there was a most outrageous competition for them in Western Africa. Skins which, in 1856, could have been obtained at the rate of 20 to 25 for a dollar, now being eagerly bought up at a shilling each, and in some cases even more.

A correspondent of The London Post tells of a Japanese girl, who, in spite of the laws prohibiting emigration, left by stealth for Shanghae, under the persuasion of a Frenchman. The owners of the steamer sent her back to Japan. "On arriving, the vessel was boarded at once by a couple of officials, who affected to ignore her presence until all the formalities were completed, and then took her into custody. The poor thing struggled against her fate in vain. She was landed, and, as I am informed, condemned to death, together with all her relatives and some officer or officers who ought to have prevented her escape."

STOCK OF SUGARS IN NEW YORK.—The stock of sugars, now in New York, is said to consist of 73,000 hhds., 23,000 boxes, and 70,000 bags. The Post, of Thursday evening, says: This is a larger supply than was anticipated, and, consequently, some holders are anxious to realize, and have yealded ¼ a ½ c. to effect sales. The anticipated liberal supply, both of hogsheads, boxes and bags yet to come forward before the close of the season, with stock now on hand, leads many to believe that we shall enter the new year with a very considerable surplus of stock, if prices do not in the mean time rule so low as to induce very free consumption.

GETTING DRUNK ON SUNDAY.—Father Sullivan, the Catholic priest in Northampton, Mass., has administered a severe castigation to those of his flock who improve their Sundays by getting drunk. He alluded to the fact that eleven lay members were arrested on a recent Sunday, and threatened hereafter to proclaim in open meeting the names of those who should be found drunk and disturbing the public peace.

The Southern countries have been remarkably free from sickness during this summer. In New Orleans the yellow fever has not made its appearance. In Vera Cruz, up to the 13th of August, there had not been a single case of the fever. It was never before known to be free of the disease so late in the season.

THE notorious Sioux chief, Red Lion, who was engaged in the Spirit Lake massacre, has been arrested, and is now in jail in New-Ulm. Two indictments have been found against him—one for murder, and one for theft.

THE SERF QUESTION IN RUSSIA.—Late letters from St. Petersburg represent that the movement for the emancipation of the serfs, inaugurated by the present Emperor of Russia, is steadily prosecuted.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 2.—Almond L. Richardson of the firm of Clark, Richardson & Co., committed suicide to-day by taking laudanum. The reasons given are: that the firm not making as many sales as they had anticipated, were recently in a very tight place, and to relieve them Richardson raised money on forged acceptances to the amount of $20,000, hoping to pay them before the forgery was discovered, but being detected, he destroyed himself rather than meet the consequence. It is said W. H. Darksdale & Co., suffered to the amount of $5,000.

SUMMER COMPLAINT.—The fact is now too well established for any one to attempt to controvert it, that most of the diseases which often prove fatal in summer, are produced by excessive use of fruits and vegetables, by which the stomach is disordered, the liver deranged, the blood stagnated and digestive organs, rendered inactive if not torpid. Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Bilious and Cramp Colic, Dysentery, Diarrhœa and such like complaints germinate and thrive upon improper food and other causes become so deep rooted and fixed upon the constitution, that the strongest and most active mineral medicines are unable to arrest their progress until the patient is prostrate, and all hopes of relief are ended. Who is it that has not seen a few weak, sickly children, or adults, seized with one of these dangerous diseases above spoken of, and despite the skill and science of medical gentlemen literally waste away under their treatment? And how is this treatment to be accounted for? Simply by the fact, that instead of administering some remedy to stay the falling strength of the afflicted, and at the same time check the disease in its progress, the remedy prescribed aided in the exhaustion of the natural strength, and at the time the disease was mastered the sufferer was prostrate, and failing to excite a reaction the patient died from the effect of the poison administered to uproot the disease. Not so with BERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS, which are composed entirely of vegetable matter, and which have not only proved themselves the best tonic in use, but have never failed to correct disorders of the stomach and bowels when taken according to directions. In the cure of Summer Complaint they have no equal. Try them at once.

READ CAREFULLY.—The Genuinebighly Concentrated Bourbon's Holland Bitters is put up in half pint bottles only, and is sold at $1 per bottle. The great demand for this truly Celebrated Medicine has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. Beware of imposition! See that our name is on the label of every bottle you buy.

BENJAMIN PAGE, JR., & CO., Sole Proprietors, 27 Wood street, between 1st and 2d sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

sep5:d&w3

DYSPEPSIA.—Wilson's Pills are the best in use.

You can rely upon their efficacy.
Sure in their curative effects
Physicians have administered them
Eminent statesmen have tried and approved them.
Preachers, Lawyers, and thousands of citizens
Speak of them in the highest terms
In fact, they are a specific for Dyspepsia
And diseases of the stomach and bowels.
Sold by B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Wholesale Druggists, No 60 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

sep

DIED—On Monday evening at three o'clock, WILLIAM HAMILTON, son of John and Eliza Campbell, in the 4th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No 511 Penn street, 4th ward, on WEDNESDAY MORNING, the 7th inst, at 10 o'clock. The friends and acquaintances of the family are invited to attend, without further notice.

## New Advertisements.

**Pittsburgh Gymnastic Association.**

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Pittsburgh Gymnastic Association will be held on TUESDAY EVENING, September 6th, at 7½ o'clock, at the Rooms of the Association, to take into consideration the propriety of celebrating the Association's Anniversary on the regular day, September 20th, by a Parade. By order of the President.

sep6:1d J. D. McFADEN, Secretary.

VALUABLE INVENTION.—Mr. C. Shook has lately sold an interest in the Patent for the Refining and Decarbonizing Liquid Cast Iron in the hearth of the blast furnace, to a party in Philadelphia, for the sum of $40,000. This sale only includes the Eastern counties of Pennsylvania, and is to run the full time of the patent.

sep6:1d&w

RED, White, Blue, Green, Gray, Yellow, Brown and Red Flannels—a good assortment. Also, Prints, Ginghams, Checks, &c

O. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market street.

sep6

TIMOTHY SEED—100 bus Prime received and for sale by J. S. LIGGETT & CO.,
75 Water and 92 Front st

RYE FLOUR—50 bbls fresh and choice received and for sale by J. S LIGGETT & CO.

FAGIN'S FANCY FLOUR.—We are now selling A. W. Fagin's celebrated St. Louis Fancy Family Flour and defy anything in this market to approach it in quality. J. S LIGGETT & CO.,
75 Water and 92 Front st.

A PRIME LOT OF SEED RYE just received and for sale by THOMAS BELL & CO.,
95 Front st.

FEATHERS—34 sacks, on steamer J. A. Fisher, to arrive for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

LOUISVILLE LIME—100 bbls. in store, and will be sold very low to close a consignment.
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

TENN. WHITE WHEAT—530 bus. in store for milling, for sale ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

TENN. WHITE WHEAT FOR SEED—100 bus. in store, and for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

TENN. FEATHERS—1000 lbs. in store for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

A DIME! A DIME! A DIME!

VALUABLE BOOKS FOR A DIME

THE DIME COOK BOOK.
THE DIME RECIPE BOOK
THE DIME DIALOGUES,
THE DIME SPEAKER.
THE DIME SONG BOOK, No. 1
THE DIME SONG BOOK, No. 2.

The Dime Books sent singly by mail for 12 cents each, in packages of one dozen, One Dollar. A larger number at the same rate, which sent by mail. Address

HUNT & MINERS, Publishers,
Masonic Hall, Fifth Street

THE PRINCESS, EUREKA, MONARCH,
BEAUTY OF THE WEST, PILGRIM, ABBITER, TROPIC, and ETNA

*COOKING STOVES*

Are to be found at the Iron City Store and Tin Warehouse of W. W. BRADSHAW, No. 184 Wood street, first door below the sign of the golden gun

THE BRAMAN FAMILY SEWING MACHINES are the CHEAPEST, SIMPLEST, and MOST RELIABLE MACHINES in the market.

AT No. 60 Market st.
LASSUKLL & NORTHROP.

HISTORY of the Western Insurrection in Western Pennsylvania, commonly called the Whisky Insurrection, 1794, by Hon. H. M. Brackenridge; for sale wholesale and retail by W. S. HAVEN,
sep5:2t corner Market and Second, Wood and Third sts.

FRENCH SEED WHEAT.—100 bush Imported French Wheat expressly for seed, received and for sale by J. S. LIGGETT & CO.
75 Water and 92 Front street.

SPRING BEDS—of several different kinds—manufacturing by us and for sale at our warehouse
T. B. YOUNG & CO.
38 and 40 Smithfield Street.

MARBLE-TOP DRESSING BUREAUS—of beautiful design, finished and in warehouse.
T. B. YOUNG & CO.

PIG IRON AND BLOOMS—
42 tons No. 1 Juniata Charcoal Blooms,
20 " No. 2 do do do
200 " Coke Pig Iron;
200 " Lake Superior Pig Iron,
For sale by LITTLE & TRIMBLE.

DOUBLE LID MARKET BASKETS;
Open do do
Punch do do
Jenny Lind do
All sized, by the next, dozen or singly, for sale by
SAMUEL RIDDLE, No. 21 Diamond.

CEDAR, PINE OR OAK CHURNS of every size and shape, for sale at lowest prices in the trade by
SAMUEL RIDDLE, 21 Diamond

JERSEY PEACH BASKETS;
Split Potatoe do do
Orchard do do
Clothes do do
A large lot, assorted, just rec'd and for sale by
SAMUEL RIDDLE, 21 Diamond.

CHEESE—240 bxs. for sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.


## New Advertisements.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY BY

R. ERRETT & CO.,

IS NOW IN ITS SEVENTY-FOURTH YEAR,

With a large and constantly

INCREASING CIRCULATION,

Of both its Daily and Weekly Editions.

☞ It offers unusual inducements to Advertisers, being universally recognized as

The Best Commercial Paper in the West,

Reaching as it does, most of the Merchants, Manufacturers and Families in those cities and surrounding region, including

Pennsylvania, Ohio, Northern Indiana, Western Virginia, Wisconsin, Iowa, Illinois, Kansas and Nebraska.

☞ Advertising at Moderate Prices. ☜

ADVERTISING AGENTS FOR THE GAZETTE.

Messrs. S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., New York and Boston; W. H. McDONALD & CO., New York; JOYE, COE & CO., JONAS WEBB and C. PIERCE, Phila. dawt

FIRST PREMIUM AWARDED

BY THE STATE FAIR TO

GRAFF & CO.,

FOR THE BEST

STOVES.

FOR THE BEST

COOKING RANGE FOR FAMILIES,

With large Feed Door for throwing in Coal,

*AND BEST WOOD COOK STOVE.*

DIPLOMA FOR BEST LAUNDRY STOVE.

Also, on hand a large assortment of Heating Stoves, Plain and Fancy Grate Fronts, Fender, End and Dog Irons, Sugar Kettles, Wagon Boxes, Hollow Ware, &c.

GRAFF & CO.,
No. 245 Liberty Street,
AT THE HEAD OF WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

se2:1yd

EIGHTH ANNUAL FAIR

OF THE

Allegheny County Agricultural Society,

FOR

Western Pennsylvania and Ohio,

13th, 14th, 15th and 16th

OF

SEPTEMBER, 1859.

CASH PREMIUMS!

SILVER MEDALS!

PLATES!

Amounting to Nearly $4,000.

Fair Grounds, 9th Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

TENTS and other erections provided for the display of the Mechanic Arts Domestic and Household Goods, Implements, Fruits Vegetables and Flowers. Covered Sheds and Stalls for Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Swine, and Tables for Coops of Poultry

GROUNDS ABUNDANTLY SUPPLIED WITH WATER.

THE PUBLIC ADMITTED

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

Abundance of steam power will be provided for the running of machinery, &c.

☞ Large Premiums offered for machinery. See large bills.

Articles sent for exhibition should be addressed to either Gen. J. A. NEGLEY, W. BARNHILL, Esq., or BENJAMIN KELLY, Esq., Superintendents, carefully labelled, with owner's name and residence.

Entries received and exhibitor's tickets furnished at HALL & SPERR'S Plow Warehouse, corner Cecil's alley and Penn street, after August 29th, 1859.

Hay and Straw GRATIS for all animals entered for exhibition, and grain at lowest cash prices.

☞ All entries must be made on Secretary's Books on or before TUESDAY EVENING, 13th of September. All articles and animals, except horses, must be brought within the enclosure by Tuesday noon. Horses admitted on Wednesday morning, but must be entered previously.

☞ Competition beyond the State cordially invited.

☞ Vigilant night and day Police.

ADMISSION:

Exhibitor's tickets, $1 and 50 cts. All exhibitors become members of the Society.

☞ Two tickets for $1.00. Four tickets, 50 cents.

☞ Single admission, 15 cents

☞ Vehicles and horses will be admitted to the ground at the following prices:—Two horse vehicle 25 cents; single horse vehicle, 15 cents; single horse, 10 cents

The Citizen's Passenger Railway and the Central Penn'a. R. R. cars will be in constant communication with the grounds. Letters addressed to

ROBERT McKNIGHT,
Corresponding Secretary, Pittsburgh

se3:2wd&3t

HERBST & BARKER,

PRODUCE AND PROVISION COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

267 Liberty Street, corner of Hand,

PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

☞ Particular attention given to the purchase and sale of Flour, Grain, Dried Fruits, Potatoes, Pork, Lard, Butter Cheese, Clover and Timothy Seeds, &c.

Orders promptly filled at the lowest market prices. Advances made on consignments.

☞ Office of the Pittsburgh Bag Manufactory. au31:1yd

OMNIBUSSES FOR SALE.

Twenty OMNIBUSSES, (two and four horse,) in first rate running order, for sale low. Apply at the Excelsior Omnibus office, Fifth street, between Market and Liberty streets, or address JAS. VERNER, President Citizens' Passenger Railway. se2:2wd

Bank Statements.

Statement of the Bank of Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 5th, 1859.

MEANS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans, Bills and Discounts | $1,787,726 41 |
| Real Estate and Ground Rent | 44,715 57 |
| Stocks and Miscellaneous | 6,850 84 |
| Due by other Banks | 41,453 37 |
| Bank Notes & Checks | 49,970 00 |
| Specie (gold and silver) | 407,761 95 |
| | $2,338,358 38 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital Stock | $1,142,700 00 |
| Profits and Earnings | 197,967 64 |
| Unpaid Dividends and Suspense Acc't | 3,418 12 |
| Due to other Banks | 74,722 45 |
| Circulation | 267,546 00 |
| Deposits | 646,197 17 |
| | $2,338,358 38 |

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief JOHN HARPER, Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed this 5th Sept., 1859, before me
S. SMITH, Notary Public.

Statement of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank of Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Monday, Sept. 5th, 1859.

| | |
|---|---|
| Circulation | 244,807 00 |
| Due Depositors | 242,271 53 |
| Due other Banks | 2,218 83 |
| Dividends unpaid | 3,562 01 |
| Due Commonwealth | 450,000 00 |
| Loans and Discounts | 113,827 32 |
| Coin | 97,634 95 |
| Notes and Checks of other Banks | 93,042 15 |
| Due by other Banks | 97,634 95 |

The above statement is correct and true to the best of my knowledge and belief. W. H. DENNY, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed before me, this 5th day of Sept., A. D. 1859. J. F. MACKENZIE, Notary Public.

Statement of the Mechanics' Bank of Pittsburgh.

MONDAY, Sept 5th 1859.

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Circulation | 205,990 00 |
| Due to other Banks | 25,675 83 |
| Due to Depositors | 99,239 07 |
| | $331,604 90 |

ASSETS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bills and Notes Discounted | $722,325 47 |
| Due by other Banks | 16,890 65 |
| Notes and Checks of other Banks | 15,566 76 |
| Specie in Vault | 74,637 13 |
| | $830,419 00 |

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. GEO D McGREW, Cashier
Sworn before me this 5th day of Sept, 1859.
A. W. FORTER, Notary Public.

Statement of the Citizens' Bank,

Pittsburgh, Sept. 5th, 1859

ASSETS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans and Discounts | $598,548 40 |
| Coin in Vault | 38,543 61 |
| Notes and Checks of other Banks | 11,161 95 |
| Real Estate, &c | 10,000 00 |
| Miscellaneous Accounts | 9,279 16 |
| Due from Banks and Bankers | 12,245 17 |
| | $691,792 16 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital Stock | $440,000 00 |
| Circulation | 119,225 00 |
| Individual Deposits | 84,285 87 |
| Contingent Fund and Profits | 38,125 79 |
| Due to other Banks | 14,056 57 |
| | $691,792 16 |

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. O. BLACKBURN, Pres't
Affirmed before me this 5th day of Sept., 1859.
J. F. MACKENZIE, Notary Public.

Statement of the Iron City Bank,

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 5th, 1859

ASSETS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans and Discounts | $ 400,000 00 |
| Coin in Vault | 8,375 57 |
| Due by other Banks | 21,207 89 |
| Specie | 104,205 77 |
| Circulation | 222,365 00 |
| Due to other Banks | 610 34 |
| Due to Depositors | 167,269 26 |

The above statement is correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN MADOWIN, Cash'r.
Affirmed before me, this 5th day of Sept., A. D., 1859
ROBT. FINNEY, Notary Public.

Statement of the Allegheny Bank.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 5th, 1859.

ASSETS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Notes and Bills Discounted | 674,512 57 |
| Due by other Banks | 16 062 35 |
| Notes and Checks of other Banks | 37,711 10 |
| Coin | 86,920 99 |
| | $814,807 01 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Circulation | 195,270 00 |
| Due to other Banks | 29,248 72 |
| Individual Deposits | 112,731 36 |
| | $337,249 08 |

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. W. COOK, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed before me, this 5th day of Sept., 1859. ROBT. FINNEY, Notary Public.

SCHOOL BOOKS—A full supply of all the School Books in use, Copy Books, Slates, Ink, Pens and Crayons, wholesale and retail. E. C. COCHRANE,
se5 cf Federal street Allegheny.

WHEAT! WHEAT!—1,000 bus. arriving and for sale by HITCHCOCK, MURBERY & CO.

IMPORTED SEED WHEAT.—200 bushels Mediterranean Wheat, imported from Europe for seed and for sale by HITCHCOCK, MURBERY & CO.

Miscellaneous.

B. WOLFF, JR.,

(Successor to Wolff & Lace,)

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Hardware and Cutlery,

Corner Liberty and St. Clair Sts.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

IS just receiving an extensive and well selected stock of HARDWARE Having purchased my goods direct from the Manufacturers on the best CASH terms, I am prepared to offer inducements to purchasers, in a well selected stock, at such LOW PRICES, as will defy competition.

My stock comprises the best of Cutlery, Saddlery, Horse Trimmings, Carpenters' and Blacksmiths' Tools, and all varieties of

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Mill and Mc Cut Saws, Pump Chain and Tubing, Mortice Machine, Boring Machines, Barn Door Hinges, Platform Scales; Steel Files, Axes, Lace Leather, Copper Rivets, &c., &c. I would cordially invite persons visiting the city to examine the stock before purchasing elsewhere. sel3:m:w

CHICKERING & SONS'

NEW SCALE

PIANO FORTES.

THE subscriber has now on hand a most splendid stock of Pianos, consisting of 6½ and 7 Octaves, in Plain and Carved Cases of the most elegant description, from the celebrated Factory of Chickering & Sons. The instruments are all provided with their latest improvements, as *Repeating Action, Double Dampers, Pill-Finishers*, and are of their

ENLARGED NEW SCALE,

By which a much larger sound board is obtained, consequently the tone is rendered very powerful, yet retaining its sweet and musical quality. By the perfection of the action, the performer is enabled to produce all grades of tone from *pianissimo to fortissimo*, with the greatest ease.

CHICKERING & SONS' PIANOS are thus spoken of by the best artists and critics in our country:—

THALBERG says—"They are beyond comparison *the best* I have ever seen in the United States, and will compare favorably with any I have ever known."

GUSTAVE SATTER says:—"The opinion which I expressed three years ago, has been more than confirmed to me, by the continued use of them, viz: That for volume and pure quality of tone, with nicety of articulation, they are unequalled."

[From the National Intelligencer, Washington.]

"They can safely bear comparison with instruments from any part of the world, in point of tone, strength and elasticity of touch."

[From the New Orleans Picayune.]

"For excellence of material, elegance of finish, and faithfulness of workmanship, and above all for volume and variety, mellow sweetness, brilliancy and permanence of tone, they are unequalled."

[From the Family Journal.]

"The peculiar musical qualities belonging to the Chickering instruments, are a full, musical, rich and powerful tone, free from any wooden noisy, inelegant sound, or disagreeable to the sensitive musical ear. They have also an easy, even and pleasant touch, and will keep in tune better than any Piano we know."

The public are invited to call and examine these splendid instruments, which are sold at

FACTORY PRICES AND WARRANTED.

se26:d&w3 JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood street.

OLD and YOUNG

AFFIRM ITS TRUTH,

VIZ.: THAT

Professor Wood's Hair Restorative

WILL PRESERVE, INFALLIBLY, THE *growth* and *color* of the hair, if used two or three times a week, to any imaginable age. Perfectly restore the gray hair to the hair with nature's own ornament, the hair; make it more soft and beautiful than any oil, and preserve the scalp free from all disease, to the greatest age. Statements, Judges, Attorneys, Doctors, Clergymen, Professional Men and Gentlemen and Ladies of all classes, all over the world, bear testimony that we do not say too much in its favor. Read the following, and judge:—

PROFESSOR S. THALBERG, PIANIST,

says, on his arrival in the United States she was rapidly becoming gray, but on applying Wood's Hair Restorative its hair soon recovered its original color.

CHARLES GARDEW, 13 Nassau Street, N. Y., says the gray hairs on his wife's head were, after a few weeks' trial, turned into a dark brown, at the same time beautifying and thickening the hair.

A. C. RAYMOND, Bath, Maine, says he is now sixty years old, and his hair and whiskers were two-thirds gray, but by the use of