Pittsburgh Gazette.

RUSSELL ERRETT...D. P. WILLIAMS...D. L. FATON...D. S. FERGUSON

R. ERRETT & CO.,
EDITORS and PROPRIETORS.
PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 25, 1859.

SARDINIAN FREEDOM.—Those people who are disposed to expend a large amount of sympathy for the Sardinian government on account of its liberality and freedom, will be astonished in reading the following "order." It looks very much like the proclamation of a "despot," and speaks little for free speech and a free press in that country:

TURIN, April 30.—Last evening's Gazette contained two decrees, signed by the Prince de Carignano, one of them subjecting to various pains and penalties persons who should "publish henceforward and during the war, either by means of the press, or by any mechanical contrivance adapted to the production of thought, news, narratives, or discussions that in any way may refer to the armies or to the progress of the war, and which are not officially communicated or published by the Government. It is also forbidden to cry printed papers about the streets, and to stick bills without special permission, and, by means of print, writing, or speech, in places open to the public, to excite passions or mistrust, to sow discord or disturb public tranquillity. The punishments denounced for transgressions of these enactments vary from six days to a year's imprisonment, with fines from 100 to 1,000 francs; the offenders to be judged by the ordinary tribunals. Periodical publications may be suspended or definitely suppressed. The Minister of the Interior can order their suspension until the tribunals shall have pronounced their sentence. No journal can be published without the authorization of the Minister of the Interior, to whom the right is also granted of prohibiting, when he thinks fit, the introduction or the sale, in the Sardinian States, of foreign newspapers or other foreign publications.

THE MASSACHUSETTS AMENDMENT.—The Republicans in all sections of the Union are speaking out in condemnation of the amendment to the Massachusetts Constitution recently adopted. The following resolutions were passed at a Republican meeting in Peora, Illinois:

Resolved, That as one of the charges preferred by our forefathers in the Declaration of Independence against the king of England was that he was endeavoring to prevent the population of these States, for that purpose obstructing the law for the naturalization of foreigners and refusing to encourage their migration hither, so we, viewing the recent unjust, oppressive and intolerant action of the people of Massachusetts, believe it to be incumbent on us to denounce the same in unmeasured terms, as directly promoting the very evils our forefathers complained of, and as contrary to the spirit of our free institutions.

Resolved, That believing as we do that the people of Illinois are greatly indebted to foreign born citizens for the absence of human slavery in our midst and its numerous attendant evils, and also believing that the spirit of our institutions and the constitution of our country both guarantee liberty of conscience and equality of rights among citizens, we deem it to be the policy and duty of the Republican party to invite and encourage the affiliation and co-operation of all men, foreign as well as native, to the end, that the cause of Freedom may be promoted, and the material growth and prosperity of our country may be augmented.

A RAILROAD DIRECTOR and ex-railroad President—one who has done more than any other man to saddle the city and county with their railroad debts, charges one of the editors of the *Gazette*, [Mr. Errett] in a communication in yesterday's *Journal*, with having, as a member of the Finance Committee of the City Councils, "labored to prevent the employment of Mr. Williams in the suits against the city" brought by the railroad bondholders.

There is not one word of truth in this charge, nor is there the semblance of fact on which to base it. The editor of the *Gazette* to whom allusion is made voted in the Finance Committee of 1858 to employ Mr. Williams as the counsel of the city in the railroad suits, and in the Finance Committee of 1859 he voted to employ Mr. Williams and Mr. Penney as counsel for the city in the Mandamus cases. This allegation of the correspondent of the *Journal* is therefore a fabrication out of the whole cloth; and the other allegations against the *Gazette* and the editor referred to are equally false.

THE DANDY.—Many efforts have been made to describe the *genus* dandy, but none have been so successful as that of Carlisle, who thus defines the term, and describes the animal, in two brief paragraphs:

"Touching dandies, let us consider, with some scientific strictness, what a dandy specially is. A dandy is a clothes-wearing man,—a man whose trade, office, and existence consist in the wearing of clothes.

Every faculty of his soul, spirit, purse and person, is heroically consecrated to this one object—the wearing of clothes, wisely and well, so that, as others dress to live, he lives to dress."

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The heavy drain of gold during the last month is beginning to produce its impression upon the money market in a stringency which will be felt more and more as the depletion shall progress. Over three millions were shipped from New York and Boston in the week just closed, and the fact is well ascertained that the leading foreign bankers have orders for supplies, to be procured at any cost. Mr. Belmont has already been in the market for Austria and Russia. These supplies will only be obtained by the sale of American securities, which are now beginning to come in from the other side, and which will be rushed in large quantities whenever the war begins in real earnest. The specie reserve in New York alone, as compared with the corresponding period last year, has fallen off about $10,000,000. And there is no immediate prospect by which this loss can be recovered. It is not surprising, therefore, in the presence of such facts, that the great money marts should be subjected to violent fluctuations, or a sense of unsettled confidence, such as has been witnessed for a fortnight past, should be felt.

The large imports at New York have necessarily tended to aggravate the condition of things and what is regarded by superficial observers as an evidence of returning prosperity, is the very worst sign which has recently appeared. We are now to be glutted with British and other fabrics beyond for the continental markets which are closed, that must be sold, bring what they may. They will not be bonded to meet the normal demand of consumption, as was the case after the crash in 1857, but must be auctioned at serious discount. The revenue may be spasmodically improved by this process of forcing sales beyond the natural wants of the community, but the reaction upon the specie reserve of the banks will tell damagingly when the pinch comes. The country is not now in a condition to pay for these enormous imports, and if the banks encourage them as they did two years ago, all New York especially, another explosion may be expected, with disastrous effects upon that city, and mischievous consequences elsewhere. Under the best circumstances, and with the most prudent policy, it will require a full crop to relieve the pressing embarrassments. The west has been dried up for more than a year past to meet its eastern indebtedness, growing out of the revulsion, and collecting has been the only active business between those great sections. Scatter foreign fabrics over that region, before the growing crop is past danger, and the result may be easily predicted. Let England seek and find some other market for her surplus manufactures and merchandize. We have been paying her tribute at the rate of $100,000,000 annually of clear profit, leaving out of view the immense frauds upon our revenue.—*Phil. N. American.*

"MORMON CRUELTIES.—The Salt Lake Valley Tan of April 19th says:

Cutting of throats is the prescribed mode of murder by which the victims of ecclesiastical mercy (?) are invariably sacrificed, and is the penalty attached to the violation of the oaths in the first degree of the mysterious and terrible endowment ceremonies. The penalty attached to the violation of the oath in the second endowment degree is to have the throat cut, and the heart plucked out with the most agonizing details. In the third or last degree, in addition to the above, the most horrible mutilation of the body, the ripping across the navel, and the tearing out of the bowels in the most disgusting manner, are the prescribed penalties of a violation of the most terrible secrets of Mormonism."

FRENCH WHEAT. To-day we saw a sample of beautiful white Winter Wheat imported from France to Montreal. It is large and plump, and will weigh probably sixty-three pounds to the bushel. In another column it will be seen that it is advertised for sale as seed wheat. Illinois farmers ought not to lose this opportunity of supplying themselves with fresh seed for their fall operations.—*Chicago Press.*

THERE is a married man in Galena, Ill., who insists that every night, about 10 o'clock, a ghost in woman's garb appears in his chamber, looks at him with a stare that appals him, till he turns in terror to his wife, who, it seems, cannot see the apparition. She locks the doors and fastens his windows, but it is of no use; the intruder comes. One of his old sweethearts, no doubt.

[Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

The Old School General Assembly.

Sermons by Drs. Thornwell, Humphrey and Rice.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 23.—The Third Church is crowded this (Monday) morning. Everybody is refreshed, soul and body, by the Sabbath rest, and a blessed day it was, with its bright, beautiful skies, and its wonderful sermons. I heard Dr. Thornwell, of Charleston, South Carolina, preach in the morning, and I wish all the world could have heard him. "What did you think of that sermon?" I asked of a friend. "I thought much of Christ after it," was the heartfelt reply. His theme was the love of Christ. Dr. Thornwell is a man of between 55 and 60, and is one of the pillars of the church in the south. Intellectually, he stands in the front rank; spiritually, he is one of the most devotedly pious men in the church; physically, he approaches the *beau ideal* of clerical humanity, save the frosty locks. His hair is black as Erebus, not in profusion but neatly disposed over a head of classic mould. Blessed with a clear and musical voice, his delivery is full of fire and unction. He is the "old man eloquent," with a sufficiency of the Demosthenic requisite of oratory, "action." No pent-up pulpit contracts his powers—from one end of the platform to the other he moves gracefully and earnestly, and being moved to the very centre of his own soul with the solemnity of the themes of eternity, he brings every hearer into a close sympathy with himself, carries them along with him, kindles the heart and convinces the intellect.

I heard Dr. Humphrey, of Danville, Ky., preach in the afternoon, at the North Western Christian University, a very excellent institution connected with the Disciple denomination. His sermon was addressed to the young men. His theme was Christ dead, Christ arisen, Christ reigning, Christ interceding. The Dr. was earnest, but I am told he did not do justice to himself on the occasion.

In the evening, I heard Dr. Rice give a masterly exposition of the doctrine of election, with his accustomed crystal clearness that characterizes this remarkable logician.

The devotional exercises this A. M. were conducted by the Moderator and others. The Assembly opened, and on motion of Dr. MacMaster, Judicial Case No. 3 was taken up from the docket, and leave granted to the appellant to withdraw it.

Soliciting Agents Again.—Mr. Ribeldaffer, of St. Paul, moved to take up the resolutions on the report of the Church Extension Committee, which were laid on the table, (viz, those in reference to the practice of soliciting funds for poor churches,) but the motion was negatived. The Assembly is evidently opposed to doing any thing in the premises.

The North-West Seminary.—Dr. Palmer, from the Committee on Theological Seminaries, reported in regard to the matter of the transfer of the North-West Seminary. Seven papers had been placed in the hands of the Committee: 1. An overture from the Board of Directors of the "Presbyterian Seminary of the North-West" proposing the transfer from the Synod to the General Assembly. 2. Action of the Synods of Cincinnati, Indiana, Chicago, Northern Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa and Southern Iowa, authorizing the transfer. 3. Two printed documents, viz, the completion of the Seminary, and the Act of Incorporation of the Synod of Illinois. 4. Opinions and wishes of twenty-nine Presbyteries. 5. Statement of the assets of the New Albany Seminary. 6. Proposals for the establishment of the Seminary at Chicago and Indianapolis. 7. Statement of the present indebtedness.

Dr. Palmer stated that of the eight Synods, five, (Cincinnati, Chicago, Indiana, Northern Indiana and Illinois,) urge the transfer *Simpliciter*; two (Wisconsin and Southern Iowa) recommend the election of professors only when the endowments are obtained; one (Iowa) that Assembly exercise only a negative control over the appointment of professors.

As to these specific terms in the Act of Assembly, more than $39,430 assets. Of this $25,000 is not under control of the trustees, but of the Assembly, having been contributed by a donor, whose wishes may be readily ascertained, and doubtless he would be willing to transfer it to the North West. There is also a fund of $5,241, which the Board has ordered to be paid out of the assets of the New Albany Seminary, (which, as you are aware, is not now in operation.)

There are two proposals. If the Assembly locates the Seminary at Chicago, Cyrus H. McCormick, chairman of "Reaper" notoriety will give his written obligation for $100,000, payable in four annual instalments, to bear six per cent. interest from the opening of the Seminary. $25,000 for each professorship. In addition to this, if in two years buildings worth $50,000 are erected, certain parties will give 45 acres of land worth probably $10,000.

The Indianapolis offer is as follows: $25,000 towards the endowments of the professorships—to bear six per cent. interest per annum; $25,000 by the citizens of Indianapolis for the erection of buildings on the site tendered by Rev. W. A. Holliday, valued at $10,000; another party proposes $6000—making a total of $66,000.

The Committee recommended the Assembly to accept the offer, and at the present session to select the location—the other details to be postponed until this matter is settled.

Dr. McMaster proposed to make the matter the special order for Saturday next.

Dr. Rice thought there was no reason why so important a matter should be postponed so long. He suggested that it be taken up this afternoon. After considerable debate, the Assembly voted in accordance with Dr. Rice's view.

Mr. Foreign Missions—Speeches by Missionaries.—The Order of the Day, the report of the Committee on the Report of the Board of Foreign Missions was taken up. Dr. Wilson, of Cincinnati, the chairman, read the report.

The history of the foreign missionary work, as detailed in the report of the board, furnishes abundant cause of devout thanksgiving to God, and of encouragement to increased liberality, zeal, self-denial, prayer and effort on the part of the church, in enlarging the place of her tents, and stretching forth the curtains of her habitations. The Lord has gone before His people, Israel, and has opened wider than ever an effectual door of entrance into the world of Satan's empire in every quarter of the globe. He who turns the hearts of men as the rivers of water are turned, and makes the wrath of man to praise Him, had overruled those calamities over which, a year ago, the church was shedding bitter tears of sorrow and sympathy, and, in view of which, she was called upon deeply to humble herself to the furtherance of the gospel. He has chastened, but in measure, and not according to our deserts. In a little wrath He hid His face from us for a moment, but His kindness has not departed, nor has He removed His covenant from His people.

In India, the sword has almost ceased to devour, and the noise of war no longer drowns the voice of the ministers of peace. And, although, for the present, the missionary work will be embarrassed by the severe losses sustained in that field, there is every reason to believe that, under the new order of things, the work can be prosecuted with greatly increased facilities, and in the face of far less prejudice and opposition than heretofore.

In Siam, abundant opportunities are offered for inculcating the good truths of Christianity, and no hindrance is interposed to the general distribution of books, or the preaching of the Word. China is every day becoming more and more accessible to the heralds of the Cross. Africa, one of the first fields towards which the heart of the church turned when it began anew to expand with earnest desire and purpose to fulfill the Master's great commission, now appears from amidst the dark cloud which has so long hung over her, and encloses forth the sun-rise of the morning of life. The committee also refer to the work in South America, and among the Indians. They recommend resolutions in grateful acknowledgement of the good-will and grace of God in advancing the work; declaring their confidence and encouragement for increased liberality and prayer; highly approving the efforts of the Board to enlist children in the work of systematically giving in furtherance of this cause; and approving the conduct of the Board during the year.

Dr. Lowrie, one of the Secretaries of the Board, thought the Assembly might spend a whole day on this matter. Never before in the history of our mission had there been such a manifestation of these things—1st, the favor of God on the external work; and 2d, the outpouring of the Spirit in connection with the labors of the missionaries. India is now at peace, and there is better need than ever of more missionaries. The actual number of laborers in that land is now one-sixth less than three years ago; four were massacred, three have returned in consequence of ill-health, and two or two have gone out. Yet the land is more open than ever. The details of the mission reports show that the Spirit of God is hovering over that people. One of the missionaries found a man reclining under a tree, his face covered with mud and filth, who said, "Sir, I am seeking after God!" The man was taken up, instructed, and led to seek after the Lord Jesus Christ, and finding in Him a blessed Savior, he is now preaching Christ to his brethren. Not long since, at Dehra, a whole village, where the face of a missionary had never been seen, but where copies of God's Word had been in their possession for a number of years, several of the leading men have been baptized and the whole community is on the eve of becoming Christian. Similar statements might be made in regard to other lands. He regarded the opening of China as the greatest event of the age. The last letter from Ningpo announced the reception of twelve converts. Wonderful have been the results of fifty years. That long ago, Robert Morrison came to New York to secure a passage to China, having been refused a passage by the East India Company at London, and on applying to a merchant on South st., he was addressed: "So, sir, you expect to convert the Chinese?" "No, sir, I do not," was the reply, "but God will!" And God is carrying on the work He began by the hands of that man.

With regard to the prospects, Dr. L. said some eight or nine brethren were under appointment to sail during the present summer, and a larger number were under appointment to sail next summer. There must be a great increase of means. We have no room for further report.

Rev. Wm. Speer, formerly of the Chinese Mission, said the church had not yet begun to conceive what God is doing on this earth. When he landed on Chinese shores, the cry was "kill him," "cut off his head;" now the way is burst open; the walls of Canton are thrown down. We *must* realize, he said, that the heathen are not savages. There are men in that and other heathen lands equal in point of intellect to any man in this house. He read from a Chinese document written by a Chinaman at San Francisco, in answer to slurs cast upon them by Governor Bigler; and an appeal to Congress for relief against grievances in California. These documents indicate the writers to be men of intelligence and learning.

Rev. D. A. Wilson, of the Presbytery of West Africa, read some resolutions from his presbytery drawn up by an African, the language of which was well-chosen and appropriate. Mr. Wilson adverted to the peculiar claims of Africa.

The Assembly adjourned with prayer by Dr. Thornwell.

Afternoon Session—The N. W. Seminary Debate.—The order of the day was taken up.

Dr. Wilson of Cincinnati, moved the adoption of the first resolution accepting the control of the Seminary. Carried without debate, unanimously.

Dr. Rice of Chicago, moved to adopt the second resolution which declares that the Assembly will at the present session decide the locality. Adopted unanimously.

Dr. Rice, moved that the Assembly now proceed to determine the location. Adopted unanimously.

Mr. Haskell, moved that the Assembly decide the question by ballot.

Dr. Wilson called for the reading of the proposals of parties at Chicago and Indianapolis.

Mr. Newsome, inquired how the trustees could throw off the franchises granted by the legislature, and transfer them to another body. He moved that a special committee be appointed to report on those questions. There are legal gentlemen in the house perfectly competent to report on the matter. Decided out of order, as the motion to vote by ballot was before the house.

Mr. Newsome moved to lay this motion on the table. Lost. The motion to decide by ballot was lost.

Here followed a beautiful [illegible] motions and amendments, in which the Moderator [illegible] entirely befogged and the Assembly mystified. Light at last came, when Dr. Rice moved to lay all the amendments, etc., on the table, which was carried. He then moved to consider the question of location. Carried.

Mr. W. Sheets, of Muncie presbytery, addressed the Assembly in favor of Indianapolis, and Dr. Rice in favor of Chicago. I will notice these speeches more at length to-morrow. Yours, M.

A PARAGRAPH TO BE READ.—The following paragraph deserves the careful attention of every business man. We clip it from the Sebenectady *Star*:

"Some say "they cannot afford to advertise." In this country, where everybody reads the newspapers, the man must have a thick skull who does not see that these are the cheapest and the best mediums through which he can speak to the public, where he is to find customers. Put on the appearance of business, and generally the reality will follow. The farmer plants his seed, and while he is sleeping his corn and potatoes are growing. So with advertising. While you are sleeping or eating, or conversing with one set of customers, your advertisement is being read by hundreds and thousands of persons who never saw you, nor heard of your business, and never would, had it not been for your advertisement in the newspaper."

THE "TWO YEARS AMENDMENT."—Those Democratic organs that are rolling up their eyes in holy horror because the "Two Years' Amendment" was adopted in Massachusetts, at which their party connived, had better, before further attempting to manufacture political capital from such fragile material, attend to the washing of the foul linen that may be found within their own doors. The good Democratic State of South Carolina passed a law through her Legislature during the session of 55–56 which exactly jibes with the two years' amendment of the Massachusetts Constitution; and that law continues in force to this day. It seems to make a great difference whose ox is gored.

The Clinton (Iowa) *Herald*, of Saturday published in the heaviest wheat growing region of Iowa, says:

"At the present time, everything promises well for the growing grain in this vicinity. The breadth of land sown is much larger than usual, and the weather for the last two weeks has been all that could be desired. Our exchanges from all portions of the State concur in their statements regarding the increased breadth of land sown, and the favorable weather enjoyed during seed time. Providence is certainly smiling on us, and we trust will not hide his face from us again."

ANTI-MISSIONARY MOVEMENT IN INDIA.—The Madras *Times* mentions a rumor current for some days in Madras, that certain of the leading Hindoos and Mohammedans at the Presidency have arranged the preliminaries for a monster anti-missionary meeting. The Brahmins and Moulvies are to be summoned in large numbers from the Mofusil, to lend the movement the sanction of their authority, and aid it with their counsel and rhetoric. For the redress of their supposed wrongs, and the attainment of their remedy, a memorial is to be presented to the Secretary of State for India.

BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS.—FEMALES SUFFERING WITH NAUSEA AND DEBILITY.—A Tonic Stimulant, suitable in those peculiar cases in the life of every female, more particularly every mother, has long been a desideratum in the medical world: something to be retained as a necessary component of every well furnished Family Medicine Chest, to which, at those seasons, recourse may be had, with the confidence of finding relief from the nausea, and restoration of strength, with perfect fearlessness of awful consequences, yet without having taken a medicine possessing antagonistic principles, to render danger from another medicine, should it subsequently require it, to the peculiarity of the disease.

All these desiderata we believe to be perfectly fulfilled in *Boerhave's Holland Bitters*. From the nature of the disease so hereinabled to we have not thought proper to parade the names of those ladies who have unhesitatingly afforded us the evidence of the truth of the assertions we here make—but all and every word can be substantiated to the satisfaction of the most incredulous. We offer one of the most safe and certain remedies for this class of afflictions, and all those, whether peculiar to the sex or not, which result from weakness of any particular organ, or general debility of the system. Its effect's are almost magical, yet the cure radical. It communicates no painful shock to the system, but gently insinuating itself through the whole frame, restores the vital energy to normal action, and, while enabling nature to throw off the cause, it thoroughly eradicates the effects of disease.

Are you nauseated in early morning, indisposed to rise?—We earnestly request you to try the half of a teaspoonful.—It surely will not harm. You will positively gain new accession of energy, and a cheerful, hopeful looking forward to the duties of the day.

Are you subject to nausea before or after eating? Try the same quantity before each meal. As we said before, it will not harm; yet we assure you of relief from that distressing loathing at the thought of food, and also from the disposition to vomit after partaking. We promise perfect digestion of what has been eaten.

If you find that the dose prescribed has been too great, diminish the quantity to suit your constitution.

HEAD CASES.—The genuine Eighty Dollar Testimonials have's Holland Bitters is put up in half pint bottles only, and retailed at $1 per bottle. The great demand for the truly Celebrated Bitters has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. Beware of imposition! See that our name is on the label of every bottle you buy.

BENJAMIN PAGE, JR., & CO., Sole Proprietors, 77 Second street, between 1st and 2d sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.
my23dw&wF

New Advertisements.

$3 SAVED!

PARE REQUIRED TO ALL POINTS IN KANSAS

Railroad completed across the State of Missouri. Passengers bound for any point in Kansas or on the Missouri River, save $4 in fare, and from three to five days in time.

For through Tickets and all information for Western and Southern lines, call at the General Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, corner Room Monongahela House

JOHN H. KNOWLAND,
my25:1td General Railroad and Steamboat Agent.

WOOL! WOOL!!

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID for all grades of CLEAN WASHED FLEECE AND TUB WOOLS, at the Old Established Wool Warehouse No. 159 Liberty Street, corner of Cecil's alley.

my23:2aw:2m&wF J. L. MARSHALL.

PRINCE IMPERIAL CHAMPAIGNE,
FROM
DE VENOGE & CO., Epernay, France,
As used at the
Imperial Tables on Continent of Europe.

A PERFECTLY PURE AND DELICATE WINE at a moderate price, admirably adapted to family use and rapidly becoming an established favorite to the New York Trade. Testimonials of the most flattering kind—testimonials from the proprietors of the Howard Hotel, St. Nicholas Hotel, Westcott House, Metropolitan Hotel, Astor House, Jones' House, and all the leading purchasers of Champagne in that city.

Sold by the principal dealers throughout the country.

E. V. HAUGHWOUT, Sole Importer,
Corner of Broadway and Broome Street, New York
my24:10td&dy

SUNDRIES—
Potatoes—450 bushels Lake Shore, Do.
Mackerel—Large No. 3 in bbls. and half bbls.
Brooms—6 doz. fancy qualities.
Dried Apples and Peaches—25 bags.
Scotch Herring—80 boxes.
Hollies—5 barrels.
Cheese—20 boxes Western Reserve.
Bacon—20 hhds. Hams, Sides and Shoulders.
Eggs and Butter—10 bbls and kitts, fresh.
For sale by my24 RIDDLE, WIRTS & CO.

ICE CREAM! ICE CREAM!!

F. A. MIERSCH & SONS'
Ice Cream Saloon and Soda Water Fountain,
French and American Confectionary.
my24 42 ST. CLAIR STREET.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS AND DRIED BEEF.—100 tierces C. Davis & Co's S. C. Hams;
14 do do Evans & Swift's do
10 do do S. Davis, Jr.'s do
10 do do Gardner, Phipps & Co's S. C. Hams;
10 do do J. H. Davis & Co's Dried Beef.

These Hams and Beef are put up for summer use, and will be found of excellent quality. F. SELLERS & CO.,
my24:d1w 270 Liberty st.

PIANO GUIDE.—Knorr's Methodical Guide for Teachers of the Piano, containing hints that will assist them in imparting to their pupils the true Piano touch, and much other information invaluable to the teacher. *Price* 50 cents.

For sale by JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood street.
Copies mailed on the receipt of the price. my24

ESSENCE JAMAICA GINGER.—6 grs. Brown's and McAllister's for sale by
B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
my24 corner of Fourth and Wood street.

CATTLE POWDER—5 grs. each Fickardt's and Fronefield's for sale by
B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
my24:

BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM and Purifying Extract.—5 gross for sale by
B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
my25

EGGS—5 bbls. on hand and for sale by
SHRIVER & ELLIOTT,
my24 180 and 182 Second st.

TENN. WHEAT—100 sacks now landing from steamer S P Hibberd for sale by
my24 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

TENN. CORN—100 sks now landing from steamer S P Hibberd for sale by
my24 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

FLAX SEED—4 sacks now landing from steamer S P Hibberd for sale by
my24 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

PEA NUTS—5 sacks Pea Nuts just arrived per steamer S P Hibberd for sale by
my24 ROBT. DICKEY, 348 Liberty st.

APPLES—4 sacks Dried Apples now landing per steamer S P Hibberd for sale by
my24 ROBT. DICKEY, 348 Liberty st.

MEAT SAFES! MEAT SAFES!! MEAT SAFES!!!—A full supply of our own make and warranted; with or without refrigerators attached, at the Iron City Stove and Tin Warehouse of W. W. BRADSHAW, No. 134 Wood st., first door below the sign of the Golden Gun.

WATER COOLERS, BIRD CAGES, Charcoal Furnaces, Sad Iron Heaters, an excellent article for housekeepers to heat Irons without leaving the house, at No. 134 Wood street. W. W. BRADSHAW.

NEW, HANDSOME AND CHEAP DRY GOODS of every variety suitable for the season, and as low as they can be found any place.
my20 C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market st.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF ALL KINDS of Dry Goods suitable for the season. Please call and see them. C. HANSON LOVE,
74 Market street.

OLD RYE WHISKY—I have on hand a large lot of Old Rye Whisky which I warrant to be genuine. Try a bottle and satisfy yourselves.
my20 JOS. FLEMING, cor. Diamond & Market sts.

HOG HAIR—100 sacks in store and for sale by my8 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

New Advertisements.

BURNET HOUSE,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

HAVING TAKEN A LEASE UPON THE "BURNET" for a term of years, and reorganized in many departments, the undersigned can safely say that their arrangements, tending to the comfort and satisfaction of guests visiting the city, will be such as to gratify the demand of any sojourner at the house.

A trial is solicited.

JOHNSON, SANDERS & CO.
my15 1m:dis

J. N. SHALLENBERGER & CO.
(*Successors to R. Dunlap, Jr.*)
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
No. 101 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
my13:dtf

Notice.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—The undersigned will dispose by Public Sale, on
TUESDAY, JUNE 14th, 1859,
At their warehouse on Liberty street, 175 CORN SHELLERS, for storage, &c., if the same is not paid and Shellers removed before that time.
KIER & MITCHELL.
Pittsburgh, May 14th, 1859—my14:1md

C. B. M. SMITH,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
my16:d1y.to.) *No. 144 Fourth Street.*

C. SILL, SURGEON DENTIST; Office and residence No. 87 GRANT STREET, opposite the Court House, believes he can suit the wants of any that may favor him with their patronage. Any of the various styles of Teeth inserted if wished. my9:d1y

AMERICAN CHIROPEDIST removes Corns from the feet in a few minutes, without pain or the slightest inconvenience to the patient. Bunions removed from the joint of the great toe, reduced to the natural size. Ingrowing nails changed to a healthy state. Charges reasonable. Room No. 41, St. Clair Hotel. my11:eodlmd

REMOVAL.
EXCHANGE AND BANKING HOUSE
OF
KRAMER & RAHM,
No. 35, Bank Block, Fifth Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ALLEN KRAMER.....EDWARD RAHM.....FLORENCE KRAMER

WE beg to apprise our friends and the public that we have removed to our new OFFICE, NO. 35, BANK BLOCK, FIFTH STREET, where we will be happy to tender them our services, and trust our ample Capital, with an experience of twenty years in the business in this city, will enable us to meet the wants of our customers. We will continue to transact the

Exchange and Banking Business in all its branches.
Commercial Paper Discounted and Negotiated.
Stocks, Bonds, and other Securities, bought and sold on Commission.
Prompt attention given to Collections on city or country.
Deposits Received in Par Funds or Current.
Interest allowed on Time Deposits.
Deed in Specie, Bank Notes, Land Warrants, &c.
Credit Remittances of Correspondents at lowest possible rates.
Making Returns promptly by first mail, as directed.
my23:tf KRAMER & RAHM

Great Alterative and Blood Purifier.
DR. SWAYNE'S PANACEA.

THIS old established and invaluable remedy for the cure of Scrofula, or King's Evil, Ulcerous and White Swelling, Eruptions of the Skin, Blotches or Pimples of the Face, Obstinate or Scaly Eruptions, Boils which arise from an impure habit of blood, Pains in the Bones, Weakness and Debilitated state of the System, arising either from a long and protracted course of Mercurial, or having labored under an attack of syphilis, the seeds of which still remain in the system, or having swallowed a great amount of Mercurial Medicine, &c., which may have affected the bones or their covering, called the periost-eum, which sometimes gives rise to a chronic ulcerous discharge, and small bones occasionally come away. Attacks of Rheumatism in consequence of an injured or abused Constitution; long standing Bilious Affections of the Liver, Sallowness of the Skin, Chronic Affections of the Liver, Marasmus, or wasting of Flesh, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Hip Joint Complaint, in short, the most loathsome diseases which have put every other medicine at defiance, as well as the skill of the profession, for more than a quarter of a century, have been perfectly eradicated by this great vegetable compound, in all cases of eruptions "*Swayne's All Healing Ointment*," should be used in connection with the *Panacea*. The two will cure the most chronic and obstinate eruptive diseases. Retail price of the Panacea $1.50 per bottle, 3 bottles $4.00.

Delivered to any address on receipt of Remittance.

A RECENT VERY REMARKABLE CURE
Was that of Eliza A. Clark, No. 4 Trenton street, Charlestown, Mass. While in Philopolphia, she resided with Wm H. Shay, 16th street, 4 doors below Race.

The case was an eruption of eight years standing of the most obstinate character, covering the whole surface, from the sole of the foot to the crown of the head, itching and irritable in the extreme. The most eminent of the profession had failed in warding off the disease. Dr. SWAYNE'S Panacea was efficient in making a perfect cure.

Prepared only by DR. SWAYNE & SON, Phila
Sold by DR. G. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street,
Sole Agent for Pittsburgh.

RICHARDSON'S
IRISH LINENS,
Damasks, Diapers, &c.

CONSUMERS of RICHARDSON'S LINENS, and those desirous of obtaining the GENUINE GOODS, should see that the articles they purchase are sealed with the full name of the firm,
RICHARDSON, SONS & OWDEN
as a guarantee of the soundness and durability of the Goods. This caution is rendered essentially necessary as large quantities of [illegible] defective Linens are palmed upon unwary persons and families with the name of RICHARDSON, late Irish House. The genuine article can be imported only from Belfast, and is of the highest character.

J. J. BULLOCK & J. E. LOCKE,
ap7:1y&dis Agents, 36 Church street, New York

New Stock of Moleodeons.

JUST RECEIVED, a splendid new lot of Melodeons, from the factory of Mason & Hamlin, Boston, including all the styles made by this firm. This make of instruments have been approved by the greatest musicians in the country, as by Lowell Mason, Geo. F. Root, W. B. Bradbury and others—consequently they can be relied on as being *first class instruments*. They are noted for the following points:

1. Their pure and musical quality of tone.
2. Their great power of tone.
3. Their quality of tone.
4. Their prompt and easy touch.
5. Their beautiful style of finish.
6. Their durability.
7. Their cheapness of price.

For sale only by JOHN H MELLOR, 81 Wood st.
Descriptive circular sent to any address my12

CLAY—
GOVERNMENT PIPE CLAY, IN BOXES
TO ARRIVE IN MAY AND JUNE.
FOR SALE BY
VON KAPFF & ARENS,
ap22:d1m AT BALTIMORE

CARD.—MESSRS. CARTWRIGHT & YOUNG, No. 81 Wood street, invite the attention of the trade, hotel and restaurant keepers and house keepers generally, to their present stock of HOUSEHOLD CUTLERY. It has been received fresh from the manufacturers or importers, and embraces all varieties of Table Cutlery, of either American, English, French or German manufacture. Owing to their facilities for trade they are prepared to offer their customers cash purchasers stronger than usual. An examination of the stock is solicited. my21

LIFE INSURANCE.—The GIRARD LIFE INSURANCE, ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY, at the Agency, No. 75 Grant street, Pittsburgh, continues to make insurances on lives. In addition to a paid-capital of $500,000, they have a large and increasing assurance fund, affording undoubted security to the insured. In cases of insurance for life the bonus declared from annual profits has already exceeded fifty per cent. on all premiums paid.

THOS. RIDGWAY, Pres't; JOHN F. JAMES, Actuary; JAS. KING, M. D., Medical Examiner, office No. 112 Fifth street, Pittsburgh. For further information, apply to WM. BAKEWELL, Agent for the Company, No. 75 Grant street.
my12:1y

Bargains in Second-Hand Pianos.

ONE 6 octave, Rosewood case, overstrung iron frame, made by Chickering & Sons. Only two years old.

One 6½ octave, Rosewood case, round corners, made by Hallet & Davis.

One 6¾ octave, Rosewood case, carved desk, plain carved feet, made by Munns & Clark.

One 6 octave,	Mahogany	case, made by	Munns & Clark
" 6 "	"	"	N. Y. Manufac'g Co
" 6 "	"	"	Hallet & Davis
" 6 "	Rosewood	"	Pape (Paris)
" 6 "	Mahogany	"	Albrecht
" 6½ "	"	"	Hallet & Davis
" 6 "	"	"	German make
" 6 "	"	"	Chickering
" 5 "	"	"	"

For sale by [my12] JOHN H MELLOR, 81 Wood st

GREAT NOVELTY—MINIATURE PIANOS.—The undersigned have just received an entirely new style of Miniature Piano, called VOCAL OR MINIATURE PIANOS. They are very handsome, and HALF THE SIZE of ordinary pianos; have full seven octaves of keys, and are finished in the most elegant Louis XIV style.

They are unquestionably the most desirable instruments for small parlors, steamboats, etc., that have ever been made. Their tone and touch are admirable, and their durability unquestioned. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine these charming little instruments at H. KLEBER & BRO., No. 52 Fifth st.
ap26] Sole Agents for the above and Steinway's Pianos.

SECOND HAND MACHINERY FOR SALE.

One Steam Engine Cylinder 24 inch bore, 8 feet stroke, poppet valve, complete to the crank pin.

Two Blowing Cylinders, 61 inches bore, 6 feet stroke, with Pipes, Shaft, Pillar Blocks and Gearing complete.

For particulars apply at our works, South Pittsburgh; or at our office, 21 Market street.
my22:2md&wT ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS.

WAR NEWS! WAR NEWS!! WAR NEWS!!!—See N. Y. Daily Herald, Tribune and Times, delivered to every part of the city. Leave your address at Hunt & Miner's, Masonic Hall, Fifth street.
my20 J. W. PITTOCK, Sole Agent.

THE WAR IN EUROPE.—For full particulars see N. Y. Daily Herald, Tribune and Times, delivered to every part of the city. Leave your address at Hunt & Miner's Masonic Hall, Fifth street.
JOHN W. PITTOCK, Sole Agent.
my20

KEEP YOUR TEETH CLEAN and white by using the Parisian Tooth Paste, sold only by the manufacturers. my20 JOS. FLEMING.

REMOVAL.—N. HOLMES & SONS, Bankers, have removed three doors above their old stand where they will be found until the completion of their new building. ap9:d1f

WOOL WANTED—For which the highest market price will be paid in cash by
my18 SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO., 209 Liberty st

NEWS FROM EUROPE.—See N. Y. Daily Herald, Tribune and Times, delivered to every part of the city. Leave your address at Hunt & Miner's, Masonic Hall. (my20) J. W. PITTOCK, Agent

ORANGES AND LEMONS—
100 Boxes Messina Oranges;
100 do do Lemons, now arriving per Rail Road, on consignment and for sale by
my20 ROBT. DICKEY, No. 348 Liberty street.

COMPOUND SYRUP OF PHOSPHATES Or Chemical Food. A large supply fresh rec'd by
my20 JOS. FLEMING,
corner Diamond and Market st.