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PARK, M'CURDY & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' and BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder, &c. Also, Importers and Dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, Tinmen's Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 149 First and 120 Second street, Pittsburgh, Penna. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my22:d&wlyT

McCORD & CO., MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, 131 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Have now on hand for Spring Sales, as large and complete an assortment of Goods as can be found in any of the eastern cities, consisting of FUR, SILK AND WOOL HATS of every style and quality; CAPS of every quality and latest fashions; PALM LEAF, STRAW, LEGHORN AND PANAMA HATS; STRAW, LEGHORN AND SILK BONNETS, etc., etc. Persons wishing to purchase either by WHOLESALE or RETAIL will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock. mr11

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J. H. CHRISTY, M. D., 163 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Penna., Having had the advantages of Eastern Colleges and Hospitals, and several years' practice, offers his professional services in SURGICAL AND MEDICAL CASES.
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Rev. W. D. Howard. — Col. Wilson McCandless.
Rev. D. H. A. McLean. — Hon. H. A. Weaver.
T. H. Sill, Esq. — Hon. T. J. Bigham.
J. R. Hunter. — John H. Mellor, Esq.
Jacob McCollister, Esq. my3:lydfo

ETNA STOVE WORKS. ALEXANDER BRADLEY, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN EVERY VARIETY OF COOKING, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES, Plain and Fancy Grate Fronts, &c. Sole Proprietor of the celebrated PATENT GAS BURNING and SMOKE CONSUMING COOK STOVES. Office and Sales Room, No. 4 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa. mr18:lydfc

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S. B. & C. P. MARKLE, MANUFACTURERS OF PRINTING, JOB AND ALL KINDS OF WRAPPING PAPER. Warehouse, No. 27 Wood Street, PITTSBURGH, PA. Rags bought at market prices. my4:tf

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO. MANUFACTURERS OF Iron Railing, Iron Vaults, Vault Doors, Window Shutters, Window Guards, &c., Nos. 91 Second Street and 86 Third Street, (Between Wood and Market,) PITTSBURGH, PA., Have on hand a variety of new Patterns, fancy and plain suitable for all purposes. Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. mr9

WM. VANDEVER. — WM. C. FRIEND.
VANDEVER & FRIEND, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, No. 5, Ritter's Block, Dubuque, Iowa. Collections promptly made in any part of Northern Iowa, or Western Wisconsin. Will attend to the purchase and Sale of Real Estate, obtaining Money on Bonds and Mortgages. sel:lydfc

WM. C. ROBINSON. — F. H. MILLER. WITHROW DOUGLASS. — WILSON MILLER.
ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS, FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, WASHINGTON WORKS, Pittsburgh, Penna. Office, No. 21 Market street. Manufacture all kinds of Steam Engines and Mill Machinery; Castings, Railroad Work, Steam Boilers and Sheet Iron Work. Jobbing and Repairing done on short notice. mr25:lydfc

WEYMAN & SON, Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS, AND LEAF TOBACCO, Corner of Smithfield Street and Diamond Alley, PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE. SIGHT BILLS DRAWN BY DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO. [illegible]

JOHN B. LEE, MERCHANT TAILOR, No. 43 Market st., Pittsburgh. [illegible]

CARD. J. SCOTT, Dentist, HAS removed to the house lately occupied by Dr. Wm. A. Ward, [illegible]

Pittsburgh Steel Works. JONES, BOYD & CO., [illegible]

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Hide, Oil and Leather Store, [illegible]

RUPTURE OF HERNIA.—[illegible]

ARTIFICIAL EARS.—[illegible]

PURE BRANDY.—[illegible]

GALVANIC BATTERY, [illegible]

SHOULDER BRACES.—[illegible]

SOAPS, Hair Brushes and Perfumery [illegible]

The only Truss Manufactory in Pittsburgh [illegible]

SPONGES.—[illegible]

Special Notices.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES. SEND FOR A CIRCULAR. FOR SALE WITH ALL LATE IMPROVEMENTS, AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES, BY ALEX. R. REED, No. 68 Fifth Street. mr9dfc

AMERICAN WATCHES. WHOLESALE AGENCY FOR THE SALE OF AMERICAN WATCHES. We would most respectfully call the attention of the public to the American Watches now being extensively introduced, the manufacture of which has become so firmly established that entire confidence can be placed upon them as safe and correct time-keepers, both by the wearer and seller.

Having been appointed Wholesale Agents for the sale of these Watches, the public may be assured that we can sell them at the very lowest cash prices.

We have also a very large stock of Silver and Plated Ware, Fine Gold Jewelry in sets, such as Coral, Garnet, Cameo, Jet and Paintings.

Our assortment of CLOCKS is unusually large at present, comprising some beautiful patterns of Eight and One Day Parlor and Office Clocks at greatly reduced prices.

We have also a full stock of English and Swiss Gold and Silver Watches on hand, all of our own importation.

Also, Watch Makers' Tools, Materials and Watch Glasses. REINEMAN & MEYRAN, No. 42 Fifth street. fe25:d&wT

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! MOTHERS!!! Don't fail to procure Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. It has no equal on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skilful female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never-failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhoea in Children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause.

If life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well-tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper. Sold by Druggists throughout the world. DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, Agent for Pittsburgh. ju:2dawlyfcT

MEYER'S MIRACULOUS VERMIN DESTROYER, The Only Remedy in the Whole World Sure to Exterminate RATS, MICE, COCKROACHES, BUGS, ANTS, MOSQUITOES, FLEAS, MOTHS, MOLES, GRAIN WORMS AND GARDEN INSECTS, &c. 50,000 BOXES SOLD IN ONE MONTH.

These Celebrated Remedies have been extensively used for twenty-two years in all parts of Europe, and their miraculous power have been attested by the Courts of Russia, France, England, Austria, Prussia, Bavaria, Saxony, Belgium, Holland, Naples, &c., and their Chemical properties examined, and approved by the most distinguished Medical Faculties all over the world.

Their destructiveness to all kinds of vermin and insects has been certified to this country by the Directors of the various Public Institutions, Planters, Farmers, Proprietors of Hotels, Warehouses, Manufactories, and by various distinguished private citizens.

Numerous Testimonials and Certificates of the efficacy of these Remedies can be seen at the Depot.

For sale, Wholesale and Retail, by the Inventor and Proprietor, JOSEPH MEYER, Practical Chemist, 612 Broadway (cor. Houston st.) New York.

General Agent for the U. States and Canadas, FREDERICK V. RUSHTON, Druggist, No. 10 Astor House, and 417 Broadway, New York.

For sale in this city, wholesale and retail by B. E. SELLERS & CO., corner Wood and Second sts.; JOS. FLEMING, Corner Diamond and Market st. BEEKHAM & M'KENNAN, Allegheny. de29:6mdfc

A BLOODLESS VICTORY!!! 1,000,000 BOXES SOLD OF MOREHEAD'S MAGNETIC PLASTER [illegible]

D. C. MOREHEAD, M. D., [illegible]

COMMON SENSE rules the mass of the people, [illegible]

THE HEALTH is the most important subject [illegible]

TO MEND BROKEN WARE of any kind [illegible]

DR. WARD'S Tooth Powder and Tooth Wash. [illegible]

RICHARDSON'S IRISH LINENS, Damasks, Diapers, &c. [illegible]

ICY LIST— [illegible]

GUNS, PISTOLS AND FIRE ARMS GENERALLY. [illegible]

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SUGAR AND MOLASSES. [illegible]

Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 4, 1859.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

City and News Items.

MEAN TEMPERATURE.—Observations taken at Shaw's Optician Store, No. 58 Fifth st., yesterday:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock A. M.	110	81
12 " M.	130	85
6 " P. M.		72
Barometer		29 3.10

COMMENCEMENT AT JEFFERSON COLLEGE.—We were present, on Wednesday, at the 57th Commencement at Jefferson College, at Canonsburg, Washington county, Pa. We left home at 3 o'clock in the morning, and over a road that might be made better, rode five hours. We had seats with some young friends who were making the pilgrimage to Canonsburg for the purpose of having a good time. They bore with them sundry musical instruments upon which no one there could play, and in consequence, the exuberance of animal spirits found vent in considerable loud discord. The ride from this city to Canonsburg is quite beautiful. The scenery cannot be surpassed. As we emerged into the valley of the Chartiers at Mansfield, an immense cloud of vapor, as white as snow, hung over the water and enveloped the valley. To see the sun rise upon and dispel this cloud, after having kindled it into beauty, was something rare, particularly to one who has not seen the sun rise for years before.

The crops all along the road are looking very fine; that is, the growing crops. Many fields of wheat were black as a hat, from the effect of the frost. Upon the whole, however, the country is looking exceedingly well, and crops which are yet to ripen give the most abundant promise.

We arrived at Canonsburg at 9 o'clock. The procession had already marched to the chapel to participate in or listen to the performances of the graduating class. The ladies occupied all the seats, and the aisles and windows were packed with the non-crinolined race—mankind in general—so to speak. We were politely escorted through this dense mass, by the politeness of one of the marshals of the day. Without his aid we never could have found a seat at the reporters' table, which, thanks to the foresight of some good friend of sound learning and general intelligence, was placed on the dais, beside the speakers, so that we could hear every word and even see the painful state of mind of some of the performers, as it showed itself in their faces. We ought, however, to say in this connection, that in general the parts were well performed.

At the hour of 9, the performances of the graduating class began, and concluded at about 1 P. M. The atmosphere in the crowded house was dreadful, but we sat the whole proceedings out, and took the following notes:

The exercises commenced with an English Salutatory, by E. C. Moderwell, of Bucyrus, Ohio. He was introduced in Latin by the President, as were all the speakers. The substance of the Salutatory was similar to like performances everywhere. One thing, however, we noticed in the audience as in striking contrast to similar gatherings at other institutions of the kind which we have attended. The vast majority of those present were ladies and very fine looking ladies they were. But they did not keep perfectly quiet. A constant buzz prevaded the audience, and rendered it not a little difficult to hear the speakers. Perhaps it was for the same reason that the speaker, Mr. Moderwell, appeared to have well nigh forgotten a good portion of his part. The prompter stood by within ten feet of him, and suggested sentence after sentence, as the speaker had forgotten them. Some of the best sentences in the salutatory were marred by this fault.

Mr. Moderwell concluded by extending to one and all a kindly greeting, and left the stage with slight applause running through the audience.

Besides the English, there were also a Latin and a Greek Salutatory. The Latin was by Stephen Phelps, of Lewistown, Illinois. He was a very good looking young man, and his manner of speaking was good and attracted the attention of the audience, although he spoke in an unknown tongue.

The Greek oration was by Alexander Cowan, of Shelbyville, Tennessee. Mr. C. spoke in a round clear and pleasant voice, with appropriate action and accent. It will not be expected that we should present the translation of his effort, and we have not the type to give it in the original Greek. The people gave applause to the young Grecian with a spirit that we admired. We admired it because with them as with all others, except the "fresh" scholar, the salutatory was "Greek," indeed, and applause was therefore an exercise of faith.

After music by Smith's band of this city, Mr. B. B. Blair, of Shippinsburg, Pa., took the stand and spoke an essay on "The Unity of Nature." He traced the bond of union, as seen in all the laws of nature, and showed the mutual influence of mind upon matter. Our space will not admit an extended notice of the various addresses. With Mr. Blair's style of speaking we were pleased. His style of writing is, as far as he has acquired one, a little timid. He had his piece by heart, and made no stumble.

J. E. Dixon, of M'Ewensville, Pa., delivered an essay, entitled "The Unrest of the Soul." He is a nervous and distinct speaker. He dipped slightly into the ancient philosophy, and found in the soul suggestions of immortality and of the being of a God. He had not perfectly committed his part, and was dependent, to some extent, upon the prompter.

The next speaker was a Pittsburgh boy, Samuel Giffin, a fine intellectual looking fellow. His subject, "The Food of the Mind," was treated in the manner usual on such occasions. His voice was hardly strong enough to fill the house, but he did his best.

The "proximus orator," to use the words of President Alden, was C. E. Guy, of Sewickley, Penna. His subject was "The Great Battle," by which he did not refer to the battle of Solferino, but the battle of life. Mr. G. is a quite pleasant speaker, with sufficient energy. His view of life was very dark.

We had a change of subject with Mr. H. C. McCook, of Steubenville, Ohio. His subject was "The Tobacco King," and was treated in verse. It was the story of a wonderful merschaum which the speaker had won from a Dutchman, Herr Von Braam, and with which he could conjure up the Tobacco King. He had some excellent hits in it which took the audience. The speaker pleased every one. His theory of Mt. Vesuvius was that when the Tobacco King sucked in the smoke there is no trouble, but when he blows out the smoke, mortals call it an eruption.

J. W. M'Kean, of Scotch Grove, Iowa, spoke an essay upon the "Philosophy of History." There was great disorder in the audience, from a buzz and clatter of talking. This speaker had a second honor with the salutatory orators. His subject was very broad.

After music, Rev. Dr. Presley appealed to the audience, which was jammed and packed in the closest manner, that they should, as far as possible, keep silence while the young men were speaking.

The next speaker was D. M. B. M'Lean, of Wellsville, Ohio. His subject was "Man without a Revelation." The idea of his essay was that without a revelation man could not infer the true character of God. This was a very pleasing speaker.

R. J. Moore, of Hickory, Pa., choose for his subject, "Nature, the Poetry of God." He treated of types and symbols in nature.

J. T. Power, of Elizabeth, Pa., had a very sensible subject, and treated it in a plain and manly way. "Modesty, a Characteristic of the Scholar," was what he treated of. His views were presented in a style of writing and speaking which attracted the attention of the hottest and most crowded audience we have seen in a long time.

Mr. W. D. Ralston, of Freeport, Pa., spoke of the "Age of Heroism." He had this sensible view of the subject, that there is more heroism in the world now than there ever was before. Even the old Greek poets and philosophers whom we call great, placed their golden age beyond their own. He referred to Kane, Herndon, Charlotte Bronte and Florence Nightingale. But there are thousands of martyrs to duty all around us, of whom the world never hears, and of whom the world is not worthy. We were not more pleased with any performance of the day.

Levi Risher, of McKeesport, spoke upon the enthusiasm of Genius. His speech was short, energetic and well received.

R. B. Shoemaker, of Emlenton, Pa., chose as his subject "A man's a man for a' that." He treated the subject in prose, notwithstanding Burns has married it to "immortal verse." Mr. S. was very deliberate and we suppose a somewhat practised speaker. The humorous points in his speech were references to Woman's Rights, Dandyism and other isms of the day.

After music by the band Mr. J. St. C. Stuchill, Indiana, Pa., treated of the "Earth's Mission."

To him succeeded the final speaker before the valedictory. This was B. H. Witherow, of Shippensburg, Pa. His subject was "Physical Science, the Handmaid of Religion." He did not hesitate to adopt the modern geological views of the age of the Globe, which would not have passed twenty years ago.

The Valedictory Oration, which was the first honor in the class, was by Robert Stewart, of Allegheny city. We are glad to observe that the first honor has been kept so near home. The substance of his theme was close to its title; he showed the duty of the man of genius to his age, and concluded by some remarks appropriate to the occasion, addressing himself to the citizens, the Trustees, Professors and class mates. It was a little sombre in tone. The world isn't half so cold and dreadful as the speaker seemed to think. So he closed.

Dr. Alden then presented the diplomas, conferring the title of "A. B." upon the various members of the class.

There were several speaking in the programme who did not perform. Mr. W. B. Sibbett, of Shippensburg, Pa. was to have spoken on Italian Liberty, but the commencement, we suppose, came about two weeks too late and rendered that subject stale. The parts of George Cheeseman, J. Alvan Euwer, A. H. Euwer, Walter Forsyth, W. H. Godber, G. W. Jackson, R. Lenington, John McKean, J. W. Potter, and of Henry Wallace were for good and sufficient reasons omitted. They were down in the programme.

After the distribution of diplomas followed the conferring of the following degrees upon the gentlemen mentioned:

Degree of A. M. on the following Alumni, in course: George W. Chalfant, Saltzburg, Pa.; L. B. W. Shryock, Crittenden, Ky.; W. W. Hays, Harrisburg; A. G. Wilson, Morgantown, Va.; S. D. M'Pherson, Oakland Co., Miss.; W. G. Keady; Rodney, Miss.; J. C. Gilson, Shousetown Pa.; Theo. Weaver, Pine Grove Mills Pa.; Rev. Jos. S. Pomeroy, Fairview, Va.

The Honorary Degree of A. M. was conferred on Rev. Prof. Richardson of the University of Ky; Rev. Ashenhurst of Hayesville, Ohio; A. R. Byerly of Lancaster Normal Institute; Benjamin L. Jones, principal of Birmingham High School; Robert Smith, Esq., of Kittanning, Pa.; B. S. Morgan, Esq., of New York city; Wm. J. Everett, of Chambersburg, Pa.; Rev. Henry M'Kecken, of Pembroke Canada and G. S. Fombelle, Principal of Morganfield Institute Kentucky.

The Degree of D. D. was conferred on Rev. James Brown of Valparaiso, Indiana; Rev. J. S. Rockwell of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Rev. T. P. Gordon of Terre Haute; Rev. J. M. Jameson of Nabishaw, Wis.; Rev. J. Prestly, of Pittsburgh; Rev. J. Eagleson, of Washington Co., Pa.; Rev. Prof. Jacobs, of Pennsylvania College; Rev. Wm. E. Schenck, of Philadelphia.

The Degree of L. L. D. was conferred on Prof. Albert Hopkins, of Williams College Massachusetts and upon Judge Scott of Hamilton, Ohio.

After conferring the above, prayer was offered by President Gearhart of Franklin and Marshall College Lancaster, and the exercises concluded.

OTHER MATTERS.

PROFESSOR ELECTED.—Rev. Dr. Williams having resigned his place at Canonsburg as teacher of Latin, the Rev. David Hall, of Brady's Bend, was unanimously elected to fill that seat. He graduated at Jefferson in 1850, and pursued his theological course at Allegheny Seminary. He is spoken of as one of the most promising scholars in the country.

VISITORS.—We saw present on the platform during commencement, President Gearhart, of Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster.

Dr. Scott, President of Washington College, President Alden the excellent and genial President of Jefferson, Proffs. Elliott, of Allegheny Seminary, and Dr. Jeffries, of Washington, Dr. Hanna, of the same place, and other men of eminence, too numerous to mention.

Names of the Graduating Class.—B. B. Blair, D. S. Bolls, George Cheeseman, Alexander Cowan, J. E. Dixon, J. M'Q. Douglas, J. W. Edie, J. G. Elliott, J. A. Euwer, N. H. G. Fife, T. M'C. Finley, Walter Forsyth, S. H. S. Gallaudett, Samuel Giffin, W. H. Godber, C. E. Guy, J. D. Hunt, G. W. Jackson, J. C. Kelly, J. J. Kirkpatrick, Robert Lenington, R. L. Maclay, William Marshall, H. C. M'Cook, Hamilton M'Coy, J. W. M'Kean, John M'Kean, D. M. B. M'Lean, T. H. N. M'Pherson, E. C. Moderwell, R. J. Moore, W. P. Patton, W. D. Patton, A. J. Patterson, Stephen Phelps, J. W. Potter, G. M. Potter, J. T. Power, W. D. Ralston, G. T. Rankin, Levi Risher, J. L. Sample, J. C. Schriver, N. W. Shafer, R. B. Shoemaker, W. R. Sibbett, T. P. Spencer, Robert Stewart, J. St. C. Stuchell, Henry Wallace, B. H. Witherow, A. J. Wyly, D. H. French.

A SCENE AT BEDFORD SPRINGS—*National Democrats on the side of the Fugitive Slave Law.*—We have been informed of an incident which transpired at Bedford Springs, last week, which will easily bear repeating. In the retinue of President Buchanan—who, according to the correspondent of Forney's *Press*, is piping and dancing at that watering place—is an accomplished and fashionable Southern widow, who has for several winters occupied a commanding position in the fashionable circles of the national metropolis. This lady was attended by a female slave, who, on discovering that she was on the "free soil of a free State," and not having the terrors of the Fugitive Slave Law before her eyes, took French leave of her mistress on Saturday last, and has not since been heard from. On the discovery of this elopement, the little circle who wait and smile on the President, were in a fever of excitement, and every individual of them prepared to join in the pursuit. Every national democrat felt called upon to give a practical evidence of his attachment to the institution of slavery. The neighboring hills and fastnesses were searched with blood hound pertinacity by these gentlemen who boast that they know "no North—no South—no East—no West," —but the poor, panting fugitive could not be found. The gallant pursuers, among whom was R. M. Magraw, of Maryland, returned crest fallen and disappointed. In the meantime, we presume, the object of this manly pursuit is far on her way to Canada via the Underground Railway.

CASSIUS M. CLAY.—The address before the Washington Literary Societies of Jefferson College, on Tuesday evening last, was delivered by Hon. Cassius M. Clay. We did not hear it, but heard much *about* it while in Canonsburg on Wednesday. The audience hall was crowded to hear him. His subject was "Benjamin Franklin." The large crowd who heard him, were not pleased with his performance. The clergy present doubted his orthordoxy, and the readers of History questioned the correctness of his facts. In short, the people were not pleased with the oration. On Wednesday morning, Mr. Clay was called out to address an immense crowd in front of the hotel. He took up the great theme to which he had devoted his life, and every body said, "Cassius is himself again." Mr. Clay left for Washington, Pa., on Wednesday morning, and was to address a mass meeting in that borough on the great free labor and free land question on last evening.

PRESBYTERIAN COLONY.—We clip the following from the Hollidaysburg *Register*, of the 2d instant:

"The project of a Presbyterian Colony to locate somewhere in the West where a sufficient body of land can be had for its accommodation, has been started in this place, and we understand it to be progressing in a most encouraging way. One hundred families, at least, are desired to join in the project. Fifty thousand acres of land in a very desirable locality, it is understood, can be had at Government price, for a colony of this description. The project contemplates a joint stock fund to pay for the land, each subscriber to be entitled to the amount of his money in land. No settler is wanted who is not willing to adopt and practice judicious temperance principles. Mr. John A. Crawford of this place is Corresponding Secretary."

ACCIDENT TO A WESTMORELANDER.—Mr. W. H. Mechling, a native of Westmoreland county, but at present residing in this city, met with an accident in Crawford county, on Wednesday of last week, while returning with his brother-in-law, Wm. McFarland, from Mosiertown, in a buggy. As they were going down a hill near that place one of the lines broke in Mr. M.'s hand, the horse taking fright, and they were both thrown from the buggy, Mr. Mechling being pitched to a distance of 20 feet, receiving a severe cut upon the right side of his face, penetrating to the cheek bone. One of his limbs was also badly cut. Mr. McFarland was uninjured.

COLLECTING MONEY WITHOUT AUTHORITY.—Capt. Robert M'Cready, of the Good Intent Fire Company, located in the Sixth Ward, was made aware of the fact, on Tuesday, that a young man had been collecting money from citizens for the benefit of the Company, on the strength of a certificate purporting to come from the President, Mr. J. E. Flanegin, but which, is alleged, was a forgery. The money collected will probably be paid over to the Company, in which event the matter will be settled. The Collecting Committee of the Company is composed of the following persons: William Colliogwood, Dr. A. G. M'Candless, John Leech, J. E. Flanegin, Robert M'Cready.

RIOTOUS CONDUCT.—Yesterday two men, very much intoxicated, went into the house of Rachel Walters, on Grant street, near Water, and acted in a very outrageous manner, calling Mrs. Walters all sorts of bad names, and one of them throwing a chair after her as she ran to the kitchen. Information of the affair was made at the Mayor's office, and one of the men, named John Lefevre, arrested at his boarding house, a few doors from the house of Mrs. W. He was fined ten dollars, which he paid. The other man, whose name was not learned, was not arrested.

SUICIDE BY HANGING.—On Friday of last week an old citizen of Derry tp., Westmoreland county, named Benjamin Fulton, committed suicide by hanging himself in an outhouse a short distance from his own residence. On Thursday evening Mr. Fulton took his supper as usual, and retired to bed in rather good spirits. The only cause assigned for this act of self-destruction is that he was fearful of "starvation." For a few years past his neighbors have considered him partially deranged. His age was about sixty years.

SOME time since, Mr. James Young, of Lawrenceville, purchased a horse from a stranger, representing himself to be William Cooper, of Cooper's Creek, near Camden, N. J. Subsequently the horse was ascertained to be stolen from a gentleman in Ohio, and was given up by Mr. Young. Sheriff Brewer, of Camden, who was in the city a few days since, writes to Mayor Weaver that William Cooper, of Cooper's Creek, is a respectable man, and has not sold a horse for three years.

DROWNED.—On Sunday last, a deck passenger named John Brown was drowned off the steamboat Kate French, opposite Rome, Ohio. As soon as the accident was discovered, several empty barrels were thrown over, the boat stopped, and the yawl lowered to his assistance, but without avail. The deceased has a wife and family living in Courtneyville. The carpet sack, hat and umbrella, and a letter belonging to him were left at Islam & Fisher's boat store in Cincinnati.

SURETY OF PEACE.—Charles Rall, who keeps a billiard saloon on Fourth street, made information for surety of the peace, against Wm. Bisell, of Snowden township. He alleges that the latter has threatened "to lay him out cold the next time they meet." Officer Hartzell, of Birmingham, arrested Bisell who gave bail. The trouble arose out of the old fuss, about the dinner at the encampment, a couple of months ago.

REV. J. J. MARKS was chosen at Jefferson College to prepare the history of the class of 1830, to be read next commencement. The history of the class of 1829 was read yesterday by Rev. John Eagleson, of Buffalo, Pa.

C. C. Sullivan, of Butler, was appointed to deliver the oration before the Alumni next year, and John M. Sullivan, now of Harrisburg, his alternate.

ROBBERIES.—The store of Mr. Clark Usselton, in Industry, was entered about a week ago, and robbed of something like $400.

A few nights afterward the spring house of Mr. John Cristler, at Cristler's Landing, was broken into, and a large quantity of different kinds of provisions abstracted.

SERIOUSLY INJURED.—On Tuesday evening, a colored man, named Joseph Lee, was severely injured by a blow on the head given him by Henry Stevens, an employee at Burchfield's pottery, Ohio street, Allegheny. He was lying at his own residence, on Avery street, but declined prosecuting.

MORE RAIN.—Last evening, at six o'clock, we were visited with another refreshing shower, accompanied with high wind, but not much lightning. It was indeed a most grateful termination to a very warm day, as well as a welcome visitor to the growing crops.

COAT TAKEN.—Martin Laughan went into the store of John Laughlin, Wood street, yesterday, and took therefrom, feloniously, a coat valued at six dollars. The proprietor followed Laughan, arrested and took him to the Mayor's office. He had the coat in his possession. Committed for trial.

THERE will be a grand Harvest Home Picnic at Ross' Sugar Camp, immediately above Sharpsburg, on Thursday the 11th inst. A canal boat will leave the canal basin, on Penn street, at 7 o'clock in the morning, and Mr. JACOB KYLE will spare no pains to make every thing agreeable for those in attendance. Persons desiring to go in buggies cannot find a pleasanter drive, as the road is excellent. For particulars, see advertisement in another column.

THE Jamestown (Warren county) *Democrat* says that during a severe thunder storm a few weeks ago, the lightning struck so far as has been discovered, *eighteen times* in a space of two or three miles in circumference, in the end of Pine Grove township, near Fentonville. Two houses were struck. We have never heard of so many accidents by lightning in any one season before.

A DOG CASE.—Information was made before the Mayor, yesterday, by Catharine Hanlin, against John Hawley, of Hardscrabble, charging him with keeping a ferocious dog, which had bitten a son of affiant. Arrested and held for trial.

WARREN COUNTY BANK.—We learn from the Warren *Mail* that at the last Court the name of the Warren County Bank was changed to the "North Western Bank," and under that name it opened up last Monday. The bills of the old Bank are redeemed when presented.

WE would direct attention to the extensive sale of United States property at the Allegheny Arsenal, Lawrenceville, this morning, at 10 o'clock, by Mr. Davis, auctioneer. See advertisement.

THE *True Press* was in error in stating that Ald. Parkinson had committed a "disorderly fellow named Pat Quinn," as there was no such man committed, and we are informed that Patrick Quinn is a peaceable and orderly citizen.

ALDERMAN LEWIS had before him, last evening, a young girl, complained of by her aunt for incorrigibility. She will probably be sent to the House of Refuge.

OUR friend of that excellent weekly, the Crawford *Journal*, will accept our thanks for his friendly notice. We will endeavor to deserve his good opinion for all time to come.

DR. E. C. WINES, of Washington College, has been elected to the Presidency of an institution of learning in St. Louis, and will accept.

MANUFACTURERS in leather and cloth are desired to examine the new Finkle Sewing Machine, selling by J. L. Carnaghan & Co., Federal street, Allegheny City. †

SAVE YOUR GARDENS.—Mr. E. Lyon, a French Chemist, discovered an Asiatic plant, the powdered leaves of which is a deadly poison to garden worms, ants, roaches, bed-bugs, ticks, fleas, and all species of insects, while it is *perfectly harmless to mankind and domestic animals*. A child can eat it. He has received medals from Russia, France, England, Germany, and numerous medical colleges and societies. It is a most important discovery. The idea of being rid of these pests in warm weather is a luxury. We can now hear the bed-bugs lament—

Lyon's Powder, sure as fate,
Will our race exterminate.

Arrangements are made through Messrs. Barnes & Park, of New York, to sell it throughout the world. It is put up in tin cannisters, and bears the name of E. LYON.

Magnetic Powder kills all insects in a trice,
Magnetic Pills are mixed for rats and mice.
Sample flasks 25 cts.; regular sizes 50 cts. and $1.
BARNES & PARK, New York.
Also the Mexican Mustang Liniment. †

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.—On Thursday evening of last week as Dr. John W. Wishart was about getting into his sulky, after visiting a patient near the west end of Maiden street, in this place, his horse suddenly started, when the Dr.'s foot became fastened in the angle of the iron rod upon which the foot rests in driving. Falling back his head struck the ground. He immediately, however, with great presence of mind, and by a violent effort raised himself so as to catch below the seat of the sulky with one hand, the horse by this time running furiously.

We are happy to say that Dr. Wishart was not seriously injured. His escape was almost miraculous, and is ascribable alone to a kind, protecting Providence. A few bruises and numerous scratches, and slight cuts, constituted all the bodily injury sustained.—*Wash. Exam.*

Notice to Builders and Contractors.

THE UNDERSIGNED (formerly foreman for Rowland Parry) would respectfully inform those for whom he has done work, and the public generally, that he is now prepared to furnish slate, or put on Slate Roofs, in the most approved manner. Orders for Roofing or Repairing of Slate Roofs (if left at the office of Alex. Laughlin, corner of Etna street and the Canal, Fifth ward,) will be promptly attended to. THOMAS PARRY. my26:dmd

NEW AGRICULTURAL SETTLEMENT. TO ALL WANTING FARMS. A Rare opportunity in a delightful and healthy climate, twenty-five miles south-east of Philadelphia, on the Camden and Atlantic R. R., New Jersey.

An old estate consisting of several thousands of acres of productive soil has been divided into Farms of various sizes to suit the purchaser. A population of some *Fifteen Hundred*, from various parts of the middle States and New England have settled there the past year, improved their places, *and raised excellent crops*. The price of the land is at the low sum of from $15 to $20 per acre, the soil is of the best quality for the production of Wheat, Clover, Corn, Peaches, Grapes and Vegetables. IT IS CONSIDERED THE BEST FRUIT SOIL IN THE UNION. The place is perfectly secure from frosts—the destructive enemy of the farmer. Crops of grain, grass and fruit are now growing and can be seen. By examining the place itself, a correct judgment can be formed of the productiveness of the land. The terms are made easy to secure the rapid improvement of the land, which is only sold for *actual improvement*. The result has been, that within the past year, some *three hundred houses* have been erected, two mills, one steam, four stores, some forty vineyards and Peach orchards planted, and a large number of other improvements, making it a desirable and active place of business.

THE MARKET.

as the reader may perceive from its location, is the BEST IN THE UNION.

Produce bringing double the price than in locations away from the city, and more than double the price than the West. It is known that the earliest and best fruits and vegetables in this latitude come from New Jersey, and are annually exported to the extent of millions.

In locating here, the settler has many advantages. He is within a few hours ride of the great cities of New England and Middle States, he is near the old friends and associations he is in a *settled country where every improvement of comfort and civilization is at hand*. He can buy every article he wants at the cheapest price, and sell his produce for the highest, (in the West this is reversed,) he has schools for his children, divine service, and will enjoy open winter, and delightful climate, where fevers are utterly unknown. The result of the change upon those from the north has generally been to restore them to an excellent state of health.

In the way of building and improving, lumber can be obtained at the mills at the rate of $10 to $15 per thousand. Bricks from the brick yard opened in the place. Every article can be procured in the place, good carpenters are at hand, and there is no place in the Union where buildings and improvements can be made cheaper.

The reader will at once be struck with the advantages here presented, and ask himself why the property has not been taken up before. The reason is, it was never thrown in the market; and unless these statements were correct, no one would be invited to examine the land before purchasing. This all are expected to do. They will see land under cultivation, such is the extent of the settlement that they will no doubt, meet persons from their own neighborhood; they will witness the improvements and can judge the character of the population. If they come with a view to settle, they should come prepared to stay a day or two and be ready to purchase, as locations cannot be held on refusal.

There are two daily trains to Philadelphia, and to all settlers who improve, *the Railroad Company gives a Free Ticket for six months, and a half price Ticket for three years.*

THE TOWN OF HAMMONTON.

In connection with the agricultural settlement, a new and thriving town has naturally arisen, *which presents inducements for any kind of business, particularly stores and manufactories*. The Shoe business could be carried on in this place and market to good advantage, also cotton business, and manufactories of Agricultural Implements or Foundries for casting small articles. The improvement has been so rapid as to insure a constant and permanent increase of business. Town lots of a good size, (we do not sell small ones, as it would effect the improvement of the place) can be had at from $100 and upwards.

The *Hammonton Farmer*, a monthly literary and agricultural sheet, containing full information of Hammonton can be obtained at 25 cents per annum.

Title indisputable—warrantee deeds given, clear of all incumbrance when money is paid. Route to the land: leave Vine street wharf, Philadelphia for Hammonton by Railroad, at 7½ A. M., or 4½ P. M. Fare 90 cents. When there, inquire for Mr. BYRNES. Boarding conveniences on hand. Parties had better stop with Mr. Byrnes, a principal, until they have decided as to purchasing, as he will show them over the land in his carriage, free of expense. Letters and applications can be addressed to LANDIS & BYRNES, Hammonton P. O., Atlantic county, New Jersey, or S. B. COUGHLIN, 202 South Fifth street, Philadelphia. Maps and information cheerfully furnished. jul4:eod6m

THE HAMMONTON FARMER—A newspaper devoted to Literature and Agriculture, also setting forth full accounts of the new settlement of Hammonton, in New Jersey, can be subscribed for at only 25 cents per annum.

Inclose postage stamps for the amount. Address to Editor of the Farmer, Hammonton P. O., Atlantic Co., New Jersey. Those wishing cheap land, of the best quality, in one of the healthiest and most delightful climates in the Union, and where crops are never cut down by frosts, the terrible scourge of the north, see advertisement of Hammonton Lands. jul4:eod6m

FARM LANDS FOR SALE 25 MILES from Philadelphia by Railroad, in the State of New Jersey. Soil among the best for Agricultural purposes, being a good loam soil, with a clay bottom. The land is a large tract, divided into small farms, and hundreds from all parts of the country are now settling and building. The crops produced are large and can be seen growing. The climate is delightful, and secure from frosts. Terms from $15 to $20 per acre, payable within four years by instalments. To visit the place—Leave Vine Street Wharf at Philadelphia at 7½ A. M. by Railroad for Hammonton, or address R. J. Byrnes, by letter, Hammonton Post Office, Atlantic county, New Jersey. See full advertisement in another column. jul4:eod6m

ALL WANTING FARMS IN A DElightful climate, rich soil, and secure from frosts, see advertisement of Hammonton Lands in another column.

PERSONS WANTING CHANGE OF CLIMATE for health, see advertisement of Hammonton Lands in another column. jul4:eod6m

TO ALL WANTING FARMS, See Advertisement of Hammonton Lands. jul4:eod6m

PERSONS WISHING TO CHANGE their business to a rapidly increasing country, a New Settlement where hundreds are going, where the climate is mild and delightful, see advertisement of the Hammonton Settlement in another column. jul4:eod6m

PERSONS WISHING TO ESTABLISH Manufactories in a new and thriving place where business is good, see advertisement of the Hammonton Settlement. jul4:eod6m

SHOE BUSINESS AND FACTORIES can be carried on profitably at Hammonton. See advertisement of Hammonton Lands. jul4:eod6m

COAL WANTED.

OFFICE ST. LOUIS GAS LIGHT COMPANY, St. Louis, June 30th, 1859.

PROPOSALS will be received by the St. LOUIS GAS LIGHT COMPANY, till 1st October next, for NINE HUNDRED THOUSAND BUSHELS PITTSBURGH COAL of the best quality, for Gas making purposes, to be delivered as follows: One-half, (450,000 bushels) in 1861, and the other half in 1862. The Coal to be delivered in the Company's yard, St. Louis. The Gas Light Company reserve the right to reject any or all bids. jul8:dtoct EDWARD STAGG, Sec'y.

WHEAT—A car load prime Ind. White rec'd to-day and for sale by J. S. LIGGETT & CO., 73 Water and 92 Front street.

Telegraphic.

Arrival of the Steamer Persia.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—The Cunard mail steamer Persia has arrived with Liverpool dates of Saturday the 23d ult.

The steamship Bremen, Glasgow and Edinburg have arrived out.

The conference between France and Austria was to assemble at Zurich in the course of a week.

The discontent in regard to the terms of peace are unabated, and the explanations of the Emperor Napoleon are not considered as reassuring.

The Sardinian representative to the Zurich Conference has not been named, and it is expected that none will be present, but that Sardinia, if pleased with the terms agreed upon, will acquiesce in the Austro-French arrangement in a separate article. It is affirmed that Sardinia has signed nothing but the armistice, and consequently is in a nominal state of war with Austria.

It is supposed that an European Congress will assemble after the adjournment of the Zurich Conference.

The exhibition of discontent in Italy to the terms of peace continued.

The people of Tuscany show a strong hostility to the return of the Grand Duke. The provisional government has directed a popular vote on the subject.

The English foreign policy had been under debate in the House of Commons. Mr. Disraeli opposed all interference in the peace Congress. Lord Palmerston and Lord John Russell thought that England might with propriety take part, but no course was determined on. Lord Elcho gave notice of the introduction of a resolution against any interference by England. Mr. Gladstone's proposed increase of the income tax had been agreed to.

The Emperor Napoleon had received the congratulations of the diplomatic corps at St. Cloud; the Pope's Nuncio was the spokesman for the Embassador. The Emperor in his reply said, that Europe was so unjust to him at the commencement of the war, that he was happy to conclude a peace as soon as the honor and interest of France were satisfied. As a proof of his moderation, he trusted that the peace would be enduring.

The Paris Bourse closed flat and lower three per cent; rentes closed at 67f. 15c.

The German Diet has agreed to restore the continent and fortresses to a peace footing.

The following is from the Moniteur:—Palace of St. Cloud, July 21.—The diplomatic body having expressed its wish through the organ of its President, his excellency Apostolic Nuncio of the Holy See, to be received by the Emperor, to offer their congratulations on the conclusion of peace, they had the honor to be received by his majesty. The Emperor, surrounded by the grand officers of the household, had at his side the Minister of Foreign Affairs. Speaking, in the name of the diplomatic body, Nuncio addressed his majesty: Sire—The diplomatic body felt the want to offer your majesty heartfelt and sincere congratulations on your happy return, and the conclusion of peace. The Emperor replied: Europe was in general so unjust towards me at the commencement of the war, that I was happy to be able to conclude peace as soon as the honor and interests of France were satisfied, and prove that I could not enter my intentions to subvert Conloverser Europe and provoke general war. I hope that now all causes of dissent will vanish and that peace will be of long duration. I thank the diplomatic body for their congratulations.

The following telegrams have been received:—Paris, July 22d, 12, P. M. The Bourse opens flat; rentes 67f 40c.

1 P. M.—The Emperor's speech caused great sensation; rentes continue to decline, and are now 67f. 25.

3:28, P. M.—Rentes closed very flat: 67f. 15c for money, and 67f. 20c for account, being a decline of ½ per cent. since yesterday.

Further official documents have been issued on the affairs of Italy, in reference to the annexation of the duchies of Central Italy to Sardinia. Lord John Russell, writing to the British minister at Turin on the 28th June, says: Her Majesty's Government considers that everything for the present must be considered as provisional, and the will of the people, the fortunes of war, and finally the European treaty, the last resort, must settle the territorial arrangements and right of sovereignty in Central Italy. This view, his lordship states, is shared in by the French Government, and he infers that it is also the view of Russia. A dispatch from Count Cavour, in reply to one from Lord Malmsbury in relation to the neutrality of Parma, complains of the unfriendly tone of the British minister's communication.

Le Nord says it is clear that the return of the exiled rulers of Tuscany, Modena and Parma will be resisted by force, and if England can consent to appear in the Congress, now is the time when her voice may be heard to advantage in behalf of Italy.

PARLIAMENT.—In the House of Commons, on Thursday, Mr. Bright inveighed against the attacks upon the French Emperor and consequently the French nation, which tended to plunge this country into a war. If he were in the position of Lord Russell, he would try to emancipate himself from the old bloody traditions of the Foreign Office. He would approach France in a sensible, moral and christian spirit, and ascertain the sincerity of the government by proposing the alteration of the tariffs of the two countries in the interest of free trade. He believed if this offer be honestly made, and not with diplomatic finesse, it would bring about a different state of things.

Lord John Russell said he had seen with pain, attempts made to awaken a feeling in this country against the sovereign and people of France, which could only produce on their part a feeling of animosity against the people of this country. He believed that the Emperor of France had been a faithful ally of this country. What then was the meaning of the continual invectives against him? He believed, as far as he was concerned, that the Emperor had been anxious to get rid of protecting duties as injurious to France, but it would not be prudent to give a handle to the protectionist party in that country to charge him with sacrificing the interests of France to those of England.

On Friday, in reply to an inquiry by Mr. Pease, Lord Palmerston said the formation of harbors of refuge on our coasts, was an object of great importance, but it was calculated that the expense that would be incurred, would be about four millions of pounds sterling; so her Majesty's government, had no intention to promise a measure upon this subject during the present session. In reply to a question by Mr. Griffith, Lord Russell said that he had understood from the Emperor of France, that there is no provision or understanding in the treaty of Villafranca, that the late dynasties of Tuscany, Modena and Parma, be restored to those possessions, by military force if necessary.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.—*London Money Market, July 22.*—Consols closed at 94⅜@94½ for money on account. The bullion in the Bank of England has decreased £242,000. The money market is unchanged, and closed with a good demand.

LONDON, Saturday, July 22—Noon—Consols have declined to 94⅜@94½.

Liverpool Cotton Market, July 22.—The sales for the week have been 50,000 bales, including 6,500 to speculators and 12,000 bales for exporters. All qualities have declined about ⅛d. Some circulars say that at one time the market rallied and closed at ⅛d decline. The sales of Cotton to-day, Friday, were 8,000 bales, including 1,000 to speculators and 1,000 bales for export. The closing quotations are as follows with a steady market: N. O. fair 8¼; Middling 8⅛; Mobile fair 7¾; Middling 7 1-16; Uplands fair 7½; Middlings 6 15-16. The stock of Cotton in port is 695,000 bales, including 620,000 bales of American.

State of Trade.—The Manchester advices are favorable, the market closing firm at an advancing tendency.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, July 23, one o'clock P. M.—The Cotton market closed steady, with sales of 6000 bales.

Havre Cotton Market, July 21.—New Orleans tres ordinaire 112f; bas 101f. The quotations are barely maintained. The sales of the week have been 7000 bales. The stock in port is 8,500 bales.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market, July 22.—The market closes firm. Wheat has an advancing tendency, and all qualities are slightly improved. Messrs. Richardson & Spence quote the harvest prospects as favorable. Flour dull at 10s@12s 6d per cental of 100 lbs. Wheat has an advancing tendency and is in more demand, having improved 1d@2d; sales of western red at 7s 6d@9s 2d; white 9s@9s 6d. Corn closed firm at an advancing tendency; sales of mixed at 6s 3d, yellow at 6s@6s 5d and white at 7s@7s 9d.

Liverpool Provisions Market, July 23.—Provisions closed with a declining tendency. Beef is heavy with but little inquiry, and prices are weak. Pork is heavy, and quotations are nominal. Bacon is dull at a decline for all qualities. Lard is steady and quiet at 54s@56s.

Liverpool Produce Market, July 22.—Sugar dull. Coffee quiet. Rice dull. Rosin firm. Spirits Turpentine steady at a decline for all qualities; sales at 35s@36s. Tea has advanced ¼d@1d.

London Markets, July 22.—Messrs. Baring quote Breadstuffs dull. Sugar firm. Tea very firm. Coffee dull, and prices easier, but the quotations are unchanged. Rice dull.

ALBANY, Aug. 3.—A terrible accident occurred last night on the Northern Railroad, near Schagticoke. The down train due at Albany at seven o'clk. and twenty-five minutes, was passing a bridge spanning the Tomhannock creek, when it was precipitated into the creek below, from a height of twenty or twenty-five feet. The water was about six to eight feet deep. At least thirteen persons are reported as killed. Their names, as far as known, are as follows:—Mrs. Schuyler, Albany; Mrs. Cooley, wife of the conductor, of Albany; Charles Berthelow, brakeman, of Albany; Charles Plimpton, mail agent, of Vermont; David Russell, express messenger, Albany, and Patrick Connolly, brakeman, of Greenbush.—Among the wounded are the following: G. S. Cooley, conductor, of Albany, badly injured; Thomas McCormick, news-boy, right leg broken, and otherwise injured; Michael Flannery, a passenger, head cut, chest bruised, and supposed to be internally injured.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

ALBANY, Aug. 3.—Nine bodies had been taken out of the creek up to eleven o'clock last night.—Twenty persons are wounded. It is thought that there are more dead bodies under the wreck. The following are additional names of the injured: John Tesson, of Quebec, badly; Arthur Forbes, of Bytown, Ontario county, not badly; Charles Perry, Clairmont, New Hampshire; G. R. Prentice, New York city; J. C. Payne, Dayton, Ohio; W. S. Harris, Whitewater, Miss.; Thomas Talbot and W. J. A. Fuller, New York city.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 3.—Private dispatches announce the serious illness of Senator Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi.

The Secretary of the Treasury has left Washington on a brief visit to his home in Georgia.

The receipts into the Treasury for the last three quarters of the fiscal year ending the 1st of July, from the customs, lands and miscellaneous sources, amounted to $35,580,600, or $80,000 more than Secretary Cobb's estimate.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 3.—The President called a meeting of the Cabinet to-day, to consider the dispatches from Minister McLane, in relation to the treaty with the Constitutional Government of Mexico. It is reliably ascertained, that several months ago, the Miramon government invited France and England to assume the protectorate of Mexico, but they have given no response to the proposition.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 3.—A special meeting of Councils was held yesterday afternoon. A special committee was appointed to make such arrangements for the reception of the Mayor and City Councils from Cincinnati, as may be consistent with the dignity of the city of Philadelphia. The visitors are expected to arrive here at 5 o'clock this evening.

MOBILE, Aug. 3.—Hon. James A. Stallman, democrat, has been re-elected to Congress by 3,000 votes. In the Third District, Davis Clopton, democrat, has a majority of 200 votes over Z. J. Judge, Independent Southern-Rights candidate.

SACKVILLE, Aug. 3.—The steamer Circassian, from Galway on the 23d inst., arrived at St. Johns on Monday. Her news, which dates from Liverpool and London to the 23d, has been anticipated.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 3.—The Cincinnati delegation arrived here this evening.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—The steamship Africa sailed at noon with 200 passengers, and $450,000 in specie.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 3.—It is reported that the Democrats have gained 1,000 votes in Jefferson co.

Commercial.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION FOR JUNE. J. DICKEY, V. P., C. H. PAULSON, J. S. COSGRAVE, J. J. GILLESPIE, B. PRESTON.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

[Reported Specially for the Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 1859.

FLOUR—sales of 150 bbls Super from store at $5,55; 100 do Extra from store at $5,70; 150 do Extra Family from store at $6,12; 300 do Super from store, on private terms; 70 do from store at $5,75 for Extra and $6 for Family do; 400 do do at $5,62, $5,87 and $6,10@6,12, for Super, Extra and Family do; 120 do do at $5,50 for Super, $5,80 for Extra, $6 for Extra Family and $6,25 for Fancy; 250 do do at $5,30 for Extra and $5 for Family do; and 200 do do at $5,60, $5,80, $5 and $6,25, for Super, Extra, Extra Family and Fancy.

BACON—sales of 6,000 lbs Sides and Hams at 9¾ and 10½; 7,000 lbs Shoulders and Sides at 7¾ and 9½; 2,600 lbs S. C. Hams at 12½@13; 3,000 lbs plain do at 10½@10¾; 5,000 lbs Shoulders at 7½@7¾ and 10½; 4 tcs S. C. Hams at 12½.

BEEF—sales of 1,000 lbs at 12.

COFFEE—sales of 10 bags at 12½.

HAY—sales of 8 loads at $15@16 ₩ ton.

LARD—10 bbls sold at 11¾@12.

SUGAR—sales of 6 hhds at 7¾; 13 do on private terms.

SYRUP—11 bbls Golden sold at 56.

WOOL—sales of 23 bales in lots at 40 and 41@42.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

The gold coinage of the Philadelphia Mint for the month of July was $117,758, being in double eagles, half eagles and dollars. The silver coinage was $43,000, being in dollars and quarter dollars. Of cents, $30,000 were coined. The whole number of pieces coined was 3,101,262, of the aggregate value of $190,758. The total gold deposits of the month were $158,710, of which $117,027 50 were from California, and $41,692 50 were from other sources. The silver deposited was $57,770. Total deposits for the month, $219,230.

PHILADELPHIA, August 1, 1859.—The Bank Statement shows, in comparison with that for July 25th, a decrease of loans amounting to $39,249; an increase of $244,709 in specie; a decrease of $33,449 in circulation; and a loss of $8,577 in deposits. Considered in the aggregate as a mercantile firm, no one could wish our banks to be in a better position than they now are. Their assets are

Loans	$25,007,875
Specie	4,942,313
Due from Banks	1,731,183
	$31,681,371

and their liabilities, exclusive of capital, are for

Deposits	$14,854,543
Circulation	2,775,043
Due to Banks	2,789,268
	$20,418,854

The excess of assets over liabilities amounts to $11,262,517, while their capital amounts to $11,619,005. The balance of $356,488 is the deficit represented by all the banking houses, furniture, and assets, not included in the above list.

NEW YORK, August 1—P. M.—The weekly Bank Statement shows a continued contraction of movement, and is so far satisfactory as it indicates a conservative action on the part of our bank managers a disposition to place themselves in shape to meet any drain upon their resources which can be made. Since February, the banks have contracted $10,000,000 of loans, paid off $20,000,000 of deposits, and lost $7,000,000 of specie. The decrease of specie for the week is less than was anticipated, but deducting the shipments of last Saturday, and allowing for the California arrival, there is probably but about $20,000,000 actually in bank this morning. The decline in deposits is the natural consequence of the contraction in loans and loss of specie.

The following is a comparative statement of the condition of the N. Y. City Banks for the weeks ending July 23 and July 31:—

	July 23.	July 31.	
Loans	$119,934,160	$119,347,412	Dec...$586,748
Specie	21,196,912	20,764,564	Dec... 433,848
Circulation	8,170,627	8,214,959	Inc... 44,333
Net Deposits	75,301,943	74,474,595	Dec... 827,048

With great dullness, the stock market to-day is marked by considerable strength, and the fancies generally stand higher than on Saturday. The result sustains the remark in our last that there was no pressure of stock on the market, and that but a moderate amount of buying would be required to give the market an upward impetus.—[N. Y. Tribune.

CINCINNATI, Monday Evening, August 1.—As usual, for the opening of the week, the Money Market is very quiet. A scarcity of currency is complained of by some of the bankers, yet the offerings of paper for discount are not abundant.

Exchange on the East is in full supply for current demand, so that the market is decidedly easy, and likely will, soon after the 4th, droop to ⅛ ₩ cent.

The flour market was in better tone to-day than at the close of the week, but transactions indicate no marked improvement in the disposition of buyers. For wheat there is a better inquiry. The distinction made in price between white and red is less than it has been for some time, and red has been in better proportionate demand. Corn commands late quotations with ease, but there is little doing, as distillers are not free buyers. The alarm prevailing as to the damage done by the protracted drought has contributed much to its support at present prices. Many report the damage in some parts of the country as past reparation, but there can but be a well grounded hope that the product of the extensive country appropriated to its culture, will be fully up to if not in excess of the average. A generous rain fell, yesterday, over quite a wide belt of country North of us, and if it can do the corn crop no good its benefits are incalculable in other respects. Oats command prices quoted without difficulty, and the market tends to better figures. Rye is in more request, and has advanced to 80c, with a firm market. Whisky, 24c and steady. Receipts during twenty-four hours:—

Flour, barrels	2,098
Whisky, barrels	367
Corn, bushels	
Wheat, bushels	19,757
Oats, bushels	193
Barley, bushels	87

[Commercial.

CLEVELAND, August 1—Noon.—Since writing our last review, flour and wheat have touched bottom, and the change in figures are upward. In flour the change consists more in a firm feeling than in higher prices, but with wheat this is not the case, for a decided advance has taken place, and at the present moment holders control the market, because there is a light supply on hand, and for no other reason. It appears to us that parties who forward to this market, when they knew of a demand, hold back their supplies as if they expected a continuous advance. This does not always follow, and we think it will not in this instance. We believe that "now is the accepted time" for grain holders to dispose of their stock, if they have any love for the proceeds thereof.—[Herald.

PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKET, August 1, 1859.—The offerings of beef cattle show a considerable increase over those of last week, amounting to upwards of 2,000 head. The demand was fair, but prices fell off somewhat, and the market was dull, sales ranging at from $7 to $10 the 100 lbs net, the latter for prime quality. There were some left over.

About 100 cows and calves were offered and sold at from $25 to $50 each, according to quality.

Of fat hogs, the arrivals at Imhoff's yard reached 1,700 head this week, all of which were sold at from $5 to $8,75 ₩ 100 lbs net, according to condition.

Some 6,000 sheep arrived and sold this week at from 7½ to 8½ ₩ lb net, as to condition. The market was brisk.

RIVER NEWS.

Yesterday was warm, but pleasant, with a cloudy sky. There were no arrivals or departures, the stage of water not being improved sufficient for navigation. River, 2 feet and rising.

From the Cincinnati Commercial, of yesterday, we copy the following:—

The J. B. Ford, reported aground and laid up at Blennerhassett, arrived here yesterday, contrary to expectation, having worked over the bar. She knocked her chimneys down in Buffington last Wednesday, and lost two days at Goose Island, where she grounded in the fog. She brought down 150 tons, principally for Louisville. She started down during the afternoon; she will return here on Wednesday, and lay up for repairs.

The Kate French came in from Guyandotte river with over 100 tons.

The Isaac Shelly, after several months absence, arrived from Minnesota river, with 75 tons, picked up at St. Louis. She discharged 25 tons wheat at Aurora. The Shelly will go in the dock here for complete repairs, previous to entering the Cincinnati and Kentucky river trade as a regular packet.

The sprightly Conewago also arrived from St. Louis, having registered 150 cabin and deck passengers during the trip. She discharged 40 bbls flour and 30 bales hemp at Louisville, 1600 sacks corn at Patriot, 26 hhds tobacco here, and reshipped 82 bales hemp for Maysville on the Fairy Queen. The Kate French was preparing to leave for Guyandotte at dusk, with very little freight, but thronged with people.

The Louisville Journal, of Monday, announces the arrival and departure on the same day, of the Vixen, from Pittsburgh to St. Louis.

The Wheeling Intelligencer, of the 2d instant says:—"There were thirty inches of water in the channel, yesterday, and the river was about at a stand." It announces the arrival of the Jacob Sweeney from below. She will run between that city and Parkersburg.

We clip the following items from the St. Louis Republican, of the 1st instant:—In the twenty-four hours ending at dark last evening, the river receded 10 inches. The upper rivers are all reported falling. The weather is very fine and becoming somewhat warmer.

Arrivals yesterday were the Lehigh from Cincinnati, Hastings from Pittsburgh, Orion and Post Boy from Illinois river, Empire No. 3 from Louisville, Hannibal City from Keokuk, Sky Lark from St. Joseph, and Pembina from St. Paul. The Lucas arrived from Memphis late in the evening. The Omaha from Sioux City, and the New Falls City from New Orleans, will be at the levee this morning.

The Umpire No. 3 is about to enter the Illinois trade as a regular packet, in command of Capt. T. Baldwin. She is a very staunch and good low water boat, and will run as an independent packet.

The Pembina had a full cargo of freight, and was full of people from St. Paul.

The popular passenger steamer Dacotah, Capt. Lightner, will leave for Louisville, Cincinnati and Pittsburgh to-day, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

Steamboat Register.

ARRIVED.	DEPARTED.
Telegraph, Brownsville;	Telegraph, Brownsville;
Jefferson, Brownsville;	Jefferson, Brownsville;
Col. Bayard, Elizabeth;	Col. Bayard, Elizabeth;

River—2 feet—rising.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—Cotton steady; sales 600 bales.—Flour advanced; sales 14,000 bbls. Wheat advanced; only 1200 bush sold; white $1,30@1,60. Corn advancing; sales 18,000 bush. Oats dull at 30@40. Mess Pork heavy; prime steady at $10,75@$11. Lard steady at 10½@11—the latter price for very choice quality. Whisky 25@25½. Sugar steady; there is a large export inquiry; Muscovado 6¾@6⅞. Coffee heavy and declined ½, with sales at 10½@11½ for Rio.

Stock Market.—Stocks unchanged; Chicago & Rock Island 61; Illinois Central Railroad 64½; Michigan Southern 20½; New York Central 73½; Missouri sixes 84½; Galena & Chicago 63½; Michigan Central 41½; Erie 5½; Cleveland & Toledo 23; Panama Railroad 116; Pacific Mail 71½.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 3.—Flour unchanged; supplies come forward slowly, and holders are firm. Rye Flour and Corn Meal is dull at $3,75 for the former and $3,62½ for the latter. Wheat rather scarce, and for prime lots the prices have advanced 1@2c; sales of 5000 bush common and prime red at $1,20@1,25, chiefly at $1,25; some inferior old was sold at $1, and 2000 bush damaged at 90. Rye quiet at 78c for old and 77 for new. Corn is in fair request; 5500 bush yellow sold at 79@80, and damaged at 73; 500 bush white brought 75. Oats dull; 3000 bush old Delaware sold at 35@36, and new at 30. Whisky dull at 25¼@27½. Provisions quiet; sales Mess Pork at $15,50 and prime at $23; a lot of Hams in pickle was sold at 10@10½, and 200 tierces of Lard at about 11½.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 3.—Flour dull in the morning, but it revived by the noon dispatches, so that holders were firm at $5 for choice superfine, but the market was not active.—Wheat was well sustained at $1,05@1,10 for red and $1,10@1,17 for good to prime white. Oats in fair local demand at 45 for new and 48@50 for old. Rye is very firm at 80. Corn unchanged. Provisions very dull, but not changed in prices.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 3.—Flour buoyant; Howard street has advanced 12½, with sales at $5,50. Wheat firm. Corn is buoyant, with sales of 18,000 bush; prices unchanged and closing firm. Provisions unchanged. Whisky firm at 27.

WOOL! WOOL!!

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID for all grades of CLEAN WASHED FLEECE AND TUB WOOLS, at the Old Established Wool Warehouse, No. 189 Liberty Street, corner of Cecil's alley. my25:2aw12m&wF J. L. MARSHALL.

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