Pittsburgh Gazette.

EPHRAIM EBERETT...D. P. WILLIAMS, D. L. EATON, O. D. FERGUSON

R. ERRETT & CO.,

EDITORS and PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 28, 1859.

Delegate Meetings.

This is the day set apart for holding the primary meetings for the election of delegates to the Republican Nominating County Convention. The meetings in the cities and boroughs will open at 4 o'clock, P. M., and close at 8, and the election of delegates in those districts will be by ballot.

THE STATE CONVENTION.—The Philadelphia *News*, apparently conscious that its scheme of dividing the opposition under the specious pretence of uniting it, has failed or will fail in the State Convention when it meets, resorts to threats and unmistakable hints at rebellion. It declares that if the State Convention refuses to call a "People's National Convention," the *"people will take this matter out of the hands of the demagogues, and they will immediately proceed to call a People's National Convention, and elect delegates to the same,"* and it adds that if such an organization is not effected, it will follow the disorganizing course it pursued in 1856, regardless of consequences, intimating broadly that it will do its best in 1860, as it did in 1856, to give the State to the bogus democracy.

There is, also, in the article of the *News* to which we have heretofore referred, a half concealed threat that, if its friends cannot carry their point in the State Convention, they will secede from it. It says:

"If that body refuses to invite a People's National Convention, it will be evident that there is a determination to crush out all opposition to Republicanism. The members who act on that motive had better at once recede from the Convention, and make an exclusive Republican nomination and organization."

We have only to say, in reply to this attempt at intimidation, that we trust the State Convention will give no attention to it whatever. To yield to a powerless threatener would be the height of craven-spiritedness.

PAUL MORPHY.—A grand banquet was given to this gentleman in New York on Wednesday. John Van Buren, Esq., on presenting him the famous chess-board, with its golden men, which the chess clubs of New York had procured for him, made a characteristic speech, to which Mr. Morphy responded. In the course of the latter's speech, the following sensible remarks occur:

"Chess never has been and never can be aught but a recreation. It should not be indulged in to the detriment of other and more serious avocations—should not absorb the mind or engross the thoughts of those who worship at its shrine; but should be kept in the background and restrained within its proper province. As a mere game, a relaxation from the severer pursuits of life, it is deserving of high commendation. It is not only the most delightful and scientific, but the most moral of amusements. Unlike other games, in which lucre is the end and aim of the contestants, it recommends itself to the wise by the fact that its mimic battles are fought for no prize but honor. It is eminently and emphatically the philosopher's game. Let the chess-board supersede the card-table, and a great improvement will be visible in the morals of the community. [Great applause.] But, ladies and gentlemen, I need not expatiate on the field so ably traversed by the eloquent gentleman who has just addressed you. I thank you from my heart for the very flattering manner in which you have been pleased to receive his too complimentary remarks, and for the numerous attentions received at your hands. I shall leave New York with melancholy sorrow, for I part from friends than whom none truer can be found. Let them rest assured that along with the memory of the chess-board I possess the memory of the heart. And now, with a renewal of my sincere thanks for the splendid token of your regard which you have presented me to night, and the assurance that I shall cherish in unfailing memory the remembrance of my sojourn here, I bid you, ladies and gentlemen, a farewell, which I fondly hope will not prove the last."

THE reports that Douglas and Buchanan had kissed and made friends turn out to be untrue. They were first started by the Charleston *Mercury*, and Mr. Buchanan's paper, the *Constitution*, thus puts an extinguisher upon them:

"To this positive assertion we deem it to be our duty to give the fullest and most unequivocal denial. No such interview has taken place, nor has any thing been said or done by the President which could give the least foundation for the report. The "reliable" correspondent of the *Mercury* must have been grossly deceived by some of the "public men of the day," with whom he professes such close intimacy; and in his "incidental gathering of matters of grave importance to the people of the South, to the precise knowledge of which few have access," he has evidently been egregiously hoaxed by some unscrupulous forger of 'sensation news.'"

The *Constitution*, in giving this denial, has rendered Senator Douglas an essential service. Nothing was so well calculated to damn him in public estimation as the belief that he had compromitted himself by being reconciled to the President.

A GEOGRAPHICAL CHANGE.—We find the following among the news items of the Philadelphia *Press*:

"The woods on the opposite side of the Clarion river, near Hollidaysburg, Pa., were on fire several days last week, overspreading several thousand acres."

There must have been an extraordinary convulsion of nature, of which no account has yet reached us, if the Clarion river is now flowing "near Hollidaysburg, Pa." According to last accounts from Clarion county it was still pursuing its accustomed course on this side of the Allegheny Mountains.

PENN INDUSTRIAL REFORM SCHOOL.—The corporation of the Penn Industrial Reform School held an adjourned meeting at the Merchants' Hotel, yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of perfecting the organization of the Association. The meeting was fairly attended, and the following gentlemen were chosen for the positions named,

President.—Hon. Geo Galbraith, of Erie county.

Vice President.—Hon. Ellis Lewis, Philadelphia county; Hon. Strange N. Palmer, Schuylkill county; Hon. Thomas White, Indiana county; Hon. E. D. Gazzam, Pittsburg; Gordon W. Mason, Bradford county; E. C. Bolleau, Crawford county.

Managers—M. L. Dawson, Hon. Wm. D Kelley, J. R. Flanigen, Robert Morris, Daniel L. Miller, A. N. Shinn, O. H. P. Kinney, George A. Lyon, Thomas H. Burrows, Alfred Haldekoper George W. Jackson, G. Collins.

Secretary—James Tyson.

Treasurer—John Mason.—*Phil. N. Amer.*

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Thursday last a young man, a son of Mr. Belshaw, was killed by the falling of an ore bank at St. Charles Furnace, Porter Township. He was engaged digging ore when the bank suddenly caved in, carrying with it some heavy rocks, one of which struck the young man, and before he recovered from the effects of the blow, he was buried beneath the mass of earth, which crushed him to death. He was about nineteen years of age. He was very industrious and much esteemed, and his loss will be deeply regretted by his parents to whom he was endeared, and by his many acquaintances.—*Clarion Banner.*

THE Albany *Journal* of Wednesday evening says:

The Republican National Committee, of which Gov. Morgan is chairman, met in this city today. The only business before the Committee, as we learn, relates to preliminary State organization, the diffusion of political information, &c. The time and place for the meeting of a Republican National Convention will be fixed at a later day.

MRS. SUSAN MUSPRATT died at Liverpool on the 10th inst. She was the younger sister of Charlotte Cushman, and having accompanied her to Europe, attracted the attention of Dr. Muspratt, the eminent chemist. She was a beautiful woman, and in the elegant home near Liverpool to which her husband's affections conducted her she presided with a grace and dignity that made it an enchanted palace.

CAPT. MCKINLEY INDICTED FOR MANSLAUGHTER.—On Tuesday last the Grand Jury of the United States Court, now in Session at Indianapolis, returned a true bill against Capt. Wm. McKinley, of the steamer David Gibson, for manslaughter, in causing the collision between the David Gibson and Nathaniel Holmes, through negligence and inattention to his duties, as pilot of the David Gibson.

FROM LAKE SUPERIOR.—The propeller Iron City, from Lake Superior, arrived yesterday. She left Ontonagon on Saturday, with 30 tons of copper from the National and Adventure mines; took on 140 tons of Cliff copper at Eagle River, and 100 tons at Portage Entry from the Pewabic mine.—*Cleve. Leader.*

By the Asia.

(Correspondence of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.)

LONDON, May 13, 1859.—The Austrians are still puzzling us by their apparent inaction, and no one seems able to form an opinion whether they intend to advance or retreat. Some people fancy that their various indecisive and inconsistent movements have been the results of a coherent strategy, intended to make an ultimate advance in masses on Turin. Others believe that their entire plans have been interfered with by the weather, and that they are now waiting the chapter of accidents either to move on, or to fall back on their strong positions in Lombardy, and induce the French to follow them.

The Emperor Napoleon landed yesterday at Genoa, where he was enthusiastically received as the apostle of constitutional liberty. His departure from France was marked by the most imposing demonstrations, and the masses, whose antipathy to war was lately intended to be intense gave him a unanimous ovation. Among those who rent the air with acclamations were a full proportion of the old defenders of the republic, whose companions are now at Lambessa, and Cayenne expiating their attachment to that form of government.

In the absence of the Emperor, the Empress is to exercise the functions of the Regent, acting in everything under the advice of Prince Jerome Bonaparte.

According to the sayings of the Court, the Emperor intends that his campaign shall be as rapid and brilliant as that of his uncle in 1796. He intends to date his despatches from Milan by the end of the present month, or the beginning of June at the latest.

The subscriptions to the new French loan of $100,000,000 are said to have trebled that amount, although every one presumes that it is only to be the first of a series. It has all along been proclaimed that the present war is not to be one of aggrandisement for France, but the people must contemplate obtaining some re-imbursement for their outlay. They can hardly expect to get it from Austria in money. Neither would the seizure of works of art suffice to meet the debt. Territory, therefore, seems to be the only thing that can be taken. The King of Sardinia expects Lombardy. It is an interesting question under these circumstances where the requisite land is to be supplied?

A notification issued by the Secretary of State for War has at length furnished all that was wanted to complete the resemblance of our own circumstances to those of the First Empire. The enrolment of volunteer corps in all parts of the country, under the provisions of the very act of Parliament passed when George the Third was King, is now officially authorized. The members are to pay their own expenses, but are to receive army allowances in case of being called into actual service. As the spirit of the country was already fully aroused, and this step has been taken in deference to it, we may expect before many weeks have elapsed to hear of ten, twenty, or thirty thousand men being steadily under drill.

Meanwhile, symptoms that this organization will not take place a day too soon, continue to manifest themselves. "For several days," according to the naval and military intelligence published yesterday, "two French steamships of war have been lying to outside Dover, with their fires lighted, ready to put to sea at a moment's notice." It is reported that there are two others at Falmouth. A corvette of 18 guns, and a schooner of 12 guns were also observed in the run of the homeward bound ships. The schooner, when hailed by a pilot boat, declared her nation, but declined answering any other questions. It will perhaps be said that although these facts are curious, and worth noticing, they can hardly be thought alarming. They must be taken in conjunction, however, with the admission made in the House of Commons about six or seven weeks back, by the First Lord of the Admiralty, that a French steamer had been noticed cruising at night along the coast at Spithead, and coming quietly to anchor in the daylight, and also that other parts of the coast, French vessels had been hovering in a similar manner for some weeks past. The simultaneous order from the Russian government to one of our principal chart sellers, for charts and surveys of all our coasts and fortified places, to the amount of £2,000, and which was accidently made public to the annoyance of all parties concerned, must likewise be borne in mind.

The workmen at Woolwich arsenal on the Thames about eight miles from London, are in a state of activity beyond all former precedent, and indeed in every district defensive preparations are being hastened in a manner that would be creditable to the government were it not that Mr Disraeli has lately proclaimed the total absence of danger, and his entire faith not only in their "confidential" relations with the Emperor Napoleon, but also in the influence of any finesse or intrigue on the part of Russia.

In regard to the movements of the respective armies the following are the official bulletins published by the Sardinian Government.

"TURIN, May 11.—Some Austrian siege trains, a regiment of infantry, and a detachment of Chasseurs, have crossed at Gravelone; and directed their course toward Casal and Pusterlengo in Lombardy."

"Many of the enemy's troops are concentrated between Mortara, Palestro and Robbio. The head-quarters of the Austrian staff are at Mortara.

"TURIN, May 12.—The enemy, the Austrians, are increasing their forces near Castle San Giovanni, on the road from Piacenza to Straddella. They have constructed bridges near Vigevano and Matin Visconti to protect their retreat of to day.

"To day our soldiers pushed forward in a strong reconnoitering party as far as Cascine di Sera, near Vercelli, and our artillery began cannonanding the enemy, which, however, was not replied to.

Our troops have retaken their former position.

A later bulletin of the same date says—"The Austrians on their way to Piacenza have occupied Rivergaro on the river Trebbia. The head quarters are at Robbio. The wounded have been conveyed to Occimiano."

The Paris *Pays* says that the depredations committed by Austria in Piedmont cure for the purpose of filling the military storehouses of Lombardy. They are literally stripping the Piedmontese provinces of hay, grain, provisions, and everything they can carry off," and, according to the French journals, they do this with the greatest rigor and cruelty.

The *Pays* also states that Rear Admiral Jurien de Lagraviere had left Genoa in the Algesiras for the Adriatic, to give notice to the military authorities that the ports of the Austrian coast are in a state of blockade

Some very doubtful reports appear in the French journals respecting the obtrusive conduct of the British ship Orion, at Genoa, which it is stated had been laid athwart the entrance of the harbor, and it is pretended that in consequence three additional French line of battle ships had been ordered to the Mediterranean.

It is affirmed that the Austrian commander-in-chief intended to send a corps to Novi to destroy the railroad at that place, but the sudden rising of the Po rendered it necessary that the troops should return to the left bank of the river without delay. Had the Austrians reached Novi they would have cut off the railway communication between Genoa and Alessandria, and between those two places and Tortona, but the rain was so very heavy, and the danger of a general inundation so imminent, that the commander of the detached corps did not deem it advisable to go far beyond Voghera.

(Correspondence London Times.)

PARIS, May 12.—The movements of the Austrians look as if a retreat were contemplated; some however, think that they are only choosing their grounds for the battle which they may not be able to decline even if they would. Tuesday next was the day looked forward to as the one for the first serious conflict; but, from the hot haste with which the Emperor traversed France and reached Genoa, it is inferred that news of importance may reach us even earlier.

The French force now in Piedmont is very large. Up to Friday, the 6th of May, 81,000 men from France and Algeria were conveyed to Genoa by the Imperial Navy; 14,000 by the Messageries; 20000 by the Maria Stuart transport, hired for the occasion; and from 20,000 to 21,000 by land. A despatch received the day before yesterday fixed the total number there at 110,000. The Piedmontese count 80,000 regular troops and 27,000 volunteers. From this total one-fourth is, I believe, the usual average deducted for contingencies or casualties. This is applicable to both sides, and even then a formidable number still remain for mutual slaughter in the circumscribed battlefield in the plains of Piedmont, and on which Austrian and French bishops are commanded to invoke the Divine blessing. It is said that the cavalry of the French is not yet complete, and that a good deal remains to be done concerning the balls for the rifle cannon. There are, or lately were, 10,000,000 cartridges in the arsenal of Genoa.

Arrangements had been made in London for holding a public meeting (to be presided over by the Lord Mayor) to memorialize the government in favor of the non-intervention of England in the continental struggle. M. Kossuth was expected to address the meeting and speak in support of the course proposed.

AUSTRIA.—A telegraphic despatch from Vienna, dated Friday evening, May 13, says, "Count Buol quitted office at 11 o'clock this morning." No reason is assigned for his resignation.

"The possibility that information contained in the Austrian papers concerning the movements of the Imperial Royal army may in a few hours become known to the enemy—who might be able to take advantage of it—renders it absolutely necessary to be extremely cautious in making such communications.

"This being the case, the movements of the army can only be made known to the public in a general way. No movements from which the enemy might be able to draw important conclusions can be communicated, but all operations that have been completely carried out will be unreservedly and faithfully made known.

THE Louisville Courier says that no other Democrat in the nation except James Guthrie can be nominated by the Charleston Convention and be elected, and "that not to nominate Guthrie is to insure the election of a Black Republican."

PA. EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.—The following is a summary of the episcopal acts performed in the diocese during the last year:

By Bishop Lee, of Delaware—Ordinations—deaconate, 2; do priesthood, 3; corner stone laid, 1; confirmations, 121.

By Bishop Bowman, since August 25, 1858—Ordinations—deconate, 8; do. priesthood, 11; corner stones laid, 5; churches consecrated, 11; confirmations, 1747.

Total. Corner stones, 6; ordinations, 27; churches consecrated, 11; confirmations, 1868.

At the afternoon session on Wednesday the election took place for Delegates to the General Convention, with the following result.

Clerical Deputies.

Rev. Dr. Stevens received		116 votes.
Rev. Dr. Wilmer	"	64 "
Rev. Dr. Howe	"	113 "
Rev. Dr. Lyman	"	50 "
Rev. Dr. Vinton	"	71 "
Rev. Dr. Newton	"	69 "
Lay Deputies.		
John H. Shoenberger received		56 votes
Geo. M. Wharton	"	58 "
James T. Hale	"	52 "
Wm. Welsh	"	69 "
Hon. J. N. Conyngham	"	74 "
Herman Cope	"	75 "
John Rohlen	"	61 "
F. R. Brunot	"	62 "

There were also a number of scattering votes outside of the nominations.

Drs. Stevens, Howe, Vinton and Newton, were then announced as the duly elected clerical delegates, and Messrs. Welsh, Cope and Conyngham, as lay delegates.

One clerical and one lay deputy are yet to be chosen.

Several new churches were admitted into the diocese, and it was then resolved that the next meeting of the Convention be held at St. Andrew's Church, in Philadelphia, on the fourth Thursday in May next.

On Thursday morning, Rev. Mr. Wilmer as clerical, F. B. Hemitsel as lay delegate, were elected to complete the list.

The following Committee on the division of the Diocese was appointed: Dr. Wilmer, Dr. Stevens, Mr. Miles, George R. White, Wm. S. Lane, John Cunningham, G. M. Wharton, D. Schmidt, E. O. F. Paley.

FAITH DEAD.—This morning a man named William Emery was found dead in the road, a short distance beyond Croton. He was a stone mason by trade, and a worthy citizen.—*New York Express.*

[Emery was found dead in the road, a short distance beyond Croton. He was a stone mason by trade, and a worthy citizen.—*Newcastle Courant.*

PRESIDENT BUCHANAN thought to consolate the political wrath of the Charleston *Mercury* by appointing Mr. Heart, one of the proprietors of that establishment, Superintendent of Public Printing. He has won or stolen away the Mercury's Heart but not his love. It actually abuses him more fiercely than ever. Having lost its Heart, it denounces him more heartlessly than before.—*Lou. Jour.*

DYSPEPSIA.—The worst foe of humanity is now well known, that we hardly feel disposed to occupy room or space in its mention. Few have escaped suffering from one or another of its varied forms. It is the fruitful source of a consumption or almost every other disease and affliction of this class, rendering a man unfit for business with the world and the society of his family will all, in most instances, be found to have proceeded from that seemingly trifling derangement of the digestive organs which this medicine is so eminently calculated to relieve.

HERB CARDIAL.—The feminine Nightly Concentrated Beer, have a Holland flavor to be sip in half pint bottles only, and retailed at $1 per bottle. The great demand for this truly Celebrated Medicine has induced many imitations, and to prevent being swindled against purchasing. Beware of imposition! See that our name is on the label of every bottle you buy.

BENJAMIN PAGE, JR., & CO., Sole Proprietors, 57 Wood street, between 1st and 2d sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

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New Advertisements.

OHIO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS

Announcement of the Proprietor for the Season of 1859.

THE OHIO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS are situate in Delaware county, Ohio, 18 miles from Columbus, 15 miles from Delaware, 3 miles from the White Sulphur Station, on the Springfield, Mt. Vernon and Pittsburgh Railroad, and in the midst of a region unsurpassed for its picturesque beauty and romantic attractions. They were administered by a physician, judiciously as to quantity, time of drinking, continuance, &c., and with a degree of systematic plan that rendered them numerous and gratifying.

THE WHITE WATER SULPHUR

is peculiarly serviceable in those disorders of the Liver and Stomach, which so afflict gentlemen who have been accustomed to the luxurious and parsimonious habits.

THE CHALYBEATE SPRINGS

Are permanent tonics. Their effects upon debilitated and debilitated constitutions have been most transient but lasting giving to the blood a new vitality, and to the patient a new life and vigor.

THE MAGNESIAN WATER

Is a gentle aperient.

Invalids may rely upon every facility being furnished them at the Springs, as conducive to health and comfort.

As a delightful resort during the summer months, the Ohio White Sulphur Springs have no rival in the West, and but few in the United States. The location is peculiarly healthy, the Scioto river is a rapid, clear stream, the "Chillicothe Mountains" a range of hills of 500 feet in the known, through which the river cuts its way, in every direction, either at or near the surface, the grounds at the same are lawn-like in appearance, interspersed with numerous ravines, which carry off all the superfluous water, thus rendering the soil dry and the atmosphere free from that humidity so destructive to health; these circumstances, taken into connection with the altitude of the place, about 1200 feet above the level of the sea, render it one of the most desirable summer residences as a mountain region.

The Spring property consists of 220 acres of land, one half of which is covered by one of the most beautiful groves of timber. The woodland is handsomely laid off in walks and drives, one of the latter being two miles in extent.

BATHS.

Bathing here by the plan adopted, is brought out in full competition with that of naturally Warm and Hot Springs. The water is heated in the bath tub by steam pipes, the bottom of which is raised high enough to precipitate sediment, &c., by this system applied to the surface of the bather with out the loss of the saline ingredients.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE

A Telegraph Office, Communicating with all parts of the country, has been established at the Springs. To facilitate communication with distant points, will be a great convenience to gentlemen who can hear from and direct their business affairs daily.

All the other accessories necessary to health, pleasure and amusement visitors may expect to find at the Ohio White Sulphur Springs, as the proprietor is determined to make it, in every particular, a first class watering place, furnished with the liberal patronage extended last year, he will still be prepared to merit its continuance.

A livery, well stocked with horses and carriages, is attached to the Springs.

For further information, arrangements for rooms, &c., address ANDREW WILSON, Jr.,

Proprietor Ohio White Sulphur P. O., Delaware Co., Ohio.

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DISSOLUTION.—The Partnership heretofore existing between WILLIAM PARIS and DAVID BAKER, under the style of WM. SMITH & CO., was dissolved on the 16th day of February, 1859, by the death of Mr. DAVID BAKER.

DAVID E. PARK and JAMES PARK, Jr., having purchased the interest of Mr. D. Brown, dec'd, in the late firm of WM. SMITH & CO., will continue the Nail and Screw Business will be hereafter conducted under the style of Smith, Park & Co., by whom the business of the late firm will be settled.

SMITH, PARK & CO.,

NINTH WARD FOUNDRY,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Warehouse, No. 149 First and 120 Second Street,

MANUFACTURERS of all sizes and kinds of Cast Oil Refining and Still Tubing, Oil Well Casing, Sad Irons, Dog Irons, Wagon Boxes, Steel Moulds, Pulleys, Hangers and Couplings.

Also, Jobbing and Machine Castings of every description made to order.

Having a complete MACHINE SHOP attached to the Foundry, all necessary Fittings will be carefully attended to. my28:dfcwlt

High and Low Water Lines.

THE Commissioners to survey and determine High and Low Water lines on the Rivers Ohio, Allegheny and Monongahela, having made the preliminary surveys, and the Maps, will be at the following places on the days mentioned, to receive to exhibit them to parties interested, where those concerned may attend if they see proper, viz:

At the Office of Mason & Dilworth, in Allegheny City, (South west corner of) on MONDAY, May 30th, at 9 o'clock P. M.

At Federal Street Bridge, Allegheny, on TUESDAY, May 31st, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

At Jackson's Tavern, Duquesne Borough, on WEDNESDAY, June 1st, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

At Sidner's store, near Dilly's Run, on THURSDAY, June 2d, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

At Shuman's Tavern, near Pine Creek, on FRIDAY, June 3d, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

At Sharpsburgh, on MONDAY, June 6th, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

WM. DILWORTH,
JOHN MORRISON,
J. H. MCCLELLAND,
Com'rs.

my28:3td

ICE CHESTS, ICE CHESTS.—Every conceivable style and size. A large stock of our own make and warranted.

Meat Safes, Meat Safes—several sizes, neat and cheap.

Messer's Celebrated Patent Five Minute Ice Cream Freezers—all sizes from 3 to 20 quarts, at manufacturers' prices.

Charcoal Furnaces—all the sizes cheap.

Water Coolers, Water Coolers, Bathing Apparatus, Self-Sealing Fruit Cans.

The largest supply of the above seasonable goods to be found in the city is at the Iron City Store and Tin Warehouse of

W. W. BRADSHAW, No. 124 Wood street,
1st door below sign of the Golden Gun.

my28

LAKE HERRING—100 half bbls. received this day by my28 HENRY H. COLLINS.

BUTTER—Fresh Roll now arriving for sale by my28 ROBT. DICKEY, 248 Liberty street.

New Advertisements.

BURNET HOUSE,

Cincinnati, Ohio.

HAVING TAKEN A LEASE UPON THE "BURNET" for a term of years, and re-organized in many departments, the undersigned can safely say that their arrangements, tending to the comfort and satisfaction of guests visiting the city, will be such as to gratify the demand of any sojourner at the house.

A trial is solicited

JOHNSON, SANDERS & CO.

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J. N. SHALLENBERGER & CO.

(Successors to R. Dunlap, Jr.)

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

No. 101 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA. [my17:dtf

Notice.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—The undersigned will dispose by Public Sale, on

TUESDAY, JUNE 14th, 1859,

At their warehouse on Liberty street, 175 CORN SHELLERS, for storage, &c., if the same is not paid and Shellers removed before that time.

KIER & MITCHELL.

Pittsburgh, May 14th, 1859—my14:1md

C. B. M. SMITH,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

No. 111 Fourth Street.

my16:dly:n]

C. SILL, SURGEON DENTIST; Office and Residence No. 87 GRANT STREET, opposite the Court House, believes he can suit the wants of any that may favor him with their patronage. Any of the various styles of Teeth inserted if wished. my9:dlyis

PRINCE IMPERIAL

CHAMPAGNE,

FROM

DE VENOGE & CO., Epernay, France.

As used at the

Imperial Tables on the Continent of Europe

PERFECTLY PURE AND DELICATE

A WINE at a moderate price, admirably adapted to family use and rapidly becoming an established favorite in the city of New York, having effected the most flattering testimonials from the proprietors of the Bowgate House, St. Nicholas Hotel, Western Hotel, Metropolitan Hotel, Astor House, Lovett House, and all the leading restaurants of Champagne in that city.

Sold by the principal dealers throughout the country.

RA HAUGHWOUT, Sole Importer,

Corner of Broadway and Broome Street, New York

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REMOVAL.

EXCHANGE AND BANKING HOUSE

OF

KRAMER & RAHM,

No. 57, Bank Block, Fifth Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

BILLS BOUGHT. DRAFTS SOLD. DEPOSITS RECEIVED.

WE beg to apprise our friends and the public in that we have removed from our old office, No. 35, BANK BLOCK, FIFTH STREET, where we will be happy to render them our services and trust our auspicious Capital, with an experience of twenty years in the business, will enable us to meet the wants of our customers.

We will continue to transact the

Exchange and Banking Business in all its branches

Commercial Paper Discounted and Negotiated.

Stocks, Bonds, and other Securities, Bought and Sold on Commission.

Prompt attention given to Collections on city or country.

Deposits Received in Par Funds or Currency

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

Drafts on New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati, &c., always on hand.

Bank Notes, Gold and Silver, Bought and Sold.

Drafts on England, Ireland, Scotland and France.

Credit Remittances of Correspondents at lowest possible rates.

Making Returns promptly by first mail, or Special Express, as may be desired.

KRAMER & RAHM.

my24:2md

Great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

DR. SWAYNE'S PANACEA.

THIS old established and invaluable remedy for the cure of Scrofula, or King's Evil, Ulcerous and White Swelling, Eruptions of the Skin, Blotches or Pimples of the Face, Obstinate or Scaly Eruptions, Boils which arise from a vitiated condition of the blood, Tetter or Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Scald Head, Pustules on the Body, Weakened and Debilitated state of the System, arising either from a long and protracted case of Chills and Fever, Lingering Inflammation, Mercurial Disease, Injuries received under an attack of syphilis, the seeds of which still remain in the system, or living exposed to the impure air of Hospitals, Unventilated Rooms, &c., which may have affected the bones or their coverings, called the periosteum, which sometimes gives rise to a serious ulceration there, which sometimes ends in a confirmed cancerous humor.

Attacks of Rheumatism in connection with Constitutional Taint, Chronic Constitutional Inflammation, Bilious Affections, the Bile and the Skin, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Affections of the Spine, Dropsy, Jaundice, and all low forms of the Skin, Chronic Affections of the Liver, Mercurial Disease, Old Ulcers, Sore Legs, Blotches, Boils, Carbuncles, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Erysipelas, Chronic Inflammation of the Kidneys, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, Affections of the Urinary Organs, Female Complaints, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Irregularities, Suppressions, Painful Menstruation, Sterility, Barrenness, Impotency, Nervousness, Sexual Debility, Involuntary Discharges, Pains in the Back, Groins, Loins, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Irritability, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dizziness, Coldness of the Extremities, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Region of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and Joints, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Consumption, Dropsy, Dropsy of the Heart, Female Weakness, Epilepsy or Fits, Nervous Affections, Headache, Pain in the Head, Tic Doloreux, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from Impure Blood, Broken down or Delicate Constitutions, Nervous Complaints arising from Excesses, Exposures, Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, &c., &c., are literally cured by the use of this Panacea.

Thousands of certificates could be published of the most wonderful cures performed by this Panacea, but the proprietor deems it unnecessary, as it is daily curing the worst cases that flesh is heir to. Only give it a fair trial, and you will be convinced of its wonderful curative powers.

Prepared only by DR. SWAYNE, No. 330 Arch street, Philadelphia.

For sale by all druggists everywhere.

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New Stock of Melodeons.

JUST RECEIVED, a splendid new lot of Melodeons, from the factory of Mason & Hamlin, Boston, which will be sold by the firm. The makers of instruments have been appointed by the greatest musicians in the country, as by Lowell Mason, Geo F. Root, W. H. Woodbury and others, consequently they can be relied on as being *first class instruments.* They are noted for the following points:

1 Their pure and musical quality of tone

2 Their great power of tone

3 Their quality of touch

4 Their prompt and easy touch

5 Their beautiful style of finish

6 Their durability

7 Their cheapness of price

For sale only by JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood st.

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CARD.—MESSRS. CARTWRIGHT & YOUNG, No. 85 Wood street, invite the attention of the trade, hotel and restaurant keepers and house keepers generally, to their present stock of HOUSEKEEPING GOODS. It has been selected with a view to the immediate wants of the trade, and embraces all varieties of Table Cutlery, of entire new patterns, Plated Ware, Britannia and German Silver, Waiters, Tea Trays, Castors, Fine Glassware, &c., &c. Having no old stock on hand, they are prepared to offer such inducements in each particular as cannot fail to secure their trade. An examination of the stock is solicited. my24

Broadstreet's Commercial Reporter.

For Bankers' and Business Men.

THE FOURTH SEMI ANNUAL VOLUME of the valuable record of trades which was published on the 15th of January, having been exhausted by a rapid and extensive demand, a second edition, revised and corrected to Jan. 1st, 1859, is now ready for delivery to orders here and already supplies the country with the work.

Several hundreds of the best bankers and Merchants in different sections of the Union, have acted in perfecting this Reference Record, thus securing a vexatious and perplexing omission. Compared of the pecuniary condition and prospects and business capacity of about 22,000 mercantile firms, in twenty-six of the principal cities and centres of trade in the United States.

The New York Merchant or Banker will ascertain by a glance appearing the date, the grade of credit, character, habits, and capital of such as will be likely to deal with him, while the out-of-town merchant will learn with accuracy, the exact foundation on which the New York houses base their business.

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The time and trouble such a work must save, the losses it must prevent, and the influence it must have in securing a sound and profitable trade, must render it valuable to all Merchants, Manufacturers, Note Brokers, and Banks of discount, and yet the whole, including the correspondence and weekly issues for one year in connection with the Reporter, the first will cost the most chaste and designed copy of elegance. Retail price of the Reporter, Three per bottle, Fourteen Dollars.

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In Baker's Salt-water Baths. Open daily from 6 o'clock A. M. to 9 P. M. Sundays from 8 A. M. to 1 P. M.

The case was an inveterate one, having spread over the most delicate parts of the person, the whole surface from the side of the face to the bottom of the feet, including the genital organs, the skin of the latter being entirely destroyed, and in a state of ulceration. The disease had defied all remedies for six months, and was pronounced incurable by nine doctors before Baker.

Baker's Salt-water Baths are a specific for all diseases of the skin, and are unequalled in the cure of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Debility, Nervousness, Female Complaints, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Scrofula, Consumption, Fevers, Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, Affections of the Spine, Chronic Diseases of the Liver, Mercurial Disease, Old Ulcers, Sore Legs, Blotches, Boils, Carbuncles, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Erysipelas, Chronic Inflammation of the Kidneys, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, Affections of the Urinary Organs, Female Complaints, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Irregularities, Suppressions, Painful Menstruation, Sterility, Barrenness, Impotency, Nervousness, Sexual Debility, Involuntary Discharges, Pains in the Back, Groins, Loins, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Irritability, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dizziness, Coldness of the Extremities, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Region of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and Joints, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Consumption, Dropsy, Dropsy of the Heart, Female Weakness, Epilepsy or Fits, Nervous Affections, Headache, Pain in the Head, Tic Doloreux, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from Impure Blood, Broken down or Delicate Constitutions, Nervous Complaints arising from Excesses, Exposures, Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, &c., &c.

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