Pittsburgh Gazette.

RUSSELL ERRETT....D. P. WILLIAMS....D. L. BAYNE....D. S. FERGUSON

R. ERRETT & CO.,
EDITORS and PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 31, 1859.

Republican State Ticket.

AUDITOR GENERAL:
THOMAS E. COCHRAN, of York county.
SURVEYOR GENERAL:
WILLIAM H. REM, of Berks county.

Republican County Ticket.

SENATE:
ELIAS H. ISLISH, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY:
WILLIAM VANKIRK, Pittsburgh.
DAVID A. PRESSLEY, Allegheny.
CHARLES L. GORHAM, Ross.
DAVID E. BAYARD, Peoples.
WILLIAM ESPY, Lower St. Clair.
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE:
THOMAS MELLON, Collins.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
JACOB H. MILLER, Pittsburgh.
SHERIFF:
GOODMAN V. COULTER, South Fayette.
COMMISSIONER:
JONATHAN BRAUFF, South Pittsburgh.
AUDITOR:
DAVID CORNELIUS, Sewickley.
SURVEYOR:
M. T. ANDERSON, East Deer.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR:
JOSEPH MILLER, Snowden.

JOHN BAUSMAN, Esq., is employed by us as an agent for canvassing and collecting for the Pittsburgh *Daily* and *Weekly Gazette*. He will visit in that capacity the various portions of Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio. He is our *only* agent for the purposes named. R. ERRETT & Co.

August 29, 1859.

THE BALTIMORE TROUBLES.—The *Patriot* announces that the better class of citizens attached to the American party have so mastered the rowdy spirit in their organization as to compel the unworthy men who were nominated for city offices, through ruffian influence, to withdraw from the canvass, in order to give place to good and unexceptionable men. It denounces the movement of the so called "independents" as a democratic project, warmed into existence by custom house officials, who are actuated by no higher motive than partizan hatred of Mayor SWANN and his political associates. The *Patriot* continues: "We wish it understood that we are not to be intimidated by any Association, whether of 'our best citizens' or of our worst citizens; but that regardless of both, and strong as the sound conservative mass of the good people of the city, we mean to hold and worthily wield the power they have entrusted to our hands. We only beg our men not to be deluded by hypocritical disguises, but to support their party organization and carry it triumphantly through." This is a question, however, which has two sides to it, as we do not entertain a doubt that there is a pressing necessity for a change in the civil policy of the city. But it would be a strange kind of reform which would emanate from locofoco ward politicians, and hence we are not surprised that the *Patriot* is jealous of interference from that quarter. Our wish is that the Monumental city may secure for itself a good and safe administration of its affairs—and that its rowdy clubs may be disbanded forever. The party which will accomplish that object should be supported, without reference to political distinctions.

CORWIN BS DOUGLAS.—The Hon. Thomas Corwin, of Ohio, recently made a speech at Ironton, Ohio, in which he gave his opinion of Douglas' position. Corwin is full of humor, and in a jovial manner says many good things, which cannot fail to impress the reader with the good sense which they display. After discussing Squatter Sovereignty to his heart's content, he thus refers to its self-appointed champion:

"Douglas is a respectable gentleman, and a man of considerable talent; so am I, (laughter); but I differ with him on that point, and I have the advantage of standing by the side of Washington, who put his hand upon my head and said, 'My son, you are right;' and laid his hand upon Stephen's head and said, 'You must go to school.' That is what Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, Jackson and Calhoun would say, too. While I am in company like that, I am content to remain."

He thus disposes of the democratic pretext for seizing on Cuba by force of arms:

"You say you extend the area of freedom. That is like this: to make a man free, put a pistol to his head and blow out his brains. You call the previous question, and take the vote with salipetre and lead. That is what you mean to do with Cuba, and God Almighty will emite you as he did the whitened wall."

OBADIAH JENNINGS WISE.—Forney said last winter, that John Glancy Jones was ashamed of his first name, and therefore always wrote it J. Glancey Jones. Young Wise always writes his name O. Jennings Wise. The Wellsburg *Herald* spreads out an elaboration of what the O. stands for. We shouldn't be surprised if Obadiah Jennings should challenge our friend Gabriel on the strength of this:

"An exchange, not being posted in the genealogy of our Governor's family, jumps to the conclusion that O. Jennings must be of Irish descent. The O'Jennings certainly favors the suspicion, while his frequent fights and misses seem confirmation that he is one of the "thundering, blundering Irishmen" we read about. It is not the case, however. That "O" stands for peaceable Obadiah, from Obadiah Jennings, of Washington county, Pa., his grand-father, pious and God-fearing man, that he was. The hopeful grand-son, if he survives to have a family, may adopt the "O" as his family cypher, as it has a suggestive resemblance to the muzzle of a pistol, or, in the language of heralds, a puncture *corpore humani*."

BETWEEN artlessness and heartlessness there is only the difference of an aspirate.

A man who had been married twice, to ladies both named Catherine, advised his friends against taking dupli-*Kates*.

Of those who travel the matrimonial road, a great many are completely *jaded* out before reaching their journey's end.

Mean men are subject to *tight* fits.

Consumptives, who swallow the cod liver theory, are *dose-ile* creatures.

In India a *lac* of rupees is wealth; here a lack of dollars is poverty.

A friend has a dog so very serious, that even his tail has not the least bit of *way* about it.

It is a sad commentary upon the course of instruction pursued in young ladies' schools, that the graduates seldom know how to *decline* an offer of marriage.

The recent railroad slaughters give additional significance to the word *car-nage*.—*Boston Post.*

FEMALE EXTRAVAGANCE AT THE CAPITAL.—A Washington letter says:—"Some of our leading dry and fancy goods dealers have adopted the *cash system*, selling, in all cases, for cash only. This is a very great *reform* here, where the families of clerks are so apt to run bills at the stores, which the salaries they receive are inadequate to meet. I know women, wives of clerks in the departments, who dress as if their husbands were possessed of independent fortunes, who run bills at all the stores that will trust them, and whose husbands are, of course, always in debt—always dunned and harassed, sued and cursed, and who finally become so hardened and shameless as to be wholly indifferent whether they pay or not. The adoption of the cash system will put a stop to this discreditable state of things. Indeed it has become absolutely necessary."

PROTESTANT CHAPLAINS IN ITALY.—Four Protestant chaplains for the French Protestant soldiers in Italy have been appointed, and are officially recognized, for the first time. Two Vaudois chaplains for the Sardinian army are already at work, appointed by the King, Victor Emanuel. At the annual meeting of the Waldensian Synod, held in May, resolutions were adopted that solemn prayers should be offered up to God in all their parishes for the success of their country's arms, as they believed the cause of God's truth and liberty of conscience in Italy to depend on it; and that a collection should be made in all the parishes on behalf of the destitute families of the "contingent," the men called out unexpectedly to fulfil the term of military service.

THE Brookville *Republican* says that a brother of B. F. Lucas, Esq., of that borough, was shot in Clark county, Iowa, in a difficulty with a neighbor about a piece of land.

The same paper learns that at a camp-meeting held near Shippen's Mills, Forest county, during the latter part of last and the beginning of the present week, was remarkable on account of the manifestations of Divine power. From five to six hundred persons were in constant attendance upon it, and every day of its progress persons were happily converted. On Monday morning last, during a prayer meeting, no less than thirty seekers after religion found peace in believing. A great solemnity is said to prevail among all classes of people in that section of the country.

BEAR KILLED.—One day during the present week, Mr. Champion, of Millstone township, Forest county, gave chase to a she bear and three cubs. He succeeded in killing the mother but the cubs escaped. The slain animal, when dressed, weighed two hundred and fifty pounds.—*Brookville Rep.*

[From the London Times, Aug. 20.]

According to present appearances, there is nothing which can tempt Lord John Russell or any of his colleagues to go into Conference on the affairs of Italy, or indeed to excuse the retiring together of any European Congress. In a few days there will be nothing to confer about. There is too much reason to believe that the Emperor Napoleon has accepted the task of restoring to their thrones the Princes whom he encouraged their people to repel. We will not, at present, absolutely believe that it is so. There would be some treachery in such an act. There would also be a want of dignity in undertaking such an office—an officious zeal, savoring somewhat of the haste of a *parvenu*, to curry favor with a stupid old squire because he has a pedigree. It cannot be that Napoleon III., in his might and in his hour of victory, could be swayed by such weakness as this. Yet there are some men who are best judged by their acts; and it is a very significant fact that Piacenza has just been occupied by 10,000 Frenchmen; that Count Reiset pursues his mission through the duchies, giving everywhere the counsel which the Persians gave to the Athenians—to take Hippias back; and that 5,000 French soldiers are expected immediately at Parma to work out the ceremony of an independent popular election of a sovereign by universal suffrage. If the Duchess of Parma could really be restored to her dominions by the choice of her people, and could reign as an independent Italian sovereign, we believe that Europe would very generally rejoice, for her rule has been mild and her conduct has been wise. But unless this can be accomplished without the aid of French bayonets, it were better even for the Princess and her sons that she should await a more favorable opportunity; for French bayonets will, we fear, but too certainly draw forth Italian daggers. If we are to read in this occupation of Piacenza the intention of the Emperor Napoleon toward Modena and Tuscany, where the Austrian Emperor has, according to popular belief, confided to him the interests of the Imperial family of Austria, we are afraid there is nothing of sufficient force to prevent the success of his design. Sardinia will, of course, retire within her own assigned frontier, and separate herself at once from a hopeless contest or a disgraceful implication. The Moderate party, which has guided Italy in her peaceful efforts toward emancipation, must disappear, and the scene will be occupied by those agents of confusion who even the bare hope of this French occupation has encouraged to struggle to the surface. Mazzini and the brotherhood of the dagger are even now making themselves heard; they will soon scandalize an honest cause, force every respectable patriot into hopeless inaction, and offer a sufficient excuse for any strong handed measure of despotism.

How easy it would be to let all this subside simply by letting it fairly alone! How much more glorious would it be for the French arms to have a great result to show as a fruit of their great victories! In the face of such facts as Piacenza and Parma garrisoned by French troops, and a French agent in Italy requiring submission to the expelled sovereigns, it is not for England to interfere by word or gesture. Our people and our press may express sorrow, and some who have trusted may express disappointment; but it would be degradation to this country to utter vain expostulation, and it would be to derogate from our national dignity to go into a Congress to mould such facts as these. The matter will soon get far beyond the management of sober men. Whenever it shall really appear that the Grand Dukes are to be restored by French arms, it will be equally clear that they must be retained in their capitals by French troops. The French will then be face to face with the secret societies; it will be a conflict between open force and secret violence, and open force must, of course, prevail; but the serpent will probably sting before it dies. In such a contest honest men can have no sympathy, and it is better that we should have nothing to say to it.

GERMANY.—*The Outbreaks at Frankfort and Mayence.*—A letter of Aug. 6, from Frankfort says:

The Governor of the Federal fortress of Mayence is apprehensive of conflicts breaking out among the Federal troops. We have just had one here under the very eyes of the German Diet. Yesterday evening, we were entertained by the spectacle of a serious fight in the public thoroughfare between Prussian soldiers on one side, and Austrian and Bavarian soldiers on the other.

The combatants were about 500 in number. The wounds are not serious. The public witnessed the game, and applauded with cheers and joking remarks. This affair will confirm the Senate in its determination to demand that the soldiers, when off duty, shall not be allowed to wear their side arms.

A letter from the same place on the following day says:

"The battle fought by our soldiers yesterday recommenced to-day on a yet larger scale. About 6 P. M., the streets were filled with the soldiers of the several corps; the Prussians on the one side, on the other the Austrians, Bavarians, and the Frankfurters, pell mell and in superior numbers to their adversaries. At 7 o'clock a regular encounter took place before the Friedberg gate; they fought with sabres, and many were wounded on both sides. While the chief fighting was going on near the city gates, small partial combats broke out in the streets under the eyes of the numerous spectators.

There was a great movement and bustle every where, and these disorderly scenes lasted three hours. The drums then beat the *generale* at the main guard-house and at Sachsenhausen, where the Bavarian garrison is stationed; but as the soldiers did not expect any one would come and separate them, the drums ceased. The only measures taken were to send out mixed patrols, who arrived everywhere too late. It is to be hoped that the military authorities will in future display the greatest energy in preventing a renewal of such excesses, were it only in consideration of the Federal Diet and the peaceable inhabitants of Frankfort."

A letter in the Berlin *National Zeitung*, under date of August 8, says that on the previous evening the military and civil authorities took every measure of precaution to guard against a renewal of the excesses which had so much alarmed the town for some days previously, and that strong patrols paraded the streets; the men on guard were increased, posts of gendarmes were placed, the gates were secured, the soldiers were forbidden to go beyond certain bounds, &c., but the only means which, according to the general opinion, would have been effectual were not adopted, namely, the confining the men to the barracks and depriving them of their weapons; and, accordingly, in the afternoon, both in the town and in the suburbs, sanguinary frays took place. The spots where the most desperate encounters occurred were at the Boekenheimer and Allerheiligen gates, at the opposite extremities of the city. The last-mentioned gate was several times stormed by the Prussians, and as a strong mixed patrol, with fixed bayonets, opposed them, they acted on the offensive, whereby the commander of the patrol, a native of Frankfort, was fatally wounded. It is stated that many civilians were on the side of the attackers, and it was certain that many were captured. On the morning of the next day several Bavarians and Austrians came to blows. The writer gathers his account *from* the report of individuals, as it was dangerous to visit the streets, the soldiers running through them with naked weapons, but it is stated that two of the combatants were killed, and in the hospitals are between twenty and thirty wounded. Great excitement prevails.

"WHAT'S IN A NAME?"—Coming up the river a few days since, an original Irishman was on board the steamer—one of those witty, genial fellows who are never at ease only when they are keeping those around them in the best of humor—and among the many rich notes he passed current was one which will "do public." The name of his child he had inquired the name of every place along up, and he passed his judgment, in his own peculiar way, to the infinite delight of those around him, on the scenery and prospects of the country, often comparing them with places in and about Tyrone, Bantry, Cork, Drogheda, &c., "at home," informing them, by the way, that he was member of the great O'Regan family, and descended from a long line of illustrious "aunt's-sisters," when, on nearing Albany, the steamer Oregon hove in sight. Instantly he exclaimed: "O-r-e-g-a-n, Oregan; oh, be jabers! *not four weeks in the country yet, and a cathenshot christened after me!*" It is needless to say what followed.—*Troy Times, August 20.*

PROF. SWEET, the "Great American Phenomenon," writes to the Norwich (Conn.) *Bulletin*, that he will cross the Thames, during the holding of the New London county fair, for $1,000, and perform on the rope "the Palliptian Feats, Grecian Callasos and Pancratical Attitudes!" The editor of the *Bulletin* thinks *all* these things would be too much for one time, and says: "We hope the Agricultural Society will consider this matter seriously, and if they find it consistent with the interests of agriculture that they will give us the palliptian, the Grecian, and the pancratical—the feats, the callasos, and the attitudes. If, however, the society think they can't afford to give us the whole programme of Prof. Sweet, perhaps they can entertain us with a portion thereof. For instance, the palliptian and the callasos would be no fool of a performance. And the callasos with the panoratical would be cheap, beautiful, and terrific."

"OLD BROWN"—RELEASE OF DR. DOY.—It is intimated that Dr. Doy owes his release from prison at St. Joseph, to the presence of the brave Ossawatomie Brown in Kansas. The marked coolness, firmness, sagacity, and success of the dead, bespeak "Old Brown's" work. It was planned and executed by a leader of daring character, and whose audacity in boarding the slaveholders in their den had been rendered matchless by experience. The reward of $3,000 offered some months ago by the Governor of Missouri for the capture of Captain Brown is a tempting one, but the Missourians do not appear to be very anxious to make the special acquaintance of the hero of Black Jack, Ossawatomie and Fort Scott.

THE PAPAL STATES AND THE DUCHIES.—A letter from Vienna, of the 6th, says:

The approaching downfall of Cardinal Antonelli may be considered certain. His resistance to the projected Confederation of Italy is the cause of his fall. No objection has been made here to his resignation, because it is known that, if he remained in office, he would intrigue against the peace of Villafranca, whereby new complications would be created. It is believed that both he and the Duke of Tuscany gave positive assurances as to the concessions they intended to make to their subjects. It is probably the conviction that no armed intervention will in any case be made in their favor that has most contributed to induce these princes to yield.

AN EARTHQUAKE AMONG THE KNOBS.—There was a severe earthquake shock felt at Ironton and vicinity, in this State, last Saturday, about 5 o'clock, P. M. The sky was cloudless at the time. A heavy rumbling noise was heard coming from the West, and passing off to the East. Then came the shock, lasting about thirty seconds, and resembling the concussion that follows a heavy volley of thunder, though much louder. It is not known how far the shock extended. Young earthquakes among the Knobs are harmless and interesting phenomena; but a growl from a full grown monster, making the mountains to knock their heads together, would be rather "skeery."—*St. Louis News.*

AN AURO BOREALIS of extraordinary brilliancy and extent lighted up the heavens last evening, and filled the streets with admiring crowds of upturned faces. The auro began to appear in the northwest about half past ten, when it gradually disappeared. The bars of light were at first horizontal, but they afterwards assumed a vertical form, flashing with amazing luminousness, and extending from the southwest to the northeast, on opposite sides of the heavens there were at the same time luminous masses of brilliant carnation producing a most singular effect. There was a fresh northwest wind at the time, and the atmosphere was very cool.—*N. Y. Times.*

FROM LAKE SUPERIOR.—The steamer North Star, Capt. Sweet, from Superior 9 A. M. Wednesday, arrived on Saturday night. Her cargo was principally copper, viz: 26½ tons from Franklin mine and 37¾ tons from Pewabic. She brought also sixty-five bbls fish. Her passenger list throughout the trip was large. Two locomotives are now in use on the railroad at Marquette, and ore is being delivered in larger quantities than at any time of late. One locomotive hauled down 575 tons in twenty-four hours.—*Cleve. Herald.*

SUMMER COMPLAINT.—The fact is now too well established for any one to attempt to controvert it, that most of the diseases which often prove fatal in summer, are produced by excessive use of fruits and vegetables, by which the stomach is disordered, the liver deranged, the blood stagnated and digestive organs, rendered inactive if not torpid. Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Bilious and Cramp Cholic, Dysentery, Diarrhœa and such like complaints prominate and thrive upon improper food and often thus become so deep seated and fixed upon the constitution, that the strongest and most active mineral medicines are unable to arrest their progress until the patient is prostrate, and all hopes of relief are ended. Who is it that has not seen a fine, healthy infant or adult, seized with one of the annoying diseases above spoken of, and despite the skill and advice of medical gentlemen literally fade away under their treatment? And how is this treatment to be accounted for? Simply by the fact, that instead of administering some remedy to stay the falling strength of the afflicted, and at the same time check the disease in its progress, the remedy prescribed added to the extinction of the natural strength, and at the time the disease was mastered the sufferer was prostrate, and failing to excite a reaction the patient died from the effect of the same administered to stay the progress of the disease. Not so with BERHAVES HOLLAND BITTERS, which are composed entirely of vegetable matter, and which late not only preserves themselves from decide in time, but have never failed to correct disorders of the stomach and bowels when taken according to directions. In the cure of Summer Complaints they have no equal. Try them at once.

READ CAREFULLY.—The Genuine highly Concentrated Berhave's Holland Bitters is put in half pint bottles only, and retailed at $1 per bottle. The great demand for the truly Celebrated Medicine has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. Beware of imposition! See that our name is on the label of every bottle you buy.

BENJAMIN PAGE, Jr., & CO., Sole Proprietors, 27 Wood street, between 1st and 2d sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

aug24dawF

NEURALGIA.—This painful and common disease, which physicians do not appear fully to understand, will be speedily relieved, and in most instances a permanent cure may be effected by the use of WILSON'S PILLS, which regulate the stomach and bowels, and produce a stinging effect upon the nerves which cause the acute pain.

Prepared and sold by B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Wholesale Druggists, and proprietors of B. L. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, No. 60, corner of Wood and 4th streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. au30d&wT

DIED—On Monday morning, the 29th inst., at 4 o'clock MISS MARGARET HETICH.

New Advertisements.

Brooke County Va. Farm for Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE THE FARM on which he resides, containing 157 acres, situate in Brooke county, Va., five miles from Wellsburg, (the county seat,) two and a half from Steubenville, Ohio, and one mile from the Ohio River. There is on the farm a good frame house, with six rooms, kitchen, pantry, etc., a good log barn, new frame stables, (for both cows and horses,) corn crib, wagon shed, shop houses, etc. There are two orchards of choice fruit, with about 175 trees in fine bearing order.

There are about 200 acres of the land that is cleared and in a high state of cultivation. The balance is well timbered. There is also some 30 or 40 acres of coal of a superior quality.

The farm will be sold in a body, or divided to suit purchasers.

There is now being made a turnpike road from Hollidays Cove to Wellsburg along the river, and from one side of the farm is a good road with a grade of not over five degrees, which will make a nice drive to either of the above named towns. The School house is within a quarter of a day can wishing to engage in that business could not find a better place. The farm is also well adapted to the raising of corn, wheat, rye, barley, etc. It is in a good neighborhood, and is convenient to churches, mills, etc. To any one wishing a good farm on reasonable terms, let them apply to the subscriber on the premises or by letter, directing to Wellsburg, Brooke county, Virginia.

au31 1w&1aw* HOWARD MERRYMAN.

HERBST & BARKER,
PRODUCE AND PROVISION
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
257 Liberty Street, corner of Hand,
PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

Particular attention given to the purchase and sale of Flour, Grain, Dried Fruits, Potatoes, Pork, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Clover and Timothy Seeds, &c.

Orders promptly filled at the lowest market prices. Advances made on consignments.

Office of the Pittsburgh Bag Manufactory. au31-1yd

AN ORDINANCE Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Setting with Curb Stone, Diamond street, from Grant street to Smithfield street.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, That the Recording Regulator be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for grading, paving and setting with curb stone, Diamond street from Grant street to Smithfield street, and to let the same in manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31st, A. D. 1857.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 29th day of August, A. D. 1859.

D. G. KAMMERER,
President pro tem of Select Council.

Attest: R. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.

RUSSELL ERRETT,
President of Common Council.

Attest: HUGH MCMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. au31-2td

AN ORDINANCE relative to Affidavits for the Reduction of Assessments.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the affidavits for the reduction of assessments, under the ninth section of the ordinance, passed February 2nd, 1859, "making appropriations for the year 1859," shall be made to provide additional revenue for the city," may be made at any time on or before the first day of October next, the year.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 29th day of August, A. D. 1859.

D. G. KAMMERER,
President pro tem of Select Council.

Attest: HUGH MCMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.

RUSSELL ERRETT,
President of Common Council.

au31-2td

COLLINS PARK! COLLINS PARK!!—

WEDNESDAY, August 31st.

The following entries have been made for this day's racing:

1 RACE.

Trotting, for a purse of $100, mile heats, to harness, best 3 in 5.

John Laverty enters s. h. "Harry Nial."
E. Hays b. h. "Champagne."
Henry Garter g. m. "Mountain Maid."

2ND RACE.

Trotting, for a purse of $60, for 4 year olds, go as they please, mile heats, best 3 in 5:

E. Hays enters s. f. "Pittsburgh Lass."
David Shaffer enters b. f. "Lake."

A special train will leave the Penn'a. R. R. Depot at 1.15, regular train 2.50—return 6 at 5 P. M. au31-1td

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK,

NO. 66 FOURTH STREET.

Deposits made with this Bank before the

FIRST DAY OF SEPTEMBER,

Will draw Interest from that date.

au31-1td CHAS. A. COLTON, Treasurer.

SUNDRIES—
10 bags Old Government Coffee.
50 " yellow Rio "
25 cans ground Rio and Java Coffee.
10 cases Zante Currants;
5 " Prunes and Prunes;
25 boxes M. R. and Layer Raisins;
10 " Valentia "
100 cans fresh Blackberries;
50 " pure ground Spices.
50 mats Cassia;
2 cases Nutmegs;
2 bbls Cloves;
2 " Mason's and Armour's Blacking;
25 boxes Colgate's Soap, assorted;
10 bbls Extra Syrup;
20 " N. O. Molasses;
100 gross Shanghai Matches;
10 boxes Natural Leaf Tobacco;
2 cases John Anderson's Solace Tobacco.

For sale by WILLIAMS & JOHNSTON,
au31: 114 Smithfield street.

TAKEN up by the City Watch on the night of Aug. 25th, a Yellow COW with white face, very wild horse. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property and pay charges, otherwise she will be sold on Saturday, the 3d of September.

au31:3t* ROBT. HAGUE, Chief of Police.

Miscellaneous.

CHICKERING & SONS'
NEW SCALE
PIANO FORTES.

THE subscriber has now on hand a most splendid stock of Pianos, consisting of 6½ and 7 Octaves, in Plain and Carved Cases of the most elegant design, from the celebrated Factory of Chickering & Sons. The instruments are all provided with their latest improvements, as *Repeating-Action, Double-Dampers, Felt-Hammers*, and are of their

ENLARGED NEW SCALE,

By which a much larger sound board is obtained, consequently the tone is rendered very powerful, yet retaining its sweet and musical quality. By the perfection of the Action, the performer is enabled to produce all grades of tone from *pianissimo* to *fortissimo*, with the greatest ease.

CHICKERING & SONS' PIANOS are thus spoken of by the best artists and critics in our country:—

THALBERG says:—"They are beyond comparison *the best* I have ever seen in the United States, and will compare favorably with any I have ever known."

GUSTAVE SATTER says:—"The opinion which I expressed three years ago, has been more than confirmed to me by the continued use of them, viz: That for volume and pure quality of tone, with nicety of articulation, they are unequalled."

[From the National Intelligencer, Washington.]

"They can safely bear comparison with instruments from any part of the world, in point of tone, strength and elasticity of touch."

[From the New Orleans Picayune.]

"For excellence of material, elegance of finish, and faithfulness of workmanship, and above all for volume and variety, mellow sweetness, brilliancy and permanence of tone, they are unequalled."

[From the Family Journal.]

"The peculiar musical qualities belonging to the Chickering Instruments, are a full, musical, rich and powerful tone, free from any wooden, noisy, tonelessness of sound, so disagreeable to the sensitive musical ear. They have also an easy, even and pleasant touch, and will keep in tune better than any Pianos known."

The public are invited to call and examine those splendid instruments, which are sold at

FACTORY PRICES AND WARRANTED.

au26dawtf JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood street.

OLD and YOUNG

AFFIRM ITS TRUTH,

VIZ: THAT

Professor Wood's Hair Restorative

WILL PRESERVE, INFALLIBLY, THE *growth* and *color* of the hair, if used two or three times a week, to any imaginable age. Perfectly restores the gray corner the bald with natural own ornament, the hair make it more soft and beautiful than any oil, and preserve the scalp free from all disease, to the greatest age. Statesmen, Judges, Attorneys, Doctors, Clergymen, Professional Men and Gentlemen and Ladies of all classes, all over the world, bear testimony that we do not say too much in its favor. Read the following, and judge:—

PROFESSOR S. THALBERG, PIANIST,

says, on his arrival from Europe in the United State she was rapidly becoming gray, but on applying Wood's Hair Restorative his hair soon recovered its original hue.

CHARLES CARDEW, 12 Nassau Street, N. Y., says the gray hairs on his wife's head were all, after a few week's trial, turned into a dark brown, at the same time beautifying and thickening the hair.

A. G. RAYMOND, Bath, Maine, says he is now sixty years old, and his hair and whiskers were two-thirds gray, but by the use of two bottles of Restorative the gray hairs have disappeared, both on his head and face, and is more soft and glossy than he has for fifty years previous. His wife, at the age of fifty two, has used it with the same effect.

FINLEY JOHNSON, Esq., of New Orleans, says that he lost his hair by the Yellow Fever, in 1854. He used Wood's Hair Restorative, and his hair is now thick and glossy.

B. M MIDDLETON, Livingston, Alabama, says the Restorative has done much good in his part of the country. He used it for baldness, and now has a fine head of hair.

T. I. MORRIS, Lebanon, Kentucky, says he has seen Wood's Hair Restorative in hundreds of cases, and yet have never known it to fail in accomplishing all it professes to do.

A. J. ALDEN, McLeansboro', Illinois, says he had lost the scalp head eight years, and was bald, but by the liberal use of Wood's Hair Restorative, he now has a rich glossy head of hair.

Sold by all Druggists, and by Dr. J. Wood & Co., 444 Broadway, New York, and 114, Market street, St. Louis, Mo. Sold in Pittsburgh by Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, S. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO., and all Druggists. [aug30:4ly]

CARD

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS THIS DAY associated with him in the WHOLESALE GROCERY BUSINESS, Mr. SAMUEL EWART and Mr. WILLIAM CURRY, and will continue the same at the OLD STAND, NO. 271 LIBERTY STREET, directly opposite the Eagle Hotel.

Pittsburgh, July 1, 1859. WILLIAM M. GORMLY.

SAMUEL EWART....WM. M. GORMLY....WM. CURRY.

W. M. GORMLY & CO.,

WHOLESALE

GROCERS,

DEALERS IN

PROVISIONS, PRODUCE

AND

PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURES,

No. 271 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

jan30:ly

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY

LOGAN & GREGG,
IMPORTERS OF
HARDWARE,
No. 52 WOOD STREET,
Four Doors above St. Charles Hotel,
je30:d&m PITTSBURGH.

G. S. BRYAN, late of Lancaster.....LOGAN & GREGG, Pittsb'g.

GEO. S. BRYAN & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
FOR THE SALE OF
PIG IRON, BLOOMS, &c.,
No. 52 Wood St., Pittsburgh.

REFERENCES—Lyon, Shorb & Co., Pittsburgh; Livingston, Coppinger & Co., Philadelphia; Jas. S. Franklin, Esq., Lancaster; Hon. Simon Cameron, Harrisburg; Bryan, Gardner & Co., Hollidaysburg, Pa. je30:6md

THE ENTERPRISE
Insurance Company
OF PHILADELPHIA,
Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture, &c., at Reasonable Rates of Premium.

DIRECTORS.—F. Ratchford Starr; William M'Kee, of Wm. M'Kee & Co.; Nathro Frazier; Jno. M. Atwood, of Atwood, White & Co.; Jno. T. Trotter, of Trotter, Stokes & Co.; Henry Wharton; Mordecai L. Dawson; Geo. H. Stewart, of Stewart & Bro.; John H. Brown, of John H. Brown & Co.; B. A. Fahnestock, of B. A. Fahnestock & Co.; Andrew D. Cash; J. L. Erringer, of Wood & Erringer.

F. RATCHFORD STARR, President.
CHARLES W. COXE, Secretary.

PITTSBURGH REFERENCES.—Wm. Holmes & Co., J. Painter & Co., Thomas H. Howe, Esq., Jas. Marshall, Esq., Allen Kramer, Esq., Wilson, M'Elroy & Co., Wilson, Payne & Co., Bailey, Brown & Co., Livingston, Copeland & Co., James B. Lyon & Co., Wm. S. Lately & Co.

GEO. S. BRYAN & CO., Agents,
je30:6md No. 52 Wood Street.

NORTHERN
Assurance Company,
NO. 1 MOORGATE STREET, LONDON.
ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

CAPITAL..... $6,298,800 00
PAID UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS... 2,193,111 02
ANNUAL REVENUE, for the year ending January 31, 1858..... 933,924 12

THIS COMPANY INSURES AGAINST Loss or Damage by Fire, on liberal terms, any description of Property. *The Rates of Premiums are moderate*, and in no case depend upon the character of the owner or occupant, and the nature of the risk.

Losses promptly adjusted and paid without reference to London. *A special permanent fund provided in Philadelphia for payment of losses in this country.*

REFERENCES IN PITTSBURGH:

Messrs. James McCully & Co., 174 Wood street;
" John Floyd & Co., 173 "
" Brown & Kirkpatrick, 120 Liberty street;
" D. Gregg & Co., 99 Wood street;
" Wilson, M'Elroy & Co., of Wood street;
" James McCandless & Co., 153 "
" Nimick & Co., 95 Water street;
" B. A. Fahnestock & Co., First and Wood streets;
" Joe Woodwell & Co., Second and Wood streets;
" Atwell, Ice & Co., 1 Wood street;
" Batchfield & Co., Fourth and Market streets;
" McCandless, Means & Co., Wood and Water sts.

George H. Stuart, Esq., 13 Bank street.
Messrs. Myers, Claghorn & Co., 223 Market street;
" Wm. M'Ee & Co., 22 South Front street;
" M'Culloch & Collins, Front and New sts;
" Smith, Williams & Co., 513 Market street;
" James Graham & Co., 20 and 22 Letitia street;
Joseph B. Mitchell, Esq., President Mechanics' Bank;
James Dunlap, Esq., President Union Bank;
Hon. W. A. Porter, late Judge Supreme Court.

JAMES W. ARROTT, Agent,
je22:1ydn Temporary Office, 103 Wood street.

FRENCH WHITE ZINC PAINT
FROM THE
VIEILLE MONTAGNE COMPANY
OF PARIS.

THIS PAINT is adapted to all purposes to which the best White Lead is applicable. It does not turn yellow, as lead invariably does, and will acquire the hardness and smoothness of Coach Japanning without the aid of varnish, and is easily washed. Colors with a zinc basis retain their freshness and brilliancy of color.

100 pounds will cover as much surface, with the same body, as 250 pounds of lead—showing great economy as well as beauty.

In order that parties may depend upon getting the article *strictly pure* they should buy of none but the most *respectable houses*. The Company ship but two qualities, known as No. 1 and *Snow White Dry*. Red and Green Seal. The No. 1 or Red Seal is the article most used for painting purposes, the Snow White or Green Seal being only used for the most expensive work. JOSEPH M. STRONG, Agent for the Co.

Orders addressed to either of the following houses will be filled at the *new reduced tariff* of prices, either Dry or in Oil.

HALL & CONNELL,
123 Maiden Lane, New York.
RAYNOLDS, DEVOE & PRATT,
106 and 108 Fulton street, New York.

PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Recording Regulator, No. 60 Smithfield street, until the 3d of September next, for the grading, paving and setting with Curb Stone, Crawford street, from Centre Avenue to Webster street.

ISAAC MORLEY, Rec. Reg.

TO BRIDGE CONTRACTORS.—Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the County Commissioners of Allegheny and Westmoreland Counties until MONDAY, the 5th day of September, 1859, for the erection of a BRIDGE ACROSS PUCKETY CREEK, at Stewart's Mill—the creek being the line between the two counties. Span sixty feet, with a stone pier in the middle of the span; the stone work to be done by the perch.

au30:3td BY ORDER OF COMMISSIONERS.

LACE LEATHER—A good assortment of the best quality for sale by J. & H. PHILLIPS.

Lion City College

CORNER 5TH AND SMITHFIELD STS.,
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Strangers or Citizens

DESIROUS of knowing where is the best place to prepare young men for business, are directed not only to inquire of the principal Merchants, Bankers, Teachers and Professional men of the city, but are most respectfully invited to call at the Rooms of the College and make the following comparisons between this and similar institutions claiming public patronage, viz: the size and number of the Rooms; the number of students in attendance; the mode of instruction pursued; the extent, variety and thoroughness of the course of study; the quality and accuracy of the work done by the students, the comparative standing of the teachers, and all other things that go to make up a first class School; and then if not satisfied that the Lion City College is greatly in advance of any other it is not expected that they will patronize the School, nor will they be solicited to do so. au24dawF

Public Notices.

NOTICE.—The Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and East Liberty Passenger Railway Company will meet at the office of J. F. MACKENZIE, No. 60 Fourth street, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the TENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D., 1859, to organize said Company and elect five Managers to serve until the third Monday of January next, or until their successors are regularly and lawfully chosen.

N. P. SAWYER,
WILLIAM PHILLIPS,
JOHN AIKEN,
JOHN OGDEN,
A. W. GAZZAM.

au31:did

NOTICE.—A meeting of the Stockholders of the Temperanceville and Noblestown Turnpike and Plank Road Company, will be held at HARE'S HOTEL, in Pittsburgh, on THURSDAY, 1st day of September, 1859, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to take into consideration important business connected with the interests of the Road. M B BROWN,
President.

au24:2td&1tw

BOARD OF TRADE.—The Annual Meeting of the Board of Trade will be held on WEDNESDAY, September 7th, at 2½ o'clock, P. M., at the Merchant's Exchange, at which time the election for President, Vice President and Board of Directors will take place.

GEO. H. THURSTON, Sup't.

au26:td

ELECTION.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAS CO.,
20th August, 1859.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of "