Pittsburgh Gazette.

D. F. WILLIAMS.....S. L. SAYON.....S. RIDDLE.....RUSSELL BEATTY

S. RIDDLE & CO.,
EDITORS and PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 23, 1858.

THE MANAGEMENT OF COUNTY AFFAIRS.—The receipts of the county of Allegheny during the year 1857 were $226,000, and the expenditures about the same. During the current year the aggregate will be at least $250,000.

The receipt and disbursement of this large sum of a quarter of a million annually is confided by our laws to a board of three men, who are paid the munificent sum of two dollars a day, the wages of an ordinary mechanic. One of these Commissioners goes out of office every year, so that the board is constantly changing, and consequently has no settled character or policy of management. The Commissioners give no bail and are subject to little or no restraint. They have full power to determine the county rates and levies and are, in their sphere, almost absolute; and yet, with all their powers, the constant change to which the board is subjected deprives it of everything like well-settled responsibility, and the paltry pay attached to the office has always acted to the exclusion from it of that class of active and thoroughly qualified business men to whom such an important trust should properly be confided.

It does not seem reasonable, nor in harmony with the spirit of our institutions, that the affairs of a great county like this, with a population and revenue exceeding that of the State of Delaware, should be placed in the hands of a board of three men who are responsible to no one and subject to no sufficient check. The people of the boroughs and cities take the management of their municipal affairs into their own hands. They elect Councils who are directly responsible to the people, and the people of these subdivisions of the county have as much to say in the management of their local affairs as the people of the State have through the legislature. The people of the townships, too, have a more or less direct supervision over their township affairs, and exercise it rigidly. But the people of the *county* have but little say in the management of county affairs. They elect one man, annually, to attend to them; but he divides the responsibility with two others, who have been elected before him, and this divided responsibility amounts, practically, to no responsibility at all. The voice of the people is seldom heard in a board so constituted; and it is not too much to say that the people of the county have, practically, no share in the management of county affairs.

When the county was young, with but a small population and an insignificant revenue, this method of management was attended with but few inconveniences, and was, perhaps, the most practicable. But we have outgrown all that. We are now a young commonwealth, with immense and varied interests, and the concerns of such a county ought to be managed in the true Republican spirit, by the people themselves, through representatives specially chosen for the purpose.

The New Yorkers have a plan which to us seems the best adapted to our wants. The people of each ward, borough and township elect annually a "Supervisor," and the persons thus chosen meet at a specified season of the year and constitute what is called the "Board of Supervisors," answering, in point of design, to the State Legislature and the Councils of our boroughs and cities. This board, at its annual session, estimates the probable expenses of the year for all purposes—bridges, roads, courts, jails, interest on county debt, and what not, and makes regular appropriations for each item of probable expense; and having ascertained the total amount, levies a tax sufficient to meet it. The appropriations and the levy are thus the act of the people; and the duty of the county officer, who corresponds to our office of County Commissioner, is simply an executive one—to carry out, in good faith, the legislation of the Board of Supervisors, just as the Governor carries out the acts of the Legislature.

We are convinced that this is the basis of the plan that should be adopted here. It would bring home to the people of the county, not merely a minute knowledge of their county affairs, but such a responsibility for their management as would conduce to the general good.

Such a change would of course, involve the abolition of the board of County Commissioners. All that would be wanted would be *one* Commissioner, to carry out the legislation of the county board, and a Controller, in place of the board of County Auditors, to act as a check upon him and keep the accounts of the county. The substitution of a Controller would be an absolute necessity under such a change. He would take the place, in such a system, that our City Controller does in city affairs. It would be his duty to audit, examine and pass upon all claims before they were paid and see that no appropriation was overdrawn, and exercise a general controlling influence over county expenditures within the limits allowed by county legislation.

Our suggestion, therefore, is briefly as follows.

I. The election by the people of one man in each district to a county board, which shall have power to determine county rates and levies, the purposes to which the county money shall be applied, and the amount for each purpose.

II. A County Controller, to audit and pass upon all claims presented against the county, without whose sanction no claim should be paid.

III. A County Commissioner to draw all checks upon the Treasury and execute, generally, the duties now performed by the County Commissioners not otherwise changed.

To get good men for these places the pay should be liberal. We now pay the three County Commissioners about $1800—say $600 each, and the Auditors $1200—or $400 each, an aggregate of $3,000 yearly. Divide this sum between the Commissioner and Controller—$1500 to each—and you will get better officers without additional aggregate cost.

There are several items of detail in this arrangement which we have not room now, to dwell upon. We content ourselves with giving the outline, and submit our views to the public with a conviction that they will, in the main, command general approval.

FREE TRADE.—"Out of their own mouths" are the free trade theorists condemned. These pernicious doctrines will do well enough to talk about at political meetings, where people are willing to accept dross for the pure metal, but when reduced to practice they will not stand the test. On this subject the New York *Courier & Enquirer* remarks:—"The advocates of this policy make out, what appears to some, a plausible case, so long as they confine themselves to theorising. When, however, it becomes necessary to put their doctrines into practice, the fallacy of them at once appears. In fact, the best evidence that free trade is not adapted to a growing country, and that the free traders are not sincere in their professions, is found in the fact that when in power they have never put their doctrines into practice. They have repeatedly trifled with the Tariff by reducing the rates, and then left the evils they have thus produced to be remedied by the protectionists, who have thus, at several different times, saved the country from ruin. The *Journal of Commerce* has talked free trade for many years, and yet, in an article in relation to the present depression of our shipping interests, it said:

"The proposition of S. Hosford Smith to import iron steamers free of duty, if successful, would remove impediments to enterprise encountered by some; for the extreme depression in steamship property which now prevails in Europe, (ships selling at something like half their original cost) affords strong inducements to purchasers, particularly for the United States coasting trade. *But Mr. Smith's plan stands a poor chance of success in opposition to domestic interests liable to be affected thereby.*"

THE Municipality of Venice have set up in their Council room, the old palace of the Doges, a marble bust of Sebastian Cabot. This proceeding has been suggested by the late statue erected at Genoa to Columbus, and shows that the old rivalry between the two Italian republics is not extinct.

IN Chicago, on Saturday, the bank porter of Messrs. B. W. Phillips & Co., while passing through an alley in broad daylight, with a package of $1,400 in bills in his hands, was knocked down and robbed by a man, who made good his escape although closely pursued.

THE TWO PARTIES.—To those who are in the habit of regarding the Democratic as the dominant party in the Union by numbers, as it is by apportionment, we commend the following table, compiled from the United States Census. The Republican States, with their respective white population, are placed in one column—the Democratic States, with their respective white population, in the other. It will be seen that the white inhabitants of the Republican States outnumber those of the Democratic States in the proportion of *two to one*:

Maine	581,813	Maryland	417,943
New Hampshire	317,456	Virginia	591,860
Vermont	313,402	North Carolina	552,808
Rhode Island	148,753	South Carolina	274,563
Connecticut	363,099	Georgia	591,588
Massachusetts	985,450	Alabama	426,514
New York	3,048,325	Mississippi	295,718
New Jersey	465,509	Louisiana	255,491
Pennsylvania	2,258,160	Texas	154,034
Ohio	1,955,050	Arkansas	162,189
Indiana	977,154	Missouri	592,004
Illinois	846,034	Tennessee	756,836
Michigan	395,061	Kentucky	930,000
Wisconsin	304,767	California	300,000
Iowa	191,881	Florida	47,203
Minnesota	200,000	Delaware	71,169
	13,530,958		6,422,418

Democrats are fond of applying to their opponents the epithet of "Black Republicans," as if they in some way derived their strength from the African race. We suggest to them a careful examination of the above figures, which show that the Republican is pre-eminently the party of the White Men of the Union, while the Democratic only maintains its power at all by three million blacks held in Slavery, which it represents in Congress and the Electoral College, although it will not allow them to vote either for Electors or Congressman.—*Alb. Eve. Jour.*

SILVER COIN.—The market is somewhat overburdened with the depreciated Silver Coin of the United States. The proposition of the Director of the Mint, that these Coins should be made legal tender to the amount of fifty or a hundred dollars in a lot, would give them additional currency. As it is at present, the banks decline receiving them in large sums, and object to taking over $5 of them at a time. The brokers have put up notices at their windows offering to sell "U. S. Silver Coins" at ½ or ¾ per cent. discount.

There is no reason why the Government should issue any circulation or money whatever that is not legal tender throughout the land. They should at least be paid *in their own coin* for Custom House transactions, &c., and for any and all debts. Besides this the anomaly is presented, of bank notes (discouraged by the Treasury) being available at par, convertible into coin, at 100 cents per dollar, while the "money" of the U. S. (alluded to in the Constitution) is hawked about at a discount.

One banker received last week, at one time, $3000 in these small coins, as a remittance from Chicago. They are unavailable by the present law, but might be made otherwise by a more liberal provision of Congress.—*N. Y. Courier of 20th.*

AMONG metropolitan events the opening of St. Paul's Cathedral for Sunday evening services has awakened considerable interest. There are seats for 2500 persons and when these were filled by the fashionable and more anxious to get in, however, probably amounted to 10,000, great disappointment was excited among the multitude who in the usual fashion of crowds were disposed to fancy that the earlier and more fortunate attendants had been some way specially favored. The services will be continued throughout the Winter and will doubtless continue to attract immense throngs The Cathedral is lighted in the same manner as at the funeral of the Duke of Wellington by gas jets around the dome, which at the distance produce the effect of an unbroken ring of soft light, and a direction of simple but powerful music completes the appropriate character of the arrangements.—*London Cor. N. Y. Com. Adv.*

ANECDOTE OF THE REV. PETER CARTWRIGHT.—In 1801 Peter Cartwright received what is called "an exhorter's license," and was allowed to "exercise his gifts." He began to find a little education, necessary; and Providence opened his way to a school at which were taught "all the branches of a common education and also the dead languages." Peter's linguistic acquirements are thus exhibited:

"I recollect once to have come across one of these Latin and Greek scholars, a regular graduate in theology. In order to bring me into contempt in a public company, he addressed me in Greek. In my younger days I had learned considerable of German. I listened to him as if I understood it all, and then replied in Dutch. This he knew nothing about, neither did he understand Hebrew. He concluded that I had answered him in Hebrew and immediately caved in, and stated to the company that I was the first educated Methodist preacher he ever saw."

DEATH OF A NOTED RAG-PICKER.—A Paris correspondent says:

"The oldest rag-picker in Paris died this week at the age of ninety-one. Rag-picking you see is favorable to longevity. This old party was one of the profession, was rich and had his apartment furnished in a style that would delight the inmates of society, until he reached the bottom. He was well educated too, and his brethren of the rag-tag tie looked up to him with respect. The Rag-Pickers' Association made him a free member, gave him a free ticket to all their festivals, reserved him a number of streets into which no one was allowed to venture on his picking excursions, and gave him a monthly allowance of pocket money, for his gin and tobacco. His comrades buried him, and his funeral was largely attended by rag-pickers."

AN INSANE MAN MURDERED.—Augustus Pitt, an insane inmate in the York County Alms House, was found dead in his cell on Wednesday morning last. The deceased was confined in the cell with another insane man, whose name is not known, and the supposition is that Pitt was murdered by him, as one of his eyes was pierced out and the wound penetrating the brain. An iron spoon was found in the cell with blood upon it, which is supposed to have been used in inflicting the wound, and thus causing his death. The perpetrator of the crime is represented as being a very inoffensive and quiet person and was never known to quarrel with the deceased before that night, when he was heard swearing and cursing about him.—*York (Pa) Press.*

ANOTHER SPIRITUALIST EXPOSING THE HUMBUG.—Dr. Hatch, the million noted spiritualist, who practiced the spirit doctrine, and who pretended to believe in it, as long as he could make money by it, through the aid of his wife, having lately fallen out with her, and been cut adrift, now proposes to extinguish the whole system in a series of broadsides, showing up its deceptions, prostitutions, and liberticism. The Doctor truly says that few have had such good opportunities of becoming acquainted with them as himself. This incident, and the Paine exposure, will be tough pills for the more sensible of the spiritualists to swallow, without wavering in their belief.

A BOY TIED HIMSELF TO THE TAIL OF A COW.—A most distressing death occurred in Rappahannock county, Virginia, lately. A little son of Mr. John T. Corder, near Flint Hill, left the house with a negro to drive some cows to a point not far distant. In a few minutes the negro returned and stated that the little fellow, who was about nine years of age, had tied himself to a cow's tail; and had been badly hurt. The parents proceeded to the spot, about a mile from the house, and there found the little boy tied to the tail of a cow by a rope around the waist. He was dead, having been dragged some distance, and his body shockingly mutilated.

WORKING UP SAWDUST.—The ingenuity of Parisian cabinet-makers, in the Faubourg St. Antoine, has found a use for common sawdust which raises the value of that commodity far above the worth of solid timber. By a new process combining the hydraulic press and the application of intense heat, these wooden particles are made to re-form themselves into a solid mass, capable of being moulded into any shape, and presenting a brilliant surface, a durability and beauty of appearance not found in ebony, rosewood, or mahogany.

An important agreement has been entered into by the Providence manufactures of printing cloths, by which they fix upon 36 inches as the measure of a yard instead of 37 inches, as has been the custom heretofore. This is the true yard, and it prevails in the measure of all other cloths, and there seems to be no good reason for the exceptional practice that has grown up in respect to printing cloths.

LARGE SHIPMENTS OF OATS.—Within this week there have been shipped from Boston and New York, to New Orleans and Mobile, between 60 and 60,000 bushels of oats. Probably a large proportion of those sent to New Orleans will be sent up the river.

Oats are selling at St. Louis at 65c.; at New Orleans, 80; at Mobile, 75; at Boston, 50 a 55.—*Boston Traveler.*

A rich joke is told at the expense of Ex-Senator Foote, who has recently adopted a clever disguise, *i. e.*, dyeing his beard and wearing a black wig. Arriving at his old stumping ground, Jackson, Miss., the other day, he was rejected as an impostor by the Democracy, who knew Foote by his silvery beard and bald cranium.

THE Potawatomie chief Okemos, who has for a long time lived near Lansing, Mich., died on Sunday last. His precise age was not known, but it is supposed to have been over one hundred years.

S. A. Bows & Co., confectioners and fancy cake bakers, invite their friends and patrons to an examination of their splendid display of holiday confectionery at their well known stand, Federal street, Allegheny. Their stock of confectionery is the most extensive they have yet offered to the public, comprising the choicest collection of plain and fancy candies, fine sugar toys, cornets, cornucopias, etc. They are also prepared to furnish fine cakes of all kinds, finished in the most magnificent style, and at unusually low prices to suit the times. They have also on hand a choice assortment of fresh fruits, jellies and preserves, which they will sell cheap.

THE CHRISTMAS TIME.—The venerable and generous custom which has come down to us and is, we are glad to know, still punctiliously recorded, of making the "Christmas time" a period of gifts, will be religiously observed in this, as in former years. It has become a part of the "universal religion," and there is no person, whether Jew or Gentile, Greek or Roman, but recognizes it as almost a duty. It is a noble practice—an institution in no sense insignificant—fraught with results influencing the happiness of thousands. It would make a vast theme for the historian, as it has outlived many of the proudest empires, and is interwoven with the character of every people. In each age it has been moulded to the spirit which was abroad, and in this, though none of its poetry has been surrendered, the UTILITARIAN is its marked feature. Baubles—mere toys—things which can be prized for the moment only for their beauty—have been ignored. Worth—inherent value—usefulness—are vital considerations now, when the custom is to be celebrated. In this connection we will be pardoned for remarking that the most appropriate present of which we can think, particularly for a family, a "gift" which will be most highly valued by every lady who occupies the position of matron, is a Sewing Machine, a live WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE. Such an article, brought often into active requisition, will keep the giver always in mind, and, independent of its usefulness, it is as ornamental as the most refined taste can desire. There will be no excuse for those who neglect to order a present of this kind from Mr. Alex. R. Reed, the gentlemanly agent, at No. 68 Fifth st.

A FINE variety of new style coatings, pant stuffs, vestings, &c., suited to the season, are now opened at Carnahan's, Federal street, Allegheny City. These have been selected for the custom trade, and will be found to embrace the newest styles of the season. A choice stock of men's and boys' clothing neatly made and trimmed, and furnishing goods adapted to the season also ready for the examination of buyers.

MARRIED—On Tuesday afternoon 21st December, at the mansion of the bride's father, in the city of Allegheny, the Rev. W. D. Howard, D. D., officiating, Mr. M. D. BUYDAM and Miss EMMA JANE, daughter of W. B. Copeland, Esq.

[The happy pair left in the evening train for Philadelphia to spend the holidays with the groom's relations at New York and Brooklyn.]

On Tuesday evening, Dec. 21st at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. A. J. Eakesley, MINNIE J., daughter of John M'Gill, Esq., and A. SCHOYER, all of Allegheny City.

ALFRED MARKS, Esq., says:—"My wife has been sorely afflicted with Dyspepsia for the last year.—During this time, she had used so many medicines which seemed to aggravate rather than remove the disease, that we almost despaired of her recovery. Living in the country, she enjoyed all the advantages of pure air and exercise yet each day she seemed to be more enfeebled. With some difficulty I persuaded her to take your HOLLAND BITTERS, which, I am happy to state, has completely cured her.

CAUTION.—Be careful to ask for Boerhave's Holland Bitters. The great popularity of this medicine has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing.

☞Sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, by the proprietors, BENJ. PAGE, Jr., & CO., Manufacturing Pharmaceutical Chemists, 27 Wood street, between 1st and 2d sts., Pittsburgh, Pa., and Druggists generally. deI7:d&wF

New Advertisements.

PROCLAMATION.—CITY OF PITTSBURGH, ss.—In accordance with the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing for the Incorporation of the City of Pittsburgh, and the various supplements to said Act:

I, HENRY A. WEAVER, Mayor of said city, do hereby give this my Proclamation, that on the FIRST TUESDAY IN JANUARY, A. D. 1859, being the fourth day of the month, the Citizens of each ward of said city, qualified to vote for members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, will meet at the several places of holding Elections in their respective wards and precincts, and select by ballot under the provisions of an Act of Assembly passed May 16th, A. D. 1855.

The electors of the First ward will vote at the Public School House in said ward, by ballot, for one person to be a member of the Select Council of said city and four persons to be members of the Common Council.

The electors of the Second ward will vote at the Public School House in said ward, by ballot, for one person to be a member of the Select Council and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

The electors of so much of the Third ward as lies north and west of Grant street, being precinct number one of said ward, will vote at the house of Frances Jamieson, on the corner of Sixth and Smithfield streets, and

The electors of so much of the Third ward as lies south and east of Grant street, being precinct number two of said ward, will vote by ballot at the house of Robert Gillespie, on the corner of Wylie and Tunnel streets, for one person to be a member of the Select and six persons to be members of the Common Council of the said ward.

The electors of the Fourth ward will vote at the Public School House in said ward, by ballot, for one person to be a member of the Select, and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

The electors of so much of the Fifth ward as lies north and of Adams street, being precinct number one of said ward, will vote at the Public School House on Twelfth street, in said precinct and

The electors of so much of the Fifth ward as lies south and west of Adams street, being precinct number two of said ward, will vote at the Public School House on the corner of Fifth and Grant streets, in said precinct, opposite the New Savings Bank, where may be found a large assortment of Hats and Caps at very reduced prices.

CUSTOMERS AND FRIENDS TAKE NOTICE.—The present stock must be sold to make room for Spring Goods. deI5-dtf

SUNDRIES—Hemlock Sole Leather;
Oak Tanned do do
French and Domestic Kips and Calf;
Upper Leather;
Lining, Binding and Kid Skins.
Shoers' Out
Galloons, Shoe Laces, &c., &c.

A large and choice stock for sale by [illegible]

[illegible] Fifth street, and vote at the Public School House in said ward, by ballot, for one person to be a member of the Select Council, and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

The electors of the Eighth ward will vote at the Public School House, in said ward, by ballot, for one person to be a member of the Select Council, and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Each candidate for election shall be qualified to serve as a member of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth.

Given under my hand and the seal of the said city of Pittsburgh, this 28th day of December, A. D., 1858.

HENRY A. WEAVER, Mayor.

de23:td

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These are the only Paintings of the Kind on Exhibition in the United States, and should be seen by everybody. Doors open at 7½ to commence at 7½, P. M.

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SUNDRIES—
19 bales Cotton;
24 bbls. Green Apples;
6 do do peeled Peaches;
5 tierces No. 1 Lard;
12 bags Dry Apples;
24 do Filberts;
300 do Wheat;
2 bbls. Grease,
On steamer Dickwood to arrive for sale by
de21 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

SUNDRIES—
196 bags Dry Apples;
14 bags Dry Peaches;
62 do Butternuts;
1612 do Wheat;
400 do Tenn. Flour, to arrive on steamer Delegate for sale by de23 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

SELLING VERY LOW—
Needle Work Collars
Collar and Sleeves Sets, &c
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PRODUCE, PRODUCE.—
22 pkgs. Extra quality Butter,
50 bushs. Red Potatoes,
25 " Western Dried Apples,
100 " White Beans,
300 " Oats,
60 " Ear Corn
10 bbls. Onions, for sale by
de23 RIDDLE, WIRTS & CO., No. 185 Liberty St.

WATER RENT ON NEW BUILDINGS.—Owners of new buildings, in which the hydrant water has been used, for building purposes, are requested to call and settle therefor, at the office of the Water Works, Council Chambers, Market street.
de23:3td EDW. S. WRIGHT, Collector.

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CHEESE.—500 bxs. Prime Cutting, for sale by J. S. CANFIELD & CO.
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STARCH.—50 bxs. pure Pearl, for sale by J. S. CANFIELD & CO.
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DRIED FRUIT.—50 bus. Apples,
50 " Peaches, for sale by
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SIX BARRELS CRAB CIDER,
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FURNITURE AND CHAIRS OF EVERY description on hand or made to order, and warranted in material and workmanship.
de21 T. B. YOUNG & CO.

New Advertisements.

$50 REWARD.—I will give the above reward for the return of a small TIN BOX and its contents: flat painted brown; about 10 by 12 inches in size, with a Brass Padlock attached. Contents—about $50 in old gold coin, and some papers valuable to me alone—No questions asked. W. W. PATRICK.
de22:6t Corner of Fifth and Wood sts.

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Let every little boy who has a quarter be sure to get a copy. de22:3td

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de22

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50 bbls. prime N. O. Sugar;
100 bbls. N. O. Molasses;
30 do N. Y. Syrup;
5 do Lovering's Syrup;
150 bags prime Rio Coffee;
120 half chests Y. H., Black and Imp Teas;
100 bottles Lump Tobacco;
10 tierces fresh Rice;
15 bbls. Winter Whale Oil;
20 bbls. N. O. Tar;
200 boxes Mould and Star Candles;
500 boxes Palm, Rosin, and Olive Soaps;
200 boxes Window Glass, all sizes;
500 kegs Nails, all sizes,
for sale by de17 R. ROBISON & CO.

REMOVAL.

JAMES WILSON having disposed of his Hat and Cap Store, No. 91 Wood street, has removed his stock of Hats and Caps to his Hat Store on Federal street, Allegheny City, opposite the New Savings Bank, where may be found a large assortment of Hats and Caps at very reduced prices.

CUSTOMERS AND FRIENDS TAKE NOTICE.—The present stock must be sold to make room for Spring Goods. de15-dtf

SUNDRIES—Hemlock Sole Leather;
Oak Tanned do do
French and Domestic Kips and Calf;
Upper Leather;
Lining, Binding and Kid Skins.
Shoers' Out
Galloons, Shoe Laces, &c., &c.

A large and choice stock for sale by THOMPSON, BIDWELL & CO.
Shoe Store, Liberty st., near Wood.

[illegible] Flour;
[illegible] do do Corn;
8 bbls. Green Apples;
6 do No. 1 Lard,
On steamer Slingers to arrive for sale by
de13 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

FLOUR, &c.—50 bbls. Extra Flour;
150 do Extra Family Flour;
100 do Superfine do;
100 bus. small white Beans;
30 do Dried Apples;
5 bbls. Turnips;
125 kegs packed Butter;
50 bbls. Mess Pork;
for sale by de17 R. ROBISON & CO.

PRODUCE.—50 kgs No. 1 packed Butter,
4 bbls. Dried Apples,
40 do small white Beans,
60 kegs No. 1 Lard,
1 sack Feathers,
In store on consignment and sale by
de17 ATWELL, LEE & CO

HOLIDAY FURNITURE.—Children's Bureaus, Bedsteads, Chairs, Tables, Wash Stands and Swings, all useful presents for the Holidays furnished and for sale by T. B. YOUNG & CO.
de21 38 and 40 Smithfield street.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.—100 bbls. N. O. Molasses; 10 hhds. prime Sugar, landing from steamer Dacotah, for sale by JOHN FLOYD & CO.
de21 62 Wood street.

DRY FRUIT.—50 sacks Dry Peaches;
50 do do Apples.
Now landing from steamer Dacotah for sale by
de21 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

BLACK CASSIMERES.—BURCHFIELD & CO., have on hand an assortment of Black Cassimeres of the various qualities, which they are selling very low. Also, French Cloths and Doeskins and Cassimeres for boys' wear. de23

20 BAGS KY. DRIED PEACHES;
15 do do Apples;
100 bus. small white Beans.
In store and for sale by
de22 WM. BAGALEY, 18 and 20 Wood st.

TRIESTE VERMILLION.—5 kegs for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
de22 corner Wood and First sts.

GERMAN CIGARS—25,000 "La Curiosidad," a superior article, in 10th boxes, at 30c per box, for sale at FRANCK'S, Federal st., Allegheny.

FEATHERS—Small lots prime live geese Feathers always arriving and for sale by
de17 WATT & WILSON.

HEMP—10 bales choice Ky. twine Hemp in store and for sale low to close consignment by
de17 ATWELL, LEE & CO.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.—50 bbls prime New Orleans Molasses, and 15 hhds do Sugar, to arrive and for sale by [de17] ATWELL, LEE & CO.

TEAS.—150 hlf chests Y. H., G. P. and Imperial Tea, and 75 do do assorted black do, to arrive and for sale by [de17] ATWELL, LEE & CO.

SYRUPS.—50 bbls Baltimore, Philadelphia extra Golden and other brands, in store and for sale by [de17] ATWELL, LEE & CO.

100 BBLS. MOLASSES to arrive by S. B. Moderator and for sale by
de18 JAS. GARDINER

TOBACCOS.—50 bxs 5s, 10s and ½ pounds, choice brands, in store and for sale by
de17 ATWELL, LEE & CO.

EXTRACT COLOCYNTH COMPOUND—50 lbs. for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
de22

TARRANT'S APERIENT—5 gross for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
de22 corner Wood and First sts.

HAIR DYES—Batchelor's and Christadoro's Dyes, superior to any now in use. These are both excellent preparations. A large supply just rec'd by JOS. FLEMING.
de22

FRESH BUTTER—5 bbls. prime roll just rec'd and for sale at 185 Liberty st.
de22 RIDDLE, WIRTS & CO.

LARD—4 kegs Leaf just rec'd and for sale at 185 Liberty street. RIDDLE, WIRTS & CO.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.—10 hhds, Sugar and 20 bbls. Molasses, now landing from steamer Henry Graff, for sale low to close by ROBT DICKEY.

PEACHES.—10 sks. Dried Peaches (bright halves) just rec'd per steamer Clara Dean for sale by ROBERT DICKEY.
de22

30 BBLS. TANNER'S OIL, in store and for sale,
2 bbls Thick Oil, suitable for greasing purposes, for sale low by de12 WM. WILKINSON, 217 Liberty St.

HIDES.—67 Prime Dry Flint in store,
800 " " to arrive and for sale by de22 SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.

HOPS.—9 bales 1st Sort, in store and for sale by de22 SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.

40 TCS. FRESH CHARLESTON RICE just rec'd and for sale by
de22 WM. BAGALEY, 18 and 20 Wood st.

30 BBLS. WINTER ELEPHANT OIL in store and for sale by WM. BAGALEY.

CORN—300 bus. this day rec'd and for sale by de22 HENRY H. COLLINS.

OATS—100 sacks just rec'd and for sale by de22 HENRY H. COLLINS.

BAGS! BAGS!!—"Stark A" and "Manchester O" in store and for sale by
de21 HITCHCOCK, MCCREERY & CO.

BUTTER—10 bbls. and 10 kegs solid Butter, in store and for sale by JOHN FLOYD & CO.

POTATOES! POTATOES!—600 bus. rec'd this day. HITCHCOCK, MCCREERY & CO.

BARLEY—1000 bus. in store and for sale by
de21 HITCHCOCK MCCREERY & CO.

CRANBERRIES—5 bbls. rec'd and for sale by de18 HENRY H. COLLINS.

OATS—200 bus. just rec'd and for sale by
de17 HENRY H. COLLINS.

COFFEE.—150 bags Rio Coffee in store and for sale by [de17] ATWELL, LEE & CO.

New Advertisements.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

THE

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY BY

S. RIDDLE & CO.,

IS NOW IN ITS

SEVENTY-THIRD YEAR,

With a large and constantly

INCREASING CIRCULATION,

OF BOTH ITS DAILY & WEEKLY EDITIONS.

It offers unusual inducements to advertisers, being universally recognized as

The Best Commercial Paper in the West,

Reaching, as it does, most of the

Merchants, Manufacturers and Families

In those cities and the surrounding region, including parts of

Pennsylvania, Ohio, Northern Indiana, Western Virginia, Wisconsin, Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska.

☞Advertising at Moderate Prices.☜

☞For terms, see another column—first page.

ADVERTISING AGENTS FOR THE GAZETTE.—Messrs. S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., 119 Nassau st., New York, and State st., Boston; Messrs. W. H. MCDONALD & CO., 102 Nassau st., New York; JOY, COE & CO., JONES WEBSTER and C. PIERCE, Philadelphia. de18:dawtiT

GOLD MEDAL PIANOS

FOR THE

HOLIDAYS.

SPLENDID NEW STOCK OF

CHICKERING & SONS'

PIANO FORTES.

A NEW SUPPLY OF

CHICKERING & SONS' PIANOS,

Prepared for the subscriber expressly for the Holidays, consisting of 6½ and 7 octaves, in plain and carved Rosewood cases of the latest pattern, which has just been received from the factory of CHICKERING & SONS, Boston.—Among them are two Cross Strings, of the new scale, three stringed, 7 octave, from A to A, which for beauty of exterior, powerful tone, and elasticity of touch, are beyond comparison superior to any instruments ever brought to the city. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine these magnificent Pianos, and judge for themselves.

CONVENIENT TO PURCHASERS.

Purchasers are hereby notified that the Pianos of Messrs. Chickering & Sons' manufacture are furnished to no other dealer in the city except the subscriber, who has had the exclusive agency for the last 14 years, and consequently a supply of their Pianos is only to be found at his Warerooms, No. 91 Wood street.

AT THE GREAT MANUFACTORY of Chickering & Sons, Boston, have been made and distributed to purchasers throughout the United States and other countries, upwards of

TWENTY THOUSAND PIANOS.

They have been awarded at the different exhibitions in this country and Europe,

Thirty-Eight Gold and Silver First Class Medals.

They received from the Pennsylvania State Fairs, held at Pittsburgh, in the years 1853, 1856 and 1858, the First Prize Medals over all competitors.

Also, the Prize Medal from the World's Fair, London, 1851.

The following testimonials to the merits of the Piano Fortes of Chickering & Sons, have been unsolicitedly given by

SIGISMUND THALBERG,

The greatest Pianist in the world, whose success in this country during his great musical tours through the United States, in '57 and '58, may be attributed to the fact that his Concerts yielded him over all expenses, nearly $150,000.

MONONGAHELA HOUSE, Pittsburgh, March 25, '54.

Mr. John H. Mellor, Agent for Chickering & Sons—Dear Sir—Since my arrival in America, I have constantly used the Pianos of Messrs. Chickering & Sons, and I can only repeat to you (while thanking you for the manner you have so kindly furnished for my concerts here) that which I have so often stated before the instruments are the best I have seen in the United States, and will compare favorably with any I have ever known. Yours very truly

S. THALBERG.

[illegible] Hotel.

RICHMOND, VA., Jan. 14, 1858.

My Dear Sir.—I have tried Chickering & Sons' Square Piano Fortes, and I have much pleasure in cert