JAMES M'CANDLESS.....ROBERT JAMISON.....THOMAS JAMISON.....JOSIAH BEAMER

JAMES M'CANDLESS & CO.,
NO. 103 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
Would respectfully call the attention of
THEIR CUSTOMERS AND MERCHANTS GENERALLY,
TO THEIR STOCK FOR THE
SPRING AND SUMMER TRADE,
Surpassed by none in extent or variety, and to which,
CONSTANT ADDITIONS WILL BE MADE THROUGHOUT THE SEASON
Their Terms and Prices will be as Favorable to Purchasers as those of any other House, East or West.
☞ Cash and Short Time Buyers are Especially Invited to call. mr16d&wtp1T

H. CHILDS & CO.,
WHOLESALE BOOT AND SHOE WAREHOUSE,
No. 133 Wood Street, Pittsburgh,
WE ARE NOW OPENING OUR LARGE AND EXTENSIVE STOCK OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every variety, and latest styles and fashions adapted to Spring and Summer Sales, which having been purchased principally for CASH, direct from the Manufacturers, and selected with great care as to quality and sizes, we flatter ourselves we are able to offer SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS to our friends who may call.
WE ARE AGENTS FOR
MITCHELL'S PATENT
METALLIC
TIPPED BOOTS AND SHOES,
FOR BOYS, YOUTHS AND CHILDREN,
Which are highly recommended throughout the Eastern States for their durability and cheapness—ONE PAIR having been found by actual test, to OUT-WEAR THREE PAIRS OF THIS OLD STYLE.
☞ Buyers will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock
*Before Purchasing Elsewhere.*
☞ Particular attention given to orders. mr19:d&w'mT

## Special Notices.

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS, PITTSBURGH.
PARK, M'CURDY & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter solder, &c. Also, Importers and Dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c., Constantly on hand, Timmen's Machines and Tools.
*Warehouse, No. 149 First and 120 Second street,*
Pittsburgh, Penna.
☞ Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my25d&wly T

JOHN S. LEE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 45 Market St., Pittsburgh.
A good assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, Vestings, Coatings, and all goods suitable for gentlemens' wear, just received.
☞ Orders promptly filled, in the latest styles of the art. mr25:1ydfc

McCORD & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS,
*WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,*
131 Wood Street, Pittsburgh,
Have now on hand for Spring Sales, as large and complete an assortment of Goods as can be found in any of the eastern cities, consisting of FUR, SILK AND WOOL HATS of every style and quality; CAPS of every quality and latest fashions; PALM LEAF, STRAW, LEGHORN AND PANAMA HATS; STRAW, LEGHORN AND SILK BONNETS, etc., etc. Persons wishing to purchase either by Wholesale or Retail, will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock. mr11

FRENCH WHITE ZINC PAINT.
500 Tons Snow White and No. 1.
DRY AND GROUND IN OIL IN FRANCE,
*WARRANTED PURE,*
In store and to arrive, for sale by
JOSEPH M. STRONG,
No. 53 Reade Street, New York,
mr8:3mdfc Agent, Vieille Montagne & Co. Paris.

SAMUEL GRAY
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
*No. 62 ST. CLAIR STREET,*
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.,
Has just returned from the Eastern Cities and is now receiving his Spring stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Coatings of every variety and style adapted to the best city and country trade, which will be made up to order with promptness and despatch, and at rates as low as at any other similar establishment in the city. fa22:lfc

McBRIDE & CO.
Forwarding and Commission Merchants,
And Agents for the sale of Pittsburgh Manufactures. Consignments and orders for LEAD, HIDES, HEMP, PRODUCE, &c., solicited. Prompt attention to receiving and forwarding.
No. 40 Commercial Street, St. Louis.
de22:6dcolr

J. H. CHRISTY, M. D.,
*163 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Penna.,*
Having had the advantages of Eastern Colleges and Hospitals, and several years practice, offers his professional services to SURGICAL AND MEDICAL CASES.
REFERENCES
Rev. W. D. Howard, Col. Wilson McCandless,
Rev. D. H. A. McLeod, Hon. H. A. Weaver,
T. H. Hill, Esq., Hon. T. J. Bigham,
J. S. Hunter, John H. Mellor, Esq.
Jacob McCallister, Esq. my3:1ydfc

ETNA STOVE WORKS.
ALEXANDER BRADLEY,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN EVERY VARIETY OF
COOKING, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES,
Plain and Fancy Grate Fronts, &c.
Sole Proprietor of the celebrated PATENT GAS BURNING AND SMOKE CONSUMING COOK STOVES.
Office and Sales Room,
mr13:1ydfc No. 4 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

STARCH AND FARINA.
Made by the
West Philadelphia Manufacturing Co.
(First Premium awarded by the Franklin Institute, November, 1858.)
Diamond Gloss Starch, in cases cont'g 6 boxes, 6 lbs. each 1 lb. Do. boxes do 40 papers, 1 " do.
Alum, Refined, Pure and Pearl Starch, in boxes various sizes, all for laundry use.
CORN FARINA, (or Corn Starch,) in box 40 papers each. This article is expressly prepared for culinary purposes, and can be relied on as superior in purity to any in use. For sale by THOMPSON, CLARKE & YOUNG, Phila., Jan'y 1, 1859:d1f-tr Agents for the Company.

N. HOLMES & SONS,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Bills of Exchange,
CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT,
AND
BANK NOTES AND SPECIE,
NO. 57 MARKET STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Collections made on all the principal cities throughout the United States. ap22:4:y

ROBERT ORR,
DEALER IN
STRAW BONNETS AND HATS,
BONNET RIBBONS,
FLOWERS, &c.,
NO. 93 MARKET STREET,
mr16:1ydfc PITTSBURGH.

S. B. & C. P. MARKLE,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PRINTING, JOB AND ALL KINDS OF
WRAPPING PAPER.
Warehouse, No. 27 Wood Street,
*PITTSBURGH, PA.*
Rags bought at market prices. my6:1ydfc

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron Railing, Iron Vaults, Vault Doors, Window Shutters, Window Guards, &c.,
*No. 91 Second Street and 86 Third Street,*
(Between Wood and Market,) PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Have on hand a variety of new Patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes. Particular attention paid to erecting Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. mr2
WM. FARDYCE. WM. C. FRIEND
VANDEVER & FRIEND,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
AND
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
*No. 5, Shire's Block, Dubuque, Iowa.*
☞ Collections promptly made in any part of Northern Iowa, or Western Wisconsin.
Will attend to the purchase and Sale of Real Estate, obtaining Money on Bonds and Mortgages. ad1:1ydfc

WM. G. ROBINSON.....P. H. MILLER.
WITHROW DOUGLASS.....WILSON MILLER.
ROBINSON, MILLER & MILLER,
FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS,
WASHINGTON WORKS,
Pittsburgh, Penna.
Office, No. 21 Market street.
Manufacture all kinds of Steam Engines and Mill Machinery, Castings, Railroad Work, Steam Boilers, and Sheet Iron Work.
Jobbing and Repairing done on short notice. mr25:1ydfc

STOVES,
GRATES AND RANGES,
OF EVERY VARIETY,
MANUFACTURED AND FOR SALE,
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,
BY
BISSELL & CO.,
No. 233 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
fe14:1ydf

WEYMAN & SON,
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,
AND
LEAF TOBACCO,
*Corner of Smithfield Street and Diamond Alley,*
PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
SIGHT BILLS DRAWN BY
DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
ON THE UNION BANK, LONDON, IN SUMS OF ONE POUND STERLING AND UPWARDS.
Also, Bills on the principal cities and towns of France, Belgium, Holland, Germany, Russia and other European States, constantly on hand and for sale by
WM. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
ap22:1ydfc Bankers, Wood street, corner of Third.

J. M. LITTLE
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 54 St. Clair Street,
(Dr. Irish's New Building,) PITTSBURGH, PA.
fe8:1ydfc

CARD.
J. SCOTT, Dentist,
HAS removed to the house lately occupied by Dr. Wm. A. Ward, No. 278 Penn street, (south side,) third door above Hand street.
Office Hours from 9 A. M. till 5 P. M. ap1:1ydfc

Pittsburgh Gazette.
PITTSBURGH:
TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1859.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

## City and News Items.

MEAN TEMPERATURE.—Observations taken at Shaw's Optician Store, No. 58 Fifth st., yesterday.

| | IN SUN. | IN SHADE. |
|---|---|---|
| 9 o'clock, A. M. | 70 | 62 |
| 12 " M. | 100 | 80 |
| 6 " P. M. | | 61 |
| Barometer | | 29 2-10 |

☞ UNION PRAYER MEETING, at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, No. 68 Fifth street, at 4½ o'clock, P. M., every afternoon. Come for a few minutes if you cannot stay longer.

NOTICE.—We have been obliged, by the sickness of our old carrier, to put on a new one in all the lower portions of the city. Such of our subscribers as may miss their paper will do us the favor of leaving their number at our office, when they will be faithfully served with their GAZETTE each morning with their coffee

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT.—Monday, May 16th.—The case of Gibbs, Irick & Co. vs City of Pittsburgh was continued

Geo. W. Jackson, sworn.—He testified that he was one of the Directors of A. V. R. R., at the time of its organization; don't recollect whether a single bond was issued in the first instance for the whole subscription of the city to the company; the bonds issued by the city were transferred to and sold by the company.

Mr. Williams asked if the bonds were sold at par. Then there arose a long colloquy between the opposing counsel and the judge.

The judge said that if the bonds were once legally issued, they were good for whatever their face showed. The court wouldn't hear of any private arrangements about interest on such bonds.

After some further argument, Mr. Williams reduced the offer to writing, viz: to prove by Mr. Jackson the time and price at which the bonds were issued; that the work of the road has long since been suspended, and that the company has been hopelessly bankrupt for a long time.

Plaintiff's counsel objected, and the court sustained the objection, to which ruling the defense excepted, and exception was sealed. Thereupon Mr. Jackson left the stand

Wm. H. Cluley, sworn.—Am a clerk in Controller's office; have been there since the office was established, Feb. 1st, 1855. am familiar with the business and records of the office; archives of the city are there; city keeps a book of transfer for city bonds; have examined the books and find no transfer of railroad bonds; there are no such bonds entered in the books at all; there are papers relating to A V R R bonds; (papers put in;) have examined minutes of Councils going back to issue of S. R. R. bonds.

[Judge asked if Mr. Williams had got through with Allegheny Valley bonds and was now going on to the Steubenville, to which Mr. W said "Yes."]

Mr. W. showed from a reference to the Steubenville bonds that one condition printed in them was that they could only be transferred on the books of the company.

Judge asked if that was possible and at the same time the bond was made payable to bearer.

Mr. W. said they were made payable to bearer; but on a further examination of the bonds, said, No, they were *not* made payable to bearer, but to assigns.

Here the witness, Mr Cluley, was withdrawn, and

S F Vonbonhorst sworn—Under the first ordinance the books of the P. & S R. R. Co., show the bonds were sold at par; on the second issue they were sold at various prices; on the bonds of the second issue there was a red mark to distinguish them, those of the first issue have no such mark; cannot tell the price at which the second issue were sold without going into a calculation. [Mr. Shaler said the second issue of bonds to the Steubenville Railroad was made under the act of 1854, and there was no limitation in it as to the price for which the bonds were to be sold. I can make that calculation; at the time of the first issue of bonds, Henry Graff was President of the company; the first sale was made to Wm A. Hill & Co, and Wheelan & Co., of Philadelphia, the first sale was $150,000 worth, and a second $100,000. Hill afterwards bought others; he charged, after he had left the office of Treasurer of the company, $6,250 commissions for selling the bonds, which has never been paid and is still in litigation; all the bonds were sold from the winter 1854 to 1856; the large proportion of the issue was hypothecated, and were sold during the crisis of 1854 and '55, and some as low as 50; there is a balance due by Wm A Hill to the company for a large sum; the company has bonds for the faithful discharge of his duty in the sum of $25,000. [Return of the Commissioners as which the letters and figures were traced was put into the case]

Mr Williams asked if there was a private agreement between the company and Manfull, Nicholson & Co, who took 2800 shares of the stock

Mr. Stanton objected and asked for the offer in writing.

Mr. Williams wrote his offer to prove that a large proportion of the subscription set forth on Hill's record was not *bona fide*; a part of said subscriptions there was no book to show to be real, and that nothing had been realized from them; that some of the subscriptions were conditional and some to be paid in labor. Offer objected to by plaintiff, and exception taken and sealed.

Mr Williams said the bonds were issued without the authority of Councils. The Mayor issued the bonds and instructed the Councils in a letter that he had made the subscription, and they ordered the letter filed. That is all.

Judge Shaler said that the Councils gave their full assent, and they would prove it by reference to the minutes of Council.

Mr. Williams said there was no proof of the sort, and on that question he would go to the jury.

Judge Grier said he couldn't go to the jury on it. There were the records of the Councils under the hand of its proper officer, and that was the proof to which they must recur.

Here Mr. Williams went into a lengthy argument on the old rules of the common law. He said there were manifests of fraud on the corporation who had never assented to this subscription and who ought not to be bound by the acts of those who were really not their agents.

Judge Grier said that the property he might own in the city, although he might never have voted for a town officer in his life, would still be bound by the official acts of the city Councils.

Mr. Williams offered in evidence the certificate of Commissioners showing that a certain number of shares had been subscribed to the S. R. R., and offered to prove that these were sham subscribers.

Objected to by plaintiff. Objection sustained and exception taken by defendant and filed, number four.

Mr. Vonbonhorst, continued—The foundation of one pier for the Monongahela bridge for this road has been laid; a contract for building it is now in existence; company purchased a ferry right at Jones' Ferry; work has been suspended on it for a year and a half; the road has been leased; it is in an unfinished condition; a portion of it has rails laid on the Pan Handle in Virginia.

Judge Grier said he understood the question was now mooted whether or not Virginia owned the Pan Handle.

The question here turned for a while upon legislation. The Judge referred to the way of legislation in Virginia as shown in the case of Marshall vs. B & O. R. R, in which he delivered the opinion.

Judge Shaler said that showed the cost of legislation in Virginia. As to Pennsylvania legislation, the gentleman on the other side would need no proof as he had been there himself. (Laughter.) Some other jokes were cracked and then—

J. S. Craft was sworn—Was President of the road in 1855; books of first issue show a sale to Wm. Hill of $250,000 of bonds at par.

J. K. Moorehead, sworn—Was President of Chartiers Valley Railroad Company; the bonds issued by the city were given into my possession; were received for so much stock ($150,000;) am not certain whether I gave the city a certificate of stock; don't know whether it was issued in a single bond; think there was a bond issued in one case, but think that was to the Connellsville Railroad; learned that, I believe, from you (Mr. Williams) a few days since.

[Mr. Stanton, (laughing.) "General, you will not swear to all you heard Mr. Williams say on the railroad question." (Laughter.)]

The survey was made between here and Washington before the issue of the bonds; we procured the use of a portion of the Steubenville road on this end of the route; our engineer's instructions were to survey the route between here and Washington; we found it cheaper to use the route of Steubenville at this end; we surveyed the whole but didn't locate it.

[Judge Grier, (emphatically,) "Oh, go on and prove something that has some bearing on the case. Don't spoil your own case by such palpering."]

Sold the bonds at from par down to 73 cents; don't know of any ordinance directing the transfer or touching the bonds except two; (referred to;) bonds were sold under my direction by A. W. Clark & Co., of Philadelphia. [Bond shown for $150,000.] To take up the large bond, 100 of one thousand dollars each were issued; that is my receipt (shown) given to the Mayor; at the time the large bond was given the coupons were not engraved; when they were, the large bond was taken up; committee of Councils appointed for that purpose, consisting of James McAuley, John Bissell and Samuel A. Long, directed me as to the sale of the bonds; in one case their action was in writing, authorizing the bonds to be sold at a certain price; the paper is either in my possession or in Mr. Vonbonhorst's.

Mr. Cluley was recalled, and said he could find on the records of Councils from 1853 to 1857 no appointment of a committee to superintend the sale of bonds; in the years '53 and '54 the debt of the city was $1,100,000 and over; that was the funded debt.

Mr. Stanton here produced the certificate of city stock in the Allegheny Valley, Steubenville and Chartiers Valley railroads. Also a paper from the archives showing the arrangement that had been made in relation to the $150,000 bond to the Chartiers Valley road.

Ed. Campbell, jr., sworn.—Have been acquainted with the finances of the city for the last nine years; the funded debt of the city is over a million; was a member of Council in 1850, '58 and '59; rate of taxation is 5 mills for city; there is a business tax.

Mr. Williams said the debt of the city for railroad bonds was $1,800,000.

Judge Shaler said yes, that was all, and if Mr. Williams would take for his property the money it was estimated at in the tax duplicate, he would find him a customer in a day. Mr Williams said that was quite probable (Laughter.)

Mr. Von Bonnhorst, recalled—Second issue of $300,000 in bonds were sold at a little more than $240,000, being a discount of 19 1-20 per cent; 70 per cent. is the minimum value at which any bond was sold; many were sold on hypothecation; moneys raised in Virginia on the bonds were at 6 per cent; the Maryland loan was never consummated; the last ten bonds were sold in 1856; 90 were sold in 1855; they were sold from October, 1854, to July, 1856; these were Chartiers bonds.

Here the defense rested, and the plaintiff offered as rebutting a communication of Mayor Volz to Councils touching the subscription to Chartiers Valley road, May 29, 1854; also one from same to same, August, 1854, subscription to P. & S R R; also stock certificates of city, 5000 shares in Steubenville and 8000 shares in A. V. R R, and then rested.

This was at one o'clock, and Mr. Williams asked that the Court would adjourn for the day, that he might have time to prepare his argument. Judge Grier said he couldn't do it. He would grant a recess of ten minutes, which was accordingly taken, and at about quarter past one Mr. Williams commenced his argument to the court and jury, which lasted till three o'clock, the hour of adjournment. The arguments will probably be concluded to-day

SECOND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, PITTSBURGH.—After five months vigorous operations of this school, organized in December last, it will not, we believe, be deemed an exaggeration to assert, in view of the acknowledged success of such efforts to aid the poor to provide for themselves, that the unreserved friends of humanity, the ladies having charge of this enterprise, although laboring upon a stubborn soil, have been successful not only in eradicating plants of noxious growth but in implanting and cultivating those which are destined to bloom throughout eternity.

The school has been held in the hall of the Good Intent House, on Wylie street, the use of which, on application, was cordially tendered us by the company, where have assembled, weekly, the average number of sixty-six pupils and eleven teachers.

During the session which closed on the 7th of May, seventy-nine garments and a large number of smaller articles of apparel were made and distributed in the school, besides the distribution of a large number of ready-made garments and shoes kindly sent to us. The sick have been visited, employment procured for others at their parents, and the pressing wants of several families relieved.

We are under lasting obligations of gratitude to those most generous friends who have contributed liberally for these purposes, both material and money; and as we can view the end of these needful ministrations only through the vista of revolving years we feel assured that all who are prompted by the true spirit of christianity will desire that these judicious, well timed and persevering exertions for encouraging virtue and industry among these children of penury may at the appropriate season be resumed.

D. DE FOREST, City Missionary.

IMPROVEMENTS.—The fine new iron front now erecting on Wood street, just above 5th, next to the hat store of M'Cord, is the property of David Fitzsimmons, Esq., of Allegheny, and is to be the beginning, the first grand step in the march of improvement in that portion of that great thoroughfare.

At the corner of Virgin alley and Smithfield street, the ground has been cleared of the old buildings, and Mr J H Demler, one of our most industrious and thriving German citizens, is to erect a fine building, where he will carry on the tin working business

The Messrs Holmes' banking house, on Market street, is progressing very rapidly. Three stories are already up, and the fourth will soon be in place. So we go

The opening of the Passenger Railway to Lawrenceville will be the signal for elegant improvements in all the upper portion of the city and the adjoining borough and townships, and has already, as we are informed, enhanced the value of property in that vicinity.

EDINBURGH REVIEW FOR APRIL.—The first article—"Female Industry." A sketch of the history and economics of female industry in Great Britain, from the days of King Alfred, when the surplus women and girls of England were sold into slavery in Ireland, down to the present time

"Barth's Discoveries in Africa" is elaborately reviewed. "French and English Dictionaries" forms the subject of an article treating the proposed publication of a new Dictionary by the London Philological Society. "The West Indies as they were and are" gives a more hopeful view of the British W. I Islands than is generally entertained, and professes to show by official documents, that Emancipation and Free Trade will ultimately produce results, proving the wisdom of those two great acts of British policy. The other articles are of more than usual interest.

Republished by Leonard Scott & Co, 54 Gold street, New-York. Price, $5 a year, or $2 when taken with Blackwood's Magazine or any of the other British Quarterlies republished by the same House. For sale by Hunt & Miner.

ACCIDENT.—On Saturday evening, Geo Helm, of Washington, was going home with a heavy load, and as he was crossing the bridge at Bridgeville, on the Washington pike, part of the bridge gave way and two of the horses went down, four remaining above. The horses were not much hurt, but the driver had his left arm broken between the wrist and elbow, and was severely cut about the elbow; his side was badly hurt and his face cut; his goods were upset in the water. He is now lying at Dr. Hays', near where the accident occurred, in a very critical situation. The bridge will be rebuilt this week. It will be made passable to-day.

INSTALLATION.—On Sunday last, May 15th, Rev Jas F. Read, D. D., was installed Pastor of the First Presbyterian (N. S.) in Birmingham. The services were deeply interesting and profoundly impressive. Rev. Dr. Kendall, of the Third Church, Pittsburgh, presided. Rev. Dr. Lyon, of Erie, preached the sermon. Rev. Mr. Sparks, of Minersville, delivered the charge to the pastor elect, and Rev. Mr M'Millan, of Allegheny, delivered the charge to the congregation.

CENTRAL LITERARY ASSOCIATION.—Pursuant to notice, the Literary Societies of the two cities met in the hall of the Jefferson, in Allegheny, on Monday evening, Geo. Thompson, of Allegheny, chairman, and T. P. Huston, of the Perry, Secretary. The object was stated by Mr. Stockton, of the Jefferson, to be the formation of a Central Association. Resolutions favorable to the object were passed. Adjourned to meet on Monday evening next, in the same hall.

IDENTIFIED.—The man who jumped from the Railroad bridge and drowned himself on Thursday last, has been probably identified by officer Brussue, of Allegheny, as Joseph Stottman, a German stone mason. He was a native of Germany, but, as it appeared from a letter found among his effects, had worked or been at Johnstown before coming to this city.

PERSONS appointed by the Sixth Ward Union Temperance Society, to attend the Mass Convention to be held in this city on Wednesday, the 25th inst.:

S. Stevens, A. G. M'Candless, F. E Thurston, John M'Creary, Jas Black, Foster Alward, Jos. Kline feller, W. Dickson, J. R. Newman, T. Taylor, Mr. Vanhorn.

THE Card of Dr. Valentine, the inimitable, appears in our columns. His entertainments, in which he is without a rival or a parallel, will commence to-morrow evening at the old Theatre. He will draw a house full of such people as love to laugh and grow fat.

A GRAND PARADE of the Volunteers in the vicinity is to take place at Greensburg, commencing on the 24th inst., and continuing four days. Eighteen or twenty companies have signified their intention of being present, and a good time generally is anticipated.

A FIRE, doing damage in the sum of about $300, occurred at the carbon oil factory of J. M'Keown, Allegheny city, on Saturday. The building is situated between Craig street and the canal, in the First ward. There was no insurance.

THERE was a fire at Bridgeville yesterday, (Monday) Mr. Shaffer's carding machine and woolen factory being partially burned, the fire taking in the roof. The damage amounted to about $100.

A LIST of valuable stocks will be sold this evening at the commercial sales room, No. 54 Fifth street, by P. M. Davis.

ON Friday, there was a violent hail storm in the vicinity of Wheeling, breaking windows and beating off the leaves and buds from the trees...

PROF. RUSSELL reads selections from the poets this evening, at Lafayette Hall.

A NEEDLESS outlay ought always to be avoided, but in the practice of economy one thing must be kept in view, viz: never buy a worthless article because it is cheap. Buy only what is needed, and that of a good quality. Any who are buying ready-made clothing for either men's or boys' wear are desired to try the establishment of J. L. Carnaghan & Co., Federal street, Allegheny city. Their work is advertised as being well cut, and completely made, and most persons find such goods cheapest in the end.

## Telegraphic.

### Further by the Weser and Borussia.

BERLIN, Sunday, May 1.—The increasing uncertainty in political affairs has caused Prussia to put her remaining Corps d'Armee in readiness to march.

MARSEILLES, Friday, April 29.—Advices from Rome to the 26th state that a proclamation had been issued by Gen. Gyon, recommending the inhabitants to remain tranquil, and disapproving of any manifestation even of a pacific nature, and reminding the populace that the assembling of crowds in the streets is already forbidden. Eight thousand Austrians had arrived at Ancona.

TURIN, Saturday May 1.—The King left this morning to take command of the army. The Austrians in large numbers have quitted Piacenza, and proclaimed it in a state of seige. They appear to have concentrated their forces on the left bank of the Po.

TRIESTE, Saturday, April 30.—The Austrian Lloyds have discontinued their ships to foreign ports.

BERNE, Tuesday, May 3.—The President opened the Federal Assembly with a patriotic speech. The Council moved the following demands for the consideration of the Assembly: To sanction the declaration of neutrality, which accompanied the recent calling out of the contingents by the government. To authorize further defensive measures, to open a credit not to be limited to the contracting of loans, and to appoint a commander-in-chief of the Federal army.

PARIS, May 2.—The Grand Duchess of Parma left after having instituted a Council of Regency, and the new government has expressed its adhesion to Piedmont.

TURIN, May 2.—The King of Sardinia has accepted the Military Dictatorship of Tuscany. To facilitate the co-operation of the Tuscans in the war of independence, and to protect public order, the Sardinians in Venice have placed themselves under the protection of the Russian consulate.

STUTTGARD, May 2.—The Wurtemburg Chambers have unanimously voted the Government projects for calling out the Landwehr, for a forced levy of horses, and the opening of a war credit of seven millions of florins. In the debate, sympathy was expressed for Austria.

PARIS, Saturday 1.—The Moniteur publishes a circular note dated the 29th of April, addressed by Count Walewski to the diplomatic agents of the foreign powers. It describes the present position of political affairs, and expresses much satisfaction at the conciliatory spirit of England, Prussia and Russia. It states the wish that the other powers which compose the Germanic Confederation may not allow themselves to be misled by reminiscences of epochs quite different from the present, and hopes that the statesmen of Germany will perceive that it depends on them to put limits upon the extension and duration of a war which France conscientiously feels she has not provoked.

Sardinia has made proposals at Madrid to induce the Spanish Government to join her in the cause of Italy, but Spain intends to be strictly neutral.

WEIMAR, Sunday, May 1.—The Czar Alexander, in a telegram to the widow of the late Grand Duke gives a denial to the reports that Prussia and Austria are threatened by Russia.

VIENNA, Saturday, April 30.—The French Ambassador is to leave to-day.

PARIS, Saturday, April 30.—It is rumored that an insurrection has broken out in Sicily.

The English elections for members of Parliament have resulted probably in favor of the Tories or Derby government. Saturday was said to be the decisive day—the electors on that day gave a net Tory gain of ten.

The following is the official letter of Prince Gortschakoff to the British Government: "I do not deny that there may exist a written engagement between France and Russia, but I can assure you in the most positive manner that such arrangement contains nothing that in the most distant manner could be interpreted as constituting a hostile alliance against Europe. If Lord Malmesbury should be questioned on the subject he may answer with confidence in the above sense, and I give you my personal guarantee that the declaration will not be falsified by the facts."

The London Times' city article of Monday evening announces no additional failures. The approach of the consol settlement of the 5th inst. was regarded with the greatest anxiety. In the London market wheat has advanced 2s.

Private letters from Paris, received in London, express an anticipation that the new French loan will be offered in a 3 per cent. stock at sixty-one, being about 1 per cent. lower than the lowest price fixed in the loan of the war with Russia.

The declaration of war against Austria was expected to appear in the Paris papers of the 3d of May.

The Vienna correspondent of the London Times says the Porte is preparing for war, and that Omer Pacha is on his way from Bagdad to Constantinople.

The following is the manifesto of the Emperor of Austria, issued on the 29th ult.

"I have ordered my army to enter Sardinia. Our struggle is a just one, and we begin it with courage and confidence. We hope we shall not stand alone in it. I speak as a sovereign member of the Germanic Confederation, when I call attention to the common danger, and recall to memory the glorious times in which Europe had to thank the general and fervent enthusiasm of Germany for its liberation. For God and Fatherland."

### Later from Europe.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., May 16.—The steamship Arago, from Havre and Southampton, has been intercepted off Cape Race, and Liverpool and London advices of the 4th inst. have been obtained.

The steamships City of Baltimore and Vanderbilt, from New York, both arrived out on the 4th inst.

The latest accounts from Italy are that though no actual collision had yet occurred between the Austrian and Sardinian armies, intelligence of a conflict was expected at any moment.

The Emperor Napoleon had sent a formal declaration of war against Austria to the corps legislatif, and also announced his intention to head the army. His departure was expected on the 6th. His manifesto states that Austria has virtually declared war against France, and nothing remains for France but to take up the sword in defence of her dignity, disclaims all idea of conquest, and being about to place himself at the head of the army, leaves the Empress and his son under the patriotic care of the French people.

The French troops are pouring into Piedmont The Austrian troops are concentrating along the Sesia and occupied Vercelli, Trieste and the surrounding country, which had been placed in a state of siege.

Gen. Gollay, the Austrian commander, had imposed heavy contributions upon the towns occupied by him.

The panic on the Paris Bourse continues; the three per cent. rents had declined to 60 francs 75c.

The Bank of Frankfort had raised the rate of discount from 3 to 4 per cent. and a further advance in the rate was expected by the Bank of England, on the 5th.

The Dutch government had applied to the Chamber for a credit of £500,000.

The ship Champion of the Seas had arrived from Melbourne with over £90,000 in gold.

The French minister at Vienna, and the Austrian minister at Paris had both taken their departure for their respective governments.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.—*Liverpool Cotton Market, May 4.*—The sales of cotton for the past three days amount to 10,500 bales, including 2000 bales to speculators and exporters. The market has been very dull at a decline of 1c on all qualities. Messrs. Clare & Co.'s circular quotes Orleans middlings at 6⅞ and uplands middlings at 6¼. The market closed with a further decline on all qualities. The sales today were unimportant.

*Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.*—Market opened buoyant and advanced considerably, but closed quiet. Richardson & Spence say there was a large speculative inquiry in the market on Monday, but this subsided on Tuesday, and the market closed steady. Flour advanced 6@9d; sales at 12s 3d@15s. Wheat advanced 6@9d; western red quoted at 8s 6d@11s 9d; white do 10s 6d@12s 2d; Southern white 11s@14s. Corn advanced 6d; mixed 7s 4d@7s 5d; yellow 7s 5d@7s 7d; white 8s 4d@8s 9d.

*Liverpool Provisions Market.*—The circulars report an advance on Provisions. Beef buoyant with a large speculative inquiry, forcing prices up 5@10s. Pork buoyant and prices 5@10s higher, in consequence of the large speculative inquiry. Bacon quiet, holders demanding an advance. Lard firm at 60s for prime; 62s for extra. Tallow more quiet; butchers' is nominally quoted at 58s 6d@59s.

*London Money Market.*—The panic in the London Stock Exchange has subsided. Consols quoted at 90⅛@90¼; little in city for American securities; principally Illinois Central stock is, however, better, being quoted at 43@41 per cent. discount.

### Still Later from Europe.

QUEBEC, May 16.—The steamer Nova Scotia arrived at this port at a quarter of eight o'clock this evening.

The following telegram from Paris on the 3d appears in the London papers of the 4th: "The following is the communication of the government to the Legislature: Austria, by ordering her army into the Territory of Sardinia, our ally, she has declared war against us; she thus violates our treaties and menaces our frontiers. All the great powers have protested against this act of aggression. Piedmont having accepted the conditions, one asks what can be the reason of this sudden invasion? It is because Austria has driven matters to such an extremity that her dominion must extend to the Alps or Italy must be free to the shores of the Adriatic, for every corner of Italy which remains independent endangers the power of Austria. Hitherto moderation has been the rule of my conduct, but now energy becomes my first duty. France must now to arms and resolutely tell Europe I wish not for conquest, but I am determined fully to maintain my national and traditional policy. I observe treaties on condition that they are not violated against me. I respect territories and the rights of neutral powers, but I boldly avow my sympathies with a people whose history is mingled with my own, and who now moan under foreign oppression.

France has shown her hatred of anarchy; her will was to give me power sufficiently to reduce into subjection abettors of disorder and incorrigible members of the old factions who were incessantly concluding compacts with our enemies, but she has not, for that purpose, abandoned her civilizing character; her national allies have always been those who desire the amelioration of the human race, and when she draws her sword, it is not to govern, but to free. The object, then, of this war is to restore Italy to herself, not to impose upon her a change of masters, and we shall then have upon our frontiers a friendly people, who will owe to us their independence.

We do not enter Italy to foment disorder or to disturb the power of our Holy Father, whom we replaced upon his throne, but to remove from him this foreign pressure which burdens the whole Peninsula, and to help to establish order there, based upon lawful satisfied interests. In fine, then, we enter this classic ground, rendered illustrious by so many victories, to seek the footsteps of our fathers. God grant that we may be worthy of them.

I am about to place myself at the head of the army. [He then confides the Empress and his son to the care of the army which remains in France and to the peoples.] Courage, then, and let union in country is about to show to the world that she has not degenerated. Providence will bless our efforts, for that cause is holy in the eyes of God which rests on justice, humanity, love of country, and independence."

### Latest from Europe.

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