Pittsburgh Gazette.

D. T. WILLIAMS.....D. L. SIVON.....S. RIDDLE.....RUSSELL SMITH

S. RIDDLE & CO.,
EDITORS and PROPRIETORS.
PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING, NOV. 18, 1858.

THANKSGIVING.—If any of the numerous readers of the *Gazette*, on this, the morning of the day designated by the State authorities as a day of public thanksgiving to Almighty God for the blessings with which he has enriched the earth during the past year—if any one of these numerous readers should, as he takes up this number of the paper, ask himself, "How shall I observe this day, so as to conform to a christian view of it, and at the same time contribute to my happiness?" we will, by his permission, thus answer the question: Observe the day by DEEDS of CHARITY, and you will thus meet the requirements of Heaven and cover a multitude of sins. By a most fortunate coincidence this festival occurs at a season of the year when the wants of the poor are most pressing. We are reminded of their condition by every wintry blast which drives us to the shelter of our own firesides, and which repeats, in solemn language, the injunction given from inspired lips, that we have the poor always with us.

We pity the man who can find in the annual recurrence of Thanksgiving day no other and higher enjoyment than that offered by the pleasures of his own table, and who has never experienced the happiness which works of charity confer on those who have been engaged in them. We who have abundance, where so many need the necessaries of life, must, for a day at least, constitute ourselves almoners of the Lord, and show our gratitude to Heaven for the blessings it has vouchsafed to us, by going about doing good among our more unfortunate brethren.

The demands for the good offices of the benevolent and the charitable were never greater than they are at this time. The revulsion in financial affairs, which occurred more than a year ago, has so paralyzed the trade and energies of the country that thousands of industrious men, who would be willing to work for the merest pittance, are now out of employment, and, with their families, are suffering from poverty and its attendant miseries. We have evidence of this every day in the numerous applications for work which are made to those who have no work to give. Let these sufferers be remembered to day, and the work will be more acceptable in the eyes of Heaven than a thousand long prayers unaccompanied by good deeds. A day spent in relieving the suffering poor of these two cities will make more happy hearts at bed time, when the deeds of the day ought to be prayerfully recounted, than the richest feast that ever gladdened the eyes or sickened the stomach of a voluptuary. Let no man, or woman, or child in our cities be compelled to say: "I have nothing to be thankful for this day;" but rather let them have sufficient cause to bless their good fortune to be placed in a community whose hands were full and whose hearts were willing in the great cause of CHRISTIAN CHARITY!

MR. BRECKENRIDGE has been playing a sly but steady game for the Presidency ever since he has taken upon himself the duties of the second office. He has made use of this position to stab the President, to undermine his power and to destroy his influence in his own quiet way, whilst at the same time the confiding democracy were under the impression that he was actuated by friendly and unselfish motives. When Mr. Buchanan saw proper to turn his guns on the rebellious Douglas, for the purpose of teaching that refractory individual that he was still a mortal and a democrat, the ambitious Kentuckian, instead of working at the battery and directing the fire, was actually engaged in assisting and sympathizing with "the enemy." Thus while the President was hurling anathemas at the devoted head of the little giant, the Vice President was writing letters in his favor, telling the people of Illinois that he was not as much of a rebel and a traitor as his enemies represented him to be, but that he was a sound, orthodox pro-slavery democrat, preferable in every sense of the term, to his odious "Black Republican" opponent. May more subsequent developments go far to show that the Vice President and the Illinois Senator had entered into a regular alliance against the President, which accounts for a great many things that were inexplicable at the time of their occurrence. This places Kentucky chivalry in a new aspect, and shows that the "model of a true western gentleman" has his own notions of what is eminently right and proper, under certain circumstances. The following, from the Chicago *Democrat*, will throw some light on this rather dark subject:—

"Judge Douglas is doing all in his power to suppress any outbreak in his favor as a candidate for the Presidency in this State; but he is evidently pleased with such outbreaks in other States. He is bold in saying that the State entitled to the next Presidency, and that it will insist upon it. He is particularly severe upon Cobb, Slidell and the other Southern candidates, except Wise and Breckenridge. But he thinks the divisions in Virginia, between Wise and Hunter, and the general unpopularity of Wise with the Free States, owing to his impulsiveness, will prevent his nomination. He argues all the time in favor of Breckenridge, but pretends to be uncommitted.

"There was, no doubt, a perfect understanding between Douglas and Breckenridge when Breckenridge wrote his letter in favor of Douglas to this State, which letter disorganized the Buchanan party in Illinois.

"If the Charleston Convention should come off to-morrow, the vote of the delegates from this State would be cast for John C. Breckenridge. This is the way Judge Douglas is playing his game now; but it may be in hopes that, by playing into the hands of the South at first, the South may eventually return the compliment and go for him. At any rate, it is safe to say that Judge Douglas wishes to make the South believe that he is in favor of a Southern candidate next time. It is also safe to say that Mr. Breckenridge could not have interfered with Illinois politics upon the assurance that Illinois was to support him for President."

STATE AID TO RAILROADS.—There is a proposition pending in Wisconsin that the State shall assume the county railroad bonds, amounting in the aggregate to $7,000,000. If the people of the State are wise, they will reject the proposition without pausing long to deliberate upon it.

In Iowa there is a concerted effort to get the State to aid the unfinished railroads. The Democratic candidate for Governor, last year, lends off in favor of this dangerous project: but the people of the interior of the State do not seem to relish it much. The Fairfield *Ledger* indulges in the following strong language concerning it:

"It seems that the grasping railroad speculators have not abandoned the idea of procuring some ten millions of State bonds to aid them in constructing their various roads, and to further enable them to more perfectly fleece the taxpayers of the State. The cool audacity manifested in this outrageous project, surpasses anything that the railroad skin-flints have ever yet exhibited. But they will fail. The legislators of Iowa have too much sense to submit such a proposition to the people, and if it ever should be submitted, the people will bury it so deep that it will never be heard of again. The people of Iowa have already given to these railroad speculators millions of dollars, in the shape of private subscriptions and county subscriptions. We say given, because we believe that the stock held by individuals and by counties will never realize one dollar to the holders—the whole amount will pass into the pockets of a few railroad speculators. If, in addition to this, the grasping gentlemen could secure ten millions of State bonds, no doubt but they would feel pretty comfortable. But they never will get them. Every man who favors this scheme of plunder, ought to be marked by the people. We want no railroad debt placed on our State—not a dollar—not a dollar."

NEW ORLEANS.—The N. O. *Bulletin* gives the details of deaths in that city during the prevalence of the epidemic, from June 20 to Nov. 7. The total number of deaths by yellow fever in that time was 4707, by other diseases 3115—aggregate, 7822. Thus a number sufficient to constitute a small city was swept away within the short space of four months.

MICHIGAN.—The Republican majority on the State ticket is 10,000. Stuart, the democratic candidate for Governor, was a strong man, and was all the stronger for having voted against Lecompton in the Senate, last winter. But even he could not carry the administration through.

A SLAVE CODE FOR THE TERRITORIES.—The Washington *Union* copies the article from the Richmond *Enquirer* to which we alluded yesterday, and endorses it. After showing that Douglas in his Illinois speeches repudiated the doctrine laid down by the *Enquirer*, that it is the duty of Congress to frame a Slave Code for the territories, it says:

"It is possible, however, that Mr. Douglas did not mean what he said, or that he did not say what he is reported to have said. It is eminently proper, therefore, that there should be a clear understanding of his position on this subject by the whole country; and hence we say that the article of the *Enquirer* is most pertinent and important."

These papers are determined, it seems, to make Judge Douglas show his hand on this question and say whether he is, or not, in favor of Congressional intervention on behalf of Slavery; and no matter what his answer may be, the determination to make this a plank in the democratic platform is as plain as day. It is demanded by the south, as a fair and legitimate consequence of the Dred Scott doctrine, which makes all the territories slave soil. It is viewed as being just as much of a necessity as the law for the reclamation of fugitives. It is regarded as essential to the complete outrooting of every vestige of that "Squatter Sovereignty," which the north were assured was the true intent and meaning of the Kansas-Nebraska bill.

The ground is boldly and *imperiously* taken, that Congress must complete the work begun in the repeal of the Missouri Compromise and continued in the Dred Scott decision, by enacting a code which no territorial legislature shall have power to touch, protecting Slavery in all the territories. Another test—most monstrous and odious in its character, worse even than Lecompton—is thus to be established by the National Democracy.

WE are indebted to R. B. McCombs, Esq., for a copy of the paper book in the case of the county of Lawrence vs. the North Western Railroad Co., which was argued before the Supreme Court on Tuesday last. The paper book sets forth all the facts connected with the alleged subscription by the county to that road and the disposition made of its bonds. Considerable doubt is thrown upon the legality of the subscription itself, and it is clearly proven that the largest part of the bonds, amounting to $200,000, was disposed of at 64 cents on the dollar, in direct violation of the act of Assembly. The remedy prayed for is a special injunction on the parties holding the bonds not to sell or dispose of the same on the ground that they were illegally issued and that the county is not legally liable for the interest. Messrs. R. B. McCombs and J. F. Johnston are the attorneys for the county and the case was ably argued by Mr. McCombs. As presented by him it is a very strong case, and the constitutional argument given in the paper book is exceedingly able. We suppose, however, that the Court will give no heed to it, considering that part of the question fully settled. Whether the other facts and arguments presented will have any weight remains to be seen.

HOW THE AUSTRIA WAS BURNED.—A passenger on the Austria furnishes the N. Y. *Times* with a statement as to how that vessel caught fire, which seems much more likely than the original story. He says that when the voyage of the Austria was going prosperously and pleasantly on, the captain made a bet that he would arrive at New York much earlier than he had hitherto reckoned upon, with average steaming—that immediately after the steam engines were forced to perform extra work, to effect accelerated speed—that a thick black smoke by day and a force red flame by night was forced out of the funnels—that the increased heat from the augmented combustion was felt all over the vessel—that this condition of things, caused by the continuous attempt to drive her through the water, was kept up to the alarm of some and the annoyance of more of the passengers—and that when the alarm of "Fire" was given, every one attributed it, not to the tar-bucket and hot iron chain, but to the great force of combustion which had been created, in order to enable the captain to win his bet.

THE PITTSBURGH INFIRMARY.—There is no institution in our city more deserving of aid than the Pittsburgh Infirmary, under the care of Rev. W. A. Passavant. It is now in a very needy condition, and we commend it to the thoughtful consideration of all who are mindful, on this day devoted to thankfulness, of their duties to the poor and distressed.

THE FORT WAYNE THIEVES ARRESTED AND THE MONEY RECOVERED.—A gentleman of this City, who was in Lima on Saturday, informs us that the thieves who robbed the safe of the Wabash and Western Railway Co., had been arrested, and nearly $17,000 of the money recovered. It appears that a carpenter, named Rivers, had a key which unlocked the safe; and saw the Secretary put the money into it. Rivers persuaded a German at work in the shop to go with him and he unlocked the safe, took out the $20,000, and locked it again. He gave the German $5,000 for the pleasure of his company on the occasion.

The singular behavior of Rivers when he came to work, on the morning after the robbery, excited suspicion. The German, who was seen with him the night before, was questioned, and finally confessed the particulars of the robbery, as above stated, and gave up the $5,000 in his possession. The house of Rivers was searched and $11,600 were found.—*Dayton Journal Un.*

THE vote on the question of calling a convention to revise the Constitution of New York stands for 107,638; against 149,377; majority against 41,735.

The full official vote of New York State, for Governor, stands thus:

Morgan, Rep.,	247,828	Parker, Dem.,	229,311
Barrows, Am.,	60,978	Gerrit Smith, Al.,	5,013
Morgan over Parker,			17,487

The State canvass can vary this but a few votes. The aggregate is 537,784. Last year it was but 499,789. Increase, 104,991, or nearly 20 per cent. The republican minority of 18,067 last year is converted into a republican majority of nearly equal amount this year.

In consequence of the great and progressive deterioration of silk worms in Europe, two Venetians interested in the silk trade—Counts Freschi and Castellani—have determined to undertake a journey to the Caspian Sea, Persia, India and China, in order to study the system of the management of the silk worm in those aboriginal countries, and to bring home a quantity of spawn from the best plantations, in order, if possible, to improve the breed at home. The Governor-General of Lombardy has asked the French Government to patronize this spirited pilgrimage, and the Minister of Commerce has strongly recommended it to the consideration of the silk growing districts of France. M. Freschi and Castellini hope to return from their journey by the end of next year.

A case before one of the Paris law courts the other day shows that in that city the manufacture of antiques and curiosities of all kinds is practised on a grand scale. The young Messrs. de Rothschild, who are ardent antiquaries, bought about £1,000 worth of objects represented to be "antiques," of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, but which turned out to have been made only a few months before by a skillful Paris trader. The imitations were so astonishingly perfect—being colored, chipped, cracked, patched and mended, exactly like real antiques—that one of the most knowing dealers in such articles was deceived by them.

SCAN. MAG. IN HIGH LIFE.—The Earl of Cardigan, of Crimean celebrity, recently eloped with a young lady of good family, leaving his Countess disconsolate. While the earl was absent, enjoying illicit pleasures, his wife died, and the Court Journal complacently says, this "event, however melancholy in itself, has enabled him to repair the wrong he has inflicted on Miss———, since it has now transpired that, on receiving intelligence of his marital bereavement, he lost no time in making her his wife.—Cardigan married his first wife clandestinely.

THE late terrible crimes in three of our principle cities—the attempted parricide, fratricide, and wholesale murder in New York; the brutal and cowardly stabbing of a counteman in Cincinnati, and the suffocation of a man jealous of one mistress and the suicide of a rival mistress, in Philadelphia—are sad evidences of the improper training of our young men. In each of those revolting cases the principal actors had barely entered upon the threshold of manhood, and the devil which prompted them was Rum!—*Louisville Journal.*

AMONG other r... Medieval blessings, Europe is the re-appearance of bite had overcome. disease ... m the Levant, have The leprosy ... some Mecca pilgrims. ... tence has been se- certainly ... created an in- The mere ... eyeral days all business habitual ... fetill, the in- calamit... d some great

[For the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

The Naming of our City.

Messrs. Editors:—The *Journal* of this morning gives the following extract from Bancroft's History upon this subject:

"As Washington drew near Du Quesne, the dishearitened garrison, about five hundred in number, set the fort on fire, and by the light of the conflagration descended the Ohio. On the 25th of November, 1758, the youthful hero could point out to the army the junction of the rivers, and entering the fortress they planted the British flag on its deserted ruins. As the banner of England floated over the Ohio, the place was with one voice named *Pittsburgh*. It in the most enduring trophy of the glory of William Pitt. America afterwards raised to his name statues that have been wrongfully broken, and granite monuments, of which not one stone remains upon another; but long as the Monongahela and the Allegheny shall flow to form the Ohio—so long as the English tongue shall be the language of freedom in the boundless valley which their waters traverse, his name shall stand inscribed on the Gateway of the West."

I suspect Mr. Bancroft is mistaken in supposing that the name of *Pittsburgh* was given as "the banner of England floated over the Ohio." I have now before me three letters written at this place after the capture.

One, long and very full account of the capture by Col. Henry Bouquet, dated *Fort Du Quesne, November 25th, 1758.*

One from Capt. Haslet, dated *Fort Du Quesne, November 26th.*

One from George Washington dated "*Camp at Fort Du Quesne, November 28th.*"

Surely if the name *Pittsburgh* had been so promptly given some of these letters would have been dated at *Pittsburgh*.

Smollet, in his History of England, says "Forbes, having repaired the Fort, changed its name from Du Quesne to Pittsburgh." Lord Mahon says "He (Forbes) repaired the Fort, and with the unanimous consent of his officers changed the name to Pittsburgh."

This repairing of the old Fort even could not have been the work of a few days, and it is not really supposable that the name of Pittsburgh would be given to a fort at all.

Besides, I believe, the old fort was not *repaired* but a new picketed work was thrown up above the mouth of Liberty street. In the copy of the draft of Fort Du Quesne, etc., made by R. Batter, Engineer, in 1759, which our townsman, the late R. Biddle, Esq., procured from the British Museum in 1830, Fort Du Quesne, the *first* Fort Pitt, and Fort Pitt are all laid down.

It is a question of some interest to Pittsburghers. When was that name first given? My own impression is, that it was not until the laying out of that portion of the city usually called the military plan, lying between Water and Second and Market and Ferry streets in 1764. But my mind is not positively settled on that subject as yet. C.

It is a matter of some interest in relation to our approaching celebration that the Rev. Chas. C. Beatty, a Presbyterian clergyman of Steubenville, is a grandson of the Rev. Chas. Beatty who was appointed to preach a Thanksgiving sermon at this place, by Forbes, immediately after taking possession. A portrait and notice of him may be seen in Dr. Smith's "Old Redstone," also in the "History of Pittsburgh." C.

JUDGE RESSLER has quashed the indictment against Charles Devlin, late Street Commissioner, Charles Turner, his assistant, and others, on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the corporation of the city out of divers sums of money. The indictment and others prove that there is no possibility of convicting any body for alleged frauds upon the city treasury. We are a doomed people, victimized by almost every body who handles the public money.—*N. Y. Cor. Nat. Int.*

The Chicago *Times* assumes to speak of Senator Douglas as follows:

"*He never has had and never will have an aspiration for honors or position, unless such honor or position be freely tendered by the Democratic party.*"

TOMB... Col. Albert Pike, M. C. from Arkansas, died ... WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11, 1858.

"I have used the bottles of your Brothers's Holland Bitters, and have found it very useful in case of Indigestion and Headache, and recommend it to all who need a pleasant and efficacious remedy and valuable tonic."

Dyspepsia Home Notes—Brothers' Holland Bitters has cured me of Dyspepsia by using it only one week. I recommend it confidently to all suffering from that disease. CLARA SCUCHMAN

Pittsburgh, Oct. 21, 1858.

(Mrs S. is the wife of the noted Lithographer.)

The Ice-Hugh Shanks of Allegheny has given us the following:

"I was afflicted with debility of the digestive organs, amounting to a severe attack of Dyspepsia, which had resisted all medical assistance. My wife was also afflicted under the same circumstances and with same disease. Having used your medicine, called Bro. Harris's Holland Bitters, we both obtained relief, and are happy to afford you this public evidence of its value. JOHN FORSYTH

Pittsburgh, April 2nd, 1858.

CAUTION.—Be careful to ask for Brothers's Holland Bitters. The great popularity of this medicine has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing.

☞ Sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, by the proprietors, BENJ. PAGE, Jr., & Co., Manufacturing Pharmacists, 57 Wood street, between 1st and 2d sts., Pittsburgh, Pa., and Druggists generally. nov18-wF

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McCORD & CO.,
141 Wood Street, Pittsburgh,
HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM NEW YORK are now receiving a large stock of fresh made FURS comprising

Hudson Bay Sable,
Mink Sable,
Stone Martin,
Siberian Squirrels,
Fitch, &c.

Capes, Half Capes, Victorines,
Muffs and Cuffs.
Also, Fur Trimmings.

These goods have been selected with great care, and will be sold at small profits.

Ladies wishing to purchase fresh furs are invited to call and examine our stock. no17-6d

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OPPOSITION LINE
AT REDUCED RATES.
(... LAKE TO SAN FRANCISCO.)

First cabin ... $225 | Upper steerage ... $100
Steerage cabin ... 100 | Lower steerage ... 80

The transit of the Isthmus included.

The splendid steamship WASHINGTON, of 2,000 tons register, Capt Henry Churchill, having been fitted up at a cost of $100,000 for California trade by the Nicaragua route, will leave her pier, North River, New York, on Monday the 6th of December, at 2 P. M., carrying passengers, mails, and freight to San Juan del Norte, to connect at San Juan del Sur with the well known and commodious steamship HERMAN, Capt. Cassedy, for San Francisco, California. These splendid steamships offer unsurpassed accommodations for the safety and comfort of passengers. The Isthmus route is thoroughly repaired and in good order, and the country healthy.

For passage and freight, apply *only* at the office of the Company, to JOHN P. VELVERTON, Agent,
oct25-3mdlc-no15 No 3 Bowling Green, New York

Our client Mr. JAMES YOUNG, of Glasgow, having transferred to a Company in the United States the exclusive right to use in the United States his patent for making Oil from Coal, which patent was issued by the Government of the United States on the 23d day of March, 1852, and Mr. Young having guaranteed to such Company that he will sustain and defend said patent against all persons infringing the same—

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons engaged in the business of making Oil from Coal, that legal measures will be immediately adopted against all persons infringing said patent.

Dated 10th November, 1858.

DENIGHT & BOARDMAN,
Solicitors for said Young,
no18-3d lc 128 Broadway, New York.

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REINEMAN & MEYRAN,
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GOLD AND SILVER, AMERICAN AND ENGLISH
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ALL AT EASTERN PRICES,
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MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!!!
Don't fail to procure Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. It has no equal on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in Children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause.

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Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞ None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

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FIRST PREMIUM
SEWING MACHINES

Were awarded the FIRST PREMIUM at the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society at their Annual Exhibition, September 29th, 30th, 0ct. and October 1st, 1858.

THIS PREMIUM WAS NOT BOUGHT
AS THE WHEELER & WILSON SILVER MEDAL WAS.

Their $50 Machine is equal to the $125 Machine with exception of the furniture. These Machines sew from two spools, and form a seam of unequaled strength, beauty, and elasticity, which will not rip, even if every fourth stitch be cut. They are unquestionably the best in the market for family use.

☞ Send for a circular.

On and after this date the price of the Machines will be reduced as follows.

New Machine,	plain finish table	$50 00
Do do	plated table	75 00
Do do	with cover and drawers	80 00
Do do	large size	65 00
Do do	do do plated	90 00
Do do	plated and pearled	100 00

And other sizes in proportion.

W. C. ELLIOTT, Agent,
AT THE FIFTH STREET
SHIRT MANUFACTORY,
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DRS. C. M. FITCH & J. W. SYKES

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PERMANENTLY IN PITTSBURGH.

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OPPOSITE THE ST. CLAIR HOTEL,

Daily, except Sundays, for **Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis** and all other **Chronic Complaints** complicated with or causing Pulmonary Disease, including *Catarrh, Heart Disease, Affections of the Liver, Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Female Complaints, etc.*

DRS. FITCH & SYKES would state that their treatment of Consumption is based upon the *fact* that *the disease exists in the blood and system at large, both before and during its development in the lungs*, and they therefore employ Mechanical, Hygienic and Medicinal remedies to purify the blood and strengthen the system. *With these*, they use MEDICINAL INHALATIONS, which they value highly, but only as *Palliatives, claiming no Curative effect when used alone*, and invalids are earnestly cautioned against wasting the precious time of curability on any treatment based upon the plausible, but false idea that the seat of the disease can be reached in a direct manner by inhalation, "for as before stated, the *seat of the disease is in the blood* and its *effects only in the lungs.*

☞ No charge for consultation.

A list of questions will be sent to those wishing to consult us by letter. my29-1ydcwF

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Extracts Teeth without pain, by an ENTIRELY NEW Anæsthetic agent applied to the teeth and gums only. Teeth from one to full sets inserted on the various metallic bases. He also inserts teeth on *entire Porcelain base* with continuous gum, which in beauty, cleanliness and durability cannot fail to please. Call and examine specimens.

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Manufacturers of CAST STEEL, also, SPRING, PLOW and A. B. STEEL; SPRINGS and AXLES,
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