Pittsburgh Gazette.

RUSSELL ERRETT...D. P. WILLIAMS...D. L. BATON...D. S. FERGUSON

R. ERRETT & CO.,

EDITORS and PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 26, 1859.

THE rush to Pike's Peak of thousands of anxious and inexperienced seekers after gold, and the final denouement of that monstrous humbug are a sad commentary on the "make haste to be rich" propensities of the people of this young Republic. Young and hardy men a few months ago left comfortable homes in whole battalions in the expectation of acquiring a fortune in a year from the prolific mines. They entered upon the "trip" without even ordinary preparation, and were willing to encounter a journey of seven hundred miles through what is literally a "howling wilderness," without even a limited supply of clothing or food. Now they are coming back disappointed and indignant, the mere wrecks of their former selves, or their bones are bleaching in the solitary tracks of the plains—victims to their own lust for gain, and the dupes of designing and unprincipled speculators. The story is indeed a sad one, and forcibly appeals to the tenderest sympathies of the public. It conveys a lesson which should be heeded by all classes in this country, who may yet, in their turn, become the victims of a similar delusion. It is thus applied by the Philadelphia *Enquirer* in the sensible remarks which are herewith inserted:

"The emigrants to Pike's Peak, it is reported, have been sadly dispirited by the discovery that their hardships were too great to enable them to delve for gold in that distant region. They went out upon a new soil to look for the sudden means of wealth where the barriers of nature—the seals of winter—impeded their labors and frustrated their hopes. They forgot that if but a particle of the precious ore was beneath their feet, there was soil there that, under but a moiety of the labor used by miners, would have yielded them an ample return for their enterprize. First by the enthusiasm of ignorance, they sought for what should be deemed only a fortuitous boon, more than a reward for toil—an undue proportion of gain for mere manual application. In this earth it is the lot of few persons, and those not to be envied, to derive great wealth without undergoing the ordeal by which nature has established it shall be acquired, and of those who have taken out the largest amount of gold in California and Australia a small proportion only are rich. A very great number of them are miserably poor, and are but the slaves of hope in the realms of the fellow monarch.

"There is something more required of man than merely to scoop to the earth and become rich. Industry being the best of all blessings, the common law of nature demands that man shall bless himself by his own acts. When he fails to exert himself he becomes a wretch almost too indolent to despise his want of energy. The curse, as it is called in Genesis, which affixes to man the destiny that by the sweat of his brow he shall earn his bread, is only so to him who translates that to be evil which is a divine inheritance of his being—and were we to blot from the world at this hour all the mental, moral and physical exertion that contributes so much to the happiness of the human family, what a deplorable change would ensue from the erasure of that necessity of existence against which we so vainly and ignorantly struggle!"

A PAPER entitled the *Cavalier* has been ushered into existence in Baltimore, and as every journal in these exciting times has its "mission," this one devotes itself to the maintenance and promulgation of the celebrated "Monroe doctrine," as understood by certain fast politicians in and around Washington. The *Cavalier* is for playing hob with everybody and everything not purely American on this continent. But we will let it speak for itself:

The *Cavalier* is intended to be the sentinel to guard, with a martial eye, the territorial interests of the Republican Empire; to express its opinions freely on all topics, and especially those of a military character. It will advocate the Americanization of our sister States on the ground that our laws, institutions and order are absolutely essential for the development of Christian and democratic civilization. We would see our common schools on every hill in Mexico; we would hear our iron horse screaming along her valleys; we would hear the clank of our printing press in every city and village; we would see her people our people, our laws their laws, her interests our interests. We would crush out intestine war, and plant our peaceful energy everywhere in that most favored of lands.

If the Cuban Creoles desire our liberty, we would say unto them, Rise as one man, and we will arm and assist you; the Central American States, You can and must have our energy and enterprise, our laws and our civilization; and then we would see the great people of the United States demanding of our Government a strict adherence to the Monroe doctrine on one hand and the great American doctrine of extension on the other.

The editor very considerately concedes the possibility of his not living to see his good wishes realized. Some of them, he thinks, may require the lapse of another generation, if not two, to their consummation. As Captain Edward Cattle, Mariner, would say, "We will make a note of" his platform for future reference.

A NEW CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT.—The Delaware County *Republican* has a long and able article in its last issue in which it brings forward Hon. JOHN M. READ, of Philadelphia, as a candidate for President upon whom all branches of the Opposition can cordially unite.

Mr. Read was last year elected by the united opposition to the Supreme bench of this State, and is one of the ablest men of the times. He was formerly a Democrat, and was at one time nominated by the President to the Senate for the place in the Supreme Court of the United States now occupied by Judge Grier; but his anti-slavery tendencies were then either known or suspected by the Southern Senators, and the President was forced by them to withdraw the nomination. He acted openly and efficiently with the Republicans in 1856; but enjoys, in a remarkable degree, the confidence and esteem of the Americans and Anti-Lecompton Democrats.

That he has the capacity to fill the Presidential office meritoriously, no one who knows him can doubt. He has that statesmanlike breadth of mind and soundness of judgment which peculiarly fit him for such a place. We do not know, however, that there is any intention to press him, seriously; but contingencies may arise which would render his nomination a politic one.

PROPHECY AT A DISCOUNT.—The correspondent of the London Times writes that the germ of a conspiracy among the Sikhs, who have done such good service in suppressing the late mutiny, has been discovered. It seems that the chiefs of the Sikhs have determined to strike for the empire after the main body of the European troops have returned home, which they think will be about 1863. The Times' letter says:

An old Sikh Colonel, named Cheyte Singh, was accosted, with a saint or religious devotee named Boodh Singh of treasonable practices at Lahore. His house was searched and a paper found, copies of which he seems to have circulated pretty widely. It is a prophecy, couched in a somewhat mystical tone, and professing to be written by a Sikh of Jubbulpore. It predicts that in 1862 the Sikhs shall arise, exterminate the children of Christ, keep English women in their houses, and restore the supreme power of the Khalso. That is a very pleasant little prediction, and one which the Sikh very often thinks himself competent to realize. It may be fulfilled but meanwhile, as a lesson against being in advance of the age, the conspirators were seized, tried and condemned to five years at the Andamans, all within 48 hours. They were conveyed instantly across the frontier, and are on their destination. This terrible promptitude alarms the English idea of justice, but in India rebels and anarchists, and the first business of all Governments is to prevent anarchy.

THE PLATFORM OF THE OPPOSITION IN THE ASHLAND DISTRICT.—We read with some interest the platform adopted by the Opposition of the 7th Kentucky Congressional District, the home of Henry Clay. It occurred to us that the singular madness of the cry of the Louisville Journal and Joshua F. Bell could find an echo there. But we were disappointed. Da-vis a man old enough to know better, the platform, of which the following is the

[illegible] stantive resolution:

Resolved, That it is the right and the duty of Congress to see that slaves and all other property in the Territories of the United States are properly protected and secured to the owners; and that, if the Legislatures of the Territories, which derive their powers from the laws of Congress, fail to pass laws, necessary and proper for the protection of slave property, it is the duty of Congress to intervene, and itself, pass such laws."

This is plain spoken and in favor of a slave code. We refer this resolution to those who are expecting to be able to engineer the formation of a geographically national Opposition party for 1860.—*Cin. Com.*

AUSTRIAN PROGRESS IN ITALY.—The Turin correspondent of the *Siecle* under date of May 5th says:

"The Austrians continue to advance, and at the moment I write (4 P. M.) they are within fifteen miles of Turin. In coming thus far, you could never imagine all the mischief they have done. At Novara they demanded 500,000 rations. Their requisitions have been enormous throughout the country. In the towns, villages and hamlets they threatened to arrest the authorities if the provisions and cattle demanded were not supplied within four or five hours. Marshal Gyulai has established his headquarters at Lomello, near Mortara. Garibaldi attacks the enemy whenever he finds an opportunity, and lately carried his pursuits into the very streets of Vercelli. He has brought in as many as three hundred prisoners. A very sharp skirmish has just taken place at Valenza between the Austrians and the Piedmontese. The Austrian chasseurs seized the railway bridge over the Po, but were driven back by the second battalion of Bersaglieri, which lost two captains and other officers. The battery of artillery has also to regret the loss of Captain Roberti, one of its best officers."

A letter from Turin of the same date says:

"We have inundated all the country which the Austrians have to cross, and on this occasion our populations have displayed the patriotism which was to have been expected. The Austrians endeavored to prevent the breaking of the locks, but without success. In the province of Vercelli they seized the brother of M. Noe, who has the direction of the reservoirs of Satirana, and wrote to the latter that if he wished to save the life of his brother he must put an end to the inundation. The sole reply M. Noe sent was to double the quantity of water let loose, so that many Austrians who had advanced in the hope that for four and twenty hours at least they would not be impeded by inundations, found themselves with water up to their waists. It is not yet known what they have done with the brother of M. Noe. The Austrians make heavy levies of provisions and stores in all the towns they enter, in one place they arrested and carried off a mayor, who was not able to give them all the forage they required."

STARTLING REPORT FROM THE PLAINS.—A letter dated Pacific City, Iowa, (a point on the Missouri river opposite Plattsmouth, N. T.) written on Monday last, the 16th, was received in this city yesterday, reports two terrible massacres on the Plains in the neighborhood of O'Fallen's Bluffs, between some half starved returning Pike's Peakers and two outward bound trains the one in charge of the well known Mr. D. C. Oaks, and the other of the banker, Mr. L. Nuckolls. The correspondent's letter reads, was just received at Pacific City on the morning the letter was written.

The train of Oaks and company were most fiercely attacked by the gangs of desperate and starved emigrants, and was finally captured, and the wagons after being rifled of their contents were burned. In the fight Mr. Oaks was killed.

The company under Mr. Nuckolls was also fiercely assailed and driven away from their wagons. In the melee Mr. Griffiths, who was then on his way out to take charge of his office, fell into the hands of the desperadoes and was hung.

These are the statements of the letter and we give them for what they are worth. The letter also mentions that the returning emigrants are arriving at Pacific City daily by scores, in the most deplorable condition of want and starvation, and exceedingly desperate and enraged at the Missouri River towns for the deceptions which, they say, have been practised upon them. In view of these circumstances the reports above given are not at all improbable.—*St. Louis Dem.*

KOSSUTH—HUNGARY—AUSTRIA.—A report is current that Kossuth is now in Sardinia and in communication with the Hungarian troops in the Austrian army. A letter in one of the German papers farther states that much agitation prevails in Hungary, and that revolutionary movements are anticipated. Something of the kind is also hinted at in the correspondence of some of the English journals, and putting these facts together, some journalists start the plausible theory that the discovery of disaffection among the Hungarian troops, who form a large proportion of the Austrian army now in Sardinia, is the real cause of hesitation, counter-marching, and almost retreat of the Austrian forces since they entered Piedmont. It is said that there is dissension between the Austrian and Hungarian generals of that army. It seems probable that Austria will have her hands full, and will yet rue the day she took up arms against Sardinia.

COUNT GYULAI, the Austrian Generalissimo, is a Hungarian by birth, and sees active service in Italy for the first time. In fact, he has never been in the field at all. His father, who died in 1831, did once cover the retreat of Archduke Charles in 1809, and did it badly; but as to the son, born in 1805, (says a correspondent,) his only chance of smelling powder was in the Hungarian war of 1848, when, being a native of Pesth, he was not entrusted with any command, and merely watched over the naval arsenal at Pesth, which was then in possession of the insurgents. This venerable clergyman is now, since the death of Dr. Myers, the oldest preacher in Philadelphia. In the course of his long and faithful ministry, he has baptised thousands of children and, as stated by himself in his late sermon, he has married 3166 couples, and performed funeral services over the remains of 5000 persons. Mr. Chandler has, by his long and example, illustrated his faith in his own teachings. Few men in the ministry have exerted a more happy influence for good over a large population, who trust he may be long spared to continue his useful labors.—*Phil. Ledger.*

COL. FREMONT must begin to see his way out of the woods, as his long pending troubles, in connection with the Mariposa claim. Instead of standing on the defensive, as heretofore, he has become the attacking party, and has commenced suits against quite a number of those whom he sources of being engaged in mining upon his property without license. The mines claimed by the Colonel are, beyond question, exceedingly valuable; and if he can get rid of the interlopers, and hold his claim, he must, within a few years, be the possessor of immense wealth.

THE total decline in the Mississippi at this point has been about sixteen inches. Yesterday it was about upon a stand, there having been scarcely any perceptible decline. The telegraphic despatches from St. Louis say that the Mississippi is rising quite rapidly at that place; at Memphis it is up to the highest mark of this year and still rising. The Arkansas is also reported as rising rapidly. Thus it will be seen that the high water season is not yet passed.—*N. O. Delta.*

"PLAIN," says *Punch*, "is the strongest word in the feminine vocabulary to express ill looks. Some think it mild, but it is powerfully though delicately expressive. That which is plain is conspicuous. It means, therefore, remarkably ugly. A lady never calls a bull dog plain, or a baboon. That would be too severe."

The postmasters in Italy are supplying horses and mules *gratis* to the army, and the most respectable Turin families have opened their houses for free board and lodging to several thousands of French officers.

ST. LOUIS, May 23.—Advices from the agricultural districts continue favorable. The wheat prospects in the States immediately on the Mississippi river, are altogether encouraging and cheering.

HOW UNCHRISTIAN WE ARE GROWING.—When a steamer comes in, everybody looks over the foreign news and exclaims in a tone of disappointment and sadness—"No battle yet!"

A QUESTION FOR THE POLICE.—The Troy papers are discussing the Question, "Does the policeman take care of the city, or does the city take care of him?"

In Philadelphia, on Monday, 42 fatherless boys from six to ten years of age, were admitted as pupils in the Girard College. The College is now full.

THE Marquis of Alfieri, President of the Sardinian Senate, has put his palace at the disposal of Canrobert, and the General has taken it for his residence.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.—Intrinsic virtues alone could insure the success which this article has attained—for Rheumatism, Salt Rheum, Burns, Bruises, Stiff Joints, or Galls, Spavin, Pole Evil and Swellings upon Horses, it has no equal for man or beast. No person will be without it who has once tested its value. "And with reference to the general estimation of the Mustang Liniment, I can cheerfully say that no article ever performed a greater cure in our neighborhood as this. L. W. SMITH, Ridgefield, Conn." S. LEITCH, Esq., Hyde Park, Vt., writes: "that the horse was considered worthless, (his case was sparin,) but since the free use of the Mustang Liniment I have sold him for $150. Your Liniment is doing wonders up here." Such testimony is coming us every day. The half is not told. Every family should have it. Beware of imitations. The genuine Mustang is sold by all responsible dealers throughout the world.

BARNES & PARE,
Proprietors, New York.

Lyon's celebrated Insect Powder.

BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS.—FEMALES SUFFERING WITH NAUSEA AND DEBILITY.—A Tonic Stimulant, suitable to those peculiar periods in the life of every female, more particularly every mother, has long been a desideratum in the medical world: something to be retained as a necessary component of every well-furnished Family Medicine Chest, to which, at those seasons, recourse may be had, with the confidence of finding relief from the nausea, and restoration of strength, with perfect fearlessness of any ill consequences, yet without having taken a medicine possessing antagonistic principles, to render dangerous another medicine, should it be unfortunately required by the peculiarity of the disease.

All these conditions we believe to be perfectly fulfilled in *Boerhave's Holland Bitters*. From the nature of the disease we have alluded to we have not thought proper to parade the names of those ladies who have unhesitatingly afforded us the evidence of the truth of the assertions we here make—but all and every word can be substantiated to the satisfaction of the most incredulous. We offer one of the most sure and certain remedies for this class of afflictions, and all weakness of any particular organ, or general debility of the system. Its effects are almost magical, yet the cure radical. It communicates no violent shock to the system, but gently insinuating itself through the whole frame, rouses the vital energy to normal action, and, while enabling nature to throw off the cause, it thoroughly eradicates the effects of disease.

Are you nauseated in early morning, indisposed to labor—We earnestly request you to try the half of a teaspoonful—it surely will not harm. Yet we positively guarantee no excess of energy, and a cheerful, hopeful looking forward to the duties of the day.

Are you subject to nausea before or after eating? Try the same quantity before each meal. As we said before, it will not hurt you; yet we assure you of relief from that distressing loathing at the thought of food, and also from the disposition to vomit after partaking. We promise perfect digestion in this operation.

If you find that the dose prescribed has been too great, diminish the quantity to suit your constitution.

DR. JACOB GARDNER—The Genuine highly Concentrated Boerhave's Holland Bitters is put up in half pint bottles only, and retailed at $1 per bottle. The great demand for this truly Celebrated Medicine has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. Beware of imposition! See that our name is on the label of every bottle you buy.

BENJAMIN PAGE, Jr., & CO., Sole Proprietors, 27 Wood street, between 1st and 2d sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

my23-dawly

New Advertisements.

For the Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.

LAW JUDGE.—Messrs. Editors:—I am compelled, in self-defence, to reply to an anonymous communication in yesterday's Dispatch, charging me with making speeches at "Locofoco" meetings, and denouncing the Republican party last fall.

Whether I was named as a speaker in any "Locofoco" handbills, I do not know. If I was, it was without my knowledge or consent. I spoke on but two occasions during the entire campaign, and at *anti-tax meetings*, as I understood them to be called, and then only in relation to the *tax question*, and the candidates on the Opposition ticket, who I deemed soundest on that question. I did not then consider, and do not become a the Republican party, or say that it was unsound and not to be trusted. That I said publicly and privately was, that I believed the people's ticket, from Republican men, was perfectly sound on that question, but that the assurances of certain of their leaders and candidates on the subject were in my opinion unsound and not to be trusted.

In this opinion I may have been mistaken, but subsequent events have shown the people of the party were sound, and how much that soundness contributed to the election of confidence in any of the leaders or candidates on that point, others can judge. All I can say for myself in regard to my course and expressed opinions on that subject is, that they were quite conscientiously entertained. Perhaps, had I been more of a politician, I had kept them at the time, to run for office; I might have been more cautious. I never had any quarrel with the Democratic party, otherwise than so far as I differed from it in opinion on this question.

The communication in the Dispatch, however, presents in but one of numerous false reports which friends of my opponent have taken pains to circulate to my prejudice as they supposed. In some neighborhood where myself or my parents are not well known I am represented as a *Catholic*, at which ugly name I have been informed that Germans do not like; I know of, and in other places it is represented that I am a Locofoco, Democrat, &c., which is equally untrue and immaterial.

To set the public right with regard to my political antecedents, I have procured from some among the prominent men of this party who best know me, the following statement.

THOMAS MELLON, Esq.:

Dear Sir:—In reply to your request to furnish a statement of our knowledge of your political principles, we say,

That we have known you intimately for upwards of 20 years, and your politics were invariably that of the old line Whig party, and that party existed—and of the *Republican* party afterwards until its present name.

You were not, it is true, a rigid party man or noisy politician, but we always found your feelings and influence on the *Republican* side. You were the only democrat we ever knew to name from the party ticket, was last fall and the fall before, when you opposed certain candidates on it on the ground that you did not believe them to be sufficiently Republican, but at the same time you openly avowed your Republican principles and adherence to the Republican party.

Thomas M. Marshall, Thomas M'Connell, T. J. Bigham, Geo. B. Hjkle, And. M'Master, Aid. T. M. Howley, Pr'sd't Court, H. S. Fleming, Ex-Mayor, N. Patterson, Recorder.

Although we have not known Mr. Thomas Mellon for the period of twenty years, we know and can testify to him as a good and sound a Republican as in the county of Allegheny.

A. M. BROWN, S. H. DEGER,
W. B. NEGLEY.

It is a consolation, however, after over twenty years of consistant and extensive practice at the bar, to find that the only weapons with my opponents can find to use against me are misrepresentations and false reports.

THOMAS MELLON.

my26:1td

MERCANTILE TAXES.—Those persons who have been assessed and returned, and who have not been called upon to pay the amount they are charged on or before the FIRST DAY OF JULY NEXT, as the accounts, after that time, will be placed in the hands of an Alderman for collection.

JOHN J. MUSE,
Treasurer of Allegheny County.

my26:1td&w3w

FINE DRESS LAWNS AND ORGANDIES.—ARCHFIELD & CO. have received an assortment of beautiful style and fine Lawns, Organdies and Lenons. Also, a very good article fast colors at 12½ cents per yard. my26

LOVERING'S WHITE SUGARS—
20 bbls. Crushed Sugar,
15 " fine pulverized Sugar,
15 " granulated do
100 " B Coffee do
Just received and for sale by REYMER & ANDERSON,
my26 No. 39 Wood st., opposite St. Charles Hotel

ORANGES AND LEMONS—
200 boxes Messina Oranges,
100 " Palermo Lemons,
Just rec'd and for sale by REYMER & ANDERSON

POTATOES, POTATOES—
2500 bbs. New York Potatoes,
1000 " Peerless and White Neshannocks,
In store and for sale by HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

DRY PEACHES—200 bus., a prime article, for sale low by HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

OILS—15 bbls. Flaxseed,
10 do No. 1 Lard Oil,
Arriving and for sale by WATT & WILSON.

LEATHER—50 sides fair Sole Leather,
3 doz. Upper do
my25 WATT & WILSON.

S. C. HAMS—12 tcs. Evans & Swift's S. C. Hams for sale by my26 WATT & WILSON.

COOKING RAISINS—150 boxes New Layers for sale by REYMER & ANDERSON.

WHITE BEANS—50 bus. just rec'd and for sale by HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

CUT AND DRY TOBACCO—20 bbls. extra Oronoque Leaf for sale by WATT & WILSON.

WOOL! WOOL!!

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID for all grades of CLEAN WASHED FLEECE AND TUB WOOLS, at the Old Established Wool Warehouse No. 139 Liberty Street, corner of Cecil's alley.

my23-2w 2nd&now7 J. L. MARSHALL.

SUNDRIES—
Potatoes—400 bushels Lake Shore, 75c.
Mackerel—40 bbls. No. 2 in bbls. and half bbls.
Brooms—60 doz. various qualities.
Dried Apples and Peaches—25 bags.
Butter—50 firkins.
Halibut do —18 barrels.
Cheese—Choice Western Reserve.
Bacon—20 Gilts, Hams, Sides and Shoulders.
Eggs and Butter—10 bbls. and kits, fresh.
For sale by my24 RIDDLE, WIRTS & CO.

250 VOLUNTARIES.—Zundel's Two Hundred and Fifty Voluntaries for the Organ, Melodeon, Seraphine, &c., with introductory remarks, description of stops, directions for the purchase of Reed Organs, &c., a work especially to the wants of young organists, and those who have made sufficient progress to accompany plain psalmody on the Organ, Melodeon or Seraphine. Price $1.50. For sale by my2 JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood street.

ICE CREAM! ICE CREAM!! ICE CREAM!!!
F. A. MIESSCH & SONS'
Ice Cream Saloon and Soda Water Fountain,
French and American Confectionery.
my24 42 ST. CLAIR STREET.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS AND DRIED BEEF.
—100 tierces C. Davis & Co's S. C. Hams:
14 do Evans & Swift's do
10 do S. Davis, Jr's. do
10 do Gardner, Philpot & Co's S. C. Hams;
10 do J. H. Davis & Co's Dried Beef.
These Hams and Beef are put up for summer use, and will be found of excellent quality. F. SELLERS & CO.
my24:1w 209 Liberty st.

PIANO GUIDE.—Knorr's Methodical Guide or Teachers of the Piano, containing hints that will assist them in imparting to their pupils the true Piano touch, and much other information invaluable to the teacher. Price 50 cents.

For sale by JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood street.
Copies mailed on the receipt of the price. my24

FISH—
10 bbls No. 3 Large Mackerel;
15 " Dry Salt Alewives Herring;
10 " Pickled do Just rec'd by
my23 WATT & WILSON.

ESSENCE JAMAICA GINGER.—6 gro. Brown's and McAllister's for sale by
B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
my24 corner of Fourth and Wood street.

CATTLE POWDER—5 gro. each Fickardt's and Fronefield's for sale by
my21 B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM and Purifying Extract.—5 gross for sale by
my22 B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

EGGS—5 bbls on hand and for sale by
SHRIVER & DILWORTH,
my21 130 and 132 Second st.

TENN. WHEAT—106 sacks now landing from steamer S P Hibberd for sale by
my24 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

TENN. CORN—100 sks now landing from steamer S P Hibberd for sale by
my24 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

FLAX SEED—4 sacks now landing from steamer S P Hibberd for sale by
my24 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

PEA NUTS—5 sacks Pea Nuts just arrived per steamer S P Hibberd for sale by
my24 ROBT. DICKEY, 248 Liberty st.

APPLES—4 sacks Dried Apples now landing per steamer S P Hibberd for sale by
my24 ROBT. DICKEY, 248 Liberty st.

MEAT SAFES! MEAT SAFES!! MEAT SAFES!!!—A full supply of our own make and warranted; with or without refrigerators attached, at the Iron City Stove and Tin Warehouse of W. W. BRADSHAW, No. 134 Wood st., first door below the sign of the Golden Gun.

WATER COOLERS, BIRD CAGES, Charcoal Furnaces, Sad Iron Heaters, an excellent article for housekeepers to heat Irons without heating the house, at No. 134 Wood street. W. W. BRADSHAW.

NEW, HANDSOME AND CHEAP DRY GOODS of every variety suitable for the season, and as low as they can be found any place.
my23 G. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market st.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF ALL KINDS of Dry Goods suitable for the season. Please call and see them. C. HANNON LOVE,
my17 74 Market street.

OLD RYE WHISKY—I have on hand a large lot of Old Rye Whisky which I warrant to be genuine. Try a bottle and satisfy yourselves.
my20 JOS. FLEMING, cor. Diamond & Market st.

HOG HAIR—100 sacks in store and for sale by my3 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

New Advertisements.

BURNET HOUSE.

Cincinnati, Ohio.

HAVING TAKEN A LEASE UPON THE "BURNET" for a term of years, and reorganized in many departments, the undersigned can safely say that their arrangements, leading to the comfort and satisfaction of guests visiting the city, will be such as to gratify the demand of any reasonable number at the house.

A trial is solicited.

JOHNSON, SANDERS & CO.

my18:1mdis

J. N. SHALLENBERGER & CO.

[*Successors to R. Dalzell, Jr.*]

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

No. 101 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA. [my19:6tif

Notice.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—The undersigned will dispose by Public Sale, on *TUESDAY, JUNE 14th, 1859*, At their ware house on Liberty street, 175 CORN SHELLERS, for storage, &c., if the same is not paid and Shellers removed before that time. EIER & MITCHELL.

Pittsburgh, May 14th, 1859—my14:1m*

C. B. M. SMITH,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

No. 144 Fourth Street,

my14:6tly:r

C. SILL, SURGEON DENTIST; Office and Residence No. 87 GRANT STREET, opposite the Court House, between 1st and 2d sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

mr23:dawly

New Advertisements.

PRINCE IMPERIAL CHAMPAIGNE,

FROM

DE VENOGE & CO., Epernay, France.

As used at the

Imperial Tables on Continent of Europe.

A PERFECTLY PURE AND DELICATE WINE as a medicine price, admirably adapted to family use and rapidly becoming a universal favorite in the city of New York, having elicited the most flattering testimonials from the physicians of the Howard Hospital, St. Nicholas Hotel, Westfall House, Metropolitan Hotel, Astor House, JONES' House, and all the leading purchasers of Champagne in the city.

Sold by the principal dealers throughout the country.

E. V. HAUGHWOUT, Sole Importer,
Corner of Broadway and Broome street, New York
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REMOVAL.

EXCHANGE AND BANKING HOUSE

OF

KRAMER & RAHM,

No. 35, Bank Block, Fifth Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ALLEN KRAMER.....EDWARD RAHM.....FLORENCE KRAMER.

WE beg to apprise our friends and the public that we have removed to our new OFFICE, No. 35, BANK BLOCK, FIFTH STREET, where we will keep a more than ordinary supply of Eastern and Western Capital, with an experience of twenty years in the business. We will continue to transact the

Exchange and Banking Business in all its branches.

Commercial Paper Discounted and Negotiated.

Stocks, Bonds, and other Securities, bought and sold on Commission.

Prompt attention given to Collections in city or country.

Deposits Received in the Funds or Currency.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits

Drafts on Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Wheeling, Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Wheeling, Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Wheeling